

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORP

Form 10-Q

August 09, 2011

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Indiana | 0-11487 | 35-1559596 |
| (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) | (Commission File Number) | (IRS Employer Identification No.) |

202 East Center Street, P.O. Box 1387, Warsaw, Indiana 46581-1387
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)

(574) 267-6144
Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). (check one):

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer (do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding at July 31, 2011: 16,206,919

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
Form 10-Q Quarterly Report
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PART 1
LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
ITEM 1 – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010
(in thousands except for share data)

(Page 1 of 2)

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2010 |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 53,933 | \$ 42,513 |
| Short-term investments | 6,392 | 17,628 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 60,325 | 60,141 |
| Securities available for sale (carried at fair value) | 446,955 | 442,620 |
| Real estate mortgage loans held for sale | 3,103 | 5,606 |
| Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$51,260 and \$45,007 | 2,097,172 | 2,044,952 |
| Land, premises and equipment, net | 30,707 | 30,405 |
| Bank owned life insurance | 39,560 | 38,826 |
| Accrued income receivable | 8,812 | 9,074 |
| Goodwill | 4,970 | 4,970 |
| Other intangible assets | 126 | 153 |
| Other assets | 43,288 | 45,179 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,735,018 | \$ 2,681,926 |

(continued)

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010
(in thousands except for share data)

(Page 2 of 2)

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2010 |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Noninterest bearing deposits | \$ 309,508 | \$ 305,107 |
| Interest bearing deposits | 1,966,991 | 1,895,918 |
| Total deposits | 2,276,499 | 2,201,025 |
| Short-term borrowings | | |
| Federal funds purchased | 9,000 | 0 |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 127,026 | 142,015 |
| U.S. Treasury demand notes | 2,408 | 2,037 |
| Other short-term borrowings | 0 | 30,000 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 138,434 | 174,052 |
| Accrued expenses payable | 12,578 | 11,476 |
| Other liabilities | 2,139 | 2,318 |
| Long-term borrowings | 15,040 | 15,041 |
| Subordinated debentures | 30,928 | 30,928 |
| Total liabilities | 2,475,618 | 2,434,840 |
| EQUITY | | |
| Common stock: 90,000,000 shares authorized, no par value | | |
| 16,203,119 shares issued and 16,137,462 outstanding as of June 30, 2011 | | |
| 16,169,119 shares issued and 16,078,420 outstanding as of December 31, 2010 | 86,422 | 85,766 |
| Retained earnings | 170,218 | 161,299 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 3,762 | 1,350 |
| Treasury stock, at cost (2011 - 65,657 shares, 2010 - 90,699 shares) | (1,091) | (1,418) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 259,311 | 246,997 |

| | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Noncontrolling interest | 89 | 89 |
| Total equity | 259,400 | 247,086 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$ 2,735,018 | \$ 2,681,926 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
For the Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands except for share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

(Page 1 of 2)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | | | | |
| Interest and fees on loans | | | | |
| Taxable | \$ 26,300 | \$ 25,945 | \$ 52,165 | \$ 51,295 |
| Tax exempt | 122 | 19 | 243 | 38 |
| Interest and dividends on securities | | | | |
| Taxable | 3,361 | 4,113 | 7,418 | 8,341 |
| Tax exempt | 687 | 708 | 1,376 | 1,353 |
| Interest on short-term investments | 78 | 27 | 96 | 41 |
| Total interest income | 30,548 | 30,812 | 61,298 | 61,068 |
| Interest on deposits | 7,093 | 6,933 | 13,778 | 13,448 |
| Interest on borrowings | | | | |
| Short-term | 147 | 188 | 318 | 437 |
| Long-term | 363 | 539 | 723 | 1,070 |
| Total interest expense | 7,603 | 7,660 | 14,819 | 14,955 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 22,945 | 23,152 | 46,479 | 46,113 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,900 | 5,750 | 8,500 | 11,276 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES | | | | |
| | 20,045 | 17,402 | 37,979 | 34,837 |
| NONINTEREST INCOME | | | | |
| Wealth advisory fees | 929 | 833 | 1,747 | 1,625 |
| Investment brokerage fees | 621 | 471 | 1,352 | 1,016 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 1,939 | 2,202 | 3,902 | 4,060 |
| Loan, insurance and service fees | 1,260 | 1,074 | 2,336 | 1,994 |
| Merchant card fee income | 288 | 303 | 522 | 583 |
| Other income | 646 | 483 | 1,018 | 1,015 |
| Mortgage banking income | 203 | 74 | 154 | 165 |
| Net securities gains (losses) | 32 | 0 | (166) | 0 |
| Other than temporary impairment loss on available-for-sale securities: | 0 | (81) | (121) | (252) |

Total impairment losses recognized on securities

| | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Loss recognized in other comprehensive income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net impairment loss recognized in earnings | 0 | (81) | (121) | (252) |
| Total noninterest income | 5,918 | 5,359 | 10,744 | 10,206 |

(continued)

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
For the Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands except for share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

(Page 2 of 2)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| NONINTEREST EXPENSE | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 8,018 | 7,559 | 16,191 | 15,070 |
| Occupancy expense | 752 | 699 | 1,627 | 1,488 |
| Equipment costs | 510 | 522 | 1,064 | 1,051 |
| Data processing fees and supplies | 979 | 960 | 2,091 | 1,926 |
| Credit card interchange | 0 | 49 | 2 | 113 |
| Other expense | 3,714 | 3,636 | 7,166 | 6,825 |
| Total noninterest expense | 13,973 | 13,425 | 28,141 | 26,473 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE | | | | |
| | 11,990 | 9,336 | 20,582 | 18,570 |
| Income tax expense | 4,001 | 3,117 | 6,628 | 6,330 |
| NET INCOME | \$ 7,989 | \$ 6,219 | \$ 13,954 | \$ 12,240 |
| Dividends and accretion of discount on preferred stock | 0 | 2,382 | 0 | 3,187 |
| NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS | \$ 7,989 | \$ 3,837 | \$ 13,954 | \$ 9,053 |
| BASIC WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES | | | | |
| | 16,201,311 | 16,114,408 | 16,198,348 | 16,103,080 |
| BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE | | | | |
| | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.24 | \$ 0.86 | \$ 0.56 |
| DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES | | | | |
| | 16,300,229 | 16,212,460 | 16,296,684 | 16,195,254 |
| DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE | | | | |
| | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.24 | \$ 0.86 | \$ 0.56 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands except for share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Preferred Stock | Common Stock | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Treasury Stock | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2010 | \$ 54,095 | \$ 83,487 | \$ 149,945 | \$ (5,993) | \$ (1,540) | \$ 279,994 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | 12,240 | | | 12,240 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | | | | 6,513 | | 6,513 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | 18,753 |
| Common stock cash dividends declared, \$.31 per share | | | (4,989) | | | (4,989) |
| Treasury shares purchased under deferred directors' plan (6,190 shares) | | 112 | | | (112) | 0 |
| Treasury shares sold under deferred directors' plan (4,477 shares) | | (90) | | | 90 | 0 |
| Stock activity under stock compensation plans (48,158 shares) | | 530 | | | | 530 |
| Stock compensation expense | | 970 | | | | 970 |
| Redemption of 56,044 shares preferred stock | (56,044) | | | | | (56,044) |
| | 1,949 | | (1,949) | | | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|----|---------|----|---------|----|-------|------------|------------|
| Accretion of preferred stock discount | | | | | | | | | | |
| Preferred stock dividend paid and/or accrued | | | | (1,251) | | | | | (1,251) | |
| Balance at June 30, 2010 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 85,009 | \$ | 153,996 | \$ | 520 | \$ (1,562) | \$ 237,963 |
| Balance at January 1, 2011 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 85,766 | \$ | 161,299 | \$ | 1,350 | \$ (1,418) | \$ 246,997 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | 13,954 | | | | 13,954 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | | | | | | | | 2,412 | | 2,412 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | 16,366 |
| Common stock cash dividends declared, \$.31 per share | | | | | | (5,035) | | | | (5,035) |
| Treasury shares purchased under deferred directors' plan | | | | | | | | | | |
| (5,058 shares) | | | | 113 | | | | (113) | | 0 |
| Treasury shares sold under deferred directors' plan | | | | | | | | | | |
| (30,100 shares) | | | | (440) | | | | 440 | | 0 |
| Stock activity under stock compensation plans (34,000 shares) | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| Stock compensation expense | | | | | | 647 | | | | 647 |
| Balance at June 30, 2011 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 86,422 | \$ | 170,218 | \$ | 3,762 | \$ (1,091) | \$ 259,311 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)
(Page 1 of 2)

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 13,954 | \$ 12,240 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 1,100 | 1,110 |
| Provision for loan losses | 8,500 | 11,276 |
| Loss on sale and write down of other real estate owned | 263 | 17 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 27 | 27 |
| Amortization of loan servicing rights | 266 | 291 |
| Net change in loan servicing rights valuation allowance | (7) | 130 |
| Loans originated for sale | (30,642) | (25,735) |
| Net gain on sales of loans | (659) | (600) |
| Proceeds from sale of loans | 33,482 | 26,154 |
| Net gain on sales of premises and equipment | (1) | 0 |
| Net loss on sales of securities available for sale | 166 | 0 |
| Impairment on available for sale securities | 121 | 252 |
| Net securities amortization | 1,202 | 707 |
| Stock compensation expense | 647 | 970 |
| Earnings on life insurance | (586) | (522) |
| Tax benefit of stock option exercises | (91) | (160) |
| Net change: | | |
| Accrued income receivable | 262 | (578) |
| Accrued expenses payable | 1,006 | (377) |
| Other assets | (469) | (2,909) |
| Other liabilities | (66) | 260 |
| Total adjustments | 14,521 | 10,313 |
| Net cash from operating activities | 28,475 | 22,553 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sale of securities available for sale | 73,318 | 0 |
| Proceeds from maturities, calls and principal paydowns of securities available for sale | 38,446 | 48,311 |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | (113,507) | (60,374) |
| Purchase of life insurance | (148) | (14) |
| Net increase in total loans | (60,990) | (51,900) |
| Proceeds from sales of land, premises and equipment | 44 | 0 |
| Purchases of land, premises and equipment | (1,445) | (783) |
| Proceeds from sales of other real estate | 948 | 670 |
| Net cash from investing activities | (63,334) | (64,090) |

(Continued)

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

(Page 2 of 2)

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Net increase in total deposits | 75,474 | 280,006 |
| Net decrease in short-term borrowings | (35,618) | (175,366) |
| Payments on long-term borrowings | (1) | (1) |
| Common dividends paid | (5,022) | (4,989) |
| Preferred dividends paid | (13) | (1,601) |
| Redemption of preferred stock | 0 | (56,044) |
| Proceeds from stock option exercise | 336 | 530 |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (113) | (112) |
| Net cash from financing activities | 35,043 | 42,423 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | 184 | 886 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period | 60,141 | 55,983 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period | \$ 60,325 | \$ 56,869 |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$ 13,300 | \$ 14,415 |
| Income taxes | 8,822 | 10,740 |
| Supplemental non-cash disclosures: | | |
| Loans transferred to other real estate | 270 | 198 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

(Table amounts in thousands except for share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This report is filed for Lakeland Financial Corporation (the “Company”) and its wholly owned subsidiary, Lake City Bank (the “Bank”). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Also included is the Bank’s wholly owned subsidiary, LCB Investments II, Inc. (“LCB Investments”). LCB Investments also owns LCB Funding, Inc. (“LCB Funding”), a real estate investment trust.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with instructions for Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month and six-month periods ending June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011. The 2010 Lakeland Financial Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K should be read in conjunction with these statements.

