SUPREME INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-K February 26, 2016 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: December 26, 2015

OR

• TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-8183

SUPREME INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 75-1670945 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2581 E. Kercher Road Goshen, Indiana

(Address of principal executive office)

46528 (Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (574) 642-3070

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class: Class A Common Stock (\$.10 Par Value) Name of each exchange on which registered: NYSE MKT

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer O

Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer O (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of the last business day of the registrant s most recently completed second fiscal quarter, based on the last closing sale price of \$8.78 per share for the common stock on the NYSE MKT on such date, was approximately \$111,636,977.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant s classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Class Class A Common Stock (\$.10 Par Value) Class B Common Stock (\$.10 Par Value) **Outstanding at February 22, 2016** 15,120,054 shares 1,742,482 shares

Documents incorporated by reference

Listed below are documents, parts of which are incorporated herein by reference, and the part of this report into which the document is incorporated:

Portions of the Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders Part III

TABLE OF CONTENTS

111111			
	<u>ITEM 1.</u>	BUSINESS	1
	ITEM 1A.	RISK FACTORS	4
	ITEM 1B.	UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS	6
	ITEM 2.	PROPERTIES	7
	ITEM 3.	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	7
	ITEM 4.	MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES	7
PART II	<u>111201 1.</u>	Mile Diversioner	,
<u>171001 II</u>	ITEM 5.	MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS, AND	
	$\underline{11}\underline{11}\underline{11}\underline{11}\underline{11}\underline{11}\underline{11}$	ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES	8
	ITEM 6.	SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	9
			9
	<u>ITEM 7.</u>	MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF	10
		OPERATIONS	
	ITEM 7A.	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	18
	<u>ITEM 8.</u>	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA	19
	<u>ITEM 9.</u>	CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND	
		FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE	38
	<u>ITEM 9A.</u>	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	38
	<u>ITEM 9B.</u>	OTHER INFORMATION	38
<u>PART III</u>			
	<u>ITEM 10.</u>	DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	39
	<u>ITEM 11.</u>	EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	39
	ITEM 12.	SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND	
		<u>RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS</u>	39
	<u>ITEM 13.</u>	CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE	39
	<u>ITEM 14.</u>	PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES	39
PART IV			
	<u>ITEM 15.</u>	EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES	40

ii

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

History

Supreme Industries, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the Company, Supreme or we), is one of the nation s leading manufacturers of specialized commercial vehicles including truck bodies, trolleys, and specialty vehicles. The Company was originally incorporated in 1979.

In January of 1984, Supreme Corporation, the Company s wholly-owned operating subsidiary, was formed to acquire a company engaged in the business of manufacturing, selling, and repairing specialized truck bodies and related equipment.

General Description of the Company s Business

The Company has two operating segments specialized commercial vehicles and fiberglass products. The fiberglass products segment does not meet the quantitative thresholds for separate disclosure. See segment information in Note 1 - Nature of Operations and Accounting Policies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Item 8).

Supreme manufactures specialized commercial vehicles that are attached to a truck chassis. The truck chassis, which consists of an engine, drivetrain, a frame with wheels, and in some cases a cab, is manufactured by third parties who are major automotive or truck companies. Such companies typically do not build specialized commercial vehicles.

Supreme offers a wide range of specialized commercial vehicles including truck bodies, trolleys, and specialty vehicles ranging in price from \$4,000 to more than \$100,000. Supreme s truck bodies are offered in aluminum, FiberPanel PW, FiberPanel HC, or SignaturePlate making Supreme the only truck body company to offer four sidewall options. Most of our products are attached to light-duty truck chassis and medium-duty truck chassis. Supreme integrates a wide range of options into its truck bodies including liftgates, cargo-handling equipment, customized doors, special bumpers, ladder racks, and refrigeration equipment. Supreme is primarily a build-to-order operation with very limited production occurring in anticipation of pending orders.

The following is a brief summary of Supreme s products:

<u>Signature van bodies</u>. Supreme s Signature van bodies range from 10 to 28 feet in length with exterior walls assembled from one of several material options including pre-painted aluminum, FiberPanel PW, FiberPanel HC, or SignaturePlate. Additional features include molded composite front and side corners, LED marker lights, sealed wiring harnesses, hardwood or pine flooring, and various door configurations to accommodate end-user loading and unloading requirements. This product is adaptable for a diverse range of uses in dry-freight transportation.

