TIFFANY & CO Form 10-Q September 02, 2010

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2010

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 1-9494

TIFFANY & CO.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State of incorporation)	13-3228013 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
727 Fifth Ave. New York, NY	10022
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	(212) 755-8000

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report _____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No⁻⁻

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Х	Accelerated filer	••
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
(Do not check if a smaller reporting compa	any)		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS: Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 126,266,981 shares outstanding at the close of business on August 31, 2010.

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX TO FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JULY 31, 2010

		PAGE
PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATI	ON	
T. 1		
<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets – July 31, 2010,	
	January 31, 2010 and July 31, 2009 (Unaudited)	<u>3</u>
		-
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings – for the	
	three and six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 (Unaudited)	<u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity –	
	for the six months ended July 31, 2010 and	
	<u>Comprehensive Earnings – for the three and six months</u>	5
	ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 (Unaudited)	<u>5</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – for the	
	six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 (Unaudited)	<u>6</u>
		_
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	
	(Unaudited)	<u>7-18</u>
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of	10.00
	Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>19-28</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>29</u>
<u>item 5.</u>	Quantitative and Quantative Disclosures About Warket Kisk	<u> </u>
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	<u>30</u>
<u>PART II – OTHER INFORMATION</u>		
Itom 1 A	Disk Fastors	21.22
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>31-33</u>
<u>Item 2.</u>	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>34</u>
		<u>.</u>
<u>Item 6.</u>	Exhibits	<u>35</u>
	(a) Exhibits	

PART I. Item 1.

Financial Information Financial Statements

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	July 31, 2010	January 31, 2010	July 31, 2009
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$566,725	\$785,702	\$333,603
Short-term investments	47,949		
Accounts receivable, less allowances			
of \$12,326, \$12,892 and \$10,323	156,708	158,706	140,025
Inventories, net	1,553,117	1,427,855	1,538,514
Deferred income taxes	16,114	6,651	12,303
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	76,780	66,752	99,473
Total current assets	2,417,393	2,445,666	2,123,918
Property, plant and equipment, net	661,387	685,101	707,176
Deferred income taxes	188,014	183,825	160,492
Other assets, net	179,767	173,768	153,883
	\$3,446,561	\$3,488,360	\$3,145,469
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings	\$44,221	\$27,642	\$40,754
Current portion of long-term debt	269,960	206,815	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	165,757	231,913	155,659
Income taxes payable	16,198	67,513	18,245
Merchandise and other customer credits	60,546	66,390	64,607
Total current liabilities	556,682	600,273	279,265
Long-term debt	467,855	519,592	710,994
Pension/postretirement benefit obligations	189,978	219,276	209,158
Deferred gains on sale-leasebacks	124,932	128,649	129,665
Other long-term liabilities	141,112	137,331	142,945
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized 2,000 shares, none			
issued and outstanding			
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized 240,000 shares,			
issued and outstanding 126,488, 126,326 and 124,093	1,265	1,263	1,240
Additional paid-in capital	813,600	764,132	698,995
Retained earnings	1,182,840	1,151,109	1,010,180
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(31,703)	(33,265)	(36,973)

Total stockholders' equity	1,966,002	1,883,239	1,673,442
	\$3,446,561	\$3,488,360	\$3,145,469

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited) (in thousands except per share amounts)

		hs Ended July 31,		Ended July 1,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net sales	\$668,760	\$612,493	\$1,302,346	\$1,130,108
Cost of sales	282,008	275,041	549,616	503,437
Gross profit	386,752	337,452	752,730	626,671
Selling, general and administrative expenses	273,146	247,898	533,707	477,603
Earnings from continuing operations	113,606	89,554	219,023	149,068
Interest and other expenses, net	11,121	12,132	23,259	24,572
Earnings from continuing operations before				
income taxes	102,485	77,422	195,764	124,496
Provision for income taxes	34,810	20,705	63,664	40,336
Net earnings from continuing operations	67,675	56,717	132,100	84,160
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	_	59	_	(3,043)
Net earnings	\$67,675	\$56,776	\$132,100	\$81,117
Earnings per share:				
Basic				
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.53	\$0.46	\$1.04	\$0.68
Net loss from discontinued operations			_	(0.03)
Net earnings	\$0.53	\$0.46	\$1.04	\$0.65
Diluted				
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.53	\$0.46	\$1.03	\$0.68
Net loss from discontinued operations				(0.03)
Net earnings	\$0.53	\$0.46	\$1.03	\$0.65
Weighted-average number of common shares:				
Basic	126,897	124,081	126,798	124,041
Diluted	128,385	124,523	128,464	124,343

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (Unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Total Stockholders'	Retained	Accumulated Oth Comprehensiv	er	on Stock	Additional Paid-In
	Equity	Earnings	·			Capital
Balances, January 31, 2010	\$ 1,883,239	\$1,151,109	\$ (33,265) 126,326	\$1,263	\$764,132
Exercise of stock options and						
vesting of						
restricted stock units ("RSUs")) 31,192			1,176	12	31,180
Tax effect of exercise of stock						
options and						
vesting of RSUs	4,195					4,195
Share-based compensation						
expense	12,982					12,982
Issuance of Common Stock						
under the						
Employee Profit Sharing and Retirement						
Savings Plan	5,000			104	1	4,999
Purchase and retirement of						
Common Stock	(47,138)	(43,239) —	(1,118) (11)) (3,888)
Cash dividends on Common						
Stock	(57,130)	(57,130) —	—		
Deferred hedging gain, net of						
tax	2,075		2,075			_
Unrealized gain on						
marketable securities, net						
of tax	636	—	636	—	—	
Foreign currency translation						
adjustments, net						
of tax	(2,171)	—	(2,171) —	—	_
Net unrealized gain on benefit						
plans,						
net of tax	1,022		1,022			
Net earnings	132,100	132,100				
Balances, July 31, 2010	\$ 1,966,002	\$1,182,840	\$ (31,703) 126,488	\$1,265	\$813,600
			Three Mont	hs Ended July	Six Months	Ended July

	Three Mon	ths Ended July	Six Months Ended July		
	31,		, -	31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Comprehensive earnings are as follows:					
Net earnings	\$67,675	\$56,776	\$132,100	\$81,117	
Other comprehensive gain (loss), net of tax:					
Deferred hedging (loss) gain	(2,733) 1,442	2,075	3,824	

Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,089	20,469	(2,171) 27,718
Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities	(447) 2,238	636	2,900
Net unrealized gain (loss) on benefit plans	474	(29) 1,022	18
Comprehensive earnings	\$66,058	\$80,896	\$133,662	\$115,577

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (in thousands)

