

HAEMONETICS CORP
Form DEF 14A
June 10, 2011

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
SCHEDULE 14A
(Rule 14a-101)
Information Required in Proxy Statement
Schedule 14A Information
Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant **p**
Filed by a Party other than the Registrant **o**
Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

HAEMONETICS CORPORATION

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- No fee required.
- Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

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(1) Amount Previously Paid:

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HAEMONETICS CORPORATION

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders

July 21, 2011

To the Stockholders:

The Annual Meeting of our Stockholders will be held on Thursday, July 21, 2011 at 10:00 a.m. at our Corporate Offices located at 400 Wood Road, Braintree, Massachusetts for the following purposes:

1. To elect three Directors as more fully described in the accompanying Proxy Statement.
2. To consider and act upon a proposal to approve an amendment and extension of the Haemonetics Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan
3. To consider and act upon an advisory vote regarding our executive compensation philosophy, policies, programs and procedures, and the compensation of our named executive officers.
4. To consider and act upon an advisory vote on the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers.
5. To ratify the selection of Ernst & Young LLP as independent registered public accountants for fiscal year 2012.
6. To consider and act upon any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

The Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on June 3, 2011 as the record date for the meeting. All stockholders of record on that date are entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting.

Whether or not you plan to attend the meeting, please complete and return the enclosed proxy in the envelope provided *or* vote by telephone or the Internet pursuant to instructions provided with the proxy.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Alicia R. Lopez
Secretary

Braintree, Massachusetts
June 10, 2011

**HAEMONETICS CORPORATION
PROXY STATEMENT**

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GENERAL INFORMATION

This Proxy Statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors of Haemonetics Corporation (the Company) for use at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the Meeting) to be held on Thursday, July 21, 2011 at the time and place set forth in the Notice of Meeting, and at any adjournment thereof.

On approximately June 10, 2011, the Company began mailing to stockholders either this Proxy Statement or a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials containing instructions on how to access proxy materials via the Internet and how to vote online at <https://www.proxyvotenow.com/hae>. Stockholders who have received a Notice of Internet Availability can request a paper copy of the proxy materials by contacting our transfer agent, Registrar and Transfer Company, at 10 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey 07016. There is no charge to you for requesting a copy.

Voting

If a proxy is properly delivered, it will be voted in the manner directed by the stockholder. This year, stockholders have the ability to choose from four means of voting: (1) mailing of a proxy card, (2) via telephone, by calling 1-866-564-2331, (3) via Internet, by using <https://www.proxyvotenow.com/hae>, or (4) in person at the Meeting. If no instructions are specified with respect to any particular matter to be acted upon, the proxy will be voted in favor of the election of directors as set forth in this Proxy Statement and FOR Items 2 and 5 listed in the Notice of the Meeting. For both Internet and telephone voting you will have the ability to confirm that your vote has been properly recorded.

Any person delivering a proxy has the power to revoke it by voting in person at the Meeting or by giving written notice of revocation to the Secretary of the Company at any time before the proxy is exercised. Alternatively, any person wishing to revoke a vote submitted by telephone or Internet may (a) simply re-vote in the same manner and the last received vote cast will be recorded in the final tally or (b) vote in person at the Meeting.

Directions to the Meeting may be obtained by contacting Investor Relations. If calling from within the United States, please call (800) 225-5242 extension 9613. International callers, please use (781) 356-9613.

To contact us in writing:

Haemonetics Corporation
Attn: Investor Relations
400 Wood Road
Braintree, MA 02184

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Stockholder Meeting to be Held on July 21, 2011

The Company's 2011 Annual Report, this Proxy Statement, and a form of proxy are available at <http://www.proxyvotenow.com/hae>.

Quorum

A majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter must be present in person or be represented by proxy at the Meeting in order to constitute a quorum for the election of any director or for the consideration of any question.

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The election of the nominees for director will be decided by plurality vote. To approve all other Items listed in the Notice of Meeting, it is necessary that the votes cast favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action.

Abstentions and non-votes are counted as present in determining whether the quorum requirement is satisfied. A non-vote occurs when a nominee holding shares for a beneficial owner is present

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or represented at the Meeting but does not vote on a particular matter. Abstentions and broker non-votes will not be taken into account in determining the outcome of any Item, including the election of directors.

If you are a beneficial owner whose shares are held of record by a broker, your broker has discretionary voting authority under New York Stock Exchange rules to vote your shares only on the ratification of Ernst & Young LLP. However, NYSE rules do not permit brokers to vote on the election of directors or any other matter which relates to executive compensation without instructions from you, in which case a broker non-vote will occur and your shares will not be voted on these matters. **Accordingly, it is particularly important that beneficial owners instruct their brokers how they wish to vote their shares.**

However, under a policy adopted by the Board of Directors, in an uncontested election, any nominee for director who does not receive the favorable vote of at least a majority of the votes cast with respect to such director is required to tender his or her resignation to the Board of Directors. For purposes of the policy, a majority of votes cast means that the number of shares voted for a director's election exceeds 50% of the number of votes cast with respect to that director's election.

Votes cast include votes to withhold authority and exclude abstentions with respect to that director's election.

The Nominating and Governance Committee will make a recommendation to the Board as to whether to accept or reject the resignation, or whether other action should be taken. The Board will act on the committee's recommendation and publicly disclose its decision, and the rationale behind it, within 90 days from the date of the certification of the election results. The director who tenders his or her resignation will not participate in the committee's recommendation or in the Board's decision.

If a majority of the members of the committee fail to receive a majority vote in the same election, then the independent directors on the full Board of Directors shall appoint a committee from among themselves to consider the resignations and recommend to the Board whether to accept them.

If a director's resignation is not accepted by the Board of Directors, the director shall continue to serve for the balance of the term for which he or she was elected and until his or her successor is duly elected, or his or her earlier resignation or removal.

If a director's resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors, then the Board of Directors may fill any resulting vacancy pursuant to the by-laws of the Company or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors pursuant to the by-laws of the Company.

Solicitation of Proxies

The Company will bear the cost of this solicitation and we have retained The Proxy Advisory Group, LLC to solicit proxies for a fee of less than \$15,000 plus a reasonable amount to cover expenses. Regular employees, none of whom will receive any extra compensation for their activities, or directors of the Company may also solicit proxies by telephone, e-mail or in person and arrange for brokerage houses and their custodians, nominees and fiduciaries to send proxies and proxy materials to their principals at the expense of the Company. The Company's principal executive offices are located at 400 Wood Road, Braintree, Massachusetts, USA 02184-9114, telephone number (781) 848-7100.

Record Date and Voting

Only stockholders of record at the close of business on June 3, 2011 are entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. On that date, the Company had outstanding and entitled to vote 25,768,462 shares of common stock with a par value of \$.01 per share. Each outstanding share entitles the record holder to one vote on each of the director nominees and one vote on each other matter.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Structure of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors oversees, directs and counsels executive management in conducting the business in the long-term interests of the Company and the stockholders. The Board's responsibilities include:

- Reviewing and approving the Company's financial and strategic objectives, operating plans and significant actions, including acquisitions;
- Overseeing the conduct of the business and compliance with applicable laws and ethical standards;
- Overseeing the processes which maintain the integrity of our financial statements and public disclosures;
- Selecting, evaluating and determining the compensation of senior management, including the Chief Executive Officer; and
- Developing succession plans for position of Chief Executive Officer and the Board, in addition to oversight of similar planning for senior management.

The Board of Directors has nine members, comprised of eight independent directors and Chief Executive Officer, Brian Concannon. The independent directors are organized into three standing committees: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, and the Governance and Nominating Committee. This past year, leadership was provided by an independent Lead Director and, until his retirement, an Executive Chairman. The Executive Chairman, Brad Nutter, presided over meetings of the Board and stockholders, prepared meeting agendas in consultation with senior management and the Lead Director, evaluated Director candidates. After Mr. Nutter's retirement in November 2010, our Lead Director, Ronald Gelbman, assumed these duties and continued to manage the Board's process for self-assessment and evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer, preside over executive sessions of the non-management directors, and brief, as appropriate, management directors about the results of such executive sessions. On June 3, 2011, Richard J. Meelia was elected to the Board of Directors as Non-Executive Chairman of the Board, and has now assumed the board leadership role.

The Board's Role in Risk Management. The Board is responsible for oversight of the Company's Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) program. The Board focuses on the quality and scope of the Company's risk management strategies, considers the most significant areas of risk inherent in the Company's business strategies and operations, and ensures that appropriate risk mitigation programs are implemented by management. The Board reviews with management (a) the Company's development and implementation of programs and policies with respect to risk identification, assessment and mitigation, (b) its system of monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of these programs and policies and (c) the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Board is also apprised of risk in connection with its general oversight of corporate matters and in its consideration of major business strategies and board decisions.

In addition to the full Board's oversight of the Company's ERM program, Board committees consider discrete categories of risk relating to their respective areas of responsibility. All committees report to the full Board as appropriate, including when a matter rises to the level of a material or enterprise level risk.

The Board also holds executive management responsible for day-to-day risk management. The Chief Executive Officer has overall responsibility for development and maintenance of management's ERM program. Management responsibility for discrete areas of material risk is also assigned to relevant executives. The Legal, Compliance,

Quality, Regulatory, and Finance functions support the ERM program through administration of programs and policies. This responsibility also includes identifying, evaluating, and addressing potential risks that may exist at the enterprise, strategic, financial, operational,

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compliance and reporting levels. The Internal Audit group (known internally as Corporate Analysis & Control), which reports directly to the Audit Committee of the Board, serves as the primary monitoring and testing function for compliance with company-wide policies and procedures.