<u>Iner-City® cutaway van bodies</u>. An ideal route truck for a variety of commercial applications, the Iner-City bodies are manufactured on cutaway chassis which allow access from the cab to the cargo area. Borrowing many design elements from Supreme s larger van body, the Iner-City is shorter in length (10 to 18 feet) than a typical van body.

<u>Spartan service bodies.</u> Built on a cutaway chassis out of durable FiberPanel PW, the Spartan service body is a virtual workshop on wheels. In lengths from 10 to 14 feet, the Spartan s selection of compartments, shelves, doors, and pre-designed options provides job-site protection from the weather while offering a secure lockable workspace.

<u>Spartan cargo vans.</u> Built on a cutaway chassis and constructed of FiberPanel PW, the Spartan cargo van provides the smooth maneuverability of a commercial van with the full-height and spacious cargo area of a truck body. In lengths of 10 to 14 feet and available with a variety of pre-designed options, the Spartan cargo van is a bridge product for those moving up from a traditional cargo van into the truck body category.

<u>Kold King® insulated van bodies.</u> Kold King insulated bodies, in lengths of up to 28 feet, provide versatility and dependability for temperature controlled applications. Flexible for either hand-load or pallet-load requirements, they are ideal for multi-stop distribution of both fresh and frozen products.

<u>Stake bodies.</u> Stake bodies are flatbeds with various configurations of removable sides. The stake body is utilized for a broad range of agricultural and construction industries transportation needs.

1

<u>Armored SUVs</u>. Supreme s armored SUV products offer the same outside appearance and interior as a stock model SUV, but with armored protection against hostile fire. These protective vehicles are used both abroad by governmental agencies and for various domestic applications.

<u>Armored trucks and specialty vehicles.</u> Supreme s armored trucks and specialty vehicles include cash-in-transit vehicles as well as SWAT rapid deployment vehicles, prisoner transport vehicles, and a variety of other security vehicles.

<u>Trolleys.</u> Supreme s trolley line is similar in size to a mid-size bus but resembles a San Francisco trolley car. Supreme is a leading manufacturer of this product which is marketed to resort areas, theme parks, and cities desiring unique transportation vehicles.

Kold King®, Iner-City®, and Spartan are trade names used by Supreme in its marketing of truck bodies. Kold King®, Iner-City®, FiberPanel® and SignaturePlate are trademarks registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Manufacturing

Supreme s manufacturing facilities are located in Goshen and Ligonier, Indiana; Griffin, Georgia; Cleburne, Texas; Moreno Valley, California; Jonestown, Pennsylvania; and Harrisville, Rhode Island.

Supreme builds specialized vehicle bodies and installs other equipment on truck chassis, most of which are provided through converter pool agreements or are owned by dealers or end-users. These truck bodies are built on an assembly line from engineered structural components such as floors, roofs, and wall panels. These components are manufactured from Supreme's proprietary designs and are installed on the truck chassis. Supreme then installs optional equipment and applies any special finishes that the customer has specified. Throughout the manufacturing and installation process, Supreme conducts quality control procedures to ensure that the products meet its customers' specifications. Supreme s products are generally produced to firm orders and are designed and engineered by Supreme. Order levels will vary depending upon price, competition, prevailing economic conditions, and other factors.

The Company manufactures component parts including fiberglass reinforced plywood in Ligonier, Indiana, and has extensive metal bending capabilities at all of its locations.

Supreme provides limited warranties against construction defects in its products. These warranties generally provide for the replacement or repair of defective parts or workmanship for periods of up to five years following the date of retail sale.

We purchase raw materials and component parts from a variety of sources. Although we generally do not enter into long-term supply contracts, management believes that we have good relationships with our primary suppliers. In past years prices have fluctuated significantly, but we have experienced no material adverse problems in obtaining adequate supplies of raw materials and component parts to meet the requirements of our production schedules. Management believes that the materials used in the production of our products are available at competitive prices from an adequate number of alternative suppliers. Accordingly, management does not believe that the loss of a single supplier would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Marketing

Supreme sells its products to commercial dealers/distributors, fleet leasing companies, or directly to end-users. Products purchased by a dealer/distributor from Supreme are sold by the dealer/distributor to its own customers.