2010 2009 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$132,100 \$81,117 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax 3,043 Net earnings from continuing operations 132,100 \$81,160 Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: 3,043 Depreciation and amortization 72,292 69,182 Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback (4,927) (4,762) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (3,936) (4) Provision for inventories 14,184 16,637 Deferred income taxes (19,009) 2,134 Provision for pension/postretirement benefits 13,442 11,691 Share-based compensation expense (12,010) Changes in assets and liabilities: 13,644 Stat44 Stat4		Six Months Ended July 31,			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:Net earnings\$132,100\$81,117Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax—3,043Adjustments to recorcile net earnings to net eash (used in) provided by operating activities:9Depreciation and amortization72,29269,182Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback(4,927)(4,762)Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements(3,936)(4Provision for inventories14,18416,637Deferred income taxes(19,069)2,134Provision for paison/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense5,23526,711Inventories(13,3495)50,058Prepaid expenses and other current assets(7,596)13,644Accounts payable and accrued liabilities(53,546)(71,155)Inconce taxes payable(54,058)(16,004)10Merchandise and other customer credits(58,211)(11,498)Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities(59,760)(30,425)Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments(48,611)(11,291)Repayment of short-term borrowings—-3,000Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net17,775(113,291)Repayment of short-term borrowings3,000Proceeds from repayment of credit facility borrowings, net-3,000Proceeds from repayment of long-term debt-30,000Proce)9
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax— $3,043$ Net earnings from continuing operations $132,100$ $84,160$ Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: $72,292$ $69,182$ Depreciation and amortization $72,292$ $69,182$ Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback $(4,927)$ $(4,762)$ Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $(3,936)$ (4) Provision for inventories $14,184$ $16,637$ Deferred income taxes $(19,069)$ $2,134$ Provision for pension/postretirement benefits $13,442$ $11,691$ Share-based compensation expense $12,795$ $12,010$ Changes in assets and liabilities: $32,525$ $26,711$ Inventories $(133,495)$ $50,058$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ $13,644$ Accounts receivable $5,235$ $26,711$ Inventories $(35,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(3,044)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $ 3,485$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $ 3,4000$ $)$ CaSH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ 30,000$ Repayment of	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2010	,	200	,,
Net carnings from continuing operations132,10084,160Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: $-$ Depreciation and amortization72,29269,182Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback(4,927)Amortization of pain on sale-leaseback(4,927)Provision for inventories14,18416,637Deferred income taxes(19,069)2,134Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities:Accounts receivable5,23526,711Inventories(13,495)50,058Prepaid expenses and other current assets(7,596)Accounts receivable(5,821))(3,044)Merchandise and other customer credits(5,821))(3,044)Other, net(36,711)(11,498))Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities(60,111))179,400CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:3,485Capital expenditures(99,221)(27,487))CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:(30,000)Repayment of short-term debt-(40,000))Proceeds from insuance of long-term debt-(47,138)-Proceeds from insuance of long-term debt-(30,000))Repayment of short-term debt-(30,000))	Net earnings	\$132,100		\$81,117	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash (used in) provided by opercation and amortization 72,292 69,182 Amortization and amortization 72,292 69,182 Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback (4,927) (4,762) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (3,936) (4) Provision for inventories 14,1184 16,637 Deferred income taxes (19,069) 2,134 Provision for pension/postretirement benefits 13,442 11,691 Share-based compensation expense (133,495) 50,058 Changes in assets and liabilities: (73,546) (71,155 Inventories (53,546) (71,155) Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities (53,546) (71,155) Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities (53,546) (71,155) Income taxes payable and accrued redits (58,211) (3,0404) Other, net (36,711) (11,498) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: -	Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax				
operating activities:Depreciation and amortization72,29269,182Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback(4,927)(4,762Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements(3,936)(4)Provision for inventories14,18416,637)Deferred income taxes(19,069)2,134Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities:	Net earnings from continuing operations	132,100		84,160	
Depreciation and amortization72.29269.182Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback $(4,927)$ $(4,762)$ Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback $(4,927)$ $(4,762)$ Provision for inventories14.18416.637Deferred income taxes $(19,069)$ 2.134Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13.44211.691Share-based compensation expense12.79512.010Changes in assets and liabilities:-Accounts receivable5.23526,711Inventories $(133,495)$ 50.058Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ 13.644Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other- 3.485 -Proceeds from frepayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings- $(40,000)$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $39,36$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees- $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Fina					
Amortization of gain on sale-leaseback $(4,927)$ $(4,762)$ Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $(3,936)$ (4) Provision for inventories14.18416.637Deferred income taxes $(19,069)$ $2,134$ Provision for pension/postretirement benefits $13,442$ 11.691 Share-based compensation expense $12,795$ $12,0101$ Changes in assets and liabilities: $$	· · ·	72 202		(0.10)	
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $(3,936)$ (4) Provision for inventories14,18416,637Deferred income taxes $(19,069)$ $2,134$ Provision for pension/postretirement benefits $13,442$ $11,691$ Share-based compensation expense $12,795$ $12,010$ Changes in assets and liabilities: $$	1)		
Provision for inventories14,18416,637Deferred income taxes(19,069)2,134Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities: $5,235$ 26,711Accounts receivable $5,235$ 26,711Inventories(133,495)50,058Prepaid expenses and other current assets(7,596)13,644Accounts payable and accrued liabilities(53,546)(71,155)Income taxes payable(45,058)(16,004)Merchandise and other customer credits(58,21)(3,404)Other, net(36,711)(11,498)Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities(60,111)179,400CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:(50,760)(30,425)Capital expenditures(50,760)(30,425)9Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments(48,461)(547)Other—3,485(27,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<i>.</i>		
Deferred income taxes(19,0692,134Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities:))
Provision for pension/postretirement benefits13,44211,691Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities: $$)		
Share-based compensation expense12,79512,010Changes in assets and liabilities:Accounts receivable $5,235$ 26,711Inventories(133,495) $50,058$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ $13,644$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other— $3,485$ $-$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of long-term debt— $(93,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td></t<>)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:Accounts receivable 5.235 $26,711$ Inventories $(133,495$) $50,058$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596$) $13,644$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546$) $(71,155$)Income taxes payable $(45,058$) $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $(17,9400)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(9,221)$ $(2,7487)$ Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(9,221)$ $(2,7487)$ Other— $300,000$ Repayment of short-term borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,000)$ — $-$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ — $-$ Net cash (used in) provided					
Accounts receivable $5,235$ $26,711$ Inventories $(133,495)$ $50,058$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ $13,644$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Capital expenditures $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of long-term debt— $(40,000)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ $-$ Financing fees— $ (5,721)$ $-$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ — $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ $-$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		12,795		12,010	
Inventories $(133,495)$ $50,058$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ $13,644$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Capital expenditures $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings— $90,000$ $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,00)$ $-$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Note as the use of non-controlling interests $(58,355)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,$		5 225		26 711	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets $(7,596)$ $13,644$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Capital expenditures $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $ (40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt $ 300,000$ Repayment of long-term debt $ 300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,000)$ $-$ Financing fees $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ <tr <td="">Effect of exchang</tr>)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities $(53,546)$ $(71,155)$ $(16,004)$ Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $(71,155)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(50,760)$ $(50,740)$ Capital expenditures $(50,760)$ $(50,747)$ (547) Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $$ $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $$ $(93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $$ $(30,000)$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,000)$ $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$					
Income taxes payable $(45,058)$ $(16,004)$ Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $(11,498)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $ (40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt $ 300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,000)$ $-$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$			/		
Merchandise and other customer credits $(5,821)$ $(3,404)$ Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $ (40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt $ 300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,700)$ $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $ (7,200)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$					
Other, net $(36,711)$ $(11,498)$ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other- $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (93,000)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings- $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt- $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ -Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4Cash dividends on Common Stock $(7,000)$ -Financing fees- $(57,210)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ -Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$			1		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities $(60,111)$ $179,400$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other $ 3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $ (113,291)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $ (40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt $ 30,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $39,366$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Capital expenditures(50,760)(30,425)Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments(48,461)(547)Other—3,485Net cash used in investing activities(99,221)(27,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:—(113,291)Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net17,775 (113,291)Repayment of short-term borrowings—(93,000)Repayment of long-term debt—300,000 (40,000)Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt—300,000 (47,138)Proceeds from exercise of stock options31,192 (738)Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements3,936 (4 (23,160)Cash dividends on Common Stock(57,130)(42,236)Financing fees—(5,721)Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287)
Capital expenditures $(50,760)$ $(30,425)$ Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings— $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		(00,111)	179,400	
Purchases of marketable securities and short-term investments $(48,461)$ (547) Other- $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings- $(93,000)$ Repayment of long-term debt- $300,000$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt- $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ -Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees- $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ -Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		(50.760)	(30/425	
Other— $3,485$ Net cash used in investing activities(99,221)(27,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $17,775$ (113,291)Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ (113,291)Repayment of short-term borrowings—(93,000)Repayment of long-term debt—(40,000)Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock(47,138)—Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock(57,130)(42,236)Financing fees—(5,721)Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365) $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287	• •				
Net cash used in investing activities $(99,221)$ $(27,487)$ CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $(113,291)$ Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291)$ Repayment of short-term borrowings $ (93,000)$ Repayment of long-term debt $ (40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt $ 300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		(40,401))
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net17,775(113,291)Repayment of short-term borrowings—(93,000)Repayment of long-term debt—(40,000)Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt—300,000Repurchase of Common Stock(47,138)—Proceeds from exercise of stock options31,192738Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements3,9364Cash dividends on Common Stock(57,130)(42,236)Financing fees—(5,721)Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287		(99.221))
Proceeds from (repayment of) credit facility borrowings, net $17,775$ $(113,291$)Repayment of short-term borrowings— $(93,000$)Repayment of long-term debt— $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$	ē	()),221)	(27,407)
Repayment of short-term borrowings— $(93,000)$ Repayment of long-term debt— $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		17 775		(113 201)
Repayment of long-term debt— $(40,000)$ Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ —Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt— $300,000$ Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$)—Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$) $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$					
Repurchase of Common Stock $(47,138)$ $-$ Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		_)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options $31,192$ 738 Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements $3,936$ 4 Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees $ (5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ $-$ Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$		(47 138)		
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements3,9364Cash dividends on Common Stock(57,130)(42,236)Financing fees—(5,721)Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287	•)		
Cash dividends on Common Stock $(57,130)$ $(42,236)$ Financing fees— $(5,721)$ Purchase of non-controlling interests $(7,000)$ —Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities $(58,365)$ $6,494$ Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents $(1,280)$ $18,287$	-				
Financing fees—(5,721)Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287)		
Purchase of non-controlling interests(7,000)—Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287			,)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(58,365)6,494Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(1,280)18,287		(7.000))
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (1,280) 18,287)	6 4 9 4	
)		
	CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:	(1,200	,	10,207	

