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MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST
Form N-CSR
January 03, 2008

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF
REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-4975

MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Susan S. Newton
Massachusetts Financial Services Company
500 Boylston Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02116

(Name and address of agents for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 954-5000

Date of fiscal year end: October 31

Date of reporting period: October 31, 2007

ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS.

M F S(R)
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

MFS(R) MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

[graphic omitted]

Annual report

10/31/07
MMT-ANN

MFS(R) Multimarket Income Trust

LETTER FROM THE CEO

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New York Stock Exchange Symbol: MMT

NOT FDIC INSURED ◦ MAY LOSE VALUE ◦
NO BANK OR CREDIT UNION GUARANTEE ◦ NOT A DEPOSIT ◦
NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY OR
NCUA/NCUSIF

LETTER FROM THE CEO

[Photo of Robert J. Manning]

Dear Shareholders:

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The past year has been a great example of why investors should keep their eyes on the long term.

In 2006 the Dow Jones Industrial Average returned 19% and was fairly stable. This year we have seen a greater level of volatility than has been experienced in recent years. The Dow hit several new highs but also experienced swift drops as a global credit crisis swept through markets, spurred by defaults on U.S. subprime loans and a liquidity crunch. Still, even with this volatility, the Dow ended the first three quarters of 2007 with a return near 13%.

U.S. Treasury bonds gained ground, especially in the third quarter as investors sought less risky asset classes. The spreads of many lower quality debt investments widened.

In 2007 the U.S. dollar fell against the euro, oil prices have hit their highest levels yet, and gold has spiked to its steepest price in 28 years. Around the globe, stocks sold off as risk aversion mounted. As we have said before, markets can be volatile, and investors should make sure they have an investment plan that can carry them through the peaks and troughs.

If you are focused on a long-term investment strategy, the short-term ups and downs of the markets should not necessarily dictate portfolio action on your part. In our view, investors who remain committed to a long-term plan are more likely to achieve their financial goals.

In any market environment, we believe individual investors are best served by following a three-pronged investment strategy of allocating their holdings across the major asset classes, diversifying within each class, and regularly rebalancing their portfolios to maintain their desired allocations. Of course, these strategies cannot guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. Investing and planning for the long term require diligence and patience, two traits that in our experience are essential to capitalizing on the many opportunities the financial markets can offer -- through both up and down economic cycles.

Respectfully,

/s/ Robert J. Manning

Robert J. Manning
Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer
MFS Investment Management (R)

December 14, 2007

The opinions expressed in this letter are subject to change, may not be relied upon for investment advice, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE (i)

Bonds	92.3%
Floating Rate Loans	1.4%
Preferred Stocks (o)	0.0%
Cash & Other Net Assets	6.3%

FIXED INCOME SECTORS (i)

High Yield Corporates	23.5%
-----	-----
High Grade Corporates	19.9%

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Non-U.S. Government Bonds	12.4%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	9.7%
Emerging Market Bonds	8.8%
U.S. Treasury Securities	7.4%
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	6.9%
Asset-Backed Securities	1.6%
Floating Rate Loans	1.4%
U.S. Government Agencies	1.3%
Collateralized Debt Obligations	0.5%
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	0.3%

CREDIT QUALITY OF BONDS (r)

AAA	33.9%
AA	5.7%
A	10.7%
BBB	17.1%
BB	17.1%
B	13.4%
CCC	1.6%
Not Rated	0.5%

PORTFOLIO FACTS

Average Duration (d) (i)	5.1
Average Life (i) (m)	7.9 yrs.
Average Maturity (i) (m)	13.6 yrs.
Average Credit Quality of Rated Securities (long-term) (a)	A-
Average Credit Quality of Rated Securities (short-term) (a)	A-1

COUNTRY WEIGHTINGS (i)

United States	70.1%
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Japan	3.6%
-----	-----
United Kingdom	3.6%
-----	-----
Germany	3.5%
-----	-----
Netherlands	2.4%
-----	-----
Russia	2.1%
-----	-----
France	2.1%
-----	-----
Canada	1.7%
-----	-----
Brazil	1.4%
-----	-----
Other Countries	9.5%
-----	-----

- (a) The average credit quality of rated securities is based upon a market weighted average of portfolio holdings that are rated by public rating agencies.
- (d) Duration is a measure of how much a bond's price is likely to fluctuate with general changes in interest rates, e.g., if rates rise 1.00%, a bond with a 5-year duration is likely to lose about 5.00% of its value.
- (i) For purposes of this presentation, the bond component includes both accrued interest amounts and the equivalent exposure from any derivative holdings, if applicable.
- (m) The average maturity shown is calculated using the final stated maturity on the portfolio's holdings without taking into account any holdings which have been pre-refunded or pre-paid to an earlier date or which have a mandatory put date prior to the stated maturity. The average life shown takes into account these earlier dates.
- (o) Less than 0.1%.
- (r) Each security is assigned a rating from Moody's Investors Service. If not rated by Moody's, the rating will be that assigned by Standard & Poor's. Likewise, if not assigned a rating by Standard & Poor's, it will be based on the rating assigned by Fitch, Inc. For those portfolios that hold a security which is not rated by any of the three agencies, the security is considered Not Rated. Holdings in U.S. Treasuries and government agency mortgage-backed securities, if any, are included in the "AAA"-rating category. Percentages are based on the total market value of investments as of 10/31/07.

Percentages are based on net assets as of 10/31/07, unless otherwise noted.

The portfolio is actively managed and current holdings may be different.

MANAGEMENT REVIEW

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the fund or trust) is a closed-end fund and maintains a portfolio that includes investments in investment-grade and high-yield corporate bonds, U.S. government securities, and international investment-grade and emerging markets debt securities.

In our review of the performance of this trust, we look to a number of benchmarks, each reflecting the results of the various markets in which we invest. The benchmarks are the Citigroup World Government Bond Non-Dollar

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Hedged Index, JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (EMBI Global), Lehman Brothers U.S. Credit Bond Index, Lehman Brothers U.S. Government/ Mortgage Bond Index (Government/Mortgage), and the Lehman Brothers U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond Index (U.S. High-Yield). For the twelve months ended October 31, 2007, these benchmarks generated returns of 3.94%, 8.07%, 4.62%, 5.74%, and 6.75%, respectively. In addition, the Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index, which is comprised of representative weightings of each of the aforementioned benchmarks, generated a return of 5.58% over the same period.

For the twelve months ended October 31, 2007, shares of the MFS Multimarket Income Trust provided a total return of 5.19%, at net asset value, underperforming the Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index, the EMBI Global, Government/Mortgage, and U.S. High-Yield indices.

MARKET ENVIRONMENT

The U.S. economy continues to decouple from the rest of the world. Despite seemingly robust growth rates during the second and third quarters of 2007, underlying economic activity in the U.S. remains muted relative to other major economies. Overall, global economies have seen moderate to strong growth over the last twelve months as domestic demand improves and world trade accelerates.

With the strong global growth, however, has come increased concern about rising global inflation, especially as capacity becomes more constrained, wages rise, and energy and food prices advance. During the reporting period, global central banks tightened monetary conditions which in turn pushed global bond yields to their highest levels during this economic expansion.

However, beginning in late July, heightened uncertainty and distress concerning the subprime mortgage market caused several global credit markets to seize up, forcing central banks to inject liquidity and to reassess their tightening biases as sovereign bond yields declined and credit spreads widened. While credit conditions improved somewhat by late October as the Federal Reserve Board cut interest rates, the level of market turbulence remains significant. Increased market volatility has also been exacerbated by U.S. home foreclosures, falling housing prices, and a weakening trend in the labor market. Despite increased volatility across all asset classes and the widening in credit spreads, global equity markets remained elevated, generally having erased losses incurred earlier in the summer.

DETRACTORS FROM PERFORMANCE

The trust's overweighted position in the financial sector held back performance as holdings of some finance companies suffered from the recent turmoil in the subprime market.

During the reporting period, our positioning along the yield curve(y) was also an area of relative weakness.

CONTRIBUTORS TO PERFORMANCE

On the upside, the trust's underweighted position in corporate bonds in the industrial sector had a positive impact on performance.

Some of our currency positions, particularly those in Chinese RMB (Yuan), Singapore Dollar, and Brazilian Real, also contributed to results.

Security selection in the financial and industrial sectors added to performance. Our holdings of auto credit companies, which posted strong returns, led the charge.

Respectfully,

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John Addeo
Portfolio Manager

James Calmas
Portfolio Manager

David Cole
Portfolio Manager

Richard Hawkins
Portfolio Manager

Matthew Ryan
Portfolio Manager

(y) A yield curve graphically depicts the yields of different maturity bonds of the same credit quality and type; a normal yield curve is upward sloping, with short-term rates lower than long-term rates.

The views expressed in this report are those of the portfolio managers only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover and do not necessarily reflect the views of MFS or any other person in the MFS organization. These views are subject to change at any time based on market or other conditions, and MFS disclaims any responsibility to update such views. These views may not be relied upon as investment advice or an indication of trading intent on behalf of any MFS portfolio. References to specific securities are not recommendations of such securities, and may not be representative of any MFS portfolio's current or future investments.

Note to Shareholders: Effective October 23, 2007, the Board of Trustees of the trust authorized the trust to use leverage.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY THROUGH 10/31/07

The following chart represents the fund's historical performance in comparison to its benchmark. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost; current performance may be lower or higher than quoted. The performance shown does not reflect the deduction of taxes, if any, that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions or the sale of fund shares.

PRICE SUMMARY

Year ended 10/31/07

	Date	Price
Net Asset Value	10/31/07	\$6.68
	10/31/06	\$6.74
New York Stock Exchange Price	10/31/07	\$5.84
	2/28/07 (high) (t)	\$6.16
	8/16/07 (low) (t)	\$5.60
	10/31/06	\$6.00

TOTAL RETURNS VS BENCHMARKS

Year ended 10/31/07

New York Stock Exchange Price (r)	3.30%
Net Asset Value (r)	5.19%

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Citigroup World Government Bond Non-Dollar Hedged Index (f)	3.94%
-----	-----
JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (f)	8.07%
-----	-----
Lehman Brothers U.S. Credit Bond Index (f)	4.62%
-----	-----
Lehman Brothers U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index (f)	5.74%
-----	-----
Lehman Brothers U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond Index (f)	6.75%
-----	-----
Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index (f) (x)	5.58%
-----	-----

(f) Source: FactSet Research Systems Inc.

(r) Includes reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions.

(t) For the period November 1, 2006 through October 31, 2007.

(x) Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index is at a point in time and allocations during the period can change. As of October 31, 2007 the blended index was comprised of 25% Lehman Brothers U.S. Credit Bond Index, 25% Lehman Brothers U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond Index, 7% JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global, 18% Citigroup World Government Bond Non-Dollar Hedged Index and 25% Lehman Brothers U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index.

INDEX DEFINITIONS

Citigroup World Government Bond Non-dollar Hedged Index - a market capitalization-weighted index that is designed to represent the currency-hedged performance of the international developed government bond markets, excluding the United States.

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (EMBI Global) - measures the performance of U.S.-dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds.

Lehman Brothers U.S. Credit Bond Index - measures publicly issued, SEC-registered, U.S. corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that meet specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.

Lehman Brothers U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index - measures debt issued by the U.S. Government, and its agencies, as well as mortgage-backed pass-through securities of Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

Lehman Brothers U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond Index - measures the universe of non-investment grade, fixed rate debt. Eurobonds, and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (e.g., Argentina, Brazil, Venezuela, etc.) are excluded.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

NOTES TO PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The trust's shares may trade at a discount or premium to net asset value. Shareholders do not have the right to cause the trust to repurchase their shares at net asset value. When trust shares trade at a premium, buyers pay more than the net asset value underlying trust shares, and shares purchased at a premium would receive less than the amount paid for them in the event of the trust's liquidation. As a result, the total return that is calculated based on the net asset value and New York Stock Exchange price can be different. The trust's monthly distributions may include a return of capital to shareholders. Distributions that are treated for federal income tax purposes as a return of capital will reduce each shareholder's basis in his or her shares and, to the

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extent the return of capital exceeds such basis, will be treated as gain to the shareholder from a sale of shares. Return of shareholder capital have the effect of reducing the trust's assets and increasing the trust's expense ratio.

From time to time the trust may receive proceeds from litigation settlements, without which performance would be lower.

In accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the trust hereby gives notice that it may from time to time repurchase shares of the trust in the open market at the option of the Board of Trustees and on such terms as the Trustees shall determine.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISKS OF THE FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The fund's investment objective is to seek high current income, but may also consider capital appreciation. The fund's objective may be changed without shareholder approval.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

MFS normally invests at least 80% of the fund's net assets in fixed income securities. This policy may not be changed without shareholder approval. MFS normally invests the fund's assets in U.S. Government securities, foreign government securities, mortgage backed and other asset-backed securities of U.S. and foreign issuers, corporate bonds of U.S. and foreign issuers, and debt instruments of issuers located in emerging market countries. MFS allocates the fund's assets across these categories with a view toward broad diversification across and within these categories. MFS may also invest the fund's assets in equity securities. MFS may invest up to 100% of the fund's assets in lower quality debt instruments, including those that are in default.

MFS may invest the fund's assets in U.S. and foreign securities, including emerging market securities. MFS may invest a relatively high percentage of the fund's assets in a single country or a small number of countries.

MFS may invest the fund's assets in mortgage dollar rolls.

MFS may use derivatives for different purposes, including to earn income and enhance returns, to increase or decrease exposure to a particular market, to manage or adjust the risk profile of the fund, or as alternatives to direct investments.

MFS uses a bottom-up investment approach in buying and selling investments for the fund. Investments are selected primarily based on fundamental analysis of instruments and their issuers in light of current market, economic, political, and regulatory conditions. Factors considered may include the instrument's credit quality, collateral characteristics, and indenture provisions, and the issuer's management ability, capital structure, leverage, and ability to meet its current obligations. Quantitative analysis of the structure of the instrument and its features may also be considered.

The fund may use leverage by borrowing up to 33 1/3% of the fund's gross assets and investing the proceeds pursuant to its investment strategies.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Stock markets are volatile and can decline due to adverse issuer, market, industry, political, regulatory or economic conditions. The value of the

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portfolio's equity investments will fluctuate in response to many factors including company specific factors as well as general market, economic, political and regulatory conditions. Foreign investments can be more volatile than U.S. investments. Changes in currency exchange rates can affect the U.S. dollar rate of foreign currency investments and investments denominated in foreign currency. Investing in emerging markets can involve risks in addition to those generally associated with investing in more developed foreign markets. The portfolio's yield and share prices change daily based on the credit quality of its investments and changes in interest rates. In general, the value of debt securities will decline when interest rates rise and will increase when interest rates fall. Debt securities with longer maturity dates will generally be subject to greater price fluctuations than those with shorter maturities. Mortgage securities are subject to prepayment risk which can offer less potential for gains in a declining interest rate environment and greater potential for loss in a rising interest rate environment. Derivatives can be highly volatile and involve risks in addition to those of the underlying indicator's in whose value the derivative is based. Gains or losses from derivatives can be substantially greater than the derivatives' original cost. Lower quality debt securities involve substantially greater risk of default and their value can decline significantly over time. To the extent that investments are purchased with the proceeds from borrowings from a bank, the fund's net asset value will increase or decrease at a greater rate than a comparable unleveraged fund. When you sell your shares, they may be worth more or less than the amount you paid for them. Please see the prospectus for further information regarding these and other risk considerations. A copy of the fund's prospectus is available on the EDGAR database on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at <http://sec.gov>.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' PROFILES

John Addeo	-- Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1998. Portfolio Manager of the Trust since February 2005.
James Calmas	-- Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1988. Portfolio Manager of the Trust since September 2004.
David Cole	-- Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2004. High Yield Analyst at Franklin Templeton Investments from 1999 to 2004. Portfolio Manager of the Trust since October 2006.
Richard Hawkins	-- Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1988. Portfolio Manager of the Trust since April 2006.
Matthew Ryan	-- Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1997. Portfolio Manager of the Trust since September 2004.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN

The trust offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan that allows you to reinvest either all of the distributions paid by the trust or only the long-term capital gains. Purchases are made at the market price unless that

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price exceeds the net asset value (the shares are trading at a premium). If the shares are trading at a premium, purchases will be made at a discounted price of either the net asset value or 95% of the market price, whichever is greater. Twice each year you can also buy shares. Investments may be made in any amount over \$100 in January and July on the 15th of the month or shortly thereafter.

If your shares are in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee, you can ask the firm or nominee to participate in the plan on your behalf. If the nominee does not offer the plan, you may wish to request that your shares be re-registered in your own name so that you can participate. There is no service charge to reinvest distributions, nor are there brokerage charges for shares issued directly by the trust. However, when shares are bought on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each participant pays a pro rata share of the transaction expenses, including commissions. The automatic reinvestment of distributions does not relieve you of any income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on the distributions.

To enroll in or withdraw from the plan, or if you have any questions, call 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern time. Please have available the name of the trust and your account and Social Security numbers. For certain types of registrations, such as corporate accounts, instructions must be submitted in writing. Please call for additional details. When you withdraw from the plan, you can receive the value of the reinvested shares in one of two ways: a check for the value of the full and fractional shares, or a certificate for the full shares and a check for the fractional shares.

Effective May 1, 2007, Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (the Transfer Agent for the trust) became the agent for the plan.

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

10/31/07

The Portfolio of Investments is a complete list of all securities owned by your trust. It is categorized by broad-based asset classes.