The Company believes that the division of risk management responsibilities described above constitutes an effective program for addressing the risks inherent in the operation of the Company and the achievement of its business vision.

Meetings. The Board of Directors meets four times per year in regular meetings to address the following areas in addition to routine or special business: spring meeting (Annual Operating Plan); summer meeting (Governance), fall meeting (Strategic Plan) and winter meeting (Succession Plan). During the last fiscal year, there were a total of eight (8) meetings of the full Board of Directors of the Company, which included the four (4) regular meetings and four (4) special meetings. All of the directors attended at least 75% of the aggregate of (i) the total number of meetings of the full Board of Directors held while he or she was a director, and (ii) the total number of meetings held by Committees of the Board of Directors on which they served. All directors are strongly encouraged to attend the Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Executive Sessions. Executive sessions of the non-management directors are generally held at the beginning and end of each board meeting. During fiscal year 2011, the Lead Director of the Board of Directors, Ronald Gelbman, presided over all such executive sessions.

Committees of the Board

Compensation The Board of Directors has a Compensation Committee composed of independent directors who are not employees of the Company. Currently, the members of the Compensation Committee are Pedro Granadillo, Chairman, Susan Bartlett Foote, Ronald Merriman, and Paul Black (who joined in January 2011). The Compensation Committee has overall responsibility for evaluating and approving the compensation plans, policies and programs of the Company related to the chief executive officer and his direct reports and administers the Company's 2005 Long-term Incentive Plan. During the last fiscal year, there were a total of five (5) meetings of the Compensation Committee, which included four (4) regular meetings and one (1) special meeting.

The Committee specifically:

- determines the Company's compensation philosophy and policy for the chief executive officer and other senior management;

- ensures that the Board annually reviews and approves corporate goals and objectives relevant to the chief executive officer's compensation;

- annually reviews and approves the relevant peer groups to be used for compensation comparison purposes and regularly reviews the competitive standing of all components of executive compensation;

- reviews and approves compensation of the chief executive officer and his direct reports;

- reviews and approves senior management employment agreements, severance arrangements, and change in control agreements/provisions, in each case as, when and if appropriate, along with any executive benefits beyond those provided to other employees;

- obtains and reviews market data for all components of director compensation, and provides such market data and its recommendations as input to the Nominating & Governance Committee's decision on director

compensation;

approves the grant of equity awards to officers, employees and directors under the Company's incentive compensation plans and agreements the Committee determines eligibility, the number and type of awards available for grant, and the terms and conditions of such grants;

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reviews and approves statements to stockholders on compensation matters which are required by the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the review of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis to be included in the Company's proxy statement; and

has the sole authority to retain and terminate any consultant to be used to assist in the evaluation of executive and director compensation and has the sole authority to approve the consultant's fees and other retention terms. The Compensation Committee also has the authority to obtain advice and assistance from internal or external legal, accounting or other advisors.

Audit The Board of Directors has an Audit Committee composed of independent directors who are not employees of the Company. Currently, the members of the Audit Committee are Ronald Merriman, Chairman, Lawrence Best, Ronald Gelbman, and Paul Black (who joined in January 2011). The Board has determined that service by Ronald Merriman on the audit committees of three other public companies while he is serving on our Audit Committee does not impair Mr. Merriman's ability to effectively serve on our Audit Committee. During the last fiscal year, there were a total of ten (10) meetings of the Audit Committee, which included four (4) regular meetings and six (6) special meetings.

The Audit Committee:

provides general oversight of the Company's financial reporting and disclosure practices, system of internal controls, and processes for monitoring compliance by the Company with Company policies;

is directly responsible for the appointment (subject to stockholder ratification), termination, and compensation of the independent registered public accounting firm;

reviews with the Company's independent registered public accounting firm the scope of the audit for the year and the results of the audit when completed;

reviews with the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and internal finance function various matters relating to internal accounting controls; and

reviews with the Company's corporate control and analysis function, which has responsibility for internal audit, various matters relating to risk assessment and remediation.

Governance The Board of Directors has a Nominating and Governance Committee composed of independent directors who are not employees of the Company. Currently, the members of the Nominating and Governance Committee are Ronald Gelbman, Chairman, Pedro Granadillo, Mark Kroll, and Susan Bartlett Foote. The Nominating and Governance Committee recommends nominees for election as directors to the full Board of Directors. During the last fiscal year, there were a total of six (6) meetings of the Nominating and Governance Committee, which included four (4) regular meetings and two (2) special meetings.

The Nominating and Governance Committee:

considers recommendations for nominees for directorships submitted by stockholders, directors and members of management;

recommends to the Board a set of corporate governance principles applicable to the Company;

periodically reviews the Company's corporate governance practices and recommends appropriate changes as applicable; and

in collaboration with the Compensation Committee, recommends changes to board compensation based on outside market data and independent consultant recommendations.

Board Composition and the Director Nomination Process

The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing and assessing the appropriate skills, experience, and background required for the Company's Board of Directors. Because our

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business operates in regulated healthcare markets around the globe and encompasses research, manufacturing, and marketing functions which are subject to technological and market changes, the skills, experience, and background which are needed are diverse.

While the priority and emphasis of each factor change to take into account the needs of the Company, changes to the business and external trends, an assessment of Board members includes factors such as independence, experience in key business disciplines, industry background, age, gender and ethnic diversity. We do not expect directors to have the same skills and experience. The aim is to have diverse portfolio of talents and backgrounds which match those needed by the Company. The committee and the Board review and assess the importance of these factors as part of the Board's annual self-assessment process to ensure they continue to advance the Company's goal of creating and sustaining a Board of Directors which can support and effectively oversee the Company's business.

The Nominating and Governance Committee reviews and evaluates all director nominations in the same manner. Stockholders who wish to submit candidates for consideration as nominees may submit an appropriate letter and resume to the Secretary of the Company at the Company's executive offices in Braintree, Massachusetts.

When identifying director nominees, the Nominating and Governance Committee will consider the following minimum criteria:

the nominee's reputation, integrity, independence of thought and judgment, financial sophistication, leadership and (for New York Stock Exchange and Securities and Exchange Commission purposes) independence;

the nominee's skills and business, personal and professional accomplishments, government or other professional experience and acumen, bearing in mind the composition of the Board, the current state of the Company and the markets in which the Company is active at the time;

the number of other public companies for which the nominee serves as a director;

the extent to which the nominee is prepared to participate fully in Board activities, including at least one Board committee and attendance at, and active participation in, meetings of the Board and the committee(s) of which he or she is a member, and not have other commitments that would, in the judgment of the Committee, interfere with or limit his or her ability to do so;

the extent to which the nominee helps the Board reflect the diversity and interests of the Company's stockholders, employees, customers and communities;

the willingness of the nominee to meet the Company's stock ownership requirements for directors;

the nominee's knowledge of one or more segments of the Company's business; and

the nominee's commitment to increasing stockholder value in the Company.

In the case of current directors being considered for re-nomination, the Nominating and Governance Committee will also take into consideration the director's history of attendance at Board and committee meetings, tenure as a member of the Board, and preparation for and participation in such meetings.

The Company's nomination process for new Board members is as follows:

The Nominating and Governance Committee or other Board member identifies a need to add a new Board member who meets specific criteria or to fill a vacancy on the Board.

The Nominating and Governance Committee initiates a search seeking input from Board members and senior management and hiring a search firm, if necessary.

The Nominating and Governance Committee considers recommendations for nominees for directorships submitted by stockholders.

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The initial list of candidates that will satisfy specific criteria and otherwise qualify for membership on the Board, are identified and presented to the Nominating and Governance Committee, or its delegate, which evaluates the candidates.

The Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee, the Chief Executive Officer, and at least one other member of the Nominating and Governance Committee interview top candidates.

The full Board is kept informed of progress.

The Nominating and Governance Committee may offer other Board members the opportunity to interview the candidates and then meets to consider and approve the final candidates.

The Nominating and Governance Committee seeks full Board endorsement of the final candidates.

The final candidates are nominated by the Board or appointed to fill a vacancy.

Communications with the Board of Directors

Interested parties and stockholders may communicate with the Board of Directors, or the non-management directors as a group, or any individual director by sending communications to the attention of the Secretary of the Company, Alicia R. Lopez, who will forward such communications to the Non-Executive Chairman. Communications may also be sent via the Company's website: <http://www.haemonetics.com/site/content/about/contact.asp>.

Corporate Governance Principles and Board Matters

The Company's Code of Business Conduct, Governance Principles and the Charters of the Audit, the Compensation, and the Nominating and Governance committees may be viewed on the Company's website at <http://phx.corporate-ir.net/phoenix.zhtml?c=72118&p=irol-govHighlights> and printed copies can be obtained by contacting the Secretary at the Company's headquarters.

Board Independence

The Board has determined that each of the directors who has served since the beginning of fiscal year 2011, with the exception of Mr. Nutter and Mr. Concannon, has no material relationship with the Company and is independent within the meaning of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the New York Stock Exchange director independence standards in effect.

ITEM 1 ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Articles of Organization of the Company, the Board of Directors is divided into three classes, with each class being as nearly equal in number as possible. One class of directors is elected each year for a term of three years and until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified or until their death, resignation or removal. The terms of Lawrence Best, Brian Concannon, and Ronald Merriman are expiring at this annual meeting.

The persons named in the accompanying proxy will vote, unless authority is withheld, for the election of the nominees named below. If any such nominees should become unavailable for election, which is not anticipated, the persons named in the accompanying proxy will vote for such substitutes as the Board of Directors may recommend. Should

the Board of Directors not recommend a substitute for any nominee, the proxy will be voted for the election of the remaining nominees. The nominees are not related to each other or to any executive officer of the Company or its subsidiaries.

