

Bridgeline Digital, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 14, 2018

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 333-139298

Bridgeline Digital, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware

52-2263942

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization IRS Employer Identification No.

80 Blanchard Road

Burlington, Massachusetts

01803

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(781) 376-5555

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files) Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the

Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of Common Stock par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding as of August 10, 2018 was 4,241,225.

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Bridgeline Digital, Inc.

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period ended June 30, 2018

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Bridgeline Digital, Inc.

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period ended June 30, 2018

Statements contained in this Report on Form 10-Q that are not based on historical facts are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “should,” “could,” “may,” “will,” “expect,” “believe,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “intends,” “continue,” or similar terms or variations of those terms or the negative of those terms. These statements appear in a number of places in this Form 10-Q and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of Bridgeline Digital, Inc. Forward-looking statements are merely our current predictions of future events. Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, are not guaranties of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from our predictions. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ from our predictions include the impact of the weakness in the U.S. and international economies on our business, our inability to manage our future growth effectively or profitably, fluctuations in our revenue and quarterly results, our license renewal rate, the impact of competition and our ability to maintain margins or market share, the limited market for our common stock, the volatility of the market price of our common stock, the ability to maintain our listing on the NASDAQ Capital market, the ability to raise capital, the performance of our products, our ability to respond to rapidly evolving technology and customer requirements, our ability to protect our proprietary technology, the security of our software, our dependence on our management team and key personnel, our ability to hire and retain future key personnel, or our ability to maintain an effective system of internal controls. Although we have sought to identify the most significant risks to our business, we cannot predict whether, or to what extent, any of such risks may be realized, nor is there any assurance that we have identified all possible issues which we might face. We assume no obligation to update our forward-looking statements to reflect new information or developments. We urge readers to review carefully the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 as well as in the other documents that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You can read these documents at www.sec.gov.

Where we say “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company” or “Bridgeline Digital” we mean Bridgeline Digital, Inc.

Table of Contents**PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.****BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | June 30, | September |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | 2018 | 30, |
| | | 2017 |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$427 | \$ 748 |
| Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables, net | 2,103 | 3,026 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 465 | 352 |
| Total current assets | 2,995 | 4,126 |
| Property and equipment, net | 94 | 209 |
| Intangible assets, net | 49 | 263 |
| Goodwill | 8,026 | 12,641 |
| Other assets | 258 | 334 |
| Total assets | \$11,422 | \$ 17,573 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$1,371 | \$ 1,241 |
| Accrued liabilities | 636 | 920 |
| Debt, current portion | 198 | - |
| Deferred revenue | 841 | 1,466 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,046 | 3,627 |
| Debt, net of current portion | 2,810 | 2,500 |
| Other long term liabilities | 234 | 172 |
| Total liabilities | 6,090 | 6,299 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |

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| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; 264,000 and 262,364 at June 30, 2018 and 245,172 and 243,536 at September 30, 2017, issued and outstanding (liquidation preference \$2,624, as of June 30, 2018) | - | - |
| Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 4,241,225 at June 30, 2018 and 4,200,219 at September 30, 2017, issued and outstanding | 5 | 4 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 66,430 | 65,869 |
| Accumulated deficit | (60,752) | (54,249) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (351) | (350) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 5,332 | 11,274 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$11,422 | \$ 17,573 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Net revenue: | | | | |
| Digital engagement services | \$1,578 | \$2,121 | \$5,559 | \$6,298 |
| Subscription and perpetual licenses | 1,262 | 1,711 | 4,367 | 5,018 |
| Managed service hosting | 243 | 242 | 839 | 743 |
| Total net revenue | 3,083 | 4,074 | 10,765 | 12,059 |
| Cost of revenue: | | | | |
| Digital engagement services | 977 | 1,297 | 3,666 | 3,569 |
| Subscription and perpetual licenses | 510 | 473 | 1,503 | 1,468 |
| Managed service hosting | 47 | 65 | 213 | 209 |
| Total cost of revenue | 1,534 | 1,835 | 5,382 | 5,246 |
| Gross profit | 1,549 | 2,239 | 5,383 | 6,813 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Sales and marketing | 991 | 1,193 | 3,045 | 3,661 |
| General and administrative | 625 | 801 | 2,156 | 2,395 |
| Research and development | 406 | 393 | 1,221 | 1,175 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 93 | 126 | 305 | 468 |
| Goodwill impairment | 4,615 | - | 4,615 | - |
| Restructuring charges | 6 | 49 | 187 | 249 |
| Total operating expenses | 6,736 | 2,562 | 11,529 | 7,948 |
| Loss from operations | (5,187) | (323) | (6,146) | (1,135) |
| Interest (income)/expense and other (income)/expense, net | 35 | (9) | (115) | (122) |
| Loss before income taxes | (5,152) | (332) | (6,261) | (1,257) |
| Provision for income taxes | 10 | - | 11 | 13 |
| Net loss | (5,162) | (332) | (6,272) | (1,270) |
| Dividends on convertible preferred stock | (79) | (71) | (231) | (207) |
| Net loss applicable to common shareholders | \$(5,241) | \$(403) | \$(6,503) | \$(1,477) |
| Net loss per share attributable to common shareholders: | | | | |
| Basic and diluted | \$(1.24) | \$(0.10) | \$(1.54) | \$(0.36) |
| Number of weighted average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic and diluted | 4,241,225 | 4,195,900 | 4,222,848 | 4,129,481 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Nine Months Ended June 30, | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Net Loss | \$ (5,162) | \$ (332) | \$ (6,272) | \$ (1,270) |
| Other Comprehensive Income: Net change in foreign currency translation adjustment | (1) | - | (1) | 3 |
| Comprehensive loss | \$ (5,163) | \$ (332) | \$ (6,273) | \$ (1,267) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2018 2017 | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$(6,272) | \$(1,270) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | | |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | 60 | 48 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 214 | 214 |
| Depreciation | 85 | 216 |
| Other amortization | 50 | 84 |
| Goodwill impairment | 4,615 | - |
| Debt discount amortization | 82 | - |
| Change in fair value of warrant | (156) | - |
| Stock-based compensation | 374 | 433 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables | 923 | (507) |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (40) | (22) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (201) | (188) |
| Deferred revenue | (625) | 269 |
| Other liabilities | (81) | (100) |
| Total adjustments | 5,300 | 447 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (972) | (823) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Software development capitalization costs | - | (41) |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (30) | (18) |
| Net cash from investing activities | (30) | (59) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs | - | 853 |
| Proceeds from term loan | 953 | - |
| Borrowing on bank line of credit | 888 | 1,859 |
| Payments on bank line of credit | (1,121) | (1,630) |
| Preferred Series A cash dividends paid | (38) | - |
| Contingent acquisition payments | - | (75) |
| Principal payments on capital leases | - | (36) |
| Net cash from financing activities | 682 | 971 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (1) | 3 |

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| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents | (321) | 92 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 748 | 661 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$427 | \$753 |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid for: | | |
| Interest | \$190 | \$93 |
| Income taxes | \$14 | \$17 |
| Non cash investing and financing activities: | | |
| Dividends on convertible preferred stock | \$114 | \$207 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

1. Description of Business

Overview

Bridgeline Digital, The Digital Engagement Company™, helps customers with their digital experience from websites and intranets to online stores. The Bridgeline Unbound platform is delivered through a cloud-based SaaS (“Software as a Service”) multi-tenant business model, providing maintenance, daily technical operation and support; or via a traditional perpetual licensing business model, in which the software resides on a dedicated server in either the customer’s facility or hosted by Bridgeline via a cloud-based hosted services model.

Bridgeline Digital was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on August 28, 2000.

Locations

The Company’s corporate office is located in Burlington, Massachusetts. The Company has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Bridgeline Digital Pvt. Ltd. located in Bangalore, India.

Reverse Stock Split

On June 29, 2017, the Company’s Shareholders and the Board of Directors approved a reverse stock split pursuant to which all classes of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock at the close of business on such date were combined and reconstituted into a smaller number of shares of common stock in a ratio of 1 share of common stock for every 5 shares of common stock (“1-for-5 reverse stock split”). The 1-for-5 reverse stock split was effective as of

close of business on July 24, 2017 and the Company's stock began trading on a split-adjusted basis on July 25, 2017.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and footnotes have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effects of the 1-for-5 reverse stock split.