Bonds - 88.5%

ISSUER	SHARES/PAR
--------	------------

Aerospace - 0.3%

Bombardier, Inc., 8%, 2014 (n)	\$ 713,000
Hawker Beechcraft Acquisition Corp., 8.5%, 2015 (n)	600,000

Airlines - 0.2%

Continental Airlines, Inc., 7.566%, 2020	\$ 844,859
--	------------

Asset Backed & Securitized - 9.2%

ARCap REIT, Inc., CDO, "H", 6.1%, 2045 (n)	\$ 2,000,000
Asset Securitization Corp., FRN, 7.865%, 2029	1,468,652
Banc of America Commercial Mortgage, Inc., FRN, 4.857%, 2043	1,375,626
Bayview Financial Acquisition Trust, FRN, 5.483%, 2041	1,130,000
Bayview Financial Revolving Mortgage Loan Trust, FRN, 5.618%, 2040 (z)	4,000,000

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Citigroup/Deutsche Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.366%, 2049		1,160,000
Countrywide Asset-Backed Certificates, FRN, 4.575%, 2035		208,831
Crest Ltd., CDO, 7%, 2040		2,000,000
DEPFA Bank, 5.5%, 2010	EUR	960,000
Deutsche Mortgage & Asset Receiving Corp., FRN, 7.5%, 2031	\$	1,847,000
DLJ Commercial Mortgage Corp., 6.04%, 2031 (z)		2,000,000
Falcon Franchise Loan LLC, FRN, 3.689%, 2025 (i) (z)		7,008,208
First Union National Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 0.935%, 2043 (i) (n)		27,900,338
First Union-Lehman Brothers Bank of America, FRN, 0.491%, 2035 (i)		56,275,770
First Union-Lehman Brothers Commercial Mortgage Trust, 7%, 2029 (n)		1,511,847
GMAC Commercial Mortgage Securities, Inc., FRN, 6.02%, 2033 (z)		2,542,000
GMAC Commercial Mortgage Securities, Inc., FRN, 7.662%, 2034 (n)		1,853,000
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., 5.552%, 2045		1,590,000
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., FRN, 6.062%, 2017		270,000
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., FRN, 5.294%, 2043		1,375,626
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., FRN, 5.475%, 2043		1,590,000
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., FRN, 5.875%, 2045		1,590,000
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., FRN, 5.723%, 2047		600,374
Lehman Brothers Commercial Conduit Mortgage Trust, FRN, 0.806%, 2030 (i)		10,337,063
Merrill Lynch Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.83%, 2050		270,000
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Inc., FRN, 1.434%, 2014 (i) (n)		14,915,475
Mortgage Capital Funding, Inc., FRN, 0.596%, 2031 (i)		11,970,373
Multi-Family Capital Access One, Inc., 6.65%, 2024		72,157
Prudential Securities Secured Financing Corp., FRN, 7.268%, 2013 (z)		2,581,000
RMAC PLC, FRN, 4.948%, 2036 (n)	EUR	46,931
Structured Asset Securities Corp., FRN, 4.67%, 2035	\$	3,137,879
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, 4.935%, 2042		2,000,000
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.118%, 2042		1,375,626
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.591%, 2047		1,300,000
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.603%, 2048		1,500,000
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.383%, 2048		2,660,000

Automotive - 1.8%

Continental AG, 6.875%, 2008	EUR	100,000
DaimlerChrysler N.A. Holdings Corp., 8.5%, 2031	\$	1,251,000
Ford Motor Credit Co., 7.375%, 2009		2,115,000
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC, 9.75%, 2010		310,000
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC, 7%, 2013		1,325,000
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC, 8%, 2016		635,000
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC., FRN, 7.992%, 2012		400,000
General Motors Corp., 8.375%, 2033		999,000
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., 9%, 2015		504,000
Johnson Controls, Inc., 5.25%, 2011		1,180,000
TRW Automotive, Inc., 7%, 2014 (n)		545,000

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Broadcasting - 1.9%

Allbritton Communications Co., 7.75%, 2012	\$	1,270,000
CBS Corp., 6.625%, 2011		1,043,000
Clear Channel Communications, Inc., 6.25%, 2011		1,310,000
Clear Channel Communications, Inc., 5.5%, 2014		675,000
Grupo Televisa S.A., 8.5%, 2032		463,000
Intelsat Bermuda Ltd., 11.25%, 2016		355,000
Intelsat Subsidiary Holding Co. Ltd., 8.625%, 2015		305,000
Lamar Media Corp., 7.25%, 2013		1,460,000
News America Holdings, 7.7%, 2025		2,217,000
Univision Communications, Inc., 9.75%, 2015 (n) (p)		755,000

Brokerage & Asset Managers - 1.6%

Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., 5.625%, 2017	\$	2,378,000
INVESCO PLC, 5.625%, 2012		1,450,000
Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., 6.5%, 2017		1,270,000
Morgan Stanley, 5.75%, 2016		668,000
Morgan Stanley Dean Witter, Inc., 6.6%, 2012		2,538,000

Building - 0.6%

American Standard Cos., Inc., 7.375%, 2008	\$	2,500,000
Nortek Holdings, Inc., 8.5%, 2014		500,000

Business Services - 0.2%

SunGard Data Systems, Inc., 10.25%, 2015	\$	1,200,000
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Cable TV - 0.7%

CCO Holdings LLC, 8.75%, 2013	\$	325,000
Cox Communications, Inc., 4.625%, 2013		1,744,000
TCI Communications, Inc., 9.8%, 2012		1,135,000
Videotron Ltee, 6.875%, 2014		345,000

Chemicals - 0.5%

Akzo Nobel N.V., 5.625%, 2009	EUR	100,000
Equistar Chemicals LP, 10.125%, 2008	\$	457,000
Linde Finance B.V., 6% to 2013, FRN to 2049	EUR	101,000
Momentive Performance Materials, Inc., 9.75%, 2014 (z)	\$	585,000
Momentive Performance Materials, Inc., 11.5%, 2016 (n)		110,000
Mosaic Co., 7.625%, 2016 (n)		995,000
Nalco Co., 7.75%, 2011		180,000
Nalco Co., 8.875%, 2013		95,000

Computer Software - 0.4%

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Seagate Technology HDD Holdings, 6.375%, 2011	\$	1,967,000

Conglomerates - 0.3%		

Actuant Corp., 6.875%, 2017 (n)	\$	1,495,000
Thyssenkrupp Finance B.V., 7%, 2009	EUR	100,000

Consumer Goods & Services - 0.8%		

Corrections Corp. of America, 6.25%, 2013	\$	455,000
Fortune Brands, Inc., 5.125%, 2011		1,212,000
Jarden Corp., 7.5%, 2017		525,000
Service Corp. International, 7%, 2017		1,155,000
Service Corp. International, 7.625%, 2018		250,000
Sodexo Alliance S.A., 5.875%, 2009	EUR	100,000
Visant Holding Corp., 8.75%, 2013	\$	387,000

Containers - 1.2%		

Crown Americas LLC, 7.75%, 2015	\$	1,215,000
Greif, Inc., 6.75%, 2017		2,345,000
Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc., 8.875%, 2009		453,000
Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc., 8.25%, 2013		2,250,000

Defense Electronics - 0.2%		

L-3 Communications Corp., 5.875%, 2015	\$	1,145,000

Electronics - 0.2%		

Flextronics International Ltd., 6.25%, 2014	\$	425,000
NXP B.V./NXP Funding LLC, 7.875%, 2014		615,000

Emerging Market Quasi-Sovereign - 2.2%		

Codelco, Inc., 5.625%, 2035	\$	1,950,000
Gazprom International S.A., 7.201%, 2020		1,667,783
Gazprom International S.A., 6.51%, 2022 (n)		1,260,000
Majapahit Holding B.V., 7.25%, 2017 (n)		1,469,000
OA0 Gazprom, 9.625%, 2013		550,000
OA0 Gazprom, 6.212%, 2016		1,148,000
OA0 Gazprom, 7.288%, 2037 (n)		100,000
Pemex Project Funding Master Trust, 5.75%, 2018 (z)		651,000
Ras Laffan Liquefied Natural Gas Co. Ltd., 8.294%, 2014 (n)		2,510,000

Emerging Market Sovereign - 2.8%		

Brazil Notas do Tesouro Nacional, "B", 6%, 2015	BRL	48,428
Federative Republic of Brazil, 6%, 2017	\$	3,299,000
Federative Republic of Brazil, 8%, 2018		615,000
Federative Republic of Brazil, 7.125%, 2037		100,000
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN),		

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10%, 2012 (z)	BRL	100,000
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012 (z)	BRL	100,000
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012 (z)	BRL	100,000
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012 (z)	BRL	100,000
Republic of Argentina, 7%, 2013	\$	590,045
Republic of Argentina, FRN, 5.389%, 2012		3,601,250
Republic of Colombia, FRN, 7.33%, 2015		1,350,000
Republic of Ghana, 8.5%, 2017 (z)		100,000
Republic of Panama, 9.375%, 2029		1,241,000
Republic of Panama, 6.7%, 2036		554,000
Republic of Philippines, 9.375%, 2017		597,000
Republic of South Africa, 5.875%, 2022		569,000
Republic of Uruguay, 5%, 2018	UYU	5,140,000
United Mexican States, 5.625%, 2017	\$	1,058,000

Energy - Independent - 1.1%

Chaparral Energy, Inc., 8.875%, 2017 (n)	\$	595,000
Chesapeake Energy Corp., 6.375%, 2015		420,000
Chesapeake Energy Corp., 6.875%, 2016		1,310,000
Forest Oil Corp., 7.25%, 2019 (n)		345,000
Hilcorp Energy I LP, 7.75%, 2015 (n)		925,000
Newfield Exploration Co., 6.625%, 2014		435,000
OPTI Canada, Inc., 8.25%, 2014 (n)		315,000
Plains Exploration & Production Co., 7%, 2017		1,015,000
Quicksilver Resources, Inc., 7.125%, 2016		595,000

Energy - Integrated - 0.2%

Petroleum Co. of Trinidad & Tobago Ltd., 6%, 2022 (n)	\$	423,000
TNK-BP Finance S.A., 7.5%, 2016 (n)		490,000

Entertainment - 0.2%

AMC Entertainment, Inc., 11%, 2016	\$	435,000
Turner Broadcasting System, Inc., 8.375%, 2013		419,000

Financial Institutions - 2.1%

American Express Co., 6.15%, 2017	\$	560,000
Capmark Financial Group, Inc., 5.875%, 2012 (n)		1,180,000
Countrywide Financial Corp., 6.25%, 2016		2,250,000
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 5.85%, 2009		962,000
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 6.875%, 2011		817,000
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 6.75%, 2014		1,048,000
GMAC LLC, 6.125%, 2008		503,000
ILFC E-Capital Trust I, 5.9% to 2010, FRN to 2065 (n)		2,500,000
International Lease Finance Corp., 5.625%, 2013		1,248,000
Residential Capital LLC, 7.125%, 2008		315,000
Residential Capital LLC, 7.5%, 2012		670,000

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Food & Beverages - 0.8%

Allied Domecq Financial Services PLC, 5.875%, 2009	EUR	125,000
ARAMARK Corp., 8.5%, 2015	\$	920,000
B&G Foods Holding Corp., 8%, 2011		375,000
Dean Foods Co., 7%, 2016		810,000
Del Monte Corp., 6.75%, 2015		185,000
General Mills, Inc., 5.65%, 2012		350,000
Tyson Foods, Inc., 6.85%, 2016		1,520,000

Food & Drug Stores - 0.2%

CVS Caremark Corp., 6.125%, 2016	\$	1,300,000
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Forest & Paper Products - 0.8%

Buckeye Technologies, Inc., 8.5%, 2013	\$	795,000
MeadWestvaco Corp., 6.8%, 2032		679,000
Norske Skog Canada Ltd., 7.375%, 2014		1,210,000
Stora Enso Oyj, 6.404%, 2016 (n)		1,580,000
UPM Kymmene Corp., 6.125%, 2012	EUR	100,000

Gaming & Lodging - 1.5%

Harrah's Operating Co., Inc., 5.375%, 2013	\$	1,500,000
Isle of Capri Casinos, Inc., 7%, 2014		420,000
Mandalay Resort Group, 9.375%, 2010		950,000
MGM Mirage, Inc., 8.375%, 2011		1,005,000
MGM Mirage, Inc., 6.75%, 2013		500,000
MGM Mirage, Inc., 7.5%, 2016		940,000
Scientific Games Corp., 6.25%, 2012		825,000
Station Casinos, Inc., 6.5%, 2014		630,000
Wimar Opco LLC, 9.625%, 2014 (n)		815,000
Wyndham Worldwide Corp., 6%, 2016		360,000
Wynn Las Vegas LLC, 6.625%, 2014		545,000

Industrial - 0.3%

JohnsonDiversey Holdings, Inc., "B", 9.625%, 2012	\$	1,325,000
Wesco Distribution, Inc., 7.5%, 2017		90,000

Insurance - 0.9%

Allianz AG, 5.5% to 2014, FRN to 2049	EUR	140,000
American International Group, Inc., 6.25%, 2037	\$	300,000
ING Groep N.V., 5.775% to 2015, FRN to 2049		2,500,000
Prudential Financial, Inc., 5.1%, 2014		1,985,000

Insurance - Health - 0.1%

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Centene Corp., 7.25%, 2014	\$	350,000
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Insurance - Property & Casualty - 1.6%		
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AIG SunAmerica Global Financing X, 6.9%, 2032 (n)	\$	2,384,000
Fund American Cos., Inc., 5.875%, 2013		1,464,000
USI Holdings Corp., FRN, 9.432%, 2014 (n)		1,495,000
ZFS Finance USA Trust IV, FRN, 5.875%, 2032 (n)		500,000
ZFS Finance USA Trust V, FRN, 6.5%, 2037 (n)		2,700,000
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International Market Quasi-Sovereign - 3.7%		
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Canada Housing Trust, 4.6%, 2011	CAD	389,000
Development Bank of Japan, 1.75%, 2010	JPY	183,000,000
Development Bank of Japan, 1.4%, 2012	JPY	274,000,000
Development Bank of Japan, 1.05%, 2023	JPY	390,000,000
Development Bank of Japan, 2.3%, 2026	JPY	120,000,000
Japan Finance Corp. for Municipal Enterprises, 1.55%, 2012	JPY	275,000,000
Japan Finance Corp. for Municipal Enterprises, 2%, 2016	JPY	510,000,000
KfW Bankengruppe, 1.35%, 2014	JPY	432,000,000
Vattenfall Treasury AB, 6%, 2010	EUR	125,000
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International Market Sovereign - 8.6%		
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Federal Republic of Germany, 5.25%, 2010	EUR	3,867,000
Federal Republic of Germany, 3.75%, 2015	EUR	1,518,000
Federal Republic of Germany, 6.25%, 2030	EUR	1,544,000
Government of Canada, 5.5%, 2009	CAD	778,000
Government of Canada, 4.5%, 2015	CAD	671,000
Government of Canada, 5.75%, 2033	CAD	236,000
Kingdom of Denmark, 4%, 2015	DKK	4,203,000
Kingdom of Netherlands, 3.75%, 2009	EUR	5,181,000
Kingdom of Netherlands, 3.75%, 2014	EUR	1,061,000
Kingdom of Spain, 5.35%, 2011	EUR	2,725,000
Kingdom of Sweden, 4.5%, 2015	SEK	2,610,000
Republic of Austria, 4.65%, 2018	EUR	2,632,000
Republic of France, 4.75%, 2012	EUR	760,000
Republic of France, 5%, 2016	EUR	1,274,000
Republic of France, 6%, 2025	EUR	511,000
Republic of France, 4.75%, 2035	EUR	2,099,000
Republic of Ireland, 4.6%, 2016	EUR	2,023,000
United Kingdom Treasury, 8%, 2015	GBP	562,000
United Kingdom Treasury, 8%, 2021	GBP	583,000
United Kingdom Treasury, 4.25%, 2036	GBP	803,000
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Machinery & Tools - 0.2%		
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Case New Holland, Inc., 7.125%, 2014	\$	820,000
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Major Banks - 2.0%		
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Bank of Ireland, 7.4%, 2049	EUR	500,000
BNP Paribas, 5.186% to 2015, FRN to 2049 (n)	\$	2,099,000
BNP Paribas Capital Trust III, 6.625% to 2011, FRN to 2049	EUR	100,000
MUFG Capital Finance 1 Ltd., 6.346% to 2016, FRN to 2049	\$	1,568,000
National Westminster Bank PLC, 6.625% to 2009, FRN to 2049	EUR	330,000

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Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC, 6.99% to 2017, FRN to 2049 (z)	\$	430,000
SG Capital Trust I, 7.875% to 2010, FRN to 2049	EUR	300,000
Unicredit Luxembourg Financial S.A., 6%, 2017 (z)	\$	990,000
Wachovia Capital Trust III, 5.8% to 2011, FRN to 2042		4,068,000

Medical & Health Technology & Services - 2.5%

Advanced Medical Optics, Inc., 7.5%, 2017	\$	235,000
Community Health Systems, Inc., 8.875%, 2015 (n)		890,000
Cooper Cos., Inc., 7.125%, 2015		1,260,000
Covidien Ltd., 6%, 2017 (z)		420,000
Covidien Ltd., 6.55%, 2037 (z)		250,000
DaVita, Inc., 6.625%, 2013		300,000
DaVita, Inc., 7.25%, 2015		1,360,000
Fisher Scientific International, Inc., 6.125%, 2015		1,500,000
HCA, Inc., 8.75%, 2010		1,315,000
HCA, Inc., 6.375%, 2015		500,000
HCA, Inc., 9.25%, 2016		1,645,000
Hospira, Inc., 5.55%, 2012		360,000
Hospira, Inc., 6.05%, 2017		1,248,000
Owens & Minor, Inc., 6.35%, 2016		1,420,000
Psychiatric Solutions, Inc., 7.75%, 2015		580,000

Metals & Mining - 2.0%

Arch Western Finance LLC, 6.75%, 2013	\$	1,105,000
FMG Finance Ltd., 10.625%, 2016 (n)		1,405,000
Foundation PA Coal Co., 7.25%, 2014		710,000
Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold, Inc., 8.25%, 2015		595,000
Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold, Inc., 8.375%, 2017		1,445,000
International Steel Group, Inc., 6.5%, 2014		1,300,000
Peabody Energy Corp., 5.875%, 2016		720,000
Peabody Energy Corp., 7.375%, 2016		45,000
Peabody Energy Corp., "B", 6.875%, 2013		630,000
Steel Dynamics, Inc., 7.375%, 2012 (z)		2,380,000