NOTE 2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is net income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share includes the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under stock options, stock awards and warrants.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net income | \$ 7,989 | \$ 6,219 | \$ 13,954 | \$ 12,240 |
| Dividends and accretion of discount on preferred stock | 0 | 2,382 | 0 | 3,187 |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$ 7,989 | \$ 3,837 | \$ 13,954 | \$ 9,053 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share | 16,201,311 | 16,114,408 | 16,198,348 | 16,103,080 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options, awards and warrants | 98,918 | 98,052 | 98,336 | 92,174 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted earnings per common share | 16,300,229 | 16,212,460 | 16,296,684 | 16,195,254 |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 0.24 | \$ | 0.86 | \$ | 0.56 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 0.24 | \$ | 0.86 | \$ | 0.56 |

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Stock options for 70,000 and 89,918 shares for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, respectively, were not considered in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. Stock options for 70,000 and 109,000 shares for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, respectively, were not considered in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. In addition, warrants for 198,269 shares for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010, were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share because they were antidilutive.

NOTE 3. LOANS

| | June 30, 2011 | | December 31, 2010 | |
|---|------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | \$ 360,813 | 16.8 % | \$ 281,546 | 13.5 % |
| Non-working capital loans | 371,001 | 17.3 | 384,138 | 18.4 |
| Total commercial and industrial loans | 731,814 | 34.1 | 665,684 | 31.8 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | |
| Construction and land development loans | 133,194 | 6.2 | 106,980 | 5.1 |
| Owner occupied loans | 333,236 | 15.5 | 329,760 | 15.8 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 336,496 | 15.7 | 355,393 | 17.0 |
| Multifamily loans | 22,557 | 1.0 | 24,158 | 1.2 |
| Total commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans | 825,483 | 38.4 | 816,291 | 39.0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | |
| Loans secured by farmland | 95,526 | 4.4 | 111,961 | 5.4 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 103,052 | 4.8 | 117,518 | 5.6 |
| Total agri-business and agricultural loans | 198,578 | 9.2 | 229,479 | 11.0 |
| Other commercial loans | 53,702 | 2.5 | 38,778 | 1.9 |
| Total commercial loans | 1,809,577 | 84.2 | 1,750,232 | 83.7 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 107,471 | 5.0 | 103,118 | 4.9 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 178,274 | 8.3 | 182,325 | 8.7 |
| Residential construction and land development loans | 3,273 | 0.2 | 4,140 | 0.2 |
| Total consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans | 289,018 | 13.5 | 289,583 | 13.8 |
| Other consumer loans | 50,176 | 2.3 | 51,123 | 2.4 |
| Total consumer loans | 339,194 | 15.8 | 340,706 | 16.3 |
| Subtotal | 2,148,771 | 100.0 % | 2,090,938 | 100.0 % |
| Less: Allowance for loan losses | (51,260) | | (45,007) | |
| Net deferred loan fees | (339) | | (979) | |
| Loans, net | \$2,097,172 | | \$2,044,952 | |

NOTE 4. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES AND CREDIT QUALITY

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of June 30, 2011:

| | Commercial and Industrial | Commercial Real Estate and Multifamily Residential | Agri-business and Agricultural | Other Commercial | Consumer 1-4 Family Mortgage | Other Consumer |
|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 | | | | | | |
| Balance April 1, | \$ 22,549 | \$ 17,884 | \$ 1,194 | \$ 270 | \$ 2,480 | \$ 5,400 |
| Provision for loan losses | 506 | 1,855 | (246) | 290 | 499 | 1,000 |
| Loans charged-off | (189) | (25) | 0 | 0 | (337) | (900) |
| Recoveries | 133 | 318 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 400 |
| Net loans charged-off | (56) | 293 | 0 | 0 | (321) | (500) |
| Balance June 30, | \$ 22,999 | \$ 20,032 | \$ 948 | \$ 560 | \$ 2,658 | \$ 6,000 |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 | | | | | | |
| Balance January 1, | \$ 21,479 | \$ 15,893 | \$ 1,318 | \$ 270 | \$ 1,694 | \$ 6,000 |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,877 | 5,228 | (370) | 290 | 1,662 | 2,000 |
| Loans charged-off | (587) | (1,416) | 0 | 0 | (717) | (2,200) |
| Recoveries | 230 | 327 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 1,200 |
| Net loans charged-off | (357) | (1,089) | 0 | 0 | (698) | (1,000) |
| Balance June 30, | \$ 22,999 | \$ 20,032 | \$ 948 | \$ 560 | \$ 2,658 | \$ 6,000 |
| Allowance for loan losses: Ending allowance balance attributable to loans: | | | | | | |
| Individually \$ evaluated for | 9,534 | 5,663 | 101 | 190 | 100 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|--|
| impairment | | | | | | | |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 13,465 | 14,369 | 847 | 370 | 2,558 | 60 | |
| Total ending allowance balance | \$ 22,999 | \$ 20,032 | \$ 948 | \$ 560 | \$ 2,658 | \$ 60 | |
| Loans: | | | | | | | |
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 22,244 | \$ 26,024 | \$ 1,007 | \$ 192 | \$ 1,962 | \$ | |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment | 709,523 | 799,239 | 197,535 | 53,510 | 287,020 | 50,1 | |
| Total ending loans balance | \$ 731,767 | \$ 825,263 | \$ 198,542 | \$ 53,702 | \$ 288,982 | \$ 50,1 | |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of December 31, 2010:

| | Commercial and Industrial | Commercial Real Estate and Multifamily Residential | Agri-business and Agricultural | Other Commercial | Consumer 1-4 Family Mortgage | Other Consumer |
|---|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Allowance for loan losses: | | | | | | |
| Ending allowance balance attributable to loans: | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 6,911 | \$ 4,663 | \$ 301 | \$ 190 | \$ 76 | |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 14,568 | 11,230 | 1,017 | 80 | 1,618 | 68 |
| Total ending allowance balance | \$ 21,479 | \$ 15,893 | \$ 1,318 | \$ 270 | \$ 1,694 | \$ 68 |
| Loans: | | | | | | |
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 20,988 | \$ 23,358 | \$ 1,259 | \$ 197 | \$ 2,204 | |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment | 644,551 | 791,715 | 228,305 | 38,542 | 287,729 | 51,1 |
| Total ending loans balance | \$ 665,539 | \$ 815,073 | \$ 229,564 | \$ 38,739 | \$ 289,933 | \$ 51,1 |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

The following is an analysis of the allowance for loan losses for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2010:

| | Three Months ended June 30, 2010 | Six Months ended June 30, 2010 |
|--|---|---|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 36,332 | \$ 32,073 |
| Provision for loan losses | 5,750 | 11,276 |
| Loans charged-off | (4,845) | (6,377) |
| Recoveries | 127 | 392 |
| Net loans charged-off | (4,718) | (5,985) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 37,364 | \$ 37,364 |
| | Six Months ended | |
| | June 30, | |
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Allowance for loan losses to total loans | 2.39% | 1.82% |

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment as of and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2011:

| | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment | Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated | Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income Recognized | Cash Basis Interest Income Recognized | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income Recognized | Cash In |
| With no related allowance recorded: | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonowner occupied loans | \$ 841 | \$ 841 | \$ 0 | \$ 844 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 850 | \$ 0 | \$ |
| With an allowance recorded: | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | | | | | | |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 5,208 | 5,208 | 3,159 | 5,311 | 3 | 3 | 5,463 | 6 | |
| Non-working capital loans | 17,037 | 17,036 | 6,375 | 16,565 | 163 | 180 | 15,864 | 290 | |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction and land development loans | 1,237 | 1,239 | 245 | 1,332 | 0 | 0 | 1,364 | 0 | |
| Owner occupied loans | 3,061 | 2,927 | 929 | 2,987 | 6 | 6 | 3,096 | 12 | |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 20,877 | 21,017 | 4,489 | 20,858 | 18 | 18 | 20,404 | 35 | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Multifamily
loansAgri-business
and agricultural
loans:Loans
secured by
farmland

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|----|-----|---|---|-----|---|
| 761 | 760 | 83 | 691 | 0 | 0 | 546 | 0 |
|-----|-----|----|-----|---|---|-----|---|

Loans for
agricultural
production

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|----|-----|---|---|-----|---|
| 247 | 247 | 18 | 363 | 0 | 0 | 591 | 0 |
|-----|-----|----|-----|---|---|-----|---|

Other
commercial
loans

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|-----|---|
| 192 | 192 | 190 | 193 | 0 | 0 | 194 | 0 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|-----|---|

Consumer 1-4
family
mortgage
loans:Closed end
first mortgage
loans

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|----|---|-------|----|
| 1,962 | 1,962 | 100 | 1,812 | 19 | 8 | 1,828 | 31 |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|----|---|-------|----|

Open end
and junior lien
loans

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|

Residential
construction
loans

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Other
consumer loans

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Total | \$ 51,423 | \$ 51,429 | \$ 15,588 | \$ 50,956 | \$ 209 | \$ 215 | \$ 50,228 | \$ 374 |
|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of December 31, 2010:

| | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment | Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| With no related allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | |
| Nonowner occupied loans | \$ 870 | \$ 869 | \$ 0 |
| With an allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 5,651 | 5,652 | 2,944 |
| Non-working capital loans | 15,335 | 15,336 | 3,967 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | |
| Construction and land development loans | 1,402 | 1,401 | 195 |
| Owner occupied loans | 2,908 | 2,909 | 948 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 18,186 | 18,179 | 3,520 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | |
| Loans secured by farmland | 405 | 406 | 83 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 853 | 853 | 218 |
| Other commercial loans | 197 | 197 | 190 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 2,067 | 2,063 | 75 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 141 | 141 | 1 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | \$ 48,015 | \$ 48,006 | \$ 12,141 |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

The following table presents information on impaired loans for the three and six months ended June, 30 2010.

| | Three Months ended June 30, 2010 | Six Months ended June 30, 2010 |
|---|---|---|
| Average of impaired loans during the period | \$ 40,944 | \$ 37,443 |

| | | |
|--|-----|-----|
| Interest income recognized during impairment | 200 | 225 |
| Cash-basis interest income recognized | 212 | 233 |

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The following table presents the recorded investment in nonaccrual and loans past due over 90 days still on accrual by class of loans as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| | June 30, 2011 | | December 31, 2010 | |
|--|---------------|---|-------------------|---|
| | Nonaccrual | Loans Past Due Over 90 Days Still Accruing | Nonaccrual | Loans Past Due Over 90 Days Still Accruing |
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | \$ 362 | \$ 0 | \$ 372 | \$ 0 |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 4,959 | 0 | 5,405 | 0 |
| Non-working capital loans | 6,697 | 0 | 4,786 | 0 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| Construction and land development loans | 1,239 | 0 | 1,400 | 0 |
| Owner occupied loans | 2,591 | 0 | 2,935 | 0 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 18,779 | 0 | 19,049 | 0 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Loans secured by farmland | 761 | 0 | 406 | 0 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 247 | 0 | 878 | 0 |
| Other commercial loans | 0 | 0 | 197 | 0 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 1,147 | 134 | 842 | 318 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 174 | 0 | 267 | 0 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 200 | 0 | 20 | 12 |
| Total | \$ 37,240 | \$ 134 | \$ 36,583 | \$ 330 |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

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The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of June 30, 2011 by class of loans:

| | 30-89 Days Past Due | Greater than 90 Days Past Due | Total Past Due | Loans Not Past Due | Total |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | \$ 0 | \$ 362 | \$ 362 | \$ 38,555 | \$ 38,917 |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 0 | 4,959 | 4,959 | 343,688 | 348,647 |
| Non-working capital loans | 220 | 6,697 | 6,917 | 337,286 | 344,203 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65,348 | 65,348 |
| Construction and land development loans | 64 | 1,239 | 1,303 | 115,560 | 116,863 |
| Owner occupied loans | 95 | 2,591 | 2,686 | 307,575 | 310,261 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 0 | 18,779 | 18,779 | 292,430 | 311,209 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,582 | 21,582 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 84 | 84 | 2,830 | 2,914 |
| Loans secured by farmland | 0 | 761 | 761 | 93,873 | 94,634 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 0 | 247 | 247 | 100,747 | 100,994 |
| Other commercial loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53,702 | 53,702 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 1,689 | 1,281 | 2,970 | 104,491 | 107,461 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 100 | 174 | 274 | 177,974 | 178,248 |
| Residential construction loans | 121 | 0 | 121 | 3,152 | 3,273 |
| Other consumer loans | 90 | 200 | 290 | 49,886 | 50,176 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Total | \$ | 2,379 | \$ | 37,374 | \$ | 39,753 | \$ | 2,108,679 | \$ | 2,148,432 |
|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