Going Concern

The Company has a history of net losses and the net loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 is \$6.3 million, which includes a charge of \$4.6 million for goodwill impairment. Cash flows used in operations was \$972 for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and we expect to continue to incur negative cash flows for the rest of the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2018, we had \$427 in cash available to fund operations and debt service costs. The Company has a line of credit of up to \$2.5 million with Heritage Bank of Commerce ("Heritage Bank"), however, borrowing capability is based on eligible accounts receivable. At June 30, 2018, the Company had no additional borrowing ability on the Heritage Bank line of credit.

Management believes these conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within the next twelve months from the date these financial statements are available to be issued. The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon profitable future operations, positive cash flows, and additional financing.

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BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with existing cash on hand and additional financing. Our future financing plans include issuing public or private equity securities, including selling common stock, and pursuing funding through new debt instruments. Management will also continue with its long-term cost reduction plan initiated in fiscal 2015, reevaluating its operations to decrease expenses commensurate with expected revenues. These sources of working capital are not currently assured, and consequently do not sufficiently mitigate the risks and uncertainties disclosed above. Management therefore concludes there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as of June 30, 2018.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from uncertainty related to our ability to continue as a going concern.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"), and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and

Regulation S-X, and in the opinion of the Company's management these condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals, necessary for the fair presentation, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The operating results for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending September 30, 2018. The accompanying September 30, 2017 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date of this filing and concluded there were no material subsequent events requiring adjustment to or disclosure in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, except as already disclosed in these financial statements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)—Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment* ("ASU 2017-04"). ASU 2017-04 simplifies the accounting for goodwill impairments by eliminating the requirement to compare the implied fair value of goodwill with its carrying amount as part of step two of the goodwill impairment test referenced in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* ("ASC 350"). As a result, an entity should perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. However, the impairment loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. ASU 2017-04 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including any interim impairment tests within those annual periods, with early application permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. As of June 30, 2018, the Company elected to early adopt ASU 2017-04. In performing an interim impairment test at June 30, 2018, the Company recorded a \$4.6 million impairment charge, which represented the excess of carrying value compared to fair value prior to recording the impairment charge. All future goodwill impairment tests will be performed according to ASU 2017-04.

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BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606 (ASU 2014-09), to supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is to recognize revenues when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 defines a five step process to achieve this core principle and, in doing so, it is possible more judgment and estimates may be required within the revenue recognition process than required under existing U.S. GAAP including identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 is effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Companies may adopt ASU 2014-09 using either the retrospective method, under which each prior reporting period is presented under ASU 2014-09, with the option to elect certain permitted practical expedients, or the modified retrospective method, under which a company adopts ASU 2014-09 from the beginning of the year of initial application with no restatement of comparative periods, with the cumulative effect of initially adopting ASU 2014-09 recognized at the date of initial application as an adjustment to retained earnings, with certain additional required disclosures. The Company plans to adopt the standard using the modified retrospective method to restate each prior reporting period presented.

As the Company has substantially completed its assessment of all potential impacts of the new standard, it currently believes that the impact will not be significant. A large portion of the Company’s business is for the licensing of Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) term-based software licenses bundled with maintenance and support. Under current GAAP, the revenue attributable to these software licenses is recognized ratably over the term of the arrangement because VSOE does not exist for the undelivered maintenance and support element as it is not sold separately. To apply the new revenue standard, a company must first determine whether a contract includes a promise of a license of intellectual property. A separate promise of a license exists when (1) the customer has the contractual right to take possession of the software at any time without significant penalty and (2) the customer can run the software on its own hardware or contract with another party unrelated to the vendor to host of the software. Neither of these criteria are met with our current SaaS licensing arrangements, therefore, revenue recognition will continue to be recognized over the period of service. Revenue recognition related to our professional services is expected to remain substantially unchanged.

Another significant provision under ASU 2014-09 includes the capitalization and amortization of costs associated with obtaining a contract, such as sales commissions. Currently, the Company expenses sales commissions in the period incurred. Under ASU 2014-09, direct and incremental costs to acquire a contract are capitalized and amortized using a systematic basis over the pattern of transfer of the goods and services to which the asset relates. While we are continuing to assess the impact of this provision of ASU 2014-09, we likely will be required to capitalize incremental costs such as commissions and amortize those costs over the period the capitalized assets are expected to contribute to future cash flows. Due to the complexity of certain of our contracts, the actual accounting treatment required under the new standard for these arrangements may be dependent on contract-specific terms and therefore may vary in some instances.

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, which is guidance on accounting for leases. ASU No. 2016-02 requires lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets for the rights and obligations created by those leases. The guidance requires enhanced disclosures regarding the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases and will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance requires the use of a modified retrospective approach. The Company is evaluating the impact of the guidance on its consolidated financial position, results of operations and related disclosures.

Income Tax

Deferred income taxes are provided on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and on net operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided for that portion of deferred tax assets not expected to be realized.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Cash Flows

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, which is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows, specifically certain cash receipts and cash payments. The standard is effective for public business entities financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, provided that all of the amendments are adopted in the same period. The guidance requires application using a retrospective method. Management does not expect the adoption of this Standard to have a material impact on its consolidated cash flows.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18 which requires entities to include in their cash and cash-equivalent balances in the statement of cash flows those amounts that are deemed to be restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents. As a result, companies will no longer present transfers between cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption of ASU 2016-18 is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. Management is currently evaluating the adoption of ASU 2016-18 on its consolidated cash flows.

Business Combinations

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, which amended the existing FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 805 Business Combinations. The standard provides additional guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The definition of a business affects many areas of accounting, including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. ASU 2017-01 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

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BRIDGELINE DIGITAL, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, which simplifies the accounting for certain financial instruments with down round features. This new standard will reduce income statement volatility for many companies that issue warrants and convertible instruments containing such features. ASU 2017-11 is effective for public companies in 2019 and all other entities in 2020. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

All other Accounting Standards Updates issued but not yet effective are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's future financial statements.

3. Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Receivables

Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables consists of the following:

| | As of June 30, 2018 | As of September 30, 2017 |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$2,061 | \$ 3,174 |
| Unbilled receivables | 214 | 41 |
| Subtotal | 2,275 | 3,215 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (172) | (189) |
| Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables, net | \$2,103 | \$ 3,026 |

As of June 30, 2018, two customers represented 15% and 10% of accounts receivable. As of September 30, 2017, two customers represented 23% and 14% of accounts receivable. Unbilled receivables represent amounts recognized as revenue for which invoices have not yet been sent.

4. Fair Value Measurement and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, companies are required to provide disclosure and categorize assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three different levels depending on the assumptions (i.e., inputs) used in the valuation. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value while Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is defined as follows:

Level 1—Valuations are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Valuations are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices in markets that are not active for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3—Valuations are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Inputs reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The Company believes the carrying values for accounts receivable and accounts payable and short term debt approximate current fair values as of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 because of their short-term nature and durations. The carrying value of long term debt also approximates fair value as of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 based upon the Company's ability to acquire similar debt at similar maturities.

In October 2017, the Company recorded a liability associated with a warrant to purchase common stock issued to Montage Capital II, L.P ("Montage Capital"). The fair value of the warrant liability will utilize a Level 3 input. To determine the value of the warrant liability, the Company used a Monte Carlo option-pricing model, which takes into consideration the market values of comparable public companies, considering among other factors, the use of multiples of earnings, and adjusted to reflect the restrictions on the ability of our shares to trade in an active market. The Monte Carlo option-valuation model also uses certain assumptions to determine the fair value, including expected life and annual volatility. Such inputs used to value the warrant liability include an expected life of eight (8) years, annual volatility of 80%, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.24%.

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The fair value of the warrant liability was valued at the loan execution date in the amount of \$341 and will be revalued at the end of each reporting period to fair value. The fair value of the warrant is included in Other long term liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. Changes in fair value are included in interest expense in the Condensed Statement of Operations in the period the change occurs. In total, the Company has recorded a change in fair value of (\$156) since the original valuation in October 2017. The fair value of the warrant at June 30, 2018 is \$185.

Assets and liabilities of the Company measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Warrant liability | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 185 | \$ 185 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 185 | \$ 185 |

Warrant liability is reflected in Other long term liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The following table provides a rollforward of the fair value, as determined by Level 3 inputs, of the warrant liability.

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Nine Months Ended |
| | June 30, 2018 |
| Balance at beginning of period, October 1, 2017 | \$ - |
| Additions | 341 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------------|--------|
| Adjustment to fair value | (3) |
| Balance at end of period, December 31, 2017 | \$ 338 |
| Additions | - |
| Adjustment to fair value | (20) |
| Balance at end of period, March 31, 2018 | \$ 318 |
| Additions | - |
| Adjustment to fair value | (133) |
| Balance at end of period, June 30, 2018 | \$ 185 |

5. Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill are as follows:

| | As of June 30, 2018 | As of September 30, 2017 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$12,641 | \$ 12,641 |
| Impairment | (4,615) | - |
| Balance at end of period | \$8,026 | \$ 12,641 |

The carrying value of goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually as of September 30, as well as, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a reporting unit may not be recoverable. The Company early adopted ASU 2017-04 during the quarter ended June 30, 2018.

The purpose of an impairment test is to identify any potential impairment by comparing the carrying value of a reporting unit including goodwill to its fair value. An impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The fair value measurement was calculated at June 30, 2018 using the Company's market price which is classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy under U.S. GAAP.

In performing the interim impairment test at June 30, 2018, Management concluded that goodwill was impaired by \$4.6 million. This amount is reflected as a reduction in goodwill of \$4.6 million in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2018 with the offset as an expense in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

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6. Intangible Assets

The components of intangible assets are as follows:

| | As of June 30, 2018 | As of September 30, 2017 |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Domain and trade names | \$ 10 | \$ 10 |
| Customer related | 18 | 179 |
| Non-compete agreements | 21 | 74 |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 49 | \$ 263 |

Total amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$71 for both the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and \$214 for the both the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Amortization expense is reflected in operating expenses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The estimated amortization expense for fiscal years 2018 (remaining) and 2019 is \$28 and \$21, respectively.

7. Restructuring

Commencing in fiscal 2015 and through the current fiscal year, the Company's management approved, committed to and initiated plans to restructure and further improve efficiencies by implementing cost reductions in line with expected decreases in revenue. The Company renegotiated several office leases and relocated to smaller space, while also negotiating sub-leases for the original space. In addition, the Company executed a general work-force reduction and recognized costs for severance and termination benefits. These restructuring charges and accruals require estimates and assumptions, including contractual rental commitments or lease buy-outs for vacated office space and related costs, and estimated sub-lease income. The Company's sub-lease assumptions include the rates to be charged to

a sub-tenant and the timing of the sub-lease arrangement. All of the vacated lease space is currently contractually occupied by a new sub-tenant for the remaining life of the lease. In the second quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company initiated a plan to shut down its operations in India. In the second quarter of fiscal 2018, the Company restructured the office lease for its Corporate headquarters. All of these estimates and assumptions will be monitored on a quarterly basis for changes in circumstances with the corresponding adjustments reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The following table summarizes the restructuring activity for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018:

| | Facility Closures | |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | and Other Costs | |
| Balance at beginning of period, October 1, 2017 | \$ 176 | |
| Charges to operations | - | |
| Cash disbursements | (67) | |
| Changes in estimates | - | |
| Balance at end of period, December 31, 2017 | \$ 109 | |
| Charges to operations | 140 | |
| Cash disbursements | (121) | |
| Changes in estimates | (20) | |
| Balance at end of period, March 31, 2018 | \$ 108 | |
| Charges to operations | 2 | |
| Cash disbursements | (21) | |
| Changes in estimates | - | |
| Accretion Expense | 4 | |
| Balance at end of period, June 30, 2018 | \$ 93 | |

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The components of the accrued restructuring liabilities is as follows:

| | As of June 30, 2018 | As of September 30, 2017 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Facilities and related | \$ 93 | \$ 133 |
| Other | - | 43 |
| Total | \$ 93 | \$ 176 |

As of June 30, 2018, \$78 was reflected in Accrued Liabilities and \$15 in Other Long Term Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of September 30, 2017, \$119 is reflected in Accrued Liabilities and \$57 is reflected in Other Long Term liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

8. Debt

Debt as of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 consists of the following:

| | As of June 30, 2018 | As of September 30, 2017 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Line of credit borrowings | \$2,267 | \$ 2,500 |
| Term loan - Montage Capital | 1,000 | - |

| | | |
|----------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Subtotal debt | \$3,267 | \$ 2,500 |
| Other (debt discount) | (259) | - |
| Total debt | \$3,008 | \$ 2,500 |
| Less current portion | 198 | - |
| Long term debt, net of current portion | \$2,810 | \$ 2,500 |

Heritage Line of Credit

In June 2016, the Company entered into a new Loan and Security Agreement with Heritage Bank of Commerce (“Heritage Agreement” or “Loan Agreement”). The Heritage Agreement had an original a term of 24 months but was amended in 2017 to a maturity date of June 9, 2019 and then further extended on August 10, 2018 to September 7, 2019 (Eighth Amendment). The Company paid an annual commitment fee of 0.4% of the commitment amount in the first year and 0.2% in the second year. The facility fee is \$6 on each anniversary thereafter. Borrowings are secured by all of the Company’s assets and all of the Company’s intellectual property. The Company is required to comply with certain financial and reporting covenants including an Asset Coverage Ratio and an Adjusted EBITDA metric. The Company and Heritage Bank mutually agree upon minimum quarterly Adjusted EBITDA amounts for each fiscal year within thirty days following the beginning of each fiscal year. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants as of June 30, 2018.

The Heritage Agreement provides for up to \$2.5 million of revolving credit advances which may be used for acquisitions and working capital purposes. Borrowings are limited to the lesser of (i) \$2.5 million and (ii) 75% of eligible receivables as defined. The Company can borrow up to \$1.0 million in out of formula borrowings for specified periods of time. The borrowings or credit advances may not exceed the monthly borrowing base capacity, which will fluctuate based on monthly accounts receivable balances. The Company may request credit advances if the borrowing capacity is more than the current outstanding loan advance, and must pay down the outstanding loan advance if it exceeds the borrowing capacity. Borrowings accrue interest at Wall Street Journal Prime Rate plus 1.75%, (currently 6%). As of June 30, 2018, the Company had an outstanding balance under the Loan Agreement of \$2.3 million.

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A Director and Shareholder of the Company, Michael Taglich, signed an unconditional guaranty (the “Guaranty”) and promise to pay Heritage Bank all indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$1.5 million in connection with the out of formula borrowings. Under the terms of the Guaranty, the Guarantor authorizes Lender, without notice or demand and without affecting its liability hereunder, from time to time to: (a) renew, compromise, extend, accelerate, or otherwise change the time for payment, or otherwise change the terms, of the Indebtedness or any part thereof, including increase or decrease of the rate of interest thereon, or otherwise change the terms of the Indebtedness; (b) receive and hold security for the payment of this Guaranty or any Indebtedness and exchange, enforce, waive, release, fail to perfect, sell, or otherwise dispose of any such security; (c) apply such security and direct the order or manner of sale thereof as Lender in its discretion may determine; and (d) release or substitute any Guarantor or any one or more of any endorsers or other guarantors of any of the Indebtedness.

To secure all of Guarantor's obligations hereunder, Guarantor assigns and grants to Lender a security interest in all moneys, securities, and other property of Guarantor now or hereafter in the possession of Lender, all deposit accounts of Guarantor maintained with Lender, and all proceeds thereof. Upon default or breach of any of Guarantor's obligations to Lender, Lender may apply any deposit account to reduce the Indebtedness, and may foreclose any collateral as provided in the Uniform Commercial Code and in any security agreements between Lender and Guarantor.

Amendments – Heritage Bank

On October 6, 2017, a fourth amendment to the Heritage Agreement (“Fourth Amendment”) was executed. The Fourth Amendment included a consent to the Company’s incurrence of additional indebtedness from Montage and the grant of a second position lien to Montage (See Subsequent Events). In addition, Heritage Bank and Montage entered into an Intercreditor Agreement dated October 10, 2017, and acknowledged by the Company.