Mortgage Backed - 9.7%

Fannie Mae, 6%, 2012 - 2037	\$	8,050,417
Fannie Mae, 4.78%, 2015		703,471
Fannie Mae, 5.5%, 2021 - 2035		10,117,044
Fannie Mae, 5%, 2027 - 2035		6,168,392
Fannie Mae, 6.5%, 2031 - 2032		1,251,696
Freddie Mac, 6%, 2021 - 2036		9,762,720
Freddie Mac, 5%, 2024		300,919
Freddie Mac, 5.5%, 2036		14,978,982

Natural Gas - Distribution - 0.3%

AmeriGas Partners LP, 7.25%, 2015	\$	1,030,000
AmeriGas Partners LP, 7.125%, 2016		365,000
Inergy LP, 6.875%, 2014		400,000

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Natural Gas - Pipeline - 2.0%

Atlas Pipeline Partners LP, 8.125%, 2015	\$	1,905,000
CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., 7.875%, 2013		1,250,000
Deutsche Bank (El Paso Performance-Linked Trust, CLN), 7.75%, 2011 (n)		2,015,000
Intergas Finance B.V., 6.375%, 2017 (n)		322,000
Kinder Morgan Energy Partners LP, 5.125%, 2014		1,147,000
Spectra Energy Capital LLC, 8%, 2019		691,000
Williams Cos., Inc., 8.75%, 2032		1,750,000
Williams Partners LP, 7.25%, 2017		765,000

Network & Telecom - 2.3%

BellSouth Corp., 6.55%, 2034	\$	3,213,000
Citizens Communications Co., 9.25%, 2011		1,285,000
Citizens Communications Co., 9%, 2031		870,000
Deutsche Telekom International Finance B.V., 8.125%, 2012	EUR	130,000
Nordic Telephone Co. Holdings, 8.875%, 2016 (n)	\$	640,000
Qwest Corp., 7.875%, 2011		295,000
Qwest Corp., 8.875%, 2012		950,000
Telefonica Europe B.V., 7.75%, 2010		1,500,000
TELUS Corp., 8%, 2011		1,309,000
Windstream Corp., 8.625%, 2016		1,040,000
Windstream Corp., 7%, 2019		195,000

Oil Services - 0.4%

Basic Energy Services, Inc., 7.125%, 2016	\$	720,000
Compagnie Generale de Geophysique - Veritas, 7.75%, 2017		510,000
GulfMark Offshore, Inc., 7.75%, 2014		760,000

Oils - 0.5%

Premcor Refining Group, Inc., 7.5%, 2015	\$	2,575,000
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Other Banks & Diversified Financials - 2.5%

Alfa Diversified Payment Rights Finance Co., FRN, 7.594%, 2011 (n)	\$	2,132,650
Banco BMG S.A., 9.15%, 2016 (n)		714,000
Banco do Estado de Sao Paulo S.A., 8.7%, 2010		15,000
Banco do Estado de Sao Paulo S.A., 8.7%, 2049 (n)		577,000
Banco Mercantil del Norte S.A., 5.875% to 2009, FRN to 2014 (n)		655,000
Bosphorus Financial Services Ltd., FRN, 7.357%, 2012		2,000,000
Fifth Third Bancorp, 5.45%, 2017		714,000
Fortis Capital Co., 6.25% to 2009, FRN to 2049	EUR	155,000
ICICI Bank Ltd., 6.625%, 2012 (z)	\$	71,000
Mizuho Capital Investment 1 Ltd., 6.686% to 2016, FRN to 2049 (n)		1,220,000
Mizuho Financial Group, Inc., 5.79%, 2014 (n)		1,633,000
Resona Bank Ltd., 5.85% to 2016, FRN to 2049 (n)		626,000
Russian Standard Finance S.A., 8.625%, 2011 (n)		769,000

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VTB Capital S.A., 6.609%, 2012 (z)	695,000
Woori Bank, 6.125% to 2011, FRN to 2016 (n)	1,510,000

Pollution Control - 0.1%

Veolia Environnement, 5.875%, 2008	EUR	250,000
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Precious Metals & Minerals - 0.1%

Alrosa Finance S.A., 8.875%, 2014	\$	716,000
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Printing & Publishing - 1.2%

American Media Operations, Inc., 10.25%, 2009	\$	507,000
Bertelsmann U.S. Finance, Inc., 4.625%, 2010	EUR	148,000
Dex Media East LLC, 9.875%, 2009	\$	145,000
Dex Media West LLC, 9.875%, 2013		567,000
Idearc, Inc., 8%, 2016		2,435,000
Nielsen Finance LLC, 10%, 2014		360,000
R.H. Donnelley Corp., 8.875%, 2016		1,890,000
Reed Elsevier Capital, Inc., 5.75%, 2008	EUR	125,000

Railroad & Shipping - 0.3%

TFM S.A. de C.V., 9.375%, 2012	\$	1,424,000
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Real Estate - 0.5%

HRPT Properties Trust, REIT, 6.25%, 2016	\$	663,000
Kimco Realty Corp., REIT, 5.783%, 2016		720,000
Simon Property Group LP, REIT, 4.6%, 2010		1,375,000

Restaurants - 0.3%

YUM! Brands, Inc., 8.875%, 2011	\$	1,590,000
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Retailers - 0.9%

Couche-Tard, Inc., 7.5%, 2013	\$	905,000
Federated Retail Holdings, Inc., 5.35%, 2012		300,000
Gap, Inc., 10.05%, 2008		2,710,000
Home Depot, Inc., 5.875%, 2036		1,000,000

Specialty Stores - 0.1%

GSC Holdings Corp., 8%, 2012	\$	440,000
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton S.A., 4.625%, 2011	EUR	125,000
Payless ShoeSource, Inc., 8.25%, 2013	\$	100,000

Supermarkets - 0.4%

Delhaize America, Inc., 9%, 2031	\$	983,000
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Stater Brothers Holdings, Inc., 7.75%, 2015	350,000
SUPERVALU, Inc., 7.5%, 2014	470,000

Supranational - 0.1%

Central American Bank, 4.875%, 2012 (n)	\$	521,000
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Telecommunications - Wireless - 1.3%

American Tower Corp., 7%, 2017 (z)	\$	250,000
Centennial Communications Corp., 10.125%, 2013		520,000
Globo Comunicacoes e Participacoes S.A., 7.25%, 2022 (n)		100,000
MetroPCS Wireless, Inc., 9.25%, 2014 (n)		390,000
Nextel Communications, Inc., 5.95%, 2014		1,305,000
OJSC Vimpel-Communications, 8.25%, 2016		1,459,000
Rogers Cable, Inc., 5.5%, 2014		1,975,000
Rogers Wireless, Inc., 7.5%, 2015		980,000

Telephone Services - 0.3%

Embarq Corp., 7.082%, 2016	\$	1,760,000
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Tobacco - 0.6%

Altria Group, Inc., 5.625%, 2008	EUR	75,000
Reynolds American, Inc., 6.75%, 2017	\$	3,016,000

Transportation - Services - 0.3%

Hertz Corp., 8.875%, 2014	\$	685,000
Westinghouse Air Brake Technologies Corp., 6.875%, 2013		795,000

U.S. Government Agencies - 1.0%

Freddie Mac, 5.5%, 2017	\$	5,200,000
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U.S. Treasury Obligations - 4.4%

U.S. Treasury Bonds, 7.5%, 2016	\$	2,075,000
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 5.375%, 2031		3,386,000
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 4.5%, 2036 (f)		12,628,000
U.S. Treasury Notes, 6.375%, 2027		4,000,000

Utilities - Electric Power - 5.0%

AES Corp., 9.375%, 2010	\$	1,250,000
Allegheny Energy Supply Co. LLC, 8.25%, 2012 (n)		805,000
Beaver Valley Funding Corp., 9%, 2017		2,509,000
Edison Mission Energy, 7%, 2017 (n)		1,385,000
EDP Finance B.V., 6%, 2018 (z)		1,340,000
EEB International Ltd., 8.75%, 2014 (z)		550,000
Enersis S.A., 7.375%, 2014		1,283,000

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Exelon Generation Co. LLC, 6.95%, 2011	2,506,000
HQI Transelec Chile S.A., 7.875%, 2011	883,000
Intergen N.V., 9%, 2017 (n)	895,000
ISA Capital do Brasil S.A., 7.875%, 2012 (n)	464,000
ISA Capital do Brasil S.A., 8.8%, 2017 (n)	761,000
Mirant Americas Generation LLC, 8.3%, 2011	200,000
Mirant North American LLC, 7.375%, 2013	1,500,000
NiSource Finance Corp., 7.875%, 2010	1,155,000
NorthWestern Corp., 5.875%, 2014	1,695,000
NRG Energy, Inc., 7.375%, 2016	1,870,000
Reliant Energy, Inc., 7.875%, 2017	675,000
RWE Finance B.V., 5.375%, 2008	EUR 6,000
System Energy Resources, Inc., 5.129%, 2014 (n)	\$ 2,133,558
Waterford 3 Funding Corp., 8.09%, 2017	1,872,870

TOTAL BONDS (IDENTIFIED COST, \$463,321,219)

Floating Rate Loans - 1.4% (g) (r)

Aerospace - 0.1%

Hawker Beechcraft Acquisition Co., Letter of Credit, 7.2%, 2014	\$ 15,262
Hawker Beechcraft Acquisition Co., Term Loan, 7.17%, 2014	373,505

Automotive - 0.2%

Ford Motor Co., Term Loan B, 8.7%, 2013	\$ 927,374
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Term Loan, 6.43%, 2014	383,100

Broadcasting - 0.1%

Gray Television, Inc., Term Loan, 6.73%, 2014	\$ 289,535
Univision Communications, Inc., Term Loan B, 7.2%, 2014 (o)	361,029

Cable TV - 0.3%

Charter Communications Operating LLC, Term Loan, 6.99%, 2013	\$ 480,846
CSC Holdings, Inc., Incremental Term Loan, 6.88%, 2013	497,277
Mediacom Illinois LLC, Term Loan A, 6.69%, 2011	448,333

Chemicals - 0.1%

Celanese AG, Term Loan B, 6.98%, 2014	\$ 565,217
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Food & Beverages - 0.1%

Dean Foods Co., Term Loan B, 6.7%, 2014	\$ 441,901
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Medical & Health Technology & Services - 0.3%

Advanced Medical Optics, Inc., Term Loan, 7.03%, 2014 (o)	\$ 243,239
Community Health Systems, Inc., Term Loan B, 7.75%, 2014	311,162

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HCA, Inc., Term Loan B, 7.45%, 2013	\$	865,500

Natural Gas - Pipeline - 0.0%		

Kinder Morgan, Inc., Term Loan, 6.3%, 2014	\$	154,213

Pollution Control - 0.1%		

Allied Waste North America, Inc., Term Loan, 6.54%, 2012	\$	349,705
Allied Waste North America, Inc., Term Loan A, Credit Linked Deposit, 6.62%, 2012		197,940

Printing & Publishing - 0.1%		

Idearc, Inc., Term Loan B, 7.2%, 2014	\$	664,628

TOTAL FLOATING RATE LOANS (IDENTIFIED COST, \$7,484,578)		

Preferred Stocks - 0.0%		

Real Estate - 0.0%		

HRPT Properties Trust, "B", REIT, 8.75% (Identified Cost, \$81,366)		22,950

Common Stocks - 0.0%		

Printing & Publishing - 0.0%		

Golden Books Family Entertainment, Inc. (a) (Identified Cost, \$0)		19,975

Rights - 0.0%		

Emerging Market Sovereign - 0.0%		

Banco Central del Uruguay, Value Recovery Rights, Expiring January 2021 (a) (Identified Cost, \$0)		1,250,000

Short-Term Obligations - 6.2% (y)		

Abbey National North America LLC, 4.813%, due 11/01/07	\$	11,547,000
Falcon Asset Securitization Co. LLC, 4.95%, due 11/01/07 (t)		21,194,000

TOTAL SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS, AT AMORTIZED COST AND VALUE		

Repurchase Agreements - 3.2%		

Merrill Lynch & Co., 4.94%, dated 10/31/07, due 11/01/07, total to be received \$17,049,339 (secured by various U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency obligations and Mortgage Backed securities in a jointly traded account), at Cost	\$	17,047,000

TOTAL INVESTMENTS (IDENTIFIED COST, \$520,675,163) (k)		

Other Assets, Less Liabilities - 0.7%		

NET ASSETS - 100.0%		

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- (a) Non-income producing security.
- (f) All or a portion of the security has been segregated as collateral for an open futures contract.
- (g) The rate shown represents a weighted average coupon rate on settled positions at period end.
- (i) Interest only security for which the trust receives interest on notional principal (Par amount shown is the notional principal and does not reflect the cost of the security).
- (k) As of October 31, 2007, the trust held securities fair valued in accordance with the policies of the Board of Trustees, aggregating \$458,269,939 and 87.35% of market value. An independent price provider provided an evaluated bid for 86.29% of the market value.
- (n) Securities exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933. These securities were sold in the ordinary course of business in transactions exempt from registration, normally to institutional buyers. At period end, the aggregate value of these securities was \$57,612,562, or 10.91% of net assets.
- (o) All or a portion of this position has not settled. Upon settlement date, interest rates will be determined.
- (p) Payment-in-kind security.
- (r) Remaining maturities of floating rate loans may be less than stated maturities shown as a result of contractual or optional prepayments by the borrower. Such prepayments cannot be predicted with certainty. These loans may be subject to restrictions on resale. Floating rate loans generally have rates that fluctuate with market rates which are determined periodically by reference to a base lending rate plus a premium.
- (t) Security exempt from registration with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 3(a)(7) of the Securities Act of 1933.
- (y) The rate shown represents an annualized yield at time of purchase.
- (z) Restricted securities are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and are subject to restrictions on resale. These securities generally may be resold in transactions exempt from registration or to the public if the securities are subsequently registered. Disposal of these securities through time-consuming negotiations and prompt sale at an acceptable price may be difficult. The trust holds the following restricted securities:

RESTRICTED SECURITIES	ACQUISITION DATE	ACQUISITION COST	CURRENT MARKET VALUE
American Tower Corp., 7%, 2017	9/24/07	\$ 250,000	\$ 255,625
Bayview Financial Revolving Mortgage Loan Trust, FRN, 5.618%, 2040	3/01/06	4,000,000	3,999,984
Covidien Ltd., 6%, 2017	10/17/07	419,693	425,661
Covidien Ltd., 6.55%, 2037	10/17/07	248,900	254,689
DLJ Commercial Mortgage Corp., 6.04%, 2031	7/23/04	1,969,453	2,015,145
EDP Finance B.V., 6%, 2018	10/26/07 - 10/30/07	1,341,911	1,335,902
EEB International Ltd., 8.75%, 2014	10/24/07	550,000	567,875
Falcon Franchise Loan LLC, FRN, 3.689%, 2025	1/29/03	1,331,301	903,638
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012	7/10/06	37,617	54,409
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012	9/05/06	40,206	54,409
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012	8/11/06	39,194	54,409
JPMorgan Chase Bank (Federative Republic of Brazil, CLN), 10%, 2012	9/21/06	38,913	54,409
GMAC Commercial Mortgage Securities, Inc., FRN, 6.02%, 2033	11/17/00	1,991,746	2,493,235
Icici Bank Ltd., 6.625%, 2012	9/26/07	70,940	71,556

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Momentive Performance			
Materials, Inc., 9.75%, 2014	9/10/07 - 10/18/07	571,363	570,375
Pemex Project Funding Master			
Trust, 5.75%, 2018	10/17/07	646,547	656,534
Prudential Securities Secured			
Financing Corp., FRN,			
7.268%, 2013	12/06/04	2,865,414	2,633,567
Republic of Ghana, 8.5%, 2017	6/06/07	1,489,125	102,583
Royal Bank of Scotland Group			
PLC, 6.99% to 2017, FRN to 2049	9/26/07	430,000	434,600
Steel Dynamics, Inc.,			
7.375%, 2012	10/04/07	2,380,000	2,380,000
Unicredit Luxembourg Financial			
S.A., 6%, 2017	10/24/07	989,267	977,664
VTB Capital S.A., 6.609%, 2012	10/25/07	695,000	689,625
Total Restricted Securities			\$20,985,894

UNFUNDED LOAN COMMITMENTS

As of October 31, 2007, the portfolio had the following unfunded loan commitments of \$33,058, which extended at the option of the borrower:

BORROWER	UNFUNDED LOAN COMMITMENT	UN APP (DEP)
Community Health Systems, Inc., Delayed Draw Term Loan, 2014	\$20,522	
Univision Communications, Inc., Delayed Draw Term Loan, 2014	12,536	
	\$33,058	

At October 31, 2007 the trust had sufficient cash and/or liquid securities to cover any commitment contracts.

DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AT 10/31/07

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTRACTS AT 10/31/07

CURRENCY	TYPE	CONTRACTS TO DELIVER/RECEIVE	SETTLEMENT DATE RANGE	IN EXCHANGE FOR	CONTRACTS AT VALUE
APPRECIATION					
AUD	BUY	2,906,541	11/19/07	\$ 2,604,917	\$ 2,711,092
BRL	BUY	2,862,400	11/01/07 - 11/30/07	1,610,557	1,645,243
CHF	BUY	1,462,995	12/03/07	1,258,609	1,267,996
CNY	BUY	41,418,000	11/27/07	5,566,935	5,583,446
EUR	BUY	3,918,524	11/19/07 - 12/19/07	5,509,646	5,686,089
JPY	SELL	2,160,180,974	11/13/07	18,839,883	18,762,415
MXN	BUY	14,529,821	12/18/07	1,301,605	1,355,566
PLN	BUY	3,693,308	11/30/07	1,382,174	1,478,269
SEK	BUY	8,693,338	11/13/07	1,284,799	1,369,538
SGD	BUY	2,103,240	11/23/07	1,439,590	1,456,410

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DEPRECIATION

Currency	Direction	Notional Amount	Term	Value	Value
BRL	SELL	1,431,200	11/01/07	\$ 813,182	\$ 824,130
CAD	SELL	3,463,405	11/13/07	3,422,708	3,661,256
DKK	SELL	4,128,887	12/10/07	783,991	803,816
EUR	SELL	35,227,224	11/19/07 - 12/19/07	48,898,749	51,104,776
GBP	SELL	2,880,739	12/19/07	5,777,108	5,986,797
MXN	SELL	14,529,820	12/18/07	1,321,800	1,355,566
NZD	SELL	1,754,355	11/19/07	1,316,854	1,353,303
PLN	SELL	3,693,307	11/30/07	1,453,909	1,478,269
SEK	SELL	2,661,521	11/13/07	408,923	419,293

FUTURES CONTRACTS OUTSTANDING AT 10/31/07

DESCRIPTION	CONTRACTS	VALUE	EXPIRATION DATE
U.S. Treasury Bond (Long)	50	\$ 5,629,688	Dec-07
U.S. Treasury Note 10 yr (Long)	91	10,011,422	Dec-07

SWAP AGREEMENTS AT 10/31/07

EXPIRATION	NOTIONAL AMOUNT	COUNTERPARTY	CASH FLOWS TO RECEIVE	CASH FLOWS TO PAY
CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS				
3/20/17	USD 1,370,000	JPMorgan Chase	(1)	0.38% (fixed rate)
3/20/17	USD 1,250,000	Merrill Lynch	(2)	0.81% (fixed rate)
3/20/17	USD 1,040,000	Goldman Sachs	(3)	0.40% (fixed rate)
9/20/12	USD 1,500,000	JPMorgan Chase	0.33% (fixed rate)	(4)
6/20/09	USD 300,000	JPMorgan Chase	4.10% (fixed rate)	(5)
6/20/17	USD 1,150,000	Merrill Lynch	(6)	0.91% (fixed rate)

- (1) Fund to receive notional amount upon a defined credit event by PPG Industries, Inc., 7.05%, 8/1/08.
 (2) Fund to receive notional amount upon a defined credit event by Waste Management, Inc., 7.38%, 8/1/08.
 (3) Fund to receive notional amount upon a defined credit event by Dover Corp., 6.25%, 6/01/08.
 (4) Fund to pay notional amount upon a defined credit event by FNMA, 5.8%, 6/9/33.
 (5) Fund to pay notional amount upon a defined credit event by Abitibi Consolidated, 8.375%, 4/1/08.
 (6) Fund to receive notional amount upon a defined credit event by New York Times Co., 4.61%, 9/2/08.

At October 31, 2007, the trust had sufficient cash and/or other liquid securities to cover any contracts outstanding under these derivative contracts.

The following abbreviations are used in this report and are defined:

CDO	Collateralized Debt Obligation
CLN	Credit-Linked Note

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FRN Floating Rate Note. Interest rate resets periodically and may not be the rate reported at period end.
 REIT Real Estate Investment Trust

Abbreviations indicate amounts shown in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. All amounts are in dollars unless otherwise indicated. A list of abbreviations is shown below:

AUD	Australian Dollar
BRL	Brazilian Real
CAD	Canadian Dollar
CHF	Swiss Franc
CNY	Chinese Yuan Renminbi
DKK	Danish Krone
EUR	Euro
GBP	British Pound
JPY	Japanese Yen
MXN	Mexican Peso
NZD	New Zealand Dollar
PLN	Polish Zloty
SEK	Swedish Krona
SGD	Singapore Dollar
UYU	Uruguayan Peso

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES At 10/31/07

This statement represents your trust's balance sheet, which details the assets and liabilities on the total value of the trust.

ASSETS

Investments, at value (identified cost, \$520,675,163)	\$524,621,675	
Cash	797,155	
Foreign currency, at value (identified cost, \$211,428)	211,428	
Receivable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	672,285	
Receivable for investments sold	619,141	
Interest and dividends receivable	7,195,480	
Unrealized appreciation on credit default swaps	4,252	
Other assets	96,295	

Total assets		\$534,000,000

LIABILITIES

Distributions payable	\$178,740	
Payable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	2,789,982	
Payable for daily variation margin on open futures contracts	108,297	
Payable for investments purchased	2,413,350	
Unrealized depreciation on credit default swaps	52,079	
Unrealized depreciation on unfunded loan commitments	259	
Payable to affiliates		
Management fee	20,094	

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Transfer agent and dividend disbursing costs	27,275
Administrative services fee	503
Payable for independent trustees' compensation	365,986
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	203,403

Total liabilities \$6

Net assets \$528

NET ASSETS CONSIST OF

Paid-in capital	\$607,349,706
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments and translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	2,032,982
Accumulated net realized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency transactions	(80,574,977)
Accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income	(749,968)

Net assets \$528

Shares of beneficial interest outstanding (90,140,454 issued, less 11,063,002 treasury shares) 79

Net asset value per share (net assets of \$528,057,743 / 79,077,452 shares of beneficial interest outstanding)

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
Year ended 10/31/07

This statement describes how much your trust earned in investment income and accrued in expenses. It also describes any gains and/or losses generated by trust operations.

NET INVESTMENT INCOME

Income	
Interest	\$32,412,883
Dividends	11,157
Foreign taxes withheld	(625)

Total investment income \$32,423

Expenses	
Management fee	\$3,633,062
Transfer agent and dividend disbursing costs	196,207
Administrative services fee	99,086
Independent trustees' compensation	89,045
Custodian fee	156,710
Shareholder communications	95,248
Auditing fees	47,993
Legal fees	11,023
Miscellaneous	116,087

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Total expenses		\$4,444
Fees paid indirectly	(24,415)	
Reduction of expenses by investment adviser	(2,610)	
Net expenses		\$4,417
Net investment income		\$28,005

Statement of Operations - continued

REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS

Realized gain (loss) (identified cost basis)		
Investment transactions	\$2,214,483	
Futures contracts	325,262	
Swap transactions	131,392	
Foreign currency transactions	(4,015,532)	
Net realized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency transactions		\$ (1,344)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		
Investments	\$ (2,174,684)	
Futures contracts	(200,788)	
Swap transactions	(47,827)	
Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(1,016,125)	
Unfunded loan commitments	(259)	
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency translation		\$ (3,439)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency		\$ (4,784)
Change in net assets from operations		\$23,221

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

These statements describe the increases and/or decreases in net assets resulting from operations, distributions, and any shareholder transactions.

YEARS ENDED 10/31

2007

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CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

FROM OPERATIONS

Net investment income	\$28,005,979	\$26,2
Net realized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency transactions	(1,344,395)	(3,3
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency translation	(3,439,683)	6,0
Change in net assets from operations	\$23,221,901	\$28,9

DISTRIBUTIONS DECLARED TO SHAREHOLDERS

From net investment income	\$(28,309,676)	\$(29,9
Change in net assets from trust share transactions	\$--	\$(11,4
Total change in net assets	\$(5,087,775)	\$(12,4

NET ASSETS

At beginning of period	533,145,518	545,6
At end of period (including accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income of \$749,968 and \$743,698, respectively)	\$528,057,743	\$533,1

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the trust's financial performance. Certain information reflects financial results for a single trust share. The total returns in the table are the total returns by which an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the trust share class (assuming reinvestment of all distributions) held for the entire period.

	YEARS ENDED 10/31		
	2007	2006	2005
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$6.74	\$6.74	\$6.94
INCOME (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS			
Net investment income (d)	\$0.35	\$0.33	\$0.34
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency	(0.05)	0.03	(0.16)
Total from investment operations	\$0.30	\$0.36	\$0.18

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LESS DISTRIBUTIONS DECLARED TO SHAREHOLDERS

From net investment income	\$(0.36)	\$(0.38)	\$(0.39)
Net increase from repurchase of capital shares	\$--	\$0.02	\$0.01
Net asset value, end of period	\$6.68	\$6.74	\$6.74
Per share market value, end of period	\$5.84	\$6.00	\$6.15
Total return at market value (%)	3.30	3.82	3.78

RATIOS (%) (TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS) AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:

Expenses before expense reductions (f)	0.84	0.88	0.93
Expenses after expense reductions (f)	0.84	0.88	0.93
Net investment income	5.29	4.93	4.97
Portfolio turnover	61	70	67
Net assets at end of period (000 Omitted)	\$528,058	\$533,146	\$545,645

(d) Per share data are based on average shares outstanding.

(f) Ratios do not reflect reductions from fees paid indirectly.

(w) Per share amount was less than \$0.01.

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the trust or fund) is organized as a Massachusetts business trust and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a closed-end management investment company.

(2) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GENERAL - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The trust can invest in foreign securities, including securities of emerging market issuers. Investments in foreign securities are vulnerable to the effects of changes in the relative values of the local currency and the U.S. dollar and to the effects of changes in each country's legal, political, and economic environment. The markets of emerging markets countries are generally more volatile than the markets of developed countries with more mature economies. All of the risks of investing in foreign securities previously described are heightened when investing in emerging markets countries.

INVESTMENT VALUATIONS - Equity securities, including restricted equity securities, are generally valued at the last sale or official closing price as reported by an independent pricing service on the market or exchange on which they are primarily traded. For securities for which there were no sales

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reported that day, equity securities are generally valued at the last quoted daily bid quotation as reported by an independent pricing service on the market or exchange on which they are primarily traded. For securities held short for which there were no sales reported for the day, the position is generally valued at the last quoted daily ask quotation as reported by an independent pricing service on the market or exchange on which such securities are primarily traded. Debt instruments (other than short-term instruments), including restricted debt instruments, are generally valued at an evaluated or composite bid as reported by an independent pricing service. Short-term instruments with a maturity at issuance of 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Exchange-traded options are generally valued at the last sale or official closing price as reported by an independent pricing service on the exchange on which such options are primarily traded. Exchange-traded options for which there were no sales reported that day are generally valued at the last daily bid quotation as reported by an independent pricing service on the exchange on which such options are primarily traded. Options not traded on an exchange are generally valued at a broker-dealer bid quotation. Foreign currency options are generally valued using an external pricing model that uses market data from an independent source. Futures contracts are generally valued at last posted settlement price as reported by an independent pricing service on the market on which they are primarily traded. Futures contracts for which there were no trades that day for a particular position are generally valued at the closing bid quotation as reported by an independent pricing service on the market on which such futures contracts are primarily traded. Forward foreign currency contracts are generally valued at the mean of bid and asked prices for the time period interpolated from rates reported by an independent pricing service for proximate time periods. Swaps are generally valued at an evaluated bid as reported by an independent pricing service. Securities and other assets generally valued on the basis of information from an independent pricing service may also be valued at a broker-dealer bid quotation. Values obtained from pricing services can utilize both dealer-supplied valuations and electronic data processing techniques, which take into account factors such as institutional-size trading in similar groups of securities, yield, quality, coupon rate, maturity, type of issue, trading characteristics, and other market data. The values of foreign securities and other assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are converted to U.S. dollars using the mean of bid and asked prices for rates reported by an independent pricing service.

The Board of Trustees has delegated primary responsibility for determining or causing to be determined the value of the trust's investments (including any fair valuation) to the adviser pursuant to valuation policies and procedures approved by the Board. If the adviser determines that reliable market quotations are not readily available, investments are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the adviser in accordance with such procedures under the oversight of the Board of Trustees. Under the trust's valuation policies and procedures, market quotations are not considered to be readily available for many types of debt instruments and certain types of derivatives. These investments are generally valued at fair value based on information from independent pricing services. In addition, investments may be valued at fair value if the adviser determines that an investment's value has been materially affected by events occurring after the close of the exchange or market on which the investment is principally traded (such as foreign exchange or market) and prior to the determination of the trust's net asset value, or after the halting of trading of a specific security where trading does not resume prior to the close of the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded. The adviser may rely on independent pricing services or other information (such as the correlation with price movements of similar securities in the same or other markets; the type, cost and investment characteristics of the security; the business and financial condition of the issuer; and trading and other market data) to assist in determining whether to fair value and at what value to fair value an investment. The value of an investment for purposes of

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calculating the trust's net asset value can differ depending on the source and method used to determine value. When fair valuation is used, the value of investments used to determine the trust's net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices for the same investments.

In September 2006, FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (the "Statement") was issued, and is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and for all interim periods within those fiscal years. This Statement provides a single definition of fair value, a hierarchy for measuring fair value and expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. Management is evaluating the application of the Statement to the trust, and believes the impact will be limited to expanded disclosures resulting from the adoption of this Statement in the trust's financial statements.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS - The trust may enter into repurchase agreements with institutions that the trust's investment adviser has determined are creditworthy. Each repurchase agreement is recorded at cost. The trust requires that the securities collateral in a repurchase transaction be transferred to the custodian in a manner sufficient to enable the trust to obtain those securities in the event of a default under the repurchase agreement. The trust monitors, on a daily basis, the value of the collateral to ensure that its value, including accrued interest, is greater than amounts owed to the trust under each such repurchase agreement. The trust and other funds managed by Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS), may utilize a joint trading account for the purpose of entering into one or more repurchase agreements.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION - Purchases and sales of foreign investments, income, and expenses are converted into U.S. dollars based upon currency exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Gains and losses attributable to foreign currency exchange rates on sales of securities are recorded for financial statement purposes as net realized gains and losses on investments. Gains and losses attributable to foreign exchange rate movements on income and expenses are recorded for financial statement purposes as foreign currency transaction gains and losses. That portion of both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments that results from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates is not separately disclosed.

DERIVATIVE RISK - The trust may invest in derivatives for hedging or non-hedging purposes. While hedging can reduce or eliminate losses, it can also reduce or eliminate gains. When the trust uses derivatives as an investment to gain market exposure, or for hedging purposes, gains and losses from derivative instruments may be substantially greater than the derivative's original cost. Derivative instruments include purchased options, futures contracts, forward foreign currency exchange contracts, and swap agreements.

PURCHASED OPTIONS - The trust may purchase call or put options for a premium. Purchasing call options may be a hedge against an anticipated increase in the dollar cost of securities to be acquired or to increase the trust's exposure to the underlying instrument. Purchasing put options may hedge against a decline in the value of portfolio securities. The premium paid is included as an investment in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and is subsequently adjusted to the current value of the option. Premiums paid for purchased options which have expired are treated as realized losses on investments in the Statement of Operations. Premiums paid for purchased options which are exercised or closed are added to the amount paid or offset against the proceeds on the underlying security or financial instrument to determine the realized gain or loss. The risk of loss associated with purchased options is limited to the premium paid.

FUTURES CONTRACTS - The trust may enter into futures contracts for the delayed delivery of securities or currency, or contracts based on financial indices at a fixed price on a future date. In entering such contracts, the trust is

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required to deposit with the broker either in cash or securities an amount equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount. Subsequent payments are made or received by the trust each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded for financial statement purposes as unrealized gains or losses by the trust. Upon entering into such contracts, the trust bears the risk of interest or exchange rates or securities prices moving unexpectedly, in which case, the trust may not achieve the anticipated benefits of the futures contracts and may realize a loss.

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTRACTS - The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for the purchase or sale of a specific foreign currency at a fixed price on a future date. Risks may arise upon entering into these contracts from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from unanticipated movements in the value of the contract. The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for hedging purposes as well as for non-hedging purposes. For hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts to deliver or receive foreign currency it will receive from or require for its normal investment activities. The trust may also use contracts in a manner intended to protect foreign currency denominated securities from declines in value due to unfavorable exchange rate movements. For non-hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts with the intent of changing the relative exposure of the trust's portfolio of securities to different currencies to take advantage of anticipated changes. The forward foreign currency exchange contracts are adjusted by the daily exchange rate of the underlying currency and any gains or losses are recorded as unrealized until the contract settlement date. On contract settlement date, the gains or losses are recorded as realized gains or losses on foreign currency transactions.

SWAP AGREEMENTS - The trust may enter into swap agreements. A swap is an exchange of cash payments between the trust and another party. Net cash payments are exchanged at specified intervals and are recorded as a realized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations. The value of the swap is adjusted daily and the change in value, including accruals of periodic amounts of interest to be paid or received, is recorded as unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the Statement of Operations. A liquidation payment received or made upon early termination is recorded as a realized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations. Collateral, in the form of cash or securities, may be required to be held in segregated accounts with the trust's custodian in connection with these agreements. Risk of loss may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. These risks include the possible lack of a liquid market, failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the agreements, and unfavorable market movement of the underlying instrument. All swap agreements entered into by the trust with the same counterparty are generally governed by a single master agreement, which provides for the netting of all amounts owed by the parties under the agreement upon the occurrence of an event of default, thereby reducing the credit risk to which such party is exposed.

The trust holds credit default swaps in which one party makes a stream of payments based on a fixed percentage applied to the notional amount to another party in exchange for the right to receive a specified return in the event of a default by a third party, such as a corporate issuer or foreign issuer, on its obligation. The trust may enter into credit default swaps to limit or to reduce its risk exposure to defaults of corporate and sovereign issuers or to create direct or synthetic short or long exposure to corporate debt securities or certain sovereign debt securities to which it is not otherwise exposed.

HYBRID INSTRUMENTS - The trust may invest in indexed or hybrid securities on which any combination of interest payments, the principal or stated amount payable at maturity is determined by reference to prices of other securities, currencies, indexes, economic factors or other measures, including interest

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rates, currency exchange rates, or securities indices. The risks of investing in hybrid instruments reflect a combination of the risks of investing in securities, swaps, options, futures and currencies. Hybrid instruments are potentially more volatile and carry greater market risks than traditional debt instruments. Depending on the structure of the particular hybrid instrument, changes in a benchmark, underlying assets or economic indicator may be magnified by the terms of the hybrid instrument and have an even more dramatic and substantial effect upon the value of the hybrid instrument. Also, the prices of the hybrid instrument and the benchmark, underlying asset or economic indicator may not move in the same direction or at the same time.

