PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA Form 6-K April 23, 2015

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of April, 2015

Commission File Number 1-15106

PETRÓLEO BRASILEIRO S.A. - PETROBRAS

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Brazilian Petroleum Corporation - PETROBRAS

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

Avenida República do Chile, 65 20031-912 - Rio de Janeiro, RJ Federative Republic of Brazil

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-FX Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Yes NoX

FOURTH QUARTER OF 2014

RESULTS

Rio de Janeiro - April 22, 2015 - (A free translation from the original in Portuguese).

Petrobras announces today its audited consolidated results for 4Q-2014 and the full year 2014, stated in millions of *Reais*, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards - IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB. In addition, the Company has published today its consolidated interim financial statements for 3Q-2014 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 reviewed by the Company's independent auditors. Those interim financial statements, and the information in this release about the Company's 3Q-2014 results, supersede the unreviewed information in Reais that the Company published on January 28, 2015.

The R\$ 21,587 million loss in 2014 resulted from impairment charges in the amount of R\$ 44,636 million. Write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized in the amount of R\$ 6,194 million were recognized in the 3Q-2014 related to the payment scheme uncovered by the investigations of the "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation" (referred to below a rite-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized).

Key events

Jan-Dec

(21,587) 23,570 (192) Consolidated net (26,600) (5,339) (398) 6,281 income (loss) attributable to the shareholders of

Petrobras

2,669 2,539 5 **Total domestic and** 2,799 2,746 2 2,534

international crude oil and natural gas production (Mbbl/d)

59,140 62,967 (6) **Adjusted EBITDA** 20,057 8,488 136 15,553

The Company reported a R\$ 26,600 million loss in the 4Q-2014, due mainly to the following key events:

- Pre-tax impairment charges of R\$ 44,345 million (R\$ 32,089 million after taxes), mainly related to the following assets:
- i) domestic refineries (R\$ 30,976 million), resulting from testing the second refining unit of Refinaria Abreu e Lima (RNEST) and Complexo Petroquímico do Rio de Janeiro (COMPERJ) individually for impairment purposes, due to the postponement of these projects for an extended period of time as a result of the Company's measures to preserve cash and of the implications to the Company's suppliers of the "Lava Jato" investigation. The impairment charges are mainly attributable to project planning deficiencies, to the use of a higher discount rate (which included a risk premium related to the stand-alone view of the assets), to the impact of a delay in expected cash inflows and lower projected economic growth;
- ii) assets related to exploration and production of crude oil and natural gas (R\$ 10,002 million) attributable to lower international crude oil prices; and
- iii) petrochemical assets (R\$ 2,978 million) as a result of decreased demand and lower margins.

In addition, the Company had the following key events for the 4Q-2014:

- Diesel (5%) and gasoline (3%) price increases on November 7, 2014.
- Higher domestic crude oil and NGL production (a 3% increase, 60 thousand barrels/day) due to the ramp-up of P-55, P-62 and P-58 platforms and the ramp-up of FPSOs Cidade de São Paulo and Cidade de Paraty, as well as the production start-up of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba and Cidade de Ilhabela. The Company reached a crude oil production monthly record level of 666 thousand barrels per day at the pre-salt layer in December 2014.
- A R\$ 3,286 million gain on the disposal of the Company's interest in Petrobras Energia Peru S/A, with a R\$ 6,691 million increase in cash and cash equivalents.

When compared to the financial statements published on January 28, 2015, which reported a R\$ 3,087 million net income, 3Q-2014 financial statements report a R\$ 5,339 million loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras, resulting from the write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized (R\$ 6,194 million) and from an increase in the allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector (R\$ 1,602 million, after taxes). Restated information about the 3Q-2014 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 is set out in "Additional Information".

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Comments	from	the	CEO
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Mr. Aldemir Bendine

Dear Shareholders and Investors.

Petrobras has overcome an important obstacle by publishing its 2014 audited financial statements, following a collective effort that highlights our ability to meet challenges under adverse circumstances. This experience has given me even more confidence to address the strategic issues that we face in pursuing the Company's business plan in an efficient manner that creates value for the Company.

We have developed a methodology to estimate the overpayments incorrectly capitalized related to the payment scheme uncovered by the investigations of the "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation." The write-offs related to those incorrectly capitalized overpayments were recognized in the third quarter 2014.

In addition, changes in Petrobras' business context, including the decline in oil prices, the appreciation of the U.S. Dollar and the need to reduce our level of indebtedness, have prompted a review of the Company's future prospects and ultimately led to the reduction in the pace of the Company's capital expenditures.

As a result, the Company has decided to postpone the completion of some of the assets and projects in its 2014-2018 Business and Management Plan. The postponement of those projects had an impact on our impairment tests, and we recognized impairment charges in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Now that we have published our financial statements, we will turn our focus to our medium and long-term challenges. We are developing a new business plan, in which we will include financial assumptions that reflect current oil industry conditions.

We are revising our capital expenditure plans to prioritize oil and gas exploration and production activities, which is our most profitable business segment. We are focusing on building a sustainable business plan from a cash flow perspective, considering potential effects on our supply chain and, consequently, on our production curve.

I would like to conclude this message by emphasizing my strong belief that Petrobras is and will remain a profitable and efficient Company, which has made substantial improvements in its corporate governance and increased its dedication to generating returns for its shareholders and investors.
Aldemir Bendine, CEO.

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NOTE ABOUT "LAVA JATO OPERATION"

The note below provides a general summary of the Lava Jato (Car Wash) operation and its impact on the Company. For a more detailed description, see Note 3 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements of the period ended December 31, 2014.

The "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation" and its effects on the Company

In the third quarter of 2014, the Company wrote off R\$ 6,194 million of capitalized costs representing amounts that Petrobras overpaid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment in prior years.

According to testimony from Brazilian criminal investigations that became available beginning October 2014, senior Petrobras personnel conspired with contractors, suppliers and others from 2004 through April 2012 to establish and implement an illegal cartel that systematically overcharged the Company in connection with the acquisition of property, plant and equipment. Two Petrobras executive officers (*diretores*) and one executive manager were involved in this payment scheme, none of whom has been affiliated with the Company since April 2012; they are referred to below as the "former Petrobras personnel." The overpayments were used to fund improper payments to political parties, elected officials or other public officials, individual contractor personnel, former Petrobras personnel and other individuals involved in the payment scheme. The Company itself did not make the improper payments, which were made by the contractors and suppliers and by intermediaries acting on behalf of the contractors and suppliers.

Petrobras believes that the amounts it overpaid pursuant to this payment scheme should not have been included in historical costs of its property, plant and equipment. However, Petrobras cannot specifically identify either the individual contractual payments that include overcharges or the reporting periods in which overpayments occurred. As a result, Petrobras developed a methodology to estimate the aggregate amount that it overpaid under the payment scheme, in order to determine the amount of the write-off representing the overstatement of its assets resulting from overpayments used to fund improper payments.

Background

Over the course of 2014, the investigations of the Lava Jato Operation, led by the Brazilian Federal Prosecutor's Office, uncovered a broad payment scheme that involved a wide range of participants, including former Petrobras personnel. Based on the information available to Petrobras, the payment scheme involved a group of 27 companies that, between 2004 and April 2012, colluded to obtain contracts with Petrobras, overcharge the Company under those contracts and use the overpayment received under the contracts to fund improper payments to political parties, elected officials or other public officials, individual contractor personnel, former Petrobras personnel and other individuals involved in the scheme. Petrobras refers to this scheme as the "payment scheme" and to the companies involved in the scheme as "cartel"

members." In addition to the payment scheme, the investigation pointed out specific cases where other companies also charged additional costs and allegedly used these values to fund payments to certain former employees of Petrobras, including a former director of the International area. These companies are not members of the cartel and acted individually.

As announced on January 28, 2015, the Company considered whether it could develop a surrogate or proxy to quantify the errors to be corrected. The proposed proxy would involve determining the fair value of each affected asset and estimating the amount of overcharges by contractors and suppliers as being the difference between the fair value of each affected asset and its carrying amount.

The difference between fair value and carrying amount would conceptually be attributed to improper payments. However, after the difference was measured, the Company concluded that the shortfall between the fair value and the carrying amount of the assets was significantly larger than any reasonable estimate of the improper payments uncovered in the context of the Lava Jato investigation. Fair value shortfalls originate not primarily from improper payments, but from different sources (both related to the method of measuring the fair value and to changes in the business context), including: the fair value of the assets was measured on a stand-alone basis and did not consider value that would be added to the assets when used in an integrated manner; the discount rate used by the appraisers considered a risk premium related to the acquisition of a single asset by a third party inside a market highly concentrated in a single large-scale player (Petrobras); changes in economic and financial variables (exchange rate, discount rate, risk metrics and cost of capital); changes in estimates of prices and margins of inputs; changes in projections of prices, margins and demand for products sold in light of recent changes in market conditions; changes in equipment and input prices, wages and other correlated costs; the impact of local content requirements; and project planning deficiencies (especially in the Engineering and Downstream areas).

Therefore, the Company concluded that using the fair value as a surrogate or proxy to adjust its property, plant and equipment would not have been appropriate.

Approach adopted by the Company to adjust its property, plant and equipment for overpayments

The information available to the Company is generally consistent with respect to the existence of the payment scheme, the companies involved in the payment scheme, the former Petrobras personnel involved in the payment scheme, the period during which the payment scheme was in effect, and the maximum amounts involved in the payment scheme relative to the contract values of affected contracts.

As it is impracticable to identify specific periods and amounts for the overpayments by the Company, the Company considered all the information available (as described above) to quantify the impact of the payment scheme.

1.	Identify contractual counterparties: the Company listed all the companies identified in
publi	c testimony, and using that information the Company identified all of the contractors and
supp	liers that were either so identified or were consortia including entities so identified.

- 2. Identify the period: the Company concluded from the testimony that the payment scheme was operating from 2004 through April 2012.
- 3. Identify contracts: the Company identified all contracts entered into with the counterparties identified in step 1 during the period identified in step 2, which included supplemental contracts when the original contract was entered into between 2004 and April 2012. It has identified all of the property, plant and equipment related to those contracts.
- 4. Identify payments: the Company calculated the total contract values under the contracts identified in step 3.
- 5. Apply a fixed percentage to the total contract values: the Company estimated the aggregate overpayment by applying a percentage indicated in the depositions (3%) to the total amounts for identified contracts.

For overpayments attributable to non-cartel members, unrelated to the payment scheme, the Company included in the write-off for incorrectly capitalized overpayments the specific amounts of improper payments or percentages of contract values, as described in the testimony, which were used by those suppliers and contractors to fund improper payments.

Along with the write-off to reduce the carrying amount of specified property, plant and equipment, the impact in the current period includes write-offs of tax credits (VAT and correlated taxes) and a provision for credits applied in prior periods with respect to property, plant and equipment that has been written-down, as well as the reversal of depreciation of affected assets beginning on the date they started operating.

As previously discussed, the testimony does not provide sufficient information to allow the Company to determine the specific period during which the Company made specific overpayments. Accordingly, the write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized was recognized in the third quarter of 2014, because it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effect in each prior period. The Company believes this approach is the most appropriate pursuant to the requirements of IFRS for the correction of an error.

The Company has not recovered and cannot reliably estimate any recoverable amounts at this point. Any amounts ultimately recovered would be recorded as income when received (or when their realization becomes virtually certain).

As previously mentioned, Petrobras believes that the amounts it overpaid pursuant to the payment scheme should not have been included in the historical cost of the property, plant and equipment. Therefore, under Brazilian tax legislation, this write-off is considered a loss resulting from unlawful activity and subject to the evolution of the investigations in order to establish the actual extent of the losses before they can be deducted from an income tax perspective.

As a result, at September 30, 2014, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the amounts that will ultimately be considered deductible or the timing for the deduction.

Accordingly no deferred tax assets were recognized for the writte-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized.

Petrobras believes that this methodology produces the best estimate for the aggregate overstatement of its property, plant and equipment resulting from the payment scheme, in the sense that it represents the upper bound of the range of reasonable estimates.

The Company carefully considered all available information and, as discussed above, does not expect that new developments in the investigations by the Brazilian authorities, by the independent law firms conducting an internal investigation, or by new internal commissions set up (or a review of the results of previous internal investigations) could materially impact or change the methodology described above. Notwithstanding this expectation, the Company will continuously monitor the investigations for additional information and will review its potential impact on the adjustment.

The total impact of the adjustments by business area, in millions of Reais, is set out below.