Operating activities		(3,536)
Net cash used in discontinued operations		(3,536)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(218,977) 173,158	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	785,702	160,445	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of six months	\$566,725	\$333,603	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIFFANY & CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Tiffany & Co. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained. Controlling interest is determined by majority ownership interest and the absence of substantive third-party participating rights or, in the case of variable interest entities ("VIE"s), if the Company has the power to significantly direct the activities of a VIE, as well as the obligation to absorb significant losses of or the right to receive significant benefits from the VIE. Intercompany accounts, transactions and profits have been eliminated in consolidation. The interim statements are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (which represent normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly state the Company's financial position as of July 31, 2010 and 2009 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The condensed consolidated balance sheet data for January 31, 2010 is derived from the audited financial statements. As permitted by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, these financial statements do not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's business is seasonal in nature, with the fourth quarter typically representing at least one-third of annual net sales and approximately one-half of annual net earnings. Therefore, the results of its operations for the three and six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results of the entire fiscal year.

2.

3.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the fourth quarter of 2008, management concluded that it would no longer invest in its IRIDESSE business due to its ongoing operating losses and insufficient near-term growth prospects, especially in the economic environment at the time the decision was made. All IRIDESSE stores were closed in 2009. These amounts have been reclassified to discontinued operations for all periods presented. Prior to the reclassification, IRIDESSE results had been included within the Other non-reportable segment.

Summarized statement of earnings data for IRIDESSE is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			ix Months H	Ended
(in thousands)		July 31	, 2009	July 31,	2009
Net sales	\$	6,743	\$	12,187	
Loss before income taxes		(830)	(5,907)
Benefit from income taxes		889		2,864	
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	59	\$	(3,043)

	July 31,	January 31,	July 31,
(in thousands)	2010	2010	2009
Finished goods	\$978,021	\$904,523	\$1,068,149
Raw materials	469,804	450,966	412,720
Work-in-process	105,292	72,366	57,645
Inventories, net	\$1,553,117	\$1,427,855	\$1,538,514

INVENTORIES

4.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for the second quarter of 2010 was 34.0% versus 26.7% in the prior year which had included a \$5,700,000 benefit to the tax provision as a result of favorable reserve adjustments relating to the settlement of certain tax audits. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2010 was 32.5% versus 32.4% in the prior year. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2010 included the following non-recurring items recorded in the first quarter of 2010: (i) a benefit of \$5,006,000 due to a change in tax status of certain subsidiaries associated with the acquisition in 2009 of additional equity interests in diamond sourcing and polishing operations and (ii) a \$1,910,000 charge as a result of recent healthcare reform legislation, which eliminated the tax benefit associated with the Medicare Part D subsidy.

During the six months ended July 31, 2010, the change in the gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits and accrued interest and penalties was not significant.

The Company is subject to taxation in the U.S. and various states and foreign jurisdictions. As a matter of course, various taxing authorities regularly audit the Company. The Company's tax filings are currently being examined by tax authorities in jurisdictions where its subsidiaries have a material presence, including New York state (tax years 2004-2007), Japan (tax years 2003-2008) and by the Internal Revenue Service (tax years 2007-2008). Tax years from 2002-present are open to examination in U.S. Federal and various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. The Company believes that its tax positions comply with applicable tax laws and that it has adequately provided for these matters. However, the audits may result in proposed assessments where the ultimate resolution may result in the Company owing additional taxes. The Company does not anticipate any material changes to the total gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits over the next 12 months. Future developments may result in a change in this assessment.

5.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed as net earnings divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS includes the dilutive effect of the assumed exercise of stock options and unvested restricted stock units.

The following table summarizes the reconciliation of the numerators and denominators for the basic and diluted EPS computations:

		ns Ended July 1,		Ended July 1,
(in thousands)	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net earnings for basic and diluted EPS	\$67,675	\$56,776	\$132,100	\$81,117
Weighted-average shares for basic EPS	126,897	124,081	126,798	124,041
Incremental shares based upon the assumed exercise of stock options and unvested restricted stock units	1,488	442	1,666	302
Weighted-average shares for diluted EPS	128,385	124,523	128,464	124,343

For the three months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, there were 487,000 and 7,126,000 stock options and restricted stock units excluded from the computations of earnings per diluted share due to their antidilutive effect. For the six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, there were 459,000 and 7,806,000 stock options and restricted stock units excluded from the computations of earnings per diluted share due to their antidilutive effect.

HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

Background Information

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swap agreements, forward contracts, put option contracts and net-zero-cost collar arrangements (combination of call and put option contracts) to mitigate its exposures to changes in interest rates, foreign currency and precious metal prices. Derivative instruments are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at their fair values, as either assets or liabilities, with an offset to current or comprehensive earnings, depending on whether the derivative is designated as part of an effective hedge transaction and, if it is, the type of hedge transaction. If a derivative instrument meets certain hedge accounting criteria, the derivative instrument is designated as one of the following on the date the derivative is entered into:

Fair Value Hedge – A hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment. For fair value hedge transactions, both the effective and ineffective portions of the changes in the fair value of the derivative and changes in the fair value of the item being hedged are recorded in current earnings.

Cash Flow Hedge – A hedge of the exposure to variability in the cash flows of a recognized asset, liability or a forecasted transaction. For cash flow hedge transactions, the effective portion of the changes in fair value of derivatives are reported as other comprehensive income ("OCI") and are recognized in current earnings in the period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects current earnings. Amounts excluded from the effectiveness calculation and any ineffective portions of the change in fair value of the derivative are recognized in current earnings.

The Company formally documents the nature and relationships between the hedging instruments and hedged items for a derivative to qualify as a hedge at inception and throughout the hedged period. The Company also documents its risk management objectives, strategies for undertaking the various hedge transactions and method of assessing hedge effectiveness. Additionally, for hedges of forecasted transactions, the significant characteristics and expected terms of a forecasted transaction must be specifically identified, and it must be probable that each forecasted transaction will occur. If it were deemed probable that the forecasted transaction would not occur, the gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument would be recognized in current earnings. Derivative financial instruments qualifying for hedge accounting must maintain a specified level of effectiveness between the hedging instrument and the item being hedged, both at inception and throughout the hedged period.

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Types of Derivative Instruments

Interest Rate Swap Agreements – In the second quarter of 2009, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively convert its fixed rate 2002 Series D and 2008 Series A obligations to floating rate obligations. Since the fair value of the Company's fixed rate long-term debt is sensitive to interest rate changes, the interest rate swap agreements serve as a hedge to changes in the fair value of these debt instruments. The Company is hedging its exposure to changes in interest rates over the remaining maturities of the debt agreements being hedged. The Company accounts for the interest rate swaps as fair value hedges. As of July 31, 2010, the notional amount of interest rate swap agreements outstanding was \$160,000,000.

