

Contango ORE, Inc.
Form 10-Q
February 07, 2019

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2018

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-35770

CONTANGO ORE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 27-3431051
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

SPEEDWAY, SUITE 925 3700 BUFFALO

77098

HOUSTON, TEXAS

(Address of
principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(713) 877-1311

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	Emerging growth company
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If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The total number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding as of February 7, 2019 was 6,357,113.

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CONTANGO ORE, INC.

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All references in this Form 10-Q to the “Company”, “CORE”, “we”, “us” or “our” are to Contango ORE, Inc.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(Unaudited)****Item 1 - Financial Statements**

	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$10,428,232	\$13,810,805
Prepaid expenses and other	106,664	155,671
Total current assets	10,534,896	13,966,476
OTHER ASSETS:		
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC (Note 4)	—	—
Total other assets	—	—
TOTAL ASSETS	\$10,534,896	\$13,966,476
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$10,324	\$11,192
Accrued liabilities	54,663	245,212
Total current liabilities	64,987	256,404
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 11)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized; 6,357,113 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2018; 6,153,266 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018	63,571	61,533
Additional paid-in capital	56,478,299	54,949,370
Accumulated deficit	(46,071,961)	(41,300,831)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	10,469,909	13,710,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$10,534,896	\$13,966,476

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
EXPENSES:				
General and administrative expense	\$(1,103,750)	\$(808,344)	\$(2,097,183)	\$(1,476,980)
Total expenses	(1,103,750)	(808,344)	(2,097,183)	(1,476,980)
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE):				
Interest income	58,020	—	116,053	—
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC (Note 4)	(840,000)	—	(2,790,000)	—
NET LOSS	\$(1,885,730)	\$(808,344)	\$(4,771,130)	\$(1,476,980)
LOSS PER SHARE				
Basic and diluted	\$(0.30)	\$(0.14)	\$(0.77)	\$(0.28)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING				
Basic and diluted	6,260,796	5,650,321	6,209,042	5,289,934

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(Unaudited)**

	Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$(4,771,130)	\$(1,476,980)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	1,530,967	998,117
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	2,790,000	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other	49,007	50,231
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(191,417)	(6,495)
Net cash used in operating activities	(592,573)	(435,127)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash invested in Peak Gold, LLC	(2,790,000)	—
Net cash used by investing activities	(2,790,000)	—
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash from warrant exercises and capital raise, net	—	11,065,116
Net cash provided by financing activities	—	11,065,116
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,382,573)	10,629,989
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	13,810,805	5,191,749
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$10,428,232	\$15,821,738

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
Balance at June 30, 2018	<i>6,153,266</i>	<i>\$61,533</i>	<i>\$54,949,370</i>	<i>\$(41,300,831)</i>	<i>\$ 13,710,072</i>
Stock-based compensation	—	—	<i>1,530,967</i>	—	<i>1,530,967</i>
Restricted stock activity	<i>184,334</i>	<i>1,843</i>	<i>(1,843)</i>	—	—
Stock option exercises	<i>19,513</i>	<i>195</i>	<i>(195)</i>	—	—
Net loss for the period	—	—	—	<i>(4,771,130)</i>	<i>(4,771,130)</i>
Balance at December 31, 2018	<i>6,357,113</i>	<i>\$63,571</i>	<i>\$56,478,299</i>	<i>\$(46,071,961)</i>	<i>\$ 10,469,909</i>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Unaudited)

1. Organization and Business

Contango ORE, Inc. (“CORE” or the “Company”) is a Houston-based company that engages in the exploration in Alaska for gold and associated minerals through a joint venture company, Peak Gold, LLC (the “Joint Venture Company”). The Company was formed on *September 1, 2010* as a Delaware corporation for the purpose of engaging in the exploration in the State of Alaska for gold ore and associated minerals. The Company currently has *two* wholly owned subsidiaries, AU CORE, Inc. and CORE Alaska, LLC. AU CORE, Inc. historically owned unpatented mining claims. Those claims were transferred to the Joint Venture Company in *January 2015*. CORE participates in the Joint Venture Company through its wholly owned subsidiary, CORE Alaska, LLC.

The Company is in an exploration stage. The Company’s fiscal year end is *June 30*.

On *November 29, 2010*, Contango Mining Company (“Contango Mining”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Contango Oil & Gas Company (“Contango”), assigned its properties and certain other assets and liabilities to Contango. Contango contributed the properties and \$3.5 million of cash to the Company, in exchange for approximately *1.6* million shares of the Company’s common stock, which were distributed to Contango’s shareholders of record. The above transactions occurred among companies under common control and were accounted for as transactions among entities under common control, in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 805, “Business Combinations” whereby the acquired assets and liabilities were recognized in the financial statements at their carrying amounts.

The properties contributed by Contango included: (i) a *100%* leasehold interest in an estimated *675,000* acres (the “Tetlin Lease”) from the Tetlin Village Council, the council formed by the governing body for the Native Village of Tetlin, an Alaska Native Tribe (the “Tetlin Village Council”); and (ii) approximately *18,021* acres in unpatented mining claims from the state of Alaska for the exploration of gold ore and associated minerals. Juneau Exploration L.P. (“JEX”) initially retained a *3.0%* production royalty on contributed properties. On *September 29, 2014*, JEX sold its *3.0%* production royalty to Royal Gold, Inc. (“Royal Gold”). See Note 9 - Related Party Transactions. If any of the properties are placed into commercial production, the Joint Venture Company would be obligated to pay a *3.0%* production royalty to Royal Gold.

In *September 2012*, the Company and JEX entered into an Advisory Agreement in which JEX assisted the Company in acquiring *474* unpatented state of Alaska mining claims consisting of *71,896* acres for the exploration of gold ore

and associated minerals in exchange for a 2.0% production royalty on properties acquired after *July 1, 2012*. On *September 29, 2014*, JEX sold its 2.0% production royalty to Royal Gold and the Company terminated its Advisory Agreement with JEX. See Note 9 - Related Party Transactions. If any properties acquired after *July 1, 2012* are placed into commercial production, the Joint Venture Company will be obligated to pay Royal Gold a 2.0% production royalty relating to those properties.

On *September 29, 2014*, the Company entered into a Master Agreement (the “Master Agreement”) with Royal Gold, pursuant to which the parties agreed, subject to the satisfaction of various closing conditions, to form a joint venture to advance exploration and development of the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property (defined below), prospective for gold ore and associated minerals (the “Transactions”). The Transactions closed on *January 8, 2015* (the “Closing”).

In connection with the Closing, the Company contributed its Tetlin Lease and state of Alaska mining claims near Tok, Alaska (the “Peak Gold Joint Venture Property”), together with other property, to the Joint Venture Company, a newly formed limited liability company. The Joint Venture Company is managed according to a Limited Liability Company Agreement (the “JV LLCA”) between subsidiaries of Royal Gold and the Company. At the Closing, Royal Gold made an initial investment of \$5 million to fund exploration activity. The initial \$5 million did *not* give Royal Gold an equity stake in the Joint Venture Company. Royal Gold had the option to obtain up to 40% interest in the joint venture by investing up to \$30 million (inclusive of the initial \$5 million investment) prior to *October 2018*. As of *December 31, 2018*, Royal Gold has contributed approximately \$33.0 million to the Joint Venture Company and has earned a cumulative economic interest of 40.0%. The proceeds of Royal Gold’s investment were used for additional exploration of the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. Royal Gold serves as the Manager of the Joint Venture Company and manages, directs, and controls operations of the Joint Venture Company.

On *November 10, 2017*, subsidiaries of Royal Gold and the Company entered into Amendment *No. 1* to the JV LLCA, which, among other things, amended the JV LLCA to add certain claims, previously purchased by the Joint Venture Company. The claims that were added consist of 541 unpatented state of Alaska mining claims over 84,840 acres for the exploration of gold ore and associated minerals (the “New Properties”). In return for locating the New Properties and incurring all related expenses, the Joint Venture Company granted to a subsidiary of Royal Gold a 3.0% production royalty on (i) the New Properties, (ii) prior to *October 31, 2018*, any additional properties contributed to the Joint Venture Company, and (iii) subsequent to *October 31, 2018*, any additional properties contributed to the Joint Venture Company if Royal Gold earns a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company by *October 31, 2018* (all such properties subject to the 3.0% production royalty, “Additional Properties”).

On January 18, 2019, CORE Alaska, LLC and Royal Alaska, LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company and Royal Gold, respectively, entered into an Amendment No. 2 (the “Amendment”) to the JV LLCA. The Amendment, among other things, (i) defines certain project areas and a resource area in reference to properties owned or controlled by the Joint Venture Company; (ii) allows CORE Alaska, LLC and Royal Alaska, LLC to agree to sell their respective interests in the Joint Venture Company in respect of fewer than all such project areas in a joint sale process by the Company and Royal Gold; (iii) creates a tag right on a transfer by either CORE Alaska, LLC or Royal Alaska, LLC of any portion of its interest in the resource area; and (iv) creates a drag right in a transfer by Royal Alaska of its entire interest in the resource area and, if the drag right is not exercised as to the resource area in a transfer of that area, then the drag right may be incorporated into the surviving entities that would hold certain other properties owned by the Joint Venture Company that were not transferred. If Royal Alaska, LLC exercises this right, CORE Alaska, LLC will

be obligated to sell 20% of the membership interest or interest in the resource area, as applicable, to a bona fide third party purchaser on the same terms and conditions as the interest being sold by Royal Alaska, LLC.

The Company has completed eight years of exploration efforts on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property, which has resulted in identifying two mineral deposits (Peak and North Peak) and several other gold, silver, and copper prospects. The Joint Venture Company completed one phase of drilling in 2018 on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. The Joint Venture Company had an exploration budget for calendar 2018 of \$10.7 million. Actual expenditures for calendar year 2018 for the Joint Venture Company were \$10.1 million.

The Company has retained Petrie Partners, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald and Co. to advise on its strategic options, including in connection with a joint sale process with its joint venture partner, Royal Gold. Royal Gold has retained Scotia Capital Inc. to conduct a joint process for the sale directly or indirectly of the Peak Gold Project's properties in Alaska. The Company's 60% interest in the Joint Venture Company plus cash on hand constitute substantially all of the Company's assets. The Company has no borrowings.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for interim financial information, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), including instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do *not* include all the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete annual consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of the consolidated financial statements have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes included in the Company’s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended *June 30, 2018*. The results of operations for the *three and six months* ended *December 31, 2018* are *not* necessarily indicative of the results that *may* be expected for the fiscal year ending *June 30, 2019*.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company’s significant accounting policies are described below.

Management Estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents. Cash equivalents are considered to be highly liquid securities having an original maturity of 90 days or less at the date of acquisition.

Stock-Based Compensation. The Company applies the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. Under this method, compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized over the award vesting period. The Company classifies the benefits of tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for the options (excess tax benefit) as financing cash flows. The fair value of each option award is estimated as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of each restricted stock award is equal to the Company’s stock price on the date the award is granted.

Income Taxes. The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of (i) temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements and (ii) operating loss and tax credit carry-forwards for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, based upon management's estimates, it is more likely than *not* that a portion of the deferred tax assets will *not* be realized in a future period. The Company recognized a full valuation allowance as of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018* and has *not* recognized any tax provision or benefit for any of the periods. The Company reviews its tax positions quarterly for tax uncertainties. The Company did *not* have any uncertain tax positions as of *December 31, 2018* or *June 30, 2018*. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act was signed into law on *December 22, 2017*, and enacts significant changes to U.S. income tax and related laws. Among other things, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act reduces the top U.S. corporate income tax rate from *35.0%* to *21.0%*, and makes changes to certain other business-related exclusions, deductions and credits. The Company has assessed the impact of the tax bill on the financial statements as of *December 31, 2018*.

Due to the Company's full valuation allowance, the changes to the income tax provision as a result of the bill are *not* expected to have a consolidated financial statement impact.

Investment in the Joint Venture Company. The Company's consolidated financial statements include the investment in the Joint Venture Company which is accounted for under the equity method. The Company has designated *one* of the *three* members of the Management Committee and on *December 31, 2018* held a *60.0%* ownership interest in the Joint Venture Company. Royal Gold will initially serve as the Manager of the Joint Venture Company and will manage, direct, and control operations of the Joint Venture Company. The Company recorded its investment at the historical cost of the assets contributed. The cumulative losses of the Joint Venture Company exceed the historical cost of the assets contributed to the Joint Venture Company; therefore the Company's investment in the Joint Venture Company as of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018* is zero. The portion of the cumulative loss that exceeds the Company's investment will be suspended and recognized against earnings, if any, from the investment in the Joint Venture Company in future periods.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements. In *August 2016*, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("the FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") *No. 2016-15: Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*. The main objective of this update is to reduce the diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows under *Topic 230, Statement of Cash Flows*, and other Topics. This update addresses *eight* specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. The *eight* cash flow updates relate to the following issues: *1) debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs; 2) settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments or other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing; 3) contingent consideration payments made after a business combination; 4) proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims; 5) proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, including bank-owned life insurance policies; 6) distributions received from equity method investees; 7) beneficial interest in securitization transactions; and 8) separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle.* The amendments in this update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after *December 15, 2017*, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company will continue to assess the impact this *may* have on its consolidated statement of cash flows.

The Company has evaluated all other recent accounting pronouncements and believes that *none* of them will have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

4. Investment in the Joint Venture Company

The Company recorded its investment at the historical book value of the assets contributed to the Joint Venture Company which was approximately \$1.4 million. As of *December 31, 2018*, Royal Gold has contributed approximately \$33.6 million to the Joint Venture Company, and earned a cumulative economic interest of 40.0%. As of *December 31, 2018*, the Company held a 60.0% economic interest in the Joint Venture Company.