LOANS AND OTHER DIRECT DEBT INSTRUMENTS - The trust may invest in loans and loan participations or other receivables. These investments may include standby financing commitments, including revolving credit facilities, which obligate the trust to supply additional cash to the borrower on demand. At October 31, 2007, the portfolio had unfunded loan commitments of \$33,058, which could be extended at the option of the borrower and which are covered by sufficient cash and/or liquid securities held by the trust. Loan participations involve a risk of insolvency of the lending bank or other financial intermediary.

INDEMNIFICATIONS - Under the trust's organizational documents, its officers and trustees may be indemnified against certain liabilities and expenses arising out of the performance of their duties to the trust. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the trust enters into agreements with service providers that may contain indemnification clauses. The trust's maximum exposure under these agreements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the trust that have not yet occurred.

INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS AND INCOME - Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. All premium and discount is amortized or accreted for financial statement purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. All discount is accreted for tax reporting purposes as required by federal income tax regulations. The trust earns certain fees in connection with its floating rate loan purchasing activities. These fees are in addition to interest payments earned and may include amendment fees, commitment fees, facility fees, consent fees, and prepayment fees. These fees are recorded on an accrual basis as income in the accompanying financial statements. Dividends received in cash are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Certain dividends from foreign securities will be recorded when the trust is informed of the dividend if such information is obtained subsequent to the ex-dividend date. Dividend and interest payments received in additional securities are recorded on the ex-dividend or ex-interest date in an amount equal to the value of the security on such date.

The trust may receive proceeds from litigation settlements. Any proceeds received from litigation involving portfolio holdings are reflected in the Statement of Operations in realized gain/loss if the security has been disposed of by the trust or in unrealized gain/loss if the security is still held by the trust. Any other proceeds from litigation not related to portfolio holdings are reflected as other income in the Statement of Operations.

FEES PAID INDIRECTLY - The trust's custody fee is reduced according to an arrangement that measures the value of cash deposited with the custodian by the trust. This amount, for the year ended October 31, 2007, is shown as a reduction of total expenses on the Statement of Operations.

TAX MATTERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS - The trust intends to qualify as a regulated investment company, as defined under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code, and to distribute all of its taxable income, including realized capital gains. Accordingly, no provision for federal income tax is required in the financial statements. Foreign taxes, if any, have been accrued by the trust in the accompanying financial statements.

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Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Certain capital accounts in the financial statements are periodically adjusted for permanent differences in order to reflect their tax character. These adjustments have no impact on net assets or net asset value per share. Temporary differences which arise from recognizing certain items of income, expense, gain or loss in different periods for financial statement and tax purposes will reverse at some time in the future. Distributions in excess of net investment income or net realized gains are temporary overdistributions for financial statement purposes resulting from differences in the recognition or classification of income or distributions for financial statement and tax purposes.

Book/tax differences primarily relate to amortization and accretion of debt securities, straddle loss deferrals, foreign currency transactions and derivative transactions.

The tax character of distributions declared to shareholders is as follows:

	10/31/07	10/31/06
Ordinary income (including any short-term capital gains)	\$28,309,676	\$29,991,840

The federal tax cost and the tax basis components of distributable earnings were as follows:

AS OF 10/31/07

Cost of investments	\$523,325,875	

Gross appreciation	\$2,449,177	
Gross depreciation	(1,153,377)	

Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$1,295,800	
Undistributed ordinary income	2,737,421	
Capital loss carryforwards	(77,703,309)	
Other temporary differences	(5,621,875)	

As of October 31, 2007, the trust had capital loss carryforwards available to offset future realized gains. Such losses expire as follows:

10/31/08	\$(6,883,833)
10/31/09	(22,359,865)
10/31/10	(38,291,079)
10/31/14	(7,878,924)
10/31/15	(2,289,608)

	\$(77,703,309)

In June 2006, FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (the "Interpretation") was issued, and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and is to be applied to all open tax years as of the effective date. On December 22, 2006, the SEC delayed the implementation of the Interpretation for regulated investment companies for an additional six months. This Interpretation prescribes a minimum threshold for financial statement recognition of the benefit of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, and requires certain expanded disclosures. Management has evaluated the application of the Interpretation to the trust, and has determined that there is no impact resulting from the adoption of this

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Interpretation on the trust's financial statements.

(3) TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

INVESTMENT ADVISER - The trust has an investment advisory agreement with MFS to provide overall investment management and related administrative services and facilities to the trust. The management fee is computed daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.34% of the trust's average daily net assets and 5.40% of gross income. Gross income is calculated based on tax elections that generally include the accretion of discount and exclude the amortization of premium, which may differ from investment income reported in the Statement of Operations. The management fee, from net assets and gross income, incurred for the year ended October 31, 2007 was equivalent to an annual effective rate of 0.69% of the trust's average daily net assets.

TRANSFER AGENT - Prior to December 18, 2006, MFS Service Center, Inc. (MFSC), a wholly-owned subsidiary of MFS, received a fee from the trust for its services as registrar and dividend-disbursing agent. Pursuant to a written agreement, the trust paid MFSC an account maintenance fee of no more than \$9.00 and a dividend services fee of \$0.75 per reinvestment. Effective December 18, 2006, the trust has engaged Computershare Trust Company, N.A. ("Computershare") as the sole transfer agent for the trust. MFSC will continue to monitor and supervise the activities of Computershare for an agreed upon fee approved by the Board of Trustees. For the year ended October 31, 2007, these fees paid to MFSC amounted to \$74,213. MFSC also receives payment from the trust for out-of-pocket expenses paid by MFSC on behalf of the trust. For the year ended October 31, 2007, these costs amounted to \$11,854.

ADMINISTRATOR - MFS provides certain financial, legal, shareholder communications, compliance, and other administrative services to the trust. Under an administrative services agreement, the trust partially reimburses MFS the costs incurred to provide these services. The trust is charged a fixed amount plus a fee based on average daily net assets. The trust's annual fixed amount is \$17,500. The administrative services fee incurred for the year ended October 31, 2007 was equivalent to an annual effective rate of 0.0187% of the trust's average daily net assets.

TRUSTEES' AND OFFICERS' COMPENSATION - The trust pays compensation to independent trustees in the form of a retainer, attendance fees, and additional compensation to Board and Committee chairpersons. The trust does not pay compensation directly to trustees or to officers of the trust who are also officers of the investment adviser, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the trust from MFS. Certain officers and trustees of the trust are officers or directors of MFS and MFSC.

The trust has an unfunded, defined benefit plan for certain retired independent trustees which resulted in a pension expense of \$8,165. The trust also has an unfunded retirement benefit deferral plan for certain independent trustees which resulted in an expense of \$7,625. Both amounts are included in independent trustees' compensation for the year ended October 31, 2007. The liability for deferred retirement benefits payable to certain independent trustees under both plans amounted to \$278,596 at October 31, 2007, and is included in payable for independent trustees' compensation.

DEFERRED TRUSTEE COMPENSATION - Under a Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) independent trustees previously were allowed to elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of their annual compensation. Trustees are no longer allowed to defer compensation under the Plan. Amounts previously deferred are treated as though equivalent dollar amounts had been invested in shares of certain MFS funds selected by the trustee. Deferred amounts represent an unsecured obligation of the trust until distributed in accordance with the Plan. Included in other assets and payable for independent trustees' compensation is \$77,969

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of deferred trustees' compensation.

OTHER - This trust and certain other MFS funds (the funds) have entered into a services agreement (the Agreement) which provides for payment of fees by the funds to Tarantino LLC in return for the provision of services of an Independent Chief Compliance Officer (ICCO) for the funds. The ICCO is an officer of the funds and the sole member of Tarantino LLC. The funds can terminate the Agreement with Tarantino LLC at any time under the terms of the Agreement. For the year ended October 31, 2007, the fee paid to Tarantino LLC was \$3,362. MFS has agreed to reimburse the trust for a portion of the payments made by the funds to Tarantino LLC in the amount of \$2,610, which is shown as a reduction of total expenses in the Statement of Operations. Additionally, MFS has agreed to bear all expenses associated with office space, other administrative support, and supplies provided to the ICCO.

(4) PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

Purchases and sales of investments, other than purchased option transactions and short-term obligations, were as follows:

	PURCHASES	SALES
U.S. government securities	\$39,247,309	\$58,976,935
Investments (non-U.S. government securities)	\$257,759,302	\$268,830,595

(5) SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST

The trust's Declaration of Trust permits the Trustees to issue an unlimited number of full and fractional shares of beneficial interest. The Trustees have authorized the repurchase by the trust of up to 10% annually of its own shares of beneficial interest. During the year ended October 31, 2007, the trust did not repurchase any shares. The trust repurchased 1,918,600 shares of beneficial interest during the year ended October 31, 2006 at an average price per share of \$5.97 and a weighted average discount of 10.48% per share. Transactions in trust shares were as follows:

	YEAR ENDED 10/31/07		YEAR ENDED 10/31/06	
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT
Treasury shares reacquired	--	--	(1,918,600)	\$(11,453,243)

(6) LINE OF CREDIT

The trust and other funds managed by MFS participate in a \$1 billion unsecured committed line of credit provided by a syndication of banks under a credit agreement. In addition, the trust and other funds managed by MFS have established uncommitted borrowing arrangements with certain banks. Borrowings may be made for temporary financing needs. Interest is charged to each fund, based on its borrowings, generally at a rate equal to the Federal Reserve funds rate plus 0.30%. In addition, a commitment fee, based on the average daily, unused portion of the committed line of credit, is allocated among the participating funds at the end of each calendar quarter. For the year ended October 31, 2007, the trust's commitment fee and interest expense were \$2,703 and \$1,756, respectively, and are included in miscellaneous expense on the Statement of Operations.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

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To the Trustees and Shareholders of MFS Multimarket Income Trust:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the Fund), including the portfolio of investments, as of October 31, 2007, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2007, by correspondence with the Fund's custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MFS Multimarket Income Trust at October 31, 2007, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and its financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Boston, Massachusetts
December 14, 2007

RESULTS OF SHAREHOLDER MEETING 10/31/07 (unaudited)

At the annual meeting of shareholders of MFS Multimarket Income Trust, which was held on October 4, 2007, the following actions were taken:

ITEM 1. To elect the following individuals as Trustees:

NOMINEE -----	NUMBER OF SHARES	
	AFFIRMATIVE -----	WITHHOLD AUTHORITY -----
Robert J. Manning	67,174,917	5,147,719
Lawrence Cohn, M.D.	67,182,655	5,139,982
Lawrence Perera	67,219,179	5,103,457
Laurie Thomsen	67,240,745	5,081,891

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TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS --
IDENTIFICATION AND BACKGROUND

The Trustees and officers of the Trust, as of December 1, 2007, are listed below, together with their principal occupations during the past five years. (Their titles may have varied during that period.) The address of each Trustee and officer is 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.

NAME, DATE OF BIRTH -----	POSITION(S) HELD WITH FUND -----	TRUSTEE/OFFICER SINCE (h) -----	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS -----
INTERESTED TRUSTEES			
Robert J. Manning(k) (born 10/20/63)	Trustee	February 2004	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Investment Officer and Director
Robert C. Pozen(k) (born 8/08/46)	Trustee	February 2004	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman (since February 2004); Sloan School (educational), Senior Lecturer (since 2006); Secretary of Economic Affairs, The Commonwealth of Massachusetts (January 2002 to December 2002); Fidelity Investments, Chairman (June 2000 to December 2001); Fidelity Management & Research Company (investment adviser), President (1997 to July 2001); Bell Canada Enterprises (telecommunications), Director; Medtronic, (medical technology), Director; Telesat (satellite communications), Director
INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES			
J. Atwood Ives (born 5/01/36)	Trustee and Chair of Trustees	February 1992	Private investor; Eastman Enterprises (diversified services company), Chairman, Trustee and Chief Executive Officer (until November 2000)
Robert E. Butler(n) (born 11/29/41)	Trustee	January 2006	Consultant - regulatory and compliance matters (since July 2002);

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			PricewaterhouseCooper (professional service firm), Partner (until 2002)
Lawrence H. Cohn, M.D. (born 3/11/37)	Trustee	August 1993	Brigham and Women's Hospital, Chief of Ca Surgery (2005); Harva Medical School, Profe of Cardiac Surgery; Physician Director of Medical Device Techno for Partners HealthCa
David H. Gunning (born 5/30/42)	Trustee	January 2004	Retired; Cleveland-CL Inc. (mining products service provider), Vi Chairman/Director (un May 2007); Portman Li (mining), Director (s 2005); Encinitos Vent (private investment company), Principal (s to April 2001); Linco Electric Holdings, In (welding equipment manufacturer), Direct
William R. Gutow (born 9/27/41)	Trustee	December 1993	Private investor and estate consultant; Ca Entertainment Managem Company (video franch Vice Chairman; Atlant Coast Tan (tanning salons), Vice Chairma (since 2002)
Michael Hegarty (born 12/21/44)	Trustee	December 2004	Retired; AXA Financia (financial services a insurance), Vice Chai and Chief Operating Officer (until May 20 The Equitable Life Assurance Society (insurance), Presiden Chief Operating Officer (un May 2001)
Lawrence T. Perera (born 6/23/35)	Trustee	July 1981	Hemenway & Barnes (attorneys), Partner
J. Dale Sherratt (born 9/23/38)	Trustee	August 1993	Insight Resources, In (acquisition planning specialists), Preside Wellfleet Investments (investor in health c companies), Managing General Partner (sinc 1993); Cambridge Nutraceuticals (professional nutriti

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			products), Chief Executive Officer (until May 2005)
Laurie J. Thomsen (born 8/05/57)	Trustee	March 2005	New Profit, Inc. (venture philanthropy), Partner (since 2006); Private investor; Prism Ventures Partners (venture capital), Co-founder General Partner (until June 2004); The Travel Companies (commercial property liability insurance), Director
Robert W. Uek (born 5/18/41)	Trustee	January 2006	Retired (since 1999); PricewaterhouseCoopers (professional service firm), Partner (until 1999); Consultant to investment company industry (since 2000) International Funds (mutual fund complex) Trustee (2000 until 2005) Hillview Investment Trust II Funds (mutual fund complex), Trustee (2000 until 2005)
OFFICERS			
Maria F. Dwyer (k) (born 12/01/58)	President	November 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Executive Vice President and Chief Regulatory Officer (since March 2005) Chief Compliance Officer (since December 2006) Fidelity Management & Research Company, Vice President (prior to March 2004); Fidelity Group Funds, President and Treasurer (prior to March 2004)
Tracy Atkinson (k) (born 12/30/64)	Treasurer	September 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President (since September 2004); PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Partner (prior to September 2004)
Christopher R. Bohane (k) (born 1/18/74)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	July 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President and Senior Counsel (since April 2003); Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP (law firm) Associate (prior to April 2003)

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Ethan D. Corey(k) (born 11/21/63)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	July 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Special Counsel (since December 2004); Dechert LLP (1998- firm), Counsel (prior to December 2004)
David L. DiLorenzo(k) (born 8/10/68)	Assistant Treasurer	July 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President (since June 2005); JP Morgan Investment Services, Vice President (prior to June 2005)
Timothy M. Fagan(k) (born 7/10/68)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	September 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President and Senior Counsel (since September 2005); John Hancock Advisers, LLC, Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer (September 2004 to August 2005), Senior Attorney (prior to September 2005); John Hancock Group of Funds, Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer (September 2004 to December 2004)
Mark D. Fischer(k) (born 10/27/70)	Assistant Treasurer	July 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President (since May 2005); JP Morgan Investment Management Company, Vice President (prior to May 2005)
Brian E. Langenfeld(k) (born 3/07/73)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	June 2006	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Assistant Vice President and Counsel (since May 2006); John Hancock Advisers, LLC, Assistant Vice President and Counsel (May 2005 to April 2006); John Hancock Advisers, LLC, Attorney and Assistant Secretary (prior to May 2005)
Ellen Moynihan(k) (born 11/13/57)	Assistant Treasurer	April 1997	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President
Susan S. Newton(k) (born 3/07/50)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	May 2005	Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President and Associate General Counsel

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			(since April 2005); J Hancock Advisers, LLC Senior Vice President Secretary and Chief L Officer (prior to Apr 2005); John Hancock G of Funds, Senior Vice President, Secretary Chief Legal Officer (to April 2005)
Susan A. Pereira(k) (born 11/05/70)	Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk	July 2005	Massachusetts Financi Services Company, Vic President and Senior Counsel (since June 2 Bingham McCutchen LLP firm), Associate (pri June 2004)
Mark N. Polebaum(k) (born 5/01/52)	Secretary and Clerk	January 2006	Massachusetts Financi Services Company, Executive Vice Presid General Counsel and Secretary (since Janu 2006); Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Do LLP (law firm), Partn (prior to January 200
Frank L. Tarantino (born 3/07/44)	Independent Chief Compliance Officer	June 2004	Tarantino LLC (provid compliance services), Principal (since June 2004); CRA Business Strategies Group (consulting services) Executive Vice Presid (April 2003 to June 2 David L. Babson & Co. (investment adviser), Managing Director, Ch Administrative Office Director (prior to Ma 2003)
James O. Yost(k) (born 6/12/60)	Assistant Treasurer	September 1990	Massachusetts Financi Services Company, Sen Vice President

- (h) Date first appointed to serve as Trustee/officer of an MFS fund. Each Trustee has served continuously since appointment unless indicated otherwise.
- (j) Directorships or trusteeships of companies required to report to the Securities and Exchange Commission (i.e., "public companies").
- (k) "Interested person" of the Trust within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (referred to as the 1940 Act), which is the principal federal law governing investment companies like the fund, as a result of position with MFS. The address of MFS is 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.
- (n) In 2004 and 2005, Mr. Butler provided consulting services to the independent compliance consultant retained by MFS pursuant to its settlement with the SEC concerning market timing and related matters. The terms of that settlement required that compensation and expenses related to the independent compliance consultant be borne exclusively by MFS and, therefore, MFS paid Mr. Butler for the services he rendered to the independent compliance consultant. In 2004 and 2005, MFS paid Mr. Butler a total of \$351,119.29.