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts – The Company uses foreign exchange forward contracts to offset the foreign currency exchange risks associated with foreign currency-denominated liabilities and intercompany transactions between entities with differing functional currencies. These foreign exchange forward contracts are designated and

accounted for as either cash flow hedges or economic hedges that are not designated as hedging instruments. As of July 31, 2010, the notional amount of foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges was \$14,492,000 and the notional amount of foreign exchange forward contracts accounted for as undesignated hedges was \$10,917,000. The term of all outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts as of July 31, 2010 ranged from one to 10 months.

Put Option Contracts - The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan satisfies nearly all of its inventory

requirements by purchasing merchandise, payable in U.S. dollars, from the Company's principal subsidiary. To minimize the potentially negative effect of a significant strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the Japanese yen, the Company purchases put option contracts as hedges of forecasted purchases of merchandise over a maximum term of 13 months. If the market yen exchange rate at the time of the put option contract's expiration is stronger than the contracted exchange rate, the Company allows the put option contract to expire, limiting its loss to the cost of the put option contract. The Company accounts for its put option contracts as cash flow hedges. The Company assesses hedge effectiveness based on the total changes in the put option contracts' cash flows. As of July 31, 2010, the notional amount of put option contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges was \$103,100,000. During October 2009, the Company de-designated several of its outstanding put option contracts (notional amount of \$13,000,000 outstanding at July 31, 2010) and entered into offsetting call option contracts. These put and call option contracts are accounted for as undesignated hedges. Any gains or losses on these de-designated put option contracts are substantially offset by losses or gains on the call option contracts.

Precious Metal Collars & Forward Contracts – The Company periodically hedges a portion of its forecasted purchases of precious metals for use in its internal manufacturing operations in order to minimize the effect of volatility in precious metal prices. The Company may use either a combination of call and put option contracts in net-zero-cost collar arrangements ("precious metal collars") or forward contracts. For precious metal collars, if the price of the precious metal at the time of the expiration of the precious metal collar is within the call and put price, the precious metal collar would expire at no cost to the Company. The Company accounts for its precious metal collars and forward contracts as cash flow hedges. The Company assesses hedge effectiveness based on the total changes in the precious metal collars and forward contracts' cash flows. The maximum term over which the Company is hedging its exposure to the variability of future cash flows for all forecasted transactions is 13 months. As of July 31, 2010, there were approximately 20,000 ounces of platinum and 140,600 ounces of silver precious metal derivative instruments outstanding.

Information on the location and amounts of derivative gains and losses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings is as follows:

	Three Months Ended July 31,								
	20	10	20	09					
		Pre-Tax		Pre-Tax					
	Pre-Tax	Loss	Pre-Tax	Gain					
	Gain	Recognized	Loss	Recognized					
	Recognized	in	Recognized	in					
	in	Earnings on	in	Earnings on					
	Earnings on	Hedged	Earnings on	Hedged					
(in thousands)	Derivatives	Item	Derivatives	Item					
Derivatives in	Fair Value	e Hedging							
Relationships:									
Interest rate swap									
agreements a	\$4,441	\$(3,899)	\$(623)	\$669					
		Six Months E	nded July 31,						
	20	10	20	09					
(in thousands)	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax	Pre-Tax					
	Gain	Loss	Loss	Gain					
	Recognized	Recognized	Recognized	Recognized					
	in	in	in	in					
	Earnings on	Earnings on	Earnings on	Earnings on					

	Derivatives	Hedged Item	l Deriva	atives H	ledged Item
Derivatives in Relationships:	Fair Value	Hedging			
Interest rate swap agreements a	\$4,906	\$(4,297) \$(623) \$669	

	Three Months Ended July 31,								
	20	010	2009						
		Amount of		Amount of					
		(Loss) Gain		Loss					
	Pre-Tax	Reclassified	Pre-Tax	Reclassified					
	Loss	from	(Loss) Gain	from					
Ι	Recognized	Accumulated	Recognized	Accumulated					
	in	OCI into	in	OCI Into					
	OCI	Earnings	OCI	Earnings					
	(Effective	(Effective	(Effective	(Effective					
(in thousands)	Portion)	Portion)	Portion)	Portion)					

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:

Foreign exchange forward					
contracts a	\$(1,968) \$ (37) \$(454) \$ (950)
Put option contracts b	(1,769) (692) (755) (950)
Precious metal collars b	(1) (466) 587	(998)
Precious metal forward					
contracts b	(1,435) 322			
	\$(5,173) \$ (873) \$(622) \$ (2,898)

Six Months Ended July 31,

	20	010	20	009
		Amount of		Amount of
		(Loss) Gain		Loss
	Pre-Tax	Reclassified	Pre-Tax	Reclassified
	Gain (Loss)	from	(Loss) Gain	from
	Recognized	Accumulated	Recognized	Accumulated
	in	OCI into	in	OCI Into
	OCI	Earnings	OCI	Earnings
	(Effective	(Effective	(Effective	(Effective
(in thousands)	Portion)	Portion)	Portion)	Portion)

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:

Foreign exchange forward					
contracts a	\$643	\$ (266) \$(523) \$ (1,485)
Put option contracts b	(1,416) (1,507) (104) (1,944)
Precious metal collars b	276	(1,178) 2,359	(896)
Precious metal forward					
contracts b	1,370	460			
	\$873	\$ (2,491) \$1,732	\$ (4,325)

Pre-Tax (Loss) Gain Recognized in Earnings on Derivative Three Three Months Months Ended Ended

(in thousands)

	July	31,	July	31,
	2	010	2	009
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:				
Foreign exchange forward contracts a	\$(99)c	\$(589)c
Call option contracts b	82		_	
Put option contracts b	(82)		
	\$(99)	\$(589)

(in thousands)	on Deriv Six Mon End July	zed in ative ths ded	Earnings Six Mor En July	ded
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:				
Foreign exchange forward contracts a	\$(614)c	\$(606)c
Call option contracts b	148			
Put option contracts b	(148)		
	\$(614)	\$(606)

aThe gain or loss recognized in earnings is included within Interest and other expenses, net on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings.

bThe gain or loss recognized in earnings is included within Cost of Sales on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings.

cGains or losses on the undesignated foreign exchange forward contracts substantially offset foreign exchange losses or gains on the liabilities and transactions being hedged.

There was no material ineffectiveness related to the Company's hedging instruments for the periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009. The Company expects approximately \$1,889,000 of net pre-tax derivative gains included in accumulated other comprehensive income at July 31, 2010 will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months. This amount will vary due to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and precious metal prices.

For information regarding the location and amount of the derivative instruments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, refer to "Note 7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments."

Concentration of Credit Risk

A number of major international financial institutions are counterparties to the Company's derivative financial instruments. The Company enters into derivative financial instrument agreements only with counterparties meeting certain credit standards (a credit rating of A/A2 or better at the time of the agreement), limiting the amount of agreements or contracts it enters into with any one party. The Company may be exposed to credit losses in the event of nonperformance by individual counterparties or the entire group of counterparties.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

7.

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. U.S. GAAP prescribes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 inputs are considered to carry the most weight within the fair value hierarchy due to the low levels of judgment required in determining fair values.

Level 2 - Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs reflecting the reporting entity's own assumptions. Level 3 inputs are considered to carry the least weight within the fair value hierarchy due to substantial levels of judgment required in determining fair values.

The Company uses the market approach to measure fair value for its mutual funds, time deposits and derivative instruments. The Company's interest rate swap agreements are primarily valued using the 3-month LIBOR rate. The Company's put and call option contracts, as well as its foreign exchange forward contracts, are primarily valued using the appropriate foreign exchange spot rates. The Company's precious metal collars and precious metal forward contracts are primarily valued using the relevant precious metal spot rate. For further information on the Company's hedging instruments and program, see "Note 6. Hedging Instruments."