"Write-off – overpayments incorrectly capitalized"

Payment scheme:							
Total contract amounts							
(*)	62,679	110,867	21,233	757	752	3,322	199,610
Estimated aggregate	1 000	2 226	627	22	22	0.0	F 000
overpayments (3%)	1,880	3,326	637	23	23	99	5,988
Unrelated payments	120	1	10				150
(outside the cartel)	139	1	10	_	_	_	150
5	2,019	3,327	647	23	23	99	6,138
Reversal of depreciation			 \				
of the affected assets	(87)	(198)	(52)	_	_	(9)	(346)
Impact on property,							
plant and equipment	1,932	3,129	595	23	23	90	5,792
Write-down of tax credit	S						
related to affected							
assets ^(**)	37	298	57	_	_	10	402
Write-off – overpayment	S						
incorrectly capitalized	1,969	3,427	652	23	23	100	6,194

The Company's response to the facts uncovered in the investigation

While the internal and external investigations are ongoing, the Company is taking the necessary procedural steps with Brazilian authorities to seek compensation for the damages it has suffered, including those related to its reputation. To the extent that any of the proceedings resulting from the Lava Jato investigation involve leniency agreements with cartel members or plea agreements with individuals pursuant to which they agree to return funds, Petrobras may be entitled to receive a portion of such funds. The proceedings will also include civil proceedings against cartel members, which Petrobras would have the right to join as a plaintiff, and it expects to do so. The civil proceedings typically result in three types of relief: effective damages, civil fines and moral damages. Petrobras would be entitled to any effective damages and possibly civil fines. Moral damages would typically be contributed to a federal fund, although Petrobras may seek to obtain moral damages once it joins the proceedings as a plaintiff.

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^(*) Of this amount, R\$ 44,115 million represents amounts scheduled to be paid after September 30, 2014.

^(**) Write-down of tax credits that will not be applicable in the future.

Petrobras does not tolerate corruption or any illegal business practices of its contractors or suppliers or the involvement of its employees in such practices, and it has therefore undertaken the following initiatives in furtherance of the investigation of irregularities involving its business activities and to improve its corporate governance system:

- The Company has established several Internal Investigative Committees (*Comissões Internas de Apuração CIA*) to investigate instances of non-compliance with corporate rules, procedures or regulations. We have provided the findings of the internal commissions that have been concluded to Brazilian authorities.
- On October 24 and 25, 2014, the Company engaged two independent law firms, U.S. firm Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP and Brazilian firm Trench, Rossi e Watanabe Advogados, to conduct an independent internal investigation.
- The Company has been cooperating fully with the Brazilian Federal Police (Polícia Federal), the Brazilian Public Prosecutor's Office (Ministério Público Federal), the Brazilian Judiciary, and other Brazilian authorities (the Federal Audit Court Tribunal de Contas da União TCU, and the Federal General Controller Controladoria Geral da União CGU).
- The Company has established committees to analyze the application of sanctions against contractors and suppliers, and imposed a provisional ban on contracting with the cartel members (and entities related to them) mentioned in the testimony that has been made public.
- The Company has developed and implemented measures to improve corporate governance, risk management and control, which are documented in standards and minutes of management meetings that establish procedures, methods, responsibilities and other guidelines to integrate such measures into the Company's practices.
- The Company has created a position of Governance, Risk and Compliance Officer, with the aim of supporting the Company's compliance programs and mitigating risks in its activities, including fraud and corruption. The new Officer participates in the decisions of the Executive Board, and any matter submitted to the Executive Board for approval must previously be approved by this Officer as they relate to governance, risk and compliance.

- On January 13, 2015 the Board of Directors appointed Mr. João Adalberto Elek Junior to the position of Governance, Risk and Compliance Officer. Mr. João Adalberto Elek Junior took office on January 19, 2015. He will serve a three-year term, which may be renewable, and may only be removed by a vote of the Board of Directors, including the vote of at least one Board Member elected by the non-controlling shareholders or by the preferred shareholders.
- A Special Committee was formed to act independently and to serve as a reporting line to the Board of Directors for the firms conducting the independent internal investigation. The Special Committee is composed of Ellen Gracie Northfleet, retired Chief Justice of the Brazilian Supreme Court (as chair of the Committee), Andreas Pohlmann, Chief Compliance Officer of Siemens AG from 2007 to 2010, and the executive officer of Governance, Risk and Compliance, João Adalberto Elek Junior.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Main Items and Consolidated Economic Indicators

Jan-Dec

85,040 88,377 (4) 81,028 **Sales revenues**

337,260 304,890 11

22,015 20,441 8 16,583 **Gross profit** 80,437 69,895 15

(32,826) (4,921) (567) 7,036

Net income (loss) before (21,322) 34,364 (162) finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

(1,814) (972) (87) (3,021) **Net finance income** (3,900) (6,202) 37 **(expense)**

(26,600) (5,339) (398) 6,281 **Consolidated net income** (21,587) 23,570 (192) (loss) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

(2.04) (0.41) (398) 0.48 **Basic and diluted earnings** (1.65) 1.81 (191) (losses) per share 1

127,506 229,723 (44) 214,688 **Market capitalization** 127,506 214,688 (41) **(Parent Company)**

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26 23 3 20 **Gross margin (%)** 24 23 1

(39) 1 (40) 9 **Operating margin (%)** 2 (4) 11 (15)

(31) (6) (25) 8 **Net margin (%)** (6) 8 (14)

20,057 8,488 136 15,553 **Adjusted EBITDA** 3 59,140 62,967 (6)

Net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes by business segment

4,055 13,405 (70) 17,845 **. Exploration & Production** 50,172 64,415 (22)

459 (3,538) 113 (332) **. Gas & Power** (1,644) 1,344 (222)

(57) (67) 15 (44) **. Biofuel** (262) (315) 17

669 (295) 327 558 **. Distribution** 1,868 2,814 (34)

(2,776) (18) - 264 . International (1,688) 3,891 (143)

(4,478) (3,586) (25) (2,513) **. Corporate**

(14,139) (10,615)(33)

24,598 21,043 17 35,153 **Capital expenditures and** 87,140 104,416 (17) **investments**

76.27 101.85 (25) 109.27 **Brent crude (US\$/bbl)** 98.99 108.66 (9)

2.54 2.27 12 2.27 Average commercial selling 2.35 2.16 9 rate for U.S. dollar

2.66 2.45 8 2.34 **Period-end commercial** 2.66 2.34 13 **selling rate for U.S. dollar**

8.4 11.3 (3) 5.0 Variation of the period-end 13.4 14.6 (1) commercial selling rate for U.S. dollar (%)

11.22 10.90 – 9.52 **Selic interest rate -** 10.86 8.19 3 average (%)

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Average price indicators

228.81 224.52 2 215.33 **Domestic basic oil products**226.52 209.17 8 **price (R\$/bbl)**

Domestic Sales Price

66.49 90.73 (27) 96.92 . Crude oil (U.S. 87.84 98.19 (11) dollars/bbl) 4

45.54 49.28 (8) 45.08 . Natural gas (U.S. 47.93 47.68 1 dollars/bbl)

International Sales Price

73.66 84.05 (12) 86.43 . Crude oil (U.S. 82.93 89.86 (8) dollars/bbl)

22.26 19.16 16 21.70 . Natural gas (U.S. 21.18 21.08 - dollars/bbl)

¹ Basic and diluted earnings (losses) per share calculated based on the weighted average number of shares.

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² Operating margin calculated based on net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes, excluding write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized.

³ EBITDA + share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, impairment and *write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized*.

⁴ Average between the exports prices and the internal transfer prices from Exploration & Production to Refining, Transportation and Marketing.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

2014 x 2013 Results:

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by 15% (R\$ 10,542 million), mainly due to:

Ø Sales revenues of R\$ 337,260 million, 11% higher, when compared to 2013, resulting from:

- Higher oil product prices in the domestic market attributable to diesel and gasoline price increases and to the impact of foreign currency depreciation (9%) on the price (in *reais*) of oil products that are adjusted to reflect international prices, as well as higher electricity and natural gas prices; and
- A 3% increase in the domestic demand for oil products, mainly diesel (2%), gasoline (5%) and fuel oil (21%), and an increase in crude oil export volumes (12%), partially offset by a decrease in oil product export volumes (15%).

Ø Cost of sales of R\$ 256,823 million, 9% higher when compared to 2013, due to:

- Higher import costs and production taxes attributable to foreign currency depreciation;
- Domestic oil products sales volumes were 3% higher and increased LNG import volumes to meet the demand; and
- Higher electricity costs due to an increase in the electricity prices in the spot market.

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes reached R\$ 21,322 million in 2014, compared to a R\$ 34,364 million net income of in 2013. This result reflects:

- Impairment charges (R\$ 44,636 million);
- Write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized (R\$ 6,194 million);
- Allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the isolated electricity sector (R\$ 4.511 million):
- Write-off of the capitalized costs of Premium I and Premium II refineries (R\$ 2,825 million);

- The impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan PIDV (R\$ 2,443 million);
- A review of the Company's estimates of decommissioning costs (R\$ 1,128 million);
- Write-off of E&P areas returned to the Brazilian Agency of Petroleum, Natural Gas and Biofuelds ANP (R\$ 610 million); and
- The review of the Company's pension and medical benefit obligations (R\$ 505 million).

These effects were partially offset by a higher gross profit.

Net finance expense

Net finance expense of R\$ 3,900 million, R\$ 2,302 million lower when compared to 2013, resulting from:

- A decrease in foreign exchange variation charges on lower net liabilities in U.S. dollar;
- Foreign exchange gain attributable to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar compared to other currencies, mainly against the Euro;
- Inflation indexation gains on a contingent asset with respect to undue taxes paid on finance income PIS and COFINS from February 1999 to December 2002; and
- Inflation indexation on debt confession agreements related to receivables of electricity sector.

Those effects were partially offset by higher interest expenses resulting from an increase in the Company's finance debt.

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras reached R\$ 21,587 million in 2014, resulting mainly from impairment charges in refining, exploration and production of oil and natural gas and petrochemical assets.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014 Results:

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased 8% (R\$ 1,574 million), mainly due to:

Ø Sales revenues of R\$ 85,040 million, 4% lower as a result of:

- Decreased crude oil export volumes and average prices resulting, respectively, from a higher domestic crude oil processing in the domestic refineries and lower international oil prices; and
- Lower domestic oil product demand (mainly diesel).

Those effects were partially offset by diesel (5%) and gasoline (3%) price increases on November 7, 2014.

Ø Costs of sales of R\$ 63,025 million, 7% lower when compared to the 3Q-2014, due to lower domestic oil product sales volumes, as well as to a decrease in crude oil import costs and production taxes, resulting from a decrease in international prices.

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes of R\$ 32,826 million resulted from:

• Impairment charge of R\$ 44,345 million, mainly on refining assets, exploration and production of crude oil and natural gas and petrochemical assets.

This effect was partially offset by:

- Gain on the disposal of the Company's interest in Petrobras Energia Peru S/A (R\$ 3,286 million);
- Lower allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector (R\$ 3,003 million); and
- Higher gross profit.

In addition, a R\$ 6,194 million *write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized* was recognized in the 3Q-2014 along with a R\$ 2,707 million write-off of the capitalized costs of Premium I and Premium II refineries.

Net finance expense

Net finance expense of R\$ 1,814 million was R\$ 842 million higher than in the 3Q-2014, resulting from a exchange variation losses on decreased net liabilities in Euro, due to a 3.8% appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Euro in the 4Q-2014 compared to a 7.7% appreciation in the 3Q-2014. Those effects were partially offset by a foreign exchange variation gain attributable to a lower 8.4% depreciation of the Real against the U.S. Dollar on net liabilities in U.S. Dollars (compared to a 11.3% depreciation in the 3Q-2014).

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras was R\$ 26,600 million, resulting mainly from impairment charges in refining, exploration and production of oil and natural gas and petrochemical assets.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

NET INCOME BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

Petrobras is an integrated energy company and most of the crude oil and natural gas production from the Exploration & Production segment is transferred to other business segments of the Company. Our results by business segment include transactions carried out with third parties, transactions between companies of Petrobras's Group and transfers between Petrobras's business segments that are calculated using internal transfer prices defined through methodologies based on market parameters.

EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

Jan-Dec

Net Income

2,672 8,145 (67) 11,733 32,264 42,213 (24)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The lower net income was due to a decrease in crude oil sales/transfer prices resulting from lower international prices and to impairment charges. These effects were partially offset by an increase in crude oil and NGL production (3%), by the impact of the depreciation of the Real against the U.S. dollar on crude oil sales/transfer prices and by lower exploration costs (mainly write-offs of dry and/or sub-commercial wells).

The spread between the average domestic oil price (sale/transfer) and the average Brent price decreased from U.S.\$ 11.12/bbl in the 3Q-2014 to U.S.\$ 9.78/bbl in the 4Q-2014.

(2014 x 2013): The lower net income was due to impairment charges, to write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized, to the impact of the Company's voluntary separation incentive plan (PIDV), to a review of the Company's estimated decommissioning costs, to write-off of E&P areas returned to the ANP and to higher operating costs, such as equipment depreciation, equipment maintenance, interventions on wells, oil platform chartering, materials and increased employee compensation costs. These effects were partially offset by the higher crude oil and NGL production (5%). This net result in 2014, when compared to 2013, is further impacted by the fact that in 2013 we recognized a gain on the disposal of Parque das Conchas offshore project (BC-10).