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The Trust holds annual shareholder meetings for the purpose of electing Trustees, and Trustees are elected for fixed terms. The Board of Trustees is currently divided into three classes, each having a term of three years.

Each year the term of one class expires. Each Trustee's term of office expires on the date of the third annual meeting following the election to office of the Trustee's class. Each Trustee and officer will serve until next elected or his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement or removal.

Messrs. Butler, Gutow, Sherratt and Uek and Ms. Thomsen are members of the Trust's Audit Committee.

Each of the Trust's Trustees and officers holds comparable positions with certain other funds of which MFS or a subsidiary is the investment adviser or distributor, and, in the case of the officers, with certain affiliates of MFS. As of January 1, 2007, the Trustees served as board members of 97 funds within the MFS Family of Funds.

The Statement of Additional Information for the Trust and further information about the Trustees is available without charge upon request by calling 1-800-225-2606.

On October 22, 2007, Maria F. Dwyer, as Chief Executive Officer of the Trust, certified to the New York Stock Exchange that as of the date of her certification she was not aware of any violation by the Trust of the corporate governance listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange.

The Trust filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission the certifications of its principal executive officer and principal financial officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2003 as an exhibit to the Trust's Form N-CSR for the period covered by this report.

INVESTMENT ADVISER
Massachusetts Financial Services Company
500 Boylston Street, Boston, MA
02116-3741

CUSTODIAN
State Street Bank and Trust Company
225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02116

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS
John Addeo
James Calmas
David Cole
Richard Hawkins
Matthew Ryan

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTING FIRM
Ernst & Young LLP
200 Clarendon Street, Boston, MA 02116

BOARD REVIEW OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AGREEMENT

The Investment Company Act of 1940 requires that both the full Board of Trustees and a majority of the non-interested ("independent") Trustees, voting separately, annually approve the continuation of the Fund's investment advisory agreement with MFS. The Trustees consider matters bearing on the Fund and its advisory arrangements at their meetings throughout the year, including a review of performance data at each regular meeting. In addition, the independent Trustees met several times over the course of three months beginning in May and ending in July, 2007 ("contract review meetings") for the specific purpose of considering whether to approve the continuation of the investment advisory agreement for the Fund and the other investment companies that the Board oversees (the "MFS Funds"). The independent Trustees were assisted in their evaluation of the Fund's investment advisory agreement by independent legal counsel, from whom they received separate legal advice and with whom they met separately from MFS during various contract review meetings. The independent Trustees were also assisted in this process by the MFS Funds' Independent Chief

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Compliance Officer, a full-time senior officer appointed by and reporting to the independent Trustees.

In connection with their deliberations regarding the continuation of the investment advisory agreement, the Trustees, including the independent Trustees, considered such information and factors as they believed, in light of the legal advice furnished to them and their own business judgment, to be relevant. The investment advisory agreement for the Fund was considered separately, although the Trustees also took into account the common interests of all MFS Funds in their review. As described below, the Trustees considered the nature, quality, and extent of the various investment advisory, administrative, and shareholder services performed by MFS under the existing investment advisory agreement and other arrangements with the Fund.

In connection with their contract review meetings, the Trustees received and relied upon materials that included, among other items: (i) information provided by Lipper Inc. on the investment performance (based on net asset value) of the Fund for various time periods ended December 31, 2006 and the investment performance (based on net asset value) of a group of funds with substantially similar investment classifications/objectives (the "Lipper performance universe"), as well as the investment performance (based on net asset value) of a group of funds identified by objective criteria suggested by MFS ("MFS peer funds"), (ii) information provided by Lipper Inc. on the Fund's advisory fees and other expenses and the advisory fees and other expenses of comparable funds identified by Lipper (the "Lipper expense group"), as well as the advisory fees and other expenses of MFS peer funds, (iii) information provided by MFS on the advisory fees of comparable portfolios of other clients of MFS, including institutional separate accounts and other clients, (iv) information as to whether and to what extent applicable expense waivers, reimbursements or fee "breakpoints" are observed for the Fund, (v) information regarding MFS' financial results and financial condition, including MFS' and certain of its affiliates' estimated profitability from services performed for the Fund and the MFS Funds as a whole, (vi) MFS' views regarding the outlook for the mutual fund industry and the strategic business plans of MFS, (vii) descriptions of various functions performed by MFS for the Funds, such as compliance monitoring and portfolio trading practices, and (viii) information regarding the overall organization of MFS, including information about MFS' senior management and other personnel providing investment advisory, administrative and other services to the Fund and the other MFS Funds. The comparative performance, fee and expense information prepared and provided by Lipper Inc. was not independently verified and the independent Trustees did not independently verify any information provided to them by MFS.

The Trustees' conclusion as to the continuation of the investment advisory agreement was based on a comprehensive consideration of all information provided to the Trustees and not the result of any single factor. Some of the factors that figured particularly in the Trustees' deliberations are described below, although individual Trustees may have evaluated the information presented differently from one another, giving different weights to various factors. It is also important to recognize that the fee arrangements for the Fund and other MFS Funds are the result of years of review and discussion between the independent Trustees and MFS, that certain aspects of such arrangements may receive greater scrutiny in some years than in others, and that the Trustees' conclusions may be based, in part, on their consideration of these same arrangements during the course of the year and in prior years.

Based on information provided by Lipper Inc. and MFS, the Trustees reviewed the Fund's total return investment performance as well as the performance of peer groups of funds over various time periods. The Trustees placed particular emphasis on the total return performance of the Fund's common shares in comparison to the performance of funds in its Lipper performance universe over the three-year period ended December 31, 2006, which the Trustees believed was

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a long enough period to reflect differing market conditions. The total return performance of the Fund's common shares ranked 2nd out of a total of 4 funds in the Lipper performance universe for this three-year period (a ranking of first place out of the total number of funds in the performance universe indicating the best performer and a ranking of last place out of the total number of funds in the performance universe indicating the worst performer). The total return performance of the Fund's common shares ranked 2nd out of a total of 4 funds for each of the one- and five-year periods ended December 31, 2006. Given the size of the Lipper performance universe and information previously provided by MFS regarding differences between the Fund and other funds in its Lipper performance universe, the Trustees also reviewed the Fund's performance in comparison to a custom benchmark developed by MFS. The Fund under-performed its custom benchmark for the one-year period ended December 31, 2006 (6.01% total return for the Fund versus 6.33% total return for the benchmark), and out-performed its custom benchmark for each of the three-year and five-year periods ended December 31, 2006 (three-year: 5.74% total return for the Fund versus 5.59% total return for the benchmark; five-year: 7.50% total return for the Fund versus 7.05% total return for the benchmark). Because of the passage of time, these performance results are likely to differ from the performance results for more recent periods, including those shown elsewhere in this report.

In the course of their deliberations, the Trustees took into account information provided by MFS in connection with the contract review meetings, as well as during investment review meetings conducted with portfolio management personnel during the course of the year regarding the Fund's performance. After reviewing these and related factors, the Trustees concluded, within the context of their overall conclusions regarding the investment advisory agreement, that they were satisfied with MFS' responses and efforts relating to investment performance.

In assessing the reasonableness of the Fund's advisory fee, the Trustees considered, among other information, the Fund's advisory fee and the total expense ratio of the Fund's common shares as a percentage of average daily net assets and the advisory fee and total expense ratios of peer groups of funds based on information provided by Lipper Inc. and MFS. The Trustees considered that, according to the Lipper data, the Fund's effective advisory fee rate was approximately at the Lipper expense group median, and the Fund's total expense ratio was lower than the Lipper expense group median.

The Trustees also considered the advisory fees charged by MFS to institutional accounts. In comparing these fees, the Trustees considered information provided by MFS as to the generally broader scope of services provided by MFS to the Fund in comparison to institutional accounts and the impact on MFS and expenses associated with the more extensive regulatory regime to which the Fund is subject in comparison to institutional accounts.

The Trustees considered that, as a closed-end fund, the Fund is unlikely to experience meaningful asset growth. As a result, the Trustees did not view the potential for realization of economies of scale as the Fund's assets grow to be a material factor in their deliberations. The Trustees noted that they would consider economies of scale in the future in the event the Fund experiences significant asset growth, such as through an offering of preferred shares (which is not currently contemplated) or a material increase in the market value of the Fund's portfolio securities.

The Trustees also considered information prepared by MFS relating to MFS' costs and profits with respect to the Fund, the MFS Funds considered as a group, and other investment companies and accounts advised by MFS, as well as MFS' methodologies used to determine and allocate its costs to the MFS Funds, the Fund and other accounts and products for purposes of estimating profitability.

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After reviewing these and other factors described herein, the Trustees concluded, within the context of their overall conclusions regarding the investment advisory agreement, that the advisory fees charged to the Fund represent reasonable compensation in light of the services being provided by MFS to the Fund.

In addition, the Trustees considered MFS' resources and related efforts to continue to retain, attract and motivate capable personnel to serve the Fund. The Trustees also considered current and developing conditions in the financial services industry, including the entry into the industry of large and well-capitalized companies which are spending, and appear to be prepared to continue to spend, substantial sums to engage personnel and to provide services to competing investment companies. In this regard, the Trustees also considered the financial resources of MFS and its ultimate parent, Sun Life Financial Inc. The Trustees also considered the advantages and possible disadvantages to the Fund of having an adviser that also serves other investment companies as well as other accounts.

The Trustees also considered the nature, quality, cost, and extent of administrative services provided to the Fund by MFS under agreements other than the investment advisory agreement. The Trustees also considered the nature, extent and quality of certain other services MFS performs or arranges for on the Fund's behalf, which may include securities lending programs, directed expense payment programs, class action recovery programs, and MFS' interaction with third-party service providers, principally custodians and sub-custodians. The Trustees concluded that the various non-advisory services provided by MFS and its affiliates on behalf of the Funds were satisfactory.

The Trustees also considered benefits to MFS from the use of the Fund's portfolio brokerage commissions, if applicable, to pay for investment research (excluding third-party research, for which MFS pays directly) and various other factors. Additionally, the Trustees considered so-called "fall-out benefits" to MFS such as reputational value derived from serving as investment manager to the Fund.

Based on their evaluation of factors that they deemed to be material, including those factors described above, the Board of Trustees, including a majority of the independent Trustees, concluded that the Fund's investment advisory agreement with MFS should be continued for an additional one-year period, commencing August 1, 2007.

A discussion regarding the Board's most recent review and renewal of the Fund's investment advisory agreement is available by clicking on the fund's name under "Select a fund" on the MFS Web site (mfs.com).

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND INFORMATION

A general description of the MFS funds' proxy voting policies and procedures is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606, by visiting the Proxy Voting section of mfs.com or by visiting the SEC's Web site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Information regarding how the fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30 is available without charge by visiting the Proxy Voting section of mfs.com or by visiting the SEC's Web site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO DISCLOSURE

The fund will file a complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) for the first and third

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quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The fund's Form N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the:

Public Reference Room
Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street, NE, Room 1580
Washington, D.C. 20549

Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330. The fund's Form N-Q is available on the EDGAR database on the Commission's Internet Web site at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov or by writing the Public Reference Section at the above address.

A shareholder can also obtain the quarterly portfolio holdings report at mfs.com.

FEDERAL TAX INFORMATION (unaudited)

The trust will notify shareholders of amounts for use in preparing 2007 income tax forms in January 2008.

MFS(R) PRIVACY NOTICE

Privacy is a concern for every investor today. At MFS Investment Management (R) and the MFS funds, we take this concern very seriously. We want you to understand our policies about the investment products and services that we offer, and how we protect the nonpublic personal information of investors who have a direct relationship with us and our wholly owned subsidiaries.

Throughout our business relationship, you provide us with personal information. We maintain information and records about you, your investments, and the services you use. Examples of the nonpublic personal information we maintain include

- o data from investment applications and other forms
- o share balances and transactional history with us, our affiliates, or others
- o facts from a consumer reporting agency

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone, except as permitted by law. We may share nonpublic personal information with third parties or certain of our affiliates in connection with servicing your account or processing your transactions. We may share information with companies or financial institutions that perform marketing services on our behalf or with other financial institutions with which we have joint marketing arrangements, subject to any legal requirements.

Authorization to access your nonpublic personal information is limited to appropriate personnel who provide products, services, or information to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to help protect the personal information we collect about you.

If you have any questions about the MFS privacy policy, please call 1-800-225-2606 any business day between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Eastern time.

Note: If you own MFS products or receive MFS services in the name of a third party such as a bank or broker-dealer, their privacy policy may apply to you instead of ours.

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CONTACT INFORMATION AND NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

INVESTOR INFORMATION

Transfer Agent, Registrar and Dividend Disbursing Agent

Call 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern time

Write to: Computershare Trust Company, N.A.
P.O. Box 43078
Providence, RI 02940-3078

Effective December 18, 2006, Computershare Trust Company, N.A. became the Transfer Agent and Registrar and Computershare Shareholder Services, Inc. became the Dividend Disbursing Agent, succeeding MFS Service Center, Inc.

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

As of October 31, 2007, our records indicate that there are 6,549 registered shareholders and approximately 34,005 shareholders owning trust shares in "street" name, such as through brokers, banks, and other financial intermediaries.

If you are a "street" name shareholder and wish to directly receive our reports, which contain important information about the trust, please write or call:

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.
P.O. Box 43078
Providence, RI 02940-3078
1-800-637-2304

M F S(R)

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

(C) 2007 MFS Investment Management(R)
500 Boylston Street, Boston, MA 02116

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

The Registrant has adopted a Code of Ethics pursuant to Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and as defined in Form N-CSR that applies to the Registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer. The Registrant has not amended any provision in its Code of Ethics (the "Code") that relates to an element of the Code's definitions enumerated in paragraph (b) of Item 2 of this Form N-CSR.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

Messrs. Robert E. Butler and Robert W. Uek and Ms. Laurie J. Thomsen, members of the Audit Committee, have been determined by the Board of Trustees in their reasonable business judgment to meet the definition of "audit committee financial expert" as such term is defined in Form N-CSR. In addition, Messrs. Butler, and Uek and Ms. Thomsen are "independent" members of the Audit Committee (as such term has been defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in regulations implementing Section 407 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002). The Securities and Exchange Commission has stated that the designation of a person as an audit committee financial expert pursuant to this Item 3 on the Form N-CSR does not impose on such a person any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than the duties, obligations or liability imposed on such person as a member of the Audit Committee and the Board of Trustees in the

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absence of such designation or identification.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

ITEMS 4(a) THROUGH 4(d) AND 4(g):

The Board of Trustees has appointed Ernst & Young LLP ("E&Y") to serve as independent accountants to the Registrant (hereinafter the "Registrant" or the "Fund"). The tables below set forth the audit fees billed to the Fund as well as fees for non-audit services provided to the Fund and/or to the Fund's investment adviser, Massachusetts Financial Services Company ("MFS"), and to various entities either controlling, controlled by, or under common control with MFS that provide ongoing services to the Fund ("MFS Related Entities").

For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2007 and 2006, audit fees billed to the Fund by E&Y were as follows:

FEES BILLED BY E&Y:	Audit Fees	
	2007	2006
	----	----
MFS Multimarket Income Trust	45,135	41,610

For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2007 and 2006, fees billed by E&Y for audit-related, tax and other services provided to the Fund and for audit-related, tax and other services provided to MFS and MFS Related Entities were as follows:

FEES BILLED BY E&Y:	Audit-Related Fees (1)		Tax Fees (2)	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	----	----	----	----
To MFS Multimarket Income Trust	10,000	15,000	9,674	9,382
To MFS and MFS Related Entities of MFS Multimarket Income Trust*	0	0	0	15,500

AGGREGATE FEES FOR NON-AUDIT SERVICES:

	2007	2006
	----	----
To MFS Multimarket Income Trust, MFS and MFS Related Entities#	220,690	114,395

* This amount reflects the fees billed to MFS and MFS Related Entities for non-audit services related to the operations and financial reporting of the Fund (portions of which services also related to the operations and financial reporting of other funds within the MFS Funds complex).

This amount reflects the aggregate fees billed by E&Y for non-audit services rendered to the Fund and MFS Related Entities.

- (1) The fees included under "Audit-Related Fees" are fees related to assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of financial statements, but not including "Audit Fees," including accounting consultations, agreed-upon procedure reports, attestation reports, letters and internal control reviews.
- (2) The fees included under "Tax Fees" are fees associated with tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

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including services relating to the filing or amendment of federal, state or local income tax investment company qualification reviews and tax distribution and analysis.

- (3) The fees included under "All Other Fees" are fees for products and services provided by E&Y or reported under "Audit Fees," "Audit-Related Fees" and "Tax Fees," including fees for the subscription of a treatise and for services related to analysis of fund administrative expenses, compliance program management projects.

ITEM 4(e)(1):

Set forth below are the policies and procedures established by the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees relating to the pre-approval of audit and non-audit related services: To the extent required by applicable law, pre-approval by the Audit Committee of the Board is needed for all audit and permissible non-audit services rendered to the Fund and all permissible non-audit services rendered to MFS or MFS Related Entities if the services relate directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Registrant. Pre-approval is currently on an engagement-by-engagement basis. In the event pre-approval of such services is necessary between regular meetings of the Audit Committee and it is not practical to wait to seek pre-approval at the next regular meeting of the Audit Committee, pre-approval of such services may be referred to the Chair of the Audit Committee for approval; provided that the Chair may not pre-approve any individual engagement for such services exceeding \$50,000 or multiple engagements for such services in the aggregate exceeding \$100,000 between such regular meetings of the Audit Committee. Any engagement pre-approved by the Chair between regular meetings of the Audit Committee shall be presented for ratification by the entire Audit Committee at its next regularly scheduled meeting.

ITEM 4(e)(2):

None, or 0%, of the services relating to the Audit-Related Fees, Tax Fees and All Other Fees paid by the Fund and MFS and MFS Related Entities relating directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Registrant disclosed above were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraphs (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X (which permits audit committee approval after the start of the engagement with respect to services other than audit, review or attest services, if certain conditions are satisfied).