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value at July 31, 2010 are classified in the table below in one of the three categories described above:

	Estimated Fair Value								
("		Carryin	•	τ1.1	1	L	L		Total Fair
(in thousands) Financial Assets		Valu	e	Level	L	Level 2	Level 3		Value
Mutual funds a	\$	41,318	\$	41,318	\$		\$—	\$	41,318
Time deposits b	φ	41,318 47,949	φ	47,949	φ		Ф —	Φ	41,318 47,949
Time deposits b		47,949		47,949					47,949
Derivatives designated	as hedg	ing instrun	nents:						
Interest rate swap									
agreements a		6,901				6,901			6,901
Put option contracts c		856		_		856			856
Precious metal forward									
contracts c		1,220				1,220			1,220
Precious metal collars c	;	151				151			151
Derivatives not designa	ted as l	nedging ins	trument	s:					
Foreign exchange									
forward contracts c		184				184			184
Total assets	\$	98,579	\$	89,267	\$	9,312	\$—	\$	98,579
			I	Estimated Fa	air Val	ue			
		rrying					Total Fair		
(in thousands)		Value	Level	1 Lev	vel 2	Level 3	Value		
Financial Liabilities									
Derivatives designated	l as hed	aina instru	ments						
Foreign exchange	i us neu	Sing motio	mento.						
forward contracts d	\$452	\$-	_	\$452		\$	\$452		
Total liabilities	\$452	\$\$		\$452		\$\$	\$452		
i otar naomnos	Ψ-152	Ψ		$\psi + J \Delta$		Ψ	Ψ102		

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value at July 31, 2009 are classified in the table below in one of the three categories described above:

		Comming		mated Fair	Value			Total Fair
(in thousands)		Carrying Value		Level	1	Level 2	Level 3	Value
Financial Assets								
Mutual funds a	\$	25,191	\$	25,191	\$	—	\$ —	\$ 25,191
Derivatives designated	l as he	dging instru	nents:					
Interest rate swap		00						
agreements a		4				4		4
Put option contracts c		1,710				1,710		1,710
Precious metal collars	8							
c		524				524		524
Derivatives not design	ated a	s hedging ins	strume	ents:				
Foreign exchange								
forward contracts c		270				270		270
Total assets	\$	27,699	\$	25,191	\$	2,508	\$ 	\$ 27,699
Financial Liabilities								
Derivatives designate	d as h	edging instru	ments					
Interest rate swap	u us 11	eaging more	mento	•				
agreements e		\$627	\$-	_	\$627	\$—	\$627	
Precious metal collars	s d	146	Ψ	_	146	Ψ	146	
		110			110		110	
Domizzatizzan nat dagig	noted	aa hadaina in	atauna	onto				

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:								
Foreign exchange forward								
contracts d	852		852	_	852			
Total liabilities	\$1,625	\$—	\$1,625	\$—	\$1,625			

a This amount is included within Other assets, net on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

bThis amount is included within Short-term investments on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

cThis amount is included within Prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

dThis amount is included within Accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

e. This amount is included within Other long-term liabilities on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates carrying value due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The fair value of debt with variable interest rates approximates carrying value. The fair value of debt with fixed interest rates was determined using the quoted market prices of debt instruments with similar terms and maturities. The total carrying value of short-term borrowings and long-term debt was \$782,036,000 and \$751,748,000 and the corresponding fair value was

approximately \$850,000,000 and \$770,000,000 at both July 31, 2010 and 2009.

8.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In April 2010, Tiffany and Company, the Company's principal operating subsidiary ("Tiffany") committed to a plan to consolidate its New York headquarters staff within one location in New York City from three

14

separate locations currently leased in midtown Manhattan. The move is expected to occur in spring 2011 and will generate occupancy savings. Tiffany intends to sublease its existing properties through the end of their lease terms which run through 2015, but expects to recover only a portion of its rent obligations due to current market conditions. Accordingly, Tiffany anticipates recording expenses of approximately \$30,000,000 primarily within selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of earnings in the fiscal year ending January 31, 2012; this expense is related to the fair value of the remaining non-cancelable lease obligations reduced by the estimated sublease rental income. Additionally, Tiffany will incur expenses of approximately \$18,000,000 in the fiscal year ending January 31, 2011 and \$5,000,000 in the fiscal year ending January 31, 2012 primarily related to the acceleration of the useful lives of certain property and equipment and incremental rents during the transition period. Changes in market conditions may affect the total expenses ultimately recorded. The expenses recorded during the three and six months ended July 31, 2010 were \$3,945,000 and \$4,805,000, respectively, and are primarily included in selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A"). This new lease, which expires in 2026, will increase total minimum annual rental payments as disclosed in the January 31, 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K by the following amounts:

(in thousands) Unrecorded contractual obligations:	Total		2010	2011-2012	2013-2014	Thereafter
Operating leases	\$224,525	\$—		\$25,067	\$27,346	\$172,112

9.

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

		July 3	1,	January 3	1,	July 31,	
(in thousands)	2010		10	2010		2009	
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain, net of tax:							
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	14,341	\$	16,512	\$	1,480	
Deferred hedging loss		(532)	(2,607)	(5,160)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities		(1,263)	(1,899)	(3,240)
Net unrealized loss on benefit plans		(44,249)	(45,271)	(30,053)
	\$	(31,703) \$	(33,265) \$	(36,973)

10.

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company maintains several pension and retirement plans, as well as provides certain health-care and life insurance benefits.

Net periodic pension and other postretirement benefit expense included the following components:

	Three Months Ended July 31,								
	Other								
	Pensi	on Benefits	Postretir	ement Benefit	ts				
(in thousands)	2010	2009	2010	2009					
Net Periodic Benefit Cost:									
Service cost	\$3,274	\$2,949	\$347	\$268					
Interest cost	5,998	5,681	696	646					
Expected return on plan assets	(4,455) (3,726) —						
Amortization of prior service cost	269	268	(165) (165)				
Amortization of net loss (gain)	760	(74) —	(1)				

	Edgar Filing: I	IFFANY & CO) - Form 10-C	2
Net expense	\$5,846	\$5,098	\$878	\$748

	Six Months Ended July 31,								
	Other								
	Pensi	on Benefits	Postretir	ement Benefits	5				
(in thousands)	2010	2009	2010	2009					
Net Periodic Benefit Cost:									
Service cost	\$6,543	\$5,897	\$694	\$536					
Interest cost	11,995	11,362	1,392	1,292					
Expected return on plan assets	(8,910) (7,452) —						
Amortization of prior service cost	538	536	(330) (330)				
Amortization of net loss (gain)	1,520	(148) —	(2)				
Net expense	\$11,686	\$10,195	\$1,756	\$1,496					

11.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Effective with the first quarter of 2010, management has changed the Company's segment reporting in order to align with a change in its organizational and management reporting structure. Specifically, the Company is now reporting results in Japan separately from the rest of the Asia-Pacific region, and results for certain "emerging market" countries that were previously included in the Europe and Asia-Pacific segments are now included in the "Other" non-reportable segment. Prior year results have been revised to reflect this change. The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

Americas includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores in the United States, Canada and Latin/South America, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through business-to-business, Internet, catalog and wholesale operations;

Asia-Pacific includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores in Asia-Pacific markets (excluding Japan), as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through Internet and wholesale operations;

Japan includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products through business-to-business, Internet and wholesale operations;

Europe includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through Internet and wholesale operations; and

Other consists of all non-reportable segments. Other consists primarily of wholesale sales of TIFFANY & CO. merchandise to independent distributors for resale in certain emerging markets (such as the Middle East and Russia) and wholesale sales of diamonds obtained through bulk purchases that were subsequently deemed not suitable for the Company's needs. In addition, Other includes earnings received from a third-party licensing agreement.