The following table is a roll-forward of our investment in the Joint Venture Company from *January 8, 2015* (inception) to *December 31, 2018*:

	Investment in Peak Gold, LLC
Investment balance at June 30, 2014	\$—
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC, at inception January 8, 2015	1,433,886
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	(1,433,886)
Investment balance at June 30, 2015	\$—
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC	—
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	—
Investment balance at June 30, 2016	\$—
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC	—
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	—
Investment balance at June 30, 2017	\$—
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC	2,580,000
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	(2,580,000)
Investment balance as June 30, 2018	\$—
Investment in Peak Gold, LLC	2,790,000
Loss from equity investment in Peak Gold, LLC	(2,790,000)
Investment balance at December 31, 2018	\$—

The following table presents the condensed balance sheet for the Joint Venture Company as of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018*:

	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$316,909	\$2,628,195
Mineral properties	1,433,886	1,433,886
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,750,795	\$4,062,081
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$911,969	\$2,403,257
TOTAL LIABILITIES	911,969	2,403,257
MEMBERS' EQUITY	838,826	1,658,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$1,750,795	\$4,062,081

The Company's share of the Joint Venture Company's results of operations for the *three* and six months ended *December 31, 2018* was a loss of approximately \$0.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. The Company's share in the results of operations for the *three* and six months ended *December 31, 2017* was a loss of approximately \$0.9 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. The Joint Venture Company loss does *not* include any provisions related to income taxes as the Joint Venture Company is treated as a partnership for income tax purposes. As of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018*, the Company's share of the Joint Venture Company's inception-to-date cumulative loss of approximately \$30.2 million and \$27.0 million, respectively, exceeded the historical book value of our investment in the Joint Venture Company, of \$1.4 million. Therefore, the investment in the Joint Venture Company had a balance of *zero* as of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018*. The Company is currently obligated to make additional capital contributions to the Joint Venture Company in proportion to its percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company. Failure to make such additional capital contributions would cause the Company's ownership in the Joint Venture Company to be diluted. Therefore, the Company only records losses up to the point of its cumulative investment which was approximately \$6.8 million as of *December 31, 2018*. The portion of the cumulative loss that exceeds the Company's investment will be suspended and recognized against earnings, if any, from the Company's investment in the Joint Venture Company in future periods. The suspended losses for the period from inception to *December 31, 2018* are approximately \$23.4 million. The following table presents the condensed results of operations for Joint Venture Company for the *three and six* month periods ended *December 31, 2018* and *2017*:

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended	Period from Inception January 8, 2015 to December 31, 2018
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
EXPENSES:					
Exploration expense	\$ 675,796	\$ 1,186,445	\$4,230,592	\$4,094,520	\$32,740,849
General and administrative	208,871	236,723	1,239,406	691,999	6,818,101

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Total expenses	884,667	1,423,168	5,469,998	4,786,519	39,558,950
NET LOSS	\$ 884,667	\$ 1,423,168	\$ 5,469,998	\$ 4,786,519	\$ 39,558,950

5. Prepaid Expenses and other

The Company has prepaid expenses of \$106,664 and \$155,671 as of *December 31, 2018* and *June 30, 2018*, respectively. Prepaid expenses primarily relate to prepaid insurance and management fees.

6. Loss Per Share

A reconciliation of the components of basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock is presented below:

	Three Months Ended December 31,					
	2018			2017		
	Loss	Weighted Average Shares	Loss Per Share	Loss	Weighted Average Shares	Loss Per Share
Basic Loss per Share:						
Net loss attributable to common stock	\$(1,885,730)	6,260,796	\$(0.30)	\$(808,344)	5,650,321	\$(0.14)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Net loss attributable to common stock	\$(1,885,730)	6,260,796	\$(0.30)	\$(808,344)	5,650,321	\$(0.14)

	Six Months Ended December 31,					
	2018			2017		
	Loss	Weighted Average Shares	Loss Per Share	Loss	Weighted Average Shares	Loss Per Share
Basic Loss per Share:						
Net loss attributable to common stock	\$ (4,771,130)	6,209,042	\$ (0.77)	\$ (1,476,980)	5,289,934	\$ (0.28)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Net loss attributable to common stock	\$ (4,771,130)	6,209,042	\$ (0.77)	\$ (1,476,980)	5,289,934	\$ (0.28)

No options or warrants to purchase shares of common stock were outstanding as of December 31, 2018. Options and warrants to purchase 35,625 shares of common stock were outstanding *June 30, 2018*. These options and warrants were *not* included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for each of the *three and six* month periods ended *December 31, 2018* and *2017* because they are anti-dilutive as a result of the Company's net loss for all periods

presented.

7. Shareholders' Equity

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of *30,000,000* shares of common stock and *15,000,000* shares of preferred stock. As of *December 31, 2018*, we had *6,357,113* shares of common stock outstanding, including *456,666* shares of unvested restricted stock. No shares of preferred stock have been issued. The remaining restricted stock outstanding will vest between January 2020 and January 2021.

In *September 2016*, the Company distributed a Private Placement Memorandum to its warrant holders to give them the opportunity to exercise their warrants at a reduced exercise price and receive shares of common stock, par value *\$0.01* per share of the Company by paying the reduced exercise price in cash and surrendering the original warrants. The offering applied to warrant holders with an exercise price of *\$10.00* per share originally issued in *March 2013*. The offering gave the warrant holders the opportunity to exercise the warrants for *\$9.00* per share. The offer expired on *November 15, 2016*. In conjunction with the offering, a total of *587,500* warrants were exercised resulting in total cash to the Company of *\$5.3* million. Of the total warrants exercised, *83,334* were exercised by entities controlled by Mr. Brad Juneau, the Company's Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. Proceeds from the exercise of the warrants will be used for working capital purposes and for funding future obligations to the Joint Venture Company.

On *October 13, 2017*, the Company distributed a Private Placement Memorandum to its warrant holders to give them the opportunity to exercise their warrants at a reduced exercise price and receive shares of common stock, par value *\$0.01* per share of the Company by paying the reduced exercise price in cash and surrendering the original warrants. The offering applied to warrant holders with an exercise price of *\$10.00* per share originally issued in *March 2013*. The offering gave the warrant holders the opportunity to exercise the warrants for *\$9.50* per share. The offer expired on *November 10, 2017*. In conjunction with the offering a total of *124,999* warrants were exercised resulting in total cash to the Company of *\$1.2* million. Proceeds from the exercise of the warrants will be used for working capital purposes and for funding future obligations to the Joint Venture Company.

In connection with the exercise offer, the Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement dated as of *November 10, 2017*, with each investor who exercised warrants in the offering. The Company agreed to file up to *two* demand registration statements with the SEC at any time after expiration of the offer but before *three* years after expiration of the offer in order to register the resale of shares of Common Stock, issued in the offer. In addition, the Registration Rights Agreement granted certain piggyback rights to the investors.

During fiscal year *2018*, *580,999* warrants were exercised resulting in the issuance of *404,923* shares of common stock and total cash to the Company of *\$2.3* million. All of the outstanding warrants have been exercised.

On *October 23, 2017*, the Company completed the issuance and sale of an aggregate of *553,672* shares of common stock, par value *\$0.01* per share, of the Company at a purchase price of *\$19.00* per share of Common Stock, in a private placement (the “Private Placement”) to certain purchasers (the “Purchasers”) pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of *October 23, 2017* (the “Purchase Agreement”), by and among the Company and each Purchaser. The Private Placement resulted in approximately *\$10.5* million of gross proceeds and approximately *\$10.0* million of net proceeds. The Company will use the net proceeds from the Private Placement for working capital purposes and for funding future obligations to the Joint Venture Company. Petrie Partners Securities, LLC (“Petrie”) acted as sole placement agent in connection with the Private Placement and received a placement agent fee equal to *6.50%*, which was reduced to *3.25%* for existing stockholders and other Purchasers referred by those existing stockholders, or a total of *\$0.5* million in placement agent fees. Juneau Exploration L.P., which is controlled by Brad Juneau, the Company’s President and Chief Executive Officer, purchased *13,200* shares of Common Stock in the Private Placement for a price of *\$250,800* and on the same terms and conditions as all other Purchasers.

The shares sold in the Private Placement were issued in reliance on an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of *1933*, as amended, pursuant to Section *4(2)* thereof. The bases for the availability of this exemption include the facts that the issuance was a private transaction which did *not* involve a public offering and the shares were offered and sold to a limited number of purchasers.

Pursuant to a Registration Rights Agreement dated as of *October 23, 2017* (the “Registration Rights Agreement”), by and among the Company and the Purchasers, the Company agreed to file up to *two* demand registration statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission at any time after *one* year after the Private Placement but before *three* years after the Private Placement in order to register the resale of the shares of Common Stock. In addition, the Registration Rights Agreement granted certain piggyback rights to the Purchasers.

Rights Plan

On *December 19, 2012*, the Company adopted a Rights Plan which was amended on *March 21, 2013*, *September 29, 2014*, *December 18, 2014*, *November 11, 2015*, and *April 22, 2018*. On *April 22, 2018*, the Company and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent, entered into an Amendment *No. 5* (the “Amendment”) to the Rights Plan. The Amendment, among other things, amends the Rights Plan to (i) extend the term of the Rights Agreement for *one* year until *December 19, 2019*; and (ii) decrease the stock ownership threshold at which the rights become exercisable from *twenty-three* percent (*23%*) to *fifteen* percent (*15%*), which is the same as the original percentage when the Rights Plan was adopted in *2012*. The Amendment also provides for certain other conforming and technical amendments to the terms and provisions of the Rights Plan. The Company has engaged advisors to assist in determining the strategic direction of the Company and its alternatives.

Under the terms of the amended Rights Plan, each right (a “Right”) will entitle the holder to purchase *1/100* of a share of Series A Junior Preferred Stock of the Company (the “Preferred Stock”) at an exercise price of *\$80* per share. The Rights will be exercisable and will trade separately from the shares of common stock if a person, or group, acquires beneficial ownership of *15%* or more of the Company’s common stock. Under the terms of the Rights Plan, Rights have been distributed as a dividend at the rate of *one* Right for each share of common stock that was held as of the

close of business on *December 20, 2012*. Stockholders will *not* receive certificates for the Rights, but the Rights will become part of each share of common stock. An additional Right will be issued along with each share of common stock that is issued or sold by the Company after *December 20, 2012*. The Rights are scheduled to expire on *December 19, 2019*.

8. Formation of Joint Venture Company

On *January 8, 2015*, the Company and Royal Gold, through their wholly-owned subsidiaries, consummated the Transactions contemplated under the Master Agreement, including the formation of a joint venture to advance exploration and development of the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property, for gold ore and associated minerals prospects.

In connection with the Closing of the Transactions, the Company formed the Joint Venture Company. The Company contributed to the Joint Venture Company its Peak Gold Joint Venture Property near Tok, Alaska, together with other property (the “Contributed Assets”) with a historical book value of *\$1.4* million and an agreed fair value of *\$45.7* million (the “Contributed Assets Value”). At the Closing, the Company and Royal Gold, through their wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into the JV LLCA.

Royal Gold serves as manager of the Joint Venture Company (the “Manager”) and will initially manage, direct, and control the operations of the Joint Venture Company.

As a condition to the Closing, the Company and the Tetlin Village Council entered into a Stability Agreement dated *October 2, 2014*, pursuant to which the Company and the Tetlin Village Council, among other things, acknowledged the continued validity of the Tetlin Lease and all its terms notwithstanding any future change in the status of the Tetlin Village Council or the property subject to the Tetlin Lease.

At Closing, Royal Gold, as an initial contribution to the Joint Venture Company, contributed *\$5* million (the “Royal Gold Initial Contribution”). The Royal Gold Initial Contribution did *not* entitle Royal Gold to a percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company. Therefore, at Closing, Royal Gold’s percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company equaled *0%* and the Company’s percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company equaled *100%*. In addition, as part of the Closing, Royal Gold paid the Company *\$750,000*, which was utilized to partially reimburse the Company for costs and expenses incurred in the Transactions and is included as an expense reimbursement on our consolidated statements of operations.

The JV LLCA gave Royal Gold the right, but *not* the obligation, to earn a percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company (up to a maximum of *40%*) by making additional contributions of capital to the Joint Venture Company of up to *\$30* million (inclusive of the Royal Gold Initial Contribution of *\$5* million) during the period beginning on the Closing and ending on *October 31, 2018*. On *April 26, 2018* Royal Gold funded its full *\$30* million investment and earned a percentage interest of *40%* in the Joint Venture Company, with the Company retaining a percentage interest of *60%* in the Joint Venture Company. Once Royal Gold earned a *40%* interest in the Joint Venture Company, the Company and Royal Gold began to contribute funds in proportion to their respective percentage interests in the Joint

Venture Company. From inception through *December 31, 2018*, Royal Gold has contributed approximately \$33.6 million (inclusive of the Royal Gold Initial Contribution of \$5 million). The proceeds of Royal Gold's contributions to the Joint Venture Company (including the Royal Gold Initial Contribution) were used to fund further exploration activities on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Properties.

Pursuant to the terms of the JV LLCA, the members contribute funds to approved programs and budgets in proportion to their respective percentage interests in the Joint Venture Company. If a member elects not to contribute to an approved program and budget or contributes less than its proportionate interest, its percentage interest will be recalculated by dividing (i) the sum of (a) the value of its initial contribution plus (b) the total of all of its capital contributions plus (c) the amount of the capital contribution it elects to fund, by (ii) the sum of (a), (b) and (c) above for both members multiplied by 100. The JV LLCA was amended in January 2019 (see Note 12 Subsequent Events).

The Company and Royal Gold have the right to transfer their respective percentage interests in the Joint Venture Company to a third party, subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the JV LLCA. If either member intends to transfer all or part of its percentage interest to a bona fide third party purchaser, the other member has the right to require the transferring member to include in the intended transfer the other member's proportionate share of its percentage interests at the same purchase price and terms and conditions. Now that Royal Gold has earned a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company, it has the additional right to require the Company to sell up to 20% of the interest in the Joint Venture Company in a sale of Royal Gold's entire 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company, or up to 20% of the interest in a specified resource area in a sale of Royal Gold's entire interest in the resource area, to a bona fide third party purchaser. If Royal Gold exercises this right, the Company will be obligated to sell 20% of the membership interest or interest in the resource area, as applicable, to a bona fide third party purchaser on the same terms and conditions as the interest being sold by Royal Gold.

The Joint Venture Company is a variable interest entity as defined by FASB ASU No. 2015-02, *Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis*. The Company is *not* the primary beneficiary since it does *not* currently have the power to direct the activities of the Joint Venture Company. The Company's ownership interest in the Joint Venture Company is therefore accounted under the equity method.

9. Related Party Transactions

Mr. Brad Juneau, the Company's Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, is also the sole manager of JEX, a private company involved in the exploration and production of oil and natural gas. JEX was responsible for securing and negotiating the Tetlin Lease and assisting in obtaining other properties and initially engaged Avalon Development Corporation ("Avalon") to conduct mineral exploration activities on the Tetlin Lease. In agreeing to transfer its interests in such properties to Contango Mining, a predecessor of the Company, JEX retained a 3.0% overriding royalty interest in the properties transferred.

In *September 2012*, the Company and JEX entered into an Advisory Agreement in which JEX provided assistance in acquiring additional properties in Alaska in exchange for an overriding royalty of 2.0% on properties acquired after *July 1, 2012*.

On *September 29, 2014*, pursuant to a Royalty Purchase Agreement between JEX and Royal Gold (the "Royalty Purchase Agreement"), JEX sold its entire overriding royalty interest in the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property to Royal Gold. On the same date, the Company terminated its Advisory Agreement with JEX.

In *September 2016*, the Company and JEX entered into a Management Services Agreement effective *October 1, 2016*. Under the Management Services Agreement, JEX will manage the business and affairs of the Company and its interest in the Joint Venture Company, subject to the direction of the Board, including corporate finance, accounting, budget, SEC reporting, risk management, operations and stockholder relation functions of the Company for an initial term of *one* year, and thereafter on a monthly basis, for a monthly fee of *\$32,000* which includes an allocation of approximately *\$6,900* for office space and equipment. *No* part of the fee will be allocated for compensation of Brad Juneau who will be compensated separately as determined by the independent Directors of the Company. JEX will also be reimbursed for its reasonable and necessary costs and expenses of *third* parties incurred for the Company. In addition, executives of JEX *may* be granted restricted stock, stock options or other forms of compensation by the independent Directors of the Company. The Company has adopted this management and compensation program because employees of JEX have historically spent significant time and effort in managing and administering the affairs of the Company. While the Company remains a small exploratory stage entity whose shares are publicly traded, the successful drilling program of the Joint Venture Company has required a significant additional allocation of time and effort to the business and affairs of the Company by the *three* part time executives, *two* of whom are officers of the Company. The amount of time and expertise required to effectively manage and administer the business

and affairs of the Company will continue to be monitored by the Board for necessary adjustments or modifications depending upon the amount of time required to be spent on the business and affairs of the Company by the executives and the progress of the Joint Venture Company in its exploratory programs in Alaska.

On *October 23, 2017*, the Company completed the issuance and sale of an aggregate of 553,672 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company at a purchase price of \$19.00 per share of Common Stock, in the Private Placement to Purchasers pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of *October 23, 2017* (the "Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and each Purchaser. The Private Placement resulted in approximately \$10.5 million of gross proceeds and approximately \$10.0 million of net proceeds. The Company is using the net proceeds from the Private Placement for working capital purposes and for funding future obligations to the Joint Venture Company. Petrie Partners Securities, LLC ("Petrie") acted as sole placement agent in connection with the Private Placement and received a placement agent fee equal to 6.50%, which was reduced to 3.25% for existing stockholders and other Purchasers referred by those existing stockholders, or a total of \$0.5 million in placement agent fees. JEX, which is controlled by Brad Juneau, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, purchased 13,200 shares of Common Stock, in the Private Placement for a price of \$250,800 and on the same terms and conditions as all other Purchasers.

On *April 16, 2018*, Royal Gold filed a Schedule 13D with the Securities and Exchange Commission to reflect Royal Gold's acquisition from an existing stockholder of 13.6% of the Company's outstanding common stock at a price of \$26 per share, subject to certain adjustments. Royal Gold also filed amendments to its Schedule 13D on June 29, 2018, October 4, 2018, and January 22, 2018. As of January 22, 2018 Royal Gold reported beneficial ownership of approximately 12.7% of the Company's outstanding common stock. Royal Gold is the parent company of Royal Alaska LLC, CORE's joint venture partner in the Joint Venture Company.

The Company has retained Petrie Partners, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald and Co. to advise on its strategic options, including in connection with a joint sale process with its joint venture partner, Royal Gold. Royal Gold has retained Scotia Capital Inc. to conduct a joint process for the sale directly or indirectly of the Peak Gold Project's properties in Alaska. The Company's 60% interest in the Joint Venture Company plus cash on hand constitute substantially all of the Company's assets. The Company has no borrowings.

10. Stock-Based Compensation

On *September 15, 2010*, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") adopted the Contango ORE, Inc. Equity Compensation Plan (the "2010 Plan"). On *November 14, 2017*, the Stockholders of the Company approved and adopted the Contango ORE, Inc. Amended and Restated 2010 Equity Compensation Plan (the "Amended Equity Plan"). The amendments to the 2010 Plan included (a) increasing the number of shares of Common Stock that the Company *may* issue under the plan by *500,000* shares; (b) extending the term of the plan until *September 15, 2027*; and (c) allowing the Company to withhold shares to satisfy the Company's tax withholding obligations with respect to grants paid in Company Stock. Under the Amended Equity Plan, the Board *may* issue up to *1,500,000* shares of common stock and options to officers, directors, employees or consultants of the Company. Awards made under the Amended Equity Plan are subject to such restrictions, terms and conditions, including forfeitures, if any, as *may* be determined by the Board. As of *December 31, 2018*, there were *456,666* shares of unvested restricted common stock outstanding and zero options to purchase shares of common stock outstanding issued under the Amended Equity Plan. Stock-based compensation expense for the *three* and six months ended *December 31, 2018* was *\$785,999* and *1,530,967*, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense for the *three* and six months ended *December 31, 2017* was *\$580,379* and *\$998,117*, respectively. The amount of compensation expense recognized does *not* reflect cash compensation actually received by the individuals during the current period, but rather represents the amount of expense recognized by the Company in accordance with GAAP. All restricted stock grants are expensed over the applicable vesting period based on the fair value at the date the stock is granted. The grant date fair value *may* differ from the fair value on the date the individual's restricted stock actually vests.

Restricted Stock. In *November 2017*, the Company granted *155,000* restricted shares of common stock to its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted stock granted vests in *January 2020*. As of *December 31, 2018*, there were *155,000* shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

In *November 2018*, the Company granted *155,000* restricted shares of common stock to its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted stock granted vests in *January 2021*. As of *December 31, 2018*, there were *155,000* shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

In *December 2018*, the Company cancelled *117,332* shares of unvested restricted stock held by two of its executives and the non-executive directors that were set to vest on *January 1, 2019*. The Company also granted *146,666* restricted shares of common stock to two of its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted shares cancellation and the subsequent new grants were accounted for as modification to the original restricted stock grants. The incremental fair value will be recognized over the vesting period. The impact of the modification to the current quarter was immaterial. All of the restricted stock granted in *December 2018* vest in *January 2021*. As of *December 31, 2018*, there were *146,666* shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

As of *December 31, 2018*, the total compensation cost related to unvested awards *not* yet recognized was \$4,267,492. The remaining costs will be recognized over the remaining vesting period of the awards. Neither Brad Juneau, the Company's Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, nor any of the Company's non-executive directors have ever been paid a salary or cash compensation by the Company.

There were *no* stock option exercises during the quarter ended December 31, 2018. During the six months ended December 31, 2018 the Company's current and former executives, directors, and consultants cashless exercised 35,625 stock options resulting in the issuance of 19,513 shares of common stock to the exercising parties and no proceeds to the Company. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company's current executives, directors, and consultants cashless exercised 190,000 stock options resulting in the issuance of 93,026 shares of common stock to the exercising parties and no proceeds to the Company. The Company applies the fair value method to account for stock option expense. Under this method, cash flows from the exercise of stock options resulting from tax benefits in excess of recognized cumulative compensation cost (excess tax benefits) are classified as financing cash flows. See Note 3 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. All employee stock option grants are expensed over the stock option's vesting period based on the fair value at the date the options are granted. The fair value of each option is estimated as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model. As of *December 31, 2018, there were no stock options outstanding*. The total compensation cost related to these options has been fully recognized as all of the options are fully vested.

A summary of the status of stock options granted under the Amended Equity Plan as of *December 31, 2018* and changes during the *three* months then ended, is presented in the table below:

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2018	
	Shares Under Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, June 30, 2018	35,625	\$ 10.01
Granted	—	—
Exercised	35,625	\$ 10.01
Forfeited	—	—
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	—	\$ —
Aggregate intrinsic value	\$—	
Exercisable, end of period	—	\$ —
Aggregate intrinsic value	\$—	
Available for grant, end of period	—	

II. Commitments and Contingencies

Tetlin Lease. The Tetlin Lease had an initial *ten* year term beginning *July 2008* which was extended for an additional *ten* years to *July 15, 2028*, and for so long thereafter as the Joint Venture Company initiates and continues to conduct mining operations on the Tetlin Lease.

Pursuant to the terms of the Tetlin Lease, the Joint Venture Company was required to spend \$350,000 per year until July 15, 2018 in exploration costs. The Company's exploration expenditures through the 2011 exploration program have satisfied this requirement because exploration funds spent in any year in excess of \$350,000 are credited toward future years' exploration cost requirements. Additionally, should the Joint Venture Company derive revenues from the properties covered under the Tetlin Lease, the Joint Venture Company is required to pay the Tetlin Tribal Council a production royalty ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%, depending on the type of metal produced and the year of production. As of December 31, 2018, the Company had paid the Tetlin Tribal Council \$225,000 in exchange for reducing the production royalty payable to them by 0.75%. These payments lowered the production royalty to a range of 1.25% to 4.25%. On or before July 15, 2020, the Tetlin Tribal Council has the option to increase their production royalty by (i) 0.25% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$150,000, (ii) 0.50% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$300,000, or (iii) 0.75% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$450,000. Until such time as production royalties begin, the Joint Venture Company must pay the Tetlin Tribal Council an advance minimum royalty of \$50,000 per year. On July 15, 2012, the advance minimum royalty increased to \$75,000 per year, and subsequent years are escalated by an inflation adjustment.

Gold Exploration. The Joint Venture Company's Triple Z, Tok/Tetlin, Eagle, Bush, West Fork, and Noah claims are all located on state of Alaska lands. The annual claim rentals on these projects vary based on the age of the claims, and are due and payable in full by November 30 of each year. Annual claims rentals for the 2018-2019 assessment year totaled \$227,460. The Joint Venture Company has met the annual labor requirements for the state of Alaska acreage for the next four years, which is the maximum time allowable by Alaska law.

Royal Gold Royalties. The Joint Venture Company is obligated to pay Royal Gold (i) an overriding royalty of 3.0% should the Joint Venture Company derive revenues from the Tetlin Lease, the Additional Properties and certain other properties and (ii) an overriding royalty of 2.0% should the Joint Venture Company derive revenues from certain other properties.

12. Subsequent Events

On January 18, 2019, CORE Alaska, LLC and Royal Alaska, LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company and Royal Gold, respectively, entered into an Amendment No. 2 (the "Amendment") to the JV LLCA. The Amendment, among other things, (i) defines certain project areas and a resource area in reference to properties owned or controlled by the Joint Venture Company; (ii) allows CORE Alaska, LLC and Royal Alaska, LLC to agree to sell their respective interests in the Joint Venture Company in respect of fewer than all such project areas in a joint sale process by the Company and Royal Gold; (iii) creates a tag right on a transfer by either CORE Alaska, LLC or Royal Alaska, LLC of any portion of its interest in the resource area; and (iv) creates a drag right in a transfer by Royal Alaska of its entire interest in the resource area and, if the drag right is not exercised as to the resource area in a transfer of that area, then the drag right may be incorporated into the surviving entities that would hold certain other properties owned by the Joint Venture Company that were not transferred. If Royal Alaska, LLC exercises this right, CORE Alaska, LLC will be obligated to sell 20% of the membership interest or interest in the resource area, as applicable, to a bona fide third party purchaser on the same terms and conditions as the interest being sold by Royal Alaska, LLC.

In February 2019, the Company entered into Retention Agreements with its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and one other employee providing for payments in an aggregate amount of \$1,500,000 upon the occurrence of certain conditions. The Retention Agreements are triggered upon a change of control (as defined in the applicable Retention Agreement), provided that the recipient is employed by the Company when the change of control occurs. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer will receive a payment of \$1,000,000 and \$250,000, respectively, upon a change of control.

Available Information

General information about the Company can be found on the Company's website at www.contangoore.com. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, as well as any amendments and exhibits to those reports, are available free of charge through our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we file or furnish them to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Item 2. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes and other information included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, previously filed with the SEC.