Supreme s dealer/distributor network consists of more than 1,000 commercial dealers and a limited number of truck equipment distributors. Management believes that this large network, coupled with Supreme s geographically-dispersed plant and distribution sites, gives Supreme a marketing advantage over its competitors. Supreme generally delivers its products within 4 to 8 weeks after the receipt of orders.

Approximately 70 employees are engaged in direct sales. Supreme engages in direct marketing to target markets and participates in industry and vocational trade shows.

Trademarks

The Company owns and maintains trademarks that are used in marketing specialized products manufactured by Supreme. Management believes that these trademarks have significant customer goodwill. For this reason, management anticipates renewing each trademark discussed above for an additional ten-year period prior to such trademark s expiration.

Working Capital

The Company had working capital of \$51.6 million and \$43.3 million at December 26, 2015, and December 27, 2014, respectively. The Company believes that its days sales outstanding, its days inventories on hand and its days payable outstanding are within normal industry levels.

Major Customers

During the year-ended December 26, 2015, two large national fleet customers accounted for approximately 24% and 11% of the Company s consolidated net sales. During the year-ended December 27, 2014, one large national fleet customer accounted for approximately 16% of the Company s consolidated net sales. The Company s export sales are minimal.

Competitive Conditions

The highly competitive nature of the specialized vehicle industry presents a number of challenges. With only a few national competitors, the Company often competes with smaller, regional companies. As a result of this broad competition, the Company is often faced with competitive pricing pressures. Other competitive factors include quality of product, lead times, geographic proximity to customers, and the ability to manufacture a product customized to customer specifications.

During favorable business cycles, the industry tends to experience an increase in smaller, regional competitors, and then a similar decrease during times of challenging economic pressures. With its national presence and diverse product offerings, the Company believes that it is well positioned to meet the competitive challenges presented.

Governmental Regulation

The Company s operations are subject to a variety of federal, state, and local environmental and health and safety statutes and regulations including those related to emissions to the air, discharges to water, treatment, storage, and disposal of water, and remediation of contaminated sites. Additionally, the Company s products are subject to a variety of federal, state, and local safety statutes and regulations. From time to time, the Company has received notices of noncompliance with respect to our operations and products. These notices have typically been resolved by investigating the alleged noncompliance and correcting any noncompliant conditions.

Cyclicality and Seasonality of Business

The Company s business can be cyclical due to the normal replacement cycle particularly of its truck products (historically approximately seven years) being subject to customers delaying purchases due to adverse changes in economic conditions and other long range factors that can affect the transportation industry. Seasonality arises due to the Company typically participating in bids for large fleet contracts. If successful, the fleet orders generally require shipment of the truck bodies in the first and second quarters. Additionally, our business depends on various factors that are particularly sensitive to general economic conditions and business cycles including: corporate profitability; interest rates; fuel costs; changes in government regulations (i.e. fuel standards); customer preferences; industrial, commercial, and consumer spending patterns; and availability of truck chassis.

Employees

As of December 26, 2015 and December 27, 2014, the Company employed approximately 1,400 and 1,300 employees, respectively, none of whom are represented by a collective bargaining unit. The Company considers its relations with its employees to be favorable.

Backlog

The Company s backlog of firm orders was \$98.1 million at December 26, 2015 compared to \$79.9 million at December 27, 2014, a majority of which was reasonably expected to be filled within the next quarter.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Any investment in our Class A Common Stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below and the other information included in this Form 10-K before purchasing our Class A Common Stock. Although the risks described below are the risks that we believe are material, they are not the only risks relating to our business and our Class A Common Stock. Additional risks and uncertainties, including those that are not yet identified or that we currently believe are immaterial, may also adversely affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations. If any of the events described below occur, our business and financial results could be materially and adversely affected. The market price of our Class A Common Stock could decline due to any of these risks, perhaps significantly, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

<u>A lack of credit and/or limited financing availability to the Company, its vendors, dealers, or end users could adversely affect our business.</u>

The Company s liquidity and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected if, under its current bank credit agreement, the Company s ability to borrow money from its existing lenders to finance its operations is reduced or eliminated. Similar adverse effects may also result if the Company realizes lessened credit availability from trade creditors. Additionally, many of our customers require the availability of financing to facilitate the purchase of our products. As a result, a continuing period of reduced credit availability in the marketplace could have adverse effects on the Company s business.