The results of IRIDESSE are presented as a discontinued operation in the condensed consolidated financial statements for all periods presented. Prior to the reclassification, IRIDESSE results had been included within the Other non-reportable segment. Refer to "Note 2. Discontinued Operations."

		hs Ended July	Six Months Ended July				
	-	31,	3	1,			
(in thousands)	2010	2009	2010	2009			
Net sales:							
Americas	\$350,433	\$324,862	\$665,691	\$583,856			
Asia-Pacific	111,490	91,920	233,826	173,616			
Japan	118,031	113,738	233,080	230,767			
Europe	76,893	67,301	145,521	122,257			
Total reportable							
segments	656,847	597,821	1,278,118	1,110,496			
Other	11,913	14,672	24,228	19,612			
	\$668,760	\$612,493	\$1,302,346	\$1,130,108			
Earnings (losses) f	rom continuir	ng					
operations*:							
Americas	\$68,970	\$55,738	\$123,892	\$85,207			
Asia-Pacific	24,366	19,433	56,540	36,695			
Japan	31,228	29,321	62,224	60,285			
Europe	16,841	11,402	31,469	18,932			
Total reportable							
segments	141,405	115,894	274,125	201,119			
Other	862	(3,176) 1,110	(4,400)			
	\$142,267	\$112,718	\$275,235	\$196,719			

Certain information relating to the Company's segments is set forth below:

*Represents earnings (losses) from continuing operations before unallocated corporate expenses, interest and other expenses, net and other (expense) income.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the segments' earnings from continuing operations to the Company's consolidated earnings from continuing operations before income taxes:

	Three Mor	nths Ended July 31,	Six Months Ended July 31,				
(in thousands)	2010	2009	2010	2009			
Earnings from continuing operations for segments	\$142,267	\$112,718	\$275,235	\$196,719			
Unallocated corporate	(24.716) (27,606) (51,407) (52,093)			
expenses Interest and other expenses,	(24,710) (27,000) (31,407) (32,093)			
net	(11,121) (12,132) (23,259) (24,572)			
Other (expense) income	(3,945) 4,442	(4,805) 4,442			
Earnings from continuing operations before income							
taxes	\$102,485	\$77,422	\$195,764	\$124,496			

Unallocated corporate expenses includes certain costs related to administrative support functions which the Company does not allocate to its segments. Such unallocated costs include those for information technology, finance, legal and human resources.

Other expense in the second quarter and first half of 2010 represents accelerated depreciation and incremental rent expense associated with Tiffany's plan to consolidate its New York headquarters staff within one location. See "Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies."

Other income in the three and six months ended July 31, 2009 represents income received in connection with the assignment of the Tahera Diamond Corporation commitments and liens to an unrelated third party, recorded within SG&A, which represents full settlement under the terms of the assignment agreement. The

Company had taken an impairment charge of \$47,981,000 in the year ended January 31, 2008 associated with the Commitment.

12.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 19, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.25 per share. This dividend will be paid on October 11, 2010 to stockholders of record on September 20, 2010.

On September 1, 2010, the Company, in a private transaction, issued, at par, \$10,000,000,000 (approximately \$115,000,000) of 1.72% Senior Notes due September 2016. The proceeds will be used to repay a portion of certain debt coming due in the next 12 months. The agreement requires lump sum repayments upon maturity and includes specific financial covenants and ratios and limits certain payments, investments and indebtedness, in addition to other requirements customary to such borrowings.

18

PART I.Financial InformationItem 2.Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

OVERVIEW

Tiffany & Co. (the "Company") is a holding company that operates through its subsidiary companies. The Company's principal subsidiary, Tiffany and Company ("Tiffany"), is a jeweler and specialty retailer whose principal merchandise offering is fine jewelry. The Company also sells timepieces, sterling silverware, china, crystal, stationery, fragrances and accessories. Through Tiffany and Company and other subsidiaries, the Company is engaged in product design, manufacturing and retailing activities.

Effective with the first quarter of 2010, management has changed the Company's segment reporting in order to align with a change in its organizational and management reporting structure. Specifically, the Company is now reporting results in Japan separately from the rest of the Asia-Pacific region, and results for certain "emerging market" countries that were previously included in the Europe and Asia-Pacific segments are now included in the "Other" non-reportable segment. Prior year results have been revised to reflect this change. The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

Americas includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores in the United States, Canada and Latin/South America, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through business-to-business, Internet, catalog and wholesale operations;

Asia-Pacific includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores in Asia-Pacific markets (excluding Japan), as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through Internet and wholesale operations;

Japan includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products through business-to-business, Internet and wholesale operations;

Europe includes sales in TIFFANY & CO. stores, as well as sales of TIFFANY & CO. products in certain markets through Internet and wholesale operations; and

Other consists of all non-reportable segments. Other consists primarily of wholesale sales of TIFFANY & CO. merchandise to independent distributors for resale in certain emerging markets (such as the Middle East and Russia) and wholesale sales of diamonds obtained through bulk purchases that were subsequently deemed not suitable for the Company's needs. In addition, Other includes earnings received from a third-party licensing agreement.

The results of IRIDESSE, a business that was closed in 2009, are presented as a discontinued operation in the condensed consolidated financial statements for all periods presented. Prior to the reclassification, IRIDESSE results had been included within the Other non-reportable segment. Refer to "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 2. Discontinued Operations."

All references to years relate to fiscal years ended or ending on January 31 of the following calendar year.

HIGHLIGHTS

•

Worldwide net sales increased 9% in the three months ("second quarter") and increased 15% in the six months ("first half") ended July 31, 2010. Sales in all reportable segments increased in the second quarter and first half.

On a constant-exchange-rate basis (see "Non-GAAP Measures" below), worldwide net sales increased 8% in the second quarter and increased 13% in the first half. Comparable store sales increased 5% in the second quarter and increased 7% in the first half.

The Company opened three stores, two in China and one in Singapore, in the first half of 2010. Management's current worldwide objective is to open 14 stores in 2010.

19

The Company launched e-commerce sites in Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands and Spain in the second quarter of 2010.

Operating margin increased 2.4 percentage points in the second quarter due to a higher gross margin and increased 3.6 percentage points in the first half due to a higher gross margin and the leveraging of operating expenses.

Net earnings from continuing operations increased 19% to \$67,675,000 in the second quarter and increased 57% to \$132,100,000 in the first half of 2010.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

The Company's reported sales reflect either a translation-related benefit from strengthening foreign currencies or a detriment from a strengthening U.S. dollar.

The Company reports information in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). Internally, management monitors its sales performance on a non-GAAP basis that eliminates the positive or negative effects that result from translating international sales into U.S. dollars ("constant-exchange-rate basis"). Management believes this constant-exchange-rate basis provides a more representative assessment of sales performance and provides better comparability between reporting periods.

The Company's management does not, nor does it suggest that investors should, consider such non-GAAP financial measures in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company presents such non-GAAP financial measures in reporting its financial results to provide investors with an additional tool to evaluate the Company's operating results. The following table reconciles sales percentage increases (decreases) from the GAAP to the non-GAAP basis versus the previous year:

	Second Quarter 2010 vs. 2009 Constant- Exchange-					ıt-	First Half 2010 v				2009 Constar Exchang	
	GAA	Р	Translati	on	Rate		GAAI	2	Translat	ion	Rate	
	Report	ed	Effect		Basis		Reporte	ed	Effec	t	Basis	
Net Sales:												
Worldwide	9	%	1	%	8	%	15	%	2	%	13	%
Americas	8	%	1	%	7	%	14	%	1	%	13	%
Asia-Pacific	21	%	4	%	17	%	35	%	8	%	27	%
Japan	4	%	6	%	(2)%	1	%	6	%	(5)%
Europe	14	%	(11)%	25	%	19	%	(3)%	22	%
Comparable Store Sales:												
Worldwide	6	%	1	%	5	%	10	%	3	%	7	%
Americas	6	%	1	%	5	%	11	%	1	%	10	%
Asia-Pacific	10	%	3	%	7	%	21	%	7	%	14	%
Japan	(1)%	6	%	(7)%	(3)%	6 5	%	(8)%
Europe	11	%	(10)%	21	%	15	%	(3)%	18	%