- Impact of new and potential legislative and regulatory changes on mining operating and safety standards;
- Uncertainties of any estimates and projections relating to any future production, costs and expenses;
- Timely and full receipt of sale proceeds from the sale of any of our mined products (if any);
- Stock price and interest rate volatility;
- Federal and state regulatory developments and approvals;
- Availability and cost of material and equipment;
- Actions or inactions of third-parties;
- Potential mechanical failure or under-performance of facilities and equipment;
- Environmental risks;
- Strength and financial resources of competitors;
- Worldwide economic conditions;
- Expanded rigorous monitoring and testing requirements;
 - Ability to obtain insurance coverage on commercially reasonable terms;
- Competition generally and the increasing competitive nature of our industry;
- Risks related to title to properties; and
- Ability to consummate the joint sale process.

You should not unduly rely on these forward-looking statements in this report, as they speak only as of the date of this report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

See the information under the heading “Risk Factors” in this Form 10-Q for some of the important factors that could affect our financial performance or could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates contained in forward-looking statements.

Overview

The Company is a Houston-based company, whose primary business is the participation in a joint venture to explore in the State of Alaska for gold ore and associated minerals. On January 8, 2015, the Company and Royal Gold, Inc. (“Royal Gold”), through their wholly-owned subsidiaries, consummated the transactions (the “Transactions”) contemplated under the Master Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2014 (the “Master Agreement”), including the formation of the Joint Venture Company, to advance exploration of the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property (as defined below), which is prospective for gold and associated minerals. As of December 31, 2018, the Joint Venture Company leased or controlled over an estimated 850,000 acres for the exploration of gold ore and associated minerals.

Background

Contango Mining Company (“Contango Mining”), a wholly owned subsidiary of Contango Oil & Gas Company (“Contango”), was formed for the purpose of mineral exploration in the State of Alaska. The Company was formed on September 1, 2010 as a Delaware corporation and on November 29, 2010, Contango Mining assigned all its properties and certain other assets and liabilities to Contango. Contango contributed the properties and \$3.5 million of cash to the Company, pursuant to the terms of a Contribution Agreement (the “Contribution Agreement”), in exchange for approximately 1.6 million shares of the Company’s common stock. The transactions occurred between companies under common control. Contango then distributed all of the Company’s common stock to Contango’s stockholders of record as of October 15, 2010, promptly after the effective date of the Company’s Registration Statement Form 10 on the basis of one share of common stock for each ten (10) shares of Contango’s common stock then outstanding.

Contango Mining acquired an interest in properties from Juneau Exploration, L.P., (“JEX”) in exchange for \$1 million and a 3.0% overriding royalty interest in the properties granted to JEX. JEX assisted the Company in acquiring additional properties in Alaska pursuant to an Advisory Agreement dated September 6, 2012, and the Company granted to JEX a 2% overriding royalty interest in the additional properties acquired. On September 29, 2014, pursuant to a Royalty Purchase Agreement between JEX and Royal Gold, JEX sold its entire overriding royalty interest in the properties to Royal Gold. On the same date, the Company terminated the Advisory Agreement with JEX. In connection with the closing of the Transactions with Royal Gold (the “Closing”), the Company formed Peak

Gold, LLC (the “Joint Venture Company”) and contributed to the Joint Venture Company the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property near Tok, Alaska, together with other personal property (the “Contributed Assets”) with a historical cost of \$1.4 million and an agreed value of \$45.7 million (the “Contributed Assets Value”). At the Closing, the Company and Royal Gold, through their wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into a Limited Liability Company Agreement for the Joint Venture Company (the “JV LLCA”).

Upon Closing, Royal Gold initially contributed \$5.0 million to fund exploration activity of the Joint Venture Company. The initial \$5.0 million did not give Royal Gold an equity stake in the Joint Venture Company. In connection with the initial contribution, Royal Gold received an option to earn up to a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company by investing up to \$30.0 million (inclusive of the initial \$5.0 million investment) prior to October 2018. As of December 31, 2018, Royal Gold has contributed \$33.0 million (including its initial \$5.0 million investment) to the Joint Venture Company and earned a 40.0% interest in the Joint Venture Company. The proceeds of Royal Gold’s investment have been and will be used for additional exploration of the property it controls. Pursuant to the terms of the JV LLCA, the Company and Royal Gold are required to jointly fund the joint venture operations in proportion to their interests in the Joint Venture Company. If a member elects not to contribute to an approved program and budget or contributes less than its proportionate interest, its percentage interest will be reduced. As of December 31, 2018, the Company had approximately \$10.4 million of cash, cash equivalents, and short term investments. A capital budget of \$10.7 million was approved for the calendar 2018 Exploration Program for the Joint Venture Company, of which the Company’s share was approximately \$6.1 million. Actual expenditures for calendar year 2018 for the Joint Venture Company were \$10.1 million, of which the Company contributed \$5.4 million, including \$0.8 million contributed by the Company to the Joint Venture Company during the quarter ended December 31, 2018. The Company currently holds a 60.0% interest in the Joint Venture Company.

The Company has retained Petrie Partners, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald and Co. to advise on its strategic options, including in connection with a joint sale process with its joint venture partner, Royal Gold. Royal Gold has retained Scotia Capital Inc. to conduct a joint process for the sale directly or indirectly of the Peak Gold Project’s properties in Alaska. The Company’s 60% interest in the Joint Venture Company plus cash on hand constitute substantially all of the Company’s assets. The Company has no borrowings.

Properties

Since 2009, the Company’s primary focus has been the exploration of a mineral lease with the Native Village of Tetlin whose governmental entity is the Tetlin Tribal Council (“Tetlin Tribal Council”) for the exploration of minerals near Tok, Alaska on a currently estimated 675,000 acres (the “Tetlin Lease”) and almost all of the Company’s resources have been directed to that end. All significant work presently conducted by the Company has been directed at exploration of the Tetlin Lease and increasing understanding of the characteristics of, and economics of, any mineralization. There are no known quantifiable mineral reserves on the Tetlin Lease or any of the Company’s other properties as defined by the SEC Industry Guide 7.

The Tetlin Lease originally had a ten year term beginning July 2008 which was extended for an additional ten years to July 15, 2028. If the properties under the Tetlin Lease are placed into commercial production, the Tetlin Lease will be held throughout production and the Company would be obligated to pay a production royalty to the Tetlin Tribal Council, which varies from 2.0% to 5.0%, depending on the type of metal produced and the year of production. In June 2011, the Company paid the Tetlin Tribal Council \$75,000 in exchange for reducing the production royalty payable to them by 0.25%. In July 2011, the Company paid the Tetlin Tribal Council an additional \$150,000 in exchange for further reducing the production royalty by 0.50%. These payments lowered the production royalty to a range of 1.25% to 4.25%, depending on the type of metal produced and the year of production. On or before July 15, 2020, the Tetlin Tribal Council has the option to increase its production royalty by (i) 0.25% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$150,000, (ii) 0.50% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$300,000, or (iii) 0.75% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$450,000.

The Joint Venture Company also holds certain State of Alaska unpatented mining claims for the exploration of gold ore and associated minerals. The Company believes that the Joint Venture Company holds good title to its properties, in accordance with standards generally accepted in the mineral industry. As is customary in the mineral industry, the Company conducted only a preliminary title examination at the time it acquired the Tetlin Lease. The Joint Venture Company conducted a title examination prior to the assignment of the Tetlin Lease to the Joint Venture Company and performed certain curative title work. Before the Joint Venture Company begins any mine development work, however, the Joint Venture Company is expected to again conduct a full title review and perform curative work on any defects that it deems significant. A significant amount of additional work is likely required in the exploration of the properties before any determination as to the economic feasibility of a mining venture can be made.

The following table summarizes the Tetlin Lease and unpatented mining claims (the “Peak Gold Joint Venture Property”) held by the Joint Venture Company as of December 31, 2018:

Property	Location	Commodities	Claims	Estimated Acres	Type
Tetlin-Tok	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	131	10,900	State Mining Claims
Eagle	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	428	65,900	State Mining Claims
Bush	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	48	7,700	State Mining Claims
West Fork	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	48	7,700	State Mining Claims
Triple Z	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	45	7,200	State Mining Claims
Noah	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	482	75,400	State Mining Claims
Tetlin-Village	Eastern Interior	Gold, Copper, Silver	-	675,000	Lease
	TOTALS:		1,182	849,800	

Strategy

Partnering with strategic industry participants to expand future exploration work. In connection with an evaluation of the Company's strategic options conducted by the Board of Directors and its financial advisor, the Company determined to continue its exploration activities on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property through a joint venture with an experienced industry participant. As a result, the Company formed the Joint Venture Company pursuant to the JV LLCA with Royal Gold. Under the JV LLCA, Royal Gold is appointed as the manager of the Joint Venture Company (the "Manager"), initially, with overall management responsibility for operations of the Joint Venture Company through October 31, 2018, and, thereafter, provided Royal Gold earns at least a forty percent (40%) percentage interest by October 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, Royal Gold has earned a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company, and therefore continues to serve as its Manager. Royal Gold may resign as Manager and can be removed as Manager for a material breach of the JV LLCA, a material failure to perform its obligations as the Manager, a failure to conduct the Joint Venture Company operations in accordance with industry standards and applicable laws, and other limited circumstances. The Manager will manage, and direct the operation of the Joint Venture Company, and will discharge its duties, in accordance with approved programs and budgets. The Manager will implement the decisions of the Management Committee of the Joint Venture Company (the "Management Committee") and will carry out the day-to-day operations of the Joint Venture Company. Except as expressly delegated to the Manager, the JV LLCA provides that the Management Committee has exclusive authority to determine all management matters related to the Company. Initially, the Management Committee consists of one appointee designated by the Company and two appointees designated by Royal Gold. Each designate on the Management Committee is entitled to one vote. Except for the list of specific actions set forth in the JV LLCA Agreement, the affirmative vote by a majority of designates is required for action.

Structuring Incentives to Drive Behavior. The Company believes that equity ownership aligns the interests of the Company's executives and directors with those of its stockholders. As of December 31, 2018, the Company's directors and executives beneficially own approximately 16.6% of the Company's common stock. An additional 12.4% of the Company's common stock is beneficially owned by the Marital Trust of Mr. Kenneth R. Peak, the Company's former Chairman, who passed away on April 19, 2013.

Restricted Stock. In November 2017, the Company granted 155,000 restricted shares of common stock to its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted stock granted vests in January 2020. As of December 31, 2018, there were 155,000 shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

In *November 2018*, the Company granted *155,000* restricted shares of common stock to its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted stock granted vests in *January 2021*. As of *December 31, 2018*, there were *155,000* shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

In December 2018, the Company cancelled 117,332 shares of unvested restricted stock held by two of its executives and the non-executive directors that were set to vest on January 1, 2019. The Company also granted 146,666 restricted shares of common stock to two of its executives and non-executive directors. The restricted shares cancellation and the subsequent new grants were accounted for as modification to the original restricted stock grants. The incremental fair value will be recognized over the vesting period. The impact of the modification to the current quarter was immaterial. All of the restricted stock granted in December 2018 vest in January 2021. As of December 31, 2018, there were 146,666 shares of such restricted stock that remained unvested.

As of December 31, 2018, the total compensation cost related to unvested awards not yet recognized was \$4,346,692. The remaining costs will be recognized over the remaining vesting period of the awards. Neither Brad Juneau, the Company's Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, nor any of the Company's non-executive directors have ever been paid a salary or cash compensation by the Company.

There were *no* stock option exercises during the quarter ended December 31, *2018*. During the six months ended December 31, 2018 the Company's current and former executives, directors, and consultants cashless exercised 35,625 stock options resulting in the issuance of 19,513 shares of common stock to the exercising parties and no proceeds to the Company. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company's current executives, directors, and consultants cashless exercised 190,000 stock options resulting in the issuance of 93,026 shares of common stock to the exercising parties and no proceeds to the Company.

Exploration and Mining Property

Exploration and mining rights in Alaska may be acquired in the following manner: public lands, private fee lands, unpatented Federal or State of Alaska mining claims, patented mining claims, and tribal lands. The primary sources for acquisition of these lands are the United States government, through the Bureau of Land Management and the United States Forest Service, the Alaskan state government, tribal governments, and individuals or entities who currently hold title to or lease government and private lands.

Tribal lands are those lands that are under control by sovereign Native American tribes, such as land constituting the Tetlin Lease or Alaska Native corporations established by the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1971. Areas that show promise for exploration and mining can be leased or joint ventured with the tribe controlling the land, including land constituting the Tetlin Lease.

The State of Alaska government owns public lands. Mineral resource exploration, development and production are administered primarily by the State Department of Natural Resources. Ownership of the subsurface mineral estate, including alluvial and lode mineral rights, can be acquired by staking a 40 acre or 160 acre mining claim, which right is granted under Alaska Statute Sec. 38.05.185 to 38.05.275, as amended. The State of Alaska government continues to own the surface estate, subject to certain rights of ingress and egress owned by the claimant, even though the subsurface can be controlled by a claimant with a right to extract through claim staking. A mining claim is subject to annual assessment work requirements, the payment of annual rental fees and royalties due to the State of Alaska after commencement of commercial production. Both private fee-land and unpatented mining claims and related rights, including rights to use the surface, are subject to permitting requirements of federal, state, tribal and local governments.

Gold Exploration

The Joint Venture Company controls an estimated 850,000 acres consisting of the Tetlin Lease and State of Alaska mining claims for the exploration of gold and associated minerals. To date, our gold exploration has concentrated on the Tetlin Lease, with only a limited amount of work performed on the Tok, Eagle, Bush, West Fork, Triple Z, and Noah claims.