On November 27, 2017, a fifth amendment to the Heritage Agreement (“Fifth Amendment”) was executed. The Fifth Amendment included the Adjusted EBITDA metrics for the second half of fiscal 2017 and the first six months of fiscal 2018. Thereafter, the Company and Heritage Bank shall mutually agree upon minimum quarterly Adjusted EBITDA amounts for each fiscal year within thirty days following the beginning of each fiscal year.

On February 1, 2018, a sixth amendment to the Heritage Agreement (“Sixth Amendment”) was executed. The Sixth Amendment amended the definition of Eligible Foreign Accounts.

On May 10, 2018, a seventh amendment to the Heritage Agreement (“Seventh Amendment”) was executed. The Seventh Amendment included the Adjusted EBITDA metrics for the third and fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 and a waiver for not achieving the Adjusted EBITDA metric for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

On August 10, 2018, the eighth Amendment was executed (“Eighth Amendment”). The Eighth Amendment extended the maturity date of the loan to September 7, 2019.

Montage Capital II, L.P. Loan Agreement

On October 10, 2017, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the “Loan Agreement”) with Montage Capital II, L.P. (“Montage”). The Loan Agreement has a thirty-six (36) month term which expires on October 10, 2020. The Loan Agreement provides for up to \$1.5 million of borrowing in the form of a non-revolving term loan which may be used by the Company for working capital purposes. \$1 million of borrowing was advanced on the date of closing. An additional \$500 thousand of borrowing was available at the Company’s option through May 31, 2018 in the event that the Company achieved certain financial milestones and is otherwise in compliance with its loan covenants (the “Second Tranche”). However, the Company did not borrow the Second Tranche, as the financial milestones were not achieved, and the option expired. Borrowings bear interest at the rate of 12.75% per annum. The Company paid a fee of \$47 to Montage at closing. Interest only payments are due and payable during the first nine months of the Loan. Commencing on July 1, 2018, the Company shall be obligated to make principal payments of \$26 per month. All remaining principal and interest shall be due and payable at maturity. Borrowings are secured by a second position lien on all of the Company’s assets including intellectual property and general intangibles. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, the Company is also required to comply with certain financial covenants. The Loan is subordinate to the Company’s senior debt facility with Heritage Bank. Heritage Bank consented to the Company’s incurrence of additional indebtedness from Montage and the grant of a second position lien to Montage. In addition, Heritage Bank and Montage entered into an intercreditor agreement dated October 10, 2017, and acknowledged by the Company. The Company was not in compliance with the EBITDA financial covenants as of March 31, 2018, but received a waiver (“First Amendment”). On May 10, 2018, the first amendment to the Montage Agreement (“First Amendment”) was executed. The First Amendment included the Adjusted EBITDA metrics for the third quarter of fiscal 2018 and a waiver for not achieving the Adjusted EBITDA metrics for the quarter ended March 31, 2018. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants as of June 30, 2018.

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As additional consideration for the Loan, the Company issued to Montage an eight-year warrant (the “Warrant”) to purchase 66,315 shares of the Company’s common stock at a price equal to \$2.65 per share. The Warrant contains an equity buy-out provision upon the earlier of (1) dissolution or liquidation of the Company, (2) any sale or distribution of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or (3) a “Change in Control” as defined within the meaning of Section 13(d) and 14(d)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Montage shall have the right to receive an equity buy-out of \$250. If the equity buy-out is exercised, the Warrant will be surrendered to the Company for cancellation. At the loan execution, the initial fair value of the Warrant was \$341. The fair value as of June 30, 2018 is \$185. The warrants were initially valued with certain assumptions, including the probability of exercising the Second Tranche, which would require the issuance of additional warrants of 33,767. However, the Second Tranche was not exercised resulting in a decrease in the fair value of the warrant. The Warrant is classified as a liability with an offsetting entry to debt discounts, which will be amortized over the life of the Loan Agreement. Total amortization of the debt discount for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 was \$28 and \$82. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018, the total adjustments to fair value were (\$133) and (\$156). Adjustments to fair value are recorded as interest expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations with the offset to warrant liability currently included in Other Long Term Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

9. Other Long Term Liabilities

Deferred Rent

In connection with the lease in Massachusetts, the Company made an investment in leasehold improvements at this location of approximately \$1.4 million, of which approximately \$657 was funded by the landlord. The capitalized leasehold improvements were being amortized over the initial life of the lease. The improvements funded by the landlord were treated as lease incentives. Accordingly, the funding received from the landlord was recorded as a fixed asset addition and a deferred rent liability on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company terminated this lease effective March 1, 2018 and reversed the remaining deferred rent liability of \$118. As of June 30, 2018, deferred rent of \$7 was reflected in Accrued Liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet related to the Company’s Chicago office. As of September 30, 2017, deferred rent of \$154 was reflected in Accrued Liabilities and \$43 was reflected in Other long term liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Warrant Liability

The warrant issued to Montage Capital is included in Other Long Term Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. The fair value of the warrant was valued at the loan execution date in the amount of \$341 and is revalued at the end of each reporting period to fair value. The fair value at June 30, 2018 was \$185, a reduction of \$156. Changes in fair value are recorded as expense in the period the change occurs.

10. Shareholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

In October 2014, the Company sold 200,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock (the "Preferred Stock") at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$2.0 million in a private placement. The shares of Preferred Stock may be converted, at the option of the holder at any time, into such number of shares of common stock ("Conversion Shares") equal (i) to the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be converted, multiplied by the stated value of \$10.00 (the "Stated Value") and (ii) divided by the conversion price in effect at the time of conversion. The current conversion price is \$16.25, and is subject to adjustment in the event of stock splits or stock dividends. Any accrued but unpaid dividends on the shares of Preferred Stock to be converted shall also be converted in common stock at the conversion price. A mandatory provision also may provide that the Company will have the right to require the holders to convert shares of Preferred Stock into Conversion Shares if (i) the Company's common stock has closed at or above \$32.50 per share for ten consecutive trading days and (ii) the Conversion Shares are (A) registered for resale on an effective registration statement or (B) may be resold pursuant to Rule 144. As of June 30, 2018, a total of 1,636 shares of preferred stock have been converted to 1,007 shares of common stock. The Preferred Shares shall vote with the Common on an as converted basis.

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In the event of any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, the holders of shares of Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive in preference to the holders of common stock, the amount equal to the stated value per share of Series A Preferred Stock plus declared and unpaid dividends, if any. After such payment has been made, the remaining assets of the Company will be distributed ratably to the holders of common stock.

As of June 30, 2018, the Company has issued 64,000 shares of Preferred Stock as PIK dividends to the preferred shareholders, which is the maximum amount of cumulative PIK dividends authorized. Therefore, all future dividends payments will be cash dividends. Effective January 1, 2017, cumulative dividends are payable at a rate of 12% per year, as after two years, any Preferred Stock dividends increase from 6% to 12% per year.

Stock Incentive Plans

The Company has granted common stock, common stock warrants, and common stock option awards (the “Equity Awards”) to employees, consultants, advisors and debt holders of the Company and to former owners and employees of acquired companies that have become employees of the Company. On April 29, 2016, the stockholders approved a new stock incentive plan, The 2016 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2016 Plan”). The 2016 Plan replaced an older plan that expired in August 2016. New option grants are only issued from the new 2016 Plan, but the Company still maintains options under the older plan until they are exercised or expire. The 2016 Plan authorizes the award of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock, unrestricted stock, performance shares, stock appreciation rights and any combination thereof to employees, officers, directors, consultants, independent contractors and advisors of the Company. Initially, a total of 500,000 shares of the Company’s Common Stock is reserved for issuance under this new plan. As of June 30, 2018, there were 460,246 options outstanding under both plans and 260,534 shares available for future issuance.

Common Stock Warrants

The Company typically issues warrants to individual investors and placement agents to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock in connection with private placement fund raising activities. Warrants may also be issued to individuals or companies in exchange for services provided for the Company. The warrants are typically exercisable six months after the issue date, expire in five years, and contain a cashless exercise provision and piggyback

registration rights.