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The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of December 31, 2010 by class of loans:

| | 30-89 Days Past Due | Greater than 90 Days Past Due | Total Past Due | Loans Not Past Due | Total |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | \$ 0 | \$ 372 | \$ 372 | \$ 54,977 | \$ 55,349 |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 0 | 5,405 | 5,405 | 261,556 | 266,961 |
| Non-working capital loans | 462 | 4,786 | 5,248 | 337,981 | 343,229 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 26 | 26 | 60,473 | 60,499 |
| Construction and land development loans | 0 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 88,089 | 89,489 |
| Owner occupied loans | 27 | 2,935 | 2,962 | 304,702 | 307,664 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 0 | 19,049 | 19,049 | 314,245 | 333,294 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,127 | 24,127 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,131 | 4,131 |
| Loans secured by farmland | 0 | 406 | 406 | 109,465 | 109,871 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 0 | 878 | 878 | 114,684 | 115,562 |
| Other commercial loans | 0 | 197 | 197 | 38,542 | 38,739 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 2,333 | 1,160 | 3,493 | 99,405 | 102,898 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 237 | 267 | 504 | 182,395 | 182,899 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,136 | 4,136 |
| Other consumer loans | 145 | 32 | 177 | 50,934 | 51,111 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Total | \$ | 3,204 | \$ | 36,913 | \$ | 40,117 | \$ | 2,049,842 | \$ | 2,089,959 |
|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

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Troubled Debt Restructurings:

Troubled debt restructured loans are included in the totals for impaired loans. The Company has allocated \$6.4 million and \$4.1 million of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The Company is not committed to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring.

| | June 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| Accruing troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 11,526 | \$ 8,547 |
| Nonaccrual troubled debt restructured loans | 8,550 | 6,091 |
| Total troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 20,076 | \$ 14,638 |

Credit Quality Indicators:

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes commercial loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis for Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful grade loans and annually on Pass grade loans over \$250,000.

The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristics that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans with the exception of consumer troubled debt restructurings which are evaluated and listed with Substandard commercial grade loans. Loans listed as not rated are consumer loans included in groups of homogenous loans. As of June 30, 2011 and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

| | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard | Doubtful | Not Rated |
|---|---------|--------------------|-------------|----------|--------------|
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | \$ 0 | \$ 12,284 | \$ 26,633 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 343,431 | 0 | 5,208 | 0 | 8 |
| Non-working capital loans | 325,427 | 7,468 | 9,568 | 0 | 1,740 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 28,005 | 37,343 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction and land development loans | 115,624 | 0 | 1,239 | 0 | 0 |
| Owner occupied loans | 307,242 | 0 | 2,927 | 0 | 92 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 291,135 | 0 | 20,074 | 0 | 0 |
| Multifamily loans | 21,582 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 1,955 | 959 | 0 | 0 |
| Loans secured by farmland | 93,852 | 0 | 761 | 0 | 21 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 100,565 | 0 | 247 | 0 | 182 |
| Other commercial loans | 53,406 | 104 | 192 | 0 | 0 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 17,287 | 416 | 3,207 | 0 | 86,551 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 13,479 | 0 | 415 | 0 | 164,354 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,273 |

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| | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------|------------|
| Other consumer loans | 8,913 | 0 | 776 | 0 | 40,487 |
| Total | \$ 1,691,943 | \$ 50,232 | \$ 109,549 | \$ 0 | \$ 296,708 |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

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As of December 31, 2010 the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

| | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard | Doubtful | Not Rated |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | \$ 0 | \$ 22,282 | \$ 33,067 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | 261,210 | 0 | 5,751 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-working capital loans | 325,976 | 0 | 15,327 | 0 | 1,926 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 23,722 | 36,777 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction and land development loans | 88,088 | 0 | 1,401 | 0 | 0 |
| Owner occupied loans | 304,661 | 0 | 2,911 | 0 | 92 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 314,247 | 0 | 19,047 | 0 | 0 |
| Multifamily loans | 24,127 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | | |
| Non-impaired watch list loans | 0 | 2,008 | 2,123 | 0 | 0 |
| Loans secured by farmland | 109,444 | 0 | 405 | 0 | 22 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 114,495 | 0 | 853 | 0 | 214 |
| Other commercial loans | 38,400 | 0 | 339 | 0 | 0 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 17,398 | 427 | 1,386 | 0 | 83,687 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 13,380 | 0 | 178 | 0 | 169,341 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,136 |
| Other consumer loans | 9,394 | 0 | 497 | 0 | 41,220 |
| Total | \$ 1,620,820 | \$ 48,439 | \$ 120,062 | \$ 0 | \$ 300,638 |

The recorded investment in loans does not include accrued interest.

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NOTE 5. SECURITIES

Information related to the fair value and amortized cost of securities available for sale and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is provided in the tables below.

| | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Gain | Gross Unrealized Losses | Amortized Cost |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| June 30, 2011 | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 1,047 | \$ 43 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,004 |
| U.S. Government sponsored agencies | 5,086 | 49 | 0 | 5,037 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 329,106 | 8,287 | (206) | 321,025 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 37,898 | 298 | (2,374) | 39,974 |
| State and municipal securities | 73,818 | 2,824 | (127) | 71,121 |
| Total | \$ 446,955 | \$ 11,501 | \$ (2,707) | \$ 438,161 |
| December 31, 2010 | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 1,036 | \$ 32 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,004 |
| U.S. Government sponsored agencies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 308,851 | 10,422 | (837) | 299,266 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 62,773 | 331 | (6,136) | 68,578 |
| State and municipal securities | 69,960 | 1,538 | (637) | 69,059 |
| Total | \$ 442,620 | \$ 12,323 | \$ (7,610) | \$ 437,907 |

Information regarding the fair value and amortized cost of available for sale debt securities by maturity as of June 30, 2011 is presented below. Maturity information is based on contractual maturity for all securities other than mortgage-backed securities. Actual maturities of securities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay the obligation without prepayment penalty.

| | Fair Value | Amortized Cost |
|--|------------|----------------|
| Due in one year or less | \$ 2,229 | \$ 2,207 |
| Due after one year through five years | 17,388 | 16,683 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 36,227 | 34,694 |
| Due after ten years | 24,107 | 23,578 |
| | 79,951 | 77,162 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 367,004 | 360,999 |
| Total debt securities | \$ 446,955 | \$ 438,161 |

Information regarding security proceeds, gross gains and gross losses are presented below.

| | Six months ended June 30, | |
|--|-----------------------------|------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Sales of securities available for sale | | |
| Proceeds | \$ 73,318 | \$ 0 |
| Gross gains | 4,005 | 0 |
| Gross losses | (4,171) | 0 |
| | | |
| | Three months ended June 30, | |
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Sales of securities available for sale | | |
| Proceeds | \$ 4,471 | \$ 0 |
| Gross gains | 76 | 0 |
| Gross losses | (44) | 0 |

The Company sold 36 securities with a total book value of \$73.5 million and a total fair value of \$73.3 million during the first six months of 2011. The sales were related to a strategic realignment of the securities portfolio, and included six of the seven non-agency residential mortgage backed securities on which the Company had previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment. There were no securities sales during the first six months of 2010.

Purchase premiums or discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the terms of the securities or over estimated lives for mortgage-backed securities. Gains and losses on sales are based on the amortized cost of the security sold and recorded on the trade date.

Securities with carrying values of \$259.3 million and \$258.8 million were pledged as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, as collateral for deposits of public funds, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, borrowings from the FHLB and for other purposes as permitted or required by law.

Information regarding securities with unrealized losses as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is presented below. The tables distribute the securities between those with unrealized losses for less than twelve months and those with unrealized losses for twelve months or more.

| | Less than 12 months | | 12 months or more | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| June 30, 2011 | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 36,533 | 162 | 4,893 | 44 | 41,426 | 206 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 815 | 2 | 27,887 | 2,372 | 28,702 | 2,374 |
| State and municipal securities | 10,292 | 127 | 0 | 0 | 10,292 | 127 |
| Total temporarily impaired | \$ 47,640 | \$ 291 | \$ 32,780 | \$ 2,416 | \$ 80,420 | \$ 2,707 |

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| | Less than 12 months | | 12 months or more | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| December 31, 2010 | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 55,193 | 821 | 4,170 | 16 | 59,363 | 837 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 1,607 | 2 | 50,786 | 6,134 | 52,393 | 6,136 |
| State and municipal securities | 15,811 | 577 | 422 | 60 | 16,233 | 637 |
| Total temporarily impaired | \$ 72,611 | \$ 1,400 | \$ 55,378 | \$ 6,210 | \$ 127,989 | \$ 7,610 |

The number of securities with unrealized losses as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is presented below.

| | Less than 12 months | 12 months or more | Total |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------|
| June 30, 2011 | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 11 | 2 | 13 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 1 | 9 | 10 |
| State and municipal securities | 21 | 0 | 21 |
| Total temporarily impaired | 33 | 11 | 44 |
| December 31, 2010 | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 13 | 1 | 14 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 1 | 18 | 19 |
| State and municipal securities | 35 | 1 | 36 |
| Total temporarily impaired | 49 | 20 | 69 |

All of the following are considered to determine whether or not the impairment of these securities is other-than-temporary. Ninety-three percent of the securities are backed by the U.S. Government, government agencies, government sponsored agencies or are A rated or better, except for certain non-local municipal securities which are not rated. Mortgage-backed securities which are not issued by the U.S. Government or government sponsored agencies (non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities) met specific criteria set by the Asset Liability Management Committee at their time of purchase, including having the highest rating available by either Moody's or S&P. None of the securities have call provisions (with the exception of the municipal securities) and payments as originally agreed have been received. For the government, government-sponsored agency and municipal securities, management did not have concerns of credit losses and there was nothing to indicate that full principal will not be received. Management considered the unrealized losses on these securities to be primarily interest rate driven and does not expect material losses given current market conditions unless the securities are sold, which at this time management does not have the intent to sell nor will it more likely than not be required to sell these securities before the recovery of their amortized cost basis.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company had \$37.9 million of collateralized mortgage obligations which were not issued by the federal government or government sponsored agencies, but were rated AAA by S&P and/or Aaa by Moody's at the time of purchase. At December 31, 2010, the Company had \$62.8 million of these collateralized mortgage

obligations. During the first quarter of 2011, the Company sold eight of the non-agency residential mortgage backed securities as part of a strategic realignment of the investment portfolio. The securities sold had a book value of \$21.9 million and a fair value of \$17.7 million. The sales included six of the seven non-agency mortgage backed securities on which the Company had previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment. Two of the 15 remaining non-agency residential mortgage backed securities were still rated AAA/Aaa as of June 30, 2011, but 13 were downgraded by S&P, Fitch and/or Moody's, including 10 which were ranked below investment grade by one or more rating agencies. Of the five securities rated AAA/Aaa at December 31, 2010, three have been downgraded, but were still rated as investment grade. Of the 10 that were below AAA/Aaa at December 31, 2010, two incurred further downgrades.

For these non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities, additional analysis is performed to determine if the impairment is temporary or other-than-temporary in which case impairment would need to be recorded for these securities. The Company performs an independent analysis of the cash flows of the individual securities based upon assumptions as to collateral defaults, prepayment speeds, expected losses and the severity of potential losses. Based upon the initial review, securities may be identified for further analysis computing the net present value using an appropriate discount rate (the current accounting yield) and comparing it to the book value of the security to determine if there is any other-than-temporary impairment that must be recorded. Based on this analysis of the non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities, the Company recorded an other-than-temporary impairment of \$0 and \$121,000, respectively, relating to one security in the three-months and six-months ended June 30, 2011, which is equal to the credit loss, establishing a new, lower amortized cost basis. Because management did not have the intent to sell these securities nor did management believe that it was more likely than not they would be required to sell these securities before the recovery of their new, lower amortized cost basis, management did not consider the remaining unrealized losses of the investment securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2011.