The Joint Venture Company initiated a summer of 2015 exploration program on the Tetlin Lease. The work program anticipated spending \$5 million with a possible expansion of the work program in early fall if drilling results warranted further work. The drilling program included exploration targets that were helicopter-supported at the Tors, Saddle, North Saddle and Saddle Skarn targets and road-supported work at the Peak Zone area. Most of the initial work program (Phase I) was completed by early August with assay results received by early September. On August 31, 2015, the Joint Venture Company approved a budget of up to approximately \$4 million for additional exploration work to be completed before the drilling season ended in October 2015 and incurred aggregate cost of approximately

\$6.8 million for the calendar 2015 exploration program.

The Joint Venture Company initiated a calendar 2016 Phase I exploration program consisting of drilling the North Peak target area which began in February 2016 on the Tetlin Lease with an approved budget of \$4.4 million. An additional budget was approved for spending up to an additional \$6.8 million during the remainder of calendar 2016. The Joint Venture Company initiated a 2016 Phase II exploration drilling program in May, which was completed in September. A Phase III exploration drilling program was initiated in October and completed in November. The project incurred an aggregate cost in calendar 2016 of approximately \$10.6 million.

The Joint Venture Company initiated a calendar 2017 Phase I exploration program consisting of drilling the North Peak target area and testing the True Blue Moon target area which began in February 2017 on the Tetlin Lease with an approved budget of \$5.3 million. The 2017 Phase I program was completed in April. The Joint Venture Company initiated a 2017 Phase II exploration drilling and reconnaissance program in May, which was completed in July 2017. The Joint Venture Company initiated Phase III of the 2017 drilling program, which consisted of exploration drilling in the West Peak, West Peak Extension, 7 O'clock, Forks, and North Peak areas in September 2017. Phase III was completed in October 2017. The calendar 2017 Phase I, Phase II, and Phase III programs and associated technical work incurred an aggregate cost through December 31, 2017 of approximately \$12.2 million.

The Joint Venture Management initiated a calendar year 2018 exploration program with an approved budget of \$10.7 million, of which the Company's share was approximately \$6.1 million. As of December 31, 2018, the Joint Venture Company had spent approximately \$10.1 million of the approved budget. The 2018 exploration program was completed in October 2018. The Company contributed \$5.4 million to the Joint Venture Company during calendar year 2018. The budget included an extensive 74 line kilometers of ground geophysics program utilizing both Induced Polarization ("IP") and Titan EM techniques. Surveys were carried out on targets within an 8-kilometer radius of Main Peak to identify targets similar to Main and North Peak and two targets in the southeaster part of the Tetlin Lease, Copper Hill and Taixtsalda. Titan EM surveys were carried out on three targets identified from airborne magnetics surveys as porphyry type signatures. The program drill tested a number of targets within an 8 kilometer radius of the Main Peak deposit. In addition to the exploration work, during the 2018 exploration program, the Joint Venture conducted engineering studies along with metallurgical testing to support the completion of a Preliminary Economic Assessment of the Company's Main Peak and North Peak resource areas near Tok, Alaska.

From inception to December 31, 2018, the Joint Venture Company has incurred \$39.6 million in exploration program expenditures. As of December 31, 2018, Royal Gold had funded a total of \$33.6 million (including the initial investment of \$5 million) and earned a 40.0% interest in the Joint Venture Company.

The exploration effort on the Tetlin Lease has resulted in identifying two mineral deposits (Peak and North Peak) and several other gold and copper prospects following drilling programs starting in 2011. Surface, bedrock, and stream sediment data on the Tetlin Lease as well as on the Eagle, Noah and Tok state of Alaska claims adjacent to the Tetlin Lease have been gathered during the summer exploration programs. There was no exploration program in 2014. None of the exploration targets are known to host quantifiable commercial mineral reserves and none are near or adjacent to other known significant gold or copper deposits. There has been no recorded past placer or lode mining on Peak Gold joint venture project, and the Company and the Joint Venture Company are the only entities known to have conducted drilling operations on the Peak Gold joint venture project.

Chief Danny Prospect Area

The Chief Danny Prospect Area currently is the most advanced exploration target on the Tetlin Lease and is comprised of several distinct mineralized areas: Main Peak Zone, Discovery Zone, West Peak Zone, North Peak Zone, Saddle Zone and the 7 O'clock area. The Chief Danny prospect was discovered during rock, stream sediment and pan concentrate sampling in 2009 and since then has been explored using top of bedrock soil auger sampling, trenching, ground IP geophysics, airborne magnetic and resistivity surveys and core drilling. Results from this work indicate the presence of a zoned metal-bearing system consisting of a gold-copper-iron enriched core covering six square miles at Chief Danny South (includes Main Peak, Discovery, West Peak, and North Peak) and a fault-offset arsenic-gold enriched zone to the north covering three square miles at the Saddle Zone. The Company has conducted extensive drilling on the Main Peak, North Peak, and West Peak Zones. The Company has also conducted some environmental base line studies on the areas surrounding the Chief Danny prospect, as well as airborne magnetic and resistivity programs. From 2009 through December 31, 2018, the Company conducted field-related exploration work at the Chief Danny Prospect, including collecting the following samples:

Year	Program	Core Samples	Rock Samples	Soil Samples	Pan Con Samples	Stream Silt Samples	Core (feet)	IP/Geophysics (kilometers)	Trenching (feet)
2009	Chief Danny	—	958	33	94	11	—	—	2,330
2010	Chief Danny	—	613	760	668	795	—	14	—
2011	Chief Danny	1,267	20	688	—	—	8,057	3,957	—
2012	Chief Danny	5,223	82	1,029	—	—	36,006	—	—
2013	Chief Danny	8,970	14	1,406	85	278	47,081	2,414	—
2014	Chief Danny	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2015	Chief Danny	8,352	133	—	—	—	46,128	—	—
2016	Chief Danny	10,450	21	694	—	—	67,336	24	—
2017	Chief Danny	11,864	112	975	408	408	59,347	48	—

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2018	Chief Danny	2,973	402	63	45	9	20,307	80	—
	Total	49,099	2,355	5,648	1,300	1,501	284,262	6,537	2,330

The map below depicts the grade times thickness in the Main Peak, North Peak, and West Peak zones:

2018 Exploration Program - Phase I. During the quarter ending December 31, 2018 the Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$0.9 million on program activities, including metallurgical testing, geochemical data analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. During the quarter ending September 30, 2018, 3.5 line-kilometers of IP surveys, 35.0 line-kilometers of Titan DCIP/MT surveys and 4,427 meters of core drilling were completed. The Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$4.6 million, during the quarter, on program activities, including drilling, geochemical analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. Exploration drilling consisted of 2,177 meters in six holes in the North Saddle Area, 1,403 meters in six holes in Copper Hill, 207 meters in two holes in 2 O'clock, 261 meters in one hole in 8 O'clock, 180 meters in one hole in Main Peak and 200 meters in one northeast of North Peak. In the 2018 field season, 6,189 meters of drilling in 28 holes were completed.

Metallurgical testing of 19 composite samples from the Main Peak deposit were completed and showed good metallurgical response to direct cyanidation. The Main Peak testing along with previously completed metallurgical testing on North Peak were used as the basis for the Preliminary Economic Assessment completed in September.

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled in the 8 O'clock, 2 O'clock, Main Peak and North Saddle zones during the September quarter:

Significant Drill Intercepts from the 2018 Phase I Program. Sample intervals are calculated using 0.5 grams per tonne (gpt) lower cut off for gold with no internal waste less than cutoff grade that is greater than 3 meters in thickness. Intercepts shown are drill intercept lengths. True width of mineralization is unknown. The grade cutoff for gold (Au) is 0.5 gpt; for silver (Ag) is 10 gpt; and for copper (Cu) is 0.1%. The following table summarizes the significant drilling results obtained for the complete Phase I of the 2018 Program:

<u>Drillhole</u>	<u>Zone</u>	<u>From (meters)</u>	<u>To (meters)</u>	<u>Interval (meters)</u>	<u>Au g/t</u>	<u>Au_opt</u>	<u>Ag g/t</u>	<u>Cu %</u>
TET18421	Two O'clock	41.14	42.86	1.72	1.18	.034	39.7	0.025
TET18430	Eight O'clock	124.05	124.66	0.61	3.11	.091	38.3	0.213
TET18433	Copper Hill	112	113.77	1.77	8.08	.236	5.4	0.036
TET18440	North Saddle	179.88	181.52	1.64	1.48	.043	0.6	0.003
TET18440	North Saddle	231.46	233.58	2.12	0.95	.028	2.6	0.014
TET18440	North Saddle	307.4	310.47	3.07	0.69	.020	15.8	0.013
TET18443	North Saddle	84.92	88.26	3.34	0.87	.025	15.8	0.021
TET18443	North Saddle	96.92	98.43	1.51	1.11	.032	18.7	0.023
TET18443	North Saddle	196.04	199.4	3.36	1.13	.033	142.3	0.139
TET18443	North Saddle	285.86	288.75	2.89	0.83	.024	22.5	0.060
TET18443	North Saddle	353.11	355.18	2.07	0.95	.028	15.8	0.062

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TET18443 North Saddle	422.58	425.23	2.65	0.73	.021	3.9	0.017
TET18445 Main Peak	83.6	162.73	79.13	0.59	.017	45.8	0.938
Including Main Peak	103.07	115.46	12.39	3.14	.092	16.4	0.475

2018 Exploration Program - Phase I (continued). During the quarter ending June 30, 2018, 30.6 line-kilometers of IP surveys, 10.6 line-kilometers of Titan DCIP/MT surveys and 1,762 meters of core drilling were completed. The Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$4.0 million, during the quarter, on program activities, including drilling, geochemical analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. Exploration drilling consisted of 1,518 meters in ten holes in the 2 O'clock area and 244 meters in two holes in the 8 O'clock area. To date, the Joint Venture Company has also completed 1,370 meters of core drilling at Copper Hill, and is currently drilling the North Saddle Zone for porphyry prospects.

Metallurgical testing of 19 composite samples from the Main Peak orebody and 19 composite samples from the North Peak orebody have been the subject of ongoing metallurgical testing in support of the Preliminary Economic Evaluation completed in September. Test results support the economic processing of Main and North Peak materials in a conventional gold processing plant using traditional mining methods.

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled in the 8 O'clock, 2 O'clock, and North Saddle zones during the 2018 Phase I Program:

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled in the Copper Hill zone during the 2018 Phase I Program:

Significant Drill Intercepts from the 2018 Phase I Program. Sample intervals are calculated using 0.5 grams per tonne (gpt) lower cut off for gold with no internal waste less than cutoff grade that is greater than 3 meters in thickness. Intercepts shown are drill intercept lengths. True width of mineralization is unknown. The grade cutoff for gold (Au) is 0.5 gpt; for silver (Ag) is 10 gpt; and for copper (Cu) is 0.1%. For the assays received to date, no significant intervals were encountered in the drilling.

2017 Exploration Program - Phase III. The Phase III exploration drilling completed by the Joint Venture Company on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property totaled 2,966 meters (9,731 feet) in 16 holes. The Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$4.7 million, during the quarters ended September 30 and December 31, 2017 combined, on program activities, including drilling, geochemical analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. Phase III drilling consisted of exploration drilling West Peak and West Peak Extension (1,707 meters), 7 O'clock (203 meters), Forks (729 meters), and North Peak (327). The 2017 Phase III program was completed October 18, 2017, and statistics represent the full Phase III program.

A total of 363 pan concentrate, 364 stream sediment and 5 grab rock samples were collected over the Noah and southern Eagle claims in July and early August. Results from these efforts were received in the third quarter of 2017 and revealed three large areas where anomalous gold, arsenic, and copper were concentrated. Gold, arsenic and copper in stream sediment samples range up to 377 ppb, 161 ppm and 412 ppm, respectively. Gold, arsenic and copper in pan cons range up to 9,929 ppb, 803 ppm and 206 ppm, respectively.

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled during the 2017 Phase III program:

Significant Drill Intercepts from the 2017 Phase III Program. Sample intervals are calculated using 0.5 grams per tonne (gpt) lower cut off for gold with no internal waste less than cutoff grade that is greater than 3 meters in thickness. Intercepts shown are drill intercept lengths. True width of mineralization is unknown. The grade cutoff for gold (Au) is 0.5 gpt; for silver (Ag) is 10 gpt; and for copper (Cu) is 0.1%. The following table summarizes the significant drilling results obtained for the complete Phase III of the 2017 Program:

<u>DrillHole</u>	<u>Zone</u>	<u>From</u> <u>(meters)</u>	<u>To</u> <u>(meters)</u>	<u>Interval</u> <u>(meters)</u>	<u>Au gpt</u>	<u>Au opt</u>	<u>Ag gpt</u>	<u>Cu %</u>
TET17408	West Peak Ext	78.05	82.01	3.96	1.35	0.039	0.1	0.006
and	West Peak Ext	88.33	93.75	5.42	1.33	0.039	0.3	0.013
TET17408	West Peak Ext	150.08	151.93	1.85	2.50	0.073	1.9	0.021
TET17409	West Peak Ext	113.07	117.54	4.47	0.86	0.025	1.3	0.010
TET17411	West Peak Ext	161.17	162.78	1.61	4.55	0.133	10.0	0.116
TET17412	West Peak Ext	140.19	141.22	1.03	4.79	0.140	2.1	0.018
and	West Peak Ext	148.44	151.19	2.75	0.76	0.022	0.9	0.005
TET17412	West Peak Ext	156.50	157.44	0.94	1.61	0.047	0.0	0.010
TET17413	West Peak Ext	140.50	142.57	2.07	1.68	0.049	2.97	0.082
TET17415	West Peak Ext	201.73	202.98	1.25	2.95	0.086	12.3	0.004

2017 Exploration Program - Phase II. The Phase II exploration drilling completed by the Joint Venture Company on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property totaled 9,761 meters (32,038 feet) in 44 holes. The Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$4.7 million, during the quarter ended June 30, 2017, on program activities, including drilling, geochemical analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. Drilling, through the end of July, consisted of exploration drilling West Peak (461 meters), West Peak Extension (2,603 meters), Discovery (1,034 meters), 7 O'clock (1,443 meters), New Moon (1,398 meters), Waterpump (1,161 meters), Main Peak (570 meters) and North Peak (1,095). Soils auger sampling and IP geophysical surveys were conducted in the Chief Danny area. Stream sediment and pan concentrate samples were collected across the Noah group of claims. The 2017 Phase II program was completed July 31, 2017, and statistics represent the full Phase II program.