ITEM 4(f): Not applicable.

ITEM 4(h): The Registrant's Audit Committee has considered whether the provision by a Registrant's independent registered public accounting firm of non-audit services to MFS and MFS Related Entities that were not pre-approved by the Committee (because such services were provided prior to the effectiveness of SEC rules requiring pre-approval or because such services did not relate directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Registrant) was compatible with maintaining the independence of the independent registered public accounting firm as the Registrant's principal auditors.

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

The Registrant has an Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Robert E. Butler, William R. Gutow, J. Dale Sherratt and Robert W. Uek and Ms. Laurie J. Thomsen.

ITEM 6. SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

A schedule of investments of the Registrant is included as part of the report to shareholders of the Registrant under Item 1 of this Form N-CSR.

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

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The Board of Trustees and the Board of Managers of the investment companies (the "MFS Funds") advised by Massachusetts Financial Services Company ("MFS") have delegated to MFS the right and obligation to vote proxies for shares that are owned by the MFS Funds, in accordance with MFS' proxy voting policies and procedures (the "MFS Proxy Policies"). The MFS Proxy Policies are set forth below:

MASSACHUSETTS FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPANY

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

MARCH 1, 2007

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, MFS Institutional Advisors, Inc. and MFS' other investment adviser subsidiaries (collectively, "MFS") have adopted proxy voting policies and procedures, as set forth below ("MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures"), with respect to securities owned by the clients for which MFS serves as investment adviser and has the power to vote proxies, including the registered investment companies sponsored by MFS, other than the MFS Union Standard Equity Fund (the "MFS Funds"). References to "clients" in these policies and procedures include the MFS Funds and other clients of MFS, such as funds organized offshore, sub-advised funds and separate account clients, to the extent these clients have delegated to MFS the responsibility to vote proxies on their behalf under the MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures.

The MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures include:

- A. Voting Guidelines;
- B. Administrative Procedures;
- C. Monitoring System;
- D. Records Retention; and
- E. Reports.

A. VOTING GUIDELINES

1. GENERAL POLICY; POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

MFS' policy is that proxy voting decisions are made in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in the interests of any other party or in MFS' corporate interests, including interests such as the distribution of MFS Fund shares, administration of 401(k) plans, and institutional relationships.

MFS periodically reviews matters that are presented for shareholder vote by either management or shareholders of public companies. Based on the overall principle that all votes cast by MFS on behalf of its clients must be in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of such clients, MFS has adopted proxy voting guidelines, set forth below, that govern how MFS generally will vote on specific matters presented for shareholder vote. In all cases, MFS will exercise its discretion in voting on these matters in accordance with this overall principle. In other words, the underlying guidelines are simply that - guidelines. Proxy items of significance are often considered on a case-by-case basis, in light of all relevant facts and circumstances, and in certain cases MFS may vote proxies in a manner different from these guidelines.

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As a general matter, MFS maintains a consistent voting position on similar proxy proposals with respect to various issuers. In addition, MFS generally votes consistently on the same matter when securities of an issuer are held by multiple client accounts. However, MFS recognizes that there are gradations in certain types of proposals that might result in different voting positions being taken with respect to different proxy statements. There also may be situations involving matters presented for shareholder vote that are not governed by the guidelines. Some items that otherwise would be acceptable will be voted against the proponent when it is seeking extremely broad flexibility without offering a valid explanation. MFS reserves the right to override the guidelines with respect to a particular shareholder vote when such an override is, in MFS' best judgment, consistent with the overall principle of voting proxies in the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients.

From time to time, MFS receives comments on these guidelines as well as regarding particular voting issues from its clients. These comments are carefully considered by MFS when it reviews these guidelines each year and revises them as appropriate.

These policies and procedures are intended to address any potential material conflicts of interest on the part of MFS or its affiliates that are likely to arise in connection with the voting of proxies on behalf of MFS' clients. If such potential material conflicts of interest do arise, MFS will analyze, document and report on such potential material conflicts of interest (see Sections B.2 and E below), and shall ultimately vote the relevant proxies in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of its clients. The MFS Proxy Voting Committee is responsible for monitoring and reporting with respect to such potential material conflicts of interest.

2. MFS' POLICY ON SPECIFIC ISSUES

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

MFS believes that good governance should be based on a board with at least a simple majority of directors who are "independent" of management, and whose key committees (e.g., compensation, nominating, and audit committees) are comprised entirely of "independent" directors. While MFS generally supports the board's nominees in uncontested elections, we will withhold our vote for, or vote against, as applicable, a nominee to a board of a U.S. issuer if, as a result of such nominee being elected to the board, the board would be comprised of a majority of members who are not "independent" or, alternatively, the compensation, nominating or audit committees would include members who are not "independent."

MFS will also withhold its vote for, or vote against, as applicable, a nominee to a board if we can determine that he or she failed to attend at least 75% of the board and/or relevant committee meetings in the previous year without a valid reason stated in the proxy materials. In addition, MFS will withhold its vote for, or vote against, as applicable, all nominees standing for re-election to a board if we can determine: (1) since the last annual meeting of shareholders and without shareholder approval, the board or its compensation committee has re-priced underwater stock options; or (2) since the last annual meeting, the board has either implemented a poison pill without shareholder approval or has not taken responsive action to a majority shareholder approved resolution recommending that the "poison pill" be rescinded. Responsive action would include the rescission of the "poison pill" (without a broad reservation to reinstate the "poison pill" in the event of a hostile tender offer), or assurance in the proxy materials that the terms of the "poison pill" would be put to a binding shareholder vote within the next five to seven years.

MFS will also withhold its vote for, or vote against, as applicable, a

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nominee (other than a nominee who serves as the issuer's Chief Executive Officer) standing for re-election if such nominee participated (as a director or committee member) in the approval of a senior executive compensation package MFS deems to be "excessive." In the event that MFS determines that an issuer has adopted an "excessive" executive compensation package, MFS will withhold its vote for, or vote against, as applicable, the re-election of the issuer's Chief Executive Officer as director regardless of whether the Chief Executive Officer participated in the approval of the package. MFS will determine whether a senior executive compensation package is excessive on a case by case basis. Examples of "excessive" executive compensation packages include packages that contain egregious employment contract terms or pension payouts, backdated stock options, overly generous hiring bonuses for chief executive officers or packages which include excessive perks.

MFS evaluates a contested election of directors on a case-by-case basis considering the long-term financial performance of the company relative to its industry, management's track record, the qualifications of the nominees for both slates and an evaluation of what each side is offering shareholders.

MFS votes for reasonably crafted proposals calling for directors to be elected with an affirmative majority of votes cast and/or the elimination of the plurality standard for electing directors (including binding resolutions requesting that the board amend the company's bylaws), provided the proposal includes a carve-out for a plurality voting standard when there are more director nominees than board seats (e.g., contested elections) ("Majority Vote Proposals").

MFS considers voting against Majority Vote Proposals if the company has adopted, or has proposed to adopt in the proxy statement, formal corporate governance principles that present a meaningful alternative to the majority voting standard and provide an adequate response to both new nominees as well as incumbent nominees who fail to receive a majority of votes cast.

MFS believes that a company's election policy should address the specific circumstances at that company. MFS considers whether a company's election policy articulates the following elements to address each director nominee who fails to receive an affirmative majority of votes cast in an election:

- o Establish guidelines for the process by which the company determines the status of nominees who fail to receive an affirmative majority of votes cast and disclose the guidelines in the annual proxy statement;
- o Guidelines should include a reasonable timetable for resolution of the nominee's status and a requirement that the resolution be disclosed together with the reasons for the resolution;
- o Vest management of the process in the company's independent directors, other than the nominee in question; and
- o Outline the range of remedies that the independent directors may consider concerning the nominee.

CLASSIFIED BOARDS

MFS opposes proposals to classify a board (e.g., a board in which only one-third of board members are elected each year). MFS supports proposals to declassify a board.

NON-SALARY COMPENSATION PROGRAMS

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MFS votes against stock option programs for officers, employees or non-employee directors that do not require an investment by the optionee, that give "free rides" on the stock price, or that permit grants of stock options with an exercise price below fair market value on the date the options are granted.

MFS also opposes stock option programs that allow the board or the compensation committee, without shareholder approval, to reprice underwater options or to automatically replenish shares (i.e., evergreen plans). MFS will consider on a case-by-case basis proposals to exchange existing options for newly issued options (taking into account such factors as whether there is a reasonable value-for-value exchange).

MFS opposes stock option programs and restricted stock plans that provide unduly generous compensation for officers, directors or employees, or could result in excessive dilution to other shareholders. As a general guideline, MFS votes against restricted stock plans, stock option, non-employee director, omnibus stock plans and any other stock plan if all such plans for a particular company involve potential dilution, in the aggregate, of more than 15%. However, MFS may accept a higher percentage (up to 20%) in the case of startup or small companies which cannot afford to pay large salaries to executives, or in the case where MFS, based upon the issuer's public disclosures, believes that the issuer has been responsible with respect to its recent compensation practices, including the mix of the issuance of restricted stock and options.

EXPENSING OF STOCK OPTIONS

MFS supports shareholder proposals to expense stock options because we believe that the expensing of options presents a more accurate picture of the company's financial results to investors. We also believe that companies are likely to be more disciplined when granting options if the value of stock options were treated as an expense item on the company's income statements.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

MFS believes that competitive compensation packages are necessary to attract, motivate and retain executives. Therefore, except as provided in paragraph 2 above with respect to "excessive compensation" and the election of directors, MFS opposes shareholder proposals that seek to set restrictions on executive compensation. MFS also opposes shareholder requests for disclosure on executive compensation beyond regulatory requirements because we believe that current regulatory requirements for disclosure of executive compensation are appropriate and that additional disclosure is often unwarranted and costly. Although we support linking executive stock option grants to a company's performance, MFS opposes shareholder proposals that mandate a link of performance-based options to a specific industry or peer group stock index. MFS believes that compensation committees should retain the flexibility to propose the appropriate index or other criteria by which performance-based options should be measured.

MFS supports reasonably crafted shareholder proposals that (i) require the issuer to adopt a policy to recover the portion of performance-based bonuses and awards paid to senior executives that were not earned based upon a significant negative restatement of earnings unless the company already has adopted a clearly satisfactory policy on the matter, or (ii) expressly prohibit any future backdating of stock options.

EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLANS

MFS supports the use of a broad-based employee stock purchase plans to increase company stock ownership by employees, provided that shares purchased

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under the plan are acquired for no less than 85% of their market value and do not result in excessive dilution.

"GOLDEN PARACHUTES"

From time to time, shareholders of companies have submitted proxy proposals that would require shareholder approval of severance packages for executive officers that exceed certain predetermined thresholds. MFS votes in favor of such shareholder proposals when they would require shareholder approval of any severance package for an executive officer that exceeds a certain multiple of such officer's annual compensation that is not determined in MFS' judgment to be excessive.

ANTI-TAKEOVER MEASURES

In general, MFS votes against any measure that inhibits capital appreciation in a stock, including proposals that protect management from action by shareholders. These types of proposals take many forms, ranging from "poison pills" and "shark repellents" to super-majority requirements.

MFS will vote for proposals to rescind existing "poison pills" and proposals that would require shareholder approval to adopt prospective "poison pills." Nevertheless, MFS will consider supporting the adoption of a prospective "poison pill" or the continuation of an existing "poison pill" if we can determine that the following two conditions are met: (1) the "poison pill" allows MFS clients to hold an aggregate position of up to 15% of a company's total voting securities (and of any class of voting securities); and (2) either (a) the "poison pill" has a term of not longer than five years, provided that MFS will consider voting in favor of the "poison pill" if the term does not exceed seven years and the "poison pill" is linked to a business strategy or purpose that MFS believes is likely to result in greater value for shareholders; or (b) the terms of the "poison pill" allow MFS clients the opportunity to accept a fairly structured and attractively priced tender offer (e.g., a "chewable poison pill" that automatically dissolves in the event of an all cash, all shares tender offer at a premium price).

MFS will consider on a case-by-case basis proposals designed to prevent tenders which are disadvantageous to shareholders such as tenders at below market prices and tenders for substantially less than all shares of an issuer.

REINCORPORATION AND REORGANIZATION PROPOSALS

When presented with a proposal to reincorporate a company under the laws of a different state, or to effect some other type of corporate reorganization, MFS considers the underlying purpose and ultimate effect of such a proposal in determining whether or not to support such a measure. While MFS generally votes in favor of management proposals that it believes are in the best long-term economic interests of its clients, MFS may oppose such a measure if, for example, the intent or effect would be to create additional inappropriate impediments to possible acquisitions or takeovers.

ISSUANCE OF STOCK

There are many legitimate reasons for the issuance of stock. Nevertheless, as noted above under "Non-Salary Compensation Programs," when a stock option plan (either individually or when aggregated with other plans of the same company) would substantially dilute the existing equity (e.g. by approximately 15% or more), MFS generally votes against the plan. In addition, MFS votes against proposals where management is asking for authorization to issue common or preferred stock with no reason stated (a "blank check") because

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the unexplained authorization could work as a potential anti-takeover device. MFS may also vote against the authorization or issuance of common or preferred stock if MFS determines that the requested authorization is not warranted.

REPURCHASE PROGRAMS

MFS supports proposals to institute share repurchase plans in which all shareholders have the opportunity to participate on an equal basis. Such plans may include a company acquiring its own shares on the open market, or a company making a tender offer to its own shareholders.

CONFIDENTIAL VOTING

MFS votes in favor of proposals to ensure that shareholder voting results are kept confidential. For example, MFS supports proposals that would prevent management from having access to shareholder voting information that is compiled by an independent proxy tabulation firm.

CUMULATIVE VOTING

MFS opposes proposals that seek to introduce cumulative voting and for proposals that seek to eliminate cumulative voting. In either case, MFS will consider whether cumulative voting is likely to enhance the interests of MFS' clients as minority shareholders. In our view, shareholders should provide names of qualified candidates to a company's nominating committee, which (for U.S. listed companies) must be comprised solely of "independent" directors.

WRITTEN CONSENT AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

Because the shareholder right to act by written consent (without calling a formal meeting of shareholders) can be a powerful tool for shareholders, MFS generally opposes proposals that would prevent shareholders from taking action without a formal meeting or would take away a shareholder's right to call a special meeting of company shareholders.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

MFS believes that the appointment of auditors for U.S. issuers is best left to the board of directors of the company and therefore supports the ratification of the board's selection of an auditor for the company. Some shareholder groups have submitted proposals to limit the non-audit activities of a company's audit firm or prohibit any non-audit services by a company's auditors to that company. MFS opposes proposals recommending the prohibition or limitation of the performance of non-audit services by an auditor, and proposals recommending the removal of a company's auditor due to the performance of non-audit work for the company by its auditor. MFS believes that the board, or its audit committee, should have the discretion to hire the company's auditor for specific pieces of non-audit work in the limited situations permitted under current law.

OTHER CORPORATE GOVERNANCE, CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY AND SOCIAL ISSUES

There are many groups advocating social change or changes to corporate governance or corporate responsibility standards, and many have chosen the publicly-held corporation as a vehicle for advancing their agenda. Generally, MFS votes with management on such proposals unless MFS can determine that the benefit to shareholders will outweigh any costs or disruptions to the business if the proposal were adopted. Common among the shareholder proposals that MFS generally votes against are proposals requiring the company to use corporate resources to further a particular social objective outside the business of the company, to refrain from investing or conducting business in certain countries, to adhere to some list of goals or principles (e.g., environmental standards),

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to disclose political contributions made by the issuer, to separate the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer positions, or to promulgate special reports on various activities or proposals for which no discernible shareholder economic advantage is evident.

The laws of various states may regulate how the interests of certain clients subject to those laws (e.g., state pension plans) are voted with respect to social issues. Thus, it may be necessary to cast ballots differently for certain clients than MFS might normally do for other clients.

FOREIGN ISSUERS

Many of the items on foreign proxies involve repetitive, non-controversial matters that are mandated by local law. Accordingly, the items that are generally deemed routine and which do not require the exercise of judgment under these guidelines (and therefore voted in favor) for foreign issuers include the following: (i) receiving financial statements or other reports from the board; (ii) approval of declarations of dividends; (iii) appointment of shareholders to sign board meeting minutes; (iv) discharge of management and supervisory boards; and (v) approval of share repurchase programs.

MFS generally supports the election of a director nominee standing for re-election in uncontested elections unless it can be determined that (1) he or she failed to attend at least 75% of the board and/or relevant committee meetings in the previous year without a valid reason given in the proxy materials; (2) since the last annual meeting of shareholders and without shareholder approval, the board or its compensation committee has re-priced underwater stock options; or (3) since the last annual meeting, the board has either implemented a poison pill without shareholder approval or has not taken responsive action to a majority shareholder approved resolution recommending that the "poison pill" be rescinded. MFS will also withhold its vote for, or vote against, as applicable, a director nominee standing for re-election of an issuer that has adopted an excessive compensation package for its senior executives as described above in the section entitled "Voting Guidelines-MFS' Policy on Specific Issues-Election of Directors."

MFS generally supports the election of auditors, but may determine to vote against the election of a statutory auditor in certain markets if MFS reasonably believes that the statutory auditor is not truly independent. MFS will evaluate all other items on proxies for foreign companies in the context of the guidelines described above, but will generally vote against an item if there is not sufficient information disclosed in order to make an informed voting decision.

In accordance with local law or business practices, many foreign companies prevent the sales of shares that have been voted for a certain period beginning prior to the shareholder meeting and ending on the day following the meeting ("share blocking"). Depending on the country in which a company is domiciled, the blocking period may begin a stated number of days prior to the meeting (e.g., one, three or five days) or on a date established by the company. While practices vary, in many countries the block period can be continued for a longer period if the shareholder meeting is adjourned and postponed to a later date. Similarly, practices vary widely as to the ability of a shareholder to have the "block" restriction lifted early (e.g., in some countries shares generally can be "unblocked" up to two days prior to the meeting whereas in other countries the removal of the block appears to be discretionary with the issuer's transfer agent). Due to these restrictions, MFS must balance the benefits to its clients of voting proxies against the potentially serious portfolio management consequences of a reduced flexibility to sell the underlying shares at the most advantageous time. For companies in countries with share blocking periods, the disadvantage of being unable to sell

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the stock regardless of changing conditions generally outweighs the advantages of voting at the shareholder meeting for routine items. Accordingly, MFS will not vote those proxies in the absence of an unusual, significant vote.

B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

1. MFS PROXY VOTING COMMITTEE

The administration of these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures is overseen by the MFS Proxy Voting Committee, which includes senior personnel from the MFS Legal and Global Investment Support Departments. The MFS Proxy Voting Committee:

- a. Reviews these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures at least annually and recommends any amendments considered to be necessary or advisable;
- b. Determines whether any potential material conflicts of interest exist with respect to instances in which (i) MFS seeks to override these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures and (ii) votes on ballot items not clearly governed by these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures; and
- c. Considers special proxy issues as they may arise from time to time.

2. POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The MFS Proxy Voting Committee is responsible for monitoring potential material conflicts of interest on the part of MFS or its affiliates that could arise in connection with the voting of proxies on behalf of MFS' clients. Any significant attempt to influence MFS' voting on a particular proxy matter should be reported to the MFS Proxy Voting Committee.

In cases where proxies are voted in accordance with these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, no material conflict of interest will be deemed to exist. In cases where (i) MFS is considering overriding these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, or (ii) matters presented for vote are not governed by these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, the MFS Proxy Voting Committee, or delegates, will follow these procedures:

- a. Compare the name of the issuer of such proxy against a list of significant current and potential (i) distributors of MFS Fund shares, (ii) retirement plans administered by MFS or its affiliate MFS Retirement Services, Inc. ("RSI"), and (iii) MFS institutional clients (the "MFS Significant Client List");
- b. If the name of the issuer does not appear on the MFS Significant Client List, then no material conflict of interest will be deemed to exist, and the proxy will be voted as otherwise determined by the MFS Proxy Voting Committee;
- c. If the name of the issuer appears on the MFS Significant Client List, then the MFS Proxy Voting Committee will be apprised of that fact and each member of the MFS Proxy Voting Committee will carefully evaluate the proposed vote in order to ensure that the proxy ultimately is voted in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in MFS' corporate interests; and
- d. For all potential material conflicts of interest identified under clause (c) above, the MFS Proxy Voting Committee will document: the name of the issuer, the issuer's relationship to MFS, the analysis

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of the matters submitted for proxy vote, the votes as to be cast and the reasons why the MFS Proxy Voting Committee determined that the votes were cast in the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in MFS' corporate interests. A copy of the foregoing documentation will be provided to MFS' Conflicts Officer.

The members of the MFS Proxy Voting Committee are responsible for creating and maintaining the MFS Significant Client List, in consultation with MFS' distribution, institutional business units and RSI. The MFS Significant Client List will be reviewed and updated periodically, as appropriate.

3. GATHERING PROXIES

Most proxies received by MFS and its clients originate at Automatic Data Processing Corp. ("ADP") although a few proxies are transmitted to investors by corporate issuers through their custodians or depositories. ADP and issuers send proxies and related material directly to the record holders of the shares beneficially owned by MFS' clients, usually to the client's custodian or, less commonly, to the client itself. This material will include proxy cards, reflecting the shareholdings of Funds and of clients on the record dates for such shareholder meetings, as well as proxy statements with the issuer's explanation of the items to be voted upon.

MFS, on behalf of itself and the Funds, has entered into an agreement with an independent proxy administration firm, Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc. (the "Proxy Administrator"), pursuant to which the Proxy Administrator performs various proxy vote related administrative services, such as vote processing and recordkeeping functions for MFS' Funds and institutional client accounts. The Proxy Administrator receives proxy statements and proxy cards directly or indirectly from various custodians, logs these materials into its database and matches upcoming meetings with MFS Fund and client portfolio holdings, which are input into the Proxy Administrator's system by an MFS holdings datafeed. Through the use of the Proxy Administrator system, ballots and proxy material summaries for all upcoming shareholders' meetings are available on-line to certain MFS employees and the MFS Proxy Voting Committee.

4. ANALYZING PROXIES

Proxies are voted in accordance with these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures. The Proxy Administrator at the prior direction of MFS automatically votes all proxy matters that do not require the particular exercise of discretion or judgment with respect to these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures as determined by the MFS Proxy Voting Committee. With respect to proxy matters that require the particular exercise of discretion or judgment, MFS considers and votes on those proxy matters. MFS receives research from ISS which it may take into account in deciding how to vote. In addition, MFS expects to rely on ISS to identify circumstances in which a board may have approved excessive executive compensation. Representatives of the MFS Proxy Voting Committee review, as appropriate, votes cast to ensure conformity with these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures.

As a general matter, portfolio managers and investment analysts have little or no involvement in specific votes taken by MFS. This is designed to promote consistency in the application of MFS' voting guidelines, to promote consistency in voting on the same or similar issues (for the same or for multiple issuers) across all client accounts, and to minimize the potential that proxy solicitors, issuers, or third parties might attempt to exert inappropriate influence on the vote. In limited types of votes (e.g., corporate actions, such as mergers and acquisitions), a representative of MFS Proxy Voting Committee may consult with or seek recommendations from portfolio managers or analysts.(1) However, the MFS Proxy Voting Committee would ultimately determine the manner in which all proxies are voted.

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(1) From time to time, due to travel schedules and other commitments, an appropriate portfolio manager or research analyst is not available to provide a recommendation on a merger or acquisition proposal. If such a recommendation cannot be obtained prior to the cut-off date of the shareholder meeting, certain members of the MFS Proxy Voting Committee may determine to abstain from voting.

As noted above, MFS reserves the right to override the guidelines when such an override is, in MFS' best judgment, consistent with the overall principle of voting proxies in the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients. Any such override of the guidelines shall be analyzed, documented and reported in accordance with the procedures set forth in these policies.

5. VOTING PROXIES

In accordance with its contract with MFS, the Proxy Administrator also generates a variety of reports for the MFS Proxy Voting Committee, and makes available on-line various other types of information so that the MFS Proxy Voting Committee may review and monitor the votes cast by the Proxy Administrator on behalf of MFS' clients.

C. MONITORING SYSTEM

It is the responsibility of the Proxy Administrator and MFS' Proxy Voting Committee to monitor the proxy voting process. When proxy materials for clients are received, they are forwarded to the Proxy Administrator and are input into the Proxy Administrator's system. Through an interface with the portfolio holdings database of MFS, the Proxy Administrator matches a list of all MFS Funds and clients who hold shares of a company's stock and the number of shares held on the record date with the Proxy Administrator's listing of any upcoming shareholder's meeting of that company.

When the Proxy Administrator's system "tickler" shows that the voting cut-off date of a shareholders' meeting is approaching, a Proxy Administrator representative checks that the vote for MFS Funds and clients holding that security has been recorded in the computer system. If a proxy card has not been received from the client's custodian, the Proxy Administrator calls the custodian requesting that the materials be forwarded immediately. If it is not possible to receive the proxy card from the custodian in time to be voted at the meeting, MFS may instruct the custodian to cast the vote in the manner specified and to mail the proxy directly to the issuer.

D. RECORDS RETENTION

MFS will retain copies of these MFS Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures in effect from time to time and will retain all proxy voting reports submitted to the Board of Trustees, Board of Directors and Board of Managers of the MFS Funds for the period required by applicable law. Proxy solicitation materials, including electronic versions of the proxy cards completed by representatives of the MFS Proxy Voting Committee, together with their respective notes and comments, are maintained in an electronic format by the Proxy Administrator and are accessible on-line by the MFS Proxy Voting Committee. All proxy voting materials and supporting documentation, including records generated by the Proxy Administrator's system as to proxies processed, including the dates when proxy ballots were received and submitted, and the votes on each company's proxy issues, are retained as required by applicable law.

E. REPORTS

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MFS FUNDS

MFS will report the results of its voting to the Board of Trustees, Board of Directors and Board of Managers of the MFS Funds. These reports will include: (i) a summary of how votes were cast; (ii) a review of situations where MFS did not vote in accordance with the guidelines and the rationale therefore; (iii) a review of the procedures used by MFS to identify material conflicts of interest; and (iv) a review of these policies and the guidelines and, as necessary or appropriate, any proposed modifications thereto to reflect new developments in corporate governance and other issues. Based on these reviews, the Trustees, Directors and Managers of the MFS Funds will consider possible modifications to these policies to the extent necessary or advisable.

ALL MFS ADVISORY CLIENTS

At any time, a report can be printed by MFS for each client who has requested that MFS furnish a record of votes cast. The report specifies the proxy issues which have been voted for the client during the year and the position taken with respect to each issue.

Generally, MFS will not divulge actual voting practices to any party other than the client or its representatives (unless required by applicable law) because we consider that information to be confidential and proprietary to the client.

ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

GENERAL. Information regarding the portfolio manager(s) of the MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the "Fund") is set forth below.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER -----	PRIMARY ROLE -----	SINCE -----	TITLE AND FIVE Y -----
Richard O. Hawkins	Lead Portfolio Manager	April 2006	Senior Vice Pr MFS; employed investment man area of MFS si
John Addeo	High Yield Debt Securities Portfolio Manager	2005	Vice President employed in th investment man area of MFS si
James J. Calmas	High Grade Debt Securities Portfolio Manager	2005	Senior Vice Pr MFS; employed investment man of MFS since 1
Matthew W. Ryan	Emerging Markets Debt Securities Portfolio Manager	2004	Senior Vice Pr MFS; employed investment man of MFS since 1
David P. Cole	High Yield Debt Securities Portfolio Manager	October 2006	Vice President employed in th investment man area of MFS si High Yield Ana Franklin Templ Investments fr 2004.

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COMPENSATION. Portfolio manager total cash compensation is a combination of base salary and performance bonus:

- o Base Salary - Base salary represents a smaller percentage of portfolio manager total cash compensation (generally below 33%) than incentive compensation.
- o Performance Bonus - Generally, incentive compensation represents a majority of portfolio manager total cash compensation. The performance bonus is based on a combination of quantitative and qualitative factors, with more weight given to the former (generally over 60 %) and less weight given to the latter.

>> The quantitative portion is based on pre-tax performance of all of the accounts managed by the portfolio manager (which includes the Fund and any other accounts managed by the portfolio manager) over a one-, three- and five-year period relative to the appropriate Lipper peer group universe and/or one or more benchmark indices with respect to each account. Primary weight is given to portfolio performance over a three-year time period with lesser consideration given to portfolio performance over one- and five-year periods (adjusted as appropriate if the portfolio manager has served for shorter periods).

>> The qualitative portion is based on the results of an annual internal peer review process (conducted by other portfolio managers, analysts and traders) and management's assessment of overall portfolio manager contributions to investor relations and the investment process (distinct from fund and other account performance).

Portfolio managers also typically benefit from the opportunity to participate in the MFS Equity Plan. Equity interests and/or options to acquire equity interests in MFS or its parent company are awarded by management, on a discretionary basis, taking into account tenure at MFS, contribution to the investment process, and other factors.

Finally, portfolio managers are provided with a benefits package including a defined contribution plan, health coverage and other insurance, which are available to other employees of MFS on substantially similar terms. The percentage such benefits represent of any portfolio manager's compensation depends upon the length of the individual's tenure at MFS and salary level, as well as other factors.

OWNERSHIP OF FUND SHARES. The following table shows the dollar range of equity securities of the Fund beneficially owned by the Fund's portfolio manager as of the Fund's fiscal year ended October 31, 2007. The following dollar ranges apply:

- N. None
- A. \$1 - \$10,000
- B. \$10,001 - \$50,000
- C. \$50,001 - \$100,000
- D. \$100,001 - \$500,000
- E. \$500,001 - \$1,000,000
- F. Over \$1,000,000

NAME OF PORTFOLIO MANAGER

DOLLAR RANGE OF EQUITY SECURITIES IN FUND

Richard O. Hawkins

N

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John Addeo	N
James J. Calmas	N
Matthew W. Ryan	N
David P. Cole	N

OTHER ACCOUNTS. In addition to the Fund, the Fund's portfolio manager is responsible (either individually or jointly) for the day-to-day management of certain other accounts, the number and total assets of which as of the Fund's fiscal year ended October 31, 2007 were as follows:

NAME	REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES		OTHER POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLES		OTHER ACC
	NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS*	TOTAL ASSETS*	NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS	TOTAL ASSETS	NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS
Richard O. Hawkins	11	\$24.8 billion	0	N/A	1
John Addeo	14	\$4.9 billion	3	\$518.8 million	2
James J. Calmas	6	\$2.0 billion	4	\$549.9 million	2
Matthew W. Ryan	13	\$4.2 billion	3	\$2.6 billion	5
David P. Cole	11	\$4.5 billion	2	\$238.2 million	0

 * Includes the Fund.

Advisory fees are not based upon performance of any of the accounts identified in the table above.

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST. MFS seeks to identify potential conflicts of interest resulting from a portfolio manager's management of both the Fund and other accounts, and has adopted policies and procedures designed to address such potential conflicts.

The management of multiple funds and accounts (including proprietary accounts) may give rise to potential conflicts of interest if the funds and accounts have different objectives and strategies, benchmarks, time horizons and fees as a portfolio manager must allocate his or her time and investment ideas across multiple funds and accounts. In certain instances there may be securities which are suitable for the Fund's portfolio as well as for accounts of MFS or its subsidiaries with similar investment objectives. A Fund's trade allocation policies may give rise to conflicts of interest if the Fund's orders do not get fully executed or are delayed in getting executed due to being aggregated with those of other accounts of MFS or its subsidiaries. A portfolio manager may execute transactions for another fund or account that may adversely impact the value of the Fund's investments. Investments selected for funds or accounts other than the Fund may outperform investments selected for the Fund.

When two or more clients are simultaneously engaged in the purchase or sale of the same security, the securities are allocated among clients in a manner believed by MFS to be fair and equitable to each. It is recognized that in some cases this system could have a detrimental effect on the price or volume of the security as far as the Fund is concerned. In most cases, however, MFS believes that the Fund's ability to participate in volume transactions will produce better executions for the Fund.

MFS does not receive a performance fee for its management of the Fund. As a

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result, MFS and/or a portfolio manager may have a financial incentive to allocate favorable or limited opportunity investments or structure the timing of investments to favor accounts other than the Fund - for instance, those that pay a higher advisory fee and/or have a performance fee.

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS.

=====				
MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST				
PERIOD	(A) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED	(B) AVERAGE PRICE PAID PER SHARE	(C) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED AS PART OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED PLANS OR PROGRAMS	(D) MAXIMUM (OR APPROPRIATE) DOLLAR VALUE SHARES THAT MAY BE PURCHASED UNDER THE PLANS
=====				
11/1/06-11/30/06	0	N/A	0	6,811
12/1/06-12/31/06	0	N/A	0	6,811
1/1/07-1/31/07	0	N/A	0	6,811
2/1/07-2/28/07	0	N/A	0	6,811
3/1/07-3/31/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
4/1/07-4/30/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
5/1/07-5/31/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
6/1/07-6/30/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
7/1/07-7/31/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
8/1/07-8/31/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
9/1/07-9/30/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
10/1/07-10/31/07	0	N/A	0	7,907
TOTAL	0	N/A	0	
=====				

Note: The Board of Trustees approves procedures to repurchase shares annually. The notification to shareholders of the program is part of the semi-annual and annual reports sent to shareholders. These annual programs begin on March 1st of each year. The programs conform to the conditions of Rule 10b-18 of the securities Exchange Act of 1934 and limit the aggregate number of shares that may be purchased in each annual period (March 1 through the following February 28) to 10% of the Registrant's outstanding shares as of the first day of the plan year (March 1). The aggregate number of shares available for purchase for the March 1, 2007 plan year is 7,907,745.

ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

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There were no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may send recommendations to the Board for nominees to the Registrant's Board since the Registrant last provided disclosure as to such procedures in response to the requirements of Item 7(d)(2)(ii)(G) of Schedule 14A.

ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) Based upon their evaluation of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act")) as conducted within 90 days of the filing date of this Form N-CSR, the registrant's principal financial officer and principal executive officer have concluded that those disclosure controls and procedures provide reasonable assurance that the material information required to be disclosed by the registrant on this report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Act) that occurred during the second fiscal quarter covered by the report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS.

- (a) File the exhibits listed below as part of this form. Letter or number the exhibits in the sequence indicated.
 - (1) Any code of ethics, or amendment thereto, that is the subject of the disclosure required by Item 2, to the extent that the registrant intends to satisfy the Item 2 requirements through filing of an exhibit: Code of Ethics attached hereto.
 - (2) A separate certification for each principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the registrant as required by Rule 30a-2 under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-2): Attached hereto.
 - (3) Any written solicitation to purchase securities under Rule 23c-1 under the Act sent or given during the period covered by the report by or on behalf of the Registrant to 10 or more persons. Not applicable.
- (b) If the report is filed under Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, provide the certifications required by Rule 30a-2(b) under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-2(b)), Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13a-14(b) or 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350) as an exhibit. A certification furnished pursuant to this paragraph will not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78r), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference: Attached hereto.

NOTICE

A copy of the Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust of the Registrant is on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and notice is hereby given that this instrument is executed on behalf of the Registrant by an officer of the Registrant as an officer and not individually and the obligations of or arising out of this instrument are not binding upon any of the Trustees or shareholders individually, but are binding only upon the

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assets and property of the respective constituent series of the Registrant.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

By (Signature and Title)* MARIA F. DWYER

Maria F. Dwyer, President

Date: December 17, 2007

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title)* MARIA F. DWYER

Maria F. Dwyer, President (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: December 17, 2007

By (Signature and Title)* TRACY ATKINSON

Tracy Atkinson, Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Accounting Officer)

Date: December 17, 2007

* Print name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.