

F5 NETWORKS INC  
Form 424B2  
October 30, 2003

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The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. We cannot sell these securities until a final prospectus supplement is delivered. Neither this preliminary prospectus supplement nor the accompanying prospectus is an offer to sell these securities, and they are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)  
Reg. No. 333-108826

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED OCTOBER 30, 2003**

**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

(To Prospectus Dated, October 28, 2003)

**4,500,000 Shares**  
**Common Stock**  
**\$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share**

We are selling 4,500,000 shares of our common stock. We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to 675,000 additional shares of common stock to cover over-allotments.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol FFIV. The last reported sale price of our common stock on the Nasdaq National Market on October 29, 2003 was \$24.28 per share.

**Investing in our common stock involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-6 of this prospectus supplement and page 2 of the accompanying prospectus.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Share	Total
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Underwriting Discount	\$	\$
Proceeds to F5 Networks, Inc. (before expenses)	\$	\$

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares to purchasers on or about \_\_\_\_\_, 2003.

Sole Book-Runner

**Citigroup**

**Merrill Lynch & Co.**

**Lehman Brothers**

, 2003

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This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of this offering of common stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information, some of which does not apply to our common stock. Generally, when we refer to the

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prospectus, we are referring to both parts of this document combined. If the description of this offering varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable.

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Unless specifically stated in this prospectus supplement, the information contained herein assumes that the underwriters will not exercise their over-allotment option and that no other person will exercise any other outstanding options or warrants.

F5, F5 Networks, BIG-IP, 3-DNS, iControl, iRules and FirePass are our trademarks or registered trademarks. Oracle Financials, BEA Weblogic and Siebel Salesforce Automation are trademarks of Oracle Corporation, BEA Systems, Inc. and Siebel Systems, Inc., respectively.

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**SUMMARY**

*This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This summary may not contain all the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including Risk Factors and the financial statements included in and incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, before making an investment decision. Unless the context otherwise requires, in this prospectus supplement the terms F5 Networks, we, us and our refer to F5 Networks, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our fiscal year ends on September 30 and fiscal years are referred to by the calendar year in which they end. For example, fiscal year 2003 refers to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003.*

**F5 Networks, Inc.**

We develop, manufacture and sell products and services to help companies efficiently and securely manage their Internet traffic, as well as the access and use of their intranet-based software applications. Our application traffic management products, including the BIG-IP Controller, 3-DNS Controller and BIG-IP Link Controller, help manage Internet traffic to servers and network devices in a way that maximizes the availability, scalability and throughput of those network components and the applications that run on them. Our recently acquired FirePass family of network server appliances provides secure user access to corporate networks and individual applications through any standard Web browser. Our unique iControl architecture enables our products to communicate with one another in the network and ensure optimal throughput of traffic, and also allows them to be integrated with third party products, including enterprise applications. This facilitates automation of repetitive processes and allows the customer to optimize applications on their networks. As components of an integrated solution, our products address many elements required for successful Internet and intranet business applications, including high availability, high performance, intelligent load balancing, streamlined manageability, remote access to corporate networks, and network and application security. Our solution for application traffic management and security is software-based, which differentiates us from our competitors whose solutions are largely hardware-based. We believe this differentiation enables us to offer our customers greater flexibility, cost-effectiveness and adaptability in response to today's rapidly changing environment. In fiscal year 2003 our net revenue was \$115.9 million and our net income was \$4.1 million.

Enterprise customers (Fortune 1000 or Business Week Global 1000 companies) in financial services, manufacturing, transportation and mobile telecommunications make up the largest percentage of our customer base. We market and sell our products primarily through indirect sales channels in North America, Europe and the Asia Pacific region, and to some direct customer accounts in North America. We have subsidiaries or branch offices in Australia, Canada, China, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Japan, The Netherlands, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, Taiwan, Thailand and the United Kingdom.

In July 2003, we acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of uRoam, Inc., or uRoam. uRoam's family of FirePass servers is a comprehensive remote access product set that enables users to access applications in a secure fashion, using technology based on the Secure Sockets Layer, or SSL, standard. We believe FirePass provides a security solution that is easier to manage and use, and is more secure, than existing solutions, allowing customers to realize significant cost savings for secure remote access to any application. The acquisition of substantially all of the assets of uRoam will allow us to quickly enter the SSL Virtual Private Network, or VPN, market, broaden our customer base and augment our existing product line.

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***Our Strategy***

Our objective is to be the leading provider of secure application traffic management solutions designed to enhance and optimize server availability, security and performance. Key components of our strategy include:

*Offering a complete application security solution and product set.* We plan to utilize our core technologies from our BIG-IP and FirePass products to deliver standalone and integrated systems that protect applications from hostile and inadvertent threats, including user-to-system application security and system-to-system application security problems.

*Increasing the addressable market for our products.* We intend to target logical extensions of our traditional traffic management market, including the areas of blade server software, mobile Internet Protocol, or IP, infrastructure, Web services infrastructure and utility computing and data center virtualization infrastructure. In addition, we plan to enter adjacent markets, such as the application security market, with our first product offering being an SSL VPN solution.

*Investing in technology to continue to meet customer needs.* We plan to continue to invest in research and development to provide our customers with complete secure application traffic management and secure remote access solutions. Our software-based platforms are designed to expand the features and functionalities of our products, as well as enabling us to develop additional products that address the needs of our customers. We also plan to deliver specialized software modules that will allow our customers to purchase software for our platforms as upgrades with specific features based on specific requirements.

*Enhancing the existing channel model.* We plan to expand our indirect sales channels through leading industry resellers, original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, systems integrators, Internet service providers and other channel partners. Also, we are leveraging our existing channels by delivering application security products, including FirePass SSL VPNs, making these channels more productive.

*Continuing to build and expand relationships with strategic iControl partners.* We plan to capitalize on our strategic relationships with enterprise software vendors who have created interfaces to our products through our iControl application programming interface, or API. These vendors provide us significant leverage in the selling process, because they recommend our products to their customers.

*Enhancing our brand.* We plan to continue building brand awareness that positions us as one of the leading providers of secure application traffic management solutions. Our goal is for the F5 brand to be synonymous with superior performance, high-quality customer service and ease of use.

***Corporate Information***

We were incorporated on February 26, 1996 in the State of Washington. Our headquarters is in Seattle, Washington and our mailing address is 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119. The telephone number at our executive offices is (206) 272-5555. Our website address is [www.f5.com](http://www.f5.com). Information appearing on, or available through, our website does not constitute a part of this prospectus supplement.

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**Recent Developments**

On October 29, 2003, we announced that our total net revenues for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 were \$31.6 million, an increase of 8.2% from \$29.2 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 and an increase of 16.6% from \$27.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2002. Net income for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 was \$1.4 million, or \$0.05 per share, compared to net income of \$1.4 million, or \$0.05 per share, for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 and a net loss of \$423,000, or \$0.02 per share, for the quarter ended September 30, 2002. In addition, as of September 30, 2003, we had \$79.0 million of cash, cash equivalents and investments. Cash provided by operating activities was \$5.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2003.

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**The Offering**

Common stock offered by F5 Networks, Inc. 4,500,000 shares

Common stock outstanding after this offering 32,054,905 shares

Use of proceeds after expenses We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering will be approximately \$103.4 million (assuming an offering price of \$24.28 per share, the last reported sale price of our common stock on October 29, 2003). We expect to use the net proceeds for working capital and other general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures, development of new products and technologies or the acquisition of or investment in complementary products, technologies or businesses. However, we are not currently discussing any such acquisitions or investments and currently have no understanding or agreement related to any transaction.

Nasdaq National Market Symbol FFIV

The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering is based on the number of shares outstanding as of September 30, 2003, and excludes:

7,507,829 shares of common stock subject to outstanding options granted under our stock option plans at a weighted average exercise price of \$17.92 per share;

1,179,545 shares of common stock reserved for future stock option grants and restricted stock awards under our stock option plans; and

311,332 shares of common stock available for issuance under our employee stock purchase plan.

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The following summary presents our consolidated financial data as of and for each of the years in the five year period ended September 30, 2003. This summary information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, Selected Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our audited and unaudited historical consolidated financial statements, including introductory paragraphs and related notes to these financial statements, included in, and incorporated by reference into, this prospectus supplement.

**Years Ended September 30,**

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>1999</b>
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(in thousands, except per share data)

**Summary Consolidated Statement of Operations Data**

Net revenues	\$ 115,895	\$ 108,266	\$ 107,367	\$ 108,645	\$ 27,825
Gross profit	88,990	77,787	61,862	76,074	20,625
Income (loss) from operations	4,189	(9,541)	(28,716)	12,852	(4,878)
Net income (loss)	4,087	(8,610)	(30,790)	13,650	(4,344)
Net income (loss) per share basic	0.15	(0.34)	(1.36)	0.65	(0.42)
Weighted average shares basic	26,453	25,323	22,644	21,137	10,238
Net income (loss) per share diluted	0.14	(0.34)	(1.36)	0.59	(0.42)
Weighted average shares diluted	28,220	25,323	22,644	23,066	10,238

**Summary Consolidated Balance Sheet Data**

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 44,878	\$ 80,333	\$ 69,783	\$ 53,199	\$ 24,797
Restricted cash(1)	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	3,013
Long-term investments	34,132	1,346			
Total assets	148,173	126,289	124,663	122,420	42,846
Long-term liabilities	1,735	1,315	1,167	238	
Total shareholders' equity	110,429	93,685	96,488	87,685	31,973

- (1) Restricted cash represents an escrow account established in connection with a lease agreement for our corporate headquarters. Under the terms of the lease, a \$6.0 million certificate of deposit is required through November 2012, unless the lease is terminated prior to that date.

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**RISK FACTORS**

*You should carefully consider the risks described below before making an investment decision. You should also refer to the other information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including our financial statements and the related notes included and incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only risks and uncertainties we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may impair our business operations. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, results of operations and financial condition could suffer. In that event the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment in our common stock. The risks discussed below also include forward-looking statements and our actual results may differ substantially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements.*

**Risks Related to our Business**

***Our success depends on sales and continued innovation of our BIG-IP product line.***

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003, we derived 82.8% of our product revenues from sales of our BIG-IP product line. We expect to derive a significant portion of our net revenues from sales of our BIG-IP products in the future. Implementation of our strategy depends upon BIG-IP being able to solve critical network availability and performance problems of our customers. If BIG-IP is unable to solve these problems for our customers, or if we are unable to sustain the high levels of innovation in BIG-IP's product feature set needed to maintain leadership in what will continue to be a competitive market environment, our business and results of operations will be harmed.

***Our success depends on our timely development of new products and features and proper management of the timing of the life cycle of our products.***

We expect the secure application traffic management market to be characterized by rapid technological change, frequent new product introductions, changes in customer requirements and evolving industry standards. Our continued success depends on our ability to identify and develop new products and new features for our existing products to meet the demands of these changes, and for those products and features to be accepted by our existing and target customers. If we are unable to identify, develop and deploy new products and new product features on a timely basis, or if those products do not gain market acceptance, our business and results of operations may be harmed.

The current life cycle of our products is typically 12 to 24 months. The introduction of new products or product enhancements may shorten the life cycle of our existing products, or replace sales of some of our current products, thereby offsetting the benefit of even a successful product introduction, and may cause customers to defer purchasing our existing products in anticipation of the new products. This could harm our operating results by decreasing sales, increasing our inventory levels of older products and exposing us to greater risk of product obsolescence. We have also experienced, and may in the future experience, delays in developing and releasing new products and product enhancements. This has led to, and may in the future lead to, delayed sales, increased expenses and lower quarterly revenue than anticipated. Also, in the development of our products, we have experienced delays in the prototyping of our products, which in turn has led to delays in product introductions. In addition, complexity and difficulties in managing product transitions at the end-of-life stage of a product can create excess inventory of components associated with the outgoing product that can lead to increased expenses. Any or all of the above problems could materially harm our business and operating results.

***We may not be able to compete effectively in the emerging secure application traffic management market.***

The markets we serve are new, rapidly evolving and highly competitive, and we expect competition to persist and intensify in the future. Our principal competitors in the secure application traffic management market include Cisco Systems, Inc., Nortel Networks Corporation, Foundry Networks, Inc., NetScaler, Inc., Radware Ltd. and NetScreen Technologies, Inc. We expect to continue to face additional

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competition as new participants enter the traffic management market. In addition, larger companies with significant resources, brand recognition and sales channels may form alliances with or acquire competing traffic management solutions and emerge as significant competitors. Potential competitors may bundle their products or incorporate an Internet traffic management component into existing products in a manner that discourages users from purchasing our products. Potential customers may also choose to purchase additional or larger servers instead of our products.

***Our quarterly and annual operating results are volatile and may cause our stock price to fluctuate.***

Our quarterly and annual operating results have varied significantly in the past and will vary significantly in the future, which makes it difficult for us to predict our future operating results. In particular, we anticipate that the size of customer orders may increase as we continue to focus on larger business accounts. A delay in the recognition of revenue, even from just one account, may have a significant negative impact on our results of operations for a given period. In the past, a majority of our sales have been realized near the end of a quarter. Accordingly, a delay in an anticipated sale past the end of a particular quarter may negatively impact our results of operations for that quarter, or in some cases, that year. Furthermore, we base our decisions regarding our operating expenses on anticipated revenue trends and our expense levels are relatively fixed. Consequently, if revenue levels fall below our expectations, our net income will decrease because only a small portion of our operating expenses vary with our revenues.

We believe that period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not meaningful and should not be relied upon as indicators of future performance. Our operating results may be below the expectations of securities analysts and investors in future quarters or years. Our failure to meet these expectations will likely harm the market price of our common stock.

***The average selling price of our products may decrease and our costs may increase, which may negatively impact gross profits.***

We anticipate that the average selling prices of our products will decrease in the future in response to competitive pricing pressures, increased sales discounts, new product introductions by us or our competitors or other factors. Therefore, in order to maintain our gross profits, we must develop and introduce new products and product enhancements on a timely basis and continually reduce our product costs. Our failure to do so will cause our net revenue and gross profits to decline, which will harm our business and results of operations. In addition, we may experience substantial period-to-period fluctuations in future operating results due to the erosion of our average selling prices.

***It is difficult to predict our future operating results because we have an unpredictable sales cycle.***

Our products have a lengthy sales cycle, which is difficult to predict. Historically, our sales cycle has ranged from approximately two to three months and has tended to lengthen as we have increasingly focused our sales efforts on the enterprise market. Also, as our distribution strategy has evolved into more of a channel model, utilizing value-added resellers, distributors and systems integrators, the level of variability in the length of sales cycle across transactions has increased and made it more difficult to predict the timing of many of our sales transactions. Sales of our BIG-IP and 3-DNS products require us to educate potential customers in their use and benefits. Sales of our products are subject to delays from the lengthy internal budgeting, approval and competitive evaluation processes that large corporations and governmental entities may require. For example, customers frequently begin by evaluating our products on a limited basis and devote time and resources to testing our products before they decide whether or not to purchase. Customers may also defer orders as a result of anticipated releases of new products or enhancements by our competitors or us. As a result, our products have an unpredictable sales cycle that contributes to the uncertainty of our future operating results.

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***Our business may be harmed if our contract manufacturer is not able to provide us with adequate supplies of our products or if this single source of hardware assembly is lost or impaired.***

We rely on a third party contract manufacturer to assemble our products. We outsource the manufacturing of our hardware platforms to this contract manufacturer who assembles these hardware platforms to our specifications. We have experienced minor delays in shipments from contract manufacturers in the past. However, if we experience major delays in the future or other problems, such as inferior quality and insufficient quantity of product, any one or a combination of these factors may harm our business and results of operations. The inability of our contract manufacturer to provide us with adequate supplies of our products or the loss of our contract manufacturer may cause a delay in our ability to fulfill orders while we obtain a replacement manufacturer and may harm our business and results of operations. In particular, because we subcontract substantially all of our manufacturing to a single contract manufacturer, with whom we do not have a long-term contract, any termination, loss or impairment in our arrangement with this single source of hardware assembly, or any impairment of their facilities or operations, would harm our business, financial condition and results of operation.

If the demand for our products grows, we will need to increase our raw material and component purchases, contract manufacturing capacity and internal test and quality functions. Any disruptions in product flow may limit our revenue, may harm our competitive position and may result in additional costs or cancellation of orders by our customers.

***Our business could suffer if there are any interruptions or delays in the supply of hardware components from our third-party sources.***

We currently purchase several hardware components used in the assembly of our products from a number of single or limited sources. Lead times for these components vary significantly. Any interruption or delay in the supply of any of these hardware components, or the inability to procure a similar component from alternate sources at acceptable prices within a reasonable time, may delay assembly and sales of our products and, hence, our revenues, and may harm our business and results of operations.

***We may not adequately protect our intellectual property and our products may infringe on the intellectual property rights of third parties.***

We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws and restrictions on disclosure of confidential and proprietary information to protect our intellectual property rights. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise obtain and use our products or technology. Monitoring unauthorized use of our products is difficult, and we cannot be certain that the steps we have taken will prevent misappropriation of our technology, particularly in foreign countries where the laws may not protect our proprietary rights as fully as in the United States.

Our industry is characterized by the existence of a large number of patents and frequent claims and related litigation regarding patent and other intellectual property rights. We are actively involved in disputes and licensing discussions with others regarding their claimed proprietary rights and cannot assure you that we will always successfully defend ourselves against such claims. If we are found to infringe the proprietary rights of others, or if we otherwise settle such claims, we could be compelled to pay damages or royalties and either obtain a license to those intellectual property rights or alter our products so that they no longer infringe upon such proprietary rights. Any license could be very expensive to obtain or may not be available at all. Similarly, changing our products or processes to avoid infringing the rights of others may be costly or impractical. In addition, we have initiated, and may in the future initiate, claims or litigation against third parties for infringement of our proprietary rights, including infringement of a patent we hold on our cookie persistence technology, to determine the scope and validity of our proprietary rights or those of our competitors. Any of these claims, whether claims that we are infringing the proprietary rights of others, or vice versa, with or without merit, may be time-consuming, result in costly litigation and diversion of technical and management personnel or require us to cease using infringing technology, develop non-infringing technology or enter into royalty or licensing agreements. Further, our

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license agreements typically require us to indemnify our customers and resellers for infringement actions related to our technology, which could cause us to become involved in infringement claims made against our customers or resellers. Any of the above-described circumstances relating to intellectual property rights disputes could result in our business and results of operations being harmed.

***Future changes in financial accounting standards or our revenue recognition policies may cause adverse unexpected revenue fluctuations and affect our reported results of operations.***

A change in accounting policies can have a significant effect on our reported results and may even affect our reporting of transactions completed before the change is effective. New pronouncements and varying interpretations of pronouncements have occurred with frequency and may occur in the future. Changes to existing rules or the questioning of current practices may adversely affect our reported financial results or the way we conduct our business.

In particular, if we are required to record stock option grants as compensation expense on our income statement, our profitability may be reduced significantly. The current methodology for expensing such stock options is based on, among other things, the historical volatility of the underlying stock. Our stock price has been historically volatile. Therefore, the adoption of an accounting standard requiring companies to expense stock options would negatively impact our profitability and may adversely impact our stock price. In addition, the adoption of such a standard could limit our ability to continue to use stock options as an incentive and retention tool, which could, in turn, hurt our ability to recruit employees and retain existing employees.

Similarly, while we believe our current revenue recognition policies and practices are consistent with applicable accounting standards, current revenue recognition accounting standards, and accounting guidance with respect to such standards, are subject to change. Such changes could lead to unanticipated changes in our current revenue accounting practices, and such changes could significantly reduce our future revenues and earnings, which would likely have a material adverse effect on the price of our common stock.

***We may not be able to sustain or develop new distribution relationships and a reduction or delay in sales to a significant distribution partner could hurt our business.***

Our sales strategy requires that we establish and maintain multiple distribution channels in the United States and internationally through leading industry resellers, original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, systems integrators, Internet service providers and other channel partners. We have a limited number of agreements with companies in these channels, and we may not be able to increase our number of distribution relationships or maintain our existing relationships. If we are unable to establish and maintain our indirect sales channels, our business and results of operations will be harmed. In addition, one distributor of our products accounted for 12.6% of our net revenue for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, no single reseller or customer accounted for more than 10% of our net revenue. A substantial reduction or delay in sales of our products to this or any other key distribution partner could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Undetected software errors may harm our business and results of operations.***

Software products frequently contain undetected errors when first introduced or as new versions are released. We have experienced these errors in the past in connection with new products and product upgrades. We expect that these errors will be found from time to time in new or enhanced products after commencement of commercial shipments. These problems may cause us to incur significant warranty and repair costs, divert the attention of our engineering personnel from our product development efforts and cause significant customer relations problems. We may also be subject to liability claims for damages related to product errors. While we carry insurance policies covering this type of liability, these policies may not provide sufficient protection should a claim be asserted. A material product liability claim may harm our business and results of operations.

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Our products must successfully operate with products from other vendors. As a result, when problems occur in a network, it may be difficult to identify the source of the problem. The occurrence of software errors, whether caused by our products or another vendor's products, may result in the delay or loss of market acceptance of our products. The occurrence of any of these problems may harm our business and results of operations.

***Our expansion into international markets may not succeed.***

We intend to continue expanding into international markets. International sales represented 34.9% of our net revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003, 32.2% of our net revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002 and 33.3% of our net revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001. We have engaged sales personnel throughout Europe and the Asia Pacific region. Our continued growth will require further expansion of our international operations in the European, Asia Pacific and other markets. If we are unable to expand our international operations successfully and in a timely manner, our business and results of operations may be harmed. Such expansion may be more difficult or take longer than we anticipate, and we may not be able to successfully market, sell, deliver and support our products internationally.

***Our operating results are exposed to risks associated with international commerce.***

As our international sales increase, our operating results become more exposed to international operating risks. These risks include risks related to potential recessions in economies outside the United States, foreign currency exchange rates, managing foreign sales offices, regulatory, political, or economic conditions in specific countries, military conflict or terrorist activities, changes in laws and tariffs, inadequate protection of intellectual property rights in foreign countries, foreign regulatory requirements, and natural disasters. All of these factors could have a material adverse effect on our business. In particular, in fiscal year 2003, we derived 13.8% of our total revenue from the Japanese market and this revenue is dependent on a number of factors outside our control, including the viability and success of our resellers and the strength of the Japanese economy, which has been weak in recent years.

***Acquisitions, including our recent acquisition of substantially all of the assets of uRoam, Inc., present many risks and we may not realize the financial and strategic goals that are contemplated at the time of the transaction.***

With respect to our July 2003 acquisition of substantially all of the assets of uRoam, Inc., as well as any other future acquisitions we may undertake, we may find that the acquired assets do not further our business strategy as expected, or that we paid more than what the assets are later worth, or that economic conditions change, all of which may generate future impairment charges. There may be difficulty integrating the operations and personnel of the acquired business, and we may have difficulty retaining the key personnel of the acquired business. In the case of the assets acquired from uRoam, Inc., because it was based in Northern California and because the employees we hired in connection with the acquisition were not relocated to Seattle, the above-mentioned integration and personnel retention issues represent a particular risk to us. We may have difficulty in incorporating the acquired technologies or products with our existing product lines. Our ongoing business and management's attention may be disrupted or diverted by transition or integration issues and the complexity of managing geographically and culturally diverse locations. We may have difficulty maintaining uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies across locations. We may experience significant problems or liabilities associated with the product quality, technology and other matters.

Our inability to successfully operate and integrate newly-acquired businesses appropriately, effectively and in a timely manner, or to retain key personnel of uRoam, Inc. or any other acquired business, could have a material adverse effect on our ability to take advantage of further growth in demand for integrated traffic management and security solutions and other advances in technology, as well as on our revenues, gross margins and expenses.

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### ***Our success depends on our key personnel and our ability to attract, train and retain qualified marketing and sales, professional services and customer support personnel.***

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of our key management, product development, sales, marketing and finance personnel, many of which may be difficult to replace. The complexity of our secure application traffic management products and their integration into existing networks and ongoing support, as well as the sophistication of our sales and marketing effort, requires us to retain highly trained professional services, customer support and sales personnel. In spite of the economic downturn, competition for qualified professional services, customer support and sales personnel in our industry is intense because of the limited number of people available with the necessary technical skills and understanding of our products. Our ability to retain and hire these personnel may be adversely affected by volatility or reductions in the price of our common stock, since these employees are generally granted stock options. The loss of services of any of our key personnel, the inability to retain and attract qualified personnel in the future or delays in hiring qualified personnel, may harm our business and results of operations.