The spread between the average domestic oil price (sale/transfer) and the average Brent price increased from US\$10.47/bbl in 2013 to US\$ 11.15/bbl in 2014.

Jan-Dec

Exploration & Production - Brazil (Mbbl/d) $^{(*)}$

2,150 2,090 3 1,960 Crude oil and NGLs 2,034 1,931 5

453 441 3 380 Natural gas ⁵ 426 389 10

2,603 2,531 3 **2,340 Total**

2,460 2,320 6

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The 3% increase in crude oil and NGL production is attributable to the ramp-up of P-55 (Roncador), P-62 (Roncador), P-58 (Parque das Baleias) and FPSOs Cidade de São Paulo (Sapinhoá) and Cidade de Paraty (Lula NE), as well as the production start-up of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá). Natural gas production increased by 3% due to a higher production in FPSOs Cidade de São Paulo (Sapinhoá) and Cidade de Paraty (Lula NE), as well as the production start-up of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá).

(2014 x 2013): Crude oil and NGL production increased by 5% in 2014 resulting from the start-up of platforms P-58 (Parque das Baleias) and P-62 (Roncador) and FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), as well as from the ramp-up of P-63 (Papa-Terra), P-55 (Roncador) production systems, FPSO Cidade de Itajaí (Baúna), Cidade de Paraty (Lula NE) and Cidade de São Paulo (Sapinhoá). The natural decline of certain fields partially offset these effects. The 10% increase in natural gas production is attributable to the production start-up of platforms P-58 (Parque das Baleias) and P-62 (Roncador) and of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), as well as the ramp-up of P-55 (Roncador).

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

⁵ Does not include LNG. Includes gas reinjection.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Jan-Dec

Lifting Cost - Brazil (*)

14.21 15.33 (7) 14.33 Excluding production taxes 14.57 14.76 (1)

25.72 31.37 (18) 33.10 Including production taxes 30.54 32.98 (7)

36.12 35.18 3 32.66 Excluding production taxes 34.26 31.94 7

66.41 73.94 (10) 75.70 Including production taxes 72.04 71.66 1

Lifting Cost - Excluding production taxes - U.S.\$/barrel

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Lifting cost excluding production taxes in U.S.\$/barrel decreased by 7%. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange variation, it was flat in the period.

(2014 x 2013): Lifting cost excluding production taxes in U.S.\$/barrel decreased by 1% in 2014, when compared to 2013. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange variation, it increased by 4% due to higher maintenance costs in platforms, higher engineering and subsea maintenance costs in the Campos Basin and to the start-up of the FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), which have higher costs per unit produced during the start-up period.

Lifting Cost - Including production taxes - U.S.\$/barrel

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The 18% decrease in lifting cost including production taxes is attributable to a decrease in the average reference price for domestic crude oil in U.S. dollars (28%), which is used to calculate production taxes in Brazil, resulting from lower international crude oil prices.

(2014 x 2013): The 7% decrease in lifting cost including production taxes in 2014 when compared to 2013 is attributable to lower average reference price for domestic crude oil in U.S. dollars (a 10% decrease), which is used as parameter to calculate production taxes in Brazil, as a result of lower international crude oil prices in 2014 when compared to 2013.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

REFINING, TRANSPORTATION AND MARKETING

Jan-Dec

Net Income

(21,333) (8,903) (140) (5,468)

(38,927) (17,734)(120)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The higher net loss results from impairment charges, partially offset by an increase in diesel (5%) and gasoline (3%) prices on November 7, 2014 and by a decrease in crude oil acquisition/transfer costs due to lower international crude oil and oil product prices.

(2014 x 2013): Net losses were higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, as a result of impairment charges, write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized and of the write-off of capitalized costs in Premium I and Premium II refineries and from the impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV). Those effects were partially offset by higher average oil product selling prices due to diesel and gasoline price increases in 2013 and 2014, and by an increase in oil product production (2%).

Jan-Dec

Imports and Exports of Crude Oil and Oil Products (Mbbl/d) (*)

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371 303 22 354 Crude oil imports 392 404 (3)

412 410 – 426 Oil product imports 413 389 6

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713 10 **780** Imports of crude oil and oil 805 793 2 products

270 323 (16) 242 Crude oil exports ⁶ 232 207 12

123 168 (27) 160 Oil product exports 158 186 (15)

491 (20) **402** Exports of crude oil and oil 390 393 (1) products

(390) (222) (76) (378) Exports (imports) net of (415) (400) (4) crude oil and oil products

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2 5 (60) 2 Other exports 3 2 50

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Higher crude oil imports due to the fact that the 3Q-2014 was impacted by the anticipation of crude oil processing in the 2Q-2014 to make use of economic indication.

Crude oil exports decreased due to higher domestic crude oil processing in the Brazilian refineries.

(2014 x 2013): Crude oil exports were higher in 2014, resulting from higher crude oil production, even considering the increase in the share of domestic crude oil processed in the Brazilian refineries. Oil product imports were higher in order to meet a higher domestic demand.

Fuel oil exports decreased because domestically produced fuel oil was sold to thermoelectric power plants for electricity generation.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

⁶ It includes crude oil exports volumes of Refining, Transportation and Marketing and Exploration & Production segments.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Jan-Dec

Refining Operations (Mbbl/d) (*)

2,171 2,204 (1) 2,105 Output of oil products 2,170 2,124 2

2,176 2,102 4 2,102 Reference feedstock ⁷ 2,176 2,102 4

98 100 (2) 95 Refining plants utilization 98 97 1 factor (%) 8

2,085 2,094 – 1,994 Feedstock processed 2,065 2,029 2 (excluding NGL) - Brazil 9

2,127 2,138 (1) 2,039 Feedstock processed - Brazil ¹⁰2,106 2,074 2

84 80 4 83 Domestic crude oil as % of 82 82 – total feedstock processed

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Daily feedstock processed remained relatively flat in the period. Reference feedstock increased when the first refining set of RNEST refinery started-up.

(2014 x 2013): Daily feedstock processed was 2% higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, resulting from a sustainable improvement of the performance of the Company's refineries.

Refining Cost - Brazil (*)

2.71 3.17 (15) 2.88 Refining cost (U.S.\$/barrel) 2.90 3.09 (6)

6.90 7.33 (6) 6.62 Refining cost (R\$/barrel) 6.82 6.67 2

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Refining cost, in US\$/barrel, decreased by 15%. Refining cost, in R\$/barrel, decreased by 6% due to lower employee compensation costs compared with the 3Q-2014, which was affected by the 2014 Collective Bargaining Agreement.

(2014 x 2013): Refining cost, in US\$/barrel, decreased by 6%. Refining cost, in R\$/barrel, increased by 2%, mainly attributable to higher maintenance and repair costs and from higher employee compensation costs arising from the 2014 Collective Bargaining Agreement.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

⁷ Reference feedstock or Installed capacity of primary processing considers the maximum sustainable feedstock processing reached at the distillation units at the end of each period, respecting the project limits of equipments and the safety, environment and product quality requirements. It is lower than the authorized capacity set by ANP (including temporary authorizations) and by environmental protection agencies.

⁸ Refining plants utilization factor is the relation between the feedstock processed (excluding NGL) and the reference feedstock.

⁹ Feedstock processed (excluding NGL) – Brazil is the volume of crude oil processed in the Company´s refineries and is factored into the calculation of the Refining Plants Utilization Factor.

¹⁰ Feedstock processed – Brazil includes crude oil and NGL processing.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

GAS & POWER

Net Income

357 (2,510) 114 (6) (936) 1,256 (175)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The net income in the 4Q-2014 resulted from an increase in electricity generation and to the higher average sales prices. These effects were partially offset by higher LNG import costs to meet thermoelectric demand and by the additional allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector. The 3Q-2014 net loss was mainly attributable to the allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector.

(2014 x 2013): Our net loss in 2014 is attributable to higher LNG and natural gas import costs to meet thermoelectric demand, to the impacts of an agreement as to the import of Bolivian natural gas, to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector, to the write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized and to the effects of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV). These effects were partially offset by higher average electricity prices attributable to higher spot prices, as a result of lower water reservoir levels, and by a R\$ 646 million gain from the disposal of 100% of the Company's interest in Brasil PCH S.A.

Physical and Financial Indicators (*)

1,128 1,196 (6) 2,147 Electricity sales (Free 1,183 2,056 (42) contracting market - ACL) - average MW

2,671 2,671 – 1,798 Electricity sales (Regulated 2,425 1,798 35 contracting market - ACR) - average MW

4,941 4,789 3 2,866 Generation of electricity - 4,637 3,983 16 average MW

724 671 8 292 Electricity price in the spot 674 262 157 market - Differences settlement price (PLD) - R\$/MWh 11

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190 116 64 88 Imports of LNG (Mbbl/d) 144 98 47

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201 210 (4) 199 Imports of natural gas (Mbbl/d) 205 198 4

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Electricity sales volumes were 6% lower on the Free Contracting Environment – ACL due to lower demand.

The 3% increase on electricity generation and the 8% increase on electricity prices in the spot market resulted from lower rainfall levels in the period.

The 64% increase on LNG imports was due to higher thermoelectric demand.

The 4% decrease in natural gas imports from Bolivia is due to a lower natural gas supply attributable to scheduled maintenances on producing fields in Bolivia.

(2014 x 2013): Electricity sales volumes were 42% lower in 2014 when compared to 2013 resulting from the shift of the sale of a portion of our available capacity (574 average MW) towards the Brazilian electricity regulated market (Ambiente de Contratação Regulada – ACR). The termination of our lease agreement for Araucária thermoelectric power plant, which reduced our availability of electricity for trading (349 average MW) also reduced our sales volumes.

Electricity generation was 16% higher and spot prices increased by 157% due to lower rainfall levels in the period.

LNG imports and natural gas imports from Bolivia were 47% and 4% higher, respectively, to meet a higher thermoelectric demand in Brazil.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹¹ Weekly weighed prices per output level (light, medium and heavy), number of hours and submarket capacity.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

BIOFUEL

Net Income

(67) (90) 26 (36) (298) (254) (17)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Net losses were lower, due to a decrease in the share of losses from ethanol investees and by higher biodiesel average sales prices.

(2014 x 2013): Biofuel net losses were higher in 2014, when compared to 2013, mainly due to the higher share of losses from biodiesel investees and to the impact of the Company's voluntary separation incentive plan (PIDV). These effects were partially offset by lower losses on biodiesel operations and by a decrease in inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value).

DISTRIBUTION

Net Income

432 (203) 313 359 1,185 1,813 (35)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Net income in the 4Q-2014 is attributable to higher sales volumes. The net loss in the 3Q-2014 was mainly attributable to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector and to higher employee compensation costs arising from 2014 Collective Bargaining Agreement.

(2014 x 2013): Net income was lower due to higher selling expenses attributable to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector and to the impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV), partially offset by an increase in sales volumes and higher average margins in fuel trading.

Market Share (*)

37.8% 38.1% - 37.4% 37.9% 37.5% -

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The Company's market share was lower mainly due to a decrease in the total volume sold in the diesel market, in which BR Distribuidora has a significant share. BR Distribuidora increased its market share in diesel volumes, however, the change in the sales mix led to an overall decrease in its market share.

(2014 x 2013): Our market share increased mainly due to higher sales volumes necessary to meet a higher thermoelectric demand from the Brazilian integrated electricity system.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS INTERNATIONAL

Net Income

(4,131) (219) (1,786) 640 (3,204) 3,648 (188)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): The 4Q-2014 result was affected by impairment charges recognized on E&P activities in the United States and Bolivia and on Japanese refining, mainly attributable to a decrease in international crude oil and oil product prices. An allowance for losses in investments in Venezuela and Africa was also recognized, in addition to higher inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) in the United States and in Japan. These effects were partially offset by a gain on the disposal of the Company's interest in Petrobras Energia Peru S/A, concluded in November 2014.

(2014 x 2013): Our net loss in 2014 is attributable to impairment charges recognized on E&P activities in the United States and Bolivia and on our Japanese refinery, mainly resulting from a decrease in international crude oil and oil product prices, a recognition of an allowance for losses in investments in Venezuela, Ecuador and Africa, higher inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) in Japan, as well as a lower gross profit, mainly in international E&P operations, due to divestments completed and to a decrease in international commodities prices. These effects were partially offset by a gain on disposal of the Company's interest in Peruvian operations and on onshore assets in Colombia, concluded in 2014.

The net result in 2014, when compared to 2013, was further affected by the fact that in 2013 we recognized a gain on the disposal of 50% of the Company's assets in Africa.