The following table provides information about debt securities for which only a credit loss was recognized in income and other losses are recorded in other comprehensive income. The table represents the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| | Accumulated Credit Losses |
| Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 | |
| Balance April 1, 2011 | \$ 194 |
| Sales of securities for which other-than-temporary impairment losses were previously recognized | 0 |
| Additional increases to the amount of credit loss for which other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized | 0 |
| Balance June 30, 2011 | \$ 194 |
| | Accumulated Credit Losses |
| Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 | |
| Balance April 1, 2010 | \$ 396 |
| Additions related to other-than-temporary impairment losses not previously recognized | 81 |
| Balance June 30, 2010 | \$ 477 |
| | Accumulated Credit Losses |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 | |
| Balance January 1, 2011 | \$ 1,812 |
| Sales of securities for which other-than-temporary impairment losses were previously recognized | (1,739) |
| Additional increases to the amount of credit loss for which other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized | 121 |
| Balance June 30, 2011 | \$ 194 |
| | Accumulated Credit Losses |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 | |
| Balance January 1, 2010 | \$ 225 |
| Additions related to other-than-temporary impairment losses not previously recognized | 252 |
| Balance June 30, 2010 | \$ 477 |

Information on securities with at least one rating below investment grade as of June 30, 2011 is presented below.

| Description | CUSIP | Other Than Temporary Impairment | Par Value | June 30, 2011 | | Unrealized Gain/(Loss) | 6/30/2011 | 1-Month | 3-Month | 6-Month | Credit Support |
|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|
| | | | | Lowest Credit Rating | Constant Default Rate | | Constant Default Rate | Constant Default Rate | | | |
| CWHL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006-18 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2A7 | 12543WAJ7 | \$ 0 | \$ 3,370 | \$ 3,305 | \$ 3,008 | \$ (297) | CC | 0.00 | 1.45 | 3.85 | 3.72 |
| CWALT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2005-46CB | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A1 | 12667G6U2 | 0 | 3,794 | 3,616 | 3,219 | (397) | CC | 0.60 | 1.51 | 1.87 | 3.86 |
| CWALT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2005-J8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1A3 | 12667GJ20 | 0 | 5,425 | 5,202 | 4,762 | (440) | Caa2 | 0.00 | 5.49 | 2.71 | 6.72 |
| CHASE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2005-S3 A4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16162WNE5 | | 0 | 823 | 818 | 815 | (3) | B1 | 1.07 | 2.22 | 2.12 | 4.37 |
| CHASE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006-S3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1A5 | 16162XAE7 | 0 | 1,879 | 1,875 | 1,770 | (105) | CC | 8.99 | 5.28 | 5.46 | 3.20 |
| CMSI | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2007-6 1A5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 173103AE2 | | 0 | 2,942 | 2,940 | 2,861 | (79) | B1 | 0.00 | 1.18 | 2.76 | 6.74 |
| GSR | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006-10F | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1A1 | 36266WAC6 | 0 | 4,388 | 4,082 | 3,843 | (239) | CC | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.09 |
| MALT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2004-6 7A1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 576434SK1 | | 0 | 3,262 | 3,241 | 3,295 | 54 | BB | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 11.00 |
| MANA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2007-F1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1A1 | 59023YAA2 | 0 | 2,732 | 2,679 | 2,266 | (413) | D | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.52 | 0.00 |
| RFMSI | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006-S5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A14 | 74957EAP2 | 194 | 2,958 | 2,715 | 2,352 | (363) | CC | 1.49 | 3.77 | 4.47 | 0.83 |
| | | \$ 194 | \$ 31,573 | \$ 30,473 | \$ 28,191 | \$ (2,282) | | | | | |

All of these securities are super senior or senior tranche non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities. The credit support is the credit support percentage for a tranche from other subordinated tranches, which is the amount of principal in the subordinated tranches expressed as a percentage of the remaining principal in the super senior/senior tranche. The super senior/senior tranches receive the prepayments and the subordinate tranches absorb the losses. The super senior/senior tranches do not absorb losses until the subordinate tranches are gone.

The Company does not have a history of actively trading securities, but keeps the securities available for sale should liquidity or other needs develop that would warrant the sale of securities. While these securities are held in the available for sale portfolio, it is management's current intent and ability to hold them until a recovery in fair value or maturity.

NOTE 6. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| | Pension Benefits | | SERP Benefits | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Interest cost | \$ 71 | \$ 68 | \$ 33 | \$ 34 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (78) | (78) | (40) | (42) |
| Recognized net actuarial (gain) loss | 41 | 50 | 31 | 28 |
| Net pension expense (benefit) | \$ 34 | \$ 40 | \$ 24 | \$ 20 |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| | Pension Benefits | | SERP Benefits | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Interest cost | \$ 35 | \$ 34 | \$ 16 | \$ 17 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (39) | (39) | (20) | (21) |
| Recognized net actuarial (gain) loss | 21 | 25 | 16 | 14 |
| Net pension expense (benefit) | \$ 17 | \$ 20 | \$ 12 | \$ 10 |

The Company previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 that it did not expect to contribute to its pension in 2011 and did expect to contribute \$90,000 to its SERP plan in 2011. No contributions were made to the pension plan and \$90,000 was contributed to the SERP plan as of June 30, 2011.

NOTE 7. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-01, "Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20." The provisions of ASU No. 2010-20 required the disclosure of more granular information on the nature and extent of troubled debt restructurings and their effect on the allowance for loan and lease losses effective for the Company's reporting period ended March 31, 2011. The amendments in ASU No. 2011-01 defer the effective date related to these disclosures, enabling creditors to provide such disclosures after the FASB completes their project clarifying the guidance for determining what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. As the provisions of this ASU only defer the effective date of disclosure requirements related to troubled debt restructurings, the adoption of this ASU will have no impact on the Company's statements of income and condition.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, "A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring." The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 provide additional guidance related to determining whether a creditor has granted a concession, include factors and examples for creditors to consider in evaluating whether a restructuring results in a delay in payment that is insignificant, prohibit creditors from using the borrower's effective rate test to evaluate whether a concession has been granted to the borrower, and add factors for creditors to use in determining whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. A provision in ASU No. 2011-02 also ends the FASB's deferral of the additional disclosures about troubled debt restructurings as required by ASU

No. 2010-20. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 are effective for the Company's reporting period ending September 30, 2011. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's statements of income and condition.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, “Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs.” ASU No. 2011-04 results in a consistent definition of fair value and common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). The changes to U.S. GAAP as a result of ASU No. 2011-04 are as follows: (1) The concepts of highest and best use and valuation premise are only relevant when measuring the fair value of nonfinancial assets (that is, it does not apply to financial assets or any liabilities); (2) U.S. GAAP currently prohibits application of a blockage factor in valuing financial instruments with quoted prices in active markets. ASU No. 2011-04 extends that prohibition to all fair value measurements; (3) An exception is provided to the basic fair value measurement principles for an entity that holds a group of financial assets and financial liabilities with offsetting positions in market risks or counterparty credit risk that are managed on the basis of the entity’s net exposure to either of those risks. This exception allows the entity, if certain criteria are met, to measure the fair value of the net asset or liability position in a manner consistent with how market participants would price the net risk position; (4) Aligns the fair value measurement of instruments classified within an entity’s shareholders’ equity with the guidance for liabilities; and (5) Disclosure requirements have been enhanced for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements to disclose quantitative information about unobservable inputs and assumptions used, to describe the valuation processes used by the entity, and to describe the sensitivity of fair value measurements to changes in unobservable inputs and interrelationships between those inputs. In addition, entities must report the level in the fair value hierarchy of items that are not measured at fair value in the statement of condition but whose fair value must be disclosed. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-04 are effective for the Company’s interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-04 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s statements of income and condition.

NOTE 8. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

| | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date. |
| Level 2 | Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data. |
| Level 3 | Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company’s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. |

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

Securities: Securities available for sale are valued primarily by a third party pricing service. The fair values of securities available for sale are determined on a recurring basis by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or pricing models utilizing significant observable inputs such as matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs). These models utilize the market approach with standard inputs that include, but are not limited to benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data. There were no transfers from or into Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 during the first six months of 2011.

Mortgage banking derivatives: The fair value of derivatives are based on observable market data as of the measurement date (Level 2).

Impaired loans: Impaired loans with specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses are generally assessed against higher than normal discounted advance ratios of collateral as approved at the time of funding, with consideration given for any supplemental credit support from guarantors. Consideration is given for the type and nature of collateral, as well as the anticipated liquidation value to develop a discount for the advance ratios on each credit. Commercial real estate is generally discounted from its appraised value by 20-50% after various considerations including age of the appraisal, current net operating income realized, general market conditions where the property is located, type of property and potential buyer base. The appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant. Raw and finished inventory is discounted from its cost or book value by 35-65%, depending on the marketability of the goods. Finished goods are generally discounted by 30-60%, depending on the ease of marketability, cost of transportation or scope of use of the finished good. Work in process inventory is typically discounted by 50-100%, depending on the length of manufacturing time, types of components used in the completion process, and the breadth of the user base. Equipment is valued at a percentage of depreciated book value or recent appraised value, if available, and is typically discounted at 30-70% after various considerations including age and condition of the equipment, marketability, breadth of use, and whether the equipment includes unique components or add-ons. Marketable securities are discounted by 10-30%, depending on the type of investment, age of valuation report and general market conditions. This methodology is based on a market approach and typically results in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Mortgage servicing rights: As of June 30, 2011 the fair value of the Company's Level 3 servicing assets for residential mortgage loans was \$2.5 million, some of which are not currently impaired and therefore carried at amortized cost. These residential mortgage loans have a weighted average interest rate of 5.14%, a weighted average maturity of 20 years and are secured by homes generally within the Company's market area of Northern Indiana. A valuation model is used to estimate fair value, which is based on an income approach. The inputs used include estimates of prepayment speeds, discount rate, cost to service, escrow account earnings, contractual servicing fee income, ancillary income, late fees, and float income. The most significant assumption used to value mortgage servicing rights is prepayment rate. Prepayment rates are estimated based on published industry consensus prepayment rates. At June 30, 2011 the constant prepayment speed (PSA) used was 276 and the discount rate used was 9.2%. At June 30, 2010 the constant prepayment speed (PSA) used was 386 and the discount rate used was 9.5%.

Other real estate owned: Nonrecurring adjustments to certain commercial and residential real estate properties classified as other real estate owned are measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. Fair values are generally based on third party appraisals of the property, resulting in a Level 3 classification. In cases where the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, less costs to sell, an impairment loss is recognized.

Real estate mortgage loans held for sale: Real estate mortgage loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, as determined by outstanding commitments, from third party investors.