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled during the 2017 Phase II program:

Significant Drill Intercepts from the 2017 Phase II Program. Sample intervals are calculated using 0.5 grams per tonne (gpt) lower cut off for gold with no internal waste less than cutoff grade that is greater than 3 meters in thickness. Intercepts shown are drill intercept lengths. True width of mineralization is unknown. The grade cutoff for gold (Au) is 0.5 gpt; for silver (Ag) is 10 gpt; and for copper (Cu) is 0.1%. The following table summarizes the significant drilling results obtained for the complete Phase II of the 2017 Program:

<u>DrillHole</u>	<u>Zone</u>	<u>From (meters)</u>	<u>To (meters)</u>	<u>Interval (meters)</u>	<u>Au gpt</u>	<u>Au opt</u>	<u>Ag gpt</u>	<u>Cu %</u>
TET17351	Main Peak	16.30	18.55	2.25	1.88	0.055	1.0	0.025
TET17353	True Blue Moon	91.97	93.73	1.76	9.15	0.267	2.0	0.375
Including	True Blue Moon	91.97	92.14	0.17	81.60	2.380	2.4	0.249
TET17357	True Blue Moon	56.43	61.77	5.34	0.87	0.025	1.5	0.249
TET17360	North Peak	24.27	26.67	2.40	0.63	0.044	2.4	0.137
TET17362	New Moon	66.01	68.58	2.57	1.03	0.030	2.6	0.084
TET17363	New Moon	39.48	41.76	2.28	1.78	0.052	0.0	0.016
and	New Moon	213.59	215.31	1.72	0.95	0.028	1.1	0.017
TET17367	Discovery	44.65	45.11	0.46	4.33	0.126	6.1	0.069
and	Discovery	182.06	183.80	1.74	1.11	0.032	1.9	0.102
and	Discovery	253.68	257.10	3.42	1.28	0.037	1.0	0.052
and	Discovery	313.34	315.15	1.81	1.44	0.042	1.6	0.121
TET17368	West Peak Ext	117.15	118.00	0.85	2.70	0.079	17.7	0.063
and	West Peak Ext	123.75	126.70	2.95	0.70	0.020	2.9	0.073
and	West Peak Ext	142.35	147.22	4.87	0.76	0.022	1.2	0.021
and	West Peak Ext	175.41	178.11	2.70	1.14	0.033	0.7	0.020
TET17369	West Peak Ext	172.82	186.91	14.09	2.75	0.080	3.1	0.101
Including	West Peak Ext	172.82	173.79	0.97	9.57	0.279	4.7	0.022
and	West Peak Ext	174.94	176.17	1.23	9.51	0.277	5.1	0.206
TET17370	Discovery	100.30	103.03	2.73	0.66	0.019	2.4	0.058
and	Discovery	166.73	167.73	1.00	6.30	0.184	1.3	0.041
and	Discovery	221.36	223.04	1.68	0.93	0.027	0.0	0.002
TET17371	West Peak Ext	196.94	199.75	2.81	0.74	0.022	3.2	0.075
TET17372	Discovery	292.78	298.19	5.41	0.58	0.017	1.7	0.047
and	Discovery	304.01	305.65	1.64	1.87	0.055	1.8	0.077
TET17375	Seven o'clock	218.14	219.54	1.40	13.20	0.385	24.7	0.594
TET17377	Seven o'clock	246.66	249.10	2.44	4.25	0.124	59.6	0.540
TET17379	West Peak Ext	103.24	111.40	8.16	5.22	0.152	0.7	0.010
Including	West Peak Ext	108.36	109.14	0.78	18.20	0.531	1.5	0.025
and	West Peak Ext	116.60	145.70	29.10	2.53	0.074	0.6	0.030
Including	West Peak Ext	143.16	143.86	0.70	8.93	0.260	2.4	0.091
TET17381	West Peak Ext	135.90	138.17	2.27	1.27	0.037	1.7	0.012
TET17385	West Peak Ext	154.53	160.07	5.54	2.06	0.060	80.5	0.278
TET17388	West Peak Ext	6.71	12.48	5.77	0.67	0.020	0.8	0.162
and	West Peak Ext	20.47	22.08	1.61	2.59	0.076	0.0	0.080
and	West Peak Ext	127.56	133.50	5.94	0.55	0.016	0.4	0.013
and	West Peak Ext	151.66	166.73	15.07	1.66	0.048	1.3	0.027

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TET17389 West Peak Ext	162.60	166.12	3.52	0.66	0.019	2.1	0.042
TET17390 West Peak Ext	57.15	60.33	3.18	1.92	0.056	1.6	0.258
and West Peak Ext	206.96	213.17	6.21	1.31	0.038	0.8	0.031
and West Peak Ext	264.99	266.49	1.50	6.31	0.184	0.0	0.004
TET17393 Main Peak	2.13	20.51	18.38	3.22	0.094	2.0	0.082
Including Main Peak	3.96	5.18	1.22	10.60	0.309	2.1	0.073
and Main Peak	19.04	19.51	0.47	15.10	0.440	8.6	0.205
TET17393 Main Peak	27.98	71.82	43.84	6.93	0.202	1.9	0.057
Including Main Peak	39.06	40.08	1.02	92.70	2.704	33.9	0.127
and Main Peak	50.06	52.00	1.94	19.70	0.575	2.2	0.088
TET17393 Main Peak	78.33	102.72	24.39	2.29	0.067	1.1	0.010
Including Main Peak	82.75	83.54	0.79	8.75	0.255	1.5	0.019
and Main Peak	93.57	94.38	0.81	11.40	0.333	6.5	0.014
TET17393 Main Peak	111.86	134.99	23.13	12.56	0.366	9.0	0.086
Including Main Peak	127.91	128.83	0.92	48.70	1.420	25.7	0.131
and Main Peak	133.20	134.99	1.79	71.20	2.077	15.9	0.157
TET17395 Main Peak	34.11	36.15	2.04	4.55	0.133	0.0	0.031
and Main Peak	51.80	55.13	3.33	0.90	0.026	3.6	0.141
and Main Peak	62.55	73.59	11.04	4.72	0.138	5.7	0.147
TET17395 Main Peak	78.51	219.37	140.86	13.27	0.387	42.6	0.609
Including Main Peak	116.62	118.70	2.08	49.20	1.435	94.7	0.997
and Main Peak	118.70	120.25	1.55	93.40	2.724	175.0	1.830
and Main Peak	155.39	158.37	2.98	44.30	1.292	78.0	1.180
TET17396 Waterpump	33.77	35.55	1.78	1.07	0.031	2.3	0.264
TET17397 Main Peak	23.47	47.89	24.42	12.42	0.362	7.8	0.236
Including Main Peak	24.89	25.62	0.73	71.60	2.088	14.8	0.137
and Main Peak	30.14	32.29	2.15	49.50	1.444	8.0	0.283
and Main Peak	32.29	32.65	0.36	40.80	1.190	24.4	0.907
TET17397 Main Peak	56.87	94.03	37.16	1.70	0.050	4.2	0.093
Including Main Peak	61.80	63.55	1.75	7.02	0.205	20.3	0.148
and Main Peak	66.14	67.24	1.10	10.20	0.298	8.6	0.280
TET17397 Main Peak	99.44	165.21	65.77	20.14	0.587	8.8	0.260
Including Main Peak	124.66	124.94	0.28	162.70	4.745	23.8	0.613
and Main Peak	124.94	125.75	0.81	68.00	1.983	11.4	0.237
and Main Peak	148.44	149.12	0.68	57.00	1.663	31.0	1.000

2017 Exploration Program - Phase I. During the quarter ending September 30, 2017, exploration drilling was completed by the Joint Venture Company on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property totaling 5,236 meters (17,179 feet) in 47 holes. The Joint Venture Company spent an estimated \$2.8 million, during the quarter, on program activities, including drilling, geochemical analyses, landholding fees and other related expenses. Drilling consisted of infilling and expanding the mineralized zone in North Peak totaling 3,703 meters, target testing in West Peak totaling 282 meters and target testing of True Blue Moon totaling 1,251 meters.

The map below depicts the location of the core holes drilled during the 2017 Phase I program:

2017 PHASE I CORE HOLES DRILLED

Significant Drill Intercepts from the 2017 Phase I Program. Sample intervals are calculated using 0.5 grams per tonne (gpt) lower cut off for gold with no internal waste less than cutoff grade that is greater than 3 meters in thickness. Intercepts shown are drill intercept lengths. True width of mineralization is unknown. The grade cutoff for gold (Au) is 0.5 gpt; for silver (Ag) is 10 gpt; and for copper (Cu) is 0.1%. The following table summarizes the significant drilling results obtained for the complete Phase I of the 2017 Program:

<u>DrillHole</u>	<u>Zone</u>	<u>From (meters)</u>	<u>To (meters)</u>	<u>Interval (meters)</u>	<u>Au gpt</u>	<u>Au opt</u>	<u>Ag gpt</u>	<u>Cu %</u>
TET17312	North Peak	4.27	33.39	29.12	7.12	0.208	69.4	0.121
Including	North Peak	16.46	18.92	2.46	24.10	0.703	368.0	0.044
and	North Peak	22.95	24.08	1.13	57.40	1.674	72.9	0.237
TET17312	North Peak	36.79	37.59	0.80	4.93	0.144	37.6	0.190
TET17313	North Peak	3.66	31.70	28.04	8.80	0.257	83.8	0.147
Including	North Peak	18.29	20.27	1.98	55.25	1.611	443.3	0.072
TET17313	North Peak	37.62	39.92	2.30	4.67	0.136	27.5	0.110
TET17313	North Peak	79.07	84.43	5.36	3.20	0.093	39.0	0.231
TET17313	North Peak	85.34	85.65	0.31	18.95	0.553	588.0	1.055
TET17313	North Peak	85.95	86.87	0.92	9.03	0.263	266.0	1.140
TET17314	North Peak	137.02	139.90	2.88	1.23	0.036	217.1	0.102
TET17315	North Peak	81.95	83.06	1.11	2.43	0.071	17.4	0.084
TET17316	North Peak	20.49	26.44	5.95	2.56	0.075	23.5	0.296
TET17316	North Peak	87.03	87.97	0.94	2.79	0.081	13.4	0.178
TET17316	North Peak	100.18	105.16	4.98	1.00	0.029	21.3	0.243
TET17317	North Peak	38.95	46.57	7.62	8.72	0.254	4.1	0.086
Including	North Peak	44.48	46.57	2.09	27.80	0.811	11.2	0.149
TET17318	North Peak	116.91	117.16	0.25	64.20	1.873	14.5	0.008
TET17320	North Peak	2.44	6.46	4.02	2.59	0.076	26.0	0.054
TET17320	North Peak	50.90	57.52	6.62	7.81	0.228	170.0	0.323
TET17321	North Peak	49.99	52.20	2.21	2.28	0.067	258.0	0.430
TET17322	North Peak	29.01	32.46	3.45	0.88	0.026	39.3	0.193
TET17323	North Peak	1.27	7.32	6.05	2.34	0.068	40.3	0.016
TET17325	North Peak	5.49	6.20	0.71	22.00	0.642	9.5	0.128
TET17325	North Peak	10.04	14.83	4.79	3.63	0.106	2.0	0.036
Including	North Peak	12.68	13.22	0.54	21.50	0.627	7.7	0.162
TET17325	North Peak	19.11	20.32	1.21	41.10	1.199	17.4	0.145
TET17325	North Peak	24.88	25.60	0.72	5.40	0.158	56.0	0.308
TET17326	North Peak	3.73	9.99	6.26	11.98	0.349	172.7	0.038

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Including North Peak	7.40	7.67	0.27	84.50	2.465	656.0	0.115
TET17328North Peak	17.68	19.20	1.52	2.25	0.066	1.6	0.008
TET17331North Peak	2.13	18.98	16.85	8.68	0.253	5.1	0.023
Including North Peak	8.53	9.79	1.26	22.40	0.653	7.0	0.048
and North Peak	17.84	18.98	1.14	28.80	0.840	8.8	0.029
TET17331North Peak	23.77	33.45	9.68	2.58	0.075	2.0	0.045
TET17331North Peak	44.74	46.20	1.46	5.43	0.158	2.2	0.056
TET17333North Peak	4.54	7.64	3.10	0.58	0.017	1.6	0.004
TET17335North Peak	50.32	75.83	25.51	4.87	0.142	2.6	0.137
Including North Peak	53.64	55.70	2.06	12.25	0.357	2.8	0.112
and North Peak	60.19	61.32	1.13	18.80	0.548	4.3	0.202
and North Peak	63.06	63.81	0.75	11.30	0.330	6.3	0.297
TET17335North Peak	81.06	93.37	12.31	14.04	0.410	3.0	0.158
Including North Peak	87.88	89.61	1.73	56.30	1.642	5.6	0.192
TET17336North Peak	20.42	22.46	2.04	0.75	0.022	4.2	0.095
TET17336North Peak	106.91	119.89	12.98	1.33	0.039	3.3	0.122
Including North Peak	111.25	112.31	1.06	8.46	0.247	13.7	0.403
TET17339North Peak	73.28	75.56	2.28	4.66	0.136	38.1	0.105
Including North Peak	73.28	73.92	0.64	12.40	0.362	74.1	0.216
TET17340North Peak	82.87	84.04	1.17	8.33	0.243	18.7	0.080
TET17342North Peak	9.42	17.37	7.95	0.50	0.015	1.0	0.055
TET17342North Peak	20.94	21.37	0.43	4.36	0.127	4.4	0.034
TET17343North Peak	52.88	57.32	4.44	0.60	0.018	39.5	0.524
TET17344North Peak	10.82	33.38	22.56	3.64	0.106	79.3	0.206
Including North Peak	15.70	16.38	0.68	10.90	0.318	103.0	1.330
and North Peak	31.09	32.00	0.91	19.35	0.564	152.0	0.024
TET17345North Peak	4.71	22.86	18.15	2.99	0.087	31.4	0.330
Including North Peak	14.87	16.53	1.66	12.75	0.372	73.3	0.983
TET17345North Peak	28.04	31.70	3.66	9.07	0.265	118.6	0.056
Including North Peak	31.09	31.70	0.61	23.50	0.685	56.9	0.049
TET17346North Peak	4.57	7.45	2.88	6.37	0.186	58.8	0.080
TET17348North Peak	11.28	12.53	1.25	21.10	0.615	62.2	0.431
TET17348North Peak	16.30	17.21	0.91	5.09	0.148	79.1	0.182

Consulting Services provided by Avalon Development Corporation

Until January 8, 2015, the Company was a party to a Professional Services Agreement (“PSA”) with Avalon to provide certain geological consulting services and exploration activities with respect to the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. Pursuant to the PSA, Avalon provided geological consulting services and exploration activities, including all field work at the Tetlin Lease. In connection with the Transactions, the Company terminated the PSA with Avalon, and Avalon is now providing services to the Joint Venture Company.