As of June 30, 2018, the total warrants outstanding were 584,308 issued as follows: 218,455 warrants were issued to the placement agents in connection with private placements, 299,538 warrants were issued to individual investors in connection with private placements, debt issuances and bank guarantees, and 66,315 warrants were issued to Montage Capital. Certain of the Company's officers and directors have also been issued warrants. Included in the total warrants outstanding are warrants to purchase 8,600 shares of common stock issued to the Company's CEO and President, Roger Kahn, in connection with the November 2016 Private Placement, in which he purchased shares of common stock. Also included in the total warrants outstanding are warrants to purchase 153,297 shares of common stock issued to Michael Taglich. Michael Taglich is a member of the Board of Directors and a shareholder. Michael Taglich has been issued warrants in connection with his participation as an investor in private offerings and issuance of loans to the Company. He has also guaranteed \$1.5 million in connection with the Company's out of formula borrowings on its credit facility with Heritage Bank for which he received warrants totaling 86,000. Michael Taglich is also a principal of Taglich Brothers, Inc who have been the placement agents for many of the Company's private placements.

On January 7, 2015, Bridgeline also entered into a side letter with Michael Taglich pursuant to which Bridgeline agreed in the event the Bank Guaranty remains outstanding for a period of more than 12 months, on each anniversary of the date of issuance of the Guaranty while the Guaranty remains outstanding Bridgeline will issue Michael Taglich a warrant to purchase 6,000 shares of common stock, which warrant shall contain the same terms as the warrant issued to Michael Taglich on January 7, 2015. Since the Guaranty was still outstanding at December 31, 2017, a warrant to purchase 6,000 shares of common stock was issued to Michael Taglich in January 2018 at a price of \$20.00.

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Total warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

| Type | Issue Date | Shares | Price | Expiration |
|----------------------|------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Placement Agent | 9/30/2013 | 6,157 | \$32.50 | 9/30/2018 |
| Placement Agent | 11/6/2013 | 3,078 | \$32.50 | 11/6/2018 |
| Placement Agent | 3/28/2014 | 12,800 | \$26.25 | 3/28/2019 |
| Placement Agent | 10/28/2014 | 12,308 | \$16.25 | 10/28/2019 |
| Director/Shareholder | 12/31/2014 | 12,000 | \$20.00 | 12/31/2019 |
| Director/Shareholder | 2/12/2015 | 12,000 | \$20.00 | 2/12/2020 |
| Director/Shareholder | 5/12/2015 | 12,000 | \$20.00 | 5/12/2020 |
| Director/Shareholder | 7/21/2015 | 32,000 | \$8.75 | 7/21/2018 |
| Director/Shareholder | 12/31/2015 | 6,000 | \$20.00 | 12/31/2020 |
| Placement Agent | 5/17/2016 | 86,778 | \$3.75 | 5/17/2021 |
| Placement Agent | 5/11/2016 | 53,334 | \$3.75 | 5/11/2021 |
| Placement Agent | 7/15/2016 | 44,000 | \$4.60 | 7/15/2021 |
| Investors | 11/9/2016 | 213,538 | \$3.50 | 5/9/2022 |
| Director/Shareholder | 12/31/2016 | 6,000 | \$20.00 | 12/31/2021 |
| Financing | 10/10/2017 | 66,315 | \$2.65 | 10/10/2025 |
| Director/Shareholder | 12/31/2017 | 6,000 | \$20.00 | 12/31/2021 |
| Total | | 584,308 | | |

Summary of Option and Warrant Activity and Outstanding Shares

| Stock Options | Stock Warrants |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Weighted Average Exercise | Weighted Average Exercise |

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| | Options | Price | Warrants | Price |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Outstanding, September 30, 2017 | 450,646 | \$ 7.02 | 539,593 | \$ 8.18 |
| Granted | 19,900 | \$ 2.47 | 72,315 | \$ 4.09 |
| Exercised | - | \$ - | - | \$ - |
| Forfeited or expired | (10,300) | \$ (7.72) | (27,600) | \$ 31.25 |
| Outstanding, June 30, 2018 | 460,246 | \$ 6.80 | 584,308 | \$ 6.58 |

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The fair value of each stock option grant was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions and fair value per share:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | 2017 | June 30, 2018 | 2017 |
| Number of options granted | none | 10,000 | 19,900 | 20,200 |
| Volatility | n/a | 85.30 % | 80.52 % | 84.95 % |
| Estimated life (in years) | n/a | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Risk-free interest rate | n/a | 1.95 % | 2.50 % | 1.96 % |
| Weighted-average fair value per share of grants | n/a | \$2.74 | \$1.73 | \$2.47 |

11. Net Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed as follows:

| (in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | 2017 | June 30, 2018 | 2017 |
| Net loss | \$ (5,162) | \$ (332) | \$ (6,272) | \$ (1,270) |

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| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Accrued dividends on convertible preferred stock | (79) | (71) | (231) | (207) |
| Net loss applicable to common shareholders | \$(5,241) | \$(403) | \$(6,503) | \$(1,477) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted | 4,241 | 4,196 | 4,223 | 4,129 |
| Net loss per share attributable to common shareholders: | | | | |
| Basic and diluted | \$(1.24) | \$(0.10) | \$(1.54) | \$(0.36) |

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net income per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus the dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and warrants and convertible preferred stock using the “treasury stock” method. For both the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the computation of diluted loss per share does not include all of stock options, warrants and convertible preferred stock as they are anti-dilutive.

12. Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$10 and \$0, respectively, and \$11 and \$13 for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Income tax expense consists of the estimated liability for state income taxes owed by the Company.

The Company does not provide for U.S. income taxes on the undistributed earnings of its Indian subsidiary, which the Company considers to be a permanent investment. The Tax Act contains a provision requiring companies to repatriate all aggregate post 1986 earnings and profits of foreign corporations. The Company has estimated that the repatriation will be zero under a provisional basis because the foreign subsidiary has no income.

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On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code that will affect the Company's fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, including, but not limited to, reducing the U.S. federal corporate tax rate. For taxable years after December 31, 2017, the Tax Act reduces the federal corporate tax rate to 21 percent and as such will impact the Company's fiscal 2018 tax calculations. For the nine months ended June 30, 2018, the U.S. federal statutory rate is a blended rate based upon the number of days in fiscal 2018 that the Company will be taxed at the former rate of 34 percent and the number of days that it will be taxed at the new rate of 21 percent. The reduction of the corporate tax rate will cause the Company to reduce its deferred tax assets to the lower federal base rate and adjust the allowance against the deferred tax asset by the same amount. The Company has not yet determined the impact the rate reduction will have on its gross deferred tax asset and liabilities and offsetting valuation allowance. The Company has a full allowance against the deferred tax asset and as a result there was no impact to income tax expense for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2018.

The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimate, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the company has utilized to calculate the transition impact. The Securities Exchange Commission has issued rules that would allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. The Company will continue to analyze the Tax Act to assess the full effects on its financial results, including disclosures, and anticipates finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by the end of our current fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

13. Related Party Transactions

In October 2013, Mr. Michael Taglich joined the Board of Directors. Michael Taglich is the Chairman and President of Taglich Brothers, Inc. a New York based securities firm. Taglich Brothers, Inc were the Placement Agents for many of the Company's private offerings in 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2016. They were also the Placement Agent for the Company's \$3 million subordinated debt offering in 2013 and the Series A Preferred stock sale in 2015. Michael Taglich beneficially owns approximately 22% of Bridgeline common stock. Michael Taglich has also guaranteed \$1.5 million in connection with the Company's out of formula borrowings on its credit facility with Heritage Bank.

14. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to ordinary routine litigation and claims incidental to its business. As of June 30, 2018, the Company was not engaged with any material legal proceedings.

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This section contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors and risks including the impact of the weakness in the U.S. and international economies on our business, our inability to manage our future growth effectively or profitably, fluctuations in our revenue and quarterly results, our license renewal rate, the impact of competition and our ability to maintain margins or market share, the limited market for our common stock, the ability to maintain our listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market, the volatility of the market price of our common stock, the ability to raise capital, the performance of our products, our ability to respond to rapidly evolving technology and customer requirements, our ability to protect our proprietary technology, the security of our software and response to cyber security risks, our ability to meet our financial obligations and commitments, our dependence on our management team and key personnel, our ability to hire and retain future key personnel, our ability to maintain an effective system of internal controls, or our ability to respond to government regulations. These and other risks are more fully described herein and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

This section should be read in combination with the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements and related notes prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

Overview

Bridgeline Digital, The Digital Engagement Company™, helps customers maximize the performance of their complete digital experience from websites and intranets to online stores and marketing campaigns. Bridgeline’s Unbound platform deeply integrates Web Content Management, eCommerce, eMarketing, Social Media management, and Web Analytics (now known as Insights) to ensure marketers deliver digital experiences that attract, engage, nurture, and convert their customers across all channels. Bridgeline’s Unbound platform combined with its digital services assists customers in maximizing on-line revenue, improving customer service and loyalty, enhancing employee knowledge, and reducing operational costs. The Bridgeline Unbound franchise product is a platform that empowers franchise and large dealer networks with state-of-the-art web engagement management while providing superior oversight of corporate branding. Bridgeline’s Unbound franchise product also deeply integrates content management, eCommerce, eMarketing and web analytics on one unified platform.

The Bridgeline Unbound platform is delivered through a cloud-based SaaS (“Software as a Service”) multi-tenant business model, whose flexible architecture provides customers with state of the art deployment providing maintenance, daily technical operation and support; or via a traditional perpetual licensing business model, in which the Bridgeline Unbound software resides on a dedicated server in either the customer’s facility or by Bridgeline via cloud-based hosted services model.

The Bridgeline Unbound Platform is an award-winning application recognized around the globe. Our teams of Microsoft Gold® certified developers have won over 100 industry related awards. In 2017, our Marketing Automation platform was named a 2017 SIIA CODiE Award finalist in the Best Marketing Solution category. In 2016, *CIO Review* selected Bridgeline Unbound (formerly iAPPS) as one of the 20 Most Promising Digital Marketing Solution Providers. This followed accolades from the SIIA (Software and Information Industry Association) which recognized Content Manager with the 2015 SIIA CODiE Award for Best Web Content Management Platform. Also in 2015, *EContent* magazine named Bridgeline's Unbound Digital Engagement Platform to its Trendsetting Products list. The list of 75 products and platforms was compiled by EContent's editorial staff, and selections were based on each offering's uniqueness and importance to digital publishing, media, and marketing. We were also recognized in 2015 as a strong performer by Forrester Research, Inc in its independence report, "The Forrester Wave™: Through-Channel Marketing Automation Platforms, Q3 2015." In recent years, our Content Manager and Commerce products were selected as finalists for the 2014, 2013, and 2012 CODiE Awards for Best Content Management Solution and Best Electronic Commerce Solution, globally. In 2014 and 2013, Bridgeline Digital won twenty-five Horizon Interactive Awards for outstanding development of web applications and websites. Also in 2013, the Web Marketing Association sponsored Internet Advertising Competition honored Bridgeline Digital with three awards for customer websites and B2B Magazine selected Bridgeline Digital as one of the Top Interactive Technology companies in the United States. KMWorld Magazine Editors selected Bridgeline Digital as one of the 100 Companies That Matter in Knowledge Management and also selected Bridgeline's Unbound (formerly iAPPS) as a Trend Setting Product in 2013.

Bridgeline Digital was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on August 28, 2000.

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The Company's corporate office is located in Burlington, Massachusetts. The Company has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Bridgeline Digital Pvt. Ltd. located in Bangalore, India.

Reverse Stock Split

On June 29, 2017, the Company's Shareholders and the Board of Directors approved a reverse stock split pursuant to which all classes of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock at the close of business on such date were combined and reconstituted into a smaller number of shares of common stock in a ratio of 1 share of common stock for every 5 shares of common stock ("1-for-5 reverse stock split"). The 1-for-5 reverse stock split was effective as of close of business on July 24, 2017 and the Company's stock began trading on a split-adjusted basis on July 25, 2017.

Customer Information

We currently have over 3,000 active customers. The Company had certain customers whose revenue individually represented 10% or more of the Company's total revenue, as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2018, two customers accounted for 12% and one customer accounted for 11% of revenue. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, one customer accounted for 16% and one customer accounted for 11% of revenue. For the nine months ended June 30, 2018, one customer accounted for 14% and one customer accounted for 12% of revenue. For the nine months ended June 30, 2017, one customer accounted for 13% and one customer accounted for 11% of revenue.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 | | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2017 | |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Customer A | 12% | 16% | 14% | 13% |
| Customer B | 12% | 11% | 12% | 11% |

Customer C 11% - - -

The Tax Cut and Jobs Act

The effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act on our business have not yet been fully analyzed and could have an adverse effect on our net income.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Act”) was signed into law. We are in the process of analyzing the Act and its possible effects on the Company. The Act reduces the corporate tax rate to 21 percent from 34 percent, among other things. It could also require us to write down our deferred tax assets. The reduction of the corporate tax rate will cause the Company to reduce its deferred tax assets to the lower federal base rate with resulting adjustments to the allowance against the deferred tax asset. The Company has not yet determined the impact the rate reduction will have on its gross deferred tax assets and liabilities and the offsetting valuation allowance. Historically, the Company has a full allowance against the deferred tax assets.

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The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimate, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the company has utilized to calculate the transition impact. The Securities Exchange Commission has issued rules that would allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. We currently anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by the end of our current fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2018 compared to the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2017

Total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$3.1 million compared with \$4.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. We had a net loss of (\$5.2) million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared with net loss of (\$332) thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Included in the three months ended June 30, 2018 is a goodwill impairment charge of \$4.6 million. Net loss per share applicable to common shareholders was (\$1.24) for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and (\$0.10) for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Total revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 was \$10.8 million compared with \$12.1 million for the nine months ended June 31, 2017. We had a net loss of (\$6.3) million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared with net loss of (\$1.3) million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Included in the three months ended June 30, 2018 is a goodwill impairment charge of \$4.6 million. Net loss per share applicable to common shareholders was (\$1.54) for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and (\$0.36) for the nine months ended June 30, 2017.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations**

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 | Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 | \$ | % | | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2018 | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2017 | \$ | % | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| | | | Change | Change | | | | Change | Change | |
| Net revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Digital engagement services | \$1,578 | \$2,121 | (543) | (26 %) | | \$5,559 | \$6,298 | (739) | (12 %) | |
| <i>% of total net revenue</i> | <i>51 %</i> | <i>52 %</i> | | | | <i>52 %</i> | <i>52 %</i> | | | |
| Subscription and perpetual licenses | 1,262 | 1,711 | (449) | (26 %) | | 4,367 | 5,018 | (651) | (13 %) | |
| <i>% of total net revenue</i> | <i>41 %</i> | <i>42 %</i> | | | | <i>40 %</i> | <i>42 %</i> | | | |
| Managed service hosting | 243 | 242 | 1 | 0 % | | 839 | 743 | 96 | 13 % | |
| <i>% of total net revenue</i> | <i>8 %</i> | <i>6 %</i> | | | | <i>8 %</i> | <i>6 %</i> | | | |
| Total net revenue | \$3,083 | \$4,074 | \$(991) | (24 %) | | \$10,765 | \$12,059 | \$(1,294) | (11 %) | |
| Cost of revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Digital engagement costs | 977 | 1,297 | (320) | (25 %) | | 3,666 | 3,569 | 97 | 3 % | |
| <i>% of digital engagement services revenue</i> | <i>62 %</i> | <i>61 %</i> | | | | <i>66 %</i> | <i>57 %</i> | | | |
| Subscription and perpetual licenses | 510 | 473 | 37 | 8 % | | 1,503 | 1,468 | 35 | 2 % | |
| <i>% of subscription and perpetual revenue</i> | <i>40 %</i> | <i>28 %</i> | | | | <i>34 %</i> | <i>29 %</i> | | | |
| Managed service hosting | 47 | 65 | (18) | (28 %) | | 213 | 209 | 4 | 2 % | |
| <i>% of managed service hosting revenue</i> | <i>19 %</i> | <i>27 %</i> | | | | <i>25 %</i> | <i>28 %</i> | | | |
| Total cost of revenue | 1,534 | 1,835 | (301) | (16 %) | | 5,382 | 5,246 | 136 | 3 % | |
| Gross profit | \$1,549 | \$2,239 | \$(690) | (31 %) | | \$5,383 | \$6,813 | \$(1,430) | (21 %) | |
| Gross profit margin | 50 % | 55 % | | | | 50 % | 56 % | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and marketing | 991 | 1,193 | (202) | (17 %) | | 3,045 | 3,661 | (616) | (17 %) | |
| <i>% of total revenue</i> | <i>32 %</i> | <i>29 %</i> | | | | <i>28 %</i> | <i>30 %</i> | | | |
| General and administrative | 625 | 801 | (176) | (22 %) | | 2,156 | 2,395 | (239) | (10 %) | |
| <i>% of total revenue</i> | <i>20 %</i> | <i>20 %</i> | | | | <i>20 %</i> | <i>20 %</i> | | | |
| Research and development | 406 | 393 | 13 | 3 % | | 1,221 | 1,175 | 46 | 4 % | |
| <i>% of total revenue</i> | <i>13 %</i> | <i>10 %</i> | | | | <i>11 %</i> | <i>10 %</i> | | | |
| | 93 | 126 | (33) | (26 %) | | 305 | 468 | (163) | (35 %) | |

Depreciation and amortization

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------|---|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| % of total revenue | 3 | % | 3 | % | | | 3 | % | 4 | % | |
| Goodwill impairment | 4,615 | | - | | 4,615 | - | 4,615 | | - | 4,615 | - |
| % of total revenue | 150 | % | - | | - | - | 43 | % | - | | |
| Restructuring charges | 6 | | 49 | | (43) | (88 %) | 187 | | 249 | | (62) (25 %) |
| % of total revenue | - | | 1 | % | | | 2 | % | 2 | % | |
| Total operating expenses | 6,736 | | 2,562 | | 4,174 | 163 % | 11,529 | | 7,948 | | 3,581 45 % |
| Loss from operations | (5,187) | | (323) | | (4,864) | 1,506 % | (6,146) | | (1,135) | | (5,011) 441 % |
| Interest (income)/expense and other (income)/expense, net | 35 | | (9) | | 44 | (489 %) | (115) | | (122) | | 7 (6 %) |
| Loss before income taxes | (5,152) | | (332) | | (4,820) | 1,452 % | (6,261) | | (1,257) | | (5,004) 398 % |
| Provision for income taxes | 10 | | - | | 10 | - | 11 | | 13 | | (2) (15 %) |
| Net loss | \$(5,162) | | \$(332) | | \$(4,830) | 1,455 % | \$(6,272) | | \$(1,270) | | \$(5,002) 394 % |
| Non-GAAP Measure: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$(332) | | \$49 | | \$(381) | (778 %) | \$(611) | | \$81 | | \$(692) (854 %) |

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Revenue

Our revenue is derived from three sources: (i) digital engagement services (ii) subscription and perpetual licenses and (iii) managed service hosting.

Digital Engagement Services

Digital engagement services revenue is comprised of implementation and retainer related services. In total, revenue from digital engagement services decreased \$543 thousand, or 26%, for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased \$739 thousand, or 12%, for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Digital engagement services revenue as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 51% from 52% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 and remained at 52% for both the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The decreases are attributable to the decreases in new engagement sales compared to the prior period.

Subscription and Perpetual Licenses

Revenue from subscription and perpetual licenses decreased \$449 thousand, or 26%, to \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased \$651 thousand, or 13%, to \$4.4 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$5.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the prior periods is attributable to a decline in SaaS licenses and Perpetual licenses, partially due to attrition of a customer who was acquired and did not renew its contract. Subscription and perpetual license revenue as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 41% from 42% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased to 40% for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 from 42% compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease as a percentage of revenues is attributable to the decreases in new license sales.

Subsequent to the quarter ended June 30, 2018, we received notice from a large customer with multiple contracts that they will not be renewing one of their contracts with the Company. This is expected to result in a decline in subscription license revenue commencing in the quarter ended December 31, 2018. If we do not replace this revenue with new license revenue, the impact could be a decline in license revenue approximately \$375 thousand per quarter, which may also result in a negative impact on our financial condition or results of operations. This revenue could be replaced by winning new engagements, as well as, strategic opportunities that we may choose to pursue.

Managed Service Hosting

Revenue from managed service hosting increased slightly to \$243 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$242 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$96 thousand, or 13%, to \$839 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$743 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is due to new hosting contracts for perpetual licenses sold in the second half of fiscal 2017, offset with a loss from existing customers. Managed services revenue as a percentage of total revenue increased to 8% for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 from 6% compared to the three and nine months ended June 30, 2017. The increases as a percentage of revenue is attributable to the increase in customer hosting contracts.

Costs of Revenue

Total cost of revenue decreased \$301 thousand, or 16%, to \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$136 thousand, or 3%, to \$5.4 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$5.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The gross profit margin declined to 50% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to 55% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and declined to 50% for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to 56% for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The decline in the gross profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 is attributable to an increase in costs to support our SaaS environment. The decline in the gross profit margin for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017 is attributable to an increase in costs to support our SaaS environment and third party subcontractor costs that were incurred at a lower gross margin in order to complete a project for a strategic customer.

Cost of Digital Engagement Services

Cost of digital engagement services decreased \$320 thousand, or 25%, to \$977 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$97 thousand, or 3%, to \$3.7 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$3.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The cost of digital engagement services as a percentage of digital engagement services revenue increased to 62% from 61% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased to 66% from 57% for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The increases for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 are due to a decrease in margins and decrease in digital engagement revenue. The increases for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017 are due to costs for third-party subcontractors that were incurred at a lower gross margin in order to complete a project for a strategic customer.

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Cost of Subscription and Perpetual License

Cost of subscription and perpetual licenses increased \$37 thousand, or 8%, to \$510 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$473 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$35 thousand to \$1.5 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.5 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The cost of subscription and perpetual licenses as a percentage of subscription and perpetual license revenue increased to 40% from 28% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased to 34% from 29% for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Costs to support SaaS licenses are primarily fixed costs.

Cost of Managed Service Hosting

Cost of managed service hosting decreased \$18 thousand, or 28%, to \$47 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$65 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$4 thousand, or 2%, to \$213 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$209 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The cost of managed services as a percentage of managed services revenue decreased to 19% from 27% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased to 25% from 28% for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017. The costs to support our network operations center have primarily increased with our transition to a cloud-based model with Amazon Web Services, however this infrastructure does not require investment in capital equipment. We transitioned to Amazon Web Services during the second and third quarter of 2017.

Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$202 thousand, or 17%, to \$991 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased \$616 thousand, or 17%, to \$3.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$3.7 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Sales and marketing expenses represented 32% and 29% of total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and 28% and 30% of total revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The decreases for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017 is attributable to decreases in sales personnel and related compensation expenses. The decreases for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2017 is attributable to decreases in sales personnel and related compensation expenses and marketing expenses.

Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased \$176 thousand, or 22%, to \$625 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$801 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased \$239 thousand, or 10%, to \$2.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$2.4 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. General and administrative expenses represented 20% of total revenue for both the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and both the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The decreases for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three and nine months ended June 30, 2017 is attributable to decreases in compensation and other general expenses.

Research and Development

Research and development expense increased \$13 thousand, or 3%, to \$406 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$393 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and increased \$46 thousand, or 4%, to \$1.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Research and development expenses represented 13% and 10% of total revenue the three months June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and 11% and 10% of total revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase in research and development expense for the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three and nine months ended June 30, 2017 is due to an increase in compensation expense.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$33 thousand, or 26%, to \$93 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$126 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and decreased \$163 thousand, or 35%, to \$305 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$468 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Depreciation and amortization has decreased due to asset retirements related to the termination of leases and closing offices, as well as reductions in capital expenditures. Depreciation and amortization represented 3% of revenue for both the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and 3% and 4% of revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

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Goodwill impairment

The Company performed an interim impairment test at June 30, 2018, due to various factors including a decline in our stock price and recurring losses. At June 30, 2018, we elected to early adopt ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) – Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. The interim impairment test was performed in accordance with ASU 2017-04 by comparing the Company's fair value with its carrying amount, resulting in an impairment charge of \$4.6 million.

Restructuring Expenses

Commencing in fiscal 2015, the Company's management approved, committed to and initiated plans to restructure and further improve efficiencies by implementing cost reductions. As part of these restructuring initiatives, we recorded \$6 thousand and \$49 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$187 thousand and \$249 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Included in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018, were costs to terminate and restructure our Burlington, Massachusetts corporate headquarters and costs to dispose of property and equipment at this location.

Net Loss

Loss from operations

The loss from operations was (\$5.2) million for three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to a loss of (\$323) thousand in the prior period and a loss from operations of (\$6.1) million for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to a loss of (\$1.1) million for the nine months ended June 20, 2017. Included in the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2018 is a goodwill impairment charge of \$4.6 million. Excluding the goodwill impairment charge from operating expenses in the three months ended June 30, 2018, operating expenses decreased \$441 thousand or 17% compared to June 30, 2017. Excluding the goodwill impairment charge from operating expenses in the nine months ended June 30, 2018, operating expenses decreased \$1.0 million or 13%. We have made concerted efforts to decrease operating expenses in line with the decline in revenues.

Loss before income taxes

We have loans such as our line of credit with Heritage Bank of Commerce (“Heritage Bank”) and Montage Capital that accrue and pay interest on a monthly basis. We issued a warrant in connection with the Montage Capital loan that is classified as a liability with an offsetting entry to debt discounts. Debt discounts are recorded as interest expense and amortized over the life of the Loan Agreement. Total amortization of the debt discount for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 was \$28 thousand and \$82 thousand. Adjustments to fair value are recorded as interest (income)/ expense. The total adjustments to fair value were (\$133) thousand and (\$156) thousand for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

Income Taxes

The provision for income tax expense was \$10 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2018. There was no provision for income tax recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The provision for income tax expense was \$11 thousand and \$13 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Income tax expense represents the estimated liability for state income taxes owed.

Adjusted EBITDA

We also measure our performance based on a non-GAAP (“Generally Accepted Accounting Principles”) measurement of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization and before stock-based compensation expense and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets (“Adjusted EBITDA”).

We believe this non-GAAP financial measure of Adjusted EBITDA is useful to management and investors in evaluating our operating performance for the periods presented and provide a tool for evaluating our ongoing operations.

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Adjusted EBITDA, however, is not a measure of operating performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative or substitute for GAAP profitability measures such as (i) income from operations and net income, or (ii) cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, both as determined in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA as an operating performance measure has material limitations since it excludes the financial statement impact of income taxes, net interest expense, amortization of intangibles, depreciation, restructuring charges, other amortization and stock-based compensation, and therefore does not represent an accurate measure of profitability. As a result, Adjusted EBITDA should be evaluated in conjunction with net income for a complete analysis of our profitability, as net income includes the financial statement impact of these items and is the most directly comparable GAAP operating performance measure to Adjusted EBITDA. Our definition of Adjusted EBITDA may also differ from and therefore may not be comparable with similarly titled measures used by other companies, thereby limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. Because of the limitations that Adjusted EBITDA has as an analytical tool, investors should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our operating results as reported under GAAP.

The following table reconciles net loss (which is the most directly comparable GAAP operating performance measure) to EBITDA, and EBITDA to Adjusted EBITDA (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 | | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2017 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Net loss | \$ (5,162) | \$ (332) | \$ (6,272) | \$ (1,270) |
| Provision for income tax | 10 | - | 11 | 13 |
| Interest expense, net | 98 | 29 | 282 | 94 |
| Change in fair value of warrant | (133) | - | (156) | - |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 71 | 71 | 214 | 214 |
| Depreciation | 20 | 53 | 85 | 216 |
| Goodwill impairment | 4,615 | - | 4,615 | - |
| Restructuring charges | 6 | 49 | 187 | 297 |
| Other amortization | 17 | 18 | 50 | 84 |
| Stock based compensation | 126 | 161 | 373 | 433 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ (332) | \$ 49 | \$ (611) | \$ 81 |

Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 decreased compared to the three and nine months ended June 30, 2017. The decreases were due primarily to decreases in revenues.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$972 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to cash used in operating activities of \$823 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. This increase in the use of cash compared to the prior period was primarily to the decrease in accounts receivable and increase in net loss.

Investing Activities

Cash from investing activities was \$30 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$59 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. We do not expect to expend significant dollars for computer equipment or to capitalize any software in the next twelve months.

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Financing Activities

Cash from financing activities was \$682 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$971 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2017. Cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 is primarily attributable to a new term loan for gross proceeds of \$1.0 million with Montage Capital II, L.P, offset by net payments on the Heritage Bank Line of Credit of \$233.

Capital Resources and Liquidity Outlook

Going Concern

The Company has a history of net losses and the loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 is \$6.3 million, which includes a charge for goodwill impairment of \$4.6 million. Cash flows used in operations was \$972 thousand for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and we expect to continue to incur negative cash flows for the rest of the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2018, we had \$427 thousand in cash available to fund operations and debt service costs. The Company has a line of credit of up to \$2.5 million with Heritage Bank, however, borrowing capability is based on eligible accounts receivable. At June 30, 2018, the Company had no additional borrowing ability on the Heritage Bank line of credit, but there may be availability to borrow in the future.

Management believes these conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within the next twelve months from the date these financial statements are available to be issued. The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon profitable future operations, positive cash flows, and additional financing.

Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with existing cash on hand and additional financing. Our future financing plans include issuing public or private equity securities, including selling common stock, and pursuing funding through new debt instruments. Management will also continue with its long-term cost reduction plan initiated in fiscal 2015, reevaluating its operations to decrease expenses commensurate with expected revenues. These sources of working capital are not currently assured, and consequently do not sufficiently mitigate the risks and uncertainties disclosed above. Management therefore concludes there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as of June 30, 2018.

It is not certain that all or part of the Heritage Bank line of credit will be available to us in the future; and other sources of financing may not be available to us in a timely basis if at all, or on terms acceptable to us. If we fail to obtain acceptable funding when needed, we may not have sufficient resources to fund our normal operations, and this would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, financings or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, other than our operating leases and contingent acquisition payments.

We currently do not have any variable interest entities. We do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. Therefore, we are not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

Commitments and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2018, we have no material commitments or contingencies.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates described in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on December 21, 2017, that have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes.

See Note 2 to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements pertaining to the new accounting standard for income tax reporting, as well as, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements.

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Item 3. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not required.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934*, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, as ours are designed to do, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As of June 30, 2018 we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in enabling us to record, process, summarize and report information required to be included in our periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission within the required time period.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time we are subject to ordinary routine litigation and claims incidental to our business. We are not currently involved in any legal proceedings that we believe are material beyond those previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 21, 2017.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following summarizes all sales of our unregistered securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2018. The securities in the below-referenced transactions were (i) issued without registration and (ii) were subject to restrictions under the Securities Act and the securities laws of certain states, in reliance on the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 4(2), 4(6) and/or 3(b) of the Securities Act and on Regulation D promulgated there under, and in reliance on similar exemptions under applicable state laws as transactions not involving a public offering. Unless stated otherwise, no placement or underwriting fees were paid in connection with these transactions.

Stock Options

There were no stock options granted during the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2018.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description of Document

| | |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1(i) | <u>Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 15, 2013)</u> |
| 3.1(ii) | <u>Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, dated May 4, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 5, 2015)</u> |
| 3.1(iii) | <u>Certificate of Designations of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 4, 2014)</u> |
| 3.1(iv) | <u>Amended and Restated By-laws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 24, 2017)</u> |
| 4.1 (i) | <u>Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 3, 2016, by and between Bridgeline Digital, Inc. and the Investors party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K Filed on November 4, 2016)</u> |
| 10.1 | <u>Eighth Amendment to the Loan and Security Amendment between Bridgeline Digital, Inc. and Heritage Bank of Commerce, dated August 10, 2018</u> |
| 31.1 | <u>Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).</u> |
| 31.2 | <u>Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).</u> |
| 32.1 | <u>Certification required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. §1350).</u> |
| 32.2 | <u>Certification required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. §1350).</u> |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation |

*Management compensatory plan

**XBRL information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Bridgeline Digital, Inc.
(Registrant)

August 14, 2018 /s/ Roger Kahn
Roger Kahn

Date **President and Chief Executive Officer**
(Principal Executive Officer)

August 14, 2018 /s/ Michael Prinn
Michael Prinn

Date **Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer**
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)