The Board of Directors believes election of Lawrence C. Best, Brian Concannon, and Ronald L. Merriman Directors of the Company for the ensuing 3 years is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders and recommends a vote FOR such nominees.

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Nominees for terms ending in 2011

Name, Age, and Board Data	Position, Principal Occupation, Business Experience and Directorships
<p>Lawrence C. Best Age 61 First elected Director in 2003 Serving a term ending in 2011</p>	<p>Current Chairman of OXO Capital LLC.</p> <p>Between 1992 and 2007, Mr. Best served as Executive Vice President and CFO for Boston Scientific, a worldwide medical device manufacturer. Previously partner at Ernst & Young, accounting firm specializing in serving multinational companies in the high technology and life sciences fields. 1979 to 1981, two year fellowship at the Securities and Exchange Commission and one-year term as White House-appointed Presidential Exchange Executive.</p> <p>Currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Myriad Genetics, Inc. and on the President's Council of Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston.</p> <p>Previously served as a member of the Board of Directors of Biogen Idec, Inc. Mr. Best's experience as a public company chief financial officer provides expertise in corporate leadership, financial management, business development transactions and strategic planning.</p>
<p>Brian Concannon Age 53 First elected Director in 2009 Serving a term ending 2011</p>	<p>April 2009 to present, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.</p> <p>2007 to April 2009, Chief Operating Officer of the Company.</p> <p>2006 to 2007, President of Global Markets for the Company.</p> <p>2003 to 2006, President, Patient Division for the Company.</p> <p>1998 to 2003, increasingly responsible positions at Cardinal Health Medical Products and Services, including President, Northeast Region.</p> <p>1985 to 1998, increasingly responsible positions in sales, marketing, and operations at American Hospital Supply Corporation, Baxter Healthcare Corp. and Allegiance Healthcare.</p> <p>Mr. Concannon's role as Chief Executive Officer provides the Board with a deep understanding of the Company's business and products, while his sales, marketing, and operations experience provides insight into the Company's products, strategic planning process and operational effectiveness</p>

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Name, Age, and Board Data

Position, Principal Occupation, Business Experience and Directorships

Ronald L. Merriman
 Age 66
 First elected Director in 2005
 Serving a term ending in 2011

Retired Vice Chair of KPMG where his role was leader of the health care and life sciences business as well as he held various positions including membership on the Executive Management Committee, managing partner of the firm's Global Health Care Business, Board Member, and Senior Partner. 2003 to 2010, managing partner of Merriman Partners, a business consulting firm.
 2000 to 2003, Managing Director of O Melveny & Myers LLP.
 1999 to 2000, Executive Vice President of Carlson Wagonlit Travel.
 1997 to 1999, Executive Vice President of Ambassador International, Inc.
 Currently a member of the Board of Directors and chair of the Audit Committee and member of the Nominating and Governance Committee of Aircastle Limited, a publicly traded aircraft leasing company; member of the Board of Directors and chair of the Audit Committee and member of the International Committee of Pentair, Inc., a publicly traded global diversified industrial company and a member of the Board, Governance and Nominating Committee, Strategic Planning Committee and Audit Committee of Realty Income Corporation, a publicly traded real estate investment trust.
 Previously served as a director of Cardio Dynamics International from July 2003 to July 2005 and as a director of Corautus Genetics, Inc. from April 2004 to May 2005.
 Mr. Merriman's experience on public company audit committees and as an executive at a major audit firm provides the board with expertise in financial management, enterprise risk management and operational controls and effectiveness.

Sitting Board Members

Ronald G. Gelbman
 Age 63
 First elected Director in 2000
 Serving a term ending in 2012

1998 to his retirement in 2000, Johnson & Johnson Worldwide Chairman of the Health Systems and Diagnostics Group and member of the Executive Committee.
 1994 to 1998, Johnson & Johnson Worldwide Chairman, Pharmaceuticals and Diagnostics and member of the Executive Committee.
 1972 to 1994, various senior level positions throughout the Johnson and Johnson organization.
 Currently a member of the Board of Directors of Sarasota Memorial Healthcare Foundation, and the SunTrust Southwest Florida Board of Advisors; Trustee at Rollins College, and Out-of-Door Academy College Preparatory School.
 Mr. Gelbman brings to the Board years of international executive leadership, operations management experience in global healthcare markets, strategic planning skills and marketing expertise.

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Name, Age, and Board Data

Position, Principal Occupation, Business Experience and Directorships

Paul M. Black

Age 53
 First elected Director in 2011
 Serving a term ending in 2012

Since January 2011, Operating Executive of Genstar Capital, LLC, a San Francisco based private equity firm.
 2007 to present, Senior Advisor at New Mountain Capital, LLC, a New York based private equity and public equity capital management firm.
 1994 to 2007, Chief Operating Officer, Cerner Corporation, a public health care information technology company.
 Currently a member of the Board at Connexions, Inc., a private health care services company ; Saepio Technologies, Inc., a private marketing asset management technology company ; Netsmart Technologies, a private software and services provider for health and human services organization.
 Board chair of Truman Medical Centers and Board member of The 3 and 2 Baseball Club of Johnson County.
 Formerly a Board member of Perceptive Software, Inmar, Inc., and Overland Solutions.
 Mr. Black brings to the Board deep expertise in deploying and leveraging information technologies in healthcare delivery applications.

Richard J. Meelia

Age 62
 Appointed Director in 2011
 Serving a term ending in 2012

Since July 2007 to his retirement in July 2011, Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of Covidien plc, a global healthcare products company.
 1995 to July 2007, President of Tyco Healthcare, the healthcare business which was spun off from its parent company, Tyco International, to form Covidien plc in July 2007.
 1991 to 1995, Group President of Kendall Healthcare Products Company, a \$450 million healthcare business, which was an early component of the Tyco Healthcare business.
 1987 to 1990, President of Infusaid, Inc., a division of Pfizer.
 1973 to 1987, in several different roles including Vice President of Sales and Marketing at American Hospital Supply Corporation/Kendall McGaw.
 Currently, member of the Board of Directors of Triangle, Inc., a career empowerment network for people with disabilities, member of the Board of Governors of Tufts Medical Center, and member of the Board of Trustees of St. Anselm College and Massachusetts Hospital School.
 Since 2008, Chairman of the Board of Directors of Covidien, plc.
 Served on the Company's Board of Directors from 2005 to 2008.
 Mr. Meelia provides the Board many years of leadership experience in the global healthcare industry, including expertise in strategic planning, market development, and international operations.

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Name, Age, and Board Data

Position, Principal Occupation, Business Experience and Directorships

Susan Bartlett Foote

Age 64
 First elected Director in 2004
 Serving a term ending in 2013

2009 to Present, Professor Emeritus, Division of Health Policy and Management for the School of Public Health, University of Minnesota
 1999 to 2009, Professor, Division of Health Policy and Management, School of Public Health, University of Minnesota. 1999 to 2006, Associate Professor and from 1999 to 2005 Division Head.
 1996 to 1999, President, Public Policy Partners, a health policy consulting firm.
 1995 a Partner in the law firm of Dorsey & Whitney.
 1991 to 1994, a Senior Health Policy Analyst for the United States Senate.
 1982 to 1993, Associate Professor of Business & Public Policy at the University of California at Berkeley.
 Currently, member of the California State Bar Association; board of Directors of Banner Health; and Board Member of the Medical Technology Leadership Forum.
 Professor Foote brings to the Board policy expertise in both health care and corporate responsibility, as well as experience with our hospital customers from her background in public service, academia and hospital board of director service

Pedro P. Granadillo

Age 64
 First elected Director in 2004
 Serving a term ending in 2013

2008 to 2010, Chairman of the Board, Tigris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a biotechnology company.
 1998 to his retirement in 2004, Senior Vice President of Eli Lilly & Company with responsibility for manufacturing, quality and human resources and member of the Executive Committee.
 1993 to 1998, Vice President, Human Resources at Eli Lilly & Company.
 1970 to 1998 various senior positions at Eli Lilly & Company in manufacturing including thirteen years in Europe.
 Currently, member of the Board of Directors of Nile Therapeutics, a pharmaceutical company, Dendreon Corporation, a biotechnology company, and NPS Pharmaceuticals, a biotechnology company.
 Mr. Granadillo's experience as a global human resources, manufacturing and quality executive and private company board chairman provides the Company with operational expertise, international experience and skills in evaluating organizational capability and succession plans.

Mark W. Kroll, Ph.D.

Age 58
 First elected Director in 2006
 Serving a term ending in 2013

1995 to his retirement in 2005, with St. Jude Medical, Inc.; senior level positions including 2001 to 2005 as Chief Technology Officer of the Cardiac Rhythm Management Division and 1999 to 2001 as Senior Vice President for Technology and Design.
 Adjunct Full Professor of Biomedical Engineering at the California Polytechnic State University (emeritus), and Adjunct Full Professor of Biomedical Engineering at the University of Minnesota. Awarded 2010 Career Achievement Award in Biomedical Engineering which is the highest international award in biomedical engineering.
 Currently, serves on the Board of Directors for TASER International, Inc., a safety technologies company, and NewCardio Inc., a electrocardiography

company.

Dr. Kroll provides the Board with deep knowledge in the areas of medical innovation and technology, in addition to his public company board experience.

Table of Contents**SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS, DIRECTORS, AND MANAGEMENT**

The following table sets forth, as of May 20, 2011, certain information with respect to beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock by: (i) each person known by the Company to own beneficially more than five percent of the Company's common stock; (ii) each of the Company's directors and nominees and each of the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table in this Proxy Statement; and (iii) all directors and executive officers as a group.

Ownership Table

Name of Beneficial Owner	Title of Class	Amount & Nature Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Brian P. Concannon(1)	Common Stock	257,212	1.0%
Christopher Lindop(2)	Common Stock	96,327	0.4%
Michael Kelly	Common Stock	2,183	0.0%
Peter M. Allen(3)	Common Stock	172,007	0.7%
Mikael Gordon(4)	Common Stock	32,755	0.1%
Michael Ruxin(5)	Common Stock	105,215	0.4%
Lawrence C. Best(6)	Common Stock	24,336	0.1%
Paul Black	Common Stock	1,691	0.0%
Susan Bartlett Foote(7)	Common Stock	25,336	0.1%
Ronald G. Gelbman(8)	Common Stock	53,050	0.2%
Pedro P. Granadillo(9)	Common Stock	53,636	0.2%
Mark W. Kroll(10)	Common Stock	44,336	0.2%
Ronald L. Merriman(11)	Common Stock	16,774	0.1%
Neuberger Berman, LLC(12)	Common Stock	3,373,099	13.1%
BlackRock, Inc.(13)	Common Stock	2,106,522	8.2%
All executive officers and directors as a group (13 persons)(14)	Common Stock	884,828	3.4%

(1) Includes 218,445 shares which Mr. Concannon has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

(2) Includes 84,957 shares which Mr. Lindop has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

(3) Includes 161,907 shares which Mr. Allen has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

(4) Includes 26,754 shares which Mr. Gordon has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

(5)

Includes 105,000 shares which Dr. Ruxin has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

- (6) Includes 22,135 shares which Mr. Best has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.
- (7) Includes 22,135 shares which Ms. Foote has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.
- (8) Includes 46,135 shares which Mr. Gelbman has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.
- (9) Includes 48,135 shares which Mr. Granadillo has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

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- (10) Includes 42,135 shares which Dr. Kroll has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.
- (11) Includes 11,543 shares which Mr. Merriman has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.
- (12) This information has been derived from a Schedule 13G filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 14, 2011 reporting aggregate ownership of and sole voting power over 0 shares. It has shared voting power over 2,954,099 shares and shared dispositive power over 3,373,099 shares. The reporting entity's address is 605 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10158.
- (13) This information has been derived from a Schedule 13G filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 2, 2011 reporting aggregate ownership of and sole dispositive power over 2,106,522 shares and sole voting power over 2,106,522 shares. The reporting entity's address is 40 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 10022.
- (14) Includes 789,281 which executive officers and directors have the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of May 20, 2011.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act") requires the Company's directors, officers and persons who own more than 10% of the Company's common stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the New York Stock Exchange reports concerning their ownership of the Company's common stock and changes in such ownership. Copies of such reports are required to be furnished to the Company. To the Company's knowledge, based solely on a review of copies of such reports furnished to the Company during or with respect to the Company's most recent fiscal year, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to persons who were, during the most recent fiscal year, officers or directors of the Company or greater than 10% beneficial owners of its common stock were complied.

Transactions with Related Persons

The Board has adopted a policy and procedures for the disclosure, review, approval or ratification of any transaction in which the Company or one of its subsidiaries is a participant and in which any related person (director, executive officer or their immediate family members, or stockholders owning 5% or more of the Company's outstanding stock) has a direct or indirect material interest. The policy requires that transactions involving a related person be reviewed and approved in advance. The Board of Directors reviews the transaction in light of the best interests of the Company and determines whether or not to approve the transaction. The policy requires that officers, directors and employees of the Company report proposed related party transactions to the Company's General Counsel, who will bring the proposed transaction to the attention of the Board of Directors. The Company is not aware of any transaction required to be reported under Item 404(a) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission since the beginning of fiscal year 2011 where the foregoing policies and procedures did not require review, approval or ratification of such transaction or where such policies and procedures were not followed.

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COMPENSATION RISK STATEMENT

Risk mitigation is a key consideration of the Compensation Committee in the development and design of compensation programs and policies. In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2011, with the assistance of management, the Compensation Committee reviewed the potential for the Company's compensation programs and policies to have a material adverse effect on the Company. An assessment process was completed to assess the potential risks and mitigating factors in the Company's compensation plans, including the following considerations:

Market Perspective: The competitiveness of compensation levels, mix and provisions with market norms, as well as the quality of Peer Group selection

Performance Metrics: The type and combination of various financial and non-financial performance metrics used in incentive plans

Pay Mix: The mix of pay elements, including short-term vs. long-term, fixed vs. variable, and cash vs. equity

Leverage: The payout curve of incentive plans, including slope and caps

Checks and Balances: Factors that balance compensation risk through oversight, design, and policies

In the process of our compensation risk assessment, multiple factors were identified that mitigate potential unnecessary risk-taking, including:

Target compensation levels are set at approximately the median of the competitive market

The fiscal year 2011 Peer Group is representative of the Company in key size parameters, evidenced by the Company's positioning at the 59th percentile for revenues, 35th percentile for market capitalization, and 50th percentile for number of employees

Balanced metrics in our incentive plans promote both top line and bottom line growth

Short-term incentives do not comprise a majority of target total compensation for any individual

Annual non-sales bonus payouts are (i) based upon a plan design and performance targets for revenue and operating income which are pre-approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors at the beginning of every year, (ii) capped, and (iii) do not guarantee a minimum bonus payout

A recapture policy in our annual bonus plans would recoup any payouts made as a result of material non-compliance with any financial reporting requirement that requires a restatement or if an employee's actions violate the Haemonetics Code of Business Conduct

A significant portion of compensation for our executives and other senior management is in the form of long-term incentives

Equity awards are granted to executives and senior management annually and vest over four years with overlapping vesting periods, which foster a continuous long-term perspective

Share ownership guidelines require meaningful levels of equity ownership for senior management throughout the course of their tenure

Change-in-control agreements are competitive with market norms for severance amounts and are only payable in the case of both a change-in-control and the employee's termination other than for cause

The Compensation Committee will continue to be proactive in monitoring compensation risk, and to assess the potential risks of compensation programs and policies during the design and approval process. In addition, the Committee will conduct an annual compensation risk assessment to monitor ongoing compensation plans.

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS

Overview of Compensation Objectives

At Haemonetics, our mission is to be the global leader in Blood Management Solutions, leveraging our innovative products and services to improve medical outcomes for patients worldwide, while maximizing return for our investors. In order to realize this mission, we must recruit, retain and motivate exceptional leaders with the ability to deliver superior results. Our executive compensation program is instrumental to achieve these objectives.

We aim to provide a compensation program that is 1) competitive with market norms, 2) aligned with the business strategy and corporate objectives, 3) balanced in terms of time horizon, performance alignment, and cost, and 3) promotes a performance culture that is accountable to stockholders. Our executive team is accountable for, and takes ownership of, the short-term and long-term performance of the Company within a culture that requires ethical behavior and transparency. The following is a summary of key executive compensation plans and policies aligned with these goals that are discussed in greater detail in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis:

Compensation Philosophy The Compensation Committee developed a compensation philosophy which guides the design of all compensation programs, emphasizing employee recruitment and retention, a performance-based culture, and cost effectiveness.

Compensation Elements The primary components of our compensation program are base salary, short-term incentives in the form of our annual cash bonus program, and long-term incentives in the form of stock options and restricted stock units. We target the market median when setting all components of executive compensation.

Pay for Performance Our pay programs are designed to support our pay for performance philosophy, emphasizing and rewarding execution of our business strategy and achievement of corporate objectives.

Change in Control Agreements We employ change in control agreements for a very limited number of key executives to retain our leadership in the event of a change in control and also to provide them with financial security in case of a loss of employment. Our agreements only provide benefits to participants upon both a change in control of the company and termination of employment other than for cause.

Executive Share Ownership Guidelines To align our executives with the long-term interests of our stockholders and promote company ownership, our executives are required to hold a meaningful value of Haemonetics stock for the duration of their employment.

Executive Benefits and Perquisites Executives are provided a competitive benefits program that consists of health and life insurance, disability coverage, and retirement benefits on the same basis as non-executive employees. Currently there are no benefit programs or special perquisites for the exclusive use of our executives.

Recapture Policy Our annual bonus plan contains a provision that allows us to recoup any payouts made as a result of material non-compliance with any financial reporting requirement that requires a restatement or if an employee's actions violate the Haemonetics Code of Business Conduct.

Compensation Risk As a result of the economic climate and the increased focus on the potential relationship between taking or accepting adverse risk and compensation plans, the Compensation Committee considers compensation risk when designing our compensation plans. The Committee also conducts a comprehensive annual review of compensation risk in the fourth quarter to assess the presence of any risks that may have a material adverse effect on the Company.

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Compensation Philosophy

The Compensation Committee maintains a documented compensation philosophy statement as a guideline for developing, reviewing and administering executive compensation programs. The statement is reviewed annually for continued appropriateness and updated accordingly. Our compensation philosophy is to provide compensation opportunities that drive three major objectives:

Attract and retain key executives Our goals of increasing stockholder value and achieving the desired growth plan are dependent on our ability to retain existing executives and hire new executives with diverse experience to complement the existing management team. To achieve this goal we strive to provide competitive compensation programs that require continued service and performance as a condition of realizing the total pay opportunity when appropriate.

Pay for performance We strive to achieve an appropriate mix between fixed and variable performance- based compensation to incent management to achieve predetermined financial, operational and strategic objectives over both the short and long-term and to align the interests of management with the interests of stockholders. Programs are designed to pay above the market median for performance above target and below the market median for performance below target.

Display a clear correlation between the cost of compensation and the value to the employee and to the Company The cost of compensation is evaluated annually against an afford to spend model and balanced against the value each element of compensation provides. Our goal is to provide competitive total compensation opportunities through programs with efficient, effective, and competitive cost while enhancing stockholder value.

Determining Compensation

The Committee evaluates several different factors when establishing and maintaining the Company's executive compensation programs and making executive compensation decisions:

- 1) Market competitiveness
- 2) Individual performance and potential
- 3) Performance relative to financial and corporate goals
- 4) Internal equity
- 5) Analysis of compensation cost

Base salaries, merit increases (for the preceding fiscal year), and target bonus opportunities are evaluated and approved by the Committee at the July Committee meeting. Annual long-term incentive awards are determined and granted by the Committee at the October Committee meeting. The Committee reviews all other executive benefits on an ongoing basis as determined by business needs, internal feedback, and external market trends.

Role of the Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is appointed by the Board of Directors to discharge the Board's responsibilities relating to compensation of the Company's senior management. The Committee has overall responsibility for evaluating and approving the Company's compensation philosophy, plans, policies and programs related to the Chief Executive Officer and direct reports to this position, which include all named executive officers). The Committee's responsibilities include setting base salaries, target bonus opportunity, long-term incentive award values, executive perquisites and benefits (of which we currently do not have any), and any other form of compensation.

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Role of the Compensation Consultant

In fiscal year 2011, the Compensation Committee engaged Pearl Meyer & Partners LLC for executive compensation consulting services. Pearl Meyer provides the Committee with competitive market data and benchmarking for executive positions, regulatory and market trend updates, and special reports and analyses. Pearl Meyer regularly attends Committee meetings to provide input on executive compensation matters, including competitive analyses, short-term and long-term incentive strategy, and trends and best practices. Pearl Meyer is engaged by the Committee to work exclusively on Committee authorized projects. Pearl Meyer provides no other services to the Company.

Role of Management

Management supplies the Committee with information necessary to fulfill its responsibilities, including financial targets and results, achievement of corporate objectives, executive performance and succession ratings, and leadership competencies. Management implements and communicates decisions related to executive compensation and keeps the Committee abreast of issues and concerns relative to the Company's ability to attract, motivate and retain the executive talent required to grow the business. It also shares analyses on compensation costs, performance metrics and other information which the Committee may request in order to carry out its role.

With respect to determining specific compensation levels, the CEO formulates and presents compensation recommendations for other members of the executive team to the Committee for review and approval. Neither the CEO nor management makes compensation recommendations for the CEO.

Benchmarking

Coinciding with our July annual review date, our consultant, Pearl Meyer, provides the Committee with an annual executive compensation competitive assessment at the July Committee meeting. This review encompasses base salary, short-term incentives, long-term incentives, total direct compensation, and compensation mix. The Company utilizes this market data to benchmark our executive compensation program.

The market data supplied by Pearl Meyer reflect an average of two data sources, where available:

The Peer Group A group of sixteen similarly sized companies from the medical device and biotechnology industries

Compensation Surveys Survey data from several sources consisting of a broader group of companies appropriate in terms of size, industry, and executive role. Positions residing outside the United States are compared with positions in the country in which the executive is operating for regional appropriateness.

The market data provided by Pearl Meyer give us important information on the competitiveness of our executive compensation in relation to similar companies and is used by the Committee to assist in determining an appropriate range for executive pay. However, market data are only one of several factors taken into consideration by the Committee when determining pay levels. Performance of the individual as it relates to overall corporate results, the individual's potential, internal equity, and our internal cost structure are other factors analyzed to determine appropriate pay levels.

Pearl Meyer annually reviews our Peer Group for continued appropriateness and presents recommendations to the Committee in advance of the annual executive compensation competitive assessment. Their review focuses on the occurrence of any significant changes to business model, ownership structure and organizational size which may make a Peer Group firm no longer comparable to Haemonetics for

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executive compensation purposes. When reviewing the Peer Group and suggesting potential replacement firms, Pearl Meyer employs the following criteria:

1. Product/service similarity
2. Revenues of approximately 1/2X - 2X those of the Company
3. Market capitalization of approximately 1/3X - 3X that of the Company

As a result of Pearl Meyer's assessment for fiscal year 2011, the Committee approved the removal of Datascope (acquired) and Inverness Medical Innovations (revenues greater than 2X those of Haemonetics). To replace the firms that were removed from the Peer Group and to ensure continued statistical reliability, the Committee also approved the addition of Allscripts-Misys Healthcare Solutions and Eclipsys to the Peer Group. The Peer Group approved by the Compensation Committee for fiscal year 2011 is listed below:

Allscripts-Misys Healthcare Solutions	Hologic, Inc.	Resmed, Inc.
Bruker Corp.	IDEXX Labs, Inc.	TECHNE Corp.
Conmed Corp.	Illumina, Inc.	Thoratec Corp.
Dionex Corp.	Immucor, Inc.	Zoll Medical Corp.
Eclipsys Corp.	Integra Lifesciences Holdings	
Gen-Probe, Inc.	Myriad Genetics, Inc.	

This Peer Group differs from the peer group used in the corporate performance graph contained in our annual report on Form 10-K. The Committee believes that the S&P 500 Index and the S&P Health Care Equipment Index contain many companies which are significantly different in size and scope from the Company. The inclusion of these companies could have the effect of distorting the Committee's understanding of the market for executive talent. As a result, the Committee has used a more targeted sampling of companies that are closer in size and scope to the Company.

Evaluating Executive Performance

Consistent with the annual review period of the broader organization, executive performance is reviewed by the Compensation Committee in July. The Chief Executive Officer provides a performance rating to the Committee for each executive, other than himself, and a merit increase recommendation, where appropriate. This past fiscal year, the Board's Lead Director gathered input from all Board members and completed an assessment of the CEO's performance and made recommendations for the Committee's consideration relative to CEO compensation. Going forward, this assessment will be conducted by the Company's Non-Executive Chairman. In either case, overall corporate performance is evaluated in conjunction with any decision to provide merit increases. The performance evaluation is based on factors such as:

- Achievement of individual and Company objectives;
- Contribution to the Company's short and long-term performance; and
- Assessment of performance against ten corporate leadership competencies:

Change Management

Strategic Agility

People/Self Development

Managerial Courage

Business Acumen

Business Maturity

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Decisiveness

Interpersonal Savvy

Global Mindset

Results Orientation/Proactive

Pay for Performance

One of the primary objectives of our compensation philosophy is to design and support pay opportunities that align with the performance of our company and ultimately result in strong long-term value creation for our investors. Our executive compensation plans in particular are designed with specific emphasis on accountability for our financial results in the short-term and stockholder return over the longer-term.

We create this alignment through several interacting mechanisms:

Pay Positioning Executive compensation levels are targeted at the market 50 percentile

Performance Target Setting We set ambitious but achievable goals for ourselves individually and for the company as a whole

Compensation Vehicles Annual compensation is comprised of four distinct instruments:

Base salary (fixed pay) Sets baseline pay level

Annual bonus (variable pay) Annual incentive designed to reward attainment and overachievement of annual financial goals

Stock options (variable pay) Long-term incentive with seven year term; the exercise price is equal to the fair market value of Haemonetics stock on the date of grant, meaning executives do not realize compensation unless they create value for our stockholders

RSUs (variable pay) Long-term incentive with 4 year vesting period; combined with vesting period and ownership guidelines creates another element of at risk pay while balancing retention goals

Compensation Mix Variable at-risk pay elements comprise a significant portion of our executive compensation packages. As shown in the chart below, the majority of both our CEO and named executive officers total direct annual compensation is comprised of variable compensation. Furthermore, of the executive pay that is variable, we emphasize long-term incentives at a larger ratio than short-term incentives as a result of our long-term performance focus.

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Notes:

1. Total Direct Compensation Defined as fiscal year 2011 base salary, target bonus, and target LTI value.
2. Variable Compensation Defined as fiscal year 2011 target bonus and target LTI value.
3. Dr. Ruxin is excluded from this analysis as he is no longer an employee of the Company.

The combined effect of these mechanisms is that our named executive officers are compensated at the market median when we meet our performance targets, deliver on the expectations we communicate to our investors, and drive stock price appreciation. Should our performance exceed expectations, then our executives will be compensated above target, and vice versa. The significant weighting of long-term incentives ensures that our executives' primary focus is sustained long-term performance, while our short-term incentive motivates annual achievement.

Table of Contents***Components of Haemonetics Executive Compensation Program***

Our executive compensation program is divided amongst four major types of compensation elements, base salary, short-term incentives, long-term incentives, and benefits. A brief description of each element and their purpose at Haemonetics is described below:

Compensation Element	Description	Purpose
Base Salary	Fixed cash compensation based on role, job scope, experience, qualification, and performance	To compensate for individual technical and leadership competencies required for a specific position and to provide economic security
Short-Term Incentive	Annual cash incentive opportunity payable based on achievement of corporate, business unit, and individual objectives	To incentivize management to meet and exceed annual performance metrics and deliver on commitments to stockholders
Long-Term Incentive	Annual equity award comprised of two components: 70% Stock Options 30% Restricted Stock Units	To incentivize management to increase stockholder value, reward long-term corporate performance, and promote employee commitment and retention through stock ownership
Benefits	Competitive health, life insurance, disability, and retirement benefits consistent with those offered to non-executive employees	To promote health and wellness in the workforce and to provide competitive retirement planning and saving opportunities

Pay Mix

When determining compensation levels, we target all elements of compensation at the market median. Through at-risk pay components, our pay program is designed to reward exceptional corporate and individual performance with actual pay above the market median. At the same time, performance below expectations will result in actual pay levels below the median of the market. The following chart illustrates the composition of target total direct compensation for the CEO and for other named executive officers (excluding Dr. Ruxin) between base salary, short term and long term compensation. All elements of compensation are considered to be at-risk with the exception of base salary.