Increases in the price and demand for raw materials could lower our margins and profitability.

Supreme generally does not have long-term raw material contracts and is dependent upon suppliers of steel, aluminum, wood products, and fiberglass materials, among others, for its manufacturing operations. Consequently, our ability to produce and deliver our products could be affected by disruptions encountered by our raw material suppliers or freight carriers. Additionally, competitive market conditions may prevent the Company from implementing price increases to offset raw material cost increases. As a result the Company s gross margin could be adversely affected.

Volatility in the supply of vehicle chassis and other vehicle components could adversely affect our business.

With the exception of some trolley and specialty vehicle products, the Company generally does not purchase vehicle chassis for its inventory. The Company accepts shipments of vehicle chassis owned by dealers or end-users for the purpose of installing and/or manufacturing its specialized truck bodies and trolleys on such chassis. Historically, General Motors Corp. (GM) and Ford Motor Company (Ford) have been the primary suppliers of chassis. In the event of a disruption in supply from one major supplier, the Company would attempt to use another major supplier, but there can be no assurance that this attempt would be successful. Nevertheless, in the event of chassis supply disruptions, there could be unforeseen consequences that may have a significant adverse effect on the Company s business operations.

The Company also faces risk relative to finance and storage charges for maintaining an excess supply of consigned chassis from GM and Ford. Under the consigned chassis agreements, if a chassis is not delivered to a customer within a specified time frame, the Company is required to pay finance or storage charges on such chassis.

We compete in the highly competitive specialized vehicle industry which may impact our financial results.

The competitive nature of the specialized vehicle industry creates a number of challenges for the Company. Important factors include product pricing, quality of product, lead times, geographic proximity to customers, and the ability to manufacture a product customized to customer specifications. Specialized vehicles are produced by a number of smaller, regional companies which create product pricing pressures that could adversely impact the Company s profits. Chassis manufacturers have not generally shown an interest in manufacturing specialized vehicles, including truck bodies, because such manufacturers highly-automated assembly line operations do not lend themselves to the efficient production of a wide variety of highly-specialized vehicles with various options and equipment.

We have potential exposure to environmental and health and safety liabilities which may increase costs and lower profitability.

Our operations are subject to a variety of federal, state, and local environmental and health and safety statutes and regulations, including those relating to emissions to the air, discharges to water, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste, and remediation of contaminated sites. In certain cases, these requirements may limit the productive capacity of our operations.

Certain laws, including the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, have imposed strict and, under certain circumstances, joint and several liability for costs to remediate contaminated sites upon designated responsible parties including site owners or operators and persons who dispose of wastes at, or transport wastes to, such sites.

4

Table of Contents

From time to time, we have received notices of noncompliance with respect to our operations. These notices have typically been resolved by investigating the alleged noncompliance and correcting any non-compliant conditions. New environmental requirements, more aggressive enforcement of existing ones, or discovery of presently unknown conditions could require material expenditures or result in liabilities which could limit expansion or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating cash flows.

A product defect claim in excess of our insurance coverage, or for which we have no insurance, or an inability to acquire or maintain insurance at commercially reasonable rates, could have a materially adverse effect upon our business.

We face an inherent risk of exposure to product liability, product recall, and other product defect related claims, if the use of our current or formerly manufactured products result, or are alleged to result, in personal injury and/or property damage, or if a significant number of our products must be recalled, or if a product defect results in the Company having to refund the purchase price of a substantial number of vehicles. If we manufacture a defective product, we may experience material losses and we may incur significant costs to defend product defect claims. We could also incur damages and significant costs in correcting any defects, experience lost sales, and suffer damage to our reputation. We may not have insurance coverage for certain types of claims or our insurance coverage may not be adequate for liabilities we could incur and may not continue to be available on terms acceptable to us.

Our manufacturer s warranties expose us to potentially significant claims.

We are subject to product warranty claims in the ordinary course of our business. If we manufacture poor quality products or receive defective materials, we may incur unforeseen costs in excess of what we have reserved in our financial statements. These costs could have a material adverse effect on our business and operating cash flows.

We depend on the services of our key executives. Any loss of our key executives could have a material adverse effect on our operations.