Jan-Dec

Exploration & Production-International (Mbbl/d)^{12 (*)}

Consolidated international production

75 86 (13) 73 Crude oil and NGLs 85 109 (22)

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90 96 (6) 89 Natural gas 93 91 2

165 182 (9) 162 Total consolidated international 178 200 (11) production

31 33 (6) 32 Non-consolidated international 31 19 63 production

196 215 (9) **194 Total international 209 219** (5) production

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Crude oil and NGL production decreased by 13% due to the disposal of assets in Peru concluded in November 2014.

Natural gas production decreased by 6% also due to the disposal of assets in Peru.

(2014 x 2013): Consolidated crude oil and NGL production decreased by 22% in 2014, attributable to the disposal of onshore areas in Colombia, concluded in April 2014, in Peru in November 2014 and from the disposal of the Puesto Hernandez asset in Argentina in January 2014 and of the disposal of 50% of the Company's interest in companies in Nigeria, completed in June 2013. Our production share in Nigerian assets (our 50% remaining interest) was accounted for as non-consolidated production. These effects were partially offset by an increase in the crude oil and NGL production in the United States due to the production start-up of new wells in Cascade and Chinook fields, beginning on January 2014.

Natural gas production was higher, mainly in Peru, due to the start-up of Kinteroni field in March 2014.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹² Some of the countries that comprise the international production are operating under the production-sharing model, with the production taxes charged in crude oil barrels.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Jan-Dec

Lifting Cost - International (U.S.\$/barrel) (*)

10.40 8.84 18 11.72 8.98 9.50 (5)

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Lifting cost increased by 18%, mainly in Argentina, due to higher costs with well repairs, and in the United States due to maintenance costs on production lines in the Cottonwood field.

(2014 x 2013): International lifting cost was 5% lower in 2014, mainly in Argentina, resulting from the depreciation of the Argentine Peso against the U.S. dollar and from the disposal of the Company's Puesto Hernández asset, which had higher-than-average production costs when compared to other assets in the international segment. In addition, production was higher in Cascade and Chinook fields in the United States.

Jan-Dec

Refining Operations - International (Mbbl/d) (*)

149 162 (8) 175 Total feedstock processed 13 163 169 (4)

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157 175 (10) 196 Output of oil products 175 185 (5)

230 230 – 231 Reference feedstock ¹⁴ 230 231 –

64 68 (4) 74 Refining plants utilization 69 70 (1) factor (%) 15

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Feedstock processed was 8% lower due to a decrease in the output of oil products and in the capacity utilization, mainly in Japan, attributable to the lower fuel oil demand from electricity generation companies. Maintenance stoppages in catalytic cracking units in the United States in the 4Q-2014 also contributed to a decrease in feedstock processed. These effects were partially offset in Argentina due to the return of operations after scheduled stoppages in the 3Q-2014 in several processing units.

(2014 x 2013): Our total international feedstock processed was 4% lower due to a decrease in oil product production and lower capacity utilization, resulting from a scheduled stoppage in Argentina in 2014, to the lower fuel oil demand in Japan and to maintenance stoppages in the catalytic cracking units in the United States.

Jan-Dec

Refining Cost -International (U.S.\$/barrel)

5.25 4.02 31 4.44 4.06 2

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Refining cost per unit increased by 31% mainly due to maintenances at the catalytic cracking unit in the United States and to a decrease in feedstock processed in Japan, attributable to lower oil fuel demand.

(2014 x 2013): International refining cost per unit was 2% higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, mainly in the United States, due to higher expenses with effluent water treatment in refining and to maintenance stoppages of the catalytic cracking unit in the period. These effects were partially offset by lower refining costs in Argentina, when expressed in U.S. dollars, attributable to the depreciation of the Argentine Peso against the U.S. dollar.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹³ Total feedstock processed is the crude oil processed abroad at the atmospheric distillation plants, plus the intermediate products acquired from third parties and used as feedstock in other refining units.

¹⁴ Reference feedstock is the maximum sustainable crude oil feedstock reached at distillation plants.

¹⁵ Refining Plants Utilization Factor is the relation between the crude oil processed at the distillation plant and the reference feedstock.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Sales Volumes - (Mbbl/d)(*)

Jan-Dec

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	TETTIOLEO DI MOILLINGO ON TONINO IN

1,010 1,049 (4) 1,005 Diesel 1,001 984 2

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644 616 5 610 Gasoline 620 590 5

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152 160 (5) 164 Naphtha 163 171 (5)

233 247 (6) 235 LPG 235 231 2

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	TETTIOLEO DI MOILLINGO ON TONINO IN

113 110 3 108 Jet fuel 110 106 4

209 225 (7) 204 Others 210 203 3

2,487 2,533 (2) 2,425 Total oil products 2,458 2,383 3

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Lagar i illig. i Liriobi i io	TETROLLO DI MOILLING ON TONIO IN

113 98 15 106 Ethanol, nitrogen fertilizers, 99 91 9 renewables and other products

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	TETTIOLEO DI MOILEITIO ON TOTTI O N

455 449 1 392 Natural gas 446 409 9

3,055 3,080 (1) 2,923 Total domestic market 3,003 2,883 4

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395 496 (20) 404 Exports 393 395 (1)

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560 567 (1) 567 International sales 571 514 11

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	TETTIOLEO DI MOILLINGO ON TONINO IN

955 1,063 (10) 971 Total international market 964 909 6

4,010 4,143 (3) **3,894** Total

3,967 3,792 5

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Our domestic sales volumes decreased by 1% when compared to the 3Q-2014, primarily due to:

- Diesel (a 4% decrease) due to seasonal demand, considering that the economic activity is higher in the third quarter, and an increase in the percentage of biodiesel, from 6% to 7% in November 2014;
- Gasoline (a 5% increase) due to higher salaries as a result of Christmas bonuses and an increase in gasoline-moved light vehicle fleet;
- LPG (a 6% decrease) due to the seasonal demand resulting from higher average temperatures and lower economic activity in the 4Q-2014; and
- Natural gas (a 1% increase) due to a higher demand on the electricity sector.

(2014 x 2013): Our domestic sales volumes increased by 4% in 2014 compared to 2013, primarily due to:

- Diesel (a 2% increase) higher consumption by infrastructure construction projects in Brazil, an increase in the Brazilian diesel-moved light vehicle fleet (vans, pick-ups and SUVs) and higher thermoelectric consumption by the Brazilian Integrated Electricity System;
- Gasoline (a 5% increase) an increase in the automotive gasoline-moved fleet attributable to the higher competitive advantage of gasoline prices relatively to ethanol in most Brazilian states and to a higher household consumption. An increase in the anhydrous ethanol content requirement for Type C gasoline (from 20% to 25%) in 2014 partially offset these effects;
- Fuel oil (a 21% increase) due to higher demand from thermoelectric plants in several Brazilian states; and
- Natural gas (a 9% increase) due to a higher demand on the electricity sector.

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^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Data - Summary¹⁶

Jan-Dec

70,259 66,363 57,879 Adjusted cash and cash 46,257 48,497 equivalents at the beginning of period ¹⁷

(20,635) (8,223) (18,529) Government bonds and time (9,085) (20,869) deposits at the beginning of period

49,624 58,140 39,350 Cash and cash equivalents 37,172 27,628 at the beginning of period

14,974 23,553 10,776 Net cash provided by (used in) 62,241 56,210 operating activities

(16,980) (31,111) (18,420) Net cash provided by (used in) (85,208) (76,674) investing activities

(22,189) (20,129) (32,109) Capital expenditures and (81,795) (98,038) investments in operating segments

8,043 302 3,997 Proceeds from disposal of 9,399 8,383 assets (divestment)

(2,834) (11,284) 9,692 Investments in marketable (12,812) 12,981 securities

(2,006) (7,558) (7,644) (=) Net cash flow (22,967) (20,464)

(6,163) (4,998) 4,553 Net financings 35,134 33,176

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3,823 5,022 12,828 Proceeds from long-term 72,871 83,669 financing

(9,986) (10,020) (8,275) Repayments (37,737) (50,493)

14 (18) (2) Dividends paid to shareholders (8,735) (5,776)

(194) (57) 63 Acquisition of non-controlling (250) (137) interest

2,964 4,115 852 Effect of exchange rate 3,885 2,745 changes on cash and cash equivalents

44,239 49,624 37,172 Cash and cash equivalents 44,239 37,172 at the end of period 16

24,707 20,635 9,085 Government bonds and time 24,707 9,085 deposits at the end of period

68,946 70,259 46,257 Adjusted cash and cash 68,946 46,257 equivalents at the end of period 17

As of December 31, 2014, the balance of cash and cash equivalents increased 19% when compared to December 31, 2013 and the balance of adjusted cash and cash equivalents¹⁷ increased by 49%. Our principal uses of funds in 2014 were for capital expenditures and payment of dividends. We met these requirements with cash provided by operating activities of R\$ 62,241 million, net long-term financing of R\$ 35,134 million and disposal of assets of R\$ 9,399 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by 11% in 2014 when compared to 2013, mainly due to a higher gross profit and a decrease in the level of inventories (R\$ 5,979 million). Capital expenditures and investments were 17% lower in 2014, mainly due to a decrease in RTM (R\$ 10,272 million) and in E&P capital expenditures (R\$ 3,743 million). Proceeds from disposal of assets reached R\$ 9,399 million, resulting from the disposal of Petrobras Energia Peru, Brasil PCH, Innova and Gasmig. Proceeds from long-term financing, net of repayments, amounted to R\$ 35,134 million in 2014. The principal sources of long-term financing were the issuance of notes for a total of US\$ 13.6 billion in capital markets, as well as long-term financing obtained in the domestic and international banking markets.

The Company's ability to invest its available funds has been limited as a result of a decrease in expected future operating revenues following the decline of oil prices, along with the devaluation of the Brazilian real, which has increased the Company's cash outflows to service debt in the near term, most of which is denominated in foreign currencies. For a variety of reasons, including the current economic environment in Brazil, Petrobras is currently unable to access the capital markets. As a result, the Company has recently determined to postpone projects impacted by complications due to contractor insolvency or to a lack of availability of qualified suppliers (mainly as a result of the Lava Jato investigation).

The Company is currently seeking funding in the Asian banking market as a part of its strategy to increase funding opportunities and as an alternative for its current context .. The Company intends to use different funding sources (banking market, Export Credit Agencies - ECAs and capital markets) in 2015 to obtain the necessary funding to repay debt and fund its capital expenditures. In addition, the Company's divestment program (of US\$ 13.7 billion) will contribute to its funding needs.

¹⁶ For more details, see the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Data on page 24.

¹⁷ Our adjusted cash and cash equivalents include government bonds and time deposits from high level financial institutions abroad with maturities of more than 3 months as from the date of deposit, considering the expected realization of those financial investments in the short-term. This measure is not defined under the International Financial Reporting Standards – IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for cash and cash equivalents computed in accordance with IFRS. It may not be comparable to adjusted cash and cash equivalents of other companies, however management believes that it is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Capital expenditures and investments

Jan-Dec

Exploration & Production 56,898 66 59,993 58 (5)

Refining, Transportation and Marketing 18,264 21 30,740 29 (41)

Gas & Power 6,002 7 5,919 6 1

International 3,593 4 5,127 5 (30)

Exploration & Production 3,174 88 90 (31)

4,592

Refining, Transportation and Marketing (29)

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Gas & Power 62 2 56 1 11

Distribution 99 3 115 2 (14)

Other 12 – 19 – (37)

Distribution 1,053 1 1,120 1 (6)

Biofuel 281 - 322 - (13)

Corporate 1,049 1 1,195 1 (12)

Total capital expenditures and 87,140 100 104,416 100 (17) investments

Pursuant to the Company's strategic objectives, it operates through joint ventures in Brazil and abroad, as a concessionaire of oil and gas exploration, development and production rights.

In 2014, we invested R\$ 87,140 million, primarily aiming at increasing production and modernizing and expanding our refineries.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated debt

Current debt ¹⁸ 31,565 18,782 68

Non-current debt ¹⁹ 319,470 249,038 28

Total 351,035 267,820 31

Cash and cash equivalents 44,239 37,172 19

Government securities and time deposits (maturity of more 24,707 9,085 172 than 3 months)

Adjusted cash and cash equivalents 68,946 46,257 49

Net debt ²⁰ 282,089 221,563 27

Net debt/(net debt+shareholders' equity) 48% 39% 9

Total net liabilities ²¹ 724,429 706,710 3

Capital structure

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(Net third parties capital / total net liabilities)	57%	51%	6

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Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA ratio 4.77 3.52 36

Current debt ¹⁸ 11,884 8,017 48

Non-current debt ¹⁹ 120,274 106,308 13

Total 132,158 114,325 16

Net debt ²⁰ 106,201 94,579 12

Summarized information on financing

Floating rate debt 173,977 138,463 26

Fixed rate debt 176,868 129,148 37

Total 350,845 267,611 31

Reais 62,223 53,465 16

US Dollars 252,787 191,572 32

Euro 25,820 14,987 72

Total 350,845 267,611 31

until 1 year 31,523 18,744 68

1 to 2 years 33,397 17,017 96

2 to 3 years 31,742 29,731 7

3 to 4 years 47,254 20,331 132

4 to 5 years 64,252 37,598 71

5 years and thereafter 142,677 144,190 (1)

Total 350,845 267,611 31

Consolidated net debt in Reais increased by 27% when compared to December 31, 2013 as a result of long-term financing and of the 13.4% impact from the depreciation of the Real against the U.S. dollar in 2014.