Avalon is a Fairbanks, Alaska based mineral exploration consulting firm, which has conducted mineral exploration in Alaska since 1985. The President of Avalon is Curtis J. Freeman who graduated from the College of Wooster, Ohio, with a B.A. degree in Geology (1978) and graduated from the University of Alaska with an M.S. degree in Economic Geology (1980). From 1980 to the present Mr. Freeman has been actively employed in various capacities in the mining industry in numerous locations in North America, Central America, South America, New Zealand and Africa. Avalon’s team of engineers and geoscientists combined with its geographic information systems (“GIS”) database allows Avalon to synthesize existing geological, geochemical and geophysical data and identify specific target areas for ground evaluation and/or acquisition. Avalon’s exploration team has identified or conducted discovery drilling on several gold deposits in Alaska and has completed digital GIS compilations of the Tintina Gold Belt, a regional-scale mineral province stretching from southwest Alaska to the southern Yukon Territory. Avalon also has experience exploring for copper, nickel and platinum group elements (“Cu-Ni-PGE”) deposits and also created a comprehensive GIS compilation of Cu-Ni-PGE prospects in Alaska, an internally-owned database that contains data on over 200 PGE occurrences in Alaska.

Services Provided by Tetlin Village Members

Since the start of the term of our Tetlin Lease, the Company has worked closely with the Tetlin Tribal Council to train and employ Tetlin residents during Peak Gold Joint Venture project exploration programs. During the Company’s exploration programs, there were 10 to 15 Tetlin residents working on the Peak Gold Joint Venture project employed on a seasonal basis through Avalon. Their duties included reconnaissance soil, stream sediment and pan concentrate sampling, diamond drill core processing, drill pad construction and related tasks, expediting services, food services, database management, vehicle transportation and maintenance services, reclamation activities, and project management tasks.

Community Affairs

In April 2015, the Joint Venture Company entered into a Community Support Agreement (as amended, the “Support Agreement”) with the Tetlin Village for a one year period, which has been extended for an additional two year period

under the same terms. Under the extended Support Agreement the Joint Venture Company provided payments to the Tetlin Village four times during the year for an aggregate amount of \$110,000 through January 1, 2017 and an additional \$100,000 through January 1, 2018. The Support Agreement was extended a second time for an additional two year period under the same terms. Under the second extension, the Joint Venture Company provides payments to the village four times during the year for an aggregate amount of \$100,000 through January 1, 2019 and an additional \$100,000 through January 1, 2020. The Support Agreement defines agreed uses for the funds and auditing rights regarding use of funds. In addition, the Joint Venture Company supports the Tetlin Village in maintenance of the village access road, which is used by the Joint Venture Company.

Adverse Climate Conditions

Weather conditions affect the Joint Venture Company's ability to conduct exploration activities and mine any ore from the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property in Alaska. While the Company believes exploration, development work and any subsequent mining may be conducted year-round, the arctic climate limits many exploration and mining activities during certain seasons.

Competition

The Company currently faces strong competition for the acquisition of any new exploration-stage properties as well as extraction of any minerals in Alaska. Numerous larger mining companies actively seek out and bid for mining prospects as well as for the services of third party providers and supplies, such as mining equipment and transportation equipment. The Company's competitors in the exploration, development, acquisition and mining business will include major integrated mining companies as well as numerous smaller mining companies, almost all of which have significantly greater financial resources and in-house technical expertise. In addition, the Company will compete with others in efforts to obtain financing to explore our mineral properties.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Contractual Obligations

The Tetlin Lease had an initial ten year term beginning July 2008 which was extended for an additional ten years to July 15, 2028, or so long as the Joint Venture Company initiates and continues to conduct mining operations on the Tetlin Lease. The Joint Venture Company was required to spend \$350,000 per year annually until July 15, 2018 in exploration costs pursuant to the Tetlin Lease. Exploration expenditures to date under the Tetlin Lease have satisfied this work commitment requirement for the full lease term, through 2028, because exploration funds spent in any year in excess of \$350,000 are credited toward future years' exploration cost requirements. The Tetlin Lease also provides that the Joint Venture Company will pay the Tetlin Tribal Council a production royalty ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% should the Joint Venture Company deliver to a purchaser on a commercial basis precious or non-precious metals derived from the properties under the Tetlin Lease. As of December 31, 2018, the Company had paid the Tetlin Tribal Council \$225,000 in exchange for reducing the production royalty payable to them by 0.75%. These payments lowered the production royalty to a range of 1.25% to 4.25%. On or before July 15, 2020, the Tetlin Tribal Council has the option to increase its production royalty by (i) 0.25% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$150,000, (ii) 0.50% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$300,000, or (iii) 0.75% by payment to the Joint Venture Company of \$450,000.

On January 8, 2015, the Company assigned the Tetlin Lease to the Joint Venture Company in connection with the Transactions.

Until such time as production royalties begin, the Joint Venture Company will pay the Tetlin Tribal Council an advance minimum royalty of approximately \$75,000 per year, plus an inflation adjustment. Additionally, the Joint Venture Company will pay Royal Gold an overriding royalty of 3.0% should it deliver to a purchaser on a commercial basis gold or associated minerals derived from the Tetlin Lease, Additional Properties and certain other properties, and an overriding royalty of 2.0% should it deliver to a purchaser on a commercial basis precious metals, non-precious metals or hydrocarbons derived from any other properties. The Joint Venture Company pays claim rentals on state of Alaska mining claims which vary based on the ages of the claims. For the 2018-2019 assessment year, claims rentals totaled \$227,460. Also, if the minimum work requirement is not performed on the property, additional minimum labor payments are due on certain state of Alaska acreage.

In February 2019, the Company entered into Retention Agreements with its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and one other employee providing for payments in an aggregate amount of \$1,500,000 upon the occurrence of certain conditions. The Retention Agreements are triggered upon a change of control (as defined in the applicable Retention Agreement), provided that the recipient is employed by the Company when the change of control occurs. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer will receive a payment of \$1,000,000 and \$250,000, respectively, upon a change of control.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies and Management's Estimates

The discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations is based upon the consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We have identified below the policies that are of particular importance to the portrayal of our financial position and results of operations and which require the application of significant judgment by management. The Company analyzes its estimates, including those related to its mineral reserve estimates, on a periodic basis and bases its estimates on historical experience, independent third party engineers and various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The Company believes the following critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements:

Stock-Based Compensation. The Company applies the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. Under this method, the Company measures and recognizes compensation expense for all stock-based payments at fair value at the date of grant and amortize the amount over the employee's service period. Management is required to make assumptions including stock price volatility and employee turnover that are utilized to measure compensation expense.

Investment in the Joint Venture Company. The Company's consolidated financial statements include the investment in the Joint Venture Company which is accounted for under the equity method. The Company has designated one of the three members of the Management Committee and on December 31, 2018 held a 60.0% ownership interest in the Joint Venture Company. Royal Gold will initially serve as the Manager of the Joint Venture Company and will manage, direct, and control operations of the Joint Venture Company. The Company recorded its investment at the historical cost of the assets contributed. The cumulative losses of the Joint Venture Company exceed the historical cost of the assets contributed to the Joint Venture Company; therefore the Company's investment in the Joint Venture Company as of December 31, 2018 is zero. The portion of the cumulative loss that exceeds the Company's investment will be suspended and recognized against earnings, if any, from the investment in the Joint Venture Company in future periods.

Results of Operations

Neither the Company nor the Joint Venture Company has commenced mining or producing commercially marketable minerals. To date, neither the Company nor the Joint Venture Company has generated any revenue from mineral sales or operations. Neither the Company nor the Joint Venture Company has any recurring source of revenue and other than Royal Gold's contributions in connection with the Transactions, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on our ability to raise capital to fund our future exploration and working capital requirements. In the future, the Joint Venture Company may generate revenue from a combination of mineral sales and other payments resulting from any commercially recoverable minerals from the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. We do not expect the Joint Venture Company to generate revenue from mineral sales in the foreseeable future. If the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property fails to contain any proven reserves, our ability to generate future revenue, and our results of operations and financial position, would be materially adversely affected. Other potential sources of cash, or relief of demand for cash, include external debt, the sale of shares of our stock, joint ventures, or alternative methods such as mergers or sale of our assets. No assurances can be given, however, that we will be able to obtain any of these potential sources of cash. We will need to generate significant revenues to achieve profitability and we may never do so.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2017

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense for the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,103,750 and \$808,344, respectively. Current year general and administrative expenses primarily relate to audit fees, legal fees, management fees, and stock-based compensation expense. We recognized \$785,999 of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended December 31, 2018, related to restricted stock granted to our officers and directors in November 2018, November 2017, August 2016, September 2015 and November 2014, all pursuant to the Company's 2010 Equity Compensation Plan. We recognized \$580,379 of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended December 31, 2017, related to restricted stock granted to our officers and directors in November 2017, November 2016, August 2016, December 2015, September 2015, January 2015, and November 2014, all pursuant to the Company's 2010 Equity Compensation Plan.

Loss from Equity Investment in the Joint Venture Company. The loss from the Company's equity investment in the Joint Venture Company for the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$840,000 and \$0, respectively. Pursuant to the terms of the JV LLCA, the Company and Royal Gold are required to jointly fund the joint venture operations in proportion to their interests in the Joint Venture Company to avoid dilution. However, the Company is currently not obligated to make additional capital contributions to the Joint Venture Company and therefore only records losses up to the point of its cumulative investment. The Company invested \$840,000 million in the Joint Venture Company during the three months ended December 31, 2018, and \$0 during the three months ended December 31, 2017. The portion of the cumulative loss that exceeds the Company's cumulative investment will be suspended and recognized against earnings, if any, from the Company's investment in the Joint Venture Company in future periods. The suspended losses for the period from inception to December 31, 2018 are \$23.4 million.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2018 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2017

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense for the six months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,097,183 and \$1,476,980, respectively. Current year general and administrative expenses primarily relate to audit fees, legal fees, management fees, and stock-based compensation expense. We recognized \$1,530,967 of stock-based compensation expense for the six months ended December 31, 2018, related to restricted stock granted to our officers and directors in December 2018, November 2018, November 2017, November 2016, August 2016, September 2015 and November 2014, all pursuant to the Company's 2010 Equity Compensation Plan. We recognized \$998,117 of stock-based compensation expense for the six months ended December 31, 2017, related to restricted stock granted to our officers and directors in November 2017, November 2016, August 2016, December 2015, September 2015, January 2015, and November 2014, all pursuant to the Company's 2010 Equity Compensation Plan.

Loss from Equity Investment in the Joint Venture Company. The loss from the Company's equity investment in the Joint Venture Company for the six months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$2,790,000 and \$0, respectively. Pursuant to the terms of the JV LLCA, the Company and Royal Gold are required to jointly fund the joint venture operations in proportion to their interests in the Joint Venture Company to avoid dilution. However, the Company is currently not obligated to make additional capital contributions to the Joint Venture Company and therefore only records losses up to the point of its cumulative investment. The Company invested \$2,790,000 million in the Joint Venture Company during the six months ended December 31, 2018, and \$0 during the six months ended December 31, 2017. The portion of the cumulative loss that exceeds the Company's cumulative investment will be suspended and recognized against earnings, if any, from the Company's investment in the Joint Venture Company in future periods. The suspended losses for the period from inception to December 31, 2018 are \$23.4 million.