### ***We face litigation risks.***

We are a party to lawsuits in the normal course of our business. Litigation in general, and intellectual property and securities litigation in particular, can be expensive, lengthy and disruptive to normal business operations. Moreover, the results of complex legal proceedings are difficult to predict. We believe that we have defenses in the lawsuits pending against us and we are vigorously contesting these allegations. Responding to the allegations has been, and probably will be, expensive and time-consuming for us. An unfavorable resolution of the lawsuits could adversely affect our business, results of operations, or financial condition.

### ***Anti-takeover provisions could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us.***

Our Board of Directors has the authority to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock and to determine the price, rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, of those shares without any further vote or action by the stockholders. The rights of the holders of common stock may be subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of any preferred stock that may be issued in the future. The issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control of our company without further action by our stockholders and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of common stock. Further, certain provisions of our bylaws, including a provision limiting the ability of stockholders to raise matters at a meeting of stockholders without giving advance notice, may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in control or management of our company, which could have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock. In addition, our articles of incorporation provide for a staggered board, which may make it more difficult for a third party to gain control of our board of directors. Similarly, state anti-takeover laws in the State of Washington related to corporate takeovers may prevent or delay a change of control of our company.

## **Risks Related to the Offering**

### ***Our stock price may fluctuate significantly.***

The market price of our common stock has been, and we expect will continue to be, subject to significant fluctuations. Factors affecting our market price include:

quarterly variations in our results of operations;

failure to meet earnings estimates;

changes in earnings estimates or buy/sell recommendations by analysts;

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the operating and stock price performance of comparable companies;

developments in the financial markets;

the announcement of new products or product enhancements or business results by us or our competitors; and

general market conditions or market conditions specific to the industries in which we operate.

Recent stock prices for many technology companies have fluctuated in ways unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the companies. Those fluctuations and general economic, political and market conditions, such as recessions or international currency fluctuations, may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

***Future sales of our common stock may cause our stock price to decline.***

All of our outstanding shares of common stock, other than shares owned by affiliates, are freely tradable without restriction or further registration. Affiliates must comply with the volume and other requirements of Rule 144, except for the holding period requirements, in the sale of their shares. Sales of substantial amounts of common stock by our stockholders, including shares issued upon the exercise of outstanding options and warrants, or even the potential for such sales, may have a depressive effect on the market price of our common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of our equity securities.

***We may issue additional shares and dilute your ownership percentage.***

Some events over which you have no control could result in the issuance of additional shares of our common stock, which would dilute the ownership percentage of holders of our common stock. We may issue additional shares of common stock or preferred stock:

to raise additional capital or finance acquisitions;

upon the exercise or conversion of outstanding options; or

in lieu of any cash dividend payments we may make.

In addition, the rights of holders of our common stock may be adversely affected by the rights of holders of any preferred stock that may be issued in the future that would be senior to the rights of the holders of our common stock.

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**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including the documents incorporated herein by reference, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This Act provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements to encourage companies to provide prospective information about themselves so long as they identify these statements as forward-looking and provide meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ from the projected results. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as anticipate, believe, continue, could, estimate, expect, intend, may, might, plan, potential, predict, should or will or the negative of those terms and terminology. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, such as our objectives, forecasts, expectations and intentions. From time to time, we also may provide oral or written forward-looking statements in other materials we release to the public. Any or all forward-looking statements in this prospectus supplement, in the accompanying prospectus, in the documents incorporated herein by reference and in any other public statements we make may turn out to be wrong. Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations and are inherently uncertain. Inaccurate assumptions we might make and known or unknown risks and uncertainties can affect the accuracy of our forward-looking statements. Consequently, no forward-looking statement can be guaranteed and our actual results may differ materially. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We expect that the net proceeds from the sale of the 4,500,000 shares of common stock that we are offering will be approximately \$103.4 million (assuming an offering price of \$24.28 per share, the last reported sale price of our common stock on October 29, 2003). Net proceeds are the proceeds we expect to receive after paying the underwriting discount and other expenses of the offering. We expect to use the net proceeds for working capital and other general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures, development of new products and technologies or the acquisition of or investment in complementary products, technologies or businesses. However, we are not currently discussing any such acquisitions or investments and currently have no understanding or agreement related to any transaction.

Pending these uses, we intend to invest the net proceeds in short-term, interest-bearing, investment-grade securities. We do not currently have a specific plan with respect to the use of the net proceeds of this offering. As a result, our management will have broad discretion with respect to their use, and investors will be relying on the judgment of our management regarding the application of these proceeds. In addition, any investments, capital expenditures, cash acquisitions or other use of proceeds may not produce the anticipated results.

**Table of Contents****PRICE RANGE OF OUR COMMON STOCK**

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol FFIV. The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq National Market.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
<b>Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2002</b>		
First Quarter	\$28.73	\$ 7.00
Second Quarter	\$27.23	\$17.78
Third Quarter	\$23.86	\$ 7.31
Fourth Quarter	\$15.48	\$ 7.13
<b>Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2003</b>		
First Quarter	\$15.15	\$ 6.40
Second Quarter	\$15.50	\$10.70
Third Quarter	\$18.86	\$12.15
Fourth Quarter	\$21.85	\$16.20
<b>Fiscal Year ending September 30, 2004</b>		
First Quarter (through October 29, 2003)	\$26.17	\$19.25

The last reported sales price of our common stock on the Nasdaq National Market on October 29, 2003 was \$24.28.

As of October 28, 2003, there were 130 holders of record of our common stock. As many of our shares of common stock are held by brokers and other institutions on behalf of stockholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of beneficial holders of our common stock represented by these record holders.

**DIVIDEND POLICY**

We have never declared or paid any dividends on our capital stock. For the foreseeable future, we intend to retain earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock.

**Table of Contents****CAPITALIZATION**

As of September 30, 2003, we did not have any long-term indebtedness. The following table shows:

our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments and total shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2003; and

our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments and total shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2003, adjusted to reflect the completion of the offering of 4,500,000 shares of our common stock at an assumed public offering price of \$24.28 per share, the last reported sale price of our common stock on October 29, 2003, and the use of the net proceeds as described under "Use of Proceeds."

	September 30, 2003	
	Actual	As Adjusted
	(in thousands, except for share amounts)	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 44,878	\$ 148,235
Restricted cash(1)	6,000	6,000
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding		
Common stock, no par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 27,402,592 shares outstanding actual; 31,902,592 shares outstanding as adjusted(2)	141,709	245,066
Unearned compensation	(10)	(10)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	195	195
Accumulated deficit	(31,465)	(31,465)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 110,429</b>	<b>\$ 213,786</b>

(1) Restricted cash represents an escrow account established in connection with a lease agreement for our corporate headquarters. Under the terms of the lease, a \$6.0 million certificate of deposit is required through November 2012, unless the lease is terminated prior to that date.

(2) The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering is based on the number of shares outstanding on September 30, 2003, and excludes:

7,507,829 shares of common stock subject to outstanding options granted under our stock option plans at a weighted average exercise price of \$17.92 per share;

1,179,545 shares of common stock reserved for future stock option grants and restricted stock awards under our stock option plans; and

311,332 shares of common stock available for issuance under our employee stock purchase plan.

**Table of Contents****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED CONSOLIDATED****STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****Purchase Accounting**

On July 23, 2003, we acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of uRoam for cash of \$25.0 million. We also incurred \$2.4 million of direct transaction costs for a net purchase price of \$27.4 million. We have hired substantially all of uRoam's 20 employees consisting of product development, sales and service personnel.

We accounted for the acquisition under the purchase method of accounting in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141). Under the purchase method of accounting, the total purchase price is allocated to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values. The excess of the purchase price over those fair values is recorded as goodwill. The fair value assigned to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on estimates and assumptions provided by management, and other information compiled by management, including an independent valuation, prepared by an independent valuation specialist that utilizes established valuation techniques appropriate for the technology industry. The purchase price allocation is as follows:

	<b>Assets acquired</b>	<b>(in thousands)</b>
Accounts receivable, net		\$ 335
Property and equipment		4
Developed technology		3,000
Goodwill		24,188
		<hr/>
Total assets acquired		\$27,527
		<hr/>
<b>Liabilities assumed</b>		
Accrued liabilities		\$ (29)
Deferred revenue		(125)
		<hr/>
Total liabilities assumed		\$ (154)
		<hr/>
Net assets acquired		\$27,373
		<hr/>

To determine the value of the developed technology, a combination of cost and market approaches were used. The cost approach required an estimation of the costs required to reproduce the acquired technology. The market approach measures the fair value of the technology through an analysis of recent comparable transactions. The \$3.0 million allocated to developed technology will be amortized on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of five years. The \$24.2 million allocated to goodwill will not be amortized but will be subject to at least an annual impairment test under the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 Goodwill and other Intangible Assets.

**Pro Forma Statements of Operations**

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated statements of operations have been derived by the application of pro forma adjustments to the historical consolidated financial statements of F5 Networks and uRoam. Assumptions underlying the pro forma adjustments are described in the accompanying notes, which should be read in conjunction with these unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated statements of operations.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated statements of operations combines the consolidated statement of operations of F5 Networks for the year ended September 30, 2003 with uRoam's unaudited statement of operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2003 and the unaudited statement of operations for the period July 1, 2003 through July 23, 2003, the effective date of the acquisition by F5 Networks of substantially all of the assets of uRoam.



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As a result of different fiscal year ends of F5 Networks and uRoam, financial information has been combined for different periods in the pro forma statements of operations. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated statements of operations for the year ended September 30, 2003 has been prepared to reflect the acquisition as if the acquisition occurred at the beginning of the period. Certain reclassifications have been made to conform uRoam's historical and pro forma amounts to F5 Networks' financial statement presentation.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated statements of operations is based on estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions have been made solely for purposes of developing this pro forma information, which is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the combined statements of operations or results of operations of future periods or the results that actually would have been realized had the entities been a single entity during these periods.

**Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Consolidated****Statements of Operations**

	uRoam				F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2003 Pro Forma
	F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2003	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2003	Period From July 1, 2003 Through July 23, 2003	Pro Forma Adjustments	
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)				
Net revenues	\$ 115,895	\$ 969	\$ 48	\$	\$ 116,912
Cost of net revenues	26,905	58	6	600(a)	27,569
Gross profit	88,990	911	42	(600)	89,343
Operating expenses:					
Selling, general and administrative	65,472	3,113	313		68,898
Research and development	19,246	2,148	140		21,534
Amortization of unearned compensation	83				83
Total	84,801	5,261	453		90,515
Income (loss) from operations	4,189	(4,350)	(411)	(600)	(1,172)
Other income (expense), net	751	(546)		24(b)	229
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,940	(4,896)	(411)	(576)	(943)
Provision for income taxes	853				853
Net income (loss)(c)	\$ 4,087	\$ (4,896)	\$ (411)	\$ (576)	\$ (1,796)
Net income (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.15				\$ (0.07)
Weighted average shares - basic	26,453				26,453
Net loss per share - diluted	\$ 0.14				\$ (0.07)
Weighted average shares - diluted	28,220				26,453

(a) Cost of net revenues has been increased by \$600,000 for the year ended September 30, 2003. The increase reflects additional amortization of developed technology acquired in the acquisition. The developed technology of \$3.0 million has an estimated useful life of five years and has been reflected as if the acquisition occurred at the beginning of the period.

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- (b) For the year ended September 30, 2003 other income (expense), net has been adjusted to eliminate \$522,000. The decrease reflects the historical interest income that was earned on cash held by F5 Networks that was used to fund the acquisition. Additionally, other income (expense), net has been adjusted to eliminate \$546,000 for the same respective periods for historical interest expense on uRoam's short-term debt and capital lease obligations.
- (c) The net loss reported for uRoam is the net loss from continuing operations.

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**Table of Contents****SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA**

The selected historical consolidated financial data set forth below should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. The consolidated balance sheet data as of September 30, 2003 and 2002 and the consolidated statement of operations data for the three years ended September 30, 2003 are derived from the consolidated financial statements that have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, and which are included elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. The consolidated balance sheet data as of September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 and the consolidated statement of operations data for the two years ended September 30, 2000 are derived from the consolidated financial statements that have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, that are not included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected in the future.

	Years Ended September 30,				
	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
	(in thousands)				
<b>Consolidated Statement of Operations Data</b>					
Net revenues:					
Products	\$ 84,197	\$ 82,566	\$ 78,628	\$ 87,980	\$ 23,420
Services	31,698	25,700	28,739	20,665	4,405
Total	115,895	108,266	107,367	108,645	27,825
Cost of net revenues:					
Products	17,837	20,241	33,240	24,660	5,582
Services	9,068	10,238	12,265	7,911	1,618
Total	26,905	30,479	45,505	32,571	7,200
Gross profit	88,990	77,787	61,862	76,074	20,625
Operating expenses:					
Sales and marketing	53,458	50,581	50,767	36,890	13,505
Research and development	19,246	17,985	17,435	14,478	5,642
General and administrative	12,014	15,045	18,776	9,727	3,869
Restructuring charges		3,274	975		
Amortization of unearned compensation	83	443	2,625	2,127	2,487
Total	84,801	87,328	90,578	63,222	25,503
Income (loss) from operations	4,189	(9,541)	(28,716)	12,852	(4,878)
Other income, net	751	1,420	2,021	2,903	534
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,940	(8,121)	(26,695)	15,755	(4,344)
Provision for income taxes	853	489	4,095	2,105	
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,087	\$ (8,610)	\$ (30,790)	\$ 13,650	\$ (4,344)
Net income (loss) per share basic	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)	\$ 0.65	\$ (0.42)

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Weighted average shares	basic	26,453	25,323	22,644	21,137	10,238
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Net income (loss) per share	diluted	\$ 0.14	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)	\$ 0.59	\$ (0.42)
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Weighted average shares	diluted	28,220	25,323	22,644	23,066	10,238
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

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## Years Ended September 30,

	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
(in thousands)					
<b>Consolidated Balance Sheet Data</b>					
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	\$ 44,878	\$ 80,333	\$ 69,783	\$ 53,199	\$24,797
Restricted cash(1)	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	3,013
Long-term investments	34,132	1,346			
Total assets	148,173	126,289	124,663	122,420	42,846
Long-term liabilities	1,735	1,315	1,167	238	
Total shareholders equity	110,429	93,685	96,488	87,685	31,973

- (1) Restricted cash represents an escrow account established in connection with a lease agreement for our corporate headquarters. Under the terms of the lease, a \$6.0 million certificate of deposit is required through November 2012, unless the lease is terminated prior to that date.

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**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*You should read this discussion together with the financial statements and other financial information included and incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement contains forward looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those indicated in the forward looking statements. Please see Forward-Looking Statements elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.*

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
(in thousands, except for percentages)			
<b>Revenues</b>			
Net revenues:			
Products	\$ 84,197	\$ 82,566	\$ 78,628
Services	31,698	25,700	28,739
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 115,895</b>	<b>\$ 108,266</b>	<b>\$ 107,367</b>
<b>Percentage of net revenues</b>			
Products	72.6%	76.3%	73.2%
Services	27.4	23.7	26.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**Net Revenues.** Total net revenues increased 7.0% in fiscal year 2003 from fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, or fiscal year 2002, compared to an increase of 0.8% in fiscal year 2002 from fiscal year 2001. International revenues represented 34.9%, 32.2% and 33.3% of net revenues in fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. We expect international sales will continue to represent a significant portion of net revenues, although we cannot provide assurance that international revenues as a percentage of net revenues will remain at current levels.

Net product revenues were \$84.2 million for fiscal year 2003 compared to \$82.6 million for fiscal year 2002 and \$78.6 million for fiscal year 2001. The 2.0% increase in fiscal year 2003 was primarily the result of sales in Asia Pacific and Europe. The 5.0% increase in fiscal year 2002 was primarily the result of strong sales in North America, partially offset by decreased sales in the Asia Pacific region.

Sales of our BIG-IP products represented 82.8%, 84.1% and 78.9% of total product revenues in fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Our BIG-IP products consist of server appliances and IP application switches. Our IP application switch products, including BIG-IP 1000, BIG-IP 2400 and the BIG-IP 5100 were introduced in the first quarter of fiscal year 2003 and represented 41.8% of product revenues in fiscal year 2003. We expect to continue to derive a significant portion of our product revenues from sales of BIG-IP in the future and expect the percentage of BIG-IP revenues derived from IP application switches to continue to increase as a percentage of total product revenues.

Net service revenues were \$31.7 million for fiscal year 2003 compared to \$25.7 million for fiscal year 2002 and \$28.7 million for fiscal year 2001. Service revenues increased by 23.3% in fiscal year 2003 primarily due to an increase in the renewal of service and support contracts by existing customers, as our installed base increased. The 10.6% decrease in service revenues in fiscal year 2002 compared to fiscal year 2001 was primarily due to changes in pricing and a larger percentage of our resellers providing maintenance and installation to end-users, partially offset by an increase in the renewal of service and support contracts by existing customers.

Ingram Micro Inc., one of our domestic distributors, accounted for 12.6% of our total net revenues for fiscal year 2003. Ingram Micro accounted for 17.8% of our accounts receivable as of September 30, 2003.



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No individual customer or distributor represented more than 10% of our total net revenues or accounts receivable for fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
(in thousands, except for percentages)			
<b>Gross margin</b>			
Cost of net revenues:			
Products	\$ 17,837	\$ 20,241	\$ 33,240
Services	9,068	10,238	12,265
Total	26,905	30,479	45,505
Gross margin	\$ 88,990	\$ 77,787	\$ 61,862
<b>Gross margin (as a percentage of related net revenue)</b>			
Cost of net revenues:			
Products	21.2%	24.5%	42.3%
Services	28.6	39.8	42.7
Total	23.2	28.2	42.4
Gross margin	76.8%	71.8%	57.6%

**Cost of Net Product Revenues.** Cost of net product revenues decreased to \$17.8 million in fiscal year 2003 from \$20.2 million in fiscal year 2002 and \$33.2 million in fiscal year 2001. Cost of net product revenues decreased as a percent of net product revenue to 21.2% in fiscal year 2003 from 24.5% in fiscal year 2002 and 42.3% in fiscal year 2001. The decrease in fiscal year 2003 was primarily the result of lower warranty, manufacturing and component costs. The decrease in fiscal year 2002 was primarily the result of lower excess inventory charges and manufacturing costs partially offset by increased warranty costs. Further, in fiscal year 2002, we unified our supply chain with a single contract manufacturer and, as result, have improved our manufacturing efficiencies, as well as realized lower component costs.

**Cost of Net Service Revenues.** Cost of net service revenues decreased to \$9.1 million in fiscal year 2003 from \$10.2 million in fiscal year 2002 and \$12.3 million in fiscal year 2001. Cost of net service revenues decreased as a percent of net service revenues to 28.6% in fiscal year 2003 from 39.8% in fiscal year 2002 and 42.7% in fiscal year 2001. The decrease in fiscal year 2003 was primarily due to a decrease in personnel related costs associated with a decline in service personnel headcount and related costs during the last quarter of fiscal year 2002. This decrease in fiscal year 2002 was primarily due to improved operational efficiencies and a decrease in headcount and related costs.

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	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(in thousands, except for percentages)		
<b>Operating expenses</b>			
Sales and marketing	\$53,458	\$50,581	\$50,767
Research and development	19,246	17,985	17,435
General and administrative	12,014	15,045	18,776
Restructuring charges		3,274	975
Amortization of unearned compensation	83	443	2,625
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total	\$84,801	\$87,328	\$90,578
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Operating expenses (as a percentage of net revenue)</b>			
Sales and marketing	46.1%	46.7%	47.3%
Research and development	16.6	16.6	16.2
General and administrative	10.4	13.9	17.5
Restructuring charges		3.0	0.9
Amortization of unearned compensation	0.1	0.5	2.5
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total	73.2%	80.7%	84.4%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**Sales and Marketing.** Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of the salaries, commissions and related benefits of our sales and marketing staff, the costs of our marketing programs, including public relations, advertising and trade shows, and an allocation of our facilities and depreciation expenses. Sales and marketing expenses increased 5.7% to \$53.5 million in fiscal year 2003 from \$50.6 million in fiscal year 2002. The increase in fiscal year 2003 related primarily to increased payroll and related personnel costs, and travel related expenses. Sales and marketing expenses decreased to \$50.6 million in fiscal year 2002 from \$50.8 million in fiscal year 2001. The decrease in fiscal year 2002, compared to fiscal year 2001, was due to a decrease in trade show and promotional activities and decreased business travel expenses, partially offset by increased personnel costs as we continued to expand our international operations. We expect to continue to increase sales and marketing expenses in order to grow net revenues and expand our brand awareness.

**Research and Development.** Research and development expenses consist primarily of the salaries and related benefits for our product development personnel and an allocation of our facilities and depreciation expenses. Research and development expenses increased 7.0% to \$19.2 million in fiscal year 2003, from \$18.0 million in fiscal year 2002 and \$17.4 million in fiscal year 2001. The increase in fiscal year 2003 was due to increased personnel related costs associated with an increase in headcount to 145 from 127 primarily as a result of the acquisition of substantially all the assets of uRoam and an increase in prototype expenses. The increase in fiscal year 2002 was due to increased personnel related costs and expenses related to the development of new products. We expect to continue to increase research and development expenses as our future success is dependent on the continued enhancement of our current products and our ability to develop new products that meet the changing needs of our customers.

**General and Administrative.** General and administrative expenses consist primarily of the salaries, benefits and related costs of our executive, finance, information technology, human resource and legal personnel, third-party professional service fees, bad debt charges and an allocation of our facilities and depreciation expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased 20.1% to \$12.0 million in fiscal year 2003 from \$15.0 million in fiscal year 2002 and \$18.8 million in fiscal year 2001. The decrease in fiscal year 2003 is primarily due to a decrease in professional services related to patent prosecution and other activities related to our intellectual property and lower bad debt charges. The decrease in fiscal year 2002 is primarily due to lower bad debt charges and lower facilities expenses resulting from the sublease of one

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of our buildings, partially offset by an increase in professional services related to patent prosecution and other activities related to our intellectual property.

**Restructuring Charges.** During the third quarter of fiscal year 2002, we recorded a restructuring charge of \$2.8 million in connection with management's decision to exit the cache appliance business. As a result of changes in the business, we wrote down certain assets, consolidated operations and terminated 47 employees throughout all divisions of F5 Networks. In July 2002, all identified employees had been notified and terminated resulting in an additional charge of \$0.5 million related to employee separation costs.

During the first fiscal quarter of 2001, we recorded a restructuring charge totaling \$1.1 million in connection with our management's decision to bring operating expenses in line with the business revenue growth model. Accordingly, we terminated 96 employees throughout all divisions of F5 Networks. By the end of January 2001, all identified employees had been terminated. During the quarter ended March 31, 2001, we reversed \$96,000 of previous estimates. As of September 30, 2001, substantially all of the restructuring charges accrued during the first quarter of 2001 had been paid. See note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement for a discussion of continuing restructuring liabilities.

**Amortization of Unearned Compensation.** We have recorded a total of \$8.3 million of stock compensation costs since our inception through September 30, 2003. These charges represent the difference, on the grant date, between the exercise price and the deemed fair value of certain stock options granted to our employees and outside directors. These options generally vest ratably over a four-year period. We are amortizing these costs using an accelerated method as prescribed by Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, interpretation No. 28 (FIN No. 28) and recorded stock compensation charges of \$0.1 million, \$0.4 million, and \$2.6 million for the fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Unamortized stock-based compensation totaled \$10,000 at September 30, 2003.