20

¹⁸ Includes Finance lease obligations (R\$ 42 million on December 31, 2014 and R\$ 38 million on December 31, 2013).

¹⁹ Includes Finance lease obligations (R\$ 148 million on December 31, 2014 and R\$ 171 million on December 31, 2013).

²⁰ Net debt is not a measure defined in the International Standards -IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for total long-term debt calculated in accordance with IFRS. Our calculation of net debt may not be comparable to the calculation of net debt by other companies. Management believes that net debt is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

²¹ Total liabilities net of adjusted cash and cash equivalents.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Statement - Consolidated ²² ²³

Jan-Dec

85,040 88,377 81,028 **Sales revenues** 337,260 304,890

(63,025) (67,936) (64,445) Cost of sales (256,823) (234,995)

22,015 20,441 16,583 **Gross profit** 80,437 69,895

(3,744) (6,733) (2,892) Selling expenses (15,974) (10,601)

(3,376) (2,707) (2,888) General and administrative (11,223) (10,751) expenses

(1,493) (2,314) (1,742) Exploration costs (7,135) (6,445)

(731) (665) (570) Research and development (2,589) (2,428) expenses

(609) (552) (1,030) Other taxes (1,801) (1,721)

– (6,194) – Write-off - overpayments (6,194) – incorrectly capitalized

(44,345) (306) (1,238) Impairment (44,636) (1,238)

(543) (5,891) 813 Other income and expenses, (12,207) (2,347) net

(54,841) (25,362) (9,547) (101,759) (35,531)

(32,826) (4,921) 7,036

Net income (loss) before (21,322) 34,364 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

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1,660 1,174 825 Finance income 4,634 3,911

(2,882) (2,282) (2,076) Finance expenses (9,255) (5,795)

(592) 136 (1,770) Foreign exchange and inflation 721 (4,318) indexation charges

(1,814) (972) (3,021) Net finance income (expense) (3,900) (6,202)

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(540) 198 56 Share of earnings in 451 1,095 equity-accounted investments

(270) (127) (225) Profit-sharing (1,045) (1,102)

(35,450) (5,822) 3,846 Net income (loss) before (25,816) 28,155 income taxes

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	TETTIOLEO DI MOILLINGO ON TONINO IN

8,488 (117) 2,105 Income taxes 3,892 (5,148)

(26,962) (5,939) 5,951 Net income (loss) (21,924) 23,007

Net income (loss) attributable to:

(26,600) (5,339) 6,281 Shareholders of Petrobras (21,587) 23,570

(362) (600) (330) Non-controlling interests (337) (563)

(26,962) (5,939) 5,951 (21,924) 23,007

21

 $^{^{22}}$ Beginning in the 1Q-2014, a line item for profit sharing benefits has been included, as previously disclosed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

²³ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of Financial Position - Consolidated

Current assets 135,023 123,351

Cash and cash equivalents 44,239 37,172

Marketable securities 24,763 9,101

Trade and other receivables, net

21,167

22,652

Inventories 30,457 33,324

Recoverable taxes 10,123 11,646

Assets classified as held for sale 13 5,638

Other current assets 4,261 3,818

Non-current assets 658,352 629,616

Long-term receivables

50,104

44,000

Trade and other receivables, net

14,441

10,616

Judicial deposits 7,124 5,866

Deferred taxes 2,673 2,647

Other tax assets 10,645 12,603

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Advances to suppliers	6,398	7,566

Other non-current assets 8,533 4,395

Investments 15,282 15,615

Property, plant and equipment

580,990

533,880

Intangible assets 11,976 36,121

Total assets 793,375 752,967

Current liabilities 82,659 82,525

Trade payables 25,924 27,922

Current debt 31,565 18,782

Taxes payable 11,453 11,597

Dividends payable – 9,301

Employee compensation (payroll, profit-sharing and related charges) 5,489

4,806

Pension and medical benefits 2,115 1,912

Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale – 2,514

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Other current liabilities	6,113	5,691

Non-current liabilities

399,994

321,108

Non-current debt 319,470 249,038

Deferred taxes 8,052 23,206

Pension and medical benefits 43,803 27,541

Provision for decommissioning costs

21,958

16,709

Provisions for legal proceedings 4,091 2,918

Other non-current liabilities 2,620 1,696

Shareholders' equity

310,722 349,334

Share capital 205,432 205,411

Profit reserves and others 103,416 142,529

Non-controlling interests

1,874

1,394

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

793,375

752,967

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of Cash Flows Data - Consolidated

Jan-Dec

(26,600) (5,339) 6,281 Net income (loss) (21,587) 23,570 attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

41,574 28,892 4,495 (+) Adjustments for: 83,828 32,640

8,808 7,036 7,504 Depreciation, depletion and 30,677 28,467 amortization

2,954 2,611 2,636 Foreign exchange and inflation 8,461 7,027 indexation and finance charges

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(362) (600) (330) Non-controlling interests (337) (563)

540 (198) (56) Share of earnings in (451) (1,095) equity-accounted investments

- 6,194 – Write-off - overpayments 6,194 incorrectly capitalized

1,392 3,954 109 Allowance for impairment of 5,555 157 trade receivables

(3,025) 4,081 (2,134) (Gains) / losses on disposal / 743 (3,835) write-offs of non-current assets, returned areas and cancelled

projects

(10,213) (108) (3,344) Deferred income taxes, net (8,025) 323

786 1,710 1,254 Exploration expenditures 5,048 4,169 writen-off

44,345 306 1,238 Impairment of property, plant 44,636 1,238 and equipment and other assets

1,349 625 432 Inventory write-downs to net 2,461 1,269 realizable value (market value)

1,612 909 1,380 Pension and medical benefits 4,773 5,515 (actuarial expense)

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1,189 4,949 200 Inventories 1,378 (4,601)

(1,324) (1,415) (3,283) Trade and other receivables, (5,929) (2,693) net

(1,832) (1,307) 1,742 Trade payables (2,982) 2,516

(651) (415) (590) Pension and medical benefits (1,967) (1,724)

(2,883) 1,718 (105) Taxes payable (3,171) (3,000)

(1,111) (1,158) (2,158) Other assets and liabilities (3,236) (530)

14,974 23,553 10,776 (=) Net cash provided by 62,241 56,210 (used in) operating activities

(16,980) (31,111) (18,420) (-) Net cash provided by (85,208) (76,674) (used in) investing activities

(22,189) (20,129) (32,109) Capital expenditures and investments in operating segments (81,795) (98,038)

8,043 302 3,997 Proceeds from disposal of 9,399 8,383 assets (divestment)

(2,834) (11,284) 9,692 Investments in marketable (12,812) 12,981 securities

(2,006) (7,558) (7,644) (=) Net cash flow (22,967) (20,464)

(6,343) (5,073) 4,614 (-) Net cash provided by 26,149 27,263 (used in) financing activities

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3,823 5,022 12,828 Proceeds from long-term 72,871 83,669 financing

(6,334) (6,226) (6,272) Repayment of principal (23,628) (39,560)

(3,652) (3,794) (2,003) Repayment of interest (14,109) (10,933)

14 (18) (2) Dividends paid to shareholders (8,735) (5,776)

(194) (57) 63 Acquisition of non-controlling (250) (137) interest

2,964 4,115 852 Effect of exchange rate 3,885 2,745 changes on cash and cash equivalents

(5,385) (8,516) (2,178) (=) Net increase (decrease) 7,067 9,544 in cash and cash equivalents in the period

49,624 58,140 39,350 Cash and cash equivalents at 37,172 27,628 the beginning of period

44,239 49,624 37,172 Cash and cash equivalents at 44,239 37,172 the end of period

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

SEGMENT INFORMATION 24

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment - 2014²⁵

Sales revenues 153,705 263,570 42,062 624 98,010 32,573 - (253,284)33

Intersegments 152,515 92,080 4,009 560 2,647 1,473 - (253,284) -

Third parties 1,190 171,490 38,053 64 95,363 31,100 - -

33

Cost of sales (82,457) (271,64

(82,457) (271,643)(35,921)(728) (90,446)(30,109)-

254,481

(25

Gross profit 71,248 (8,073) 6,141 (104) 7,564 2,464 - 1,197 80

Expenses

(21,076)(49,288)(7,785)(158) (5,696) (4,152)(14,139)535

(10

Selling, general and (1,051) (6,440) (5,994) (118) (5,231) (1,937) (6,964) 538 administrative expenses

(27

Exploration costs (6,720) - - - (415) - -

(7,

Research and development expenses

(1,290) (452)

(199)

(32)

(4)

(5)

(607)

(2,

Other taxes (126) (221) (295) (2) (28) (263) (866) -

(1,

Impairment (5,665) (33,954) (260) - - (4,757) - -

Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

(23)

(100)

(6,

(1,969) (3,427) (652) (23)

Other income and (4,255) (4,794) (385) (6) (410) 3,248 (5,602) (3) expenses, net

Net income (loss) 50,172 (57,361) (1,644) (262) 1,868 (1,688) (14,139) 1,732 before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

(2:

Net finance income - - - - - - - (3,900) - (3, (expense)

Share of earnings in 46 equity-accounted investments

272

453

(124)

(1)

(200)

5

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45

Profit-sharing (359) (298) (48) (2) (60) (20) (258) -

(1,

Net income (loss) 49,859 (57,387) (1,239) (388) 1,807 (1,908) (18,292) 1,732 before income taxes

Income taxes (17,607) 18,440 353 90 (622) (1,200) 5,026 (588)

3,8

Net income (loss) 32,252 (38,947) (886) (298) 1,185 (3,108) (13,266) 1,144

(2:

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of 32,264 (38,927) (936) (298) 1,185 (3,204) (12,815) 1,144 Petrobras

Non-controlling (12) (20) 50 - - 96 (451) - (33) interests

32,252 (38,947) (886) (298) 1,185 (3,108) (13,266) 1,144

(2:

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment - 2013

Sales revenues 147,281240,693 30,011 832 86,183 35,062 - (235,172)304

Intersegments 144,809 80,436 2,558 693 2,122 4,554 - (235,172) -

Third parties 2,472 160,257 27,453 139 84,061 30,508 - -

304

Cost of sales (73,927) (258,978)(26,132) (996) (78,941) (30,671) -

234,650

Gross profit 73,354 (18,285) 3,879 (164) 7,242 4,391 - (522) 69,

Expenses

(8,939) (8,557) (2,535) (151) (4,428) (500) (10,615)194

Selling, general and (957) (6,786) (2,360) (119) (4,422) (1,855) (5,201) 348 administrative expenses

Exploration costs (6,057) - - - (388) - -

(6,4

Research and development expenses

(1,110) (525)

(123)

(36)

(4)

(6)

(624)

_

(2,4

Other taxes (538) (367) (174) (2) (33) (297) (310) -

(1,7

Impairment (9) - - - (1,229) - - (1,229)

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Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

Other income and (268) (879) 122 6 31 3,275 (4,480) (154) expenses, net

(2,3

Net income (loss) 64,415 (26,842) 1,344 (315) 2,814 3,891 (10,615) (328) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

34,

Net finance income - - - - - - - - (6,202) - (6,202)

Share of earnings in 4 equity-accounted investments

165

532

(44)

(2)

366

74

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1,0

Profit-sharing (381) (304) (48) (2) (65) (31) (271) -

(1,

Net income (loss) 64,038 (26,981) 1,828 (361) 2,747 4,226 (17,014) (328) before income taxes

28,

Income taxes (21,772) 9,229 (441) 107 (934) (451) 9,001 113

(5,3

Net income (loss) 42,266 (17,752) 1,387 (254) 1,813 3,775 (8,013) (215)

23,

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of 42,213 (17,734) 1,256 (254) 1,813 3,648 (7,157) (215) 23, Petrobras

Non-controlling 53 (18) 131 - - 127 (856) - (56 interests

42,266 (17,752) 1,387 (254) 1,813 3,775 (8,013) (215)

23,

24

²⁴ Beginning in 2014, management of Liquigás (a subsidiary) was allocated to the RTM segment (previously Distribution). Amounts previously reported for 2013 were restated for comparability purposes and the results previously attributable to the Distribution segment are now presented under the RTM segment, pursuant to the management and accountability premise adopted for the financial statements by business segment.