Our ability to compete successfully and implement our business strategy depends on the efforts of our senior management personnel. The loss of the services of any one or more of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on our business. We do not maintain key-man life insurance policies on any of our executives. If we were unable to attract qualified personnel to our management, our existing management resources could become strained, which may harm our business and our ability to implement our strategies.

Our relatively low trading volumes may limit our stockholders abilities to buy or sell their shares.

Our Class A Common Stock has experienced, and may continue to experience, price volatility and low trading volumes. Overall market conditions, and other risk factors described herein, may cause the market price of our Class A Common Stock to fall. Our high and low sales prices for the twelve month period ended December 26, 2015 were \$8.89 and \$6.76, respectively. Our Class A Common Stock is listed on the NYSE MKT exchange under the symbol STS. However, daily trading volumes for our Class A Common Stock are, and may continue to be, relatively small compared to many other publicly-traded securities. For example, during the twelve month period ended December 26, 2015, our daily trading volume has been as low as 700 shares. It may be difficult for you to buy or sell shares in the public market at any given time at

prevailing prices, and the price of our Class A Common Stock may, therefore, be volatile.

Our officers and directors own a large percentage of our common stock. They may vote their shares in ways with which you disagree.

As of February 22, 2016, our officers and directors as a group beneficially owned 24.3% of our Class A Common Stock and 93.9% of our Class B Common Stock. As a result, they will continue to be able to exercise significant influence, and in most cases, control, over matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors, changes to our charter documents, and significant corporate transactions. This concentration of ownership makes it unlikely that any other holder or group of holders of our Class A Common Stock will be able to affect the way we are managed or the direction of our business.

5

Our split classes of stock may make it more difficult or expensive for a third party to acquire the Company which may adversely affect our stock price.

Our outstanding common stock is split into two classes. The Class A Common Stock is listed on the NYSE MKT exchange, and the holders thereof are entitled to elect three members of the Company s Board of Directors. The majority (93.9%) of the Class B Common Stock is owned or controlled by the Company s officers and directors and is entitled to elect the remaining seven members of the Company s Board of Directors. The continuing ability of the holders of our Class B Common Stock to elect a majority of the members of the Company s Board of Directors will make it difficult for another company to acquire us and for Class A stockholders to receive any related take-over premium (unless the controlling group approves the sale).

<u>Our internal controls provide only reasonable assurance that objectives are met.</u> Failure of one or more of these controls could adversely affect the Company.

While the Company believes that its control systems are effective, there are inherent limitations in all control systems, and misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. The Company continues to take action to comply with the internal controls, disclosure controls, and other requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, cannot guarantee that our internal controls and disclosure controls will prevent all possible errors or all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. In addition, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefit of controls must be relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no system of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Further, controls can be circumvented by individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more persons, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, a control may be inadequate because of changes in conditions or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

We may not have the ability to sell idle facilities.

We currently own facilities which have been idle for a period of time and are currently being marketed for sale (see Item 2. *Properties*). Although management has exercised its best judgment to reflect accurate current market values of these properties in the Company s financial statements, there cannot be, due to current adverse market conditions, any assurance that these properties can be sold for these values anytime in the near future.

(See other risk factors listed in Item 7 under the caption: Forward-Looking Statements).

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 2. **PROPERTIES.**

Set forth below is a brief summary of the properties which are owned or leased by the Company.

	Square Footage	Owned or Leased	Operating Segment
Manufacturing of Products			• F • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Goshen, Indiana	540,420	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Jonestown, Pennsylvania	424,416	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Griffin, Georgia	191,779	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Cleburne, Texas	179,035	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Moreno Valley, California	103,200	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Harrisville, Rhode Island	20,000	Owned	Specialized Vehicles
Moreno Valley, California	13,758	Leased	Specialized Vehicles
	1,472,608		
Manufacturing of Component Parts			
Ligonier, Indiana	52,142	Owned	Fiberglass Products
	52,142		
Properties for Sale			
Wilson, North Carolina	113,694	Owned	Not Applicable
Goshen, Indiana (land only)		Owned	Not Applicable
	113,694		
Corporate Office Building			
Goshen, Indiana	26,000	Owned	Not Applicable
	26,000		
Total square footage	1,664,444		

In addition, the Company leases approximately 16 acres of land at its Pennsylvania and California locations. The land is used for chassis storage and is leased from unrelated parties.