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(in thousands, except for percentages)		
<b>Other Income and Income Taxes</b>			
Income (loss) from operations	\$4,189	\$ (9,541)	\$ (28,716)
Other income, net	751	1,420	2,021
	—————	—————	—————
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,940	(8,121)	(26,695)
Provision for income taxes	853	489	4,095
	—————	—————	—————
Net income (loss)	\$4,087	\$ (8,610)	\$ (30,790)
	—————	—————	—————
<b>Other Income and Income Taxes (as percentage of revenue)</b>			
Income (loss) from operations	3.6%	(8.8)%	(26.7)%
Other income, net	0.7	1.3	1.9
Income (loss) before income taxes	4.3	(7.5)	(24.9)
Provision for income taxes	0.8	0.5	3.8
	—————	—————	—————
Net income (loss)	3.5%	(8.0)%	(28.7)%
	—————	—————	—————

**Other Income, Net.** Other income, net, consists primarily of investment income and foreign currency transaction gains and losses. Other income, net, decreased 47.1% to \$0.8 million in fiscal year 2003 from \$1.4 million in fiscal year 2002 and \$2.0 million in fiscal year 2001. The decrease in fiscal year 2003 was primarily due to realized losses on sales of investments, declining interest rates and interest income, and an increase in foreign currency transaction losses. The decrease in fiscal year 2002 was related to declining interest rates and investment income.





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**Provision for Income Taxes.** The provision for income taxes was \$0.9 million, \$0.5 million and \$4.1 million for fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The provision for income taxes represents foreign taxes related to our international operation, with the exception of fiscal year 2001, which includes a charge of \$3.4 million to provide a full valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets. No federal or state income taxes were provided in fiscal years 2002 or 2003.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We have funded our operations with our cash balances, cash generated from operations and proceeds from public offerings.

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(in thousands)		
<b>Liquidity and Capital Resources</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,351	\$ 20,801	\$ 18,321
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,610	9,505	(11,833)
Cash used in investing activities	(38,053)	(12,663)	(24,709)
Cash provided by financing activities	12,833	5,483	36,343

We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$10.4 million at the end of fiscal year 2003, compared to \$20.8 million at the end of fiscal year 2002 and \$18.3 million at the end of fiscal year 2001.

Cash provided by operating activities during fiscal year 2003 was \$14.6 million compared to \$9.5 million in fiscal year 2002 and cash used in operating activities was \$11.8 million in fiscal year 2001. Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal years 2003 and 2002 resulted primarily from cash generated from net income, after adjusting for non-cash charges, changes in operating assets and liabilities and an increase in deferred revenue due to an increase in the renewal of service and support contracts by existing customers. Cash used in operating activities in fiscal year 2001 resulted primarily from operating losses, partially offset by a decrease in net accounts receivable.

Cash used in investing activities was \$38.1 million for the fiscal year 2003, \$12.7 million for fiscal year 2002 and \$24.7 million for fiscal year 2001. The cash used in investing activities in fiscal year 2003 was primarily the result of the \$27.4 million used to acquire substantially all the assets of uRoam and purchase of investments and property and equipment partially offset by the sale of investments. Cash used in each of fiscal years 2002 and 2001 were due primarily to the purchase of investments and property and equipment, partially offset by the sale of investments.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$12.8 million for fiscal year 2003 compared to \$5.5 million for fiscal year 2002 and \$36.3 million for the fiscal year 2001. In fiscal years 2003 and 2002, our financing activities primarily related to cash received from the exercise of employee stock options and the purchase of common shares under our employee stock purchase plan. In fiscal year 2001, we also received \$34.9 million related to the issuance of common stock and warrants to Nokia Finance International B.V. The warrants expired in January 2003 without being exercised.

We expect that our existing cash balances and cash from operations will be sufficient to meet our anticipated working capital and capital expenditures for the foreseeable future.

**Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

As of September 30, 2003, our principal commitments consisted of obligations outstanding under operating leases. In April 2000, we amended and restated the lease agreement relating to two buildings for our corporate headquarters. The lease commenced in July 2000 on the first building; and the lease on the second building commenced in September 2000. The lease for both buildings expires in 2012 with an option for renewal. The lease for the second building has been fully subleased through 2012. We

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established a restricted escrow account in connection with this lease agreement. Under the term of the lease, a \$6.0 million certificate of deposit is required through November 2012, unless the lease is terminated before then. This amount has been included on our balance sheet as a component of restricted cash. Contractual obligations reflected in the following table are net of sublease income.

**Payments Due by Period**

Obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 Years	4-5 Years	After 5 Years
(in thousands)					
Operating leases	\$ 18,474	\$ 2,727	\$ 4,306	\$ 3,971	\$ 7,470

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk**

**Interest Rate Risk.** Our cash equivalents consist of high-quality securities, as specified in our investment policy guidelines. The policy limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issue or issuer to a maximum of 20% of the total portfolio with the exception of treasury securities, commercial paper and money market funds, which are exempt from size limitation. The policy requires investments in securities that mature in two years or less, with the average maturity being one year or less. These securities are subject to interest rate risk and will decrease in value if interest rates increase. A decrease of one percent in the average interest rate would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$0.7 million in our interest income.

	Maturing in				Fair value
	Three months or less	Three months to one year	Greater than one year	Total	
(in thousands, except for percentages)					
<b>September 30, 2003</b>					
Included in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,972	\$	\$	\$ 3,972	\$ 3,972
Weighted average interest rate	1.1%				
Included in short-term investments	\$ 29,409	\$ 5,118	\$	\$ 34,527	\$ 34,527
Weighted average interest rates	1.6%	2.1%			
Included in long-term investments	\$	\$	\$ 34,132	\$ 34,132	\$ 34,132
Weighted average interest rates			2.0%		
<b>September 30, 2002</b>					
Included in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,582	\$	\$	\$ 3,582	\$ 3,582
Weighted average interest rate	1.9%				
Included in short-term investments	\$	\$ 41,591	\$ 17,941	\$ 59,532	\$ 59,532
Weighted average interest rates		2.2%	3.3%		
<b>September 30, 2001</b>					
Included in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,169	\$	\$	\$ 8,169	\$ 8,169
Weighted average interest rate	4.1%				
Included in short-term investments	\$	\$ 33,500	\$ 17,294	\$ 50,794	\$ 51,462
Weighted average interest rates		4.6%	3.4%		

**Foreign Currency Risk.** The majority of our sales and expenses are denominated in U.S. dollars and as a result, we have not experienced significant foreign currency transaction gains and losses to date. While we have conducted some transactions in foreign currencies during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003 and expect to continue to do so, we do not anticipate that foreign currency transaction gains or losses will be significant at our current level of operations. However, as we continue to expand our operations internationally, they may become significant in the future. We have not engaged in foreign currency hedging to date. However, we may do so in the future.

**Critical Accounting Policies**

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Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires

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us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following critical accounting policies affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements.

**Revenue Recognition.** We recognize revenue in accordance with the guidance provided under Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, and SOP No. 98-9 Modification of SOP No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, with Respect to Certain Transactions. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 48, Revenue Recognition When Right of Return Exists, and Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements.

We sell products through resellers, OEMs, and other channel partners, as well as directly to end users, under similar terms. We recognize product revenue upon shipment, net of estimated returns, provided that collection is determined to be probable and no significant obligations remain. Product revenues from OEM agreements are recognized based on reporting of sales from the OEM partner. Whenever a software license, hardware, installation and post-contract customer support, or PCS, elements are combined into a package with a single bundled price, a portion of the sales price is allocated to each element of the bundled elements based on their respective fair values as determined when the individual elements are sold separately. Revenues from the license of software are recognized when the software has been shipped and the customer is obligated to pay for the software. When rights of return are present and we cannot estimate returns, we recognize revenue when such rights of return lapse. Revenues for PCS are recognized on a straight-line basis over the service contract term. PCS includes rights to upgrades, when and if available, a limited period of telephone support, updates, and bug fixes. Installation revenue is recognized when the product has been installed at the customer's site. Consulting services are customarily billed at fixed rates, plus out-of-pocket expenses, and revenues are recognized when the consulting has been completed. Training revenue is recognized when the training has been completed.

Our ordinary payment terms to our domestic customers are net 30 days. Our ordinary payment terms to our international customers are net 30 to 90 days based on normal and customary trade practices in the individual markets. We have offered extended payment terms beyond ordinary terms to some customers. For these arrangements, revenue is recognized when payments become due.

**Reserve for Doubtful Accounts.** Estimates are used in determining our allowance for doubtful accounts and are based on a percentage of our accounts receivable by aging category. In determining these percentages, we evaluate historical write-offs, current trends in the credit quality of our customer base, as well as changes in the credit policies. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition and generally do not require any collateral. If there is a deterioration of a major customer's credit worthiness or actual defaults are higher than our historical experience, our allowance for doubtful accounts may not be insufficient.

**Reserve for Product Returns.** Product returns are estimated based on historical experience by type of product and are recorded at the time revenues are recognized. In some instances, product revenue from distributors is subject to agreements allowing rights of return. Accordingly, we reduce recognized revenue for estimated future returns at the time revenue is recorded. When rights of return are present and we cannot estimate returns, revenue is recognized when such rights lapse. The estimates for returns are adjusted periodically based upon changes in historical rates of returns, inventory in the distribution channel, and other related factors. It is possible that these estimates will change in the future or that the actual amounts could vary from our estimates and result in reductions to recognized revenues.

**Reserve for Excess or Obsolete Inventory.** We currently reserve for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated net realizable value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual market

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conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory charges may be required.

**Reserve for Warranties.** A warranty reserve is established based on our historical experience and an estimate of the amounts necessary to settle future and existing claims on products sold as of the balance sheet date. While we believe that our warranty reserve is adequate and that the judgment applied is appropriate, such amounts estimated to be due and payable could differ materially from what will actually transpire in the future.

**Income Tax Valuation Allowance.** The Company has net deferred tax assets at September 30, 2003 totaling approximately \$30.7 million, which are fully offset by a valuation allowance due to management's determination that the criteria for recognition have not been met. In the event management were to determine that the Company would be able to realize its net deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the deferred tax assets would be made, increasing net income (or decreasing net loss) in the period in which such a determination was made.

As of September 30, 2003, approximately \$12.7 million of the valuation allowance related to the Company's net operating loss carry forwards is derived from the tax benefits of stock option deductions. At such time as the valuation allowance related to their deductions is released, the benefits will be credited to additional paid in capital.

**Purchase Price Allocation.** During 2003, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of uRoam, Inc. for cash of \$25 million. The Company also incurred \$2.4 million of direct transaction costs for a total purchase price of \$27.4 million. The total purchase price was allocated to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value was recorded as goodwill. The fair value assigned to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed were based upon estimates and assumptions developed by management and other information compiled by management.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2003, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 150 Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liability and Equity (SFAS No. 150). SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how companies classify and measure certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2003, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS No. 149), which is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. SFAS No. 149 clarifies under what circumstances a contract with an initial net investment meets the characteristic of a derivative as discussed in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, when a derivative contains a financing component, amends the definition of an underlying to conform it to the language used in FASB interpretation No. 45, Guarantor Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others and amends certain other existing pronouncements. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2003, FASB issued Interpretation No. 46 (FIN No. 46), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities that either: (1) do not have sufficient equity investment at risk to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support, or (2) the company will hold a significant variable interest in, or have significant involvement with, an existing variable interest entity. The adoption of this interpretation did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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In November 2002, FASB issued Interpretation No. 45 (FIN No. 45), *Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others*, which addresses the disclosures to be made by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under guarantees. FIN No. 45 also requires the recognition of a liability by a guarantor at the inception of certain guarantees that are entered into or modified after December 31, 2002. The additional disclosures required by FIN No. 45 have been included in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

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**BUSINESS**

**Introduction**

We develop, manufacture and sell products and services to help companies efficiently and securely manage their Internet traffic, as well as the access and use of their intranet-based software applications. Our application traffic management products, including the BIG-IP Controller, 3-DNS Controller and BIG-IP Link Controller, help manage Internet traffic to servers and network devices in a way that maximizes the availability, scalability and throughput of those network components and the applications that run on them. Our recently acquired FirePass family of network server appliances provides secure user access to corporate networks and individual applications through any standard Web browser. Our unique iControl architecture enables our products to communicate with one another in the network and ensure optimal throughput of traffic, and also allows them to be integrated with third party products, including enterprise applications. This facilitates the automation of repetitive processes and allows the customer to optimize applications on their networks, thereby saving them time and money. As components of an integrated solution, our products address many elements required for successful Internet and intranet business applications, including high availability, high performance, intelligent load balancing, streamlined manageability, remote access to corporate networks, and network and application security. Our solution for application traffic management and security is software-based, which differentiates us from our competitors whose solutions are largely hardware-based. We believe this differentiation enables us to offer our customers greater flexibility, cost-effectiveness and adaptability in response to today's rapidly changing environment.

Enterprise customers in financial services, manufacturing, transportation and mobile telecommunications make up the largest percentage of our customer base. We market and sell our products primarily through indirect sales channels in North America, Europe and the Asia Pacific region, and to some direct customer accounts in North America. We have subsidiaries or branch offices in Australia, Canada, China, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Japan, The Netherlands, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, Taiwan, Thailand and the United Kingdom.

In July 2003, we acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of uRoam for \$25.0 million in cash. We also incurred \$2.4 million of direct transaction costs for a net purchase price of \$27.4 million. We hired substantially all of uRoam's 20 employees, consisting of product development, sales and service personnel. uRoam's family of FirePass servers is a comprehensive remote access product set that enables users to access applications in a secure fashion, using technology based on the SSL standard. We believe FirePass provides a security solution that is easier to manage and use, and is more secure, than existing VPN solutions, allowing customers to realize significant cost savings for secure remote access to any application. The acquisition of substantially all of the assets of uRoam will allow us to quickly enter the SSL VPN market, broaden our customer base and augment our existing product line.

**Industry Background**

As a result of the Internet's capabilities, it has become a fundamental tool for commerce and communications. Since the late 1990's, businesses have responded to the power, flexibility and economy of the Internet by deploying new IP based applications, upgrading their client-server applications to new IP-enabled versions, and enabling existing applications for use over the Internet. IP is a communications language that is used for transmitting data over the Internet. During the next several years, we believe this process of deploying IP-enabled applications will accelerate as Web services enable businesses to build applications quickly and easily by integrating software modules available from many different sources. Web services allow businesses to combine functions of existing applications and processes to create new applications and functionality operating over the Internet and beyond the corporate firewall. The purpose of Web services is to enable applications to interact with each other more smoothly, reducing inefficiencies associated with human intervention. A fully-integrated, Web services-enabled computing network would allow personal computers, servers, handheld devices, programs, applications and network equipment to work together directly to generate more efficient data flow and application development and use. In



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addition, we believe that the growth of Internet usage will continue to be driven by new applications such as Voice over IP, or VoIP, increased penetration of broadband Internet access enabling the remote use of more applications, and the increasing popularity of mobile Internet access through wireless devices such as cellular telephones, personal digital assistants and notebook computers.

Current traffic management products are designed primarily to manage Web traffic. However, few products are equipped with the functionality and flexibility to securely manage the full range of IP-enabled applications, such as Oracle Financials, BEA Weblogic and Siebel Sales Force Automation.

***Internet Architecture***

The Open Systems Interconnect Reference Model, or OSI Model, is the framework that describes and defines how networked systems communicate with one another. The OSI Model divides network functions into seven layers and specifies how the layers should interact to enable interoperability between the various users. These interoperability standards have been designed to allow all parts of the network to work together, regardless of the different hardware and software components. IP requires all data transmitted across the Internet to be divided into packets prior to its transmission, and reassembled at its destination. Prior to transmission, each packet of data is automatically given a header that identifies the source and destination of the packet. This header information is used in the OSI Model for the purposes of identifying, routing and sequencing data packets, and is stripped from the data upon arrival at its destination.

***Layer 4-7 Traffic Management***

Layers 2 and 3 of the OSI Model primarily perform standardized, repetitive tasks such as ensuring that packets of information sent over the Internet arrive at the destination to which they are addressed, and reassembling them in the correct sequence. Unlike Layers 2 and 3, Layers 4-7 are complex and variable and must support end-user applications and processes on a wide variety of platforms and devices. For example, Layer 7 (which encompasses the functions of Layers 5 and 6) enables email, directory look-up and the transfer of files between otherwise incompatible systems.

While traditional Layer 2/3 switching devices are used primarily to ensure correct delivery of packets of information, there is an increasing need for Layer 7 technology that can read the entire contents of a packetized transmission and make intelligent decisions based on a dynamic set of business rules about how to handle the transmission and where to route it to ensure the availability and optimal performance of applications, servers and the network. Additionally, Layer 2/3, as well as Layer 4, switching devices are primarily hardware-based and are optimized for speed at the expense of flexibility. While most manufacturers of Layer 7 switching devices have also opted for the traditional, costly, hardware-based solutions, this limits the ability of their products to adapt to the rapidly changing requirements of Layer 7 traffic management needed for common end-user applications today.

According to the Ethernet Switch Report 5-Year Forecast prepared by Dell Oro Group, the traditional Layer 4-7 traffic management market is expected to grow from \$432 million in 2002 to \$870 million in 2007, representing a five-year compounded annual growth rate of approximately 15%. Additional emerging growth markets for Layer 4-7 traffic management include blade servers, mobile IP and Web services. A blade server is a thin, modular electronic circuit board intended for a single, dedicated application (such as serving Web pages or server load balancing) that can be easily inserted into a space-saving chassis with many similar blade servers. Blade servers, loaded into chassis, are designed to consume less energy and require considerably less space than conventional servers.

***Growth in Demand for Secure Traffic Management***

As Internet traffic and the use of IP-enabled applications have increased, the demands placed on Layer 7 have also increased and so has the demand for integrated, effective Layer 7 traffic management solutions. Corporations are becoming more reliant on highly sophisticated IP-enabled applications both for their internal operations and for interactions with external customers and partners. The need to guarantee

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the security of electronic information and transactions has led to the emergence of SSL encryption as the standard for secure IP-enabled traffic. During the interaction between a user and a financial application, for example, data sent from the user to the server is typically encrypted by the user's Web browser and decrypted by the server, and this process is reversed for data sent back to the user. The use of SSL has continued to grow with the proliferation of Web-based applications that require secure transactions. Increases in the number and sophistication of Web attacks, and the damage caused by such attacks, are also driving demand for more effective security solutions.

SSL is also the core of new technology that addresses the growing need for corporations to provide secure connectivity for the rapidly increasing number of users who access corporate networks and applications from remote locations using a variety of devices ranging from home personal computers and laptops to cellular telephones and personal digital assistants. Many companies currently provide remote access to offsite users through VPNs based on the Internet Protocol Security, or IPSec, framework, which allows remote users to access corporate networks and applications by means of encrypted tunnels through the Internet. VPNs are cost-effective because they use the Internet for low-cost transmission of information while providing remote users with a highly secure connection. However, a key security risk associated with IPSec VPNs is that once remote users are connected, they have unrestricted access to all applications and resources within the network.

During the past year, new VPN technology using the SSL protocol has steadily gained acceptance as a more cost-effective solution that is both simpler to deploy and easier to manage than IPSec VPNs. Unlike IPSec VPNs, SSL VPNs do not require customers to purchase and install client-side software on every remote device that accesses the network. Instead, they use the SSL capabilities resident in a remote client's Internet browser to establish and maintain a secure connection between the client and the VPN server. This eliminates both the initial cost of distributing and implementing client-side software and the recurring costs of upgrading and maintaining it. In addition to providing secure network access, SSL technology can also be used to selectively limit access to certain applications and resources within the network, depending on the identity of the user. Because of the improved security and reduced overall costs, we believe SSL-based solutions will become the dominant method for remote access within the next few years.

According to Infonetics Research's VPN and Firewall Products Quarterly Worldwide Market Share and Forecasts for 2Q03 report, the SSL VPN market is expected to grow from \$34 million in 2002 to \$607 million by 2006, representing a four-year compounded annual growth rate of approximately 105%.

**The F5 Solution**

We believe our products are superior to those of our competitors in addressing the growing need among enterprises for integrated, secure, application traffic management.

*Software Based Products.* From our inception, we have been committed to the belief that the complexity of Layer 7 traffic management requires a software-based rather than a hardware-based solution. We believe our software-based solution for application traffic management and security using commodity hardware provides greatly increased functionality. We also believe our products are more cost-effective, flexible and easily adaptable to today's constantly changing and increasingly demanding environments than our competitors' solutions, which are primarily hardware-based. In addition, our software can be easily ported to commodity hardware platforms manufactured by third-party vendors, which has enabled us to license the software to our OEM partners who resell it installed on their own products. It has also created an opportunity for us to sell versions of our software that run on blade servers manufactured by third-party vendors, thereby increasing the target market for our software.

*Application Awareness.* One of the most important features of our software-based products is their application awareness. Our products are designed using a common architecture, called iControl, with a common interface that allows them to communicate with one another and with third-party software and devices. Through our unique, open, iControl API, third-party applications and network devices can take an active role in shaping IP network traffic, directing traffic based on exact business requirements specified by

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our customers. For example, our iControl API allows an organization running Oracle software, which has help desks located in Bombay, San Francisco and London, to cause that software to make a real-time request that all email requests for help be directed to a single one of our 3-DNS devices that has been instructed to redirect the requests to different help desks at different times of the day. Similarly, our BIG-IP device managing traffic to an e-commerce Web site could, for example, be directed to recognize transmissions from preferred customers and route them to a server that will expedite their transactions. This application awareness capability is one of the most important features of our software-based products and serves as a further point of differentiation for our solution in comparison with those offered by our competitors.

Another key benefit of our software-based solution is that it allows the customer to incorporate specific business rules and processes into the software. This capability, which we call iRules, is a simple tool that can be used to define how the user wants to direct, persist on, or filter traffic based on the needs of each application.

Furthermore, our Universal Inspection Engine, the core of our application traffic management technology, is unique in its ability to inspect IP traffic down to the packet payload level and can direct traffic according to flexible iRules specified by the user. This deep packet inspection technology enables powerful offloading, inspection and processing of application-level transactions.

*Integrated Traffic Management and Security Solution.* Our application traffic management technology is differentiated from other solutions primarily by its ability to intercept, inspect and act on the contents of traffic from virtually every type of IP-enabled application. This deep packet inspection technology allows us to offer an integrated traffic management and security solution that can detect and prevent many network level attacks.

Our FirePass technology enables us to offer secure, remote access through SSL VPNs. FirePass has components that allow remote users to access any application or resource connected to the network, including legacy hosts, desktops and client-server applications. Over the course of the next twelve months we intend to combine our SSL VPN technology with our secure traffic management capabilities, providing significant differentiation from our competitors. This capability will enable our products to provide comprehensive application security at multi-gigabit speeds.

Combined with the sophisticated inspection and control capabilities of our application traffic management technology, we believe that FirePass technology is an ideal platform for the development of advanced application security gateways that can control access to individual applications and the data and resources they use. Because our BIG-IP software can examine the entire contents of a transmission, it can detect irregularities that might represent a security violation but which may pass undetected through an organization's firewall and other network security devices. As a result, we believe that FirePass is an ideal platform for the development of technology to protect the integrity of IP-based applications and the data and resources they use. In the future, we plan to use BIG-IP and FirePass to develop a comprehensive security solution that protects network applications from unauthorized access which existing safeguards may fail to prevent.

**Strategy**

Our objective is to be the leading provider of secure application traffic management solutions designed to enhance and optimize server availability, security and performance. Key components of our strategy include:

*Offering a complete application security solution and product set.* We plan to utilize our core technologies from our BIG-IP and FirePass products to deliver standalone and integrated systems that protect applications from hostile and inadvertent threats, including user-to-system application security and system-to-system application security problems. We believe these solutions will differentiate our products in the security market and provide a unique solution to the problem of vulnerability of mission-critical applications.

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*Increasing the addressable market for our products.* In order to enable significant growth over the next three years, we intend to target logical extensions of our traditional traffic management market, including the areas of blade server software; mobile IP infrastructure, which is a mechanism for maintaining transparent network connectivity to mobile hosts; Web services infrastructure; and utility computing and data center virtualization infrastructure, in which corporations pay only for the computing resources they use. This allows their information technology resources to be allocated on an as-needed basis to meet rapidly changing business demands. In addition, we plan to enter adjacent markets, such as the application security market, with our first product offering being an SSL VPN solution.

*Investing in technology to continue to meet customer needs.* We plan to continue to invest in research and development to provide our customers with complete secure application traffic management and secure remote access solutions. Our software-based platforms are designed to quickly and easily expand the features and functionalities of our products, as well as enabling us to develop additional products that address the complex and changing needs of our customers. We will continue to use commodity hardware in order to ensure performance and cost competitiveness. We also plan to deliver specialized software modules that will allow our customers to purchase software for our platforms as upgrades with specific features based on specific requirements.

*Enhancing the existing channel model.* We are investing significant resources in order to further develop our indirect sales channels. We plan to expand our indirect sales channels through leading industry resellers, OEMs, systems integrators, Internet service providers and other channel partners. Also, we are leveraging our existing channels by delivering application security products, including FirePass SSL VPNs, making these channels more productive.

*Continuing to build and expand relationships with strategic iControl partners.* We plan to capitalize on our strategic relationships with enterprise software vendors who have created interfaces to our products through our iControl API. These vendors provide us significant leverage in the selling process, because they recommend our products to their customers. In order to differentiate ourselves further from our competitors we plan to explore opportunities to further embed iControl into existing and new third party products and to jointly market and sell our solutions to enterprise customers with these key partners.

*Enhancing our brand.* We plan to continue building brand awareness that positions us as one of the leading providers of secure application traffic management solutions. Our goal is for the F5 brand to be synonymous with superior performance, high-quality customer service and ease of use.

## **Products**

Our core technology is software for IP application traffic management and secure remote access to IP networks and applications. We also manufacture several types of systems (which are software and hardware bundled together as an integrated product offering): BIG-IP server appliances; BIG-IP application switches; 3-DNS Controller; BIG-IP Link Controller; and FirePass SSL VPN servers, each incorporating our software with commodity components to provide a complete solution.

### ***BIG-IP Software and Systems***

Our flagship product is the BIG-IP Controller for local-area application traffic management. BIG-IP software runs on a variety of commodity hardware platforms, including IP application switches and server appliances manufactured by us and our OEM partners, as well as on blade servers manufactured by server vendors such as Dell Inc., Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH, Hewlett Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation and NEC Corporation. The core of BIG-IP is sophisticated software that manages IP traffic at Layer 7, also known as the application layer. Our BIG-IP application switches also perform Layer 2/3 switching and, we believe, industry-leading Layer 4 switching. But we believe it is the superior performance and functionality of the BIG-IP Layer 7 traffic management software that distinguishes it from competing products sold by Cisco Systems, Nortel Networks and others. In addition, BIG-IP has a patented feature, known as cookie persistence, which establishes a link between a user

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and a specific server and enables the user to return to that server if the connection is broken before a transaction is completed.

BIG-IP server appliances were our original products and accounted for 16.9% of our product revenue for fiscal year 2003. The BIG-IP 520 and 540 server appliances are equipped with Intel processors for high-speed Layer 4-7 processing and are designed to accommodate easily-installed upgrade cards that provide fast, integrated SSL encryption and decryption. Integrated SSL processing has been an important factor of system sales. By offloading SSL processing, which requires significant server and computing power, from servers to our traffic management systems, customers can free up valuable server space for other applications.

In September 2001 we introduced our first IP application switch, the BIG-IP 5000, in response to customer demand for systems with an increased number of ports allowing them to be connected to many different types of network devices, integrated Layer 2/3 switching and SSL processing capability. We currently offer the high-end BIG-IP 5100, the BIG-IP 2400 mid-range product with integrated Layer 4 switching on an application-specific integrated circuit, or ASIC, developed by our hardware team, and the BIG-IP 1000 entry-level switch.

***3-DNS and Link Controller***

Our other traffic management products include 3-DNS Controller and BIG-IP Link Controller. 3-DNS allows enterprises with geographically dispersed data centers to direct traffic to a particular data center in accordance with customized business rules or to redirect traffic to an available data center if one of their sites becomes overloaded or is shut down for any reason. Link Controller allows enterprises with more than one Internet service provider to manage the use of their available bandwidth to minimize costs while ensuring the highest quality of service. 3-DNS and Link Controller are sold separately on individual IP application switches and server appliances, or bundled with BIG-IP on a single appliance or IP application switch.

***FirePass***

FirePass systems provide SSL VPN access for remote users of IP networks and any applications connected to those networks from any standard Web browser on any device. The components of FirePass include a dynamic policy engine, which manages user authentication and authorization privileges, and special components that enable corporations to give remote users controlled access to the full array of applications and resources within the network.

Our FirePass line of SSL VPN servers currently includes the FirePass 1000 and the FirePass 4000, which support 100 and 1000 concurrent users, respectively. Both support the complete range of FirePass software features and offer a comprehensive solution for Web-based remote access to corporate applications and desktops.

***Enabling Technologies***

Our products also come equipped with our iControl and iControl Services Manager, or iSM, functions, which are designed to facilitate the broader use of our products. In early 2001, we recognized a growing need for traffic management products that could not only communicate with one another, but also with the increasing number and variety of IP-enabled enterprise applications being deployed by large organizations. At that time we published the iControl interface in a free software development kit, or SDK, that allows customers and independent software vendors to modify their programs to communicate with our products. The use of iControl reduces or eliminates the need for human involvement, significantly reducing the cost of performing basic network functions and dramatically reducing the likelihood of error. Adding this extra functionality to their products is attractive to independent software vendors, and since the introduction of our iControl SDK, we have formed relationships with dozens of software developers including Microsoft Corporation, Oracle Corporation, BEA Systems, Inc., International Business Machines Corporation, Hewlett Packard Company, Siebel Systems, Inc., and Mercury Interactive Corporation.

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Although we do not derive revenue from iControl itself, the sale of iControl-enabled independent software vendor products helps promote and often leads directly to the sale of our other products.

iControl Services Manager takes advantage of iControl to provide a single, centralized management and operational interface for our devices. This feature allows customers with dozens or hundreds of our products to upgrade or modify the software on those products simultaneously from a single console. This lowers the cost and simplifies the task of deploying, managing and maintaining our products and reduces the likelihood of error when blanket changes are implemented.

**Product Development**

Our future success depends on our ability to maintain technology leadership in secure application traffic management by constantly improving our products and by developing new products to meet the changing needs of our customers. Our product development group, which is divided along product lines, employs a standard process for the development, documentation and quality control of software and systems that is designed to meet these goals. We are currently focused on developing enhancements to our existing traffic management and SSL VPN products in order to deliver greater functionality and performance. We are also developing an integrated application security gateway, which will combine our security and traffic management technologies in order to deliver a network device that protects applications from hostile attacks. By ensuring user-to-system application security and system-to-system application security, the application security gateway will provide comprehensive application security.

In order to advance our product development, we also engage in technology partnerships with software and component manufacturers that allow us to integrate industry-standard technology with our own products. During the past two years, we have had a close working relationship with Broadcom Corporation, which manufactures the Layer 2/3 switch chips and SSL processors used in our family of application switches.

Our principal software engineering group, which develops our application traffic management technology, is located in our headquarters in Seattle, Washington. Our FirePass product development team, which includes the original developers of the technology, is located in San Jose, California. Our hardware engineering group is located in Spokane, Washington. Members of these teams collaborate closely with one another on specific projects.

During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, we had research and product development expenses of \$19.2 million, \$18.0 million and \$17.4 million, respectively.

**Customers**

We have a globally diversified base of customers, consisting primarily of large enterprises. Although we do not target specific vertical markets, enterprise customers in financial services, manufacturing, transportation and mobile telecommunications currently make up the largest percentage of our customer base. The other significant components of our customer base are Internet service providers, Internet hosting companies and Internet commerce companies. In fiscal year 2003, international sales represented 34.9% of our net revenues. See note 14 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement for additional information regarding our revenues by geographic area.

Prior to fiscal year 2001, our end-user customer base was comprised primarily of Internet service providers, Internet hosting companies and Internet startups engaged in e-commerce. Starting in the first half of fiscal year 2001, as demand from those customers weakened, we successfully refocused our marketing and sales efforts on large enterprises, which currently account for the majority of our revenue, without any material adverse effect on our revenues. Consistent with our goal of building a strong channel sales model, the majority of our revenue is generated by sales through our distributors, value-added resellers and systems integrators.

For fiscal year 2003, sales to Ingram Micro Inc., one of our distributors, represented 12.6% of our revenues. Our agreement with Ingram Micro is a standard, non-exclusive distribution agreement that

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renews automatically on an annual basis and is terminable by either party with 30 days prior written notice. The agreement grants Ingram Micro the right to distribute our products to resellers in North America and certain other territories internationally, with no minimum purchase requirements.

**Sales and Marketing**

*Sales*

We sell our software, systems and services to large enterprise customers through a variety of channels, including OEMs, distributors, value-added resellers and systems integrators. A substantial amount of our revenue for fiscal year 2003 was derived from these channel sales. We also sell our products and services to major accounts through our own direct sales force. In most cases, service contracts are negotiated directly with the customer. Typically, our agreements with our channel partners are not exclusive and do not prevent them from selling competitive products. These agreements typically have terms of one year with no obligation to renew, and typically do not provide for exclusive sales territories or minimum purchase requirements.

*Direct sales.* Our field sales personnel are located in major cities throughout North America, Europe and the Asia Pacific region. The inside sales team generates and qualifies leads for regional sales managers and helps manage accounts by serving as a liaison between the field and internal corporate resources. We sell our products directly to a limited group of customers, primarily OEMs, including Dell Inc., Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH, Hewlett Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation and NEC Corporation, and certain large enterprise end-users whose accounts are managed by our major account services team. Field systems engineers also support our regional sales managers by participating in joint sales calls and providing pre-sale technical resources as needed. The majority of our field sales personnel work closely with our channel partners to assist them in selling our products to their customers, as the bulk of our sales are made through distributors or value-added resellers.

*Distributor and value-added reseller relationships.* We have established relationships with large national and international distributors, local and specialized distributors and value-added resellers. The distributors sell our products, and the value-added resellers not only sell our products, but also assist their customers in network design, installation and testing. Our primary distributor relationships include Ingram Micro Inc. in North America and in certain territories internationally, and our primary value-added reseller relationships include Milestone Systems, Inc.

*Systems integrators.* We also market our products through strategic relationships we have with systems integrators, which design and install networks that incorporate our systems. Systems integrators typically do not purchase and resell equipment to their customers. Instead they typically recommend equipment to their customers for use in the systems they design and install. We currently have relationships with a number of systems integrators, including Electronic Data Systems Corporation.

*Marketing*

The cornerstone of our marketing strategy is the establishment of strong partnerships with large, prominent companies that are leaders in their respective industries. By partnering with these firms, we have been able to gain visibility with prospective customers and access to large accounts that we would not have been able to achieve on our own. Currently, we have three principal types of marketing partnerships that overlap to varying degrees with our sales channel partnerships. These include:

*iControl partnerships.* We have established relationships with various independent software vendors who have adapted their applications to interact with our products via the iControl interface. iControl enhances the functionality of third party applications by enabling them to control the network in an automated way, based on business policies and rules associated with the application. As a result, customers who purchase iControl-enabled applications have an incentive to purchase our products in order to take advantage of the enhanced functionality made possible through our technical cooperation.

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*Blade server relationships.* We have relationships with various system vendors (Dell Inc., Fujitsu Siemens Computers GmbH, Hewlett Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation and NEC Corporation) to market our BIG-IP Blade Controller software for use on their blade server systems. Market focus and strategy are different for each relationship. In some of these relationships, vendors or their channel partners resell Blade Controller software to their customers.

*OEM partnership with Dell Inc.* We license our software to Dell, which resells it on its own line of traffic management products. In conjunction with this arrangement, we participate in joint marketing programs with Dell.

We engage in a number of marketing programs and initiatives aimed at promoting our brand and creating market awareness of our technology and products. These include actively participating in industry trade shows and briefing industry analysts and members of the trade press on our latest products, and on new business and technology partnerships. In addition, we market our products to chief information officers and other information technology professionals through targeted advertising, direct mail and high-profile Web events.

**Backlog**

Our backlog represents orders confirmed with a purchase order for products to be shipped generally within 90 days to customers with approved credit status. Orders are subject to cancellation, rescheduling by customers or product specification changes by the customers. Although we believe that the backlog orders are firm, purchase orders may be cancelled by the customer prior to shipment without significant penalty. For this reason, we believe that our backlog at any given date is not a reliable indicator of future revenues.

**Customer Service and Technical Support**

Our ability to provide consistent, high-quality customer service and technical support is a key factor in attracting and retaining customers. Prior to the installation of our products, our services personnel work with customers to analyze their network needs and determine the best way to deploy our products and configure product features and functions to meet those needs. Our services personnel also provide on-site installation and training services to help customers make optimal use of product features and functions. Installation generally occurs within 30 days of product shipment to the customer.

At the time of purchase, customers typically purchase a one-year maintenance contract, renewable annually, which entitles them to an array of services provided by our technical support team. Maintenance services provided under the contract include online updates, software error correction releases, Ask F5, described below, and remote support through a 24 hours a day, 7 days a week help desk, although not all service contracts entitle a customer to round-the-clock call center support. Updates to our software are only available to customers with a current maintenance contract. Our technical support team also offers seminars and training classes for customers on the configuration and use of products, including local and wide area network system administration and management. In addition, we have a professional services team able to provide a full range of fee-based consulting services, including comprehensive network management, documentation and performance analysis, and capacity planning to assist in predicting future network requirements.

We also offer, as part of our maintenance service, an online, automated, self-help customer support function called Ask F5 that allows customers to answer many commonly asked questions without having to call our support desk. This allows the customer to rapidly address issues and questions, while significantly reducing the number of calls to our support desk. This enables us to provide comprehensive customer support while keeping our support related expenses at a manageable, consistent level.



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### **Manufacturing**

We outsource the manufacturing of our pre-configured hardware platforms to a contract manufacturer, Solectron Corporation, which assembles each product to our specifications. Hardware platforms for our traffic management products consist primarily of a commodity computing platform, custom and commodity ASICs, a rack-mount enclosure system and a custom-designed front panel. Solectron also installs our application traffic management software onto these hardware platforms and conducts functionality testing, quality assurance and documentation control prior to shipping our products.

Our agreement with Solectron allows them to procure component inventory on our behalf based upon a rolling production forecast. Subcontractors supply Solectron with standard parts and components for our products based on our production forecast. We are contractually obligated to purchase component inventory that our contract manufacturer procures in accordance with the forecast, unless we give notice of order cancellation in advance of applicable lead times. For any completed product inventory carried by Solectron beyond 30 days, Solectron will charge us a monthly carrying fee of 1.5%. Alternatively, we have the option to purchase inventory held by Solectron beyond 30 days to avoid incurring related carrying charges. As protection against component shortages and to provide replacement parts for our service teams, we also stock limited supplies of certain key components for our products.

In addition, we obtain all of the Layer 2/3 switch chips and the SSL processors used in our family of application switches from Broadcom Corporation. We purchase components from Broadcom on a purchase order basis, with pricing updated at agreed upon intervals. Certain products purchased from Broadcom were designed with our input, but are not exclusive to us. We also designed a Layer 4 ASIC, which is used in one of our products and is manufactured for us by a contract semiconductor foundry.

### **Competition**

Our principal competitors in the traffic management market are Cisco Systems, Inc. and Nortel Networks Corporation. Other competitors in this market include Foundry Networks, Inc., NetScaler, Inc. and Radware Ltd.

Cisco Systems has a product set similar to ours and holds the largest share of the market. Cisco has a longer operating history and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources than we do. Cisco also has a more extensive customer base and broader customer relationships, including relationships with many of our current and potential customers. In addition, Cisco has large, well-established, worldwide customer support and professional services organizations and a more extensive direct sales force and sales channels.

Like Cisco, Nortel has a product set similar to ours and has a longer operating history, greater resources, a larger customer base and a larger sales and service organization. Whereas Cisco has historically focused on large corporate enterprise customers, Nortel has primarily focused on telecommunications and Internet service provider customers.

Because of our relatively smaller size, market presence and resources, Cisco, Nortel and other larger competitors may be able to respond more quickly than we can to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements. There is also the possibility that these companies may adopt aggressive pricing policies to gain market share. As a result, our competitors pose a serious competitive threat that could undermine our ability to win new customers and maintain our existing customer base.

Our most prominent competitors in the SSL VPN market are Aventail Corporation, Neoteris, Inc. and SafeWeb, Inc. NetScreen Technologies, Inc. recently announced its acquisition of Neoteris and Symantec Corp. recently announced its acquisition of SafeWeb, with both moves designed to allow the buyer to enter the SSL VPN market. Nokia Corporation and Nortel Networks Corporation have also recently introduced SSL VPN products. While we believe our FirePass products are superior to their offerings, some of our competitors have resources and distribution channels that are much larger than ours and could give them a significant competitive advantage in the SSL VPN market. We currently compete with Nortel in the Layer 4-7 traffic management market, and Nokia resells our Layer 4-7 products. In the

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near term, we do not anticipate that our entry into the SSL VPN market will affect Nokia's resale of our Layer 4-7 products.

SSL VPNs are a potential replacement for IPSec VPNs, the most widely deployed solution for secure remote access today. The current leaders in the IPSec VPN market are Check Point Software Technologies, Ltd. and NetScreen, both of which are larger and better-known vendors than us.

**Intellectual Property**

We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws and restrictions on disclosure to protect our intellectual property rights. We have obtained three patents in the United States and have applications pending for various aspects of our technology. Our future success depends in part on our ability to protect our proprietary rights to the technologies used in our principal products. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy aspects of our products or to obtain and use trade secrets or other information that we regard as proprietary. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect our proprietary rights as fully as do the laws of the United States. We cannot assure you that any issued patent will preserve our proprietary position, or that competitors or others will not develop technologies similar to or superior to our technology. Our failure to enforce and protect our intellectual property rights could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

In addition to our own proprietary software, we incorporate software licensed from several third-party sources into our products. These licenses generally renew automatically on an annual basis. We believe that alternative technologies for this licensed software are available both domestically and internationally.

**Employees**

As of September 30, 2003, we employed 507 full-time persons, including 145 in product development, 211 in sales and marketing, 84 in professional services and technical support and 67 in finance, administration and operations. None of our employees is represented by a labor union. We have experienced no work stoppages and believe that our employee relations are good.

**Table of Contents****MANAGEMENT**

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our executive officers and directors as of October 29, 2003:

Name	Age	Position
John McAdam	52	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Steven B. Coburn	50	Senior Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer
Edward J. Eames	45	Senior Vice President of Business Operations and Vice President of Global Services
M. Thomas Hull	44	Senior Vice President of Worldwide Sales
Jeff Pancottine	43	Senior Vice President of Marketing and Business Development
Joann M. Reiter	46	Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary
Jeff Stockdale	43	Senior Vice President of Product Development
Glenn T. Edens(1)	50	Director
Keith D. Grinstein(1)(3)	43	Director
Karl D. Guelich(1)(2)	61	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Alan J. Higginson(2)(3)	56	Director
Jeffrey S. Hussey	42	Director
Rich Malone(2)(3)	55	Director

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee.
- (2) Member of the Compensation Committee.
- (3) Member of the Corporate Governance Committee.

**John McAdam** has served as our President, Chief Executive Officer and a director since July 2000. Prior to joining us, Mr. McAdam served as General Manager of the Web server sales business at International Business Machines Corporation from September 1999 to July 2000. From January 1995 until August 1999, Mr. McAdam served as the President and Chief Operating Officer of Sequent Computer Systems, Inc., a manufacturer of high-end open systems, which was sold to International Business Machines Corporation in September 1999. Mr. McAdam holds a B.S. in Computer Science from the University of Glasgow, Scotland.

**Steven B. Coburn** has served as our Senior Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer since May 2001. Prior to joining us, Mr. Coburn worked at TeleTech Holdings, Inc., a customer relationship management services company as Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice-President from October 1995 until August 1999 where he oversaw the finance, business development, legal, and investor relations functions of the company. Mr. Coburn holds a B.A. in Accounting from Southern Illinois University.

**Edward J. Eames** has served as our Senior Vice President of Business Operations and Vice President of Global Services since January 2001 and as our Vice President of Professional Services from October 2000 to January 2001. From September 1999 to October 2000, Mr. Eames served as Vice President of e-Business Services for International Business Machines Corporation. From June 1992 to September 1999, Mr. Eames served as the European Services Director and the Worldwide Vice President of Customer Service for Sequent Computer Systems, Inc., a manufacturer of high-end open systems. Mr. Eames holds a Higher National Diploma in Business Studies from Bristol Polytechnic and in 1994 completed the Senior Executive Program at the London Business School.

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**M. Thomas Hull** joined us as our Senior Vice President of Worldwide Sales on October 20, 2003. Prior to joining us, Mr. Hull serviced as President and Chief Executive Officer of Picture IQ Corporation from April 2001 to October 2003. From September 1998 through April 1999, he served as Vice President of Corporate Sales for Visio Corporation. From April 1999 to January 2000, he served as Senior Vice President of Worldwide Sales for Visio Corporation through its acquisition by Microsoft Corporation in January 2000. From January 2000 through July 2000, Mr. Hull continued to oversee sales of the Visio product set for Microsoft Corporation. He holds a B.S. in Electrical Engineering from the University of Washington.

**Jeff Pancottine** has served as our Senior Vice President of Marketing and Business Development since October 2000. Prior to joining us, Mr. Pancottine served as Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing for the Media Systems Division of Real Networks, Inc., from April 2000 to October 2000. Prior to that, Mr. Pancottine was the Vice President of Business Marketing at Intel Corporation, from November 1999 to April 2000. From June 1997 to November 1999, Mr. Pancottine held the position of Vice President of Global Marketing at Sequent Computer Systems, Inc. Jeff holds a Master of Engineering in Computer Science from Cornell University, and a B.S. in Computer Science from the University of California at Riverside.

**Joann M. Reiter** has served as our Vice President and General Counsel since April 2000, and as General Counsel from April 1998 through April 2000. She has served as our Corporate Secretary since June 1999. Prior to joining us, Ms. Reiter served as Director of Operations for Excell Data Corporation, an information technology consulting and system integration services company from September 1997 through March 1998. From September 1992 through September 1997, she served as Director of Legal Services and Business Development for CellPro, Inc. a medical device manufacturer. She holds a J.D. from the University of Washington and is a member of the Washington State Bar Association.

**Jeff Stockdale** has served as our Senior Vice President of Product Development since June 2003 and as Vice President of Platform Technology from September 2001 to June 2003. Mr. Stockdale served as our Director of Platform Technology from May 1999 to September 2001. Prior to joining us, Mr. Stockdale served as Senior Engineering Manager for Adaptec Inc. (formerly Cogent Data Technologies Inc.), an Ethernet networking company, from 1993 to 1999. Mr. Stockdale holds a B.S. in Electrical Engineering from Washington State University.

**Glenn T. Edens** was appointed as one of our directors in August 2003. He is currently Vice President, Research at Sun Microsystems, Inc. From May 2001 to September 2002, Mr. Edens served as Vice President and Chief of Technology Strategy for the Hewlett Packard Company. From November 1998 to June 2001, he served as President of AT&T Strategic Ventures and as Vice President of Broadband Technology, for AT&T Laboratories. From October 1992 to November 1998, he served as General Manager of the Home Systems Division for Interval Research Corporation. He attended California State University at Kellogg (now California State Polytechnic University, Pomona), with an emphasis on architecture and electrical engineering.

**Keith D. Grinstein** has served as one of our directors since December 1999. He also serves as board chair for Coinstar, Inc., a coin counting machine company, and as lead outside director for Nextera, Inc. an economics-consulting firm. Mr. Grinstein is a partner of Second Avenue Partners, LLC, a venture capital fund. Mr. Grinstein's past experience includes serving as President, Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chair of Nextel International Inc., and as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Aviation Communications Division of AT&T Wireless Services Inc. Mr. Grinstein holds a B.A. from Yale University and a J.D. from Georgetown University.

**Karl D. Guelich** has served as Chairman of the Board of Directors since January 2003 and as one of our directors since June 1999. Mr. Guelich has been in private practice as a certified public accountant since his retirement from Ernst & Young LLP in 1993, where he served as the Area Managing Partner for the Pacific Northwest offices headquartered in Seattle from October 1986 to November 1992. Mr. Guelich holds a B.S. in Accounting from Arizona State University.

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**Alan J. Higginson** has served as one of our directors since May 1996. Mr. Higginson has been the President and Chief Executive Officer of Hubspan, Inc., an e-business infrastructure provider, since August 2001. From November 1995 to November 1998, Mr. Higginson served as President of Atrieva Corporation, a provider of advanced data backup and retrieval technology. Mr. Higginson holds a B.S. in Commerce and an M.B.A. from the University of Santa Clara.

**Jeffrey S. Hussey** co-founded the Company in February 1996 and has served as one of our directors since that time. From February 1996 through August 2002, Mr. Hussey was also Chairman of the Board, and from February 1996 to July 2000, our Chief Executive Officer and President. He served as our Chief Strategist from July 2000 through October 2001 and as our treasurer from February 1996 to March 1999. Mr. Hussey holds a B.A. in Finance from Seattle Pacific University and an M.B.A. from the University of Washington.

**Rich Malone** was appointed as one of our directors in August 2003. Mr. Malone has been the Chief Information Officer of Edward Jones Investments Inc. since 1979, when he joined Edward Jones Investments as a General Principal. In 1985, he became a member of the management committee of Edward Jones Investments. Mr. Malone is currently a member of the BITS Advisory Group, the Xerox Executive Advisory Forum and serves on the Technology Advisory Committee at Arizona State University.

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**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

We have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors and certain officers for the indemnification of and advancement of expenses to these persons to the fullest extent permitted by law. We also intend to enter into these agreements with our future directors and certain future officers.

In October 2000, we extended a loan to one of our executive officers and his wife, in the principal amount of \$350,000, in order to facilitate the purchase of a residence in the Seattle area. On March 15, 2002, payments due under the note were extended for a period of one year, as allowed per the terms of the note. This loan was evidenced by a promissory note, the principal of which was payable in three equal installments, together with accrued interest, on March 31, 2002, March 31, 2003, and March 31, 2004, or immediately upon the sale of the residence or termination of such officer's employment. Interest accrued on the loan at the rate of 6% per annum. The balance of the loan totaled \$240,354 at September 30, 2003. The residence was sold in October 2003 and the loan was repaid in full on October 20, 2003.

We believe that the foregoing agreements are in our best interest and were made on terms no less favorable to us than could have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties. All future transactions between us and any of our officers, directors or principal shareholders will be approved in advance by our Audit Committee.

**Table of Contents****PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS**

The following table sets forth information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of October 28, 2003 by (a) each person known to us to own beneficially more than 5% of outstanding shares of our common stock on October 28, 2003, (b) each director and nominee for director of F5 Networks, (c) our Chief Executive Officer and our four other most highly compensated executive officers, together with one executive officer who resigned during fiscal year 2003 and (d) all directors and executive officers as a group. The information in this table is based solely on statements in filings with the SEC or other reliable information.

Name and Address(1)	Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned(2)	Percent of Common Stock Outstanding(2)
Mellon Financial Corporation(3) One Mellon Center Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15258	1,747,681	6.3%
Kern Capital Management, LLC(4) 114 West 47th Street, Suite 1926 New York, NY 10036	1,470,800	5.3%
John McAdam(5)	705,610	2.6%
Steven Coburn(6)	196,457	*
Jeff Pancottine(7)	229,790	*
Edward J. Eames(8)	215,642	*
Joann Reiter(9)	107,979	*
Steven Goldman(10)	34,255	*
Karl D. Guelich(11)	42,500	*
Jeffrey S. Hussey(12)	2,209,560	8.0%
Alan J. Higginson(13)	121,500	*
Keith D. Grinstein(14)	58,500	*
Rich Malone(15)	15,000	*
Glenn Edens(16)	15,000	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (14 people)(17)	4,041,987	14.7%

\* less than 1%.

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each of the named individuals is c/o F5 Networks, Inc., 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119.
- (2) Beneficial ownership of shares is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes any shares over which a person exercises sole or shared voting or investment power, or of which a person has the right to acquire ownership within 60 days after October 28, 2003. Except as otherwise noted, each person or entity has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown.
- (3) The holding shown is as reported by Mellon Financial Corporation in a Schedule 13G filed on January 21, 2003 as the aggregate amount beneficially owned by each reporting person. Mellon Financial Corporation has reported sole voting power over 1,428,381 shares, shared voting power over 305,500 shares, sole dispositive power over 1,440,281 shares, and shared dispositive power over 307,400 shares.
- (4) The holding shown is as reported by Kern Capital Management in a Schedule 13G/A filed on April 10, 2003. Kern Capital Management has reported sole voting and dispositive power over all 1,470,800 shares.

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- (5) Includes 649,999 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (6) Includes 196,457 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (7) Includes 229,790 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (8) Includes 214,753 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (9) Includes 98,541 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (10) Includes 32,395 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003. Mr. Goldman resigned in August 2003.
- (11) Includes 42,500 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (12) Does not include 350,000 shares held by Brian Dixon as trustee of the Hussey Family Trust fbo Mr. Hussey's minor child. Mr. Hussey disclaims any beneficial ownership of the shares held by the trust. Includes 92,166 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (13) Includes 121,500 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (14) Includes 52,500 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (15) Includes 15,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (16) Includes 15,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.
- (17) Includes 1,847,517 shares issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days of October 28, 2003.

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**UNDERWRITING**

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Lehman Brothers Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated are acting as representatives of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus supplement, each underwriter named below has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to that underwriter, the number of shares set forth opposite the underwriter's name.

Underwriting	Number of Shares
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Lehman Brothers Inc.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	
Total	4,500,000

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the shares included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to purchase all the shares (other than those covered by the over-allotment option described below) if they purchase any of the shares.

The underwriters propose to offer some of the shares directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and some of the shares to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share. The underwriters may allow, and dealers may reallow, a concession not to exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share on sales to other dealers. If all of the shares are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms.

We have granted to the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to 675,000 additional shares of common stock at the public offering price less the underwriting discount. The underwriters may exercise the option solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any, in connection with this offering. To the extent the option is exercised, each underwriter must purchase a number of additional shares approximately proportionate to that underwriter's initial purchase commitment.

We, our officers and our directors have agreed that, for a period of 90 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, we and they will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup, dispose of or hedge any shares of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock. However, those officers and directors with existing trading plans under SEC Rule 10b5-1 may resume sales under such existing plans on February 1, 2004. Citigroup in its sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time without notice.

Each underwriter has represented, warranted and agreed that:

it has not offered or sold and, prior to the expiry of a period of six months from the closing date, will not offer or sell any shares included in this offering to persons in the United Kingdom except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995;

it has only communicated and caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, or FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any shares included in this offering in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to us;

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it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the shares included in this offering in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom; and

the offer in The Netherlands of the shares included in this offering is exclusively limited to persons who trade or invest in securities in the conduct of a profession or business (which include banks, stockbrokers, insurance companies, pension funds, other institutional investors and finance companies and treasury departments of large enterprises).

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol FFIV.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock.

	Paid by F5 Networks, Inc.	
	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

In connection with this offering, Citigroup on behalf of the underwriters, may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Short sales involve syndicate sales of common stock in excess of the number of shares to be purchased by the underwriters in this offering, which creates a syndicate short position.

Covered short sales are sales of shares made in an amount up to the number of shares represented by the underwriters' over-allotment option. In determining the source of shares to close out the covered syndicate short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares through the over-allotment option. Transactions to close out the covered syndicate short involve either purchases of the common stock in the open market after the distribution has been completed or the exercise of the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also make naked short sales of shares in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares of common stock in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the shares in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of bids for or purchases of shares in the open market while this offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when Citigroup repurchases shares originally sold by that syndicate member in order to cover syndicate short positions or make stabilizing purchases.

Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock. They may also cause the price of the common stock to be higher than the price that would otherwise exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the Nasdaq National Market or in the over-the-counter market, or otherwise. If the underwriters commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

In addition, in connection with this offering, some of the underwriters (and selling group members) may engage in passive market making transactions in the common stock on the Nasdaq National Market, prior to the pricing and completion of this offering. Passive market making consists of displaying bids on the Nasdaq National Market no higher than the bid prices of independent market makers and making purchases at prices no higher than those independent bids and effected in response to order flow. Net purchases by a passive market maker on each day are limited to a specified percentage of the passive market maker's average daily trading volume in the common stock during a specified period and must be

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discontinued when that limit is reached. Passive market making may cause the price of the common stock to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of those transactions. If the underwriters commence passive market making transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, excluding the underwriting discount, will be approximately \$440,125.

Some of the underwriters have performed investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they have received customary fees and expenses. The underwriters may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business.

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by one or more of the underwriters. The representatives may agree to allocate a number of shares to underwriters for sale to their online brokerage account holders. The representatives will allocate shares to underwriters that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations. In addition, shares may be sold by the underwriters to securities dealers who resell shares to online brokerage account holders.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

**LEGAL MATTERS**

Heller Ehrman White & McAuliffe LLP, Seattle, Washington, will pass upon the validity of the common stock offered by this prospectus supplement for us. Certain matters relating to this offering will be passed on for the underwriters by Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP, Palo Alto, California.

**EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements of F5 Networks, Inc. as of September 30, 2003 and 2002 and for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2003 included in this prospectus supplement and the related consolidated financial statement schedule of F5 Networks, Inc. incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003 have been so included and incorporated by reference in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, as well as registration and proxy statements and other information, with the SEC. These documents may be read and copied at the SEC S Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can get further information about the Public Reference Room by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains a website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, registration statements and other information regarding registrants like us that file electronically with the SEC.

This prospectus supplement is part of a registration statement on Form S-3 filed by us with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. As permitted by the SEC, this prospectus supplement does not contain all the information in the registration statement filed with the SEC. For a more complete understanding of this offering, you should refer to the complete registration statement on Form S-3 that may be obtained from the locations described above. Statements contained in this prospectus supplement about the contents of any contract or other document are not necessarily complete. If we have filed any contract or other document as an exhibit to the registration statement or any other document incorporated by reference into the registration statement, you should read the exhibit for a more complete

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understanding of the document or matter involved. Each statement regarding a contract or other document is qualified in its entirety by reference to the actual document.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE**

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement, and certain information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any additional documents filed by us with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until we complete our offering of the securities (other than current reports on Form 8-K containing Regulation FD disclosures furnished under Item 9 or Results of Operations and Financial Condition disclosure furnished under Item 12 and exhibits relating to such disclosures, unless otherwise specifically stated in such current report on Form 8-K):

our current report on Form 8-K dated, and filed with the SEC on, October 30, 2003;

our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003, as filed with the SEC on October 30, 2003; and

the description of our common stock contained in our registration statement on Form 8-A, as filed with the SEC on May 11, 1999 under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, including any amendments or reports filed for the purpose of updating that description.

Documents incorporated by reference, excluding exhibits, are available from us without charge. You may obtain copies of documents incorporated by reference by requesting them in writing from F5 Networks, Inc., 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119, Attention Investor Relations Department, or by calling (206) 272-5555. Our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports are also available free of charge on our website [www.f5.com](http://www.f5.com) as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with the SEC.

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**INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**F5 Networks, Inc.**

**Index to Consolidated Financial Statements**

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders

of F5 Networks, Inc.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the accompanying index present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of F5 Networks, Inc. and its subsidiaries at September 30, 2003 and 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Seattle, Washington

October 24, 2003

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Table of Contents**F5 NETWORKS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,351	\$ 20,801
Short-term investments	34,527	59,532
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$3,049 and \$5,452	19,325	20,404
Inventories	762	349
Other current assets	4,779	4,713
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	69,744	105,799
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Restricted cash	6,000	6,000
Property and equipment, net	10,079	12,211
Long-term investments	34,132	1,346
Goodwill	24,188	
Other assets, net	4,030	933
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 148,173	\$ 126,289
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,714	\$ 3,685
Accrued liabilities	13,148	13,546
Deferred revenue	19,147	14,058
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	36,009	31,289
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other long-term liabilities	1,584	1,315
Deferred tax liability	151	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total long-term liabilities	1,735	1,315
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, no par value; 10,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding		
Common stock, no par value; 100,000 shares authorized, 27,403 and 25,730 shares issued and outstanding	141,709	128,876
Unearned compensation	(10)	(93)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	195	454
Accumulated deficit	(31,465)	(35,552)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total shareholders' equity	110,429	93,685
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 148,173	\$ 126,289
	<hr/>	<hr/>

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(In thousands, except per share data)		
Net revenues			
Products	\$ 84,197	\$ 82,566	\$ 78,628
Services	31,698	25,700	28,739
Total	<u>115,895</u>	<u>108,266</u>	<u>107,367</u>
Cost of net revenues			
Products	17,837	20,241	33,240
Services	9,068	10,238	12,265
Total	<u>26,905</u>	<u>30,479</u>	<u>45,505</u>
Gross profit	<u>88,990</u>	<u>77,787</u>	<u>61,862</u>
Operating expenses			
Sales and marketing	53,458	50,581	50,767
Research and development	19,246	17,985	17,435
General and administrative	12,014	15,045	18,776
Restructuring charges		3,274	975
Amortization of unearned compensation	83	443	2,625
Total	<u>84,801</u>	<u>87,328</u>	<u>90,578</u>
Income (loss) from operations	4,189	(9,541)	(28,716)
Other income, net	751	1,420	2,021
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,940	(8,121)	(26,695)
Provision for income taxes	853	489	4,095
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 4,087</u>	<u>\$ (8,610)</u>	<u>\$ (30,790)</u>
Net income (loss) per share basic	<u>\$ 0.15</u>	<u>\$ (0.34)</u>	<u>\$ (1.36)</u>
Weighted average shares basic	<u>26,453</u>	<u>25,323</u>	<u>22,644</u>
Net income (loss) per share diluted	<u>\$ 0.14</u>	<u>\$ (0.34)</u>	<u>\$ (1.36)</u>
Weighted average shares diluted	<u>28,220</u>	<u>25,323</u>	<u>22,644</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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## F5 NETWORKS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	Common Stock		Notes	Unearned	Accumulated	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	From		Other		
			Shareholders	Compensation	Comprehensive		Equity
					Income/(Loss)		
(In thousands)							
<b>Balance, September 30, 2000</b>	21,613	\$ 87,419	\$(469)	\$(3,061)	\$ (52)	\$ 3,848	\$ 87,685
Exercise of employee stock options	608	642					642
Exercise of stock warrants	9						
Issuance of stock under employee stock purchase plan	154	1,667					1,667
Repurchase of common stock	(30)	(1,082)					(1,082)
Issuance of common stock and warrants to Nokia (net of issuance costs of \$1.75 million)	2,466	34,928					34,928
Payment on note receivable from stockholder for exercise of stock options			188				188
Cancellation of unvested stock options from stockholder	(56)	(281)	281				
Unearned compensation on stock option grants		100		(100)			
Amortization of unearned compensation				2,625			2,625
Net loss						(30,790)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(27)		
Unrealized gain on securities					652		
Comprehensive loss							(30,165)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2001</b>	24,764	123,393		(536)	573	(26,942)	96,488
Exercise of employee stock options	765	3,752					3,752
Issuance of stock under employee stock purchase plan	201	1,731					1,731
Amortization of unearned compensation				443			443
Net loss						(8,610)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(285)		
Unrealized gain on securities					166		
Comprehensive loss							(8,729)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2002</b>	25,730	128,876		(93)	454	(35,552)	93,685
Exercise of employee stock options	1,424	10,827					10,827
Issuance of stock under employee stock purchase plan	249	2,006					2,006
Amortization of unearned compensation				83			83
Net income						4,087	
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(161)		
Unrealized loss on securities					(98)		
Comprehensive income							3,828
<b>Balance, September 30, 2003</b>	27,403	\$ 141,709	\$	\$ (10)	\$ 195	\$(31,465)	\$ 110,429

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements



**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(In thousands)		
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,087	\$ (8,610)	\$ (30,790)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Restructuring charges		2,771	975
Provisions for asset write downs		1,090	345
Provision for inventory write downs		325	4,019
Realized (gain) loss on sale of assets	(14)	1	(92)
Realized loss on sale of investments	232	74	111
Amortization of unearned compensation	83	443	2,625
Provision for doubtful accounts and sales returns	1,148	6,181	15,310
Depreciation and amortization	5,162	5,612	5,348
Deferred income taxes			3,398
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of amounts acquired:			
Accounts receivable	354	(4,595)	423
Inventories	(408)	1,899	790
Other current assets	(54)	1,091	(5,422)
Other assets	(512)	51	(728)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(320)	154	(3,018)
Deferred revenue	4,852	3,018	(5,127)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>14,610</u>	<u>9,505</u>	<u>(11,833)</u>
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Purchase of investments	(157,834)	(104,975)	(81,464)
Sale of investments	149,724	95,481	64,839
Proceeds from construction refund			851
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	14	30	217
Acquisition of business	(27,373)		
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,584)	(3,199)	(9,152)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(38,053)</u>	<u>(12,663)</u>	<u>(24,709)</u>
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock and warrants to Nokia			34,928
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	12,833	5,483	2,309
Proceeds from payments on shareholder loan			188
Repurchase of common stock			(1,082)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>12,833</u>	<u>5,483</u>	<u>36,343</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(10,610)	2,325	(199)
	160	155	(16)

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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of year	20,801	18,321	18,536
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	\$ 10,351	\$ 20,801	\$ 18,321
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**Supplemental Information**

Cancellation of note receivable from shareholder for common stock	\$	\$	\$ (281)
Deferred compensation for options granted			150
Reduction to deferred compensation due to cancelled stock option grants			(50)
Cash paid for taxes	290	903	167

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**The Company**

F5 Networks, Inc. (the Company) provides integrated products and services to manage, control and optimize Internet traffic. Our core products, the BIG-IP Controller, 3-DNS Controller, and the BIG-IP Link Controller, help manage traffic to servers and network devices in a way that maximizes availability and throughput. Our FirePass family of network server appliances provide secure user access to corporate networks and individual applications via any standard Web browser. Our unique iControl architecture integrates our products and also allows our customers and other vendors to integrate them with third party products, including enterprise applications. As components of an integrated solution, our products address many elements required for successful Internet and intranet business applications, high availability, high performance, intelligent load balancing, fault tolerance, streamlined manageability, remote access to corporate networks, and network and application security. By enhancing Internet performance and availability, our solutions enable our customers and partners to maximize the use of the Internet in their business.

**Certain Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company's products and services are concentrated in highly competitive markets characterized by rapid technological advances, frequent changes in customer requirements and evolving regulatory requirements and industry standards. Failure to anticipate or respond adequately to technological advances, changes in customer requirements and changes in regulatory requirements or industry standards could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and operating results. Additionally, certain other factors could affect the Company's future operating results and cause actual results to differ materially from expectations, including but not limited to, dependence on a third party manufacturer, difficulties in managing growth, difficulties in attracting and retaining qualified personnel, dependence on key personnel, enforcement of intellectual property rights, the lengthening of sales cycles and an uneven pattern of quarterly results.

**Accounting Principles**

The Company's consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

**Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used in accounting for revenue recognition, reserves for doubtful accounts, product returns, obsolete and excess inventory, warranties, valuation allowance on deferred tax assets and purchase price allocations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with purchased maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company invests its cash and cash equivalents in deposits with four major financial institutions, which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on its cash and cash equivalents.

**Investments**

The Company classifies its investment securities as available for sale. Investment securities, consisting of corporate and municipal bonds and notes and United States government securities, are reported at fair value with the related unrealized gains and losses included as a component of shareholders' equity. Realized gains and losses and declines in value of securities judged to be other than temporary are included in other income (expense). The cost of investments for purposes of computing realized and unrealized gains and losses is based on the specific identification method. Investments in securities with maturities of less than one year or where management's intent is to use the investments to fund current operations are classified as short-term investments. Investments with maturities of greater than one year are classified as long-term investments.

**Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Company extends credit to customers and is therefore subject to credit risk. The Company performs initial and ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and does not require collateral. An allowance for doubtful accounts, in an amount based on historical levels, is recorded to account for potential bad debts. Estimates are used in determining the allowance for doubtful accounts and are based on a percentage of accounts receivable by aging category. In determining these percentages, the Company evaluates historical write-offs, and current trends in customer credit quality, as well as changes in credit policies.

The Company maintains its cash and investment balances with high credit quality financial institutions.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

For certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, recorded amounts approximate fair market value, due to the short maturities of these instruments.

Short-term and long-term investments are recorded at fair value as the underlying securities are classified as available for sale and marked-to-market at each reporting period.

**Inventories**

The Company outsources the manufacturing of its pre-configured hardware platforms to a contract manufacturer, who assembles each product to the Company's specifications. As protection against component shortages and to provide replacement parts for its service teams, the Company also stocks limited supplies of certain key product components. Inventories consist of hardware and related component parts and are recorded at the lower of cost or market (as determined by the first-in, first-out method).



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**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Restricted Cash**

Restricted cash represents an escrow account established in connection with a lease agreement for the Company's corporate headquarters. Under the terms of the lease, a \$6.0 million certificate of deposit is required through November 2012, unless the lease is terminated prior to that date.

**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of capital leases are provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from two to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the improvements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred and expenditures for major improvements are capitalized at cost. Gains or losses on the disposition of assets are reflected in the results of operations at the time of disposal.

**Other Assets**

Other assets primarily consist of software development cost and acquired technology. Software development costs are charged to research and development expense until technological feasibility is established. Thereafter, until the product is released for sale, software development costs are capitalized and reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value of each product. The establishment of technological feasibility and the on-going assessment of recoverability of costs require considerable judgment by the Company with respect to certain internal and external factors, including, but not limited to, anticipated future gross product revenues, estimated economic life and changes in hardware and software technology. The Company amortizes capitalized software development costs using the straight-line method over the estimated economic life of the product, generally three years. During the years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the Company capitalized \$474,000 and \$392,000 of software development costs, respectively. Related amortization costs of \$298,000 and \$225,000 were recorded during the fiscal years 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Acquired technology is recorded at cost and amortized over its estimated useful life of five years. Acquired technology of \$3.0 million was recorded in connection with the acquisition of uRoam, Inc. in July 2003. Amortization expense totaled approximately \$100,000 for the year ended September 30, 2003.

**Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired as of the acquisition date. The Company has adopted the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). SFAS No. 142 requires goodwill to be tested for impairment on an annual basis and between annual tests in certain circumstances, and written down when impaired. Goodwill of \$24.2 million was recorded in connection with the acquisition of uRoam, Inc. in July 2003. There was no impairment of goodwill in fiscal year 2003.

**Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

The Company assesses the impairment of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. When such events occur, management determines whether there has been impairment by comparing the anticipated undiscounted net future cash flows to the related asset's carrying value. If impairment exists, the asset is written down to its estimated fair value.

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**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the guidance provided under Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, and SOP No. 98-9 Modification of SOP No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, with Respect to Certain Transactions, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 48, Revenue Recognition When Right of Return Exists, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements.

The Company sells products through resellers, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and other channel partners, as well as directly to end users. The Company recognizes product revenue upon shipment, net of estimated returns, provided that collection is determined to be probable and no significant obligations remain. Product revenues from OEM agreements are recognized based on reporting of sales from the OEM partner.

Whenever a software license, hardware, installation and post-contract customer support (PCS) elements are combined into a package with a single bundled price, a portion of the sales price is allocated to each element of the bundled package based on their respective fair values as determined when the individual elements are sold separately. Revenues from the license of software are recognized when the software has been shipped and the customer is obligated to pay for the software. When rights of return are present and we cannot estimate returns, we recognize revenue when such rights of return lapse. Revenues for PCS are recognized on a straight-line basis over the service contract term. PCS includes rights to upgrades, when and if available, a limited period of telephone support, updates, and bug fixes. Installation revenue is recognized when the product has been installed at the customer's site. Consulting services are customarily billed at fixed rates, plus out-of-pocket expenses, and revenues are recognized when the consulting has been completed. Training revenue is recognized when the training has been completed.

Payment terms to domestic customers are generally net 30 days. Payment terms to international customers range from net 30 to 90 days based on normal and customary trade practices in the individual markets. The Company has offered extended payment terms to certain customers, in which case, revenue is recognized when payments become due.