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Sales

Net sales by segment were as follows:

		Second Quarter		
		Quarter	Increase	
(in thousands)	2010	2009	(Decrease)	
Americas	\$350,433	\$324,862	8	%
Asia-Pacific	111,490	91,920	21	%
Japan	118,031	113,738	4	%
Europe	76,893	67,301	14	%
Other	11,913	14,672	(19)%
	\$668,760	\$612,493	9	%
		First Half		
(in thousands)	2010	2009		Increase
Americas	\$665,691	\$583,856	14	%
Asia-Pacific	233,826	173,616	35	%
Japan	233,080	230,767	1	%
Europe	145,521	122,257	19	%
Other	24,228	19,612	24	%
	\$1,302,34	46 \$1,130,10	8 15	%

Comparable Store Sales. Reference will be made to comparable store sales below. Comparable store sales include only sales transacted in company-operated stores and boutiques. A store's sales are included in comparable store sales when the store has been open for more than 12 months. In markets other than Japan, sales for relocated stores are included in comparable store sales if the relocation occurs within the same geographical market. In Japan, sales for a new store or boutique are not included if the store or boutique was relocated from one department store to another or from a department store to a free-standing location. In all markets, the results of a store in which the square footage has been expanded or reduced remain in the comparable store base.

Americas. Total sales in the Americas increased \$25,571,000, or 8%, in the second quarter primarily due to an increase in the average price per unit sold. Comparable store sales increased \$16,450,000, or 6%, in the second quarter, consisting of increases in both comparable branch store sales of 5% and New York Flagship store sales of 8%. Non-comparable store sales grew \$5,414,000 in the second quarter. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Americas sales increased 7%, and comparable store sales increased 5% in the second quarter. Combined Internet and catalog sales in the Americas decreased \$619,000, or 2%, in the second quarter.

Total sales in the Americas increased \$81,835,000, or 14%, in the first half of 2010 largely due to an increase in the number of units sold, as well as an increase in the average price per unit sold. Comparable store sales increased \$53,301,000, or 11%, in the first half, consisting of increases in both comparable branch store sales of 10% and New York Flagship store sales of 16%. Non-comparable store sales grew \$15,030,000 in the first half. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Americas sales increased 13%, and comparable store sales increased 10% in the first half. Combined Internet and catalog sales in the Americas increased \$5,902,000, or 9%, in the first half due to increases in both the average price per order and the number of orders.

Asia-Pacific. Total sales in Asia-Pacific increased \$19,570,000, or 21%, in the second quarter primarily due to an increase in the average price per unit sold. Comparable store sales increased \$8,771,000, or 10%, and non-comparable store sales grew \$10,284,000. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Asia-Pacific sales increased 17% and comparable store sales increased 7% in the second quarter due to growth in most markets.

Total sales in Asia-Pacific increased \$60,210,000, or 35%, in the first half of 2010 equally due to increases in the average price per unit sold and the number of units sold. Comparable store sales increased \$33,164,000, or 21%, and

non-comparable store sales grew \$24,775,000. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Asia-Pacific sales increased 27% and comparable store sales increased 14% in the first half due to growth in most markets.

Japan. Total sales in Japan increased \$4,293,000, or 4%, in the second quarter due to an increase in the average price per unit sold (primarily reflecting the translation of yen-denominated sales into U.S. dollars), which was partly offset by a decline in the number of units sold. Comparable store sales declined \$1,130,000, or 1%, in the second quarter. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Japan sales decreased 2% and comparable store sales decreased 7% in the second quarter.

Total sales in Japan increased \$2,313,000, or 1%, in the first half of 2010 due to an increase in the average price per unit sold (reflecting the translation of yen-denominated sales into U.S. dollars), which was almost entirely offset by a decline in the number of units sold. Comparable store sales declined \$6,235,000, or 3%, in the first half. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, Japan sales decreased 5% and comparable store sales decreased 8% in the first half.

Europe. Total sales in Europe increased \$9,592,000, or 14%, in the second quarter primarily due to increases in the number of units sold. This included increased comparable store sales of \$6,304,000, or 11%, and non-comparable store sales growth of \$4,630,000. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, sales increased 25% and comparable store sales increased 21% in the second quarter, reflecting broad-based geographical growth.

Total sales in Europe increased \$23,264,000, or 19%, in the first half of 2010 primarily due to increases in the number of units sold. This included increased comparable store sales of \$16,058,000, or 15%, and non-comparable store sales growth of \$8,917,000. On a constant-exchange-rate basis, sales increased 22% and comparable store sales increased 18% in the first half, reflecting broad-based geographical growth.

Other. Other sales decreased \$2,759,000, or 19%, in the second quarter primarily due to lower wholesale sales of diamonds that were deemed not suitable for the Company's needs. Other sales increased \$4,616,000, or 24% in the first half of 2010 primarily due to higher wholesale sales of diamonds and increased wholesale sales of TIFFANY & CO. merchandise to independent distributors.

Store Data. Management currently expects to open 14 Company-operated TIFFANY & CO. stores and boutiques in 2010, increasing the store base by approximately 6%, which includes the following locations which have already been opened and/or where plans have been finalized:

	Openings as of	Remaining Openings
Location	July 31, 2010	2010
Americas:		
Baltimore, Maryland		Third Quarter
Santa Monica, California		Third Quarter
Jacksonville, Florida		Fourth Quarter
Houston – Woodlands, Texas		Fourth Quarter
Los Angeles – Beverly Center, California		Fourth Quarter
Asia-Pacific:		
Shanghai – Hong Kong Plaza, China	First Quarter	
Shanghai – IFC Mall, China	Second Quarter	
Marina Bay, Singapore	Second Quarter	
Beijing – China World III, China		Third Quarter
Taipei – Bellavita, Taiwan		Third Quarter
Seoul – Hyundai Shinchon, Korea		Fourth Quarter
Europe:		

London – Canary Wharf, England	Third Quarter							
Barcelona, Spain	Fourth Quarter							
Gross Margin								
			Second			First		
	Quarter	•				Ha	lf	
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
Gross profit as a percentage of net sales	57.8	%	55.1	%	57.8	%	55.5	%

Gross margin (gross profit as a percentage of net sales) increased in the second quarter and first half by 2.7 and 2.3 percentage points, which was driven primarily by the recapture of higher product costs through retail price increases, as well as manufacturing efficiencies. In addition, gross margin in the second quarter of 2010 benefited from a decline in wholesale sales of rough diamonds.

Management periodically reviews and may adjust its retail prices, as it did in the first quarter of 2010, to address specific market conditions, product cost increases and longer-term changes in foreign currencies/U.S. dollar relationships. Among the market conditions that the Company addresses is consumer demand for the product category involved, which may be influenced by consumer confidence and competitive pricing conditions. The Company uses derivative instruments to mitigate foreign exchange and precious metal price exposures (see "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Hedging Instruments").

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses

		Secon	d		
		Quarter		First Half	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales	40.8	% 40.5	% 41.0	% 42.3	%

SG&A expenses increased \$25,248,000, or 10%, in the second quarter of 2010, primarily due to increased depreciation and store occupancy expenses of \$8,797,000 related to new and existing stores as well as costs associated with Tiffany's plan to consolidate its New York headquarters staff within one location (see "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies"), increased labor and benefit costs of \$6,507,000 and increased marketing expenses of \$6,204,000. In the first half of 2010, SG&A expenses increased \$56,104,000 or 12%, primarily due to increased depreciation and store occupancy expenses of \$16,551,000 due to new and existing stores as well as costs associated with Tiffany's New York headquarters discussed above, increased labor and benefit costs of \$15,804,000 and increased marketing expenses of \$10,889,000. In addition, SG&A expenses were lower in the second quarter and first half of 2009 due to \$4,442,000 of income received in connection with a note that had been previously impaired. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales increased by 0.3 percentage point in the second quarter due to the lower SG&A expenses in 2009 as discussed in the previous sentence and decreased by 1.3 percentage points in the first half due to sales leverage on fixed costs. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates had an insignificant translation effect on overall SG&A expenses in the second quarter and first half.