Liquidity

Prior to the Closing, the Company's primary cash requirements were for exploration-related expenses. Since the Closing, the Company's primary cash requirements have been for general and administrative expenses. The Company's sources of cash have been from common stock offerings. The Peak Gold Joint Venture Property is still in the initial stages of exploration, and the longer term liquidity of the Company will be impaired to the extent the Joint Venture Company's exploration efforts are not successful in generating commercially viable mineral deposits on the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. In September 2016, the Company distributed a Private Placement Memorandum to its warrant holders to give them the opportunity to exercise their warrants at a reduced exercise price and receive shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of the Company by paying the reduced exercise price in cash and surrendering the original warrants. The offering applied to warrant holders with an exercise price of \$10.00 per share originally issued in March 2013. The offering gave the warrant holders the opportunity to exercise the warrants for \$9.00 per share. The offer expired on November 15, 2016. In conjunction with the offering a total of 587,500 warrants were exercised resulting in total cash to the Company of \$5.3 million. On October 13, 2017, the Company distributed a Private Placement Memorandum to its warrant holders to give them the opportunity to exercise their warrants at a reduced exercise price and receive shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Contango ORE, Inc. by paying the reduced exercise price in cash and surrendering the original warrants. The offering applied to warrant holders with an exercise price of \$10.00 per share originally issued in March 2013. The offering gave the warrant holders the opportunity to exercise the warrants for \$9.50 per share. The offer expired on November 10, 2017. In conjunction with the offering a total of 124,999 warrants were exercised resulting in total cash to the Company of \$1.2 million. Proceeds from the exercise of the warrants will be used for working capital purposes and for funding future obligations to the Joint Venture Company.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company had approximately \$10.4 million of cash, cash equivalents, and short term investments. A capital budget of \$10.7 million was approved for the calendar 2018 Exploration Program for the Joint Venture Company, of which the Company's share was approximately \$6.1 million. Actual calendar year 2018 expenses were \$10.1 million, of which the Company funded \$5.4 million. During the quarter ended December 31, 2018, the Joint Venture Company spent approximately \$0.9 million of the approved budget. On October 23, 2017, the Company completed the issuance and sale of an aggregate of 553,672 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company at a purchase price of \$19.00 per share of Common Stock, in a private placement to certain purchasers pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of October 23, 2017, by and among the Company and each purchaser named therein. Brad Juneau, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, purchased 13,200 shares of Common Stock, at an aggregate purchase price of \$250,800, in the Private Placement on the same terms and conditions as all other purchasers. The Private Placement resulted in approximately \$10.5 million of gross proceeds and approximately \$10.0 million of net proceeds. The Company will use the net proceeds from the Private Placement to fund its exploration and development program and for general corporate purposes. Petrie acted as sole placement agent in connection with the Private Placement and received a placement agent fee equal to 6.50%, which was reduced to 3.25% for existing stockholders and other purchasers referred by those existing stockholders, or a total of \$0.5 million in placement agent fees. The Company believes that its current cash balances will be sufficient to meet its working capital requirements for the next twelve months.

On January 8, 2015, Royal Gold invested \$5 million to fund exploration activity, and had the option to earn up to a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company by investing up to \$30 million (inclusive of the initial \$5 million investment) prior to October 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, Royal Gold had funded approximately \$33.6 million

(including the initial investment of \$5 million) and earned a 40.0% interest in the Joint Venture Company. The proceeds of Royal Gold's investment were used for additional exploration of the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. For additional information regarding the Joint Venture Company's capital budget and expenditures, see the "Gold Exploration" section above.

Pursuant to the terms of the JV LLCA, the Company and Royal Gold are required to jointly fund the joint venture operations in proportion to their interests in the Joint Venture Company. If a member elects not to contribute to an approved program and budget or contributes less than its proportionate interest, its percentage interest will be reduced. The capital costs of developing a large gold mining facility could exceed \$1 billion. The Company's ability to contribute funds sufficient to retain its membership interests in the Joint Venture Company may be limited. To date, neither the Company nor the Joint Venture Company has generated any revenue from mineral sales or operations. In the future, the Joint Venture Company may generate revenue from a combination of mineral sales and other payments resulting from any commercially recoverable minerals from the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property. The Company does not expect the Joint Venture Company to generate revenue from mineral sales in the foreseeable future. Further, neither the Company nor the Joint Venture Company has any recurring source of revenue other than Royal Gold's contributions in connection with the Transactions. As a result, the Company's ability to contribute funds to the Joint Venture Company and retain its interest will depend on its ability to raise capital. The Company has limited financial resources and the ability of the Company to arrange additional financing in the future will depend, in part, on the prevailing capital market conditions, the exploration results achieved at the Peak Gold Joint Venture Property, as well as the market price of metals. The Company cannot be certain that financing will be available to the Company on acceptable terms, if at all. If the Company were unable to fund its contributions to the approved programs and budgets for the Joint Venture Company, its interest in the Joint Venture Company would be diluted. Now that Royal Gold has earned a 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company, it has the additional right to require the Company to sell up to 20% of the interest in the Joint Venture Company in a sale of Royal Gold's entire 40% interest in the Joint Venture Company or up to 20% of the interest in a specified resource area in a sale of Royal Gold's entire interest in the resource area to a bona fide third party purchaser. If Royal Gold exercises this right, the Company will be obligated to sell 20% of the membership interest or interest in the resource area, as applicable, to a bona fide third party purchaser on the same terms and conditions as the interest being sold by Royal Gold.

Further financing by the Company may include issuances of equity, instruments convertible into equity (such as warrants) or various forms of debt. The Company has issued common stock and other instruments convertible into equity in the past and cannot predict the size or price of any future issuances of common stock or other instruments convertible into equity, and the effect, if any, that such future issuances and sales will have on the market price of the Company's securities. Any additional issuances of common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, common stock may ultimately result in dilution to the holders of common stock, dilution in any future earnings per share of the Company and may have a material adverse effect upon the market price of the common stock of the Company.

Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factor set forth below and the other information set forth elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risks discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2018, under the headings "Item 1. Business — Adverse Climate Conditions," "—Competition," "— Government Regulation" and

“— Environmental Regulation,” “Item 1A. Risk Factors,” and “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” which risks could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2018, other than updating the risk factors below. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2018 are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results. An investment in the Company is subject to risks inherent in our business and involves a high degree of risk. The trading price of the shares of the Company is affected by the performance of our business relative to, among other things, competition, market conditions and general economic and industry conditions. The value of an investment in the Company may decrease, resulting in a loss. The updated risk factors are as follows:

The Company's common stock is thinly traded.

As of December 31, 2018, there were approximately 6.4 million shares of the Company's common stock outstanding, with directors and officers beneficially owning approximately 16.6% of the common stock and the Marital Trust of Mr. Kenneth R. Peak, the Company's former Chairman, beneficially owning approximately 12.4% of our common stock. As of January 22, 2018, Royal Gold reported beneficial ownership of approximately 12.7% of our common stock. Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB tier of the OTC Markets Group Inc. under the symbol "CTGO". Although our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB, trading has been irregular and with low volumes and therefore the market price of our common stock may be difficult to ascertain. Since the Company's common stock is thinly traded (average trading volume of 548 shares of common stock per day for fiscal year 2018), the purchase or sale of relatively small common stock positions may result in disproportionately large increases or decreases in the price of the Company's common stock.

The Company's interest in the Joint Venture Company may be reduced.

Pursuant to the JV LLCA, now that Royal Gold has earned a 40.0% interest in the Joint Venture Company, the members will contribute funds to approved programs and budgets in proportion to their respective percentage interests in the Joint Venture Company. If a member elects not to contribute to an approved program and budget or contributes less than its proportionate interest, its percentage interest will be recalculated by dividing (i) the sum of (a) the value of its initial contribution plus (b) the total of all of its capital contributions plus (c) the amount of the capital contribution it elects to fund, by (ii) the sum of (a), (b) and (c) above for both members multiplied by 100. Going forward, the Company's ability to contribute funds sufficient to maintain the current level of its membership interests in the Joint Venture Company may be limited. In addition, now that Royal Gold has earned a percentage interest of 40.0% in the Joint Venture Company, the Company's interest in the Joint Venture Company may also be reduced if Royal Gold exercises its right to require the Company to sell up to 20.0% of (i) the interest in the Joint Venture Company in a sale by Royal Gold of its entire percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company, or (ii) the interest in a certain resource area defined in the Amendment no. 2 to the JV LLCA in a sale by Royal Gold of its entire interest in the resource area to a bona fide third party purchaser.

We may not be successful in negotiating and consummating a strategic transaction and our process of considering such strategic options could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We have retained Petrie Partners, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald and Co. to advise on potential strategic options, including a joint sale process with our joint venture partner, Royal Gold, for the sale directly or indirectly of up to 100% of the Joint Venture Company's properties in Alaska. We intend to effect any transaction through the sale of our

common stock. Royal Gold and its advisor, Scotia Capital Inc., will initially take the lead in the joint sale process. There are no assurances that any specific strategic alternatives will be pursued or successful. Further, the incurrence of expenses or additional capital contributions to maintain our percentage interest in the Joint Venture Company may exceed our current plans and expectations, which could require us to complete a transaction. This process could create uncertainty concerning our business and the Joint Venture Company's business, regardless of whether the strategic process is completed, and poses other risks to our business, including:

- the possibility of disruption to the business and operations of the Joint Venture Company, including diversion of significant management time and resources towards the completion of the strategic process
- impairment of our ability, and the ability of the Joint Venture Company, to retain key personnel
- Joint Venture Company's difficulties maintaining relationships with employees, customers, suppliers and other business partners
- restrictions on our business operations and ability to explore strategic alternatives under any definitive agreement we may enter into as a result of this process; and
- potential future stockholder litigation relating to the strategic process that could prevent or delay the process, and increase our costs and expenses.

If any of the foregoing risks were realized, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*

As a "smaller reporting company", we are not required to provide this information.

Item 4. *Controls and Procedures*

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, we have evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC. Based upon the evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2018 at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. *Legal Proceedings*

From time to time, we are party to litigation or other legal and administrative proceedings that we consider to be a part of the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Form 10-Q, we are not a party to any material legal proceedings and we are not aware of any material proceedings contemplated against us, that could individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

Item 1A. *Risk Factors*

As a “smaller reporting company”, we are not required to provide this information. See Part I, Item 2, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” which identifies and discloses certain risks and uncertainties including, without limitation, certain “Risk Factors.”

Item 2. *Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds*

None.

Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

None.

Item 5. *Other Information*

On February 7, 2019, the Company entered into Retention Agreements with its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and one other employee providing for payments in an aggregate amount of \$1,500,000 upon the occurrence of certain conditions. Payments by the Company under the Retention Agreements are triggered upon a change of control (as defined in the applicable Retention Agreement), provided that the recipient is employed by the Company when the change of control occurs. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer will receive a payment of \$1,000,000 and \$250,000, respectively, upon a change of control.

This description of the Retention Agreements for each of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of such Retention Agreements, which are attached hereto as Exhibit 10.3 and Exhibit 10.4.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of this Form 10-Q. Where so indicated by a footnote, exhibits, which were previously filed, are incorporated herein by reference.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	<u>Certificate of Incorporation of Contango ORE, Inc.</u> ⁽¹⁾
3.2	<u>Bylaws of Contango ORE, Inc.</u> ⁽¹⁾
4.1	<u>Form of Certificate of Contango ORE, Inc. Common Stock.</u> ⁽⁶⁾
4.2	<u>Certificate of Designation of Series A Junior Preferred Stock of Contango ORE, Inc.</u> ⁽⁴⁾
4.3	<u>Rights Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2012, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽⁴⁾
4.4	<u>Amendment No. 1 to Rights Agreement, dated as of March 21, 2013, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽⁵⁾
4.5	<u>Amendment No. 2 to Rights Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2014, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽⁷⁾
4.6	<u>Amendment No. 3 to Rights Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2014, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽⁸⁾
4.7	<u>Amendment No. 4 to Rights Agreement, dated as of November 11, 2015, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽⁹⁾
4.8	<u>Amendment No. 5 to Rights Agreement, dated as of April 22, 2018, between Contango ORE, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent.</u> ⁽¹³⁾
4.9	<u>Registration Rights Agreement dated November 15, 2016, between Contango ORE, Inc. and the Purchasers named therein.</u> ⁽¹⁰⁾
4.10	<u>Registration Rights Agreement dated October 23, 2017, among Contango ORE, Inc. and the Purchasers named therein.</u> ⁽¹¹⁾
4.11	<u>Registration Rights Agreement dated November 10, 2017, among Contango ORE, Inc. and the Purchasers named therein.</u> ⁽¹²⁾

- 10.1 Contribution Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2010, between Contango Oil & Gas Company and Contango ORE, Inc. ⁽¹⁾
- 10.2 Amendment No. 2 to the Peak Gold, LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement, dated as of January 18, 2019, between CORE Alaska, LLC and Royal Alaska, LLC. ⁽¹⁴⁾
- 10.3 Retention Agreement dated February 6, 2019 between Contango ORE, Inc. and Brad Juneau^{†*}
- 10.4 Retention Agreement dated February 6, 2019 between Contango ORE, Inc. and Leah Gaines^{†*}
- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer required by Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. [†]
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer required by Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. [†]
- 32.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. [†]
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. [†]
- 99.1 Original Schedule of Gold properties (Excluding Tetlin Lease). ⁽²⁾
- 99.2 Original Schedule of REE properties. ⁽²⁾
- 99.3 Report of Behre Dolbear & Company (USA), Inc. ⁽³⁾
- 99.4 Voting Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2014, between Royal Gold, Inc. and the stockholder parties thereto.⁽⁷⁾
- 101 Interactive Data Files[†]

† Filed herewith.

* Management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.

1. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form 10, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 26, 2010.
2. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 19, 2011.
3. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended December 31, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2012.
4. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 21, 2012.
5. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 25, 2013.
6. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2013.
7. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 2, 2014.
8. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 18, 2014.
9. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended December 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 12, 2015.
10. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2016.
11. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 26, 2017.
12. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 16, 2017.
13. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 25, 2018.
14. Filed as an exhibit to the Company's report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 25, 2019.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

CONTANGO ORE, INC.

Date: February 7, 2019 By: /s/ JOHN B. JUNEAU
John B. Juneau
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 7, 2019 By: /s/ LEAH GAINES
Leah Gaines
Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)