In an effort to manage its capacity utilization and control its assets, the Company had previously ceased operations at a number of facilities during and prior to 2011. The North Carolina property is being marketed for sale and was classified as property, plant, and equipment as of December 26, 2015. The Indiana land was classified as assets held for sale as of December 26, 2015 and is also being marketed for sale. The facilities owned or leased by the Company are well maintained, in good condition, and adequate for their intended purposes.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Company is subject to various investigations, claims, and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. Each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties, and it is possible that some of these matters may be resolved unfavorably to the Company. The Company establishes accruals for matters that are probable and reasonably estimable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

7

<u>PART II</u>

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS, AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

The Company s Class A Common Stock is traded on the NYSE MKT exchange (ticker symbol STS). The number of record holders of the Class A Common Stock as of February 22, 2016 was approximately 208. Due to the number of shares held in nominee or street name, it is likely that there are substantially more than 208 beneficial owners of the Company s Class A Common Stock.

The Company s Class A Common Stock closed at a price of \$8.28 per share on the NYSE MKT exchange on February 22, 2016 on which date there were 15,120,054 shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding. High and low sales prices of the Class A Common Stock for the two-year periods ended December 26, 2015 and December 27, 2014 were:

		2015					2014			
	Hig	h		Low			High		Low	
1st Quarter	\$	8.75	\$		6.96	\$	7.71	\$	5.89	
2nd Quarter		8.85			7.30		9.00		5.26	
3rd Quarter		8.89			7.73		8.36		6.01	
4th Quarter		8.41			6.76		8.21		6.55	

All of the 1,742,482 outstanding shares of the Company s Class B Common Stock were held by a total of 11 persons as of February 22, 2016. There is no established trading market for the Class B Common Stock. The Class B Common Stock is freely convertible on a one-for-one basis into an equal number of shares of Class A Common Stock, and ownership of the Class B Common Stock is deemed to be beneficial ownership of the Class A Common Stock under Rule 13d-3(d) (1) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The Board of Directors approved the following cash dividends on the Company s outstanding Class A and Class B Common Stock during the years ended December 26, 2015, and December 27, 2014:

Declaration Date	Record Date	Paid Date	Cash Dividend Per Share
September 2, 2014	September 16, 2014	September 23, 2014	\$ 0.025
November 11, 2014	December 12, 2014	January 2, 2015	\$ 0.025
March 3, 2015	March 17, 2015	March 24, 2015	\$ 0.025
May 6, 2015	May 27, 2015	June 3, 2015	\$ 0.030
August 5, 2015	August 24, 2015	August 31, 2015	\$ 0.030
November 10, 2015	December 11, 2015	January 4, 2016	\$ 0.300

Future dividend payments will necessarily be subject to business conditions, the Company s financial position, and requirements for working capital, property, plant and equipment expenditures, and other corporate purposes.

Stock Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative 5-year total return to shareholders of the Company s common stock relative to the cumulative total return of the S&P 500 Index and the Dow Jones Transportation Average. This graph assumes an initial investment of \$100 (with reinvestment of all dividends) is assumed to have been made in our common stock and the indexes on December 31, 2010 and its relative performance is tracked through December 31, 2015.

1	

(\$)	12/31/2010	12/31/2011	12/31/2012	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015
Supreme Industries, Inc.	100	82	111	199	240	237
S&P 500	100	100	113	147	164	163
Dow Jones Transportation Average	100	98	104	145	179	147

* The stock price performance included in this graph is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected financial data has been derived from our consolidated financial statements. The data set forth below should be read in conjunction with Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

All per share data has been adjusted to reflect the five percent (5%) common stock dividend declared and paid during 2013.

	2015	F 2014	or Fisc	cal Years Ended 2013	l	2012	2011
Consolidated Statement of Continuing Operations Data:							
(in millions, except per share amounts)							
Net sales	\$ 278.4	\$ 236.3	\$	246.8	\$	239.1	\$ 250.1
Income from continuing operations	12.9	8.5		11.2		12.4	3.2

Income from continuing operations per share:					
Basic earnings per share	0.77	0.52	0.69	0.78	0.21
Diluted earnings per share	0.76	0.50	0.68	0.77	0.20
Cash dividends paid per common share	11	.025			
Cash dividends part per common share	,11	.025			