The table below presents the balances of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| Assets | June 30, 2011 | | | Assets at Fair Value |
|---|---------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 1,047 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,047 |
| U.S. Government sponsored agencies | 0 | 5,086 | 0 | 5,086 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 0 | 329,106 | 0 | 329,106 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 0 | 37,898 | 0 | 37,898 |
| State and municipal securities | 0 | 73,818 | 0 | 73,818 |
| Total Securities | 1,047 | 445,908 | 0 | 446,955 |
| Mortgage banking derivative | 0 | 188 | 0 | 188 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,047 | \$ 446,096 | \$ 0 | \$ 447,143 |

| Assets | December 31, 2010 | | | Assets at Fair Value |
|---|-------------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 1,036 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,036 |
| Agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 0 | 308,851 | 0 | 308,851 |
| Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities | 0 | 62,773 | 0 | 62,773 |
| State and municipal securities | 0 | 69,960 | 0 | 69,960 |
| Total Securities | 1,036 | 441,584 | 0 | 442,620 |
| Mortgage banking derivative | 0 | 357 | 0 | 357 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,036 | \$ 441,941 | \$ 0 | \$ 442,977 |

The table below presents the balances of assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

| Assets | June 30, 2011 | | | Assets at Fair Value |
|--|---------------|--|-----------|-------------------------|
| | Level 1 | Fair Value Measurements Using Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Impaired loans: | | | | |
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 2,271 | \$ 2,271 |
| Non-working capital loans | 0 | 0 | 4,515 | 4,515 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | |
| Construction and land development loans | 0 | 0 | 992 | 992 |
| Owner occupied loans | 0 | 0 | 2,132 | 2,132 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 0 | 0 | 16,389 | 16,389 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | |
| Loans secured by farmland | 0 | 0 | 306 | 306 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 0 | 0 | 229 | 229 |
| Other commercial loans | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 0 | 0 | 893 | 893 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total impaired loans | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 27,729 | \$ 27,729 |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 |
| Other real estate owned | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| Total assets | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 27,757 | \$ 27,757 |

| Assets | December 31, 2010 | | | Assets at Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Impaired loans: | | | | |
| Commercial and industrial loans: | | | | |
| Working capital lines of credit loans | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 2,708 | \$ 2,708 |
| Non-working capital loans | 0 | 0 | 4,990 | 4,990 |
| Commercial real estate and multi-family residential loans: | | | | |
| Construction and land development loans | 0 | 0 | 1,207 | 1,207 |
| Owner occupied loans | 0 | 0 | 1,960 | 1,960 |
| Nonowner occupied loans | 0 | 0 | 14,666 | 14,666 |
| Multifamily loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agri-business and agricultural loans: | | | | |
| Loans secured by farmland | 0 | 0 | 322 | 322 |
| Loans for agricultural production | 0 | 0 | 635 | 635 |
| Other commercial loans | 0 | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Consumer 1-4 family mortgage loans: | | | | |
| Closed end first mortgage loans | 0 | 0 | 815 | 815 |
| Open end and junior lien loans | 0 | 0 | 140 | 140 |
| Residential construction loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total impaired loans | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 27,450 | \$ 27,450 |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 |
| Total assets | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 27,461 | \$ 27,461 |

Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a gross carrying amount of \$42.5 million, with a valuation allowance of \$14.8 million, resulting in additional provision for loan losses of \$3.4 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, for the six months and three months ended June 30, 2011. In addition, \$7,000 and \$4,000, respectively, in impairment of mortgage servicing rights, measured using Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy, was recovered during the six months and three months ended June 30, 2011. The Company also recognized a \$20,000 reduction in the value of other real estate owned during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

The following table contains the estimated fair values and the related carrying values of the Company's financial instruments. Items which are not financial instruments are not included.

| | June 30, 2011 | | December 31, 2010 | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | Carrying Value | Estimated Fair Value | Carrying Value | Estimated Fair Value |
| Financial Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 60,325 | \$ 60,325 | \$ 60,141 | \$ 60,141 |
| Securities available for sale | 446,955 | 446,955 | 442,620 | 442,620 |
| Real estate mortgages held for sale | 3,103 | 3,136 | 5,606 | 5,661 |
| Loans, net | 2,097,172 | 2,094,915 | 2,044,952 | 2,041,812 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 7,313 | N/A | 8,511 | N/A |
| Federal Reserve Bank stock | 3,420 | N/A | 3,420 | N/A |
| Accrued interest receivable | 8,803 | 8,803 | 9,064 | 9,064 |
| Financial Liabilities: | | | | |
| Certificates of deposit | (969,788) | (979,975) | (949,559) | (962,456) |
| All other deposits | (1,306,711) | (1,306,711) | (1,251,466) | (1,251,466) |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | (127,026) | (127,026) | (142,015) | (142,015) |
| Other short-term borrowings | (11,408) | (11,408) | (32,037) | (32,037) |
| Long-term borrowings | (15,040) | (16,072) | (15,041) | (15,991) |
| Subordinated debentures | (30,928) | (31,251) | (30,928) | (31,242) |
| Standby letters of credit | (308) | (308) | (321) | (321) |
| Accrued interest payable | (6,497) | (6,497) | (4,978) | (4,978) |

For purposes of the above disclosures of estimated fair value, the following assumptions were used as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, demand and savings deposits, variable rate loans, variable rate short term borrowings and accrued interest is considered to approximate cost. The fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock is not determinable as there are restrictions on its transferability. The estimated fair value for fixed rate loans, certificates of deposit and fixed rate borrowings is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life. Real estate mortgages held for sale are based upon the actual contracted price for those loans sold but not yet delivered, or the current Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation price for normal delivery of mortgages with similar coupons and maturities at year-end. The fair value of subordinated debentures is based on the rates currently available to the Company with similar term and remaining maturity and credit spread. The fair value of off-balance sheet items is based on the current fees or costs that would be charged to enter into or terminate such arrangements. The estimated fair value of other financial instruments approximate cost and are not considered significant to this presentation.

NOTE 9. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale and changes in the funded status of pension plans which are also recognized as separate components of equity. Following is a summary of other comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010:

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| | Three months ended June 30, | | Six months ended June 30, | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net income | \$ 7,989 | \$ 6,219 | \$ 13,954 | \$ 12,240 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Change in securities available for sale: | | | | |
| Unrealized holding gain on securities available for sale arising during the period | 3,914 | 6,339 | 3,794 | 10,641 |
| Reclassification adjustment for (gains)/losses included in net income | (32) | 0 | 166 | 0 |
| Reclassification adjustment for other than temporary impairment | 0 | 81 | 121 | 252 |
| Net securities gain activity during the period | 3,882 | 6,420 | 4,081 | 10,893 |
| Tax effect | (1,560) | (2,613) | (1,573) | (4,406) |
| Net of tax amount | 2,322 | 3,807 | 2,508 | 6,487 |
| Defined benefit pension plans: | | | | |
| Net gain(loss) on defined benefit pension plans | 0 | 0 | (233) | (35) |
| Amortization of net actuarial loss | 37 | 39 | 72 | 78 |
| Net gain /(loss) activity during the period | 37 | 39 | (161) | 43 |
| Tax effect | (16) | (15) | 65 | (17) |
| Net of tax amount | 21 | 24 | (96) | 26 |
| Total other comprehensive income, net of tax | 2,343 | 3,831 | 2,412 | 6,513 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 10,332 | \$ 10,050 | \$ 16,366 | \$ 18,753 |

The following table summarizes the changes within each classification of accumulated other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010:

| | Balance at December 31, 2010 | Current Period Change | Balance at June 30, 2011 |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Unrealized gain on securities available for sale | | | |
| without other than temporary impairment | \$ 4,285 | \$ 1,446 | \$ 5,731 |
| Unrealized loss on securities available for sale | | | |
| with other than temporary impairment | (1,425) | 1,062 | (363) |

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| | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| Total unrealized gain on securities available for sale | 2,860 | 2,508 | 5,368 |
| Unrealized loss on defined benefit pension plans | (1,510) | (96) | (1,606) |
| Total | \$ 1,350 | \$ 2,412 | \$ 3,762 |

| | Balance at December 31, 2009 | Current Period Change | Balance at June 30, 2010 |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Unrealized loss on securities available for sale | | | |
| without other than temporary impairment | \$ (2,814) | \$ 6,570 | \$ 3,756 |
| Unrealized loss on securities available for sale | | | |
| with other than temporary impairment | (1,606) | (83) | (1,689) |
| Total unrealized loss on securities available for sale | (4,420) | 6,487 | 2,067 |
| Unrealized loss on defined benefit pension plans | (1,573) | 26 | (1,547) |
| Total | \$ (5,993) | \$ 6,513 | \$ 520 |

NOTE 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no subsequent events that would have a material impact to the financial statements presented in this Form 10-Q.

NOTE 11. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts appearing in the financial statements and notes thereto for prior periods have been reclassified to conform with the current presentation. The reclassification had no effect on net income or stockholders' equity as previously reported.

Part 1
LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
and
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

June 30, 2011

OVERVIEW

Lakeland Financial Corporation is the holding company for Lake City Bank. The Company is headquartered in Warsaw, Indiana and operates 43 offices in 12 counties in Northern Indiana and a loan production office in Indianapolis, Indiana. The Company earned \$14.0 million for the first six months of 2011, versus \$12.2 million in the same period of 2010, an increase of 14.0%. Net income was positively impacted by a \$2.8 million decrease in the provision for loan losses, an increase in noninterest income of \$538,000 and an increase in net interest income of \$366,000. Offsetting this positive impact was an increase of \$1.7 million in noninterest expense. Basic earnings per common share for the first six months of 2011 were \$0.86 per share, versus \$0.56 per share for the first six months of 2010. Diluted earnings per common share reflect the potential dilutive impact of stock options, stock awards and warrants. Diluted earnings per common share for the first six months of 2011 were \$0.86 per share, versus \$0.56 for the first six months of 2010. Basic and diluted earnings per common share for the first six months of 2010 were impacted by \$3.2 million in dividends and accretion of discount on preferred stock. The Company redeemed the preferred stock, which had been issued to the U.S. Treasury under the Capital Purchase Program, in the second quarter of 2010.

Net income for the second quarter of 2011 was \$8.0 million, an increase of 28.5% versus \$6.2 million for the comparable period of 2010. The increase was driven by a \$2.9 million decrease in the provision for loan losses as well as a \$559,000 increase in noninterest income. Offsetting these positive impacts was an increase of \$548,000 in noninterest expense, as well as a decrease of \$207,000 in net interest income. Basic earnings per common share for the second quarter of 2011 were \$0.49 per share, versus \$0.24 per share for the second quarter of 2010. Diluted earnings per common share for the second quarter of 2011 were \$0.49 per share, versus \$0.24 per share for the second quarter of 2010. Basic and diluted earnings per common share for the second quarter of 2010 were impacted by \$2.4 million in dividends and accretion of discount on preferred stock.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Interest Income

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, net interest income totaled \$46.5 million, an increase of 0.8%, or \$366,000, versus the first six months of 2010. This increase was primarily due to a \$124.1 million, or 5.0%, increase in average earning assets to \$2.604 billion. The Company's net interest margin was 3.66% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus 3.80% for the comparable period in 2010. For the three-month period ended June 30, 2011, net interest income totaled \$22.9 million, a decrease of 0.9%, or \$207,000, versus the second quarter of 2010. This decrease was primarily due to a 22 basis point decrease in the Company's net interest margin to 3.53% for the three-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus 3.75% for the comparable period of 2010. Average earning assets increased \$131.4 million, or 5.2%, to \$2.646 billion in the second quarter of 2011, versus the second quarter of 2010.

Given the Company's mix of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities at June 30, 2011, the Company would generally be considered to have a relatively neutral balance sheet structure. The Company's balance sheet structure would normally be expected to produce a stable or declining net interest margin in a declining rate environment. As the Company's balance sheet has become more neutral in structure, management believes rate movements and other factors such as deposit mix, market deposit rate pricing and non-bank deposit products could have an impact on net interest margin. Over time, the Company's mix of deposits has shifted to more reliance on transaction accounts such as Rewards Checking, as well as the Rewards Savings product and corporate and public fund money market and repurchase agreements, which generally carry a higher interest rate cost than other types of interest bearing deposits.

During the first six months of 2011, total interest and dividend income increased by \$230,000, or 0.4%, to \$61.3 million, versus \$61.1 million during the first six months of 2010. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in average earning assets of \$124.1 million, or 5.0%. The tax equivalent yield on average earning assets decreased 21 basis points to 4.8% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011 versus the same period of 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, total interest and dividend income decreased by \$264,000, or 0.9%, to \$30.5 million, versus \$30.8 million during the second quarter of 2010. This decrease was primarily the result of a 28 basis point decrease in the tax equivalent yield on average earning assets to 4.7% in the second quarter of 2011, versus 5.0% for the same period of 2010. Average earning assets increased by \$131.4 million, or 5.2%, in the second quarter of 2011 versus the same period of 2010.