²⁵ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment - 2014²⁶

Unscheduled stoppages and (1,894) (279) (293) – – (61) (38) – pre-operating expenses

Voluntary Separation Incentive (983) (497) (152) (10) (158) (23) (620) - Plan - PIDV

Pension and medical benefits - - - - - - (2,438) - retirees

Institutional relations and (113) (76) (11) - (190) (27) (1,325) - cultural projects

Gains / (losses) on (1,128) - - - - - - - - decommissioning of returned/abandoned areas

Collective bargaining (395) (219) (40) - (58) (10) (280) - agreement

(Losses)/gains on legal, administrative and arbitral

303

(224)

(1)

(111)

(80)

(368)

1 proceedings

Health, safety and environment(65) (64) (23) (1) - (10) (173) -

Gains / (losses) on (581) (3,369) 80 (1) 36 3,762 (60) — disposal/write-offs of assets

Governamental Grants 23 77 17 - - - 22 -

(Expenditures)/reimbursements855 – – – – – – – – from operations in E&P partnerships

Others 333 (143) 36 7 71 (303) (322) (3)

(4,255)(4,794)(385) (6) (410) 3,248 (5,602)(3)

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment - 2013

Unscheduled stoppages and (1,460)(242)(228) – – (63)(39) – (2,63) pre-operating expenses

Pension and medical benefits - - - - - - - - (1,933) - (1,933) - (1,933)

Institutional relations and (278) (81) (14) - (150) (30) (1,237) - (1, cultural projects

Gains / (losses) on 125 - - decommissioning of returned/abandoned areas

12

Collective bargaining agreement

(369) (208) (32)

(11)

(50)

(287)

(9

E&P areas returned and (42) – – – – – – – – (42) cancelled projects

(Losses)/gains on legal, administrative and arbitral proceedings

436 (188)(11)

(54)

(40)

(50

Health, safety and environment(72) (158)(14) – - (31)(207) – (48)

Gains / (losses) on 843 (131) 7 – 44 3,246 (132) – disposal/write-offs of assets

3,8

Governamental Grants 39 97 167 - - 82 7 - 39

(Expenditures)/reimbursements525 - - - - (3) - - 52 from operations in E&P partnerships

Others (15) 32 247 6 241 125 (4) (154) 47

(268) (879)122 6

31

3,275 (4,480)(154) (2

Consolidated Assets by Segment - 12.31.2014

Total 402,478186,03375,350 2,947 19,180 34,55386,024(13,190)793,375 assets

Current 15,959 39,111 10,570 173 9,246 6,229 64,174(10,439)135,023 assets

Non-current386,519146,92264,780 2,774 9,934 28,32421,850(2,751) 658,352 assets

Long-term 17,874 9,573 3,749 8 3,217 4,908 13,359 (2,584) 50,104 receivables

Investments 531 4,800 1,393 2,221 39 5,912 386 - 15,282

Property, plant and equipment 360,368 131,914 58,770 545

6,066

16,091 7,403 (167)

580,990

Operating 263,794 108,747 47,460 502 4,595 9,870 5,562 (167) 440,363 assets

Assets under 96,574 23,167 11,310 43 1,471 6,221 1,841 - 140,627 construction

Intangible assets 7,746 635 868 612 1,413 702 11,976

Consolidated Assets by Segment - 12.31.2013

Total 357,729216,76964,899 2,803 16,994 42,45466,859(15,540)752,967 assets

Current 13,826 44,838 9,052 181 5,576 11,92250,702(12,746)123,351 assets

Non-current343,903171,93155,847 2,622 11,418 30,53216,157(2,794) 629,616 assets

Long-term 14,643 10,333 4,341 5 5,222 4,655 7,422 (2,621) 44,000 receivables

Investments 219 5,429 1,755 2,097 14 5,883 218 - 15,615

Property, plant and equipment 296,846 155,835 48,919 520

5,505

18,671 7,757 (173)

533,880

Operating 212,914 76,452 39,118 480 3,952 8,882 5,415 (173) 347,040 assets

Assets under 83,932 79,383 9,801 40 1,553 9,789 2,342 — 186,840 construction

Intangible 32,195 334 832 - 677 1,323 760 - 36,121

assets

 $^{^{26}}$ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment - 2014

Net income (loss) 32,252 (38,947) (886) (298) 1,185 (3,108) (13,266) 1,144 (21,924)

Net finance - - - - - - 3,900 - 3,900 income (expense)

Income taxes 17,607 (18,440) (353) (90) 622 1,200 (5,026) 588 (3,892)

Depreciation, depletion and amortization

18,091 6,877

1,989

30

407

2,370 913

_

30,677

EBITDA 67,950(50,510)750 (358) 2,214 462 (13,479)1,732 8,761

(453) Share of earnings (46) 1 200 (5) (451)(272)124

equity-accounted investments

Impairment losses / (reversals)

5,665 33,954 260

_

_

4,757 -

44,636

Write-down of 1,969 3,427 652 - 23 23 100 - 6,194 costs improperly capitalized

Adjusted EBITDA

75,538(13,401)1,209 (234) 2,238 5,442 (13,384)1,732 59,140

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment – 2013

Net income (loss) 42,266 (17,752) 1,387 (254) 1,813 3,775 (8,013) (215) 23,007

Income taxes 21,772 (9,229) 441 (107) 934 451 (9,001) (113) 5,148

Depreciation, depletion and amortization

16,867 5,912 1,9

1,995

24

380

2,305 984

28,467

EBITDA 80,905(21,069)3,823 (337) 3,127 6,531 (9,828)(328) 62,824

Share of earnings (4) (165) 44 2 (366) (74) (532) (1,095)

equity-accounted investments

Impairment losses / (reversals)

9 - - - 1,229 - - 1,238

Adjusted EBITDA

80,910(21,234)3,291 (293)

3,129

7,394 (9,902)(328) 62,967

Consolidated Income Statement for International Segment

Income Statement - Jan-Dec 2014

Sales revenues

7,022 17,313 1,151 12,168 50 (5,131) 32,573

Intersegments 2,903 3,584 79 5 33 (5,131) 1,473

Third parties 4,119 13,729 1,072 12,163 17 - 31,100

Net income (loss) before 140 (1,414)165 218 (789) (8) (1,688) finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net income (loss) (1,395)(1,211)213 attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

182

(985) (8)

(3,204)

Income Statement - Jan-Dec 2013

Sales revenues

8,791 18,648 1,193 11,274 17 (4,861) 35,062

Intersegments 5,055 4,254 79 15 12 (4,861) 4,554

Third parties 3,736 14,394 1,114 11,259 5 - 30,508

Net income (loss) before 4,231 (55) 144 229 (655) (3) 3,891 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net income (loss) 3,425 (34) 150 200 (90) (3) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

3,648

Consolidated Assets for International Segment

Total assets on December 25,5574,944 1,255 2,497 3,267 (2,967) 34,553 31, 2014

Total assets on December 31,9896,213 1,411 2,542 4,613 (4,314) 42,454 31, 2013

APPENDIX

1. Impairment

Assets or CGUs, by nature

Comperj 25,820 3,987 21,833 RTM - Brazil

2nd refining unit of RNEST 16,488 7,345 9,143 RTM - Brazil

Oil and gas producing properties 8,302 abroad

3,873

4,429

E&P - Inter.

Producing properties: assets related to E&P activities in Brazil 4,149 17,067 12,918 E&P - Brazil

(several CGUs)

Complexo Petroquímico Suape 7,563 4,585 2,978 RTM - Brazil

Oil and gas production and 2,898 1,474 1,424 E&P - Brazil driling equipment

Nansei Sekiyu K.K. refinery 343 – 343 RTM - Inter.

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Araucária (fertilizers plant) 927 667 260 Gas & Power

Others 71 86 (15)

Total 79,479 34,935 44,544

- (*) Impairment losses and reversals. (**) Excludes impairment charges on assets classified as held for sale of R\$ 92 million.

For more detailed information about impairment charges, see Note 14 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements.

2. Trade receivables - electricity sector (isolated electricity system in the northern region of Brazil)

Clients

Eletrobras Group 6,736 1,143 7,879 1,553 2,779 4,332

Companhia de Gás do Amazonas 3,364 442 3,806 — 1,597 1,597 (CIGÁS)

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Others 63 1,046 1,109 101 617 718

10,163 2,631 12,794 1,654 4,993 6,647

(-) Allowance for impairment of trade (2,895) (1,650) (4,545) – (34) receivables

Total 7,268 981 8,249 1,654 4,959 6,613

Related parties 6,569 437 7,006 1,553 2,763 4,316

Third parties 699 544 1,243 101 2,196 2,297

The Company's Management has determined that an allowance for impairment of trade receivables was required to cover receivables as of October 31, 2014 with no guarantees, including the balances of previous debt acknowledgement agreements and from companies that were not part of the most recent debt acknowledgment agreement with Eletrobras. An allowance for impairment of trade receivables of R\$ 4,511 million was recognized in 2014. No charges were recognized for companies that were not insolvent or for receivables from sales after November 1, 2014, because those amounts were included in the calculation of the Brazilian Electricity Agency - *Agência Nacional de Energia Elétrica (ANEEL)*'s new pricing policy. For more detailed information about receivables from the electricity sector, see Note 8.4 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements of the period ended December 31, 2014.

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APPENDIX

3. Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA

Jan-Dec

(26,962) (5,939) (354) 5,951 Net income (loss) (21,924) 23,007 (195)

1,814 972 87 3,021 Net finance income 3,900 6,202 (37) (expense)

(8,488) 117 - (2,105) Income taxes (3,892) 5,148 (176)

8,808 7,036 25 7,504 Depreciation, depletion 30,677 28,467 8 and amortization

(24,828) 2,186 (1,236) 14,371 EBITDA

8,761 62,824 (86)

540 (198) 373 (56) Share of earnings in (451) (1,095) 59 equity-accounted investments

44,345 306 - 1,238 Impairment losses / 44,636 1,238 (reversals)

- 6,194 (100) – Write-off - 6,194 – overpayments incorrectly capitalized

20,057 8,488 136 **15,553 Adjusted EBITDA 59,140 62,967** (6)

24 10 14 **19** Adjusted EBITDA **18 21** (3) margin (%) ²⁷

Our adjusted EBITDA (according to CVM Instruction 527 of October 4, 2012) is the net income before net finance income (expense), income taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization, share of earnings in equity-accounted investments and impairment, which provides an additional information about our ability to pay debt, carry out investments and cover our working capital needs. Adjusted EBITDA is not an IFRS measure and may not be comparable with the same measure as reported by other companies.

In 2014, the Company decided not to include in the calculation of the Adjusted EBITDA the write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized, because the Company's future cash generation and its current balance of cash and cash equivalents are not impacted by those adjustments, thus providing a more appropriate information about the potential of gross cash generation.

4. Effect of weighted average cost flow on the cost of sales (R\$ million)

Products remain in inventory for an average of 60 days and, therefore, the changes on international crude oil and oil products prices and the effect of the exchange rate variation on imports and on production taxes do not fully impact the costs of sales for the period, fully impacting only the following period. The estimated effects on the cost of sales are set out in the table below:

R\$ million

Effect of the average cost on the cost of sales

(682)

(1,951) (1,270)

- * In the 4Q-2014, the effect of the average cost on the cost of sales was not favorable (but less unfavorable when compared to the 3Q-2014), due to the realization of unit costs of inventories acquired in periods of higher international prices, already considering the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Real.
- () The amount in parenthesis demonstrates the negative effect on the cost of sales.

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²⁷ Adjusted EBITDA margin equals Adjusted EBITDA divided by sales revenues.

APPENDIX

5. Consolidated Taxes and Contributions

The economic contribution of Petrobras, measured by taxes and contributions, was R\$ 71,247 million.

Jan-Dec

Economic Contribution - Brazil

12,934 12,530 3 11,469 Domestic Value-Added 47,991 43,383 11 Tax (ICMS)

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4,649 4,045 15 4,032 PIS/COFINS 16,183 15,851 2

(9,457) (1,007) (839) (1,929) Income Tax and Social (5,635) 4,580 (223) Contribution

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2,194 1,305 68 2,036 Others 6,153 4,773 29

10,320 16,873 (39) 15,608 Subtotal - Brazil 64,692 68,587 (6)

1,903 1,555 22 1,416 Economic Contribution - 6,555 6,135 7 International

12,223 18,428 (34) **17,024 Total 71,247 74,722** (5)

6. Production Taxes

Jan-Dec

Brazil

3,385 4,041 (16) 4,044 Royalties 15,474 15,057 3

3,080 4,026 (23) 4,264 Special participation 14,803 15,161 (2) charges

40 42 (5) 40 Rental of areas 164 170 (4)

6,505 8,109 (20) 8,348 Subtotal - Brazil 30,441 30,388 -

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257 290 (11) 226 International 1,148 913 26

6,762 8,399 (19) **8,574** Total

31,589 31,301 1

(4Q-2014 x 3Q-2014): Production taxes in Brazil decreased 20% mainly due to the 20% decrease in the reference price for domestic oil in Reais that reached an average of R\$/bbl 165.40 (US\$/bbl 65.30) in the 4Q-2014 compared to R\$/bbl 205.57 (US\$/bbl 90.44) in the 3Q-2014, despite the higher production in the period.

(2014 x 2013): Production taxes in Reais in Brazil remained relatively flat in the period, due mainly to the 2% decrease in the reference price for domestic oil, that reached an average of R\$/bbl 203.41 (US\$/bbl 87.14) in Jan-Dec/2014 compared to R\$/bbl 208.40 (US\$/bbl 96.59) in Jan-Dec/2013, which offset the production increase in the period.

7. Impact of Cash Flow Hedge on Exports

Jan-Dec

(10,166) (11,813) 14 (6,027) Total inflation (13,257) (17,009) 22 indexation and foreign exchange variation

10,185 12,231 (17) 4,578 Foreign Exchange 15,641 13,384 17 Variation recognized in Shareholders' Equity

(611) (282) (117) (321) Reclassification from (1,663) (693) — Shareholders' Equity to the Statement of Income

(592) 136 (535) (1,770) Net Inflation indexation 721 (4,318) 117 and foreign exchange variation

APPENDIX

8. Assets and Liabilities subject to Exchange Variation

The Company has assets and liabilities subject to foreign exchange rate variation, for which the main exposure is to the Real relative to the U.S. dollar and the U.S. dollar relative to the Euro. Beginning in mid-May 2013, the Company extended the use of the hedge accounting practice to hedge highly probable future exports.

The Company designates hedging relationships to account for the effects of the existing natural hedge between a portion of its long-term debt obligations (denominated in U.S. dollars) and its U.S. dollar denominated exports and to properly recognize that hedge in its financial statements. Approximately 70% of the total net debt exposed to changes in foreign exchange rate was designated as hedging instruments to hedge a seven-year period of highly probable future exports.

Through the extension of the hedge accounting practice, foreign exchange gains or losses from debt denominated in U.S. dollars will only affect the Company's statement of income when the future exports affect its statement of income. Until our future exports are realized, such foreign exchange variations will be recognized in our shareholders' equity.

The balances of assets and liabilities in foreign currency of controlling companies outside of Brazil are not included on the exposure below when transacted in a currency equivalent to their respective functional currencies. On December 31, 2014, the Company had a net liability position regarding foreign exchange exposure. Therefore, the appreciation of the Real relative to other currencies results in a foreign exchange variation income, while the depreciation of the Real results in a foreign exchange variation expense.

Assets 30,600 16,853

Liabilities (222,279) (150,581)

Hedge Accounting 135,088 95,443

Total (56,591) (38,285)

Real/ U.S. Dollars (20,844) (17,329)

Real/ Yen – 1

Real/ Euro (6,860) (6,741)

Real/ Pound Sterling (1,919) (1,772)

U.S. Dollars/ Yen (1,728) (1,973)

U.S. Dollars/ Euro (18,562) (7,324)

U.S. Dollars/ Pound Sterling

(5,376)

(2,296)

Peso/ U.S. Dollars (1,302) (851)

Total (56,591) (38,285)

The main foreign exchange variation exposures from 2013 to 2014 were: Real x U.S. dollars – 13.39% depreciation of the Real; U.S. dollars x Euro – 11.79% appreciation of U.S. dollars; U.S. dollars x Yen – 13.87% appreciation of U.S. dollars; U.S. dollars x Pound Sterling – 5.71% appreciation of U.S. dollars.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

THIRD QUARTER RESULT

Reconciliation of the net income reported on 01.28.2015 with the net income reviewed by independent auditors.

R\$ million

Net income reported on 01.28.2015

13,464

Write-off - overpayments incorrectly capitalized

(6,194)

Additional allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector (1,602)

Others (630)

Net income (reviewed by independent auditors)

5,038

Attributable to:

Shareholders of Petrobras

5,013

5,038

The adjustments include:

- Write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized (R\$ 6,194 million);
- Recognition of an additional allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector of R\$ 2,427 million (R\$ 1,602 million after taxes) to cover unsecured receivables from certain electricity companies;
- Lower profit sharing expense, due to changes in the net income previously reported, mainly attributable to the allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector; and
- Change on income tax expenses, mainly due to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector.

In addition, R\$ 1,112 million were reclassified from other expenses, net to cost of sales, with respect to inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value).

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Statement - Consolidated ²⁸ ²⁹

Jan-Sep

88,377 82,298 77,700 **Sales revenues** 252,220 223,862

(67,936) (63,480) (61,482) Cost of sales (193,798) (170,550)

20,441 18,818 16,218 **Gross profit** 58,422 53,312

(6,733) (2,772) (2,862) Selling expenses (12,230) (7,709)

(2,707) (2,580) (2,803) General and administrative (7,847) (7,863) expenses

(2,314) (1,803) (2,214) Exploration costs (5,642) (4,702)

(665) (601) (590) Research and development (1,858) (1,858) expenses

(552) (313) (219) Other taxes (1,192) (691)

(6,194) – Write-off - overpayments (6,194) – incorrectly capitalized

(6,197) (1,901) (1,807) Other income and expenses, (11,955) (3,162) net

(25,362) (9,970) (10,495) (46,918) (25,985)

(4,921) 8,848 5,723 Net income (loss) before 11,504 27,327

finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

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1,174 758 1,205 Finance income 2,974 3,086

(2,282) (2,243) (1,240) Finance expenses (6,373) (3,719)

136 545 (985) Foreign exchange and inflation 1,313 (2,548) indexation charges

(972) (940) (1,020) Net finance income (expense) (2,086) (3,181)

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198 271 493 Share of earnings in 991 1,039 equity-accounted investments

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(127) (312) (229) Profit-sharing (775) (877)

(5,822) 7,867 4,967 Net income (loss) before 9,634 24,308 income taxes

(117) (2,676) (1,425) Income taxes (4,596) (7,252)

(5,939) 5,191 3,542 Net income (loss) 5,038 17,056

Net income (loss) attributable to:

(5,339) 4,959 3,395 Shareholders of Petrobras 5,013 17,289

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(600) 232 147 Non-controlling interests 25 (233)

(5,939) 5,191 3,542 5,038 17,056

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²⁸ Beginning in the 1Q-2014, a line item for profit sharing benefits has been included, as previously disclosed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

²⁹ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Statement of Financial Position - Consolidated

Current assets 142,950 123,351

Cash and cash equivalents

49,624

Marketable securities 20,674 9,101

Trade and other receivables, net

21,549

Inventories 32,437 33,324

Recoverable taxes 8,603 11,646

Assets classified as held for sale 5,052 5,638

Other current assets 5,011 3,818

Non-current assets 672,791 629,616

Long-term receivables

47,875

Trade and other receivables, net

12,708

Deferred taxes 2,431 2,647

Other tax assets 11,231 12,603

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Advances to suppliers 7,245 7,566

Other non-current assets 7,226 4,395

Investments 15,537 15,615

Property, plant and equipment

591,606

Intangible assets 17,773 36,121

Total assets 815,741 752,967

Current liabilities 84,708 82,525

Trade payables 27,658 27,922

Current debt 28,243 18,782

Taxes payable 12,973 11,597

Dividends payable – 9,301

Employee compensation (payroll, profit-sharing and related charges) 7,931

Pension and medical benefits 2,198 1,912

Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale 591 2,514

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Other current liabilities	5,114	5,691

Non-current liabilities

388,637

321,108

Non-current debt 303,461 249,038

Deferred taxes 21,923 23,206

Pension and medical benefits 40,986 27,541

Provision for decommissioning costs

15,996

16,709

Provisions for legal proceedings 3,978 2,918

Other non-current liabilities 2,293 1,696

Shareholders' equity

342,396 349,334

Share capital 205,432 205,411

Profit reserves and others 135,893 142,529

Non-controlling interests

1,071

1,394

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

815,741 752,967

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Statement of Cash Flows Data - Consolidated

Jan-Sep

(5,339) 4,959 3,395 Net income (loss) 5,013 17,289 attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

28,892 9,340 10,963 (+) Adjustments for: 42,254 28,145

7,036 7,710 7,597 Depreciation, depletion and 21,869 20,963 amortization

2,611 1,479 2,027 Foreign exchange and inflation 5,507 4,391 indexation and finance charges

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(600) 232 147 Non-controlling interests 25 (233)

(198) (271) (493) Share of earnings in (991) (1,039) equity-accounted investments

6,194 – Write-off - overpayments 6,194 – incorrectly capitalized

3,954 177 49 Allowance for impairment of 4,163 47 trade receivables

4,081 271 (343) (Gains) / losses on disposal / 3,768 (1,743) write-offs of non-current assets

(108) 1,614 461 Deferred income taxes, net 2,188 3,666

1,710 1,495 1,684 Exploration expenditures 4,262 2,915 writen-off

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931 197 366 Impairment of property, plant 1,404 837 and equipment and other assets

909 1,211 1,360 Pension and medical benefits 3,161 4,135 (actuarial expense)

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4,949 (2,290) (3,164) Inventories 189 (4,801)

(1,415) (641) (188) Trade and other receivables, (4,605) 590 net

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(1,307) 644 849 Trade payables (1,150) 774

(415) (566) (347) Pension and medical benefits (1,316) (1,134)

1,718 (732) (401) Taxes payable (288) (2,895)

(1,158) (1,190) 1,359 Other assets and liabilities (2,126) 1,672

23,553 14,299 14,358 (=) Net cash provided by 47,267 45,434 (used in) operating activities

(31,111) (16,924) (19,590) (-) Net cash provided by (68,228) (58,254) (used in) investing activities

(20,129) (19,141) (24,348) Capital expenditures and (59,606) (65,929) investments in operating segments

302 185 1,194 Proceeds from disposal of 1,356 4,386 assets (divestment)

(11,284) 2,032 3,564 Investments in marketable (9,978) 3,289 securities

(7,558) (2,625) (5,232) (=) Net cash flow (20,961) (12,820)

(5,073) (6,327) (6,696) (-) Net cash provided by 32,492 22,649 (used in) financing activities

5,022 10,119 9,692 Proceeds from long-term 69,048 70,841 financing

(6,226) (4,933) (9,474) Repayment of principal (17,294) (33,288)

(3,794) (2,892) (4,009) Repayment of interest (10,457) (8,930)

(18) (8,731) (2,904) Dividends paid to shareholders (8,749) (5,774)

(57) 110 (1) Acquisition of non-controlling (56) (200) interest

4,115 (1,375) 28 Effect of exchange rate 921 1,893 changes on cash and cash equivalents

(8,516) (10,327) (11,900) (=) Net increase (decrease) 12,452 11,722 in cash and cash equivalents in the period

58,140 68,467 51,250 Cash and cash equivalents at 37,172 27,628 the beginning of period

49,624 58,140 39,350 Cash and cash equivalents at 49,624 39,350 the end of period

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Consolidated debt

Current debt ³⁰ 28,243 18,782 50

Non-current debt ³¹ 303,461 249,038 22

Total 331,704 267,820 24

Cash and cash equivalents 49,624 37,172 33

Government securities and time deposits (maturity of more 20,635 9,085 127 than 3 months)

Adjusted cash and cash equivalents 70,259 46,257 52

Net debt ³² 261,445 221,563 18

Net debt/(net debt+shareholders' equity) 43% 39% 4

Total net liabilities ³³ 745,482 706,710 5

Capital structure

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(Net third parties capital / total net liabilities)	54%	51%	3

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Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA ratio	5.02	3.52	43

Current debt ³⁰ 11,523 8,017 44

Non-current debt ³¹ 123,811 106,308 16

Total 135,334 114,325 18

Net debt ³² 106,669 94,579 13

Summarized information on financing

Floating rate debt 169,554 138,463 22

Fixed rate debt 161,947 129,148 25

Total 331,501 267,611 24

Reais 63,087 53,465 18

US Dollars 233,616 191,572 22

Euro 24,599 14,987 64

Total 331,501 267,611 24

2014 13,293 18,744 (29)

2015 19,390 17,017 14

2016 31,421 29,731 6

2017 29,792 20,331 47

2018 45,017 37,598 20

2019 and thereafter 192,588 144,190 34

Total 331,501 267,611 24

Consolidated net debt in Reais increased by 18% when compared to December 31, 2013 as a result of long-term financing and of the 4.6% impact from the depreciation of the Real against the U.S. dollar.

35

³⁰ Includes Finance lease obligations (R\$ 39 million on September 30, 2014 and R\$ 38 million on December 31, 2013).

³¹ Includes Finance lease obligations (R\$ 164 million on September 30, 2014 and R\$ 171 million on December 31, 2013).

³² Net debt is not a measure defined in the International Standards -IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for total long-term debt calculated in accordance with IFRS. Our calculation of net debt may not be comparable to the calculation of net debt by other companies. Management believes that net debt is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

³³ Total liabilities net of adjusted cash and cash equivalents.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

SEGMENT INFORMATION 34

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment - Jan-Sep/2014³⁵

Sales revenues 118,625 198,227 30,491 436 72,806 25,175 - (193,540)25

Intersegments 117,882 69,212 2,706 380 2,013 1,347 - (193,540) -

Third parties 743 129,015 27,785 56 70,793 23,828 - -

25

Cost of sales (60,640) (209,786)(26,840) (523) (66,866) (22,537) –

193,394

(19

Gross profit 57,985 (11,559) 3,651 (87) 5,940 2,638 - (146) 58

Expenses

(11,868)(13,617)(5,754)(118) (4,741) (1,550)(9,661) 391

(40

Selling, general and (633) (5,246) (4,302) (82) (4,396) (1,349) (4,462) 393 administrative expenses

(20

Exploration costs (5,377) – – – (265) – –

(5,

Research and development expenses

(946)

(315)(144) (22)

(2)

(3)

(426)

(1,

Other taxes (76) (162) (195) (1) (21) (176) (561) -

(1,

Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

(1,969) (3,427) (652)

(23)

(23)

(100)

(6,

Other income and (2,867) (4,467) (461) (13) (299) 266 (4,112) (2) expenses, net

(11

Net income (loss) 46,117 (25,176) (2,103) (205) 1,199 1,088 (9,661) 245 before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

11

Net finance income - - - - - - (2,086) - (2, (expense)

Share of earnings in (6) equity-accounted investments

316

368

(96)

(1)

404

6

_

99

Profit-sharing (269) (215) (37) – (45) (16) (193) –

(77

Net income (loss) 45,842 (25,075) (1,772) (301) 1,153 1,476 (11,934) 245 before income taxes

Income taxes (16,258) 7,468 506 70 (400) (392) 4,494 (84)

(4,

Net income (loss) 29,584 (17,607) (1,266) (231) 753 1,084 (7,440) 161

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of 29,592 (17,594) (1,293) (231) 753 927 (7,302) 161 Petrobras

Non-controlling (8) (13) 27 – – 157 (138) – 25 interests

29,584 (17,607) (1,266) (231) 753 1,084 (7,440) 161

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment - Jan-Sep/2013

Sales revenues 107,450176,309 23,160 655 63,245 25,926 - (172,883)223

Intersegments 105,746 59,214 1,920 549 1,618 3,836 - (172,883) -

Third parties 1,704 117,095 21,240 106 61,627 22,090 - -

223

Cost of sales

(53,863) (188,949)(19,663) (807) (57,811) (22,273) –

172,816

(17

Gross profit 53,587 (12,640) 3,497 (152) 5,434 3,653 - (67) 53,

Expenses

(7,017) (5,989) (1,821) (119) (3,178) (26) (8,102) 267

(25

Selling, general and (679) (5,015) (1,706) (86) (3,174) (1,357) (3,808) 253 administrative expenses

(15

Exploration costs (4,440) - - - (262) - - (4,7)

Research and development expenses

(925) (344)

(88)

(42)

(2)

(5)

(452)

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(1,8

Other taxes (71) (112) (129) (2) (23) (216) (138) -

(69

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Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

Other income and (902) (518) 102 11 21 1,814 (3,704) 14 expenses, net

(3,:

Net income (loss) 46,570 (18,629) 1,676 (271) 2,256 3,627 (8,102) 200 before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net finance income - - - - - - - - (3,181) - (3,181) - (3,181)

Share of earnings in 5 equity-accounted investments

180

276

(39)

(1)

623

(5)

Profit-sharing (311) (229) (39) – (53) (22) (223) –

(87

Net income (loss) 46,264 (18,678) 1,913 (310) 2,202 4,228 (11,511) 200 before income taxes

Income taxes (15,728) 6,412 (557) 92 (748) (1,108) 4,454 (69)

(7,2

Net income (loss) 30,536 (12,266) 1,356 (218) 1,454 3,120 (7,057) 131

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of 30,480 (12,266) 1,262 (218) 1,454 3,008 (6,562) 131 Petrobras

Non-controlling 56 – 94 – – 112 (495) – (23 interests

30,536 (12,266) 1,356 (218) 1,454 3,120 (7,057) 131

36

³⁴ Beginning in 2014, management of Liquigás (a subsidiary) was allocated to the RTM segment (previously Distribution). Amounts previously reported for 2013 were restated for comparability purposes and the results previously attributable to the Distribution segment are now presented under the RTM segment, pursuant to the management and accountability premise adopted for the financial statements by business segment.

³⁵ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment - Jan-Sep/2014³⁶

Gains / (losses) on (509) (3,335) 207 (1) 28 440 (105) – disposal/write-offs of assets

Voluntary Separation Incentive (995) $\,$ (494) $\,$ (151) $\,$ (11) $\,$ (159) $\,$ (24) $\,$ (621) $\,$ - Plan - PIDV

Unscheduled stoppages and (1,534) (45) (164) - - (35) (29) - pre-operating expenses

Pension and medical benefits - - - - - - - - (1,509) - retirees

Institutional relations and (83) (52) (8) - (130) (14) (1,050) - cultural projects

Collective bargaining (397) (226) (44) - (58) (11) (254) - agreement

Impairment (losses) / reversals - - (306) - - 15 - -

Health, safety and environment(51) (51) (16) - - (7) (130) -

(Losses)/gains on legal, administrative and arbitral

361

(138)

(24)

(1)

(91)

(32)

(250) -

proceedings

Governamental Grants 19 57 24 - - - 17 -

(Expenditures)/reimbursements542 – – – – – – – – – from operations in E&P partnerships

Others 273 (183) 21 - 111 (66) (181) (2)

(2,867)(4,467)(461) (13) (299) 266 (4,112)(2)

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment - Jan-Sep/2013

Gains / (losses) on 113 (98) (4) - 40 1,697 (5) - 1,74 disposal/write-offs of assets

Unscheduled stoppages and (779) (47) (177) - - (53) (27) - (1,0) pre-operating expenses

Pension and medical benefits - - - - - - - - (1,438) - (1,438) - (1,438)

Institutional relations and (199) (58) (9) - (66) (20) (840) - (1,1 cultural projects

Collective bargaining agreement

(359) (178) (33)

(50)

(11)

(242) -

(873

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Impairment (losses) / reversals –	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Health, safety and environment(51) (139) (9) - - (26) (163) - (388)

(Losses)/gains on legal, administrative and arbitral

(68) (103) (9)

(64)

(26)

(859) -

(1,1)

Governamental Grants 29 53 37 - - 84 1 - 204

(Expenditures)/reimbursements404 - - - - - (3) - - 401 from operations in E&P partnerships

Others 8 52 306 11 161 172 (131) 14 593

(902)(518)102 11 21 1,814 (3,704)14

(3,1

Consolidated Assets by Segment - 09.30.2014

Total 390,313222,43567,868 2,748 22,921 40,91883,465(14,927)815,741 assets

Current 16,527 42,458 9,765 172 9,459 10,37466,461(12,266)142,950 assets

Non-current373,786179,97758,103 2,576 13,462 30,54417,004(2,661) 672,791 assets

Long-term 17,047 9,821 3,843 7 6,910 4,418 8,321 (2,492) 47,875 receivables

Investments 376 5,365 1,418 2,030 38 5,983 327 - 15,537

Property, plant and equipment 342,508 164,465 51,986 539

5,834

18,804 7,639 (169)

591,606

Operating 248,832 95,648 41,072 492 4,459 10,907 5,709 (169) 406,950 assets

Assets under 93,676 68,817 10,914 47 1,375 7,897 1,930 - 184,656 construction

Intangible 13,855 326 856 - 680 1,339 717 - 17,773

assets

Consolidated Assets by Segment - 12.31.2013

Total 357,729216,76964,899 2,803 16,994 42,45466,859(15,540)752,967 assets

Current 13,826 44,838 9,052 181 5,576 11,92250,702(12,746)123,351 assets

Non-current343,903171,93155,847 2,622 11,418 30,53216,157(2,794) 629,616 assets

Long-term 14,643 10,333 4,341 5 5,222 4,655 7,422 (2,621) 44,000 receivables

Investments 219 5,429 1,755 2,097 14 5,883 218 - 15,615

Property, plant and equipment 296,846 155,835 48,919 520

5,505

18,671 7,757 (173)

533,880

Operating 212,914 76,452 39,118 480 3,952 8,882 5,415 (173) 347,040 assets

Assets under 83,932 79,383 9,801 40 1,553 9,789 2,342 — 186,840 construction

Intangible 32,195 334 832 - 677 1,323 760 - 36,121

assets

37

³⁶ As from 2014, the amount of inventory write-down to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment - Jan-Sep/2014

Net income (loss) 29,584 (17,607) (1,266) (231) 753 1,084 (7,440) 161 5,038

Net finance - - - - - - 2,086 - 2,086 income (expense)

Income taxes 16,258 (7,468) (506) (70) 400 392 (4,494) 84 4,596

Depreciation, depletion and amortization

12,786 4,821 1,507

21

297

1,814 623

21,869

EBITDA 58,628(20,254)(265) (280) 1,450 3,290 (9,225)245 33,589

Share of earnings 6 (316) (368) 96 1 (404) (6) – (991) in

Impairment – – 306 – – (15) – – losses / (reversals)

291

Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

652

6,194

Adjusted EBITDA

60,603(17,143)325

(184)

1,474

2,894 (9,131)245

39,083

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment - Jan-Sep/2013

Net income (loss) 30,536 (12,266) 1,356 (218) 1,453 3,120 (7,057) 132 17,056

Income taxes 15,728 (6,412) 557 (92) 748 1,108 (4,454) 69 7,252

Depreciation, depletion and amortization

12,553 4,218

1,551

31

281

1,792 536

_

20,963

EBITDA 58,817(14,460)3,464 (279) 2,482 6,020 (7,794)201 48,452

Share of earnings (5) (180) (276) 39 1 (623) 5 – (1,039)

in

equity-accounted investments

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Impairment losses / (reversals)	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	

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Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized Adjusted EBITDA

58,812(14,640)3,188 (240)

240) 2,483

5,397 (7,789)201

47,413

Consolidated Income Statement for International Segment

Income Statement - Jan-Sep 2014

Sales revenues

5,493 13,606 864 8,730

46

(3,564) 25,175

Intersegments 2,175 2,643 60 4 29 (3,564) 1,347

Third parties 3,318 10,963 804 8,726 17 - 23,828

Net income (loss) before 1,240 (141) 154 261 (404) (22) 1,088 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net income (loss) attributable to the

1,438 (67) 183

241

(846) (22) 927

Income Statement - Jan-Sep 2013

Sales revenues

6,995 13,381 881 8,196 -

(3,527) 25,926

Intersegments 4,014 3,278 58 13 - (3,527) 3,836

Third parties 2,981 10,103 823 8,183 - - 22,090

Net income (loss) before 3,843 (54) 90 161 (405) (8) 3,627 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net income (loss) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

3,443 (41) 66

148

(600) (8)

B)

3,008

Consolidated Assets for International Segment

Total assets on September 31,513 5,606 1,152 2,431 6,167 (5,951) 40,918 30, 2014

Total assets on December 31,989 6,213 1,411 2,542 4,613 (4,314) 42,454 31, 2013

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Trade and other receivables - Electricity Sector (Isolated Power System)

Clients

Eletrobras Group (Note 19.5) 1,066

5,211

6,277

1,553

2,779

4,332

Companhia de Gás do Amazonas 2,589 489 3,078 — 1,597 1,597 (CIGÁS)

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Others 122 836 958 101 617 718

3,777 6,536 10,313 1,654 4,993 6,647

(-) Provision for impairment of trade (1,955) (1,836) (3,791) – (34) receivables

Total 1,822 4,700 6,522 1,654 4,959 6,613

Related parties 1,063 4,438 5,501 1,553 2,763 4,316

Third parties 759 262 1,021 101 2,196 2,297

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 23, 2015
PETRÓLEO BRASILEIRO S.A--PETROBRAS

By: /s/ Ivan de Souza Monteiro

Ivan de Souza Monteiro
Chief Financial Officer and Investor Relations
Officer

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This press release may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act) that are not based on historical facts and are not assurances of future results. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current view and estimates of future economic circumstances, industry conditions, company performance and financial results. The words "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "expects", "plans" and similar expressions, as they relate to the company, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Statements regarding the declaration or payment of dividends, the implementation of principal operating and financing strategies and capital expenditure plans, the direction of future operations and the factors or trends affecting financial condition, liquidity or results o f operations are examples of forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current views of management and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. There is no guarantee that the expected events, trends or results will actually occur. The statements are based on many assumptions and factors, including general economic and market conditions, industry conditions, and operating factors. Any changes in such assumptions or factors could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations.

All forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and you should not place reliance on any forward-looking statement contained in this press release. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events or for any other reason.