**Guarantees and Product Warranties**

In the normal course of business to facilitate sales of its products, the Company indemnifies other parties, including customers, resellers, lessors, and parties to other transactions with the Company, with respect to certain matters. The Company has agreed to hold the other party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations or covenants, or out of intellectual property infringement or other claims made against certain parties. These agreements may limit the time within which an indemnification claim can be made and the amount of the claim. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its officers and directors, and the Company's bylaws contain similar indemnification obligations to the Company's agents. It is not possible to determine the maximum potential amount under these indemnification agreements due to the limited history of prior indemnification claims and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments made by the Company under these agreements have not had a material impact on the Company's operating results or financial position.

The Company generally offers warranties of 90 days for hardware and one year for software, with the option of purchasing additional warranty coverage in increments of one year. The Company accrues for warranty costs as part of its cost of sales based on associated material product costs and technical support labor costs. During the years ended September 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 warranty expense was

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

\$0.3 million, \$1.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. The following table summarizes the activity related to product warranties during fiscal years 2003 and 2002 (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
Balance, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 650	\$ 200
Provision for warranties issued	291	1,600
Payments	(114)	(1,150)
Balance, end of fiscal year	\$ 827	\$ 650

**Research and Development**

Research and development expenses consist of salaries and related benefits of product development personnel and an allocation of facilities and depreciation expense. Research and development expenses are reflected in the statement of operations as incurred.

**Advertising**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. The Company incurred \$1.0 million, \$1.5 million and \$1.5 million in advertising costs during the fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

**Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method of accounting. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates in effect in the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to estimated amounts expected to be realized.

**Foreign Currency**

The financial statements of all majority-owned subsidiaries have been translated into U.S. dollars in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 52 Foreign Currency Translation. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries are translated at year-end exchange rates and all revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate for the period presented. Translation gains and losses are reported as comprehensive income (loss) as a separate component of shareholders' equity.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are a result of the effect of exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, including US dollars. Gains and losses on those foreign currency transactions are included in determining net income or loss for the period of exchange. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003, a transaction loss of \$544,000 was realized, with a transaction gain of \$15,000 realized in fiscal year 2002. A transaction loss of \$139,000 was charged to operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001.

**Segments**

The Company complies with the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 131, Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, which establishes annual and interim reporting standards for an enterprise's operating segments and

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

disclosures about its products, services, geographic areas and major customers. Management has determined that the Company operates in one segment.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for stock-based employee compensation arrangements in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB No. 25), Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, FASB Interpretation No. 44 (FIN No. 44), Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation, and related interpretations and complies with the disclosure provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS No. 123), Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Under APB No. 25, compensation expense is based on the difference, if any, on the date of the grant, between the deemed fair value of the Company's stock and the exercise price of the option. The unearned compensation is being amortized in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 28 on an accelerated basis over the vesting period of the individual options. The Company accounts for equity instruments issued to non-employees in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123 and related interpretations.

The pro forma effect on the Company's net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share of applying SFAS No. 123, utilizing the assumptions described in note 10 Shareholders' Equity, would have been as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ 4,087	\$ (8,610)	\$ (30,790)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense under APB No. 25 included in reported net income (loss)	83	443	2,625
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value methods	(23,371)	(9,276)	(77,408)
Pro forma net loss	\$(19,201)	\$(17,443)	\$(105,573)
Net income (loss) per share:			
As reported basic	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)
Pro forma basic	\$ (0.73)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (4.66)
As reported diluted	\$ 0.14	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)
Pro forma diluted	\$ (0.73)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (4.66)

**Earnings per Share**

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common and dilutive common stock equivalent shares outstanding during the period.

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share (in thousands, except per share data).

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
<b>Numerator</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,087	\$ (8,610)	\$ (30,790)
<b>Denominator</b>			
Weighted average shares outstanding basic	26,453	25,323	22,644
Dilutive effect of common shares from stock options	1,767		
Weighted average shares outstanding diluted	28,220	25,323	22,644
Basic net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.14	\$ (0.34)	\$ (1.36)

Approximately 2.6 million of common shares potentially issuable from stock options for the year ended September 30, 2003 are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the effect was antidilutive. For fiscal years 2002 and 2001, in which the Company incurred a net loss, all common stock equivalent shares are excluded from the calculation as their impact would have been antidilutive.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2003, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 150 Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liability and Equity (SFAS No. 150). SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how companies classify and measure certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2003, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS No. 149), which is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. SFAS No. 149 clarifies under what circumstances a contract with an initial net investment meets the characteristic of a derivative as discussed in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, when a derivative contains a financing component, amends the definition of an underlying to conform it to the language used in FASB interpretation No. 45, Guarantor Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others and amends certain other existing pronouncements. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2003, FASB issued Interpretation No. 46 (FIN No. 46), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities that either: (1) do not have sufficient equity investment at risk to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support, or (2) the Company will hold a significant variable interest in, or have significant involvement with, an existing variable interest entity. The adoption of this interpretation did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In November 2002, FASB issued Interpretation No. 45 (FIN No. 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, which addresses the disclosures to be made by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under guarantees. FIN No. 45 also requires the recognition of a liability by a guarantor at the inception of certain guarantees that are entered into or modified after December 31, 2002. The additional disclosures required by FIN No. 45 have been included in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

**Reclassifications**

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year balances to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on previously reported net loss, shareholders equity or cash flows.

**2. Short-Term and Long-Term Investments**

Short-term investments consist of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>September 30, 2003</b>				
Corporate bonds and notes	\$ 7,114	\$ 14	\$ (1)	\$ 7,127
Municipal bonds and notes	27,399	1		27,400
	<u>\$34,513</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$34,527</u>
<b>September 30, 2002</b>				
Corporate bonds and notes	\$33,500	\$ 123	\$	\$33,623
Municipal bonds and notes	16,900			16,900
US Government securities	9,000	9		9,009
	<u>\$59,400</u>	<u>\$ 132</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$59,532</u>

Long-term investments consist of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>September 30, 2003</b>				
Corporate bonds and notes	\$13,575	\$ 60	\$ (17)	\$13,618
Municipal bonds and notes	2,000		(15)	1,985
US Government securities	18,500	34	(5)	18,529

	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$34,075	\$ 94	\$(37)	\$34,132
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>September 30, 2002</b>				
Investment in Artel common stock	\$ 1,310	\$ 36	\$	\$ 1,346
	<u>1,310</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,346</u>
	<b>1,310</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 1,346</b>

**Fixed Maturity by Maturity Date**

The cost or amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturities at September 30, 2003, by contractual years-to-maturity, are presented below (in thousands):

	Cost or Amortized Cost	Fair Value
One year or less	\$ 34,513	\$ 34,527
Over one year through five years	34,075	34,132
Over five years through ten years		
Over ten years		
	<u>68,588</u>	<u>\$ 68,659</u>
	<b>68,588</b>	<b>\$ 68,659</b>

In December 2001, the Company purchased approximately 16 million shares of common stock of Artel Solutions Group Holdings Limited, or Artel, which represented an approximate 1% ownership percentage of that company. The Company sold its investment in Artel and recorded a loss on disposition of \$263,000 during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2003.

**3. Inventories**

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
Finished goods	\$ 408	\$ 324
Raw materials	354	25
	<u>762</u>	<u>\$ 349</u>
	<b>762</b>	<b>\$ 349</b>

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The Company is contractually obligated to purchase component inventory that its contract manufacturer procures in accordance with a forecast, unless the Company gives notice of order cancellation within applicable lead times. For any completed product inventory carried by the contract manufacturer beyond 30 days, the Company will be charged a monthly carrying fee of 1.5%. Alternatively, the Company has the option to purchase inventory held by the contractor manufacturer beyond 30 days to avoid incurring related carrying charges. As of September 30, 2003, the Company was committed to purchase approximately \$3.3 million of such inventory within the following quarter.

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****4. Other Current Assets**

Other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
Prepaid insurance	\$ 776	\$ 300
Prepaid rent	731	670
Prepaid marketing	380	445
Interest receivable	517	713
Note receivable from officer	241	391
Other	2,134	2,194
	<u>\$4,779</u>	<u>\$4,713</u>

**5. Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
Computer equipment	\$ 14,248	\$ 11,692
Office furniture and equipment	5,170	5,276
Leasehold improvements	7,364	7,417
	<u>26,782</u>	<u>24,385</u>
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(16,703)	(12,174)
	<u>\$ 10,079</u>	<u>\$ 12,211</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense totaled approximately \$4.7 million, \$5.4 million, and \$5.3 million for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

**6. Business Combinations**

On July 23, 2003, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of uRoam, Inc. (uRoam) for cash of \$25.0 million. The Company also incurred \$2.4 million of direct transaction costs for a total purchase price of \$27.4 million. uRoam's FirePass

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server is a comprehensive remote access product that enables users to access applications in a secure fashion using industry standard Secured Socket Layer (SSL) technology. The acquisition of substantially all the assets of uRoam is intended to allow the Company to quickly enter the SSL Virtual Private Network market, broaden its customer base and augment the existing product line. The Company has hired substantially all of uRoam's 20 employees, consisting of product development, sales and service personnel.

The Company accounted for the acquisition under the purchase method of accounting in accordance with SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations. Under the purchase method of accounting, the total purchase price was allocated to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values. The excess of the purchase price over those fair values was recorded as goodwill. The fair value assigned to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed were based on estimates and assumptions provided by management, and other information compiled by management, including an independent valuation, prepared by an independent valuation specialist that utilized established valuation techniques appropriate for the technology industry.

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The purchase price allocation is as follows (in thousands):

<b>Assets acquired</b>	
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 335
Property and equipment	4
Developed technology	3,000
Goodwill	24,188
Total assets acquired	\$27,527
<b>Liabilities assumed</b>	
Accrued liabilities	\$ (29)
Deferred revenue	(125)
Total liabilities assumed	(154)
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>\$27,373</b>

To determine the value of the developed technology, a combination of cost and market approaches were used. The cost approach required an estimation of the costs required to reproduce the acquired technology. The market approach measures the fair value of the technology through an analysis of recent comparable transactions. The \$3.0 million allocated to developed technology is being amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five years. The \$24.2 million allocated to goodwill will not be amortized but will be subject to at least an annual impairment test under the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 Goodwill and other Intangible Assets.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated summary financial information has been derived by the application of pro forma adjustments to the historical consolidated financial statements of F5 Networks and uRoam. Assumptions underlying the pro forma adjustments are described in the accompanying notes, which should be read in conjunction with these unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated summary financial information.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated summary financial information combines the consolidated statement of operations of F5 Networks for the year ended September 30, 2003 with uRoam's unaudited statement of operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2003 and the unaudited statement of operations for the period July 1, 2003 through July 23, 2003, the effective date of the uRoam acquisition, as if the acquisition had been completed at the beginning of the year.

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Year ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited in thousands):

	<b>uRoam</b>			<b>Net Pro Forma Adjustments</b>	<b>F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2003 Pro Forma</b>
	<b>F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2003</b>	<b>Nine Months Ended June 30, 2003</b>	<b>Period from July 1-July 23 2003</b>		
Net revenues	\$ 115,895	\$ 969	\$ 48	\$	\$ 116,912
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,087	\$ (4,896)	\$ (411)	\$ (576)	\$ (1,796)
Net income (loss) per share basic	\$ 0.15				\$ (0.07)
Weighted average shares basic	26,453				26,453
Net income (loss) per share diluted	\$ 0.14				\$ (0.07)
Weighted average shares diluted	28,220				26,453

Year ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited in thousands):

	<b>F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2002</b>	<b>uRoam Acquisition Corporation</b>	<b>uRoam, Inc. (Formerly Filanet)</b>	<b>Net Pro Forma Adjustments</b>	<b>F5 Networks Year Ended September 30, 2002 Pro Forma</b>
	Net revenues	\$ 108,266	\$ 301	\$ 100	\$
Net loss	\$ (8,610)	\$ (1,053)	\$ (2,035)	\$ (899)	\$ (12,597)
Net loss per share basic	\$ (0.34)				\$ (0.50)
Weighted average shares basic and diluted	25,323				25,323

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined consolidated summary financial information for the year ended September 30, 2002 combines the consolidated statement of operations of F5 Networks for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002 with uRoam's consolidated statement of operations for the calendar year ended December 31, 2002.

**7. Other Assets**

Other assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	<b>Years Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
Software development costs	\$ 697	521
Acquired technology	2,900	
Deposits and other	433	412
	<u>\$4,030</u>	<u>\$933</u>

Amortization expense related to other assets was approximately \$412,000 and \$231,000 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. There was no amortization expense related to other assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001.

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Estimated amortization expense for the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows (in thousands):

2004	\$ 848
2005	873
2006	754
2007	680
2008	515
	<u>          </u>
	\$3,670
	<u>          </u>

**8. Accrued Liabilities**

Accrued liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
Payroll and benefits	\$ 7,578	\$ 6,871
Sales and marketing	1,332	1,364
Restructuring	844	1,076
Warranty	827	650
Income taxes	1,062	873
Other	1,505	2,712
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$ 13,148	\$ 13,546
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2002, the Company recorded restructuring charges of approximately \$2.8 million in connection with management's decision to exit the cache appliance business. As a result of discontinuing this line of business and other changes in the overall business, the Company wrote-down certain assets, consolidated operations, and terminated 47 employees throughout all divisions of the company. An additional charge of \$503,000 related to employee separation costs was recorded in July 2002, resulting in total restructuring charges of \$3.3 million for the fiscal year 2002. As of September 30, 2002, total cash payments and write-offs of approximately \$2.2 million had been recorded.

The following table summarizes the movements in the remaining restructuring charge liabilities (in thousands):

	Balance at September 30, 2002	Additional Charges	Cash Payments and Write-offs	Balance at September 30, 2003
Excess facilities	\$ 1,000	\$	\$ (218)	\$ 782
Other	76	<u>          </u>	(14)	62
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$ 1,076	\$	\$ (232)	\$ 844



As part of the restructuring, excess facilities costs were determined to be \$1.0 million. These costs are the result of the decision to exit a support facility in Washington DC. The estimated facilities costs were based on current comparable rates for leases in the respective market. In April 2003, the excess facilities were subleased at the then current market value through the term of the lease. The difference between the lease payments and sublease income will be applied against the restructuring liability until expiration of the lease in 2007.

During the first fiscal quarter of 2001, the Company recorded a restructuring charge totalling approximately \$1.1 million in connection with management's decision to bring operating expenses in line

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

with the business revenue growth model. Accordingly, the Company terminated 96 employees throughout all divisions of the Company. By the end of January 2001, all identified employees had been terminated. During the quarter ended March 31, 2001, the Company reversed \$96,000 of the original accrual due to a revision of previous estimates. As of September 30, 2001, substantially all of the restructuring charge accrued for during the first quarter of 2001 had been paid.

**9. Income Taxes**

Income (loss) before income taxes consists of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
United States	\$3,524	\$(7,413)	\$(25,900)
International	1,416	(708)	(795)
	<u>\$4,940</u>	<u>\$(8,121)</u>	<u>\$(26,695)</u>

The provision for income taxes consists of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,	
	2003	2002
<b>Current</b>		
U.S. federal	\$	\$
State	45	22
Foreign	657	467
Total	<u>702</u>	<u>489</u>
<b>Deferred</b>		
U.S. federal	141	
State	10	
Foreign		
Total	<u>151</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>\$853</u>	<u>\$489</u>

The effective tax rate differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001

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Income tax provision at statutory rate	\$ 1,729	\$(2,843)	\$(9,343)
State taxes, net of federal benefit	36	(269)	(526)
Impact of international operations	91	259	105
Research and development and other credits	(1,017)	(1,099)	(653)
Other	(60)	80	(33)
Change in valuation allowance	4,382	5,400	14,545
Impact of stock option compensation on valuation allowance	(4,308)	(1,039)	
	<u>\$ 853</u>	<u>\$ 489</u>	<u>\$ 4,095</u>

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The tax effects of the temporary differences that give rise to the deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 22,318	\$ 17,478	\$ 13,027
Allowance for doubtful accounts	844	1,961	2,408
Accrued compensation and benefits	591	471	407
Inventories and related reserves	198	487	1,067
Other accruals and reserves	1,773	1,630	1,283
Depreciation	831	1,011	544
Tax credit carryforwards	4,156	3,291	2,193
	<u>30,711</u>	<u>26,329</u>	<u>20,929</u>
<b>Valuation allowance</b>	<u>(30,711)</u>	<u>(26,329)</u>	<u>(20,929)</u>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>			
Deductible prepaid expenses and other	(151)		
<b>Net deferred tax assets</b>	<u>\$ (151)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

As of September 30, 2003, approximately \$12.7 million of the valuation allowance related to the Company's net operating loss carryforwards is derived from the tax benefits of stock option deductions. At such time as the valuation allowance related to these deductions is released, the benefit will be credited to additional paid in capital.

The Company's deferred tax assets include net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$61.1 million; \$52.5 million related to U.S. operations and \$8.6 million related to United Kingdom operations. The United States net operating loss carry forwards will begin to expire in fiscal year 2011 through 2023. The United Kingdom net operating loss carries forward indefinitely. The Company also has Research and Experimentation Credit carry forwards which will begin to expire in fiscal year 2011 through 2023.

**10. Shareholders' Equity**

The Company has adopted a number of stock-based compensation plans as discussed below. Options granted to employees typically vest over a period of two to four years. Options granted to directors typically vest over three years. All options expire 10 years after the grant date.

The Amended and Restated 1996 Stock Option Plan, or the 1996 Employee Plan, provides for discretionary grants of non-qualified and incentive stock options for employees and other service providers. A total of 2,600,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the 1996 Employee Plan. All outstanding, unvested options under the 1996 Employee Plan vest in full upon a change in control of the Company. The Company does not intend to grant any additional options under this plan. As of September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 394,538 shares outstanding and 33,430 shares available for awards under the 1996 Employee Plan.

The Amended and Restated Directors' Nonqualified Stock Option Plan, or the Directors' Plan, provides for automatic grants of non-qualified stock options to eligible non-employee directors. A total of 100,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the Directors' Plan. All outstanding,



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**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

unvested options under the Directors' Plan vest in full upon a change in control of the Company. This plan was terminated in January 2003 providing that the current outstanding options did not terminate. As of September 30, 2003 there were options to purchase 5,000 shares outstanding and no shares available for awards under the Directors' Plan.

In November 1998, the Company adopted the 1998 Equity Incentive Plan, or the 1998 Plan, which provides for discretionary grants of non-qualified and incentive stock options, stock purchase awards and stock bonuses for employees and other service providers. Upon certain changes in control of the Company, all outstanding and unvested options or stock awards under the 1998 Plan will vest at the rate of 50%, unless assumed or substituted by the acquiring entity. As of September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 3,954,149 shares outstanding and 650,687 shares available for awards under the 1998 Plan.

In July 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Employee Equity Incentive Plan, or the 2000 Plan, which provides for discretionary grants of non-qualified stock options, stock purchase awards and stock bonuses for non-executive employees and other service providers. A total of 3,500,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the 2000 Plan. The Company has not granted any stock purchase awards or stock bonuses under the 2000 Plan. Upon certain changes in control of the Company, all outstanding and unvested options or stock awards under the 2000 Plan will vest at the rate of 50%, unless assumed or substituted by the acquiring entity. As of September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 2,514,142 shares outstanding and 484,616 shares available for awards under the 2000 Plan.

In July 2000, the Company adopted two nonqualified stock option plans, or the McAdam Plans, in connection with hiring John McAdam, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer. The first McAdam Plan provided for a grant of 645,000 non-qualified stock options for Mr. McAdam. This grant was cancelled and the plan was terminated in fiscal 2002. The second McAdam Plan provided for a grant of 50,000 options. In fiscal year 2002, the options were fully vested and 50,000 shares were issued under the second McAdam Plan.

In October 2000, the Company adopted a non-qualified stock option plan in connection with the hiring of Jeff Pancottine, the Company's Senior Vice President of Marketing and Business Development. This Plan provides for a grant of 200,000 non-qualified stock options for Mr. Pancottine. All options under this plan expire 10 years from the grant date. As of September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 200,000 shares outstanding and no shares available for awards under the Plan.

In May 2001, the Company adopted a non-qualified stock option plan in connection with the hiring of Steve Coburn, the Company's Senior Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer. This plan provides for a grant of 200,000 non-qualified stock options for Mr. Coburn. As of September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 200,000 shares outstanding and no shares available for awards under the Plan.

In July 2003, the Company adopted the uRoam Acquisition Equity Incentive Plan, or the uRoam Plan, in connection with the hiring of the former employees of uRoam. A total of 250,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the uRoam Plan. The plan provides for discretionary grants of non-qualified and incentive stock options, stock purchase awards and stock bonuses. The Company has not granted any stock purchase awards or stock bonuses under this plan. As of September 30, 2003 there were options to purchase 240,000 shares outstanding and 10,000 shares available for awards under the uRoam Plan.

In prior years, the Company issued stock options with an exercise price less than the deemed fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant. In fiscal years 2003 and 2002, there were no options issued below fair market value; accordingly no additional compensation costs were recorded. Approximately \$0.1 million of deferred compensation was recorded during fiscal year 2001 and is being amortized over the vesting period of the options. Amortization of stock compensation costs of

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

approximately \$0.1 million, \$0.4 million, and \$2.6 million has been recognized as an expense for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

A summary of stock option activity under all of the Company's plans is as follows:

	<b>Options Outstanding</b>		
	<b>Shares Available for Grant</b>	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share</b>
Balance, October 1, 2000.	1,124,332	5,303,271	\$42.69
Options granted	(4,662,574)	4,662,574	12.59
Options exercised		(607,987)	1.06
Options canceled	1,446,975	(1,446,975)	50.05
Additional shares reserved	2,400,000		
Balance, September 30, 2001.	308,733	7,910,883	27.02
Options granted	(2,233,850)	2,233,850	12.52
Options exercised		(764,504)	4.91
Options canceled	2,139,379	(2,139,379)	52.67
Additional shares reserved	1,500,000		
Balance, September 30, 2002.	1,714,262	7,240,850	17.30
Options granted	(2,195,300)	2,195,300	15.24
Options exercised		(1,423,550)	7.60
Options canceled	504,771	(504,771)	25.65
Additional shares reserved (terminated), net	1,155,000		
Balance at September 30, 2003.	1,178,733	7,507,829	\$ 17.92

The weighted-average fair values and weighted-average exercise prices per share at the date of grant for options granted were as follows:

	<b>Years Ended September 30,</b>		
	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>
Weighted-average fair value of options granted with exercise prices equal to the market value of the stock at the date of grant	\$ 7.46	\$ 10.06	\$ 10.54
Weighted-average exercise price of options granted with exercise prices equal to the market value of the stock at the date of grant	\$ 15.24	\$ 12.52	\$ 12.40
Weighted-average fair value of options granted with exercise prices less than the market value of the stock at the date of grant	N/A	N/A	\$ 27.89
	N/A	N/A	\$ 29.42

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Weighted-average exercise price of options granted with exercise prices less than the market value of the stock at the date of grant

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The following table summarizes information about options outstanding at September 30, 2003:

Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable	
Range of Exercise Prices	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
\$ 0.05 \$ 6.50	361,689	5.36	\$ 2.36	345,145	\$ 2.24
\$ 6.56 \$ 11.12	2,944,684	7.95	\$ 9.48	2,370,675	\$ 9.20
\$11.18 \$ 14.64	1,783,742	9.23	\$14.17	429,352	\$13.69
\$15.00 \$ 33.00	1,568,350	8.25	\$22.92	656,849	\$26.95
\$33.06 \$120.88	849,364	6.68	\$52.48	698,248	\$53.51
\$ 0.05 \$120.88	7,507,829	8.05	\$ 17.92	4,500,269	\$ 18.56

Pro forma information regarding net income (loss) is required by SFAS No. 123 and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its stock options under the minimum value method for all periods prior to the Company becoming a public entity and the fair value method for all periods subsequent to the Company becoming a public entity. The fair value of each option is estimated at the date of grant using the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Stock Option Plan			Years Ended September 30,		
	Years Ended September 30,			Employee Stock Purchase Plan		
	2003	2002	2001	2003	2002	2001
Risk-free interest rate	2.33%	4.12%	4.81%	1.23%	2.57%	4.49%
Expected dividend						
Expected lives	4.0 years	4.3 years	4.0 years	0.5 years	0.5 years	0.5 years
Expected volatility	49.95%	99.41%	138.79%	72.93%	99.41%	138.79%

**1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

In May 1999, the board of directors approved the adoption of the 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Employee Stock Purchase Plan). A total of 1,000,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The Employee Stock Purchase Plan permits eligible employees to acquire shares of the Company's common stock through periodic payroll deductions of up to 15% of base compensation. No employee may purchase more than \$25,000 worth of stock, determined at the fair market value of the shares at the time such option is granted, in one calendar year. The Employee Stock Purchase Plan has been implemented in a series of offering periods, each 6 months in duration. The price at which the common stock may be purchased is 85% of the lesser of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the first day of the applicable offering period or on the last day of the respective purchase period. As of September 30, 2003 there were 311,332 shares available for awards under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

**11. Commitments and Contingencies**  
**Operating Leases**

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In April 2000, the Company amended and restated the lease agreement for its corporate headquarters in Seattle, Washington. The lease expires in 2012 with an option for renewal. The lease commenced in July 2000 on the first building; and the lease on the second building commenced in September 2000. The second building has been fully subleased until 2012. The Company also leases office space for product development personnel in Spokane, Washington and San Jose, California and for sales and support

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**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

personnel in Washington DC, New York, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Japan, Australia, Germany, France, and the United Kingdom. The lease for the Washington DC office has been primarily subleased through 2007.