During the first six months of 2011, loan interest income increased by \$1.1 million, or 2.1%, to \$52.4 million, versus \$51.3 million during the first six months of 2010. The increase was driven by a \$90.2 million, or 4.5%, increase in average daily loan balances. During the second quarter of 2011, loan interest income increased by \$458,000, or 1.8%, to \$26.4 million, versus \$26.0 million during the second quarter of 2010. The increase was driven by a \$93.0 million, or 4.6%, increase in average daily loan balances.

The average daily securities balances for the first six months of 2011 increased \$13.0 million, or 3.1%, to \$433.8 million, versus \$420.8 million for the same period of 2010. During the same periods, income from securities decreased by \$900,000, or 9.3%, to \$8.8 million versus \$9.7 million during the first six months of 2010. The decrease was primarily the result of a 56 basis point decrease in the tax equivalent yield on securities, to 4.4%, versus 5.0% in the first six months of 2010. The average daily securities balances for the second quarter of 2011 increased \$1.7 million, or 0.4%, to \$429.3 million, versus \$427.6 million for the same period of 2010. During the same periods, income from securities decreased by \$773,000, or 16.0%, to \$4.0 million versus \$4.8 million during the second quarter of 2010. The decrease was primarily the result of a 75 basis point decrease in the tax equivalent yield on securities, to 4.1%, versus 4.9% in the second quarter of 2010.

Despite the Company's change in deposit mix to include higher costing deposit types, total interest expense decreased \$136,000, or 0.9%, to \$14.8 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, from \$15.0 million for the comparable period in 2010. The decrease was primarily the result of a nine basis point decrease in the Company's daily cost of funds to 1.2%, versus 1.3% for the same period of 2010. This decrease was generally caused by lower competitive interest rates in the Company's market areas than were present in early 2010 and favorable pricing on brokered certificates of deposit. Total interest expense decreased \$57,000, or 0.7%, to \$7.6 million for the second quarter of 2011, versus \$7.7 million for the second quarter of 2010. The decrease was primarily the result of a nine basis point decrease in the Company's cost of funds to 1.2%, from 1.3% for the same period of 2010.

On an average daily basis, total deposits (including demand deposits) increased \$252.7 million, or 12.5%, to \$2.281 billion for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus \$2.028 billion during the same period in 2010. The average daily balances for the second quarter of 2011 increased \$209.0 million, or 9.8%, to \$2.336 billion from \$2.127 billion during the second quarter of 2010. On an average daily basis, noninterest bearing demand deposits were \$294.2 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus \$246.9 million for the same period in 2010. The average daily noninterest bearing demand deposit balances for the second quarter of 2011 were \$294.2 million, versus \$253.0 million for the second quarter of 2010. On an average daily basis, interest bearing transaction accounts increased \$179.9 million, or 27.2%, to \$841.5 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus the same period in 2010. Average daily interest bearing transaction accounts increased \$179.4 million, or 25.2%, to \$890.0 million for the second quarter of 2011, versus \$710.7 million for the second quarter of 2010. When comparing the six months ended June 30, 2011 with the same period of 2010, the average daily balance of time deposits, which pay a higher rate of interest compared to demand deposit and transaction accounts, decreased \$36.3 million. The rate paid on time deposit accounts decreased 20 basis points to 1.7% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus the same period in 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, the average daily balance of time deposits decreased \$68.6 million, and the rate paid decreased 13 basis points to 1.7%, versus the second quarter of 2010. Despite the low interest rate environment, the Company has been able to attract and retain retail deposit customers through offering innovative deposit products such as Rewards Checking and Savings. These products pay somewhat higher interest rates, but also encourage certain customer behaviors such as using debit cards and electronic statements, which have the effect of generating additional third-party fee income and reducing the Company's processing costs.

The Company's funding strategy is generally focused on leveraging its retail branch network to grow traditional retail deposits and on its presence with commercial customers and public fund entities in its Indiana markets to generate deposits. In addition, the Company has expanded this strategy and has utilized out-of-market deposit programs such as brokered certificates of deposit and the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) program. Due to ongoing loan growth, the Company sought these deposits and has expanded its funding strategy over time to include these out-of-market deposit programs. The Company believes that these deposit programs represent an appropriate tool in the overall liquidity and funding strategy. On an average daily basis, total brokered certificates of deposit increased \$23.8 million to \$162.2 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus \$138.4 million for the same period in 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, average daily brokered certificates of deposit were \$148.8 million, versus \$168.4 million during the second quarter of 2010. On an average daily basis, total public fund certificates of deposit decreased \$75.1 million to \$101.7 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, versus \$176.8 million for the same period in 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, average daily public fund certificates of deposit were \$108.7 million, versus \$197.7 million during the second quarter of 2010. In addition, the Company had average public fund interest bearing transaction accounts of \$103.9 million and \$106.0 million, respectively, in the six months and three months ended June 30, 2011, versus \$78.6 million and \$81.6 million for the comparable period of 2010. Availability of public fund deposits can be cyclical, primarily due to the timing differences between when real estate property taxes are collected versus when those tax revenues are spent, as well as the intense competition for these funds.

Average daily balances of borrowings were \$193.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011, versus \$285.6 million during the same period of 2010, and the rate paid on borrowings increased two basis points to 1.1%. During the second quarter of 2011 the average daily balances of borrowings decreased \$45.6 million to \$182.4 million, versus \$228.0 million for the same period of 2010, and the rate paid on borrowings decreased 16 basis points to 1.1%. The decrease in average borrowings during 2011 was driven by the discontinuance of the Federal Reserve Bank's Term Auction Facility (TAF) during the first quarter of 2010. Average daily borrowings under the facility were \$62.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2010, and the Company's last borrowing matured on April 8, 2010. On an average daily basis, total deposits (including demand deposits) and purchased funds increased 6.9% during both the six-month and the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 versus the same periods in 2010.

The Board of Directors and management recognize the importance of liquidity during times of normal operations and in times of stress. Therefore, during 2010, the Company formalized and expanded upon its extensive Contingency Funding Plan (CFP). The formal CFP was developed to ensure that the multiple liquidity sources available to the Company are detailed. The CFP identifies the potential funding sources, which include the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis, The Federal Reserve Bank, brokered certificates of deposit, certificates of deposit available from the CDARS program, repurchase agreements, and Fed Funds. The CFP also address the role of the securities portfolio in liquidity.

Further, the plan identifies CFP team members and expressly details their respective roles. Potential risk scenarios are identified and the plan includes multiple scenarios, including short-term and long-term funding crisis situations. Under the long-term funding crisis, two additional scenarios are identified: a moderate risk scenario and a highly stressed scenario. The CFP indicates the responsibilities and the actions to be taken by the CFP Team under each scenario. Monthly reports to management and the Board of Directors under the CFP include an early warning indicator matrix and pro forma cash flows for the various scenarios. The Company will continue to carefully monitor its liquidity planning and will consider adjusting its plans as circumstances warrant.

The following tables set forth consolidated information regarding average balances and rates:

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY;
INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL
(in thousands of dollars)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | Average Balance | 2011 Interest Income | Yield (1) | Average Balance | 2010 Interest Income | Yield (1) |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Earning assets: | | | | | | |
| Loans: | | | | | | |
| Taxable (2)(3) | \$ 2,106,601 | \$ 52,165 | 4.99% | \$ 2,025,194 | \$ 51,295 | 5.11% |
| Tax exempt (1) | 10,809 | 360 | 6.71 | 1,970 | 54 | 5.49 |
| Investments: (1) | | | | | | |
| Available for sale | 433,848 | 9,488 | 4.41 | 420,818 | 10,371 | 4.97 |
| Short-term investments | 19,830 | 15 | 0.15 | 30,119 | 30 | 0.20 |
| Interest bearing deposits | 33,106 | 81 | 0.49 | 1,994 | 11 | 1.11 |
| Total earning assets | 2,604,194 | 62,109 | 4.81% | 2,480,095 | 61,761 | 5.02% |
| Nonearning assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | 59,019 | 0 | | 46,190 | 0 | |
| Premises and equipment | 30,523 | 0 | | 29,347 | 0 | |
| Other nonearning assets | 95,639 | 0 | | 90,479 | 0 | |
| Less allowance for loan losses | (48,090) | 0 | | (35,527) | 0 | |
| | \$ 2,741,285 | \$ 62,109 | | \$ 2,610,584 | \$ 61,761 | |

Total
assets

- (1) Tax exempt income was converted to a fully taxable equivalent basis at a 35 percent tax rate for 2011 and 2010. The tax equivalent rate for tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities included the TEFRA adjustment applicable to nondeductible interest expenses.
- (2) Loan fees, which are immaterial in relation to total taxable loan interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, are included as taxable loan interest income.
- (3) Nonaccrual loans are included in the average balance of taxable loans.

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DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY;
INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL (Cont.)
(in thousands of dollars)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | Average Balance | 2011 Interest Expense | Yield | Average Balance | 2010 Interest Expense | Yield |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Savings deposits | \$ 165,448 | \$ 447 | 0.54% | \$ 103,646 | \$ 287 | 0.56% |
| Interest bearing checking accounts | 841,512 | 5,224 | 1.25 | 661,573 | 3,754 | 1.14 |
| Time deposits: | | | | | | |
| In denominations under \$100,000 | 342,711 | 3,352 | 1.97 | 321,020 | 3,876 | 2.43 |
| In denominations over \$100,000 | 636,971 | 4,755 | 1.51 | 694,980 | 5,531 | 1.60 |
| Miscellaneous short-term borrowings | 147,005 | 318 | 0.44 | 214,613 | 437 | 0.41 |
| Long-term borrowings and subordinated debentures | 45,968 | 723 | 3.17 | 70,969 | 1,070 | 3.04 |
| Total interest bearing liabilities | 2,179,615 | 14,819 | 1.37% | 2,066,801 | 14,955 | 1.46% |
| Noninterest bearing liabilities | | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-------|
| and stockholders' equity: | | | | | |
| Demand deposits | 294,164 | 0 | 246,892 | 0 | |
| Other liabilities | 14,556 | 0 | 16,326 | 0 | |
| Stockholders' equity | 252,950 | 0 | 280,565 | 0 | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 2,741,285 | \$ 14,819 | \$ 2,610,584 | \$ 14,955 | |
| Net interest differential - yield on average daily earning assets | | \$ 47,290 | 3.66% | \$ 46,806 | 3.80% |

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY;
INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL
(in thousands of dollars)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | Average | 2011 Interest | Yield (1) | Average | 2010 Interest | Yield (1) |
| | Balance | Income | | Balance | Income | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Earning assets: | | | | | | |
| Loans: | | | | | | |
| Taxable | | | | | | |
| (2)(3) | \$ 2,126,494 | \$ 26,300 | 4.96% | \$ 2,042,428 | \$ 25,945 | 5.10% |
| Tax exempt | | | | | | |
| (1) | 10,849 | 180 | 6.66 | 1,901 | 26 | 5.51 |
| Investments: | | | | | | |
| (1) | | | | | | |
| Available for sale | 429,276 | 4,388 | 4.10 | 427,573 | 5,170 | 4.85 |
| Short-term investments | 16,467 | 5 | 0.12 | 40,265 | 22 | 0.22 |
| Interest bearing deposits | 62,973 | 73 | 0.46 | 2,481 | 5 | 0.81 |
| Total earning assets | 2,646,059 | 30,946 | 4.69% | 2,514,648 | 31,168 | 4.97% |
| Nonearning assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | 66,036 | 0 | | 51,157 | 0 | |
| Premises and equipment | 30,623 | 0 | | 29,252 | 0 | |
| Other nonearning assets | 95,571 | 0 | | 90,258 | 0 | |
| Less allowance for loan losses | (49,526) | 0 | | (37,258) | 0 | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,788,763 | \$ 30,946 | | \$ 2,648,057 | \$ 31,168 | |

- (1) Tax exempt income was converted to a fully taxable equivalent basis at a 35 percent tax rate for 2011 and 2010. The tax equivalent rate for tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities included the TEFRA adjustment applicable to nondeductible interest expenses.
- (2) Loan fees, which are immaterial in relation to total taxable loan interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, are included as taxable loan interest income.
- (3) Nonaccrual loans are included in the average balance of taxable loans.

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY;
INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL (Cont.)
(in thousands of dollars)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | Average Balance | 2011 Interest Expense | Yield | Average Balance | 2010 Interest Expense | Yield |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Savings deposits | \$ 167,076 | \$ 223 | 0.54% | \$ 110,010 | \$ 163 | 0.59% |
| Interest bearing checking accounts | 890,042 | 2,790 | 1.26 | 710,683 | 2,077 | 1.17 |
| Time deposits: | | | | | | |
| In denominations under \$100,000 | 345,998 | 1,695 | 1.96 | 317,414 | 1,860 | 2.35 |
| In denominations over \$100,000 | 638,947 | 2,385 | 1.50 | 736,111 | 2,833 | 1.54 |
| Miscellaneous short-term borrowings | 136,419 | 147 | 0.43 | 157,006 | 188 | 0.48 |
| Long-term borrowings and subordinated debentures | 45,967 | 363 | 3.17 | 70,969 | 539 | 3.05 |
| Total interest bearing liabilities | 2,224,449 | 7,603 | 1.37% | 2,102,193 | 7,660 | 1.47% |
| Noninterest bearing liabilities | | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-------|
| and stockholders' equity: | | | | | |
| Demand deposits | 294,172 | 0 | 253,030 | 0 | |
| Other liabilities | 14,299 | 0 | 16,441 | 0 | |
| Stockholders' equity | 255,843 | 0 | 276,393 | 0 | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 2,788,763 | \$ 7,603 | \$ 2,648,057 | \$ 7,660 | |
| Net interest differential - yield on average daily earning assets | | \$ 23,343 | 3.54% | \$ 23,508 | 3.75% |

Provision for Loan Losses

Based on management's review of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, provisions for loan losses of \$8.5 million and \$2.9 million were recorded during the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011, versus provisions of \$11.3 million and \$5.8 million recorded during the same periods of 2010. Factors impacting the provision included the amount and status of classified and watch list credits, the level of charge-offs, management's overall view on current credit quality and the regional and national economic conditions impacting credit quality, the amount and status of impaired loans, the amount and status of past due accruing loans (90 days or more), and overall loan growth as discussed in more detail below in the analysis relating to the Company's financial condition.

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income categories for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 are shown in the following table:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | Percent Change |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Wealth advisory fees | \$ 1,747 | \$ 1,625 | 7.5% |
| Investment brokerage fees | 1,352 | 1,016 | 33.1 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 3,902 | 4,060 | (3.9) |
| Loan, insurance and service fees | 2,336 | 1,994 | 17.2 |
| Merchant card fee income | 522 | 583 | (10.5) |
| Other income | 1,018 | 1,015 | 0.3 |
| Mortgage banking income | 154 | 165 | (6.7) |
| Net securities gains (losses) | (166) | 0 | N/A |
| Impairment on available-for-sale securities (includes total losses of \$121 and \$252, net of \$0 and \$0 recognized in other comprehensive income, pre-tax) | (121) | (252) | (52.0) |
| Total noninterest income | \$ 10,744 | \$ 10,206 | 5.3% |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Percent Change |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Wealth advisory fees | \$ 929 | \$ 833 | 11.5% |
| Investment brokerage fees | 621 | 471 | 31.8 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 1,939 | 2,202 | (11.9) |
| Loan, insurance and service fees | 1,260 | 1,074 | 17.3 |
| Merchant card fee income | 288 | 303 | (5.0) |
| Other income | 646 | 483 | 33.7 |
| Mortgage banking income | 203 | 74 | 174.3 |
| Net securities gains (losses) | 32 | 0 | N/A |

| | | | |
|---|----------|----------|-------|
| Impairment on available-for-sale securities (includes total losses of \$0 and \$81, net of \$0 and \$0 recognized in other comprehensive income, pre-tax) | 0 | (81) | N/A |
| Total noninterest income | \$ 5,918 | \$ 5,359 | 10.4% |

Noninterest income increased \$538,000 and \$559,000 respectively, for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 versus the same periods in 2010. Loan, insurance and service fees increased by \$342,000 and \$186,000, respectively, driven by greater debit card usage and increases in other ancillary revenue sources. In addition, investment brokerage fees increased by \$336,000 and \$150,000, respectively, driven by greater trading activity. Wealth advisory fees increased due to the increased value of certain trust assets upon which many of the fees are based. Noninterest income was negatively impacted by decreases of \$158,000 and \$263,000 in service charges on deposit accounts due to fewer overdraft charges.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense categories for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 are shown in the following table:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | Percent Change |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ 16,191 | \$ 15,070 | 7.4% |
| Occupancy expense | 1,627 | 1,488 | 9.3 |
| Equipment costs | 1,064 | 1,051 | 1.2 |
| Data processing fees and supplies | 2,091 | 1,926 | 8.6 |
| Credit card interchange | 2 | 113 | (98.2) |
| Other expense | 7,166 | 6,825 | 5.0 |
| Total noninterest expense | \$ 28,141 | \$ 26,473 | 6.3% |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Percent Change |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ 8,018 | \$ 7,559 | 6.1% |
| Occupancy expense | 752 | 699 | 7.6 |
| Equipment costs | 510 | 522 | (2.3) |
| Data processing fees and supplies | 979 | 960 | 2.0 |
| Credit card interchange | 0 | 49 | N/A |
| Other expense | 3,714 | 3,636 | 2.1 |
| Total noninterest expense | \$ 13,973 | \$ 13,425 | 4.1% |

The Company's noninterest expense increased \$1.7 million and \$548,000, respectively, in the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 versus the same periods of 2010. Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$1.1 million and \$459,000, respectively, in the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 versus the same period of 2010. These increases were driven by staff additions and normal merit increases. In addition, the Company's performance based compensation expense increased due to performance versus corporate objectives and increased recognition levels. Data processing fees increased by \$165,000 during 2011, due to one-time expenses associated with the Company's conversion to a new core processor. The core conversion was completed during the second quarter of 2011. In addition, other expense increased by \$341,000 in 2011, driven by \$116,000 of credit related costs and higher advertising expenses of \$97,000.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense increased \$298,000, or 4.7%, for the first six months of 2011, compared to the same period in 2010. The combined state franchise tax expense and the federal income tax expense, as a percentage of income before income tax expense, decreased to 32.2% during the first six months of 2011 compared to 34.1% during the same period of 2010. The change was driven by fluctuations in the percentage of revenue being derived from tax-advantaged sources in the six-month period of 2011, compared to the same period in 2010. The combined tax expense was 33.4% in both the second quarter of 2011 and 2010.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Certain of the Company's accounting policies are important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition, since they require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments, some of which may relate to matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates associated with these policies are susceptible to material changes as a result of changes in facts and circumstances. Some of the facts and circumstances which could affect these judgments include changes in interest rates, in the performance of the economy or in the financial condition of borrowers. Management believes that its critical accounting policies include determining the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of mortgage servicing rights and the valuation and other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities. The Company's critical accounting policies are discussed in detail in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010 (incorporated by reference as part of the Company's 10-K filing).

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets of the Company were \$2.735 billion as of June 30, 2011, an increase of \$53.1 million, or 2.0%, when compared to \$2.682 billion as of December 31, 2010.

Total cash and cash equivalents increased by \$184,000, or 0.3%, to \$60.3 million at June 30, 2011 from \$60.1 million at December 31, 2010.

Total securities available-for-sale increased by \$4.3 million, or 1.0%, to \$447.0 million at June 30, 2011 from \$442.6 million at December 31, 2010. The increase was a result of a number of transactions in the securities portfolio. Securities purchases totaled \$113.5 million. Offsetting this increase were securities sales totaling \$73.8 million, paydowns totaling \$34.5 million, maturities and calls of securities totaling \$4.0 million and securities amortization net of accretion was \$1.2 million. In addition, the net unrealized gain/loss of the securities portfolio increased by \$4.1 million. The increase in fair market value was primarily driven by higher market values for non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities. The investment portfolio is generally managed to limit the Company's exposure to risk by containing mostly mortgage-backed securities, other securities which are either directly or indirectly backed by the federal government or a local municipal government and collateralized mortgage obligations rated AAA by S&P and/or Aaa by Moody's at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had \$37.9 million of collateralized mortgage obligations which were not backed by the federal government, but were rated AAA by S&P and/or Aaa by Moody's at the time of purchase.

Two of the 15 non-agency collateralized mortgage obligations are still rated AAA/Aaa as of June 30, 2011, but 13 had been downgraded since the time of purchase by S&P, Fitch and/or Moody's, including 10 which were ranked below investment grade by one or more rating agencies. On a quarterly basis, the Company performs an analysis of the cash flows of these securities based on assumptions as to collateral defaults, prepayment speeds, expected losses and the severity of potential losses. Based upon the initial analysis, securities may be identified for further analysis computing the net present value and comparing it to the book value to determine if there is any other-than-temporary impairment to be recorded. Based on the analyses as of June 30, 2011, the Company did not realize any additional other-than-temporary impairment on any of the 15 non-agency residential mortgage backed securities.

Real estate mortgage loans held-for-sale decreased by \$2.5 million, or 44.7%, to \$3.1 million at June 30, 2011 from \$5.6 million at December 31, 2010. The balance of this asset category is subject to a high degree of variability depending on, among other things, recent mortgage loan rates and the timing of loan sales into the secondary market. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, \$30.6 million in real estate mortgages were originated for sale and \$32.8 million in mortgages were sold.

Total loans, excluding real estate mortgage loans held for sale, increased by \$58.5 million to \$2.148 billion at June 30, 2011 from \$2.090 billion at December 31, 2010. The portfolio breakdowns at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 reflected 84% commercial and industrial, including commercial real estate and agri-business, 14% residential real estate and home equity and 2% consumer loans.

The Company has a high percentage of commercial and commercial real estate loans, most of which are extended to small or medium-sized businesses. Commercial loans represent higher dollar loans to fewer customers and therefore higher credit risk than other types of loans. Pricing is adjusted to manage the higher credit risk associated with these types of loans. The Company also generally requires new and renewed variable rate commercial loans to have floor rates. The majority of fixed rate residential mortgage loans, which represent increased interest rate risk, are sold in the secondary market, as well as some variable rate mortgage loans. The remainder of the variable rate mortgage loans and a small number of fixed rate mortgage loans are retained.

Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that the principal is uncollectible. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb probable incurred credit losses relating to specifically identified loans based on an evaluation, as well as other probable incurred losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The evaluations take into consideration such factors as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, review of specific problem loans and current economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to repay. Management also considers trends in adversely classified loans based upon a monthly review of those credits. An appropriate level of general allowance is determined after considering the following factors: application of historical loss percentages, emerging market risk, commercial loan focus and large credit concentrations, new industry lending activity and current economic conditions. Federal regulations require insured institutions to classify their own assets on a regular basis. The regulations provide for three categories of classified loans – substandard, doubtful and loss. The regulations also contain a special mention category. Special mention is defined as loans that do not currently expose an insured institution to a sufficient degree of risk to warrant classification, but do possess credit deficiencies or potential weaknesses deserving management's close attention. The Company's policy is to establish a specific allowance for loan losses for any assets classified as substandard or doubtful. If an asset or portion thereof is classified as loss, the Company's policy is to either establish specified allowances for loan losses in the amount of 100% of the portion of the asset classified loss, or charge off such amount. At June 30, 2011, on the basis of management's review of the loan portfolio, the Company had loans totaling \$160.5 million on the classified loan list versus \$169.3 million on December 31, 2010. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had \$58.9 million of assets classified special mention, \$101.6 million classified as substandard, \$0 classified as doubtful and \$0 classified as loss as compared to \$48.4 million, \$120.1 million, \$0 and \$0 at December 31, 2010. In addition, at June 30, 2011 the Company had sixteen loans totaling \$20.1 million accounted for as troubled debt restructurings – seven mortgage loans totaling \$1.2 million with

total allocations of \$94,000, a \$6.0 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$3.9 million, a \$7.1 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$1.3 million, a \$1.8 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$700,000, a \$1.4 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$550,000, a \$1.1 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$159,000, an \$826,000 commercial credit with an allocation of \$55,000, a \$478,000 commercial credit with an allocation of \$100,000 and a \$368,000 commercial credit with an allocation of \$92,000. The Company has no commitments to lend additional funds to any of the borrowers of those sixteen loans. At December 31, 2010, the Company had ten relationships totaling \$14.6 million accounted for as troubled debt restructurings – eight mortgage loans totaling \$1.4 million with total allocations of \$70,000, a \$6.1 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$3.2 million and a \$7.2 million commercial credit with an allocation of \$2.5 million.

Allowance estimates are developed by management taking into account actual loss experience, adjusted for current economic conditions. The Company generally has regular discussions regarding this methodology with regulatory authorities. Allowance estimates are considered a prudent measurement of the risk in the Company's loan portfolio and are applied to individual loans based on loan type. In accordance with current accounting guidance, the allowance is provided for losses that have been incurred as of the balance sheet date and is based on past events and current economic conditions, and does not include the effects of expected losses on specific loans or groups of loans that are related to future events or expected changes in economic conditions.

Net charge-offs totaled \$136,000 in the second quarter of 2011, versus \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010 and \$2.1 million during the first quarter of 2011.

The allowance for loan losses increased 13.9%, or \$6.4 million, from \$45.0 million at December 31, 2010 to \$51.3 million at June 30, 2011. Pooled loan allocations increased \$2.8 million from \$12.9 million at December 31, 2010 to \$15.7 million at June 30, 2011, which was primarily a result of management's overall view on current credit quality. Impaired loan allocations increased \$3.4 million from \$12.1 million at December 31, 2010 to \$15.6 million at June 30, 2011 and other specifically reviewed loan allocations were unchanged at \$16.3 million at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2011. This increase in impaired allocations was primarily due to increases in the allocations of existing impaired loans as well as the addition of two commercial credits to the impaired loans category. The unallocated component of the allowance for loan losses decreased \$213,000 from \$3.7 million at December 31, 2010 to \$3.5 million at June 30, 2011, based on management's assessment of economic and other qualitative factors impacting the loan portfolio, including the ongoing economic challenges in the Company's market area. While management has begun to see some positive trends, including stabilization in watchlist credits, management anticipates a slow recovery and therefore recognized only a slight decrease in the unallocated component of the allowance for loan losses. Management believed the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2011 was at a level commensurate with the overall risk exposure of the loan portfolio. However, if economic conditions do not continue to improve, certain borrowers may experience difficulty and the level of nonperforming loans, charge-offs and delinquencies could rise and require further increases in the provision for loan losses.

Total impaired loans increased by \$3.4 million to \$51.4 million at June 30, 2011 from \$48.0 million at December 31, 2010. A loan is impaired when full payment under the original loan terms is not expected. Impairment is evaluated in the aggregate for smaller-balance loans of similar nature such as residential mortgage, and consumer loans, and on an individual loan basis for other loans. If a loan is impaired, a portion of the allowance may be allocated so that the loan is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. The increase in the impaired loans category was primarily due to the addition of three commercial credits totaling \$4.4 million. One borrower is engaged in the health care field and the other two are engaged in commercial real estate development. The increase in impaired loans was partially offset by pay-offs and charge-offs. Of the \$51.4 million in impaired loans, \$36.3 million were on nonaccrual status at June 30, 2011. The following table summarizes nonperforming assets at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

| | June 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| | (in thousands) | |
| NONPERFORMING ASSETS: | | |
| Nonaccrual loans including nonaccrual troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 37,235 | \$ 36,591 |
| Loans past due over 90 days and still accruing | 134 | 330 |
| Total nonperforming loans | \$ 37,369 | \$ 36,921 |
| Other real estate | 2,753 | 3,695 |
| Repossessions | 8 | 42 |
| Total nonperforming assets | \$ 40,130 | \$ 40,659 |
| Impaired loans including troubled debt restructurings | \$ 51,423 | \$ 48,015 |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans | 1.74% | 1.77% |
| Nonperforming assets to total assets | 1.47% | 1.52% |
| Nonperforming troubled debt restructured loans (included in nonaccrual loans) | \$ 8,550 | \$ 6,091 |
| Performing troubled debt restructured loans | 11,526 | 8,547 |
| Total troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 20,076 | \$ 14,638 |

Total nonperforming assets decreased by \$529,000, or 1.3%, to \$40.1 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2011. The decrease was primarily due to the aforementioned charge-offs and pay-offs as well as the sale of other real estate. Seven commercial relationships represented 78.5% of total nonperforming loans. Three of the seven relationships are each less than \$2.0 million. A \$15.0 million commercial relationship consisting of four loans represents the largest exposure in the nonperforming category. The borrower is engaged in real estate development. Borrower collateral, including real estate and the personal guarantees of its principals, support the credit. The Company took a \$1.7 million charge-off related to this credit in the fourth quarter of 2009, and no charge-offs were taken in 2010 or have been taken in 2011.

A \$6.0 million credit to a manufacturer tied to the housing industry represented the second largest exposure in the nonperforming category. The credit is accounted for as a troubled debt restructuring. Borrower collateral including real estate, receivables, inventory and equipment support the credit, however, there are no guarantors. The Company took a \$906,000 charge-off related to this credit in 2008, and no charge-offs were taken in 2009 or 2010, or have been taken in 2011.

A commercial relationship consisting of two loans totaling \$2.7 million represented the third largest exposure in the nonperforming category. The borrower is engaged in sales tied to the recreational vehicle industry as well as residential real estate development. Borrower collateral, including real estate and the personal guarantees of its principals, support the credit. The Company took \$1.3 million in charge-offs related to this relationship during 2008, and no charge-offs were taken in 2009 or 2010, or have been taken in 2011.

There can be no assurances that full repayment of the loans discussed above will result. Management does not foresee a rapid recovery from the challenging economic conditions in the Company's markets as certain industries, including residential and commercial real estate development, recreational vehicle and mobile home manufacturing and other regional industries continue to experience general slow-downs and negative growth. The Company's growth strategy has promoted diversification among industries as well as a continued focus on enforcement of a strong credit environment and an aggressive position on loan work-out situations. While the Company believes that the impact on the Company of these industry-specific issues affecting real estate development and recreational vehicle and mobile home manufacturers will be somewhat mitigated by the Company's overall growth strategy, the economic factors impacting its entire geographic footprint will continue to present challenges. Additionally, the Company's overall asset quality position can be influenced by a small number of credits due to the focus on commercial lending activity and the granularity inherent in this strategy.

Total deposits increased by \$75.5 million, or 3.4%, to \$2.276 billion at June 30, 2011 from \$2.201 billion at December 31, 2010. The increase resulted from increases of \$32.5 million in certificates of deposit of \$100,000 and over, \$31.5 million in interest bearing transaction accounts, \$26.8 million in public fund certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more, \$19.2 million in other certificates of deposit, \$11.2 million in money market accounts, \$8.2 million in savings accounts, and \$4.4 million in demand deposits. Offsetting these increases were decreases of \$55.0 million in brokered deposits and \$3.3 million in CDARS certificates of deposit.

Total short-term borrowings decreased by \$35.6 million, or 20.5%, to \$138.4 million at June 30, 2011 from \$174.1 million at December 31, 2010. The decrease resulted primarily from decreases of \$30.0 million in other borrowings, primarily from short-term advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis. In addition, securities sold under agreements to repurchase decreased by \$15.0 million. Offsetting these decreases were increases of \$9.0 million in federal funds purchased.

Total equity increased by \$12.3 million, or 5.0%, to \$259.4 million at June 30, 2011 from \$247.1 million at December 31, 2010. The increase in total equity resulted from net income of \$14.0 million, plus the increase in the accumulated other comprehensive income of \$2.4 million, less dividends of \$5.0 million, plus \$647,000 in stock compensation expense, plus \$336,000 for stock issued through options exercised (including tax benefit).

The FDIC's risk-based capital regulations require that all insured banking organizations maintain an 8.0% total risk-based capital ratio. The FDIC has also established definitions of "well capitalized" as a 5.0% Tier I leverage capital ratio, a 6.0% Tier I risk-based capital ratio and a 10.0% total risk-based capital ratio. All of the Bank's ratios continue to be above these "well capitalized" levels. The Federal Reserve also has established minimum regulatory capital requirements for bank holding companies. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had regulatory capital in excess of these minimum requirements with a Tier 1 leverage capital ratio, Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio and total risk-based capital ratio of 10.0%, 12.3% and 13.6%, respectively.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document (including information incorporated by reference) contains, and future oral and written statements of the Company and its management may contain, forward-looking statements, within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of the Company. Forward-looking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of the Company's management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," "intend," "estimate," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should" or other similar expressions. Additionally, all statements in this document, including forward-looking statements, speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events.

The Company's ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. The factors, which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries are detailed in the "Risk Factors" section included under Item 1a. of Part I of our Form 10-K. In addition to the risk factors described in that section, there are other factors that may impact any public company, including ours, which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries. These additional factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Legislative or regulatory changes or actions, including the "Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act" and the regulations required to be promulgated there under, which may adversely affect the business of the Company and its subsidiaries.
 - The costs, effects and outcomes of existing or future litigation.
- Changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by state and federal regulatory agencies, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
 - The ability of the Company to manage risks associated with the foregoing as well as anticipated.

These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements.

ITEM 3 – QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest rate risk represents the Company's primary market risk exposure. The Company does not have a material exposure to foreign currency exchange risk, does not have any material amount of derivative financial instruments and does not maintain a trading portfolio. The board of directors annually reviews and approves the policy used to manage interest rate risk. The policy was last reviewed and approved in May 2011. The policy sets guidelines for balance sheet structure, which are designed to protect the Company from the impact that interest rate changes could have on net income, but does not necessarily indicate the effect on future net interest income. The Company, through its Asset/Liability Committee, manages interest rate risk by monitoring the computer simulated earnings impact of various rate scenarios and general market conditions. The Company then modifies its long-term risk parameters by attempting to generate the type of loans, investments, and deposits that currently fit the Company's needs, as determined by the Asset/Liability Committee. This computer simulation analysis measures the net interest income impact of various interest rate scenario changes during the next 12 months. If the change in net interest income is less than 3% of primary capital, the balance sheet structure is considered to be within acceptable risk levels. As of June 30, 2011, the Company's potential pretax exposure was within the Company's policy limit, and not significantly different from December 31, 2010.

ITEM 4 – CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, management has evaluated, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) were effective as of June 30, 2011. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. These disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect its internal control over financial reporting.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION

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Part II - Other Information

Item 1. Legal proceedings

There are no material pending legal proceedings to which the Company or its subsidiaries is a party other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to their respective businesses.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of Part I of the Company's 2010 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table provides information as of June 30, 2011 with respect to shares of common stock repurchased by the Company during the quarter then ended:

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities(a)

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number (or Appropriate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| April 1-30 | 0 | \$ 0 | 0 | \$ 0 |
| May 1-31 | 473 | 21.36 | 0 | 0 |
| June 1-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 473 | \$ 21.36 | 0 | \$ 0 |

- (a) The shares purchased during the periods were credited to the deferred share accounts of non-employee directors under the Company's directors' deferred compensation plan. These shares were purchased in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Removed and Reserved

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1 Form of Retirement Transition Agreement between Lakeland Financial Corporation and Charles D. Smith (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed on July 13, 2011.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION

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Part II - Other Information

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LAKELAND FINANCIAL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: August 8, 2011 /s/ Michael L. Kubacki
Michael L. Kubacki – Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 8, 2011 /s/ David M. Findlay
David M. Findlay –President
and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 8, 2011 /s/ Teresa A. Bartman
Teresa A. Bartman – Senior Vice President-
Finance and Controller