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Notes:

1. Total Direct Compensation Defined as fiscal year 2011 base salary, target bonus, and target LTI value. Reflects annualized base salary and target bonus for Mr. Kelly to illustrate a full-year pay mix.
2. Dr. Ruxin is excluded from this analysis as he is no longer an employee of the Company.

To promote a high-performance culture that results in stockholder value growth, compensation programs are aligned with three scopes of performance:

1. Overall company performance
2. Business unit/regional performance
3. Individual performance

Performance within each element is assessed against pre-determined performance measures, both financial and non-financial, that support corporate goals and increased stockholder value.

The amounts attributed to base salary, annual bonus and long-term incentives are determined based on market norms combined with our desire to align pay with the best interests of stockholders. While there is no rigid formula to determine pay mix, our current policy is to balance the short and long-term focus of our compensation elements in order to reward short-term performance while emphasizing long-term value creation. These objectives are achieved by placing considerable weight on long-term, equity based compensation while also offering enough cash and short-term compensation to attract and retain executive talent. The Committee analyzes this pay mix annually to determine if any changes are necessary.

Base Salary

Program Mechanics

Base salary is provided to compensate for individual technical and leadership competencies required for a specific position and to provide economic security. The target base salary level will vary based on the field in which each executive operates, the scope of each position, and the experience and qualifications the individual brings to the role. The market level is analyzed annually in accordance with our compensation philosophy. Actual base salary levels are a function of the target market for a specific position, individual performance of each executive, experience and qualifications of the individual, and an assessment of internal equity amongst peers.

Base salaries can increase through the merit process based on results associated with the individual's performance rating or as a result of changes in roles and responsibility that result in a position taking on a larger scope. Executives are reviewed annually against ten established leadership competencies and individual performance versus goals established at the start of each fiscal year. Performance review results are determined by the CEO for his direct reports and reviewed by the Compensation Committee. The Board of Directors reviews and approves performance goals for the CEO at the start of each fiscal year, and evaluates the CEO's performance against those goals at the end of the year. Merit increases are approved by the Compensation Committee. Merit increases may be in the form of base salary adjustments or an enhancement in short-term incentive pay opportunity to achieve the appropriate balance between fixed and performance-based pay. Annual merit increases are not guaranteed for any employee.

2011 Compensation

With respect to fiscal year 2011, management recommended, and the Committee approved, that the executive team not be granted any merit increases unless the annual corporate operating income targets for the year were exceeded. Since this did not occur, no executive received a merit increase, including all of the named executive officers. However, the Committee approved a salary adjustment for Mr. Gordon

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based on a review of competitive market data and internal equity considerations. Salary levels for fiscal years 2010 and 2011 are noted below:

Executive	Title	FY 2010 Base Salary	FY 2011 Base Salary	Increase %
Brian Concannon	President & CEO	\$550,000	\$550,000	0%
Christopher Lindop	CFO, VP, Business Development	\$426,147	\$426,147	0%
Michael Kelly(1)	President, North America & Global Plasma	N/A	\$375,000	N/A
Peter Allen	Chief Marketing Officer	\$403,066	\$403,066	0%
Mikael Gordon(2)	President, Global Markets	CHF 413,000	CHF 425,000	3%
Michael Ruxin(3)	Former VP, Global Software Strategies	N/A	\$400,000	N/A

(1) Mr. Kelly was hired July 12, 2010

(2) Mr. Gordon received a base salary adjustment of 3% resulting in greater market alignment

(3) Dr. Ruxin's employment commenced April 13, 2010 in conjunction with the Company's acquisition of Global Med Technologies and was terminated November 26, 2011.

Annual Incentive Program*2011 Program Changes*

For fiscal year 2011, the Committee approved a shift in the weighting of corporate financial metrics to place a greater emphasis on top line growth. Weighting of revenue targets for the corporate and regional / business unit components of the plan were increased from 30% to 40%, while operating income weighting was decreased from 70% to 60%. The revised financial metric weighting reflects the Company's increased focus on top line performance, while also balancing our desire to maintain and improve profitability.

Program Mechanics

The annual incentive program is a cash short-term incentive designed to motivate and reward employees for executing and delivering on the key performance metrics for any given fiscal year. One of the primary objectives of the program is to ensure that our executives are accountable for meeting and exceeding their annual commitments to stockholders. This program aligns with our compensation philosophy and pay for performance culture. All of our NEOs participate in the annual incentive program.

Performance metrics for each participant are divided among corporate, business unit, and individual areas of focus with varying weight depending on job level and job scope. In general, the more senior the employee, the greater the employee's alignment with Corporate objectives. Executives who directly support a sales organization are aligned with a business unit component, while those who do not directly support a sales organization are aligned with individual objectives. As a result of this goal weighting, the

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size of payments made to senior executives is largely determined by overall Company financial performance. The chart below outlines the alignment of objectives for our NEOs:

NEO	Business Unit Responsibility	Annual Incentive Weighting		
		Corporate Component	Business Unit Component	Individual Component
Brian Concannon	No	80%	N/A	20%
Christopher Lindop	No	80%	N/A	20%
Michael Kelly	North America	80%	20%	0%
Peter Allen	No	80%	N/A	20%
Mikael Gordon	Global Markets	80%	20%	0%
Michael Ruxin	No	80%	0%	20%

The number and type of performance targets included in the plan and specific performance levels for each target are determined annually at the beginning of the fiscal year based on the focus for that fiscal year. To reinforce profitability, the ratio of revenue to operating income is weighted more heavily toward operating income. For fiscal year 2011, the weighting of performance metrics within each incentive component were as follows:

Corporate Component	Business Unit Component	Individual Component
40% Corporate Revenue	40% Business Unit Revenue	100% MBOs set at the beginning of the FY
60% Corporate Operating Income	60% Business Unit Operating Income	

Payments related to the Corporate and Business Unit components of the program are calculated using a payout matrix based on achievement of financial objectives. The Individual component of the plan is funded by corporate operating income achievement at the same scale as the corporate component, and then multiplied by MBO completion percentage. In general, payments are made only when threshold levels of corporate revenue and/or operating income are met. In the event that corporate performance falls short of threshold expectations, the Committee has the discretion, in light of overall Company performance, to provide for payments to the executives. The total pool available for payments is determined by the Company's financial performance.

The table below details the target and actual performance levels as well as actual payout percentages for the annual incentive plan.

FY 2011 Revenue Targets	Threshold Performance	Target Performance	Maximum Performance	Actual Performance	Payout Percentage
Payout Percentage	25%	100%	200%		

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Corporate	\$692.1	\$720.9	\$793.0	\$676.7	0%
North America	\$279.7	\$291.4	\$320.5	\$254.1	0%
Global Markets	\$309.2	\$322.1	\$354.3	\$309.3	25%

FY 2011 Operating Income Targets	Threshold Performance	Target Performance	Maximum Performance	Actual Performance	Payout Percentage
Payout Percentage	25%	100%	200%		
Corporate(1)	\$122.4	\$133.1	\$146.4	\$118.1	0%
North America	\$104.2	\$113.2	\$124.6	\$100.9	0%
Global Markets	\$95.6	\$103.9	\$114.3	\$98.1	55%

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- (1) This is a non-GAAP measure which excludes transformation, restructuring and deal closing costs, asset impairments and bonus expense for both the targets established and the actual results achieved.

2011 Compensation

Target bonus levels are expressed as a percentage of base salary, and are set by the Committee at the July Committee meeting. Consistent with all elements of our compensation program, bonus targets are aligned with market median. Fiscal year 2011 bonus targets for our named executive officers are as follows:

Executive	FY 2010 Bonus Target (% Salary)	FY 2010 Bonus Target (\$)	FY 2011 Bonus Target (% Salary)	FY 2011 Bonus Target (\$)
Brian Concannon	75%	\$412,500	75%	\$412,500
Christopher Lindop	45%	\$191,766	55%	\$234,380
Michael Kelly(1),(2)	N/A	N/A	45%	\$126,563
Peter Allen	45%	\$181,380	45%	\$181,380
Mikael Gordon	45%	CHF 185,850	45%	CHF 191,250
Michael Ruxin(1),(3)	N/A	N/A	30%	\$120,000

- (1) Messrs. Kelly and Ruxin were not employed at Haemonetics in fiscal year 2010.
- (2) Mr. Kelly's bonus target value is prorated based on his start date of July 12, 2010.
- (3) Dr. Ruxin left the Company on November 26, 2011, and therefore was not eligible for a bonus payout.

Fiscal year 2011 target bonuses increased for two named executive officers:

Mr. Lindop's target bonus was increased to 55% of base salary for fiscal year 2011 to more accurately reflect the market for Chief Financial Officer compensation

Mr. Gordon's target bonus as a percentage of base salary did not increase for fiscal year 2011, although the absolute target value increased by approximately 3% as a result of his base salary adjustment

In deciding whether to make annual incentive payments to Mr. Concannon and the other executive officers, the Committee considered the Company's overall performance and results in relationship to the performance goals set in March 2010. The sections below break down payouts to the named executive officers for each component of the bonus program. Dr. Ruxin was not an employee as of the fiscal year end, so he was not eligible to receive a bonus payment.

1. Corporate Component

With respect to corporate revenue and operating income, our fiscal year 2011 performance thresholds were not achieved for either metric. Therefore none of our executives received a bonus payment for this component in fiscal year 2011.

2. Regional / Business Unit Component

Business Unit performance varied by Named Executive, with payout details calculated as follows:

Executive	FY 2011 Bonus Target		Regional/ Business Unit Component Weight		Weighted Average Payout Percentage		Regional/ Business Unit Component Payout
Michael Kelly	\$126,563	X	20%	X	0%	=	\$0
Mikael Gordon	CHF 191,250	X	20%	X	43%	=	CHF 16,448

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Note: Messrs. Concannon, Lindop, and Allen did not have a Business Unit / Regional Component to their bonus target

3. Individual Component

The individual component of the bonus plan is funded by corporate operating income achievement on the same scale as the corporate component. Since threshold performance was not achieved in fiscal year 2011 for this metric, none of the Named Executives received a payout for this component of the bonus plan.

Based on these three components, total fiscal year 2011 bonus payout amounts are calculated below.

Executive	Corporate Component Payout		Regional/ Business Unit Component Payout		Individual Component Payout		Total FY 2011 Bonus Payout (\$)	Total FY 2011 Bonus Payout (% of Target)
Brian Concannon	\$0	+	N/A	+	\$0	=	\$0	0%
Christopher Lindop	\$0	+	N/A	+	\$0	=	\$0	0%
Michael Kelly	\$0	+	\$0	+	N/A	=	\$0	0%
Peter Allen	\$0	+	N/A	+	\$0	=	\$0	0%
Mikael Gordon	CHF 0	+	CHF 16,448	+	N/A	=	CHF 16,448	9%

Long-Term Incentive Program*2011 Program Changes*

In fiscal year 2011, the Committee approved two changes to our long-term incentive plan design. First, the Committee approved a change to the methodology used in valuing RSUs for the purpose of determining a target grant value. In the past, RSUs have been valued at a multiple of four times the Black-Scholes value of a stock option. After a review of market competitive practices, the Committee decided to change our methodology to value RSUs at grant date fair value of Haemonetics stock, aligned with the expense of the grants and common market practice.

The Committee also approved a change in the instrument mix of long-term incentive grants to our senior executives. In the past, senior executives have received their annual long-term incentive award delivered in 80% stock options and 20% RSUs. For fiscal year 2011, the Committee approved a change in mix to 70% stock options and 30% RSUs. The increase in RSUs will improve our ability to retain key executives while also facilitating compliance with our Executive Share Ownership program.

Program Mechanics

The Company's long-term incentive program provides incentives to grow stockholder value, rewards long-term corporate performance, and promotes employee commitment and retention through stock ownership while also managing compensation expense and dilution. At the executive level, where individual performance is most closely aligned with the financial performance of the business, the objectives of this program are:

Drive long-term growth of the business in conjunction with our strategic plan

Ensure that any value delivered to executives is aligned with an increase in stockholder value

Retain high performing individuals

In support of our pay for performance philosophy, special long-term cash or equity awards that vest over time have also been used to recognize and reward the performance of specific individuals and the importance of their role to the long-term strategy of the business.

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For fiscal year 2011, annual grants to our named executive officers were delivered in the form of stock options and time-vested restricted stock units, each having its own role in the total compensation offered.

70% Stock Options Emphasize stock price appreciation and retention

1. Value is only earned when the stock price increases above the exercise price, encouraging behavior that will increase stockholder value
2. Awards vest over four years, providing a long-term retention and performance period

30% Time-Vested Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) Emphasize retention through value preservation and long-term vesting and encourage company ownership

1. The value of RSUs is not solely dependent upon stock price appreciation, ensuring an incentive to remain with the Company regardless of stock price fluctuation
2. RSUs facilitate company ownership and alignment with stockholders, since employees do not pay an exercise price, which can encourage same-day sale transactions
3. Awards vest over four years, providing a long-term retention and performance period

We continue to provide long-term incentive awards to a select group of executives and Vice Presidents, based on their importance to our corporate strategy. In addition, a small pool of long-term incentive awards is also available to recognize and reward key employees below these levels with the objective of long-term retention. The weighting of stock options and RSUs depends on the employee's ability to directly affect stockholder value; the more direct the influence, the more stock options are used.

Grant values for our Named Executives were determined using a value-based model that takes into account market competitiveness, specific roles, individual performance and potential and the resulting compensation expense. We target the mid-range of the market in determining the value of long-term incentive grants.

Grant values are translated into a number of stock options and restricted stock units based on the Black Scholes value on the date of grant. For example, an Executive Council grant of \$300,000 would be translated into stock options and restricted stock units as follows:

Assumptions

Grant Value:	\$	300,000
Stock Price:	\$	60.00
Black-Scholes Value:	\$	17.50

Calculations

	Total Grant Value		Stock Option Weight	=	Stock Option Grant Value	/	Black-Scholes Value	=	Stock Options Granted
Stock Options	\$ 300,000	X	70%	=	\$ 210,000	/	\$ 17.50	=	12,000

	Total		RSU		RSU Grant		HAE Grant		Stock
	Grant Value		Weight		Value		Date		Options
							Stock Price		Granted
RSUs	\$ 300,000	X	30%	=	\$ 90,000	/	\$ 60.00	=	1,500

Employee stock option and RSU awards generally vest 25% per year over four years. Stock options must be exercised within seven years of the date of grant, after which they are forfeited. The exercise price of all stock options is the grant date fair market value, which is the average of the high and low trading price of Haemonetics stock on the date of grant. Details of the grant awards are provided in the accompanying tables beginning on page 33.

Table of Contents*2011 Compensation*

In connection with the acquisition of Global Med Technologies in April, 2010, Dr. Ruxin was identified as being critical in order to ensure that the integration of the two companies was successful. To retain him and also to provide a measure of security, the Committee approved a sign-on grant of 105,000 stock options with an extended vesting period and special termination protections. The award vests in equal annual increments over a five year vesting period. The agreement provided that if Dr. Ruxin terminated his employment for Good Reason or if his employment was terminated by the Company without Cause (as defined in the Employment Agreements discussion), these awards would vest in full. In November 2010, Dr. Ruxin left the Company and his departure was treated as a termination without Cause.

Mr. Kelly was nominated for and received a new-hire LTI award valued at \$600,000 in July, 2010. Consistent with our equity guidelines at the time, Mr. Kelly's grant was in the form of 80% stock options and 20% RSUs, equating to 31,270 stock options and 2,183 RSUs. These awards vest in equal annual increments over a four year vesting period.

In October 2010, the Committee approved grants of stock options and RSUs under the Company's 2005 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan to each of the following named executive officers: Mr. Concannon, Mr. Lindop, Mr. Allen, and Mr. Gordon. These equity grants were made consistent with our equity compensation policies and reflect the Committee's consideration of individual achievement, the market for executives of similar experience and responsibility, the size of past grants, and expense and dilution considerations. The grant details for each executive are as follows:

Executive	Target Grant	Stock Options	RSUs
	Date Value	Granted	Granted
Brian Concannon	\$ 2,500,000	118,375	13,638
Christopher Lindop	\$ 530,000	25,095	2,891
Peter Allen	\$ 325,000	15,388	1,773
Mikael Gordon	\$ 400,000	18,940	2,182

Given the close proximity of Mr. Kelly's hire and new-hire equity grant to our annual grant, he will be considered for annual equity awards beginning with our fiscal year 2012 awards. Dr. Ruxin was not considered for an equity grant.

Executive Benefits and Perquisites

Executives are provided a competitive benefits program that consists of health and life insurance, disability coverage, and retirement benefits on the same basis as non-executive employees. Currently, there are no benefit programs or special perquisites set up for the exclusive use of executives.

Retirement Benefits

United States-based executives are eligible to participate in the Company's tax-qualified 401(k) plan for United States-based employees. Their salary and annual incentive awards are treated as eligible pay under the Company 401(k) plan. The Company does not currently maintain any defined benefit pension or non-qualified plans for United States-based executives. Outside the United States, retirement plans are determined based on local practices in the country of operation.

Additional Significant Executive Compensation Policies

Executive Share Ownership Program

To strengthen the alignment between the long-term interests of executives and stockholders, the Company maintains an executive share ownership program. This program covers the CEO, the Executive Council, the Operating Committee, other Vice President level leaders, and the Board of Directors.

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Participants must have an ownership level in Haemonetics stock equal to or greater than a meaningful guideline value determined by their role at the Company. For Non-Employee Directors, share ownership levels are expressed as a multiple of the annual retainer for Board service. For executives, share ownership levels are expressed as a multiple of base salary. Participants must achieve the target ownership value within five years of becoming a participant in the program. The table below outlines guideline ownership values by organizational role:

Organizational Role	Multiple of Base Salary	Multiple of Annual Retainer
Non-Employee Directors		5.0x
CEO	4.0x	
Executive Council	3.0x	
Operating Committee	2.0x	
All Other Vice Presidents	1.0x	

Shares that satisfy the ownership requirement are as follows:

Shares purchased on the open market

Shares acquired through the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Shares owned through the exercise and hold of stock options

Shares owned through the vesting and hold of restricted stock units

Vested in the money stock options

As of the Compensation Committee's annual compliance assessment in July 2010, all named executive officers and Directors were in compliance or within the grace period. The grace period is defined as five years from the date of initial participation in the Executive Share Ownership Program.

Equity Grant Practices

All equity grants are determined and delivered in accordance with a formal policy. The policy describes the award determination, the process utilized to gain approval for awards and award timing. Annual grant dates and all other grants are aligned with the date on which the Committee approves the grants and grant timing is in accordance with the policy as described below.

Determination of Option Grant Prices

The base price of options is always the fair market value on the date of grant, in accordance with our long-term incentive policy. Under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan fair market value is the average of the high and low trading prices on the date of grant. The differences between the closing price and this computation are disclosed in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards table.

Timing of Regular Equity Grants

Grants are typically provided upon hire based on the need to attract key talent at the executive level, and as part of the annual grant cycle. The Company does not generally utilize equity on an ad-hoc basis to reward individual performance. New hire grants are approved at a regularly scheduled Compensation Committee meeting following the hire date of an individual. The Committee reviews the grant details including the grant amount, the role of the executive, and the background of the executive in making the approval decision. The Committee does not delegate approval of new grants to management. If the grant is an option grant, the grant value is translated into the number of options based on the Black Scholes value on the date of grant (the date of the Committee meeting) and the exercise price of the option is the fair market value of the stock on the date of the Committee meeting.

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Annual grants are awarded in October of each year. Long-term incentive grants are never timed to correlate with specific business events.

Severance Benefits

Change-in-Control Agreements

The Company provides change in control agreements to a very limited number of senior management in order to provide executive leadership retention in the event of, or contemplation of, a change in control of the Company and provide executives with financial protection in case of loss of employment. In recognition of evolving market trends and governance best practices, the Company initiated a reduction in both the number of executives covered by change-in-control agreements and the benefits offered by these agreements in fiscal year 2010. These changes included the following:

Agreements will only be offered to members of the Executive Council in the future

The agreements of executives who currently have change in control agreements and are not members of the Executive Council will be sunset over a period of three years

All existing agreements were updated to eliminate excise tax gross-up provisions and were replaced with best net benefit coverage

Effective November 9, 2009, all equity awards will include double-trigger rather than single-trigger acceleration provisions in the case of a change in control, as described below

These agreements do not provide cash payments immediately upon a change in control, but instead require a double trigger; a change in control followed by (i) elimination of the executive's full time position, and (ii) a failure to offer to employ the executive in a comparable or better position in the then current location on a full-time basis at comparable or better rate of pay. See Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control for additional information.

Employment Agreements

In general, we do not provide employment agreements to members of senior management in the U.S. other than the agreements covering change in control. We may occasionally make exceptions to this practice in the case of acquisitions or to be consistent with prevailing local labor practices outside the U.S. In fiscal year 2011, two named executive officers were party to employment agreements, including Messrs. Gordon and Ruxin. Mr. Concannon does not have an employment agreement.

Mr. Gordon has an employment agreement consistent with prevailing labor practices in Switzerland. In the case of involuntary termination, Mr. Gordon's employment agreement provides for a 4-month notice period. Mr. Gordon is entitled to payment of his base salary during this period whether or not he is asked to work until the end of his notice period.

Dr. Ruxin was offered an employment agreement in connection with the Global Med Technologies acquisition to ensure his retention and continued job security. In the case that Dr. Ruxin's employment is terminated by the employee for Good Reason or by the Company without Cause (as defined under Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control), the employment agreement provides for a severance payment of two times base salary and continuation of health, dental, and vision insurance coverage for two years. In addition, Dr. Ruxin's sign-on equity award (but no other equity awards) would vest in full. Dr. Ruxin's employment terminated November 26, 2010 and he

received the benefits due to him as a result of a termination without Cause under the agreement.

See Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control for additional information.

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Impact of Tax and Accounting on Compensation

Deductibility of Compensation

Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m) limits the amount the Company can deduct for non-performance based compensation to \$1,000,000 for those named executive officers listed in the Summary Compensation Table. In fiscal year 2011, all compensation paid to such officers was fully deductible. Although the Company has not adopted a formal policy, it is the Compensation Committee's intent to compensate the executive team with payments that are deductible under the Internal Revenue Code.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

The Company began recognizing stock-based compensation expense under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 718 (formerly, FASB Statement 123R) beginning in April, 2006. In determining the appropriate fiscal year 2011 long-term incentive grant levels the Company sought to balance its long-term incentive goals with the need to reduce stockholder dilution and manage stock compensation expense. To strike this balance the Committee analyzes stock compensation expense as a percentage of revenue and its impact on earnings, and basic and diluted earnings per share.

Recapture Provision

To further align the executive compensation program with the interests of stockholders and our culture of ethical behavior, the Committee approved the addition of a recapture provision to the annual incentive plan. Under this provision, if the Company is required to make an accounting restatement due to a material non-compliance with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws as a result of misconduct, executives would be required to return any bonus payment to the extent permitted by governing law, to the degree that such payment was based on the achievement of financial results which were adjusted in the restatement. This same treatment may be extended to non-executive participants, where applicable, and to any employee whose actions violated the Haemonetics Code of Business Conduct.

REPORT OF THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Haemonetics Corporation has reviewed and discussed with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Proxy Statement and, based on such review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 2, 2011 for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

Pedro P. Granadillo, Chairman
Paul Black
Susan Bartlett Foote
Ronald L. Merriman

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The following table summarizes the compensation of the named executive officers for the fiscal years ended March 28, 2009, April 3, 2010, and April 2, 2011. The named executive officers are the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and the three other most highly compensated executive officers ranked by their total compensation in the table below. Dr. Ruxin would have been one of the three most highly compensated executives for the fiscal year had he not been terminated; therefore he has been included as a named executive officer as well.

Named Executive Officer Principal Position (a)	Year (b)	Salary (\$) (c)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total Compensation (\$)
			(1) (d)	(2) (e)	(3) (f)	(g)	(4) (i)	
Mr. Cannon Chief Executive Officer	2011	\$ 550,000	\$	\$ 752,272	\$ 1,763,267	\$	\$ 6,600	\$ 3,118,149
	2010	\$ 546,197	\$ 200,000	\$ 369,763	\$ 1,712,051	\$ 350,708	\$ 6,300	\$ 3,885,019
	2009	\$ 423,246	\$	\$ 96,390	\$ 467,743	\$ 309,993	\$ 8,913	\$ 1,246,285
Mr. Lindop Chief Financial Officer and President Business Development	2011	\$ 426,146	\$	\$ 159,468	\$ 373,805	\$	\$ 6,600	\$ 966,019
	2010	\$ 420,251	\$	\$ 71,755	\$ 328,746	\$ 160,279	\$ 6,300	\$ 987,331
	2009	\$ 400,548	\$	\$ 236,949	\$ 1,196,363	\$ 255,769	\$	\$ 2,091,629
Mr. Kelly North America and Asia Business(5)	2011	\$ 259,615	\$ 100,000	\$ 118,493	\$ 465,398	\$	\$ 43,428	\$ 986,934
Mr. Allen Marketing Officer	2011	\$ 403,066	\$ 200,000	\$ 97,799	\$ 229,213	\$	\$ 4,032	\$ 934,110
	2010	\$ 398,559	\$	\$ 51,016	\$ 233,774	\$ 152,904	\$ 3,986	\$ 786,239
	2009	\$ 384,513	\$	\$ 51,379	\$ 249,464	\$ 274,574	\$ 8,891	\$ 968,761
Mr. Gordon Global Markets(6)	2011	\$ 417,797	\$	\$ 120,359	\$ 282,123	\$ 16,293	\$ 46,558	\$ 872,927
	2010	\$ 385,443	\$	\$ 63,783	\$ 292,211	\$ 117,535	\$ 61,318	\$ 859,290
Dr. Ruxin, M.D. President, Global Strategies(7)	2011	\$ 246,154	\$	\$	\$ 1,840,472	\$	\$ 935,488	\$ 3,022,114

(1) For fiscal year 2011, reflects a sign-on bonus of \$100,000 upon Mr. Kelly's hire. For Mr. Allen, reflects payment of long-term cash award of \$200,000 payable three years from the date of grant.

(2) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value for stock awards/units granted in the respective fiscal years calculated in accordance with the FASB Accounting Standard Codification Topic Compensation - Stock Compensation.

- (3) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value for stock options granted in the respective fiscal years calculated in accordance with FASB Accounting Standard Codification Topic Compensation – Stock Compensation.
- (4) For fiscal year 2011, includes a matching company contribution for participation in the Company's 401(k) plan of \$6,600 for Mr. Concannon, \$6,600 for Mr. Lindop, \$5,048 for Mr. Kelly, \$4,032 for Mr. Allen, and \$6,600 for Dr. Ruxin. For Mr. Kelly, includes \$26,307 in relocation reimbursement and a tax gross-up of \$12,073 on that amount. For Mr. Gordon, includes pension contributions of \$37,432, the cost of a company car of \$6,114, a health insurance allowance of \$2,615, and gym membership fees of \$396, all of which are consistent with Swiss local labor practices. For Dr. Ruxin, includes \$67,931 in payout for unused vacation time, \$800,000 in severance, and \$60,957 for continuation of medical coverage in connection with his termination on November 26, 2011.
- (5) Mr. Kelly was hired July 12, 2010. The 2011 salary reflects his partial year of service.
- (6) For Mr. Gordon, fiscal year 2011 compensation, other than equity, was converted from CHF to USD using an average exchange rate for the fiscal year of 1CHF: 0.9906 USD.
- (7) Dr. Ruxin's employment commenced April 13, 2010 in conjunction with the Company's acquisition of Global Med Technologies and was terminated November 26, 2011.

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Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table for Fiscal Year Ended April 2, 2011

Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards	All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of	All Other Option Awards: Exercise Number or Base Price of Underlying Option	Grant Date	&n	Grant Date Fair Value