Future minimum operating lease payments, net of sublease income, are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Gross Lease Payments</b>	<b>Sublease Income</b>	<b>Net Lease Payments</b>
2004	\$ 6,062	\$ 3,335	\$ 2,727
2005	5,622	3,451	2,171
2006	5,702	3,567	2,135
2007	5,597	3,571	2,026
2008	5,516	3,571	1,945
Thereafter	22,180	14,710	7,470
	<u>\$50,679</u>	<u>\$32,205</u>	<u>\$18,474</u>

Rent expense under non-cancelable operating leases amounted to approximately \$4.5 million, \$4.4 million, and \$4.8 million for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively.

**Litigation**

In July and August 2001, a series of putative securities class action lawsuits were filed in United States District Court, Southern District of New York against certain investment banking firms that underwrote the Company's initial and secondary public offerings, the Company and some of the Company's officers and directors. These cases, which have been consolidated under *In re. F5 Networks, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, No. 01 CV 7055, assert that the registration statements for the Company's June 4, 1999 initial public offering and September 30, 1999 secondary offering failed to disclose certain alleged improper actions by the underwriters for the offerings. The consolidated, amended complaint alleges claims against the Company and those of our officers and directors named in the complaint under Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933, and under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Other lawsuits have been filed making similar allegations regarding the public offerings of more than 300 other companies. All of these various consolidated cases have been coordinated for pretrial purposes as *In re. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, Civil Action No. 21-MC-92. In October 2002, the directors and officers were dismissed without prejudice. The issuer defendants filed a coordinated motion to dismiss these lawsuits in July 2002, which the Court granted in part and denied in part in an order dated February 19, 2003. The Court declined to dismiss the Section 11 and Section 10(b) and Rule 10b-5 claims against the Company. In June 2003, a proposal was made for the settlement and release of claims against the issuer defendants and their directors and officers, including us, in exchange for a guaranteed recovery to be paid by the issuer defendants' insurance carriers and an assignment of certain claims against the underwriters. The settlement is subject to a number of conditions, including approval by the proposed settling parties and the Court. If the settlement does not occur, and litigation against us continues, we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to defend the case vigorously. Securities class action litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources. Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, we cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of the litigation, and any unfavorable outcome could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and operating results.

We are not aware of any additional pending legal proceedings against us that, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, or financial condition.

**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

We may in the future be party to litigation arising in the course of our business, including claims that we allegedly infringe third-party trademarks and other intellectual property rights. Such claims, even if not meritorious, could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources.

**12. Related Party Transactions**

In October 2000, the Company extended a loan to an executive officer and his wife, in the principal amount of \$350,000, in order to facilitate the purchase of a residence in the Seattle area. On March 15, 2002, payments due under the note were extended for a period of one year, as allowed per the terms of the note. This loan is evidenced by a promissory note, the principal of which is payable in three equal installments, together with accrued interest, on March 31, 2002, March 31, 2003, and March 31, 2004, or immediately upon the sale of the residence or termination of the officer's employment. Interest accrues on the loan at the rate of 6% per annum. The balance of the loan totaled \$240,354 at September 30, 2003. The residence was sold in October 2003 and the loan was repaid in full on October 20, 2003.

**13. Employee Benefit Plans**

The Company has a 401(k) savings plan whereby eligible employees may voluntarily contribute a percentage of their compensation. The Company may, at its discretion, match a portion of the employees' eligible contributions. Contributions by the Company to the plan during the years ended September 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were approximately \$852,000, \$950,000, and \$953,000, respectively. Contributions made by the Company vest over four years.

**14. Geographic Sales and Significant Customers**

The following presents revenues by geographic region (in thousands):

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2001
United States	\$ 75,409	\$ 73,458	\$ 72,406
Europe	16,880	13,990	10,004
Asia Pacific	23,606	20,818	24,957
	<u>\$ 115,895</u>	<u>\$ 108,266</u>	<u>\$ 107,367</u>

The Company's customers are in diverse industries and geographic locations. Net revenues from international customers are primarily denominated in U.S. Dollars and totaled approximately \$40.5 million, \$34.8 million, and \$35.0 million for the years ended September 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. One domestic distributor accounted for 12.6% of total net revenue for fiscal year 2003. This distributor accounted for 17.8% of accounts receivable as of September 30, 2003. During the years ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, no single reseller or customer exceeded 10% of the Company's net revenue or accounts receivable balance.

**15. Quarterly Results of Operations**

The following presents the Company's unaudited quarterly results of operations for the eight quarters ended September 30, 2003. The information should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. This unaudited information has been prepared on the same basis as the audited financial statements and includes all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that were considered necessary for a fair presentation of our



**Table of Contents****F5 NETWORKS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

operating results for the quarters presented. The following presents quarterly results of operations (unaudited and in thousands):

	Three Months Ended							
	Sept. 30, 2003	June 30, 2003	March 31, 2003	Dec. 31, 2002	Sept. 30, 2002	June 30, 2002	March 31, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001
<b>Net revenues</b>								
Products	\$23,048	\$21,310	\$20,338	\$19,501	\$20,376	\$20,750	\$20,782	\$20,658
Services	8,585	7,879	7,679	7,555	6,699	6,315	6,319	6,367
<b>Total</b>	<b>31,633</b>	<b>29,189</b>	<b>28,017</b>	<b>27,056</b>	<b>27,075</b>	<b>27,065</b>	<b>27,101</b>	<b>27,025</b>
<b>Cost of net revenues</b>								
Products	5,086	4,491	4,203	4,057	4,046	5,081	5,151	5,963
Services	2,342	2,290	2,275	2,161	2,360	2,504	2,680	2,694
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,428</b>	<b>6,781</b>	<b>6,478</b>	<b>6,218</b>	<b>6,406</b>	<b>7,585</b>	<b>7,831</b>	<b>8,657</b>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>24,205</b>	<b>22,408</b>	<b>21,539</b>	<b>20,838</b>	<b>20,669</b>	<b>19,480</b>	<b>19,270</b>	<b>18,368</b>
<b>Operating expenses</b>								
Sales and marketing	14,045	13,593	13,061	12,759	13,062	13,256	11,823	12,440
Research and development	5,155	4,810	4,886	4,395	4,312	4,785	4,751	4,137
General and administrative(1)	2,964	2,800	2,900	3,350	3,427	3,049	4,524	4,045
Restructuring charges					503	2,771		
Amortization of unearned compensation	6	6	5	66	90	106	114	133
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>22,170</b>	<b>21,209</b>	<b>20,852</b>	<b>20,570</b>	<b>21,394</b>	<b>23,967</b>	<b>21,212</b>	<b>20,755</b>
<b>Income(loss) from operations</b>	<b>2,035</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>(725)</b>	<b>(4,487)</b>	<b>(1,942)</b>	<b>(2,387)</b>
Other income (loss), net	(375)	352	312	462	355	287	273	505
<b>Income(loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>1,660</b>	<b>1,551</b>	<b>999</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>(370)</b>	<b>(4,200)</b>	<b>(1,669)</b>	<b>(1,882)</b>
Provision for income taxes	307	152	184	210	53	146	101	189
<b>Net income(loss)</b>	<b>\$ 1,353</b>	<b>\$ 1,399</b>	<b>\$ 815</b>	<b>\$ 520</b>	<b>\$ (423)</b>	<b>\$ (4,346)</b>	<b>\$ (1,770)</b>	<b>\$ (2,071)</b>
<b>Net income (loss) per share basic</b>	<b>\$ .05</b>	<b>\$ .05</b>	<b>\$ .03</b>	<b>\$ .02</b>	<b>\$ (.02)</b>	<b>\$ (.17)</b>	<b>\$ (.07)</b>	<b>\$ (.08)</b>
<b>Weighted average shares basic</b>	<b>27,125</b>	<b>26,638</b>	<b>26,164</b>	<b>25,883</b>	<b>25,670</b>	<b>25,537</b>	<b>25,203</b>	<b>24,883</b>

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Net income (loss) per share diluted	\$ .05	\$ .05	\$ .03	\$ .02	\$ (.02)	\$ (.17)	\$ (.07)	\$ (.08)
Weighted average shares diluted	29,521	28,467	27,494	26,935	25,670	25,537	25,203	24,883

- (1) During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2003, the Company reversed a \$250 reserve initially established for an amount considered potentially uncollectible. The amount was recovered pursuant to a settlement agreement and the reversal of the reserve was recorded as a credit to general and administrative expenses.

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**PROSPECTUS**

**\$125,000,000**

**F5 NETWORKS, INC.**

**Debt Securities**

**Preferred Stock**

**Warrants**

**Common Stock**

**Depositary Shares**

**Stock Purchase Contracts**

**Equity Units**

The aggregate of the offering prices of the securities covered by this prospectus will not exceed \$125,000,000.

The securities may be sold by us directly to investors, through agents designated from time to time or through or to underwriters or dealers. See Plan of Distribution. If any agents or underwriters are involved in the sale of any securities in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered, the names of such agents or underwriters and any applicable commissions or discounts will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. The net proceeds we expect to receive from such sale also will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

This prospectus may not be used by us to consummate the sale of any securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

Our common stock is quoted on the NASDAQ National Market under the trading symbol **FFIV**. Any common stock sold by us pursuant to a prospectus supplement will be listed on the NASDAQ National Market, subject to official notice of issuance.

See **RISK FACTORS** on page 2 for information you should consider before buying these securities.

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined that this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

The date of this prospectus is October 28, 2003.

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We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of securities.

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Our executive offices are located at 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119 and our telephone number is (206) 272-5555.

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**Table of Contents****RISK FACTORS**

You should carefully consider the specific risks set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in the applicable prospectus supplement and under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as updated in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus, before making an investment decision.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

The use of proceeds to be received by us from the sale of the Securities will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

The following table sets forth the ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the company for each of the periods indicated. Earnings consist of income from continuing operations before income taxes, plus fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of an estimate of the interest portion of rental expense.

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2003	Year Ended September 30,				
		2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$3,280	\$(8,121)	\$(26,695)	\$15,755	\$(4,344)	\$(3,672)
Fixed Charges:						
Interest portion of rental expense	1,121	1,451	1,592	623	155	48
Earnings (loss) before fixed charges	\$4,401	\$(6,670)	\$(25,103)	\$16,378	\$(4,189)	\$(3,624)
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges(1)	3.93	N/A	N/A	26.29	N/A	N/A
Deficiency of earnings to fixed charges(2)	N/A	\$(8,121)	\$(26,695)	N/A	\$(4,344)	\$(3,672)

- (1) Ratio of earnings to fixed charges represents the ratio of net income (loss), before fixed charges and income taxes, to fixed charges, where fixed charges are an allocation of rental charges to approximate equivalent interest.
- (2) Due to the loss we incurred in 1998, 1999, 2001 and 2002, the ratio coverage is less than 1:1. We would have had to have generated additional earnings in the amounts indicated to achieve a ratio of 1:1.

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**DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES**

The following description of the debt securities sets forth the general terms and provisions of the debt securities to which any prospectus supplement may relate. The particular terms of the debt securities offered by any prospectus supplement and the extent, if any, to which such general provisions may not apply to the debt securities, will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such debt securities. Accordingly, for a description of the terms of a particular issue of debt securities, reference must be made to both the prospectus supplement relating thereto and to the following description.

Senior debt securities may be issued from time to time under an indenture dated as of September 30, 2003 (the Senior Indenture ) between us and U.S. Bank, N.A. (the Senior Trustee ). Subordinated debt securities may be issued from time to time under an indenture dated as of September 30, 2003 (the Subordinated Indenture ) between us and U.S. Bank, N.A. (the Subordinated Trustee ). Together the Senior Indenture and the Subordinated Indenture are called the indentures.

We have summarized selected provisions of the indentures below. The Senior Indenture and Subordinated Indenture have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, and you should read the indentures for provisions that may be important to you. Accordingly, the following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the provisions of the indentures.

**General**

The indentures do not limit the aggregate principal amount of debt securities which may be issued under the indentures and provide that debt securities may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The indentures do not limit the amount of other indebtedness or debt securities, other than certain secured indebtedness as described below, which may be issued by us or our subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise provided in a prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be our unsecured obligations. The senior debt securities will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of ours. The subordinated debt securities will be subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all senior debt including our senior debt securities as described below under Subordination and in the applicable prospectus supplement.

The debt securities may be issued in fully registered form without coupons ( registered securities ) or in bearer form with or without coupons ( bearer securities ) or in the form of one or more global securities (each a Global Security ). Registered securities that are book-entry securities will be issued as registered Global Securities. Bearer securities may be issued in the form of temporary or definitive Global Securities. Unless otherwise provided in the prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be only registered securities.

Unless otherwise provided in a prospectus supplement, payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on any debt securities will be paid by us in immediately available funds. Unless otherwise provided in a prospectus supplement, the corporate trust office of the trustee will be designated as our sole paying agent. All moneys paid by us to a paying agent for payments of principal of, premium, if any or interest, if any, on any debt security or coupon that remain unclaimed at the end of two years after such principal, premium or interest shall have become due and payable will be repaid to us and the holder of such debt security or coupon will thereafter look only to us for payment thereof.

The prospectus supplement relating to the particular debt securities offered thereby will describe the terms of such securities. Those terms will include some or all of the following:

- (1) the designation of the debt securities being offered;
- (2) whether such debt securities are senior debt securities or subordinated debt securities;
- (3) the authorized denominations if other than \$1,000 (or integrals of \$1,000) for registered debt securities,

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- (4) any limit on the aggregate principal amount of such debt securities;
- (5) the percentage of their principal amount at which such debt securities will be issued;
- (6) the maturity date or dates of such debt securities;
- (7) the annual interest rate or rates, if any, which may be fixed or variable; and the manner of calculating any variable interest rate;
- (8) the date or dates from which interest, if any, will accrue (or the method of determining such date or dates), and the interest payment dates and, in the case of registered securities, their associated record dates;
- (9) whether we may redeem such debt securities and, if so, the redemption period or periods; redemption price or prices, and other applicable terms of redemption;
- (10) the obligation, if any, of ours to redeem, purchase or repay such debt securities pursuant to any mandatory redemption, sinking fund or analogous provisions or at the option of the holder thereof and, if so, the redemption period or periods; redemption price or prices, and other applicable terms of redemption;
- (11) provisions for the defeasance of such debt securities;
- (12) the form in which we will issue debt securities (registered or bearer), any restrictions on the exchange of one form for another and on the offer, sale and delivery of debt securities in either form;
- (13) whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts on debt securities in respect of specified taxes, assessments or other governmental charges withheld or deducted, and if so, whether we have the option to redeem the affected debt securities rather than pay such additional amounts;
- (14) the terms, if any, upon which such debt securities of the series may be convertible into other securities and the terms and conditions upon which such conversion shall be effected, including the initial conversion price and the date on which the right to convert expires;
- (15) any exchanges on which such debt securities will be listed;
- (16) whether such debt securities are to be issued in global form and, if so, the identity of the depository for such Global Securities
- (17) the place or places where the principal of, premium, if any, interest, if any, and certain additional amounts required in respect of taxes owed to holders of debt securities, if any, on such debt securities is payable;
- (18) if the amount of principal of and interest on such debt securities may be determined with reference to an index based on a currency other than that in which such debt securities are denominated, the manner of determining such amounts;
- (19) the portion of the principal amount (if other than the entire principal amount) of the debt securities payable upon declaration of acceleration of their maturity date;
- (20) the form and terms of any certificates, documents or conditions required, if any, for the issuance of debt securities in definitive form;
- (21) any trustees, depositories, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars or any other agents with respect to such debt securities; and
- (22) any other terms of such debt securities.

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No service charge will be made for any transfer or exchange of the debt securities except to cover any tax or other governmental charge. The prospectus supplement for any debt securities issued above par or

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with an original issue discount will state any applicable material federal income tax consequences and other special considerations.

**Subordination**

We will issue under the Subordinated Indenture the debt securities that will constitute part of our subordinated debt. These subordinated debt securities will be subordinate and junior in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner set forth in the Subordinated Indenture, to all of our senior debt. The term *senior debt* is defined in the Subordinated Indenture to mean any obligation of ours to our creditors whether now outstanding or subsequently incurred other than (i) where it is expressly provided in the instrument creating or evidencing the same that such obligation is not senior debt, (ii) debt securities issued under the Subordinated Indenture, and (iii) obligations that are expressly stated in their terms not to be senior debt.

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution, winding up or reorganization of, or any insolvency proceedings involving, us, or any assignment by us for the benefit of creditors or any other marshaling of our assets, the holders of all senior debt will first be entitled to receive payment in full before the holders of the subordinated debt securities will be entitled to receive any payment upon the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the subordinated debt securities.

In the event that we default in the payment of any principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on any senior debt when the same becomes due and payable, whether at maturity or at a date fixed for prepayment or by declaration of acceleration or otherwise, then, upon written notice of such default to us by the holders of such senior debt or any trustee therefor, unless and until such default shall have been cured or waived or shall have ceased to exist, we may not make or agree to make any direct or indirect payment (in cash, property, securities, by set-off or otherwise):

on account of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on any of our subordinated debt securities, or

in respect of any redemption, repayment, retirement, purchase or other acquisition of any of our subordinated debt securities.

Any payment or distribution, which would otherwise (but for these subordination provisions) be payable or deliverable in respect of the subordinated debt securities, shall be paid or delivered directly to the holders of senior debt in accordance with the priorities then existing among such holders until all senior debt (including any interest thereon accruing after the commencement of any liquidation or similar proceedings) shall have been paid in full. In the event of any such proceeding, after payment in full of all sums owing with respect to senior debt, the holders of the subordinated debt securities, together with the holders of any of our obligations ranking on a parity with our subordinated debt securities, shall be entitled to be paid from our remaining assets the amounts at the time due and owing on account of unpaid principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such securities before any payment or other distribution, whether in cash, property or otherwise, shall be made on account of any of our capital stock obligations ranking junior to such securities.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the trustee or the holders of the subordinated debt securities receive any payment or distribution on account of or in respect of the subordinated debt securities, such payment or distribution will be paid over and delivered to the holders of senior debt at the time outstanding in accordance with the priorities then existing among such holders for application to the payment of all senior debt remaining unpaid, to the extent necessary to pay all such senior debt in full.

Upon the payment in full of all senior debt and until the subordinated debt securities shall have been paid in full, the holders of subordinated debt securities shall be subrogated to all rights of any holders of senior debt to receive any further payments or distributions applicable to the senior debt.

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By reason of the subordination, in the event of our bankruptcy, dissolution or reorganization, holders of senior debt may receive more, ratably, than holders of the subordinated debt securities. Such subordination will not prevent the occurrence of an event of default under the Subordinated Indenture.

The Subordinated Indenture does not limit or restrict our ability to incur additional senior debt, but certain of our other debt instruments may from time to time contain such limitations.

### **Absence of Restrictive Covenants**

We are not restricted by either of the indentures from paying dividends or from incurring, assuming or becoming liable for any type of debt or other obligations or from creating liens on our property for any purpose, except as may described in an applicable prospectus supplement. The indentures do not require the maintenance of any financial ratios or specified levels of net worth or liquidity. The indentures do not contain provisions which afford holders of the debt securities protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving us.

### **Merger and Consolidation**

Each indenture provides that we will not consolidate with or merge into any other corporation or sell or convey all or substantially all our assets to any person or entity unless either we shall be the continuing corporation or:

the successor is an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any state in the United States;

the successor expressly assumes our obligations under such indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder;

immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no event of default and no event which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would become an event of default under the indentures, shall have occurred and be continuing; and

certain other conditions are met.

Each indenture provides that, upon any consolidation, merger, sale or conveyance in accordance with the preceding paragraph and upon any such assumption by the successor entity, such successor entity shall be substituted for us with the same effect as if such successor entity had been named as us.

### **Satisfaction and Discharge; Defeasance**

An indenture will cease to be in effect if at any time (1) we have delivered all relevant debt securities to the trustee for cancellation or (2) all debt securities not so delivered have become due and payable, will become due and payable within one year or are to be called for redemption within one year and we have deposited or caused to be deposited with the trustee an amount sufficient to pay all principal (and premium, if any), interest, if any, and additional amounts, if any, to the date of maturity or redemption, and, in each case, we have paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable with respect to such debt securities.

If specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will, at our option, either be discharged from our obligations under the outstanding debt securities of a series or cease to be under any obligation to comply with any term, provision, condition or covenant specified applicable to such series upon satisfaction of the following conditions:

we have irrevocably deposited with the trustee in trust either money, or obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States of America sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness of all the outstanding debt securities of such series, or fulfilled such other terms and conditions specified in the applicable prospectus supplement;

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we have paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable with respect to the outstanding debt securities of such series;

the trustee has received an officers certificate and opinion of legal counsel each stating that all conditions precedent have been complied with; and

the trustee has received an opinion of tax counsel confirming that the holders of the debt securities of such series will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of our exercise of our option to defease and discharge our obligations under the indenture with respect to such series and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amount and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and discharge had not occurred.

**Modification of the Indenture**

Each indenture provides that we and the trustee thereunder may, without the consent of any holders of debt securities, enter into supplemental indentures for the purposes of, among other things:

adding to our covenants and making a default of such covenant an event of default,

establishing the form or terms of debt securities and adding or changing any provision necessary to permit or facilitate the issuance of a new series of debt securities,

evidencing a successor to us or a successor or additional trustee in accordance with the terms of such indenture,

conveying, transferring, assigning, mortgaging or pledging any property to or with the trustee or

curing ambiguities, defects or inconsistencies in such indenture;

provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the holders of any series of debt securities in any material respect.

Each indenture contains provisions permitting us, with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of all affected series then outstanding, to execute supplemental indentures adding any provisions to or changing or eliminating any of the provisions of such indenture or modifying the rights of the holders of the debt securities of such series, except that no such supplemental indenture may, without the consent of the holders of all the outstanding debt securities affected thereby, among other things:

(1) (a) change the fixed maturity of any debt securities, (b) reduce their principal amount or premium, if any, (c) reduce the rate or extend the time of payment of interest or any additional amounts payable on the debt securities, (d) reduce the amount due and payable upon acceleration of the maturity of the debt securities or the amount provable in bankruptcy or (e) make the principal of, or any interest, premium or additional amounts on, any debt security payable in a coin or currency different from that provided in the debt security,

(2) impair the right to initiate suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the stated maturity or scheduled redemption date of the debt securities, or

(3) reduce the percentage of debt securities, stated above, required for consent of the holders of the debt securities to any modification described above, or the percentage required for the consent of the holders to waive defaults.



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### **Events of Default**

An event of default in respect of any series of debt securities (unless it is either inapplicable to a particular series or has been modified or deleted with respect to any particular series) is defined in each indenture to be:

(1) a default in the payment of principal of (and premium, if any, on) such series of debt securities, whether payable at maturity, by call for redemption, pursuant to any sinking fund or otherwise;

(2) a default for 30 days in the payment when due of interest or additional amounts, if any, on such series of debt securities;

(3) a default for 90 days after a notice of default with respect to the performance of any other covenant or agreement applicable to the debt securities or contained in the indenture;

(4) a default by us or any Significant Subsidiary in any payment of \$25,000,000 or more of principal of or interest on any Debt or in the payment of \$25,000,000 or more on account of any guarantee in respect of Debt, beyond any period of grace that the instrument or agreement under which such Debt or guarantee was created (for these purposes, the term Significant Subsidiary is defined as any Subsidiary of ours, that, at any time, has at least 5% of the consolidated revenues of F5 Networks, Inc. and our Subsidiaries at such time as reflected in our most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. The terms Debt means notes, bonds, debentures or other similar evidences of indebtedness for money borrowed; and Subsidiary means any corporation or other entity of which at least a majority of the outstanding stock or other beneficial interests having by the terms thereof ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or other governing body of such corporation or other entity (irrespective of whether or not at the time stock or other beneficial interests of any other class or classes of such corporation or other entity shall have or might have voting power by reason of the happening of any contingency) is at the time owned by us, and/or by one or more of our Subsidiaries.

(5) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization.

If an event of default described in items (1) through (4) above occurs with respect to any series, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of all debt securities then outstanding affected by the event of default may declare the principal (or, in the case of discounted debt securities, the amount specified in their terms) of all debt securities of the affected series to be due and payable.

If any event of default described in item (5) above occurs, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of all the debt securities then outstanding (voting as one class) may declare the principal (or, in the case of discounted debt securities, the amount specified in their terms) of all outstanding debt securities not already due and payable to be due and payable.

If the principal amount of debt securities has been declared due and payable, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the applicable series (or of all the outstanding debt securities) may waive any event of default with respect to that series (or with respect to all outstanding debt securities) and rescind and annul a declaration of acceleration if:

we pay, or deposit with the trustee a sum sufficient to pay, all required payments on the debt securities which shall have become due otherwise than by acceleration, with interest, plus certain fees, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee and

all defaults under the indenture have been remedied.

Each indenture provides that the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of any series may on behalf of the holders of all of the outstanding debt securities of such series waive any past default under such indenture with respect to such series and its consequences, except a default (1) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any of the debt securities of such series or (2) in respect of a covenant or provision of such

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indenture which, under the terms of such indenture, cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holders of all of the outstanding debt securities of such series affected thereby.

Each indenture contains provisions entitling the trustee thereunder, subject to the duty of the trustee during an event of default in respect of any series of debt securities to act with the required standard of care, to be indemnified by the holders of the debt securities of such series before proceeding to exercise any right or power under such indenture at the request of the holders of the debt securities of such series.

Each indenture provides that the trustee will, within 90 days after the occurrence of a default in respect of any series of debt securities, give to the holders of the debt securities of such series notice of all uncured and unwaived defaults known to it; provided, however, that, except in the case of a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or any interest on, or additional amounts, if any, on any of the debt securities of such series, the trustee will be protected in withholding such notice if it in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the holders of the debt securities of such series. The term default for the purpose of this provision only means any event that is, or after notice or lapse of time, or both, would become, an event of default with respect to the debt securities of such series.

We will be required to furnish annually to each trustee a certificate as to compliance with all conditions and covenants under the indentures.

**Notices**

Except as otherwise provided in each indenture, notices of meetings to holders of bearer securities will be given by publication at least twice in a daily newspaper in the City of New York and in such other city or cities as may be specified in such bearer securities and will be mailed to such persons whose names and addresses were previously filed with the trustee under the applicable indenture, within the time prescribed for the giving of such notice. Notices to holders of registered securities will be given by mail to the addresses of such holders as they appear in the security register.

**Global Securities**

The debt securities of a series may be issued in whole or in part as one or more Global Securities that will be deposited with, or on behalf of, a depository located in the United States (a U.S. Depository ) or a common depository located outside the United States (a Common Depository ) identified in the prospectus supplement relating to such series. Global Securities may be issued in either registered or bearer form, and in either temporary or definitive form.

The specific terms of the depository arrangement with respect to any debt securities of a series will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such series.

**Limitations on Issuance of Bearer Securities**

Generally, in compliance with United States federal income tax laws and regulations, bearer securities other than bearer securities with a maturity not exceeding one year from the date of issue, may not be offered or sold during the restricted period (as defined in United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(7)) or delivered in connection with their sale during the restricted period in the United States or its possessions or to United States persons (each as defined below) other than to an office located outside the United States or its possessions of a United States financial institution (within the meaning of United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(6)) purchasing for its own account or for resale or for the account of certain customers that agrees in writing to comply with the requirements of Section 165(j)(3)(A), (B) or (C) of the Code and the United States Treasury Regulations thereunder, or to certain other persons described in United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(1)(iii)(B). Any underwriters, agents and dealers participating in the offering of debt securities must agree that they will not offer or sell any bearer securities in the United States or its

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possessions, or to United States persons (other than the financial institutions described above) or deliver bearer securities within the United States or its possessions.

Bearer securities and their interest coupons will bear a legend substantially to the following effect: Any United States person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code . The Code sections referred to in the legend provide that, with certain exceptions, a United States person holding a bearer security or coupon will not be permitted to deduct any loss, and will not be eligible for capital gain treatment with respect to any gain, realized on a sale, exchange or redemption of such bearer security or coupon.

As used in this prospectus, United States person means:

an individual citizen or resident of the United States,

a corporation or partnership organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia,

an estate or trust the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source, or

a trust the administration of which is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and for which one or more United States fiduciaries have the authority to control all substantial decisions. The term United States means the United States of America (including the States thereof and the District of Columbia) and possessions of the United States include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island and the Northern Mariana Islands.

**Concerning the Trustees**

The Trustee assumes no responsibility for this prospectus and has not reviewed or undertaken to verify any information contained in this prospectus

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**DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

Our Articles of Incorporation authorize the issuance of up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock and up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value per share, issuable in one or more series with such terms and at such times and for such consideration as our board of directors determines. As of October 15, 2003, there were issued and outstanding 27,470,233 shares of common stock. No shares of preferred stock were outstanding.

The following description contains a summary of material features of our capital stock, but does not purport to be complete and is subject in all respects to the applicable provisions of the Washington Business Corporations Act, or WBCA, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our Articles of Incorporation.

**Common Stock**

Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters voted upon by shareholders. Shareholders are not permitted to cumulate their votes for the election of directors.

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or distribution of assets of our company, holders of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in any of our remaining assets legally available for distribution to the shareholders after payment of all liabilities and amounts owed with respect to any shares of preferred stock that may be outstanding at that time.

Holders of common stock are not entitled to preemptive rights with respect to any additional shares of capital stock that may be issued.

The authorized but unissued and unreserved shares of common stock will be available for general corporate purposes, including but not limited to possible issuance as stock dividends or stock splits, in future mergers or acquisitions, for employee benefit plans, or in a future underwritten or other public offering. Except as otherwise required to approve the transactions in which the additional authorized shares of common stock would be issued, no shareholder approval will be required for the issuance of these shares.

**Preferred Stock**

In this section we describe the general terms that will apply to preferred stock that we may offer by this prospectus in the future. When we issue a particular series, we will describe the specific terms of the series of preferred stock in a prospectus supplement. The description of provisions of our preferred stock included in any prospectus supplement may not be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the description in our Articles of Incorporation and our certificate of designation, which will describe the terms of the offered preferred stock and be filed with the SEC at the time of sale of that preferred stock. At that time, you should read our Articles of Incorporation and any certificate of designation relating to each particular series of preferred stock for provisions that may be important to you.

Under our Articles of Incorporation, our board of directors is authorized to issue preferred stock in one or more series, each with such voting powers (full, limited or none), designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and such qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as they may fix or designate without any further vote or action by our stockholders.

We will describe the specific terms of a series of preferred stock in a prospectus supplement, including some or all of the following:

- (1) the maximum number of shares of the series and their designations;
- (2) any annual dividend rate;
- (3) any dates that dividends begin to accrue or accumulate;
- (4) whether the dividends will be cumulative, and any dividend preference;

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- (5) the price, terms and conditions of any redemption;
- (6) any liquidation preference;
- (7) whether the shares will be subject to, and the terms and provisions of, a retirement or sinking fund;
- (8) any terms and conditions for conversion or exchange of the shares into or for shares of any other class of our securities;
- (9) any voting rights;
- (10) whether fractional interests will be offered in the form of depositary shares; and
- (11) any or all other preferences or other rights or restrictions of the shares of the series.

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**DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSITARY SHARES**

We describe in this section the general terms of the depositary shares. We will describe the specific terms of the depositary shares in a prospectus supplement. The following description of the deposit agreement, the depositary shares and the depositary receipts is only a summary and you should refer to the forms of the deposit agreement and depositary share certificate that will be filed with the SEC in connection with any particular offering of depositary shares.

**General**

We may offer fractional interests in preferred stock, rather than full shares of preferred stock. In that case, we will provide for the issuance by a depositary to investors of receipts for depositary shares, each representing a fractional interest in a share of a particular series of preferred stock.

The shares of any series of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares will be deposited under a separate deposit agreement between us and the depositary, which must be a bank or trust company having its principal office in the United States and having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50 million. The applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the name and address of the depositary. Subject to the terms of the deposit agreement, each owner of a depositary share will have a fractional interest in all the rights and preferences of the preferred stock underlying such depositary share. Those rights include any dividend, voting, redemption, conversion and liquidation rights.

The depositary shares will be evidenced by depositary receipts issued under the deposit agreement. If you purchase fractional interests in shares of the related series of preferred stock, you will receive depositary receipts as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. While the final depositary receipts are being prepared, we may order the depositary to issue temporary depositary receipts substantially identical to the final depositary receipts although not in final form. The holders of the temporary depositary receipts will be entitled to the same rights as if they held the depositary receipts in final form. Holders of the temporary depositary receipts can exchange them for the final depositary receipts at our expense.

**Withdrawal**

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement and unless the related depositary shares have been called for redemption, if you surrender depositary receipts at the principal office of the depositary, then you are entitled to receive at that office the number of shares of preferred stock and any money or other property represented by the depositary shares. We will not issue partial shares of preferred stock. If you deliver depositary receipts evidencing a number of depositary shares that represent more than a whole number of shares of preferred stock, the depositary will issue to you a new depositary receipt evidencing the excess number of depositary shares at the same time that the preferred stock is withdrawn. Holders of shares of preferred stock received in exchange for depositary shares will no longer be entitled to deposit those shares under the deposit agreement or to receive depositary shares in exchange for those shares of preferred stock.

**Dividends and Other Distributions**

The depositary will distribute all cash dividends or other cash distributions received with respect to the preferred stock to the record holders of depositary shares representing the preferred stock in proportion to the numbers of depositary shares owned by the holders on the relevant record date. The depositary will distribute only the amount that can be distributed without attributing to any holder of depositary shares a fraction of one cent. The balance not distributed will be added to and treated as part of the next sum received by the depositary for distribution to record holders of depositary shares.

If there is a distribution other than in cash, the depositary will distribute property to the holders of depositary shares, unless the depositary determines that it is not feasible to make such distribution. If this

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occurs, the depositary may, with our approval, sell the property and distribute the net proceeds from the sale to the holders of depositary shares.

**Conversion, Exchange and Redemption**

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, neither the depositary shares nor the series of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares will be convertible or exchangeable into any other class or series of our capital stock.

If the series of the preferred stock underlying the depositary shares is subject to redemption, the depositary shares will be redeemed from the redemption proceeds, in whole or in part, of the series of the preferred stock held by the depositary. The redemption price per depositary share will bear the same relationship to the redemption price per share of preferred stock that the depositary share bears to the underlying preferred stock. Whenever we redeem preferred stock held by the depositary, the depositary will redeem, as of the same redemption date, the number of depositary shares representing the preferred stock redeemed. If less than all the depositary shares are to be redeemed, the depositary shares to be redeemed will be selected by lot or pro rata as determined by the depositary.

**Voting**

Upon receipt of notice of any meeting at which the holders of the preferred stock are entitled to vote, the depositary will mail information about the meeting contained in the notice to the record holders of the depositary shares relating to the preferred stock. Each record holder of the depositary shares on the record date (which will be the same date as the record date for the preferred stock) will be entitled to instruct the depositary as to how the preferred stock underlying the holder's depositary shares should be voted.

The depositary will try, if practical, to vote the preferred stock underlying the depositary shares according to the instructions received. We will agree to take all action requested by and deemed necessary by the depositary in order to enable the depositary to vote the preferred stock in that manner. The depositary will not vote any preferred stock for which it does not receive specific instructions from the holders of the depositary shares relating to the preferred stock.

**Amendment and Termination of the Deposit Agreement**

We may amend the form of depositary receipt evidencing the depositary shares and any provision of the deposit agreement by agreement with the depositary at any time. Any amendment that materially and adversely alters the rights of the existing holders of depositary shares will not be effective, however, unless approved by the record holders of at least a majority of the depositary shares then outstanding. A deposit agreement may be terminated by us or the depositary only if:

all outstanding depositary shares relating to the deposit agreement have been redeemed or converted into or exchanged for other securities;  
or

there has been a final distribution on the underlying preferred stock in connection with our liquidation, dissolution or winding up and the distribution has been made to the holders of the related depositary shares.

**Charges of Depositary**

We will pay all transfer and other taxes and governmental charges arising solely from the existence of the depositary arrangements. We will pay charges of the depositary in connection with its duties under the deposit agreement. Holders of depositary shares will pay transfer and other taxes and governmental charges and any other charges that are stated to be their responsibility in the deposit agreement.

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**Miscellaneous**

The depositary will forward to the holders of depositary shares all reports and communications that we must furnish to the holders of the preferred stock.

Neither we nor the depositary will be liable if either of us is prevented or delayed by law or any circumstance beyond our control in performing our respective obligations under the deposit agreement. Our obligations and the depositary's obligations under the deposit agreement will be limited to performance in good faith of duties set forth in the deposit agreement. Neither we nor the depositary will be obligated to prosecute or defend any legal proceeding connected with any depositary shares or preferred stock unless satisfactory indemnity is furnished. We and the depositary may rely upon written advice of counsel or accountants, or information provided by persons presenting preferred stock for deposit, holders of depositary shares or other persons believed to be competent and on documents believed to be genuine.

**Resignation and Removal of Depositary**

The depositary may resign at any time by delivering notice to us. We may also remove the depositary at any time. Resignations or removals will take effect upon the appointment of a successor depositary and its acceptance of the appointment. The successor depositary must be appointed within 60 days after delivery of the notice of resignation or removal.



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**DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS**

We may issue warrants for the purchase of debt securities, preferred stock or common stock. Warrants may be issued independently or together with debt securities, preferred stock, or common stock offered by any prospectus supplement and may be attached to or separate from any such securities. Each series of warrants will be issued under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between us and a bank or trust company, as warrant agent, all as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the particular issue of warrants. The following summaries of certain provisions of the warrants does not purport to be complete and you should refer to the form of warrant agreement that will be filed with the SEC in connection with any particular offering of warrants.

**Debt Warrants**

The prospectus supplement relating to a particular issue of debt warrants will describe the terms of such debt warrants, including some or all of the following:

the title of such debt warrants;

the offering price for such debt warrants, if any;

the aggregate number of such debt warrants;

the designation and terms of the debt securities purchasable upon exercise of such debt warrants;

if applicable, the designation and terms of the debt securities with which such debt warrants are issued and the number of such debt warrants issued with each such debt security;

if applicable, the date from and after which such debt warrants and any debt securities issued therewith will be separately transferable;

the principal amount of debt securities purchasable upon exercise of a debt warrant and the price at which such principal amount of debt securities may be purchased upon exercise (which price may be payable in cash, securities, or other property);

the date on which the right to exercise such debt warrants shall commence and the date on which such right shall expire;

if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such debt warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

whether the debt warrants represented by the debt warrant certificates or debt securities that may be issued upon exercise of the debt warrants will be issued in registered or bearer form;

information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any;

the currency or currency units in which the offering price, if any, and the exercise price are payable;

if applicable, a discussion of material United States federal income tax considerations;

the antidilution provisions of such debt warrants, if any;

the redemption or call provisions, if any, applicable to such debt warrants; and

any additional terms of such debt warrants, including terms, procedures, and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such debt warrants.

**Stock Warrants**

## Edgar Filing: F5 NETWORKS INC - Form 424B2

The prospectus supplement relating to any particular issue of preferred stock warrants or common stock warrants will describe the terms of such warrants, including some or all of the following:

the title of such warrants;

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the offering price for such warrants, if any;

the aggregate number of such warrants;

the designation and terms of the common stock or preferred stock purchasable upon exercise of such warrants;

if applicable, the designation and terms of the offered securities with which such warrants are issued and the number of such warrants issued with each such offered security;

if applicable, the date from and after which such warrants and any offered securities issued therewith will be separately transferable;

the number of shares of common stock or preferred stock purchasable upon exercise of a warrant and the price at which such shares may be purchased upon exercise;

the date on which the right to exercise such warrants shall commence and the date on which such right shall expire;

if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

if applicable, a discussion of material United States federal income tax considerations;

the anti-dilution provisions of such warrants, if any;

the redemption or call provisions, if any, applicable to such warrants; and

any additional terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such warrants.

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**DESCRIPTION OF PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND UNITS**

The following is a general description of the terms of the purchase contracts and units we may issue from time to time. The specific terms of any purchase contracts or units that we may offer will be described in a prospectus supplement.

We may issue purchase contracts, including contracts obligating holders to purchase from us, and obligating us to sell to the holders, a specified number of shares of common stock, preferred stock or other securities at a future date or dates. We may fix the price and number of securities subject to the purchase contracts at the time we issue the purchase contracts or we may provide that the price and number of securities will be determined pursuant to a formula set forth in the purchase contracts. The purchase contracts may be issued separately or as part of units.

Units may consist of any combination of the following: purchase contract, warrants, debt securities, preferred stock and common stock issued by us and debt securities or debt obligations of third parties, including United States Treasury securities. Any of these securities, other than the purchase contracts, may be included as part of the unit to secure the obligations of the holders of the units to purchase the securities under the purchase contracts. The purchase contracts may require holders to secure their obligations under the purchase contracts in a specified manner. The purchase contracts also may require us to make periodic payments to the holders of the units, or vice versa, and those payments may be unsecured or prefunded on some basis.

The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the terms of the purchase contracts or units offered by that prospectus supplement. The description in the prospectus supplement will not necessarily be complete, and reference will be made to the purchase contracts, or the unit agreement, and, if applicable, collateral or depositary arrangements relating to the purchase contracts or units, which will be filed with the SEC each time we issue purchase contracts or units. Material United States federal income tax considerations applicable to the units and the purchase contracts will also be discussed in the applicable prospectus supplement. If we issue any purchase contracts or units, we will file or incorporate by reference the form of purchase contract and unit agreement as exhibits to the registration statement and you should read these documents for provisions that may be important to you. You can obtain copies of any form of purchase contract and unit agreement by following the directions described under the caption *Where You Can Find More Information*.

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**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

We may sell the Securities:

through one or more underwriters or dealers,

directly to purchasers, through agents, or

through a combination of any of these methods of sale.

We may distribute the Securities:

from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed from time to time,

at market prices prevailing at the times of sale,

at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or

at negotiated prices.

We will describe the method of distribution of the Securities in the applicable prospectus supplement.

We may determine the price or other terms of the Securities offered under this prospectus by use of an electronic auction. We will describe how any auction will determine the price or any other terms, how potential investors may participate in the auction and the nature of the obligations of the underwriter, dealer or agent in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Underwriters, dealers or agents may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from us or our purchasers (as their agents in connection with the sale of the common stock). These underwriters, dealers or agents may be considered to be underwriters under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. As a result, discounts, commissions, or profits on resale received by the underwriters, dealers or agents may be treated as underwriting discounts and commissions. Each prospectus supplement will identify any such underwriter, dealer or agent, and describe any compensation received by them from us. Any initial public offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to dealers may be changed from time to time.

Underwriters, dealers and agents may be entitled, under agreements entered into with us, to indemnification by us against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribution with respect to payments made by the underwriters, dealers or agents, under agreements between us and the underwriters, dealers and agents.

We may grant underwriters who participate in the distribution of the Securities an option to purchase additional Securities to cover over-allotments, if any, in connection with the distribution. Underwriters or agents and their associates may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for us, in the ordinary course of business.

In connection with the offering of the Securities, certain underwriters and selling group members and their respective affiliates, may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the Securities. These transactions may include stabilization transactions effected in accordance with Rule 104 of Regulation M promulgated by the SEC pursuant to which these persons may bid for or purchase Securities for the purpose of stabilizing their market price.

The underwriters in an offering of the Securities may also create a short position for their account by selling more Securities in connection with the offering than they are committed to purchase from us. In that case, the underwriters could cover all or a portion of the short position by either purchasing Securities in the open market following completion of the offering of these Securities or by exercising any over-allotment option granted to them by us. In addition, any managing underwriter may impose penalty bids under contractual arrangements with other underwriters, which means that they can reclaim from an underwriter (or any selling group member participating in the offering) for the account of the other underwriters, the selling concession for the Securities that are distributed in the offering but subsequently

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purchased for the account of the underwriters in the open market. Any of the transactions described in this paragraph or comparable transactions that are described in any accompanying prospectus supplement may result in the maintenance of the price of the Securities at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. None of the transactions described in this paragraph or in an accompanying prospectus supplement are required to be taken by any underwriters and, if they are undertaken, may be discontinued at any time.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ under the symbol FFIV. Any shares of common stock sold pursuant to a Prospectus Supplement will be listed on the NASDAQ, subject to official notice of issuance.

**LEGAL MATTERS**

Heller Ehrman White & McAuliffe LLP, Seattle, Washington, will pass on the validity of the Securities offered hereby.

**EXPERTS**

The financial statements incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of F5 Networks, Inc. for the year ended September 30, 2002 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of uRoam, Inc. and subsidiaries (formerly Filanet Corporation) incorporated into this prospectus and in the Registration Statement by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated September 15, 2003 have been audited by BDO Seidman, LLP, independent certified public accountants, to the extent and for the period set forth in their report (which contains an explanatory paragraph regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern) incorporated by reference elsewhere herein and in the Registration Statement, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The financial statements of uRoam Acquisition Corporation. (formerly uRoam, Inc.) incorporated into this prospectus and in the Registration Statement by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated September 15, 2003 have been audited by BDO Seidman, LLP, independent certified public accountants, to the extent and for the period set forth in their report (which contains an explanatory paragraph regarding the fact that the Company was acquired on October 1, 2002) incorporated by reference elsewhere herein and in the Registration Statement, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE**

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document that we filed with the SEC. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, when we sell all of the securities:

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002.

Our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the periods ended December 31, 2002, March 31, 2003 and June 30, 2003.

Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 23, 2003, as amended by Form 8-K/ A filed on September 15, 2003; and

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The description of our common stock contained in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed on May 11, 1999.

You may obtain a copy of these filings at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119; telephone (206) 272-5555.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, any supplemental prospectus or any pricing supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with any other information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus, any accompanying prospectus supplement or any document incorporated by reference is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of the document.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC. This prospectus does not include all of the information contained in the registration statement. You should refer to the registration statement and its exhibits for additional information. Whenever we make reference in this prospectus to any of our contracts, agreements or other documents, the references are not necessarily complete and you should refer to the exhibits attached to the registration statement for copies of the actual contract, agreement or other document. We are also required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

You can read our SEC filings, including the registration statement, over the Internet at the SEC's web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facilities at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities. You may also obtain copies of these reports directly from us by sending a written request to us at our principal offices located at 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, Washington 98119; telephone (206) 272-5555.

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**4,500,000 Shares**

**Common Stock**

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**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

**, 2003**

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**Citigroup  
Lehman Brothers  
Merrill Lynch & Co.**

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