Earnings from Continuing Operations

	Second	% of		Second	% of	
	Quarter	Net		Quarter	Net	
(in thousands)	2010	Sales*		2009	Sales*	1
Earnings (losses) from continuing operations:						
Americas	\$68,970	19.7	%	\$55,738	17.2	%
Asia-Pacific	24,366	21.9	%	19,433	21.1	%
Japan	31,228	26.5	%	29,321	25.8	%
Europe	16,841	21.9	%	11,402	16.9	%
Other	862	7.2	%	(3,176)	(21.6)%
	142,267			112,718		
Unallocated corporate expenses	(24,716)	3.7	%	(27,606)	4.5	%
Other (expense) income	(3,945)			4,442		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$113,606	17.0	%	\$89,554	14.6	%

* Percentages represent earnings (losses) from continuing operations as a percentage of each segment's net sales.

Earnings from continuing operations increased 27% in the second quarter. On a segment basis, the ratio of earnings (losses) from continuing operations (before the effect of unallocated corporate expenses and other (expense) income) to each segment's net sales in the second quarter of 2010 and 2009 was as follows:

Americas – the ratio increased 2.5 percentage points primarily resulting from an increase in gross margin, as well as the effect of sales growth leveraging on operating expenses;

Asia-Pacific – the ratio increased 0.8 percentage point primarily due to an increase in gross margin, which was partly offset by increased operating expenses associated with new and existing locations;

Japan – the ratio increased 0.7 percentage point primarily due to an increase in gross margin, which was partly offset by increased marketing expenses;

Europe – the ratio increased 5.0 percentage points primarily due to the leveraging of operating expenses, as well as an increase in gross margin; and

Other – the ratio increased 28.8 percentage points. The prior period operating loss included a valuation adjustment related to the write-down of wholesale diamond inventory deemed not suitable for the Company's needs.

	% of		% of			
	First Half	Net		First Half	Net	
(in thousands)	2010	Sales*		2009	Sales*	:
Earnings (losses) from continuing operations:						
Americas	\$123,892	18.6	%	\$85,207	14.6	%
Asia-Pacific	56,540	24.2	%	36,695	21.1	%
Japan	62,224	26.7	%	60,285	26.1	%
Europe	31,469	21.6	%	18,932	15.5	%
Other	1,110	4.6	%	(4,400)	(22.4)%
	275,235			196,719		
Unallocated corporate expenses	(51,407)	3.9	%	(52,093)	4.6	%
Other (expense) income	(4,805)			4,442		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$219,023	16.8	%	\$149,068	13.2	%

* Percentages represent earnings (losses) from continuing operations as a percentage of each segment's net sales.

Earnings from continuing operations increased 47% in the first half. On a segment basis, the ratio of earnings (losses) from continuing operations (before the effect of unallocated corporate expenses and other (expense) income) to each segment's net sales in the first half of 2010 and 2009 was as follows:

Americas – the ratio increased 4.0 percentage points primarily due to the leveraging of operating expenses, as well as an increase in gross margin;

Asia-Pacific – the ratio increased 3.1 percentage points primarily due to an increase in gross margin, as well as the leveraging of operating expenses;

Japan – the ratio increased 0.6 percentage point primarily due to an increase in gross margin, which was partly offset by an increase in marketing expenses;

Europe – the ratio increased 6.1 percentage points primarily due to the leveraging of operating expenses, as well as an increase in gross margin; and

Other – the ratio increased 27.0 percentage points. The prior period operating loss included a valuation adjustment related to the write-down of wholesale diamond inventory deemed not suitable for the Company's needs.

Unallocated corporate expenses includes certain costs related to administrative support functions which the Company does not allocate to its segments. Such unallocated costs include those for information technology, finance, legal and human resources. Total unallocated corporate expenses decreased in the second quarter and first half versus comparable periods in the prior year.

Other expense in the second quarter and first half of 2010 represents accelerated depreciation and incremental rent expense associated with Tiffany's plan to consolidate its New York headquarters staff within one location. See "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies".

Other income in the second quarter and first half of 2009 represents income received in connection with the assignment of the Tahera Diamond Corporation commitments and liens to an unrelated third party, recorded within SG&A, which represents full settlement under the terms of the assignment agreement.

Interest and Other Expenses, net

Interest and other expenses, net decreased \$1,011,000 in the second quarter and \$1,313,000 in the first half.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the second quarter of 2010 was 34.0% versus 26.7% in the prior year which had included a \$5,700,000 benefit to the tax provision as a result of favorable reserve adjustments relating to the settlement of certain tax audits. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2010 was 32.5% versus 32.4% in the prior year. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2010 included the following non-recurring items recorded in the first quarter of 2010: (i) a benefit of \$5,006,000 due to a change in tax status of certain subsidiaries associated with the acquisition in 2009 of additional equity interests in diamond sourcing and polishing operations and (ii) a \$1,910,000 charge as a result of recent healthcare reform legislation, which eliminated the tax benefit associated with the Medicare Part D subsidy.

Net Loss from Discontinued Operations

The loss from discontinued operations related to the Company's IRIDESSE business was \$5,907,000 pre-tax (\$3,043,000 after tax) for the six months ended July 31, 2009. See "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 2. Discontinued Operations."

2010 Outlook

Management's outlook for full year 2010 is based on the following assumptions, which may or may not prove valid, and should be read in conjunction with "Item 1A. Risk Factors" on page 31:

• A worldwide net sales increase of approximately 11%. By region, sales (denominated in U.S. dollars) are expected to increase approximately 10% in the Americas, to increase by a mid-twenties percentage in Asia-Pacific, to decline by a low single-digit percentage in Japan and to increase by a mid-teens percentage in Europe. Other sales are expected to increase modestly from the prior year.

The opening of 14 new Company-operated stores (five in the Americas, seven in Asia-Pacific and two in Europe).

An increase in operating margin primarily due to a higher gross margin, as well as an improved ratio of SG&A expenses to net sales.

Interest and other expenses, net of approximately \$50,000,000.

An effective income tax rate of 34% - 35%.

- Net earnings from continuing operations per diluted share of \$2.60 \$2.65.
 - A high-single-digit percentage increase in net inventories.
 - Capital expenditures of approximately \$180,000,000.

Note that the items listed above exclude i) approximately \$18,000,000 of accelerated depreciation charges and incremental rent primarily related to Tiffany's plans to relocate and house Tiffany's New York headquarters staff (see "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 8. Commitments & Contingencies.") and ii)

\$3,096,000 net tax benefit (see "Item 1. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 4. Income Taxes"). In total, these items will reduce earnings in 2010 by approximately \$0.06 per diluted share.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's liquidity needs have been, and are expected to remain, primarily a function of its ongoing, seasonal and expansion-related working capital requirements and capital expenditures needs. Over the long term, the Company manages its cash and capital structure to maintain a strong financial position and provide flexibility to pursue future strategic initiatives. Management continuously assesses its working capital needs, capital expenditure requirements, debt service, dividend payouts, share repurchases and future investments. Management believes that cash on hand, internally-generated cash flows and the funds available under its revolving Credit Facility are sufficient to support the Company's liquidity and capital requirements for the foreseeable future. Within the next 12 months, \$269,960,000 of the Company's long-term debt will reach maturity. On September 1, 2010, the Company refinanced ¥10,000,000,000, or approximately \$115,000,000 and intends to repay the remaining amount coming due in the next 12 months with cash on hand.

The following table summarizes cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities:

	First Half
(in thousands)	2010 2009
Net cash (used in) provided by:	
Operating activities	\$(60,111) \$179,400
Investing activities	(99,221) (27,487)
Financing activities	(58,365) 6,494
Effect of exchange rates on each and each equivalents	

Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents