

Sanofi
Form F-3ASR
March 15, 2016
Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2016

Registration No. 333

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM F-3
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Sanofi

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

France
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

Not Applicable
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

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54, rue la Boétie

75008 Paris, France

Tel. No.: +33-1-53-77-40-00

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Ching Jaw

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Sanofi U.S. Services Inc.

55 Corporate Drive

Bridgewater, New Jersey 08807

Tel. No. +1 (908) 981-5000

(Name, Address and Telephone Number of Agent for Service)

Please send copies of all communications to:

Linda A. Hesse

Jones Day

2, rue Saint Florentin

75001 Paris, France

Tel. No.: +33-1-56-59-39-39

Karen Linehan

Executive Vice President Legal Affairs

and General Counsel

Sanofi

54, rue la Boétie

75008 Paris, France

Tel. No.: +33-1-53-77-40-00

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: from time to time after the effective date of this registration statement.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.C. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.C. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Debt securities	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

(1) An indeterminate aggregate initial offering price or number of the debt securities is being registered as may from time to time be offered at indeterminate prices. In accordance with Rules 456(b) and 457(r), the Registrant is deferring payment of all of the registration fee.

Table of Contents

PROSPECTUS

Sanofi

DEBT SECURITIES

We may offer and sell debt securities from time to time. Each time we sell any of the debt securities described in this prospectus, we will provide one or more supplements to this prospectus that will contain specific information about those debt securities and the offering to which it relates. You should read this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement(s) carefully before you invest.

We may sell these debt securities to or through underwriters and also to other purchasers or through agents. The names of any underwriters or agents will be stated in an accompanying prospectus supplement.

*Investing in these debt securities involves certain risks. See **Risk Factors** beginning on page 7.*

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC or Commission) nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these debt securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Prospectus dated March 15, 2016

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS</u>	1
<u>CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u>	1
<u>WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION</u>	2
<u>INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE</u>	3
<u>ENFORCEABILITY OF CERTAIN CIVIL LIABILITIES</u>	4
<u>PROSPECTUS SUMMARY</u>	5
<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	7
<u>USE OF PROCEEDS</u>	11
<u>DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES WE MAY OFFER</u>	12
<u>LEGAL OWNERSHIP</u>	24
<u>CLEARANCE AND SETTLEMENT</u>	26
<u>TAXATION OF DEBT SECURITIES</u>	30
<u>PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION</u>	40
<u>VALIDITY OF SECURITIES</u>	42
<u>EXPERTS</u>	42

Table of Contents

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that Sanofi filed on March 15, 2016 with the SEC using the shelf registration process. Sanofi may sell the debt securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities that Sanofi may offer. Each time Sanofi sells debt securities, it will provide one or more prospectus supplements that will contain specific information about the terms of those securities and the offering to which it relates. The prospectus supplement(s) may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement(s) together with the additional information described under the heading **Where You Can Find More Information** and **Incorporation by Reference** prior to purchasing any of the debt securities offered by this prospectus.

Unless otherwise indicated, information and statistics presented herein relating to Sanofi's ranking information and market share relative to its competitors are based on its own research and/or various publicly available sources, which may be adjusted as further described under the heading **Presentation of Financial and Other Information** in our 2015 Form 20-F (as defined herein). Data relative to market share and ranking information presented herein or in documents incorporated by reference herein for our vaccines business is based on internal estimates unless stated otherwise.

As used herein, the terms **Sanofi**, **the Company**, **the Group**, **we**, **our**, or **us**, unless the context otherwise requires, refer to Sanofi and its consolidated subsidiaries.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the documents incorporated herein by reference, contains forward-looking statements (within the meaning of Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 (the **Securities Act**) or Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the **Exchange Act**)) about us, including without limitation, certain statements made in **Item 5. Operating and financial review and prospects**, as well as in **Item 4.B. Business overview** of our 2015 Annual Report on Form 20-F, as defined below.

Examples of such forward-looking statements include:

projections of operating revenues, net income, business net income, earnings per share, business earnings per share, capital expenditures, cost savings, restructuring costs, positive or negative synergies, dividends, capital structure or other financial items or ratios;

statements of our profit forecasts, trends, plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to products, clinical trials, regulatory approvals and competition; and

statements about our future events and economic performance or that of France, the United States or any other countries in which we operate.

This information is based on data, assumptions and estimates considered as reasonable by Sanofi as at the date of this prospectus and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements.

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Words such as believe, anticipate, plan, expect, intend, target, estimate, project, predict, forecast, and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward looking statements involve inherent, known and unknown risks and uncertainties associated with the regulatory, economic, financial and competitive environment, and other factors that could cause future results and objectives to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward looking statements.

Table of Contents

Risk factors which could affect the future results and cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements are discussed under Item 3. Key Information D. Risk Factors of our 2015 Form 20-F. Additional risks, not currently known or considered immaterial by the Group, may have the same unfavorable effect and investors may lose all or part of their investment.

Forward looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. Other than required by law, we do not undertake any obligation to update them in light of new information or future developments.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are subject to the informational reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) applicable to foreign private issuers and file annual and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document that we file with the SEC at the SEC s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. In addition, our SEC filings are available to the public at the SEC s web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. For further information, please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 or log on to <http://www.sec.gov>.

Our shares are listed on Euronext Paris and the New York Stock Exchange, the latter in the form of American Depository Shares (ADSs) and you can consult reports and other information about us that are filed pursuant to the rules of Euronext Paris and the New York Stock Exchange at these exchanges.

Table of Contents

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form F-3 relating to the debt securities covered by this prospectus. This prospectus is a part of that registration statement and does not contain all of the information in that registration statement. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus to a contract or other document of Sanofi, the reference is only a summary. You should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement for a copy of the contract or other document. You may review a copy of the registration statement at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C., as well as through the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them, which means that:

incorporated documents are considered part of this prospectus;

we can disclose important information to you by referring to those documents; and

information that we file with the SEC in the future and incorporate by reference herein will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus and information previously incorporated by reference herein.

The information that we incorporate by reference is an important part of this prospectus.

Each document incorporated by reference is current only as of the date of such document, and the incorporation by reference of such documents shall not create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs since the date thereof or that the information contained therein is current as of any time subsequent to its date. Any statement contained in such incorporated documents shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this prospectus to the extent that a subsequent statement contained in another document we incorporate by reference at a later date modifies or supersedes that statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

We incorporate herein by reference:

our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the 2015 Form 20-F) (File No. 001-31368), filed with the SEC on March 4, 2016,

our report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on March 15, 2016 that expressly states that we incorporate it by reference in the registration statement on Form F-3 of which this prospectus is a part, to the extent it is not subsequently superseded, and

any document filed in the future with the SEC under Sections 13(a) and 13(c) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus and until this offering is completed. Any report on Form 6-K that we furnish to the SEC on or after the date of this prospectus (or portions thereof) is incorporated by reference in this

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prospectus only to the extent that the report expressly states that we incorporate it (or such portions) by reference in this prospectus and that it is not subsequently superseded.

You may also request a copy of documents incorporated by reference at no cost, by contacting us orally or in writing at the following address and telephone number: Investor Relations, 54, rue la Boétie, 75008 Paris, France, Tel. No.: +33-1-53-77-45-45.

The 2015 Form 20-F and any other information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus. The information in this prospectus, to the extent applicable, automatically updates and supersedes the information in the 2015 Form 20-F.

You should rely only on the information that we incorporate by reference or provide in this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement(s). We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these debt securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents.

Table of Contents

ENFORCEABILITY OF CERTAIN CIVIL LIABILITIES

We are a corporation organized under the laws of France. Most of our officers and directors are citizens and, to the best of our knowledge, residents of countries other than the United States, and a large portion of our assets are located outside of the United States. Accordingly, U.S. investors may find it difficult to:

effect service of process upon or obtain jurisdiction over our company or our officers and directors in U.S. courts in actions predicated on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws;

enforce, either inside or outside the United States, judgments obtained in U.S. or non U.S. courts in actions predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws against us or our officers and directors;

bring an original action in a French court to enforce liabilities based upon the U.S. federal securities laws against us or our officers or directors; and

enforce against us or our directors in non-U.S. courts, including French courts, judgments of U.S. courts predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws.

In addition, actions in the United States under the U.S. federal securities laws could be affected under certain circumstances by the French law No. 68-678 of July 26, 1968 as amended by French law No. 80-538 of July 16, 1980, commonly known as the French blocking statute, which may preclude or restrict the obtaining of evidence in France or from French persons in connection with those actions. Each of the foregoing statements also applies to our auditors.

Table of Contents

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated by reference into this prospectus as further described under the headings **Where You Can Find More Information** and **Incorporation by Reference**. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in the debt securities being offered by this prospectus. You should carefully read the entire prospectus, the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus, the final term sheet, if any, and the prospectus supplement(s) relating to the particular debt securities being offered.*

Sanofi

Sanofi was incorporated under the laws of France in 1994 as a *société anonyme*, a form of limited liability company, for a term of 99 years. We operate under the commercial name **Sanofi** (formerly known as sanofi-aventis). Sanofi is the holding company of a consolidated group consisting of approximately 400 subsidiaries.

Sanofi is a leading global healthcare company, focused on patient needs and engaged in the research, development, manufacture and marketing of therapeutic solutions. We are the fifth largest pharmaceutical group in the world and the third largest in Europe in terms of sales (IMS data 2015 Moving Annual Total September 2015).

The Group is organized around three principal activities: Pharmaceuticals, Human Vaccines via Sanofi Pasteur, and Animal Health via Merial.¹ We invest in the following activities: Diabetes, Cardiovascular, Rare Diseases and Multiple Sclerosis, Consumer Health Care, Oncology, Generics, Established Prescription Products, Vaccines, and Animal Health. We are also active in emerging markets, selling products from all three of our principal activities (Pharmaceuticals, Human Vaccines and Animal Health).

Our registered office is located at 54, rue la Boétie, 75008 Paris, France, and our main telephone number is +33 1 53 77 40 00.

Debt Securities

For any particular debt securities we may offer, the applicable final term sheet, if any, and the applicable prospectus supplement will describe the title of the debt securities, the aggregate principal or face amount and the purchase price; the stated maturity; the amount or manner of calculating the amount payable at maturity; the rate or manner of calculating the rate and the payment dates for interest, if any; the redemption or repurchase terms; and any other specific terms. The debt securities will be issued pursuant to an indenture entered into between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, which acts as trustee.

Except as otherwise specified, when we use the term **securities** or **debt securities** in this prospectus, we mean any of the debt securities we may offer with this prospectus. This prospectus, including this summary, describes the general terms that may apply to the debt securities; the specific terms of any particular debt securities that we may offer will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

¹ On December 15, 2015, Sanofi and Boehringer Ingelheim signed an exclusivity agreement to exchange Sanofi's Animal Health business for Boehringer Ingelheim's Consumer Health Care business. The transaction would also involve a gross cash payment from Boehringer Ingelheim to Sanofi. The two parties aim to close the transaction, which is subject to execution of definitive agreements and thereafter to regulatory clearances in the fourth quarter

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of 2016 (see Item 4. Information on the Company B. Business Overview B.1. Strategy and Note D.2.1. to our consolidated financial statements included in Item 18 of our 2015 Form 20-F).

Table of Contents

Form of Debt Securities

The debt securities of a series may be offered in the form of one or more global certificates in registered form that will be deposited with a depository, such as The Depository Trust Company, Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. or Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Listing

If any debt securities are to be listed or quoted on a securities exchange or quotation system, the applicable prospectus supplement will say so.

Table of Contents

RISK FACTORS

We urge you to carefully review the risks described below, together with the risks described in the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus, before you decide to purchase debt securities. In particular, you should review the risks relating to our business included in our 2015 Form 20-F, incorporated by reference herein. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could suffer, and the trading price and liquidity of the debt securities offered by this prospectus could decline, in which case you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks relating to an investment in the debt securities

We may incur substantially more debt in the future.

We may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, including in connection with future acquisitions, some of which may be secured by our assets. The terms of the debt securities issuable hereunder and the indenture under which the debt securities are issued will not limit the amount of indebtedness we may incur. Any such incurrence of additional indebtedness could exacerbate the risks that holders of the debt securities face.

At any point in time there may or may not be an active trading market for our debt securities.

At any point in time there may or may not be an active trading market for our debt securities. While we may decide to list a particular series of debt securities on one or more stock exchanges or automated quotation system, we generally expect that our debt securities will not be listed on any exchange or automated quotation system. If any of the debt securities are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price. Factors that could cause the debt securities to trade at a discount include, among others:

an increase in prevailing interest rates;

a decline in our credit worthiness;

the time remaining to the maturity;

a weakness in the market for similar securities; and

declining general economic conditions.

Direct creditors of our subsidiaries will generally have superior claims to cash flows from those subsidiaries.

Sanofi receives cash flows from its subsidiaries which can be used to meet its payment obligations under the debt securities. Since the creditors of any of these subsidiaries generally have a right to receive payment that is superior to Sanofi's right to receive payment from the assets of such subsidiary, holders of the debt securities will be effectively subordinated to creditors of the subsidiaries insofar as cash flows from those subsidiaries are relevant to meeting payment obligations under the debt securities. The terms and conditions of the debt securities and the indenture under

which they are issued do not limit the amount of liabilities that subsidiaries of Sanofi may incur. As of December 31, 2015, our total outstanding net financial debt amounted to 7,254 million, of which 7,217 million represented the net financial debt of Sanofi SA and 37 million represented the net financial debt of other Group entities. The latter corresponds to the net financial debt of such other Group entities after applying the relevant consolidation percentage and eliminating intra-group financial debt. In addition, certain subsidiaries are or may become subject to statutory or contractual restrictions on their ability to pay dividends or otherwise distribute or lend cash to Sanofi which could also limit the amount of funds available to meet payment obligations under the debt securities.

Table of Contents

Since the debt securities are unsecured, your right to receive payments will be effectively subordinated to the rights of any secured creditors.

The debt securities that we are offering will be unsecured. Although the indenture governing our debt securities contains a negative pledge that prohibits us and our principal subsidiaries from pledging assets and granting other security to secure certain types of bonds or similar debt instruments unless we make a similar pledge (or otherwise provide security approved by the bondholders) to secure the debt securities offered pursuant to this prospectus as described under **Description of Debt Securities We May Offer** **Special Situations** **Negative Pledge**, we and our principal subsidiaries are otherwise entitled to pledge our assets to secure debts. If we default on the debt securities, or in the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization, then, to the extent we have previously granted security over our assets to secure debts, the assets that secure those debts will then be used to satisfy the obligations under that secured debt before we can make payment on the debt securities. As a result, there may not be enough assets available to make payments on the debt securities. If there are not enough assets to satisfy the obligations of the secured debt, then the remaining amounts on the secured debt would share equally with all unsubordinated unsecured indebtedness, including debt securities, in any remaining assets.

We are not restricted in our ability to dispose of our assets by the terms of the debt securities.

We are generally permitted to sell or otherwise dispose of any, or of substantially all, of our assets to another corporation or other entity under the terms of the debt securities. If we decide to dispose of a large amount of our assets, you will not be entitled to declare an acceleration of the maturity of the debt securities, and except in the case of the sale of substantially all of our assets, or another similar transaction, as described in **Description of Debt Securities We May Offer** **Special Situations** **Mergers & Similar Events**, those assets will no longer be available to support our debt securities.

In certain instances, it may be possible for the indenture governing a series of debt securities to be amended and for the compliance with certain covenants and for certain defaults thereunder to be waived with the consent of the holders of that series of debt securities voting together with the holders of other of our debt securities as a single class for this purpose.

Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the debt securities may be amended by us and the trustee with the consent of the holders of debt securities issued under the indenture. With respect to any such series of debt securities, the required consent can be obtained from either the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series, or from the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series and all other series identified by us as affected by that amendment, with all of such holders treated as a single class for this purpose. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, with respect to any series of debt securities issued under the indenture, our compliance with certain restrictive provisions of the indenture or any past default under the indenture may be waived by (i) the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series of debt securities, or (ii) the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series of debt securities and all other series identified by us as affected by the waiver, whether issued under the indenture or any other indenture of ours providing for such aggregated voting, with all of such holders treated as a single class for this purpose. As a result, it is possible in certain circumstances for the indenture governing a series of debt securities to be amended and for compliance with certain covenants and for certain defaults thereunder to be waived with the consent of holders of less than a majority of that series.

Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of an investment in the debt securities.

The credit ratings ascribed to us and the debt securities are intended to reflect our ability to meet our payment obligations generally, and in respect of our debt securities. They may not reflect the potential impact of all risks

related to structure and other factors on the value of the debt securities. In addition, actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings may be expected to affect the market value of our debt securities.

Table of Contents

French insolvency law may supersede certain provisions of the indenture.

As a French company, Sanofi S.A. would be subject to French insolvency law, including court-assisted pre-insolvency proceedings (*mandat ad hoc* proceedings or conciliation proceedings (*procédure de conciliation*)), court-administered insolvency proceedings (such as safeguard proceedings (*procédure de sauvegarde*), accelerated safeguard proceedings (*procédure de sauvegarde accélérée*), accelerated financial safeguard proceedings (*procédure de sauvegarde financière accélérée*) and judicial reorganization or liquidation proceedings (*redressement or liquidation judiciaire*)). In general, French insolvency legislation favors the continuation of a business and protection of employment over the payment of creditors and could limit the ability of holders of debt securities to enforce their rights under the debt securities.

Under French insolvency law, if there are any outstanding debt securities in the form of *obligations* (such as bonds or notes), all holders of debt securities (*obligations*, irrespective of whether or not there are different issuances and of the governing law of those *obligations*) are automatically grouped into a single assembly of holders (the Assembly) during an accelerated financial safeguard proceeding (*procédure de sauvegarde financière accélérée*), an accelerated safeguard proceeding (*procédure de sauvegarde accélérée*), a safeguard proceeding (*procédure de sauvegarde*) or a judicial reorganization proceeding (*procédure de redressement judiciaire*) in order to vote within such Assembly on the restructuring plan. If Sanofi S.A. were the subject of any such proceeding, the Assembly would be comprised of all holders of debt securities issued by Sanofi S.A. The Assembly would be called to deliberate on a draft safeguard plan (*projet de plan de sauvegarde*) or a judicial reorganization plan (*projet de plan de redressement par voie de continuation*) with respect to Sanofi S.A. which:

Must take into account subordination agreements entered into by the creditors before the opening of the proceedings;

May notably include a rescheduling and/or write-off of the debt represented by the debt securities and/or debt-for-equity swaps and/or the sale of part of the business; and

May treat different types of debt security holders differently if justified by differences in circumstances. Decisions of the Assembly would be taken by a two-thirds majority of the amount of debt held by all the holders of debt securities (which amount could include principal, interest and other amounts due under the debt securities) present or represented at the Assembly (regardless of the terms of the debt securities). The Assembly is not subject to quorum requirements.

In respect of voting rights of the Assembly, each holder of debt securities must, if applicable, inform the judicial administrator of the existence of any agreement relating to the exercise of its vote or providing for the full or partial payment of its claim by a third party, as well as of any subordination agreement. The judicial administrator then submits to the relevant holder of debt securities a proposal for the computation methods of its voting rights in the Assembly. In the event of a disagreement, the relevant holder of debt securities or the judicial administrator may request that the matter be decided by the president of the relevant court in summary proceedings.

The holders of debt securities for whom the plan does not provide any modification of their repayment terms or provides for a payment of their claims in cash in full as soon as the plan is approved by the court or as soon as their claims are admitted do not take part in the vote.

Certain provisions of the Indenture therefore may not be enforced or enforceable by the Trustee or holders of debt securities issued under this prospectus.

Table of Contents

You may be unable to recover in civil proceedings for U.S. securities laws violations.

Sanofi is a corporation organized under the laws of France. Most of our officers and directors are citizens and, to the best of our knowledge, residents of countries other than the United States, and a large portion of our assets are located outside of the United States. Accordingly, it may be difficult for investors to effect service of process on or obtain jurisdiction over us, our officers or our directors in courts in the United States and enforce against us or them judgments obtained against us or them. In addition, we cannot assure you that civil liabilities predicated upon the federal securities laws of the United States will be enforceable in France. See [Enforceability of Certain Civil Liabilities](#).

Table of Contents

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in an accompanying prospectus supplement, we will use the net proceeds from the sale of the debt securities for general financing and corporate purposes.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES WE MAY OFFER

General

We may issue debt securities using this prospectus. The debt securities that we may issue will be governed by a contract between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, called an indenture.

The trustee under the indenture has two main roles:

first, it can enforce your rights against us if we default. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described under [Default and Related Matters](#) [Events of Default](#) [Remedies If an Event of Default Occurs](#) below; and

second, the trustee performs administrative duties for us, such as sending you interest payments, transferring your debt securities to a new buyer if you sell your debt securities (and they are not held in a clearing system) and sending you notices.

The indenture and its associated documents contain the full legal text governing the matters described in this section. The indenture and the debt securities are governed by New York law. A form of the indenture is an exhibit to our registration statement. See [Where You Can Find More Information](#) for information on how to obtain a copy.

We may issue either senior or subordinated debt securities using this prospectus. Neither the senior debt securities nor the subordinated debt securities will be secured by any of our property or assets. Thus, by owning a debt security, you are an unsecured creditor of ours. The senior debt securities will be issued under the indenture described below. If we issue subordinated debt securities, they will be issued under a supplemental subordinated debt indenture, which will describe the terms thereof, including provisions relating to subordination. If we issue subordinated debt securities, they will be subordinated in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness, as defined in the supplemental subordinated debt indenture.

When we refer to [debt securities](#) in this prospectus, and except as otherwise specified, we mean the senior debt securities only. The terms of any series of subordinated debt securities will be contained in the supplemental subordinated debt indenture executed in connection with such series and described in a related prospectus supplement.

This section summarizes the material provisions of the indenture and the debt securities as it relates to senior debt securities. However, because it is a summary, it does not describe every aspect of the indenture or the debt securities. This summary is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to all the provisions of the indenture. The indenture is also subject to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. We describe below the meaning of only the more important terms. We also include references in parentheses to some sections of the indenture. Whenever we refer to particular sections or defined terms of the indenture in this prospectus or in the prospectus supplement, those sections or defined terms are incorporated by reference in the relevant discussion herein or in the prospectus supplement.

We may issue as many distinct series of debt securities under the indenture as we wish. This section summarizes material terms of the debt securities that are common to all series, unless otherwise indicated in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series.

We may issue the debt securities as original issue discount securities, which are debt securities that are offered and sold at a substantial discount to their stated principal amount. (*Section 101*) Special U.S. federal income tax, accounting and other considerations may apply to original issue discount securities. These considerations are discussed below under Taxation of Debt Securities United States Taxation. The debt securities may also be issued as indexed securities or securities denominated in foreign currencies or currency units, as described in more detail in the prospectus supplement relating to any such debt securities.

Table of Contents

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we may, without the consent of the holders of the debt securities of a series, issue debt securities of the same series as an outstanding series of debt securities. Any additional debt securities so issued will be issued with no more than *de minimis* original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes or be part of a qualified reopening for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

In addition, the specific financial, legal and other terms particular to a series of debt securities are described in the prospectus supplement relating to the series. Those terms may vary from the terms described here. Accordingly, this summary is also subject to and qualified by reference to the description of the terms of the series described in the prospectus supplement.

The prospectus supplement relating to a series of debt securities will describe the following terms of the series:

the title of the series of debt securities;

whether they are senior debt securities or subordinated debt securities;

any limit on the aggregate principal amount of the series of debt securities;

the date or dates on which we will pay the principal of the series of debt securities;

the rate or rates, which may be fixed or variable, per annum at which the series of debt securities will bear interest, if any, and the date or dates from which that interest, if any, will accrue;

the dates on which interest, if any, on the series of debt securities will be payable and the regular record dates for the interest payment dates, as well as any other provisions regarding payment;

any provisions for redemption at the option of the holder;

the denominations in which the series of debt securities will be issuable;

if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of the debt securities of the series that will be payable upon any declaration of acceleration of maturity;

the currency of payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the series of debt securities and the manner of determining the equivalent amount in the currency of the United States of America, for the purpose of determining outstanding amounts and, if applicable, for purposes of payment;

if the principal amount payable at maturity of the series of debt securities will not be determinable prior to maturity, the amount that will be deemed to be the principal amount thereof for any other purpose under the indenture or the debt securities;

any index used to determine the amount of payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the series of debt securities;

any amendment to or removal of the covenant to pay additional amounts for withholding taxes or other governmental charges and the related right to an optional tax redemption for such a series;

any additional events of default or covenants or other provisions applicable to the series of debt securities, or any that are not applicable;

whether the series of debt securities will be issuable in whole or in part in the form of a global security as described under Legal Ownership Global Securities, and the depositary or its nominee with respect to the series of debt securities, and any special circumstances under which the global security may be registered for transfer or exchange in the name of a person other than the depositary or its nominee;

whether the series of debt securities can be redeemed at our option and any make-whole amount (if applicable);

Table of Contents

if applicable, a discussion of material U.S. federal income tax considerations; and

any other special features of the series of debt securities, which may be different from those described in the prospectus. (*Section 301*)

In this description of debt securities you means direct holders and not street name or other indirect holders of debt securities. Indirect holders should read the section Legal Ownership Street Name and Other Indirect Holders.

Additional Mechanics

Exchange and Transfer

The debt securities will be issued:

in fully registered form;

without interest coupons; and

in denominations that are indicated in the prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be issued in the form of one or more global certificates in registered form that will be deposited with a depository, such as The Depository Trust Company, Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. or Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. See Legal Ownership Global Securities for more information. The following description relates to the transfer and exchange of debt securities in the event debt securities are not in the form of global certificates deposited with a depository.

You may have your debt securities of any series broken into more debt securities of smaller denominations of the same series or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations of the same series, as long as the total principal amount is not changed. (*Section 305*)

You may exchange or transfer registered debt securities at the corporate trust office of the trustee. The trustee acts as our agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders and transferring registered debt securities. The entity performing the role of maintaining the list of registered holders is called the security registrar. It will also register transfers of the registered debt securities. (*Section 305*)

You will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange debt securities, but you may be required to pay for any tax or other governmental charge associated with the exchange or transfer. The transfer or exchange of a registered debt security will only be made if the security registrar is satisfied with your proof of ownership. (*Section 305*)

If we have designated additional transfer agents, they are named in the prospectus supplement. We may cancel the designation of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts. (*Section 1002*)

If the debt securities are redeemable and we redeem less than all of the debt securities of a particular series, we may block the transfer or exchange of debt securities during a specified period of time in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. The period begins 15 days before the day we mail the notice of redemption and ends on the day of that mailing. We may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of debt securities selected for redemption. However, we will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security being partially redeemed. (*Section 305*)

Table of Contents

Payment and Paying Agents

We will pay interest to you if you are a direct holder listed in the trustee's records at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if you no longer own the debt security on the interest due date. That particular day is called the regular record date and is stated in the prospectus supplement. (*Section 307*)

We will pay interest, principal and any other money due on the registered debt securities at the trustee's corporate trust office. That office is currently located at Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, 60 Wall Street, MSNYC60-1630, New York, New York 10005, Attn: Trust and Securities Services. You must make arrangements to have your payments picked up at or wired from that office. We may also choose to pay interest by mailing checks. Interest on global securities will be paid to the holder thereof by wire transfer.

We may also arrange for additional payment offices, and may cancel or change these offices, including our use of the trustee's corporate trust office, but we must maintain an office or agency in each place of payment for the debt securities of any series. These offices are called paying agents. We may also choose to act as our own paying agent. We will notify the trustee of changes in the paying agents for any particular series of debt securities. (*Section 1002*)

Street name and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments.

Regardless of who acts as paying agent, all money that we pay to a paying agent that remains unclaimed at the end of two years after the amount is due to direct holders will be repaid to us. After that two-year period, you may look only to us for payment and not to the trustee, any other paying agent or anyone else. (*Section 1003*)

Notices

We and the trustee will send notices only to direct holders, using their addresses as listed in the trustee's records. (*Section 106*)

Special Situations

Mergers and Similar Events

We are generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another company or entity. We are also permitted to sell or lease substantially all of our assets to another corporation or other entity or to buy or lease substantially all of the assets of another corporation or other entity. (*Sections 801 and 802*)

No vote by holders of debt securities approving any of these actions is required, unless as part of the transaction we make changes to the applicable indenture requiring your approval, as described below under Special Situations Modification and Waiver. We may take these actions as part of a transaction involving outside third parties or as part of an internal corporate reorganization. We may take these actions even if they result in:

a lower credit rating being assigned to the debt securities or to other of our debt; or

additional amounts becoming payable in respect of withholding tax.

Except as provided below, we have no obligation under the indenture to seek to avoid these results, or any other legal or financial effects that are disadvantageous to you, in connection with a merger, consolidation or sale or lease of assets that is permitted under the indenture. However, we may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

Where we merge out of existence or sell or lease substantially all of our assets, the other entity must be duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the relevant jurisdiction.

Table of Contents

The merger, sale or lease of assets or other transaction must not cause a default on the debt securities, and we must not already be in default under such debt securities. For purposes of this no-default test, a default would include an event of default that has occurred and not been cured, as described below under **Default and Related Matters** **Events of Default** **What is An Event of Default?** A default for this purpose would also include any event that would be an event of default if the requirements for giving us default notice under the indenture or our default having to continue for a specific period of time thereunder were disregarded.

If we merge out of existence or sell or lease substantially all of our assets, the other entity must assume, through a supplemental indenture, our obligations under the applicable indenture and the debt securities, including our obligation to pay additional amounts described below under **Special Situations** **Payment of Additional Amounts**. In the event the jurisdiction of incorporation of the successor is not the Republic of France, such successor will also agree to be bound to the obligations described below under **Special Situations** **Payment of Additional Amounts** but shall substitute the successor's jurisdiction of incorporation for the Republic of France.

If we merge out of existence or sell or lease substantially all of our assets, we must provide to the trustee a certificate signed by a duly authorized officer and an opinion of legal counsel stating that the conditions set forth in the indenture have been complied with. (*Sections 801, 802 and 1007*)

It is possible that the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or a court may deem a merger or other similar transaction to cause an exchange for U.S. federal income tax purposes of debt securities for new securities by the holders of the debt securities. This could result in the recognition of taxable gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes and possible other unfavorable or favorable tax consequences to any particular holder.

Modification and Waiver

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the debt securities.

Changes Requiring Your Approval. First, there are changes that cannot be made to your debt securities without your specific approval, for example, by calling a meeting of holders and seeking a 100% quorum and unanimous consent, or, more likely, by obtaining written consents from each holder. We must obtain your approval in order to:

change the stated maturity of the principal or interest on a debt security;

reduce the principal of, premium, if any, amount or rate of interest payable on a debt security;

reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of a debt security following a default;

change the place or currency of payment on a debt security;

impair your right to sue for payment;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the applicable indenture;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with various provisions of the applicable indenture or to waive various defaults; and

modify any other aspect of the provisions dealing with modification and waiver of the applicable indenture. (Section 902)

Changes Requiring a Majority Vote. The second type of change to the indenture and your debt securities is the kind that requires a vote in favor by holders of debt securities owning either a majority of the principal amount of a series affected or by holders of a majority of the principal amount of all debt securities identified by

Table of Contents

us as affected, in which case such holders will be treated as a single class for such purpose. Most changes fall into this category, except for clarifying changes and other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the debt securities in any material respect. (*Section 901*) The same majority vote would be required for us to obtain a waiver of all or part of the covenants described below, or a waiver of a past default. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or any other aspect of the indenture or the debt securities described above under **Changes Requiring Your Approval** unless we obtain, with respect to each series affected, each holder's individual consent, for example, by calling a meeting of holders and seeking a 100% quorum and unanimous consent, or, more likely, by obtaining written consents from each holder, to the waiver. (*Section 513*)

Changes Not Requiring Approval. The third type of change does not require any vote by holders of debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications and other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the debt securities in any material respect. (*Section 901*)

Further Details Concerning Voting. When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal amount to attribute to a debt security:

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust for you money for their payment or redemption. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased pursuant to any applicable defeasance provisions described in the prospectus supplement. (*Section 101*)

We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding debt securities that are entitled to vote with respect to changes to the indenture and/or debt securities or the waiver of certain covenants. If we set a record date for this purpose, that vote or waiver may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding debt securities of that series on the record date and must be taken prior to 90 days after the record date. (*Sections 902 and 1006*)

Street name and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the debt securities or request a waiver or consent.

Redemption and Repayment

The prospectus supplement will state whether the debt securities are redeemable by us or subject to repayment at the holder's option, other than as described below under **Special Situations** **Optional Tax Redemption**.

We or our affiliates may purchase debt securities from investors who are willing to sell from time to time, either in the open market at prevailing prices or in private transactions at negotiated prices. (*Section 1111*)

Our company shall not be required to establish a sinking fund.

Payment of Additional Amounts

We will make payments on the debt securities without withholding any taxes unless otherwise required to do so by French law. Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement, if the Republic of France or any tax authority therein requires us to withhold or deduct amounts from payment on a debt security for or on account of taxes or any

other governmental charges, subject to the exceptions described below, we will, to the fullest extent then permitted by law, be required to pay you additional amounts so that the net amount you receive will be the amount specified in the debt security to which you would otherwise have been entitled. We will not have to pay additional amounts under any of the following circumstances:

The holder or beneficial owner of the debt securities (or a third party holding on behalf of the holder or such beneficial owner) is subject to such tax or governmental charge by reason of having some connection to the Republic of France requiring such withholding or deduction, other than the mere holding or beneficial ownership of the debt security.

Table of Contents

Taxes that are imposed or levied by reason of the failure of such holder or beneficial owner to present (where presentation is required) its debt security within 30 calendar days after we have made available to such holder or beneficial owner a payment under the debt securities and the indenture (excluding any additional amounts to which such holder or beneficial owner would have been entitled had its debt securities been presented on any day within such 30 calendar day period).

The tax or governmental charge is on account of an estate, inheritance, gift, sale, transfer, personal property or similar tax or other governmental charge.

The tax or governmental charge is for a tax or governmental charge that is payable in a manner that does not involve withholding or deduction.

The tax or governmental charge is imposed or withheld because the holder or beneficial owner failed:

to provide information about the nationality, residence or identity of the holder or beneficial owner; or

to make a declaration or satisfy any information requirements that the statutes, treaties, regulations or administrative practices of the Republic of France require as a precondition to exemption from all or part of such tax or governmental charge.

The withholding or deduction is imposed pursuant to the European Union Directive 2003/48/EC regarding the taxation of savings income, or any other directive amending, supplementing or replacing such directive, including European Union Directive 2014/107/EU, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such directive or directives.

The withholding or deduction is imposed on a holder or beneficial owner who could have avoided such withholding or deduction by presenting its debt securities to another paying agent or by receiving payments under such debt securities in a bank account opened in a financial institution that is not located in any non-cooperative State or territory as set forth in the list, as amended from time to time, referred to in Article 238-0 A of the French General Tax Code (*Code général des impôts*).

The holder is a fiduciary or partnership or an entity that is not the sole beneficial owner of the payment of the principal of, or any interest on, any debt security, and the laws of the Republic of France require the payment to be included in the income of a beneficiary or settlor for tax purposes with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to such additional amounts had it been the holder of such security. (*Section 1007*)

These provisions will also apply to any taxes or governmental charges imposed by any jurisdiction in which a successor to Sanofi S.A. (the Issuer) by merger is organized or if we otherwise change the jurisdiction in which the Issuer is organized or resident for tax purposes, except that the name of the jurisdiction of the successor, or our new jurisdiction of organization or residency for tax purposes, will be substituted for the Republic of France.

Optional Tax Redemption

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement for a particular series, we have the option to redeem the debt securities of any series prior to maturity if, upon the occurrence of any change in, or any change in the official application or interpretation of, French law (or the law of the jurisdiction of our successor, or of our new jurisdiction of organization or residency for tax purposes), becoming effective after the issuance date of the debt securities of the series (or in the case of a successor to the Issuer, the date on which such person assumed our obligations under the

Income available to SandRidge Energy, Inc. common stockholders

\$561,228 \$297,657 \$441,079 \$361,146

Earnings per share

Basic

\$1.41 \$0.82 \$1.11 \$1.41

Diluted

\$1.16 \$0.73 \$0.97 \$1.24

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding

Basic

399,270 361,687 398,656 257,028

Diluted

497,700 419,137 496,428 313,283

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

(In thousands)

	SandRidge Energy, Inc. Stockholders								
	Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Stock	Deficit	Interest	
(Unaudited)									
Nine months ended September 30, 2011									
Balance, December 31, 2010	7,650	\$ 8	406,360	\$ 398	\$ 4,528,912	\$ (3,547)	\$ (2,989,576)	\$ 11,288	\$ 1,547,483
Issuance of units by royalty trusts								917,528	917,528
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners								(21,182)	(21,182)
Stock issuance expense					(231)				(231)
Purchase of treasury stock						(10,626)			(10,626)
Retirement of treasury stock					(10,626)	10,626			
Stock purchases retirement plans, net of distributions			(116)		2,563	(1,153)			1,410
Stock-based compensation					36,336				36,336
Stock-based compensation excess tax benefit					52				52
Issuance of restricted stock awards, net of cancellations			6,156	1	(1)				
Net income							482,781	74,055	556,836
Convertible perpetual preferred stock dividends							(41,702)		(41,702)
Balance, September 30, 2011	7,650	\$ 8	412,400	\$ 399	\$ 4,557,005	\$ (4,700)	\$ (2,548,497)	\$ 981,689	\$ 2,985,904

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(In thousands)**

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010
	(Unaudited)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 556,836	\$ 390,587
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,622	102
Inventory obsolescence	145	200
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	276,716	234,398
Debt issuance costs amortization	8,624	8,044
Discount amortization on long-term debt	1,766	1,595
Loss on extinguishment of debt	38,232	
Deferred income taxes	(6,986)	(456,437)
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative contracts	(527,166)	135,364
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(1,148)	39
Investment loss (income)	653	(191)
Stock-based compensation	28,458	24,174
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(49,796)	1,337
Net cash provided by operating activities	327,956	339,212
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(1,311,383)	(694,187)
Acquisition of assets, net of cash received of \$0 and \$39,518, respectively	(22,751)	(138,428)
Proceeds from sale of assets	624,767	113,422
Refunds of restricted deposits		5,095
Net cash used in investing activities	(709,367)	(714,098)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from borrowings	2,033,000	1,595,914
Repayments of borrowings	(2,130,042)	(1,179,083)
Premium on debt redemption	(30,338)	
Debt issuance costs	(19,652)	(11,720)
Proceeds from issuance of royalty trust units	917,528	
Distributions to royalty trust unitholders	(18,431)	
Noncontrolling interest distributions	(2,751)	(3,511)
Noncontrolling interest contributions		306
Stock issuance expense	(231)	(87)
Stock-based compensation excess tax benefit	52	31
Purchase of treasury stock	(12,048)	(5,335)
Dividends paid - preferred	(46,243)	(28,525)
Derivative settlements	10,141	1,624
Net cash provided by financing activities	700,985	369,614

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NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	319,574	(5,272)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	5,863	7,861
 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	 \$ 325,437	 \$ 2,589
 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Change in accrued capital expenditures	\$ 22,010	\$ 101,406
Convertible perpetual preferred stock dividends payable	\$ 13,191	\$ 5,816
Adjustment to oil and natural gas properties for estimated contract loss	\$ 19,000	\$ 98,000
Common stock issued in connection with acquisition	\$	\$ 1,246,334

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

Nature of Business. SandRidge Energy, Inc. (including its subsidiaries, the Company or SandRidge) is an independent oil and natural gas company concentrating on development and production activities related to the exploitation of its significant holdings in West Texas and the Mid-Continent area of Oklahoma and Kansas. The Company's primary areas of focus are the Permian Basin in West Texas and the Mississippian formation in the Mid-Continent. The Company owns and operates other interests in the West Texas Overthrust (WTO), Mid-Continent, Gulf Coast and Gulf of Mexico. The Company also operates businesses that are complementary to its primary development and production activities, including gas gathering and treating facilities, a gas marketing business, an oil field services business, including a drilling rig business, and tertiary oil recovery operations.

Interim Financial Statements. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2010 have been derived from the audited financial statements contained in the Company's 2010 Form 10-K. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the audited consolidated financial statements contained in the 2010 Form 10-K. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted, although the Company believes that the disclosures contained herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, which consist only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to state fairly the information in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been included. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2010 Form 10-K.

Reclassifications. Certain amounts in the prior periods presented have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the Company's previously reported results of operations.

Risks and Uncertainties. The Company's revenue, profitability and future growth are substantially dependent upon the prevailing and future prices for oil and natural gas, each of which depends on numerous factors beyond the Company's control such as economic conditions, regulatory developments and competition from other energy sources. Oil and natural gas prices historically have been volatile, and may be subject to significant fluctuations in the future. The Company's derivative arrangements serve to mitigate a portion of the effect of this price volatility on the Company's cash flows, and while fixed price swap contracts are in place for the majority of expected oil production for 2011 through 2013, fixed price swap contracts are in place for only a portion of expected oil production for 2014 and 2015. No fixed price swap contracts are in place for the Company's natural gas production beyond 2012 or oil production beyond 2015. See Note 12 for the Company's open oil and natural gas commodity derivative contracts.

The Company has incurred, and will have to continue to incur, capital expenditures to achieve production targets contained in certain gathering and treating arrangements. The Company depends on the availability of borrowings under its senior secured revolving credit facility (the senior credit facility), along with cash flows from operating activities and the proceeds from planned asset sales or other asset monetizations, to fund those capital expenditures. Based on anticipated oil and natural gas prices, availability under the senior credit facility, potential access to the capital markets and anticipated proceeds from sales or other monetizations of assets, the Company expects to be able to fund its planned capital expenditures budget, debt service requirements and working capital needs for the remainder of 2011 and for 2012. However, a substantial or extended decline in oil or natural gas prices could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows and quantities of oil and natural gas reserves that may be economically produced, which could adversely impact the Company's ability to comply with the financial covenants under its senior credit facility, which in turn would limit further borrowings to fund capital expenditures. See Note 11 for discussion of the financial covenants in the senior credit facility.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a description of the Company's significant accounting policies, refer to Note 1 of the consolidated financial statements included in the 2010 Form 10-K.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements. In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures: Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements (ASU 2010-06).

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ASU 2010-06 requires additional disclosures and clarifies existing disclosure requirements about

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

fair value measurement as set forth in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. The new disclosure requirements regarding activity in Level 3 fair value measurements, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, were implemented by the Company in the first quarter of 2011. The implementation of ASU 2010-06 had no impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations. See Note 4.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted. In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS (ASU 2011-04). ASU 2011-04 clarifies the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurements as set forth in ASC Topic 820 and requires additional disclosure information regarding valuation processes and inputs used. The new disclosure requirements are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. As the additional requirements under ASU 2011-04, which will be implemented January 1, 2012, pertain to fair value measurement disclosures, no effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations is expected.

In September 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment (ASU 2011-08). ASU 2011-08 allows an entity the option of performing a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is necessary to perform the current two-step annual impairment test. If an entity determines, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit more-likely-than-not exceeds the carrying amount, the two-step impairment test is not required. ASU 2011-08 does not change how goodwill is calculated or assigned to reporting units, nor does it revise the requirement to test goodwill annually for impairment or amend the requirement to test goodwill for impairment between annual tests if events or circumstances warrant. ASU 2011-08 is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance, which it will adopt on January 1, 2012.

3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

Arena Acquisition. On July 16, 2010, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Arena Resources, Inc. (Arena) for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.4 billion. In connection with the acquisition (the Arena Acquisition), the Company incurred approximately \$0.6 million and \$15.4 million in fees related to the acquisition during the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which have been included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

In the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed its valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Arena Acquisition. Upon receipt of final confirmatory information for certain accruals in the second quarter of 2011 and completion of the 2010 Arena federal income tax return, the Company increased current assets, the net deferred tax liability and the value assigned to goodwill and reduced current liabilities. The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 included certain preliminary allocations of the purchase price for the Arena Acquisition. During the first six months of 2011, the Company updated certain estimates used in the purchase price allocation, primarily with respect to deferred taxes and other accruals, resulting in adjustments of \$1.0 million to goodwill.

The following table summarizes the final valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with the Arena Acquisition (in thousands):

Current assets	\$ 83,563
Oil and natural gas properties(1)	1,587,630
Other property, plant and equipment	5,963
Deferred tax assets	48,997
Other long-term assets	16,181
Goodwill(2)	235,396

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Total assets acquired	1,977,730
Current liabilities	38,964
Long-term deferred tax liability(2)	503,483
Other long-term liabilities	8,851
Total liabilities assumed	551,298
Net assets acquired	\$ 1,426,432

- (1) Weighted average commodity prices utilized in the determination of the fair value of oil and natural gas properties were \$105.58 per barrel of oil and \$8.56 per Mcf of natural gas, after adjustment for transportation fees and regional price differentials. The prices utilized were based upon forward commodity strip prices, as of July 16, 2010, for the first four years and escalated for inflation at a rate of 2.5% annually beginning with the fifth year through the end of production, which was more than 50 years. Approximately 91.0% of the fair value allocated to oil and natural gas properties is attributed to oil reserves.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

- (2) The Company received carryover tax basis in Arena's assets and liabilities because the merger was not a taxable transaction under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Based upon the final purchase price allocation, a step-up in basis related to the property acquired from Arena resulted in a net deferred tax liability of approximately \$454.5 million, which in turn contributed to an excess of the consideration transferred to acquire Arena over the estimated fair value on the acquisition date of the net assets acquired, or goodwill. See Note 6 for further discussion of goodwill and Note 13 for further discussion of the net deferred tax liability.

The following unaudited pro forma results of operations are provided for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 as though the Arena Acquisition had been completed as of the beginning of the respective period. The pro forma information is based on the Company's consolidated results of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, Arena's historical results of operations and estimates of the effect of the transaction on the combined results. The pro forma combined results of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 have been prepared by adjusting the historical results of the Company to include the historical results of Arena, certain reclassifications to conform Arena's presentation to the Company's accounting policies and the impact of the purchase price allocation. These supplemental pro forma results of operations are provided for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the actual results that would have been achieved by the combined company for the periods presented or that may be achieved by the combined company in the future. The pro forma results of operations do not include any cost savings or other synergies that resulted from the acquisition or any estimated costs that have been incurred by the Company to integrate Arena. Future results may vary significantly from the results reflected in this pro forma financial information because of future events and transactions, as well as other factors.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2010		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010	
	Actual	Pro Forma	Actual	Pro Forma
(in thousands, except per share data)				
Revenues	\$ 245,233	\$ 253,955	\$ 638,667	\$ 753,500
Income available to SandRidge Energy, Inc. common stockholders(1)	\$ 297,657	\$ 285,299	\$ 361,146	\$ 367,599
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.72	\$ 1.41	\$ 0.93
Diluted	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.24	\$ 0.87

- (1) Pro forma columns reflect a \$454.5 million reduction in tax expense related to the release of a portion of the Company's valuation allowance on existing deferred tax assets.

Sale of Wolfberry Assets. In January 2011, the Company agreed to sell its Wolfberry assets in the Permian Basin for \$151.6 million, net of fees and post-closing adjustments. This asset sale was accounted for as an adjustment to the full cost pool with no gain or loss recognized. The sale was completed in July 2011.

Sale of New Mexico Assets. In April 2011, the Company agreed to sell certain oil and natural gas properties in Lea County and Eddy County, New Mexico, for approximately \$199.0 million, net of fees and post-closing adjustments. This asset sale was accounted for as an adjustment to the full cost pool with no gain or loss recognized. The sale was completed in August 2011.

Sale of Working Interest in Mississippian Properties. In September 2011, the Company sold to Atinum MidCon I, LLC (Atinum) 13.2% of its working interest in approximately 860,000 acres the Company has leased in the Mississippian formation in the Mid-Continent. As consideration for the working interest, Atinum paid the Company approximately \$270.7 million in cash (including approximately \$4.9 million attributable to the Atinum drilling carry described herein and approximately \$7.7 million not attributable to the Atinum drilling carry, but to be applied against the Company's future capital expenditures on the properties) and committed to pay 13.2% of SandRidge's share of drilling and completion costs for wells drilled within an area of mutual interest until an additional \$250.0 million has been paid (Atinum drilling carry), which is expected to occur over a three-year period. The sale of the working interest was accounted for as an adjustment to the full cost pool with no gain or loss recognized. The amounts received attributable to the Atinum drilling carry will reduce the Company's capital expenditures.

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Sale of East Texas Properties. In September 2011, the Company agreed to sell its East Texas natural gas properties in Gregg, Harrison, Rusk and Panola counties for \$231.0 million, subject to post closing adjustments. The Company expects the transaction to close in the fourth quarter of 2011.

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

4. Fair Value Measurements

The Company applies the guidance provided under ASC Topic 820 to its financial assets and liabilities that are measured and reported on a fair value basis. Pursuant to this guidance, the Company has classified and disclosed its fair value measurements using the following levels of the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Measurement based on prices or valuation models that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and less observable for objective sources (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

Assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, which may affect the valuation of the fair value of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels as described in ASC Topic 820. The determination of the fair values, stated below, considers the market for the Company's financial assets and liabilities, the associated credit risk and other factors as required by ASC Topic 820. The Company considers active markets as those in which transactions for the assets or liabilities occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Company has assets and liabilities it has classified as Level 1 and Level 3, as described below. The Company did not have any assets or liabilities classified as Level 2 at September 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010.

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements

Restricted deposits. The fair value of restricted deposits invested in mutual funds or municipal bonds is based on quoted market prices. For restricted deposits held in savings accounts, carrying value is deemed to approximate fair value.

Other assets. The fair value of other long-term assets, consisting of assets attributable to the Company's deferred compensation plan, is based on quoted market prices.

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

Derivative Contracts. The fair values of the Company's oil, natural gas and diesel fixed price swaps, natural gas basis swaps, natural gas collars and interest rate swap are based upon quotes obtained from counterparties to the derivative contracts. The Company reviews other readily available market prices for its derivative contracts as there is an active market for these contracts. However, the Company does not have access to the specific valuation models used by its counterparties or other market participants, which include discount factors that the Company must estimate in its calculation. Additionally, the Company applies a weighted average credit default risk rating factor for its counterparties or gives effect to its credit risk, as applicable, in determining the fair value of its derivative contracts. Based on the inputs for the fair value measurement, the Company has classified its derivative contract assets and liabilities as Level 3.

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The following tables summarize the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

September 30, 2011

	Fair Value Measurements				Assets / Liabilities at Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting(1)	
Assets					
Restricted deposits	\$ 27,892	\$	\$	\$	\$ 27,892
Commodity derivative contracts			312,093	(1,735)	310,358
Other assets	5,714				5,714
	\$ 33,606	\$	\$ 312,093	\$ (1,735)	\$ 343,964
Liabilities					
Commodity derivative contracts	\$	\$	\$ 4,302	\$ (1,735)	\$ 2,567
Interest rate swaps			13,320		13,320
	\$	\$	\$ 17,622	\$ (1,735)	\$ 15,887

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

December 31, 2010

	Fair Value Measurements				Assets / Liabilities at Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting(1)	
Assets					
Restricted deposits	\$ 27,886	\$	\$	\$	\$ 27,886
Commodity derivative contracts			10,576	(5,548)	5,028
Other assets	4,826				4,826
	\$ 32,712	\$	\$ 10,576	\$ (5,548)	\$ 37,740
Liabilities					
Commodity derivative contracts	\$	\$	\$ 216,436	\$ (5,548)	\$ 210,888
Interest rate swaps			16,694		16,694
	\$	\$	\$ 233,130	\$ (5,548)	\$ 227,582

(1) Represents the impact of netting assets and liabilities with counterparties with which the right of offset exists. The tables below set forth a reconciliation of the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	2011		2010			
	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total
Balance of Level 3, June 30	\$ (293,633)	\$ (15,285)	\$ (308,918)	\$ 67,178	\$ (16,548)	\$ 50,630
Total realized and unrealized gains (losses)	596,736	(555)	596,181	(67,195)	(5,136)	(72,331)
Purchases	(3,126)		(3,126)	24,929		24,929
Settlements	7,814	2,520	10,334	(77,693)	1,883	(75,810)
Balance of Level 3, September 30	\$ 307,791	\$ (13,320)	\$ 294,471	\$ (52,781)	\$ (19,801)	\$ (72,582)

	2011		2010			
	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total
Balance of Level 3, September 30	\$ 307,791	\$ (13,320)	\$ 294,471	\$ (52,781)	\$ (19,801)	\$ (72,582)

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	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total	Commodity Derivative Contracts	Interest Rate Swaps	Total
Balance of Level 3, December 31	\$ (205,860)	\$ (16,694)	\$ (222,554)	\$ 46,153	\$ (8,299)	\$ 37,854
Total realized and unrealized (losses) gains	489,096	(3,631)	485,465	114,378	(17,548)	96,830
Purchases	(10,141)		(10,141)	24,929		24,929
Settlements	34,696	7,005	41,701	(238,241)	6,046	(232,195)
Balance of Level 3, September 30	\$ 307,791	\$ (13,320)	\$ 294,471	\$ (52,781)	\$ (19,801)	\$ (72,582)

During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company did not have any transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 fair value measurements.

See Note 12 for further discussion of the Company's derivative contracts.

Fair Value of Debt

The Company measures the fair value of its long-term debt based on quoted market prices which consider the effect of the Company's credit risk. The estimated fair values and the carrying values of the Company's senior notes at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value
Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2014	\$ 338,846	\$ 350,000	\$ 334,751	\$ 350,000
8.625% Senior Notes due 2015			663,181	650,000
9.875% Senior Notes due 2016(1)	385,603	354,093	394,527	352,707
8.0% Senior Notes due 2018	727,500	750,000	762,849	750,000
8.75% Senior Notes due 2020(2)	447,750	443,437	472,968	443,057
7.5% Senior Notes due 2021	837,000	900,000		

- (1) Carrying value is net of \$11,407 and \$12,793 discount at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.
(2) Carrying value is net of \$6,563 and \$6,943 discount at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

The carrying values of the Company's senior credit facility and remaining fixed rate debt instruments approximate fair value based on current rates applicable to similar instruments. See Note 11 for discussion of the Company's long-term debt, including the purchase and redemption of all outstanding 8.625% Senior Notes due 2015 and the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes due 2021, both of which occurred during 2011.

5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Oil and natural gas properties		
Proved	\$ 8,697,142	\$ 8,159,924
Unproved	681,886	547,953
Total oil and natural gas properties	9,379,028	8,707,877
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and impairment	(4,707,089)	(4,483,736)
Net oil and natural gas properties capitalized costs	4,671,939	4,224,141
Land	14,249	14,418
Non oil and natural gas equipment(1)	684,281	666,233
Buildings and structures	120,531	89,813
Total	819,061	770,464
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	(287,186)	(260,740)
Net capitalized costs	531,875	509,724
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 5,203,814	\$ 4,733,865

(1) Includes capitalized interest of approximately \$5.8 million and \$4.7 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. There were no full cost ceiling impairments during the three or nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 or 2010. Cumulative full cost ceiling limitation impairment charges of \$3,548.3 million at both September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were included in accumulated depreciation, depletion and impairment for oil and natural gas properties in the table above.

6. Goodwill

At September 30, 2011, the Company had \$235.4 million of goodwill as a result of the excess consideration over the fair value of net assets acquired in the Arena Acquisition. Purchase price adjustments recorded in the first six months of 2011 resulted in a \$1.0 million increase to goodwill. Goodwill recorded in the Arena Acquisition is primarily attributable to operational and cost synergies expected to be realized from the acquisition by using the Company's current presence in the Permian Basin, its Fort Stockton, Texas service base and its existing rig ownership to

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efficiently increase its drilling and oil production from Arena assets acquired in the Central Basin Platform, as these assets have a proven production history. See Note 3 for additional discussion of the Arena Acquisition. Goodwill recognized is not deductible for tax purposes.

The Company performs its annual goodwill impairment test as of each July 1st and between annual evaluations if events occur or circumstances exist that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying amount. Such circumstances could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant or sustained decrease in oil and natural gas prices, (2) a significant adverse change in the economic or business climate, (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator and (4) the likelihood that a reporting unit or a significant portion of a reporting unit will be sold or otherwise disposed. When evaluating whether goodwill is impaired, the Company compares the fair value of the reporting unit to which the goodwill is assigned to the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill. The fair value of the reporting unit is estimated using the income, or discounted cash flows, approach. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then the amount of the impairment loss must be measured. The impairment loss would be calculated by comparing the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill to the carrying amount of goodwill. In calculating the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the other assets and liabilities of that unit based on their fair values. The excess of the fair value of a reporting unit over the amount assigned to its other assets and liabilities is the implied fair value of goodwill. An impairment loss would be recognized when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value.

The Company assigned the goodwill related to the Arena Acquisition to its exploration and production segment, which is the reporting unit for impairment testing purposes. Under the discounted cash flow approach, the reporting unit's anticipated future cash flows, primarily based on projected oil and natural gas revenues, operating expenses and capital expenditures, were discounted using a weighted average cost of capital rate to estimate the fair value for the reporting unit. The Company's first annual

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

evaluation of goodwill was completed during the third quarter of 2011 and resulted in no impairment loss. The Company monitors potential impairment indicators throughout the year. As of September 30, 2011, no such indicators were noted.

7. Other Assets

Other assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Debt issuance costs, net of amortization	\$ 53,797	\$ 50,637
Lease broker advances	26,169	
Development advance	12,598	
Production tax credit receivable	7,665	1,436
Investments	5,714	4,826
Other	3,773	2,852
Total other assets	\$ 109,716	\$ 59,751

8. Variable Interest Entities

In accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 810, Consolidation, including the guidance in Accounting Standards Update 2009-17,

Consolidations Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities (ASU 2009-17), the Company consolidates the activities of variable interest entities (VIEs) of which it is the primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary of a VIE is that variable interest holder possessing a controlling financial interest through (i) its power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) its obligation to absorb losses or its right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. In order to determine whether the Company owns a variable interest in a VIE, the Company performs a qualitative analysis of the entity's design, organizational structure, primary decision makers and related financial agreements.

The Company's significant associated VIEs, including those for which the Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary and those for which it has determined it is not, are described below.

SandRidge Mississippian Trust I. On April 12, 2011, SandRidge Mississippian Trust I (the Mississippian Trust) completed its initial public offering of 17,250,000 common units representing beneficial interests in the Mississippian Trust. Net proceeds to the Mississippian Trust, after certain offering expenses, were approximately \$336.9 million. Concurrent with the closing, the Company conveyed certain royalty interests to the Mississippian Trust in exchange for the net proceeds of the Mississippian Trust's initial public offering and 10,750,000 units (3,750,000 common units and 7,000,000 subordinated units) representing approximately 38.4% of the beneficial interest in the Mississippian Trust. The royalty interests conveyed to the Mississippian Trust are in certain oil and natural gas properties leased by the Company in the Mississippian formation in five counties in Northern Oklahoma. The conveyance of the royalty interests to the Mississippian Trust was recorded in April 2011 at the historical cost to the Company, or \$309.0 million, which was determined by allocating the historical net book value of the Company's full cost pool based on the fair value of the conveyed royalty interests relative to the fair value of the Company's full cost pool. The Mississippian Trust will dissolve and begin to liquidate on December 31, 2030 and will soon thereafter wind up its affairs and terminate. At the time the Mississippian Trust terminates, 50% of the conveyed royalty interests will automatically revert to the Company.

The Mississippian Trust makes quarterly cash distributions to its unitholders based on its calculated distributable income. In order to provide support for cash distributions on the Mississippian Trust's common units, the Company agreed to subordinate a portion of the Mississippian Trust

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units it owns (the Mississippian Trust subordinated units), which constitute 25% of the total outstanding Mississippian Trust units. The Mississippian Trust subordinated units are entitled to receive pro rata distributions from the Mississippian Trust each quarter if and to the extent there is sufficient cash to provide a cash distribution on the common units that is no less than the applicable quarterly subordination threshold. If there is not sufficient cash to fund such a distribution on all common units, the distribution to be made with respect to the Mississippian Trust subordinated units will be reduced or eliminated for such quarter in order to make a distribution, to the extent possible, of up to the subordination threshold amount on all common units, including common units held by the Company. In addition, pursuant to the trust agreement, SandRidge has a loan commitment to the Mississippian Trust, whereby SandRidge will loan funds to the Mississippian Trust on an unsecured basis, with terms substantially the same as would be obtained in an arm's length transaction between SandRidge and an unaffiliated party, if at any time the Mississippian Trust's cash is not sufficient to pay ordinary course administrative expenses as they become due.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

The Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries entered into a development agreement with the Mississippian Trust that obligates the Company to drill, or cause to be drilled, a specified number of wells, which are also subject to the royalty interest granted to the Mississippian Trust, by December 31, 2014. In the event of delays, the Company will have until December 31, 2015 to fulfill its drilling obligation. At the end of the fourth full calendar quarter following satisfaction of the Company's drilling obligation (the Mississippian Trust subordination period), the Company's Mississippian Trust subordinated units will automatically convert into common units on a one-for-one basis and the Company's right to receive incentive distributions will terminate. Incentive distributions are equal to 50% of the amount by which the cash available for distribution on all of the Mississippian Trust units for any quarter exceeds 20% of the target distribution for such quarter. One of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries also granted to the Mississippian Trust a lien in the Company's interests in the properties where the development wells will be drilled in order to secure the estimated amount of the drilling costs for the wells. As the Company fulfills its drilling obligation, wells that have been drilled and perforated for completion are released from the lien and the total amount that may be recovered by the Mississippian Trust is proportionately reduced. As of September 30, 2011, the maximum amount recoverable by the Mississippian Trust under the lien has been reduced to approximately \$109.6 million. Additionally, the Company and the Mississippian Trust entered into an administrative services agreement, pursuant to which the Company provides certain administrative services to the Mississippian Trust, and a derivatives agreement, pursuant to which the Company provides to the Mississippian Trust the economic effects of certain of the Company's derivative contracts. The tables below present open oil and natural gas commodity derivative contracts at September 30, 2011, the economic effects of which will be provided to the Mississippian Trust under the derivatives agreement. See Note 12 for further discussion of the derivatives agreement between the Company and the Mississippian Trust and a complete listing of the Company's open commodity derivative contracts at September 30, 2011, including the derivative contracts the economic effects of which have been conveyed to the Mississippian Trust.

Oil Price Swaps

Contract Period	Notional (MBbl)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	120	\$ 103.60
January 2012 - December 2012	454	\$ 104.15
January 2013 - December 2013	488	\$ 102.07
January 2014 - December 2014	541	\$ 100.94
January 2015 - December 2015	468	\$ 101.07

Natural Gas Price Swaps

Contract Period	Notional (MMcf)(1)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	1,013	\$ 4.61
January 2012 - June 2012	2,190	\$ 4.90

Natural Gas Collars

Contract Period	Notional (MMcf)(1)	Collar Range
July 2012 - December 2012	402	\$ 4.00 - 6.20
January 2013 - December 2013	858	\$ 4.00 - 7.15

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January 2014	December 2014	937	\$ 4.00 - 7.78
January 2015	December 2015	1,010	\$ 4.00 - 8.55

(1) Assumes ratio of 1:1 for Mcf to MMBtu.

The Mississippian Trust is considered a VIE due to the lack of voting or similar decision-making rights by its equity holders regarding activities that have a significant effect on the economic success of the Mississippian Trust. The Company's ownership in the Mississippian Trust and loan commitment constitute variable interests. The Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary of the Mississippian Trust as it has (a) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the Mississippian Trust through (i) its participation in the creation and structure of the Mississippian Trust, (ii) the manner in which it fulfills its drilling obligation to the Mississippian Trust, and (iii) the manner in which it operates the oil and natural gas properties that are subject to the conveyed royalty interests, and (b) through the end of the Mississippian Trust subordination period, the obligation to absorb losses and right to receive residual returns, through its ownership of the Mississippian Trust subordinated units, that could potentially be significant to the Mississippian Trust. As a result, the Company began consolidating the activities of the Mississippian Trust into its results of operations in April 2011. In consolidation, the common units of the Mississippian Trust owned by third parties are reflected as noncontrolling interest. As discussed above, the Company's Mississippian Trust subordinated units will automatically convert to Mississippian Trust common units at the end of the Mississippian Trust subordination period.

The Mississippian Trust's assets can be used to settle its own obligations and not other obligations of the Company. The Mississippian Trust's creditors have no contractual recourse to the general credit of the Company. Although the Mississippian Trust is

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

included in the Company's consolidated financial statements, the Company's legal interest in the Mississippian Trust's assets is limited to its ownership of the Mississippian Trust units. At September 30, 2011, \$365.1 million of noncontrolling interest in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets was attributable to the Mississippian Trust. The Mississippian Trust's assets and liabilities included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2011 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,148
Accounts receivable, net	6,950
Total current assets	8,098
Investment in royalty interests(1)	308,964
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and impairment	(10,666)
	298,298
Total assets	\$ 306,396
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 272
Total liabilities	\$ 272

(1) Included in oil and natural gas properties on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

SandRidge Permian Trust. On August 16, 2011, SandRidge Permian Trust (the Permian Trust), a newly formed Delaware statutory trust, completed its initial public offering of 34,500,000 common units representing beneficial interests in the Permian Trust. Net proceeds to the Permian Trust, after certain offering expenses, were approximately \$580.6 million. Concurrent with the closing, the Company conveyed certain royalty interests to the Permian Trust in exchange for the net proceeds of the Permian Trust's initial public offering and 18,000,000 units (4,875,000 common units and 13,125,000 subordinated units) representing approximately 34.3% of the beneficial interest in the Permian Trust. The royalty interests conveyed to the Permian Trust are in certain oil and natural gas properties leased by the Company in the Central Basin Platform of the Permian Basin in Andrews County, Texas. The conveyance of the royalty interests to the Permian Trust was recorded in August 2011 at the historical cost to the Company, or \$549.8 million, which was determined by allocating the historical net book value of the Company's full cost pool based on the fair value of the conveyed royalty interests relative to the fair value of the Company's full cost pool. The Permian Trust will dissolve and begin to liquidate on March 31, 2031 and will soon thereafter wind up its affairs and terminate. At the time the Permian Trust terminates, 50% of the conveyed royalty interests will automatically revert to the Company.

The Permian Trust will make quarterly cash distributions to its unitholders based on its calculated distributable income. In order to provide support for cash distributions on the Permian Trust's common units, the Company agreed to subordinate a portion of the Permian Trust units it owns (the Permian Trust subordinated units), which constitute 25% of the total outstanding Permian Trust units. The Permian Trust subordinated units are entitled to receive pro rata distributions from the Permian Trust each quarter if and to the extent there is sufficient cash to provide a cash distribution on the common units that is no less than the applicable quarterly subordination threshold. If there is not sufficient cash to fund such a distribution on all common units, the distribution to be made with respect to the Permian Trust subordinated units will be reduced or eliminated for such quarter in order to make a distribution, to the extent possible, of up to the subordination threshold amount on all common units, including common units held by the Company. In addition, pursuant to the trust agreement, SandRidge has a loan commitment to the Permian Trust, whereby SandRidge will loan funds to the Permian Trust on an unsecured basis, with terms substantially the same as would be

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obtained in an arm's length transaction between SandRidge and an unaffiliated third party, if at any time the Permian Trust's cash is not sufficient to pay ordinary course administrative expenses as they become due.

The Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries entered into a development agreement with the Permian Trust that obligates the Company to drill, or cause to be drilled, a specified number of wells, which are also subject to the royalty interest granted to the Permian Trust, by March 31, 2015. In the event of delays, the Company will have until March 31, 2016 to fulfill its drilling obligation. At the end of the fourth full calendar quarter following satisfaction of the Company's drilling obligation (the Permian Trust subordination period), the Company's Permian Trust subordinated units will automatically convert into common units on a one-for-one basis and the Company's right to receive incentive distributions will terminate. Incentive distributions are equal to 50% of the amount by which the cash available for distribution on all of the Permian Trust units for any quarter exceeds 20% of the target distribution for such quarter. One of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries also granted to the Permian Trust a lien in the Company's interests in the properties where the development wells will be drilled, in order to secure the estimated amount of the drilling costs for the wells. As the Company fulfills its drilling obligation, wells that have been drilled and perforated for completion are released from the lien and the total amount that may be recovered by the Permian Trust is proportionately reduced. As of September 30, 2011, the maximum amount recoverable by the Permian Trust under the lien has been reduced to approximately \$250.0 million. The Company and the Permian Trust also entered into an administrative services agreement, pursuant to which the Company provides certain administrative services to the Permian Trust, including hedge management services, and a derivatives agreement, pursuant to which the Company provides to the Permian Trust the economic effects of certain of the Company's derivative contracts. Substantially concurrent with the execution of the derivatives agreement, the Company novated certain of the derivative contracts underlying the derivatives agreement to the Permian Trust. The tables below present the open contracts at September 30, 2011 underlying the derivatives agreement, including the contracts novated to the Permian Trust. The combined volume in the tables below reflect the total volume of the Permian Trust's oil derivative contracts. See Note 12 for further discussion of the derivatives agreement between the Company and the Permian Trust and a complete listing of the Company's open commodity derivative contracts at September 30, 2011, including the derivative contracts underlying the derivatives agreement.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)****Oil Price Swaps Underlying the Derivatives Agreement**

Contract Period	Notional (MBbl)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	100	\$ 99.80
January 2012 - December 2012	687	\$ 102.20
January 2013 - December 2013	921	\$ 102.84
January 2014 - December 2014	1,100	\$ 101.75
January 2015 - March 2015	232	\$ 100.90

Oil Price Swaps Underlying the Derivatives Agreement and Novated to the Trust

Contract Period	Notional (in MBbl)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	150	\$ 99.80
January 2012 - December 2012	466	\$ 102.20
January 2013 - December 2013	368	\$ 102.84
January 2014 - December 2014	311	\$ 101.75
January 2015 - March 2015	71	\$ 100.90

The Permian Trust is considered a VIE due to the lack of voting or similar decision-making rights by its equity holders regarding activities that have a significant effect on the economic success of the Permian Trust. The Company's ownership in the Permian Trust and loan commitment constitute variable interests. The Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary of the Permian Trust as it has (a) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the Permian Trust through (i) its participation in the creation and structure of the Permian Trust, (ii) the manner in which it fulfills its drilling obligation to the Permian Trust, (iii) the manner in which it operates the oil and natural gas properties that are subject to the conveyed royalty interests, and (iv) its role as the Permian Trust's hedge manager and (b) through the end of the Permian Trust subordination period, the obligation to absorb losses and right to receive residual returns, through its ownership of the Permian Trust subordinated units, that could potentially be significant to the Permian Trust. As a result, the Company began consolidating the activities of the Permian Trust into its results of operations in August 2011. In consolidation, the common units of the Permian Trust owned by third parties are reflected as noncontrolling interest. As discussed above, the Company's Permian Trust subordinated units will automatically convert to Permian Trust common units at the end of the Permian Trust subordination period.

The Permian Trust's assets can be used to settle its own obligations and not other obligations of the Company. The Permian Trust's creditors have no contractual recourse to the general credit of the Company. Although the Permian Trust is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements, the Company's legal interest in the Permian Trust's assets is limited to its ownership of the Permian Trust units. At September 30, 2011, \$608.1 million of noncontrolling interest in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets was attributable to the Permian Trust. The Permian Trust's assets and liabilities included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2011 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1
Accounts receivable, net	9,865
Derivative contracts	9,996

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Total current assets	19,862
Investment in royalty interests(1)	549,832
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and impairment	(2,348)
	547,484
Derivative contracts	14,864
Total assets	\$ 582,210
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 421
Total liabilities	\$ 421

(1) Included in oil and natural gas properties on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. *Grey Ranch, L.P.* Primarily engaged in treating and transportation of natural gas, Grey Ranch Plant, L.P. (GRLP) is a limited partnership that operates the Company's Grey Ranch plant (the Plant) located in Pecos County, Texas. The Company has long-term operating and gathering agreements with GRLP and also owns a 50% interest in GRLP. Income or losses of GRLP are allocated to the partners based on ownership percentage and any operating or cash shortfalls require contributions from the partners. The Company has determined that GRLP qualifies as a VIE under the provisions of ASC Topic 810. Agreements related to the ownership and operation of GRLP provide for GRLP to pay management fees to the Company to operate the Plant and lease payments for the Plant. Under the operating agreements, lease payments are reduced if throughput volumes are below those expected. The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of GRLP as it has both (i) the power to direct the activities of GRLP that most significantly impact its economic performance as operator of the Plant and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses, as a result of the operating and gathering agreements, that could potentially be significant to GRLP.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

GRLP's assets can be used to settle its own obligations and not other obligations of the Company. GRLP's creditors have no recourse to the general credit of the Company. Although GRLP is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements, the Company's legal interest in GRLP's assets is limited to its 50% ownership. At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, \$8.5 million and \$11.3 million, respectively, of noncontrolling interest in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets were related to GRLP. GRLP's assets and liabilities included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 963	\$ 4,601
Accounts receivable, net	93	181
Inventory	109	109
Other current assets		124
Total current assets	1,165	5,015
Other property, plant and equipment, net	15,272	16,079
Total assets	\$ 16,437	\$ 21,094
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 402	\$ 400
Total liabilities	\$ 402	\$ 400

Grey Ranch Plant Genpar, LLC. The Company owns a 50% interest in Grey Ranch Plant Genpar, LLC (Genpar), the managing partner and 1% owner of GRLP. Additionally, the Company serves as Genpar's administrative manager. Genpar's ownership interest in GRLP is its only asset.

As managing partner of GRLP, Genpar has the sole right to manage, control and conduct the business of GRLP. However, Genpar is restricted from making certain major decisions, including the decision to remove the Company as operator of the Plant. The rights afforded the Company under the Plant operating agreement and the restrictions on Genpar serve to limit Genpar's ability to make decisions on behalf of GRLP. Therefore, Genpar is considered a VIE. Although both the Company and Genpar's other equity owner share equally in Genpar's economic losses and benefits and also have agreements that may be considered variable interests, the Company determined it was the primary beneficiary of Genpar due to (i) its ability, as administrative manager, to direct the activities of Genpar that most significantly impact its economic performance and (ii) its obligation or right, as operator of the Plant, to absorb the losses of or receive benefits from Genpar that could potentially be significant to Genpar. As the primary beneficiary, the Company consolidates Genpar's activity. However, its sole asset, the investment in GRLP, is eliminated in consolidation. Genpar has no liabilities.

Piñon Gathering Company, LLC. The Company has a gas gathering and operations and maintenance agreements with Piñon Gathering Company, LLC (PGC) through June 30, 2029. Under the gas gathering agreement, the Company is required to compensate PGC for any throughput shortfalls below a required minimum volume. By guaranteeing a minimum throughput, the Company absorbs the risk that lower than projected volumes will be gathered by the gathering system. Therefore, PGC is a VIE. While the Company operates the assets of PGC as directed under the operations and management agreement, the member and managers of PGC have the authority to directly control PGC and make substantive decisions regarding PGC's activities including terminating the Company as operator without cause. As the Company does not have the ability to control the activities of PGC that most significantly impact PGC's economic performance, the Company is not the primary beneficiary of PGC. Therefore, the results of PGC's activities are not consolidated into the Company's financial statements.

9. Century Plant Contract

The Company is constructing the Century Plant, a CO₂ treatment plant in Pecos County, Texas (the Century Plant), and associated compression and pipeline facilities pursuant to an agreement with Occidental Petroleum Corporation (Occidental). Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will construct the Century Plant and Occidental will pay the Company a minimum of 100% of the contract price, or \$800.0 million, plus any subsequently agreed-upon revisions, through periodic cost reimbursements based upon the percentage of the project completed by the Company. The Company expects to complete the Century Plant in two phases. Upon completion of each phase of the Century Plant, Occidental will take ownership of the related assets and will operate the Century Plant for the purpose of separating and removing CO₂ from delivered natural gas. Phase I is in the commissioning process with completion and transfer of title to Occidental expected in early 2012, and Phase II is under construction and expected to be completed in 2012. Pursuant to a 30-year treating agreement executed simultaneously with the construction agreement, Occidental will remove CO₂ from the Company's delivered natural gas production volumes. Under this agreement, the Company will be required to deliver certain CO₂ volumes annually, and will have to compensate Occidental to the extent such requirements are not met. Based upon current natural gas production levels, the Company anticipates accruing amounts due to Occidental for not meeting such requirements beginning in 2012; however, at this time, the Company does not expect such amounts to have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations. The Company will retain all methane gas from the natural gas it delivers to the Century Plant.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

The Company accounts for construction of the Century Plant using the completed-contract method, under which contract revenues and costs are recognized when work under both phases of the contract is completed and assets have been transferred to Occidental. In the interim, costs incurred on and billings related to contracts in process are accumulated on the balance sheet. Contract gains or losses will be recorded, as development costs within the Company's oil and natural gas properties as part of the full cost pool, when it is determined that a gain or loss will be incurred. The Company has recorded an addition of \$124.0 million (\$105.0 million in 2010 and \$19.0 million in the first quarter of 2011) to its oil and natural gas properties for the estimated loss identified based on projections of the costs to be incurred in excess of contract amounts. Billings and estimated contract loss in excess of costs incurred of \$42.3 million and \$31.5 million at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, are reported as current liabilities in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

10. Asset Retirement Obligation

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amounts of the asset retirement obligation for the period from December 31, 2010 to September 30, 2011 is as follows (in thousands):

Asset retirement obligation, December 31, 2010	\$ 119,877
Liability incurred upon acquiring and drilling wells	4,130
Sales of reserves in place	(6,855)
Liability settled in current period	(1,608)
Accretion of discount expense	7,039
Asset retirement obligation, September 30, 2011	122,583
Less: current portion	25,360
Asset retirement obligation, net of current	\$ 97,223

11. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Senior credit facility	\$	\$ 340,000
Other notes payable		
Drilling rig fleet and related oil field services equipment		6,302
Mortgage	16,280	17,020
Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2014	350,000	350,000
8.625% Senior Notes due 2015		650,000
9.875% Senior Notes due 2016, net of \$11,407 and \$12,793 discount, respectively	354,093	352,707
8.0% Senior Notes due 2018	750,000	750,000
8.75% Senior Notes due 2020, net of \$6,563 and \$6,943 discount, respectively	443,437	443,057
7.5% Senior Notes due 2021	900,000	
Total debt	2,813,810	2,909,086

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Less: current maturities of long-term debt	1,035	7,293
Long-term debt	\$ 2,812,775	\$ 2,901,793

For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, interest payments were approximately \$61.5 million and \$32.7 million, respectively. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, interest payments were approximately \$171.7 million and \$124.9 million, respectively. Interest paid for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 included \$25.7 million of accrued interest paid in connection with the purchase and redemption of the 8.625% Senior Notes due 2015. See discussion of purchase and redemption below.

Senior Credit Facility. The senior credit facility is available to be drawn on subject to limitations based on its terms and certain financial covenants, as described below. The senior credit facility matures on April 15, 2014, unless the Company's Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2014 (the Senior Floating Rate Notes) have not been refinanced by December 31, 2013, in which case the senior credit facility will mature on January 31, 2014.

On February 23, 2011, the senior credit facility was amended to, among other things, (a) exclude from the calculation of Consolidated Net Income the net income (loss) of a Royalty Trust, except to the extent of cash distributions received by the Company, (b) establish that an investment in a Royalty Trust and dispositions to, and of interests in, Royalty Trusts are permitted, (c) clarify that a Royalty Trust is not a Subsidiary, (d) allow the Company to net against its calculation of Consolidated Funded Indebtedness cash balances exceeding \$10.0 million in the event no loans are outstanding under the senior credit facility at that time, and (e) establish that, for any fiscal quarter ending prior to March 31, 2012, if the ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA is less than 1.5:1.0 then compliance with the Company's Consolidated Leverage Ratio covenant is not required. Terms capitalized in the preceding sentence have the meaning given to them in the senior credit facility, as amended.

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

On April 20, 2011, the senior credit facility was further amended. The amendment permits the Company to pay cash dividends on its 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock and reaffirmed the borrowing base at \$790.0 million.

As of September 30, 2011, the senior credit facility contained financial covenants, including maintaining agreed levels for the (i) ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA, which may not exceed 4.5:1.0 at each quarter end, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters, unless, for any quarter ending prior to March 31, 2012, the ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA is less than 1.5:1.0, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters, (ii) ratio of current assets to current liabilities, which must be at least 1.0:1.0 at each quarter end (in the current ratio calculation (as defined in the senior credit facility), any amounts available to be drawn under the senior credit facility are included in current assets, and unrealized assets and liabilities resulting from mark-to-market adjustments on the Company's derivative contracts are disregarded) and (iii) ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA, which may not exceed 2.0:1.0 at each quarter end, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters. As of and during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of the financial covenants under the senior credit facility.

Additionally, the senior credit facility contains various covenants that limit the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to grant certain liens; make certain loans and investments; make distributions; redeem stock; redeem or prepay debt; merge or consolidate with or into a third party; or engage in certain asset dispositions, including a sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets. Additionally, the senior credit facility limits the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness with certain exceptions.

The obligations under the senior credit facility are guaranteed by certain Company subsidiaries and are secured by first priority liens on all shares of capital stock of each of the Company's material present and future subsidiaries; all intercompany debt of the Company; and substantially all of the Company's assets, including proved oil and natural gas reserves representing at least 80% of the discounted present value (as defined in the senior credit facility) of proved oil and natural gas reserves considered by the lenders in determining the borrowing base for the senior credit facility.

At the Company's election, interest under the senior credit facility is determined by reference to (a) the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus an applicable margin between 2.00% and 3.00% per annum or (b) the base rate, which is the highest of (i) the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, (ii) the prime rate published by Bank of America or (iii) the Eurodollar rate (as defined in the senior credit facility) plus 1.00% per annum, plus, in each case under scenario (b), an applicable margin between 1.00% and 2.00% per annum. Interest is payable quarterly for base rate loans and at the applicable maturity date for LIBOR loans, except that if the interest period for a LIBOR loan is six months, interest is paid at the end of each three-month period. The average annual interest rate paid on amounts outstanding under the senior credit facility was 2.65% and 2.78% for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 2.69% and 2.67% for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Borrowings under the senior credit facility may not exceed the lower of the borrowing base or the committed amount. On March 15, 2011, the borrowing base was reduced from \$850.0 million to \$790.0 million as a result of the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes due 2021, discussed below. The Company's borrowing base is redetermined in April and October of each year. With respect to each redetermination, the administrative agent and the lenders under the senior credit facility consider several factors, including the Company's proved reserves and projected cash requirements, and make assumptions regarding, among other things, oil and natural gas prices and production. Because the value of the Company's proved reserves is a key factor in determining the amount of the borrowing base, changing commodity prices and the Company's success in developing reserves may affect the borrowing base. At the October 2011 redetermination, the borrowing base remained unchanged at \$790.0 million. The Company at times incurs additional costs related to the senior credit facility as a result of amendments to the credit agreement and changes to the borrowing base. During the first nine months of 2011, additional costs of approximately \$0.3 million were incurred. These costs have been deferred and are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

At September 30, 2011, the Company had no amount outstanding under the senior credit facility and \$25.8 million in outstanding letters of credit, which affect the availability under the senior credit facility on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

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Other Notes Payable. The Company financed a portion of its drilling rig fleet and related oil field services equipment through the issuance of notes secured by such equipment. In March 2011, the Company paid the outstanding \$4.3 million principal balance on these notes.

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The debt incurred to purchase the downtown Oklahoma City property that serves as the Company's corporate headquarters is fully secured by a mortgage on one of the buildings located on the property. The note underlying the mortgage bears interest at 6.08% annually and matures on November 15, 2022. Payments of principal and interest in the amount of approximately \$0.5 million are due on a quarterly basis through the maturity date.

Senior Floating Rate Notes Due 2014. The Company's Senior Floating Rate Notes were issued in May 2008. The Senior Floating Rate Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis by certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries and are freely tradable. See Note 20 for condensed financial information of the subsidiary guarantors.

The Senior Floating Rate Notes bear interest at LIBOR plus 3.625%. Interest is payable quarterly with the principal due on April 1, 2014. The average interest rate paid on the outstanding Senior Floating Rate Notes was 3.87% and 4.16% for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 3.91% and 3.98% for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, without consideration of the interest rate swap discussed below. The Company may redeem, at specified redemption prices, some or all of the Senior Floating Rate Notes at any time.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company had a \$350.0 million notional interest rate swap agreement to effectively fix the rate on the Senior Floating Rate Notes at an annual rate of 6.69% for the period from April 1, 2011 to April 1, 2013. This swap has not been designated as a hedge.

The \$9.4 million of debt issuance costs associated with the Senior Floating Rate Notes is included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and is being amortized over the term of the notes.

8.625% Senior Notes Due 2015. The Company's 8.625% Senior Notes due 2015 (the 8.625% Senior Notes) were issued in May 2008. On March 1, 2011, the Company announced a cash tender offer to purchase any and all of the outstanding \$650.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 8.625% Senior Notes for total consideration of \$1,046.88 per \$1,000 principal amount of such notes tendered by March 14, 2011. Holders tendering after March 14, 2011 were eligible to receive \$1,016.88 per \$1,000 principal amount of notes tendered. The Company purchased approximately 94.5%, or \$614.2 million, of the aggregate principal amount of its 8.625% Senior Notes pursuant to the tender offer, which expired on March 28, 2011. On April 1, 2011, the Company redeemed the remaining outstanding \$35.8 million aggregate principal amount of its 8.625% Senior Notes for \$1,043.13 per \$1,000 principal amount outstanding, plus accrued interest. All holders whose notes were purchased or redeemed received accrued and unpaid interest from October 1, 2010. The premium paid to purchase these notes and the unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the notes, totaling \$38.2 million, were recorded as a loss on extinguishment of debt and included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011.

9.875% Senior Notes Due 2016. The Company's unsecured 9.875% Senior Notes due 2016 (the 9.875% Senior Notes) were issued in May 2009 and bear interest at a fixed rate of 9.875% per annum, payable semi-annually, with the principal due on May 15, 2016. The 9.875% Senior Notes were issued at a discount, which is amortized into interest expense over the term of the notes. The 9.875% Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, prior to their maturity at specified redemption prices and are jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis by certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries and are freely tradable.

Debt issuance costs of \$7.9 million incurred in connection with the offering of the 9.875% Senior Notes are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and are being amortized over the term of the notes.

8.0% Senior Notes Due 2018. The Company's unsecured 8.0% Senior Notes due 2018 (the 8.0% Senior Notes) were issued in May 2008 and bear interest at a fixed rate of 8.0% per annum, payable semi-annually, with the principal due on June 1, 2018. The notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, prior to their maturity at specified redemption prices and are jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis, by certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries and are freely tradable.

The Company incurred \$16.0 million of debt issuance costs in connection with the offering of the 8.0% Senior Notes. These costs are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and are being amortized over the term of the notes.

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8.75% Senior Notes Due 2020. The Company's unsecured 8.75% Senior Notes due 2020 (the 8.75% Senior Notes) were issued in December 2009 and bear interest at a fixed rate of 8.75% per annum, payable semi-annually, with the principal due on January 15, 2020. The 8.75% Senior Notes were issued at a discount which is amortized into interest expense over the term of the notes. The 8.75% Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, prior to their maturity at specified redemption prices and are jointly and severally, guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis by certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries and are freely tradable. See Note 20 for condensed financial information of the subsidiary guarantors.

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Debt issuance costs of \$9.7 million incurred in connection with the offering of and subsequent registered exchange of the 8.75% Senior Notes are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and are being amortized over the term of the notes.

7.5% Senior Notes Due 2021. In March 2011, the Company issued \$900.0 million of unsecured 7.5% Senior Notes due 2021 (the 7.5% Senior Notes) to qualified institutional buyers eligible under Rule 144A of the Securities Act and to persons outside the United States under Regulation S under the Securities Act. Net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$880.7 million after deducting offering expenses, and were used to fund the tender offer for the 8.625% Senior Notes, including any accrued and unpaid interest, the redemption of the 8.625% Senior Notes that remained outstanding following the conclusion of the tender offer, including accrued and unpaid interest (each as described above) and to repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility. The 7.5% Senior Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 7.5% per annum, payable semi-annually, with the principal due on March 15, 2021. Prior to March 15, 2016, the 7.5% Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at a specified redemption price plus accrued and unpaid interest. On or after March 15, 2016, the 7.5% Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, prior to their maturity at other various specified redemption prices. The notes are jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis by certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries.

In conjunction with the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes, the Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement requiring the Company to conduct a registered exchange offer for or register the resale of these notes before March 14, 2012. On October 17, 2011, the Company commenced a registered exchange offer for the 7.5% Senior Notes. The terms of the 7.5% Senior Notes to be issued in the exchange offer will be identical to the terms of the senior notes to be exchanged, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and provisions for additional interest relating to the exchanged notes will not apply to the 7.5% Senior Notes to be issued in the exchange offer.

Debt issuance costs of \$19.3 million incurred in connection with the offering of the 7.5% Senior Notes are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and are being amortized over the term of the notes.

Indentures. The indentures governing the Company's senior notes contain limitations on the incurrence of indebtedness, payment of dividends, investments, asset sales, certain asset purchases, transactions with related parties and consolidations or mergers. As of and for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants contained in the indentures governing the senior notes.

12. Derivatives

None of the Company's derivative contracts have been designated as hedges. The Company records all derivative contracts, which include commodity derivatives and an interest rate swap, at fair value. Changes in derivative contract fair values are recognized in earnings. Cash settlements and valuation gains and losses are included in (gain) loss on derivative contracts for the commodity derivative contracts and in interest expense for interest rate swaps in the consolidated statement of operations. Commodity derivative contracts are settled on a monthly basis. Settlements on interest rate swaps occur quarterly. Derivative assets and liabilities arising from the Company's derivative contracts with the same counterparty that provide for net settlement are reported on a net basis in the consolidated balance sheet.

Commodity Derivatives. The Company is exposed to commodity price risk, which impacts the predictability of its cash flows from the sale of oil and natural gas. The Company seeks to manage this risk through the use of commodity derivative contracts. These derivative contracts allow the Company to limit its exposure to a portion of its projected oil and natural gas sales. Additionally, the Company uses derivative contracts to manage commodity price risk associated with diesel fuel used by its drilling rigs. None of the Company's derivative contracts may be terminated early as a result of a party to the contract having its credit rating downgraded. At September 30, 2011, the Company's commodity derivative contracts consisted of fixed price swaps, collars and basis swaps, which are described below:

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- Fixed price swaps:* The Company receives a fixed price for the contract and pays a floating market price to the counterparty over a specified period for a contracted volume.
- Collars:* Collars contain a fixed floor price (put) and a fixed ceiling price (call). If the market price exceeds the call strike price or falls below the put strike price, the Company receives the fixed price and pays the market price. If the market price is between the call and the put strike price, no payments are due from either party.
- Basis swaps:* The Company receives a payment from the counterparty if the settled price differential is greater than the stated terms of the contract and pays the counterparty if the settled price differential is less than the stated terms of the contract, which guarantees the Company a price differential for natural gas from a specified delivery point.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

Interest Rate Swaps. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its long-term fixed and variable interest rate borrowings. Fixed rate debt, where the interest rate is fixed over the life of the instrument, exposes the Company to (i) changes in market interest rates reflected in the fair value of the debt and (ii) the risk that the Company may need to refinance maturing debt with new debt at a higher rate. Variable rate debt, where the interest rate fluctuates, exposes the Company to short-term changes in market interest rates as the Company's interest obligations on these instruments are periodically redetermined based on prevailing market interest rates, primarily LIBOR and the federal funds rate.

The Company has an interest rate swap agreement to manage the interest rate risk on a portion of its floating rate debt by effectively fixing the variable interest rate on its Senior Floating Rate Notes through April 1, 2013. See Note 11 for further discussion of the Company's interest rate swap.

Trust Derivatives Agreements. In April 2011, the Company entered into a derivatives agreement with the Mississippian Trust, effective April 1, 2011. The agreement provides the Mississippian Trust with the economic effect of certain oil and natural gas derivative contracts previously entered into by the Company with third parties. The underlying commodity derivative contracts cover volumes of oil and natural gas production through December 31, 2015. Under this arrangement, the Company will pay the Mississippian Trust amounts it receives from its counterparties in accordance with the underlying contracts, and the Mississippian Trust will pay the Company any amounts that the Company is required to pay its counterparties under such contracts.

In August 2011, the Company entered into a derivatives agreement with the Permian Trust, effective August 1, 2011. The agreement provides the Permian Trust with the economic effect of certain oil derivative contracts previously entered into by the Company. The underlying commodity derivative contracts cover volumes of oil production through March 31, 2015. Under the derivatives agreement, the Company will pay the Permian Trust amounts it receives from its counterparty, and the Permian Trust will pay the Company any amounts that the Company is required to pay such counterparty. Under the derivatives agreement, as development wells are drilled for the benefit of the Permian Trust, the Company will have the right, under certain circumstances, to assign or novate to the Permian Trust additional derivative contracts. Substantially concurrent with the execution of the derivatives agreement, the Company novated certain of the derivatives contracts underlying the derivatives agreement to the Permian Trust. As a party to these contracts, the Permian Trust will receive payment directly from the counterparty, and be required to pay any amounts owed directly to the counterparty. To secure the Permian Trust's obligations under these novated contracts, the Permian Trust has given the counterparty a lien on its royalty interests in certain oil and natural gas properties.

All contracts underlying the derivatives agreements with the Mississippian Trust and Permian Trust, including those novated to the Permian Trust, have been included in the Company's consolidated derivative disclosures. See Note 8 for further discussion of the Mississippian Trust and Permian Trust.

Fair Value of Derivatives. In accordance with ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, the following table presents the fair value of the Company's derivative contracts at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 on a gross basis without regard to same-counterparty netting (in thousands):

Type of Contract	Balance Sheet Classification	September	December
		30, 2011	31, 2010
Derivative assets			
Oil price swaps	Derivative contracts-current	\$ 92,144	\$
Natural gas price swaps	Derivative contracts-current	4,261	8,500
Natural gas collars	Derivative contracts-current	52	
Oil price swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent	215,484	
Natural gas price swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent		3,518
Natural gas collars	Derivative contracts-noncurrent	152	

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Derivative liabilities			
Oil price swaps	Derivative contracts-current		(63,123)
Natural gas price swaps	Derivative contracts-current		(640)
Natural gas basis swaps	Derivative contracts-current		(34,112)
Interest rate swaps	Derivative contracts-current	(9,020)	(9,007)
Oil price swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent		(84,055)
Natural gas price swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent		(802)
Natural gas basis swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent	(4,291)	(34,908)
Natural gas collars	Derivative contracts-noncurrent	(11)	(238)
Interest rate swaps	Derivative contracts-noncurrent	(4,300)	(7,687)
Total derivative contracts, net		\$ 294,471	\$ (222,554)

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Refer to Note 4 for additional discussion of the fair value measurement of the Company's derivative contracts.

The following table summarizes the effects of the Company's derivative contracts on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Type of Contract	Location of (Gain) Loss Recognized in Income	Amount of (Gain) Loss Recognized in Income			
		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
Oil and natural gas derivatives	(Gain) loss on derivative contracts	\$ (596,736)	\$ 67,195	\$ (489,096)	\$ (114,378)
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	555	5,136	3,631	17,548
Total		\$ (596,181)	\$ 72,331	\$ (485,465)	\$ (96,830)

The following tables summarize the cash settlements and valuation gains and losses on the Company's commodity derivative contracts and interest rate swaps for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Oil and Natural Gas Derivatives	\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)	
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Realized loss (gain)(1)	\$ 7,814	\$ (77,692)	\$ 34,696	\$ (238,240)				
Unrealized (gain) loss	(604,550)	144,887	(523,792)	123,862				
(Gain) loss on commodity derivative contracts	\$ (596,736)	\$ 67,195	\$ (489,096)	\$ (114,378)				

Interest Rate Swaps	\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)		\$(000,000)	
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Realized loss	\$ 2,520	\$ 1,883	\$ 7,005	\$ 6,046				
Unrealized (gain) loss	(1,965)	3,253	(3,374)	11,502				
Loss on interest rate swaps	\$ 555	\$ 5,136	\$ 3,631	\$ 17,548				

(1) Includes \$9.9 million net realized gains (\$72.8 million realized gains and \$62.9 million realized losses) and \$48.1 million net realized gains (\$111.0 million realized gains and \$62.9 million realized losses) for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011,

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respectively, related to settlements of commodity derivative contracts with contractual maturities after the quarterly period in which they were settled (out-of-period settlements). Includes \$48.2 million and \$110.6 million of realized gains on out-of-period settlements for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

On September 30, 2011, the Company's open commodity derivative contracts consisted of the following:

Oil Price Swaps

Contract Period(1)(2)	Notional (MBbl)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	2,550	\$ 88.15
January 2012 - March 2012	2,675	\$ 89.50
April 2012 - June 2012	2,766	\$ 89.36
July 2012 - September 2012	2,826	\$ 89.32
October 2012 - December 2012	2,888	\$ 89.24
January 2013 - March 2013	2,820	\$ 92.63
April 2013 - June 2013	2,852	\$ 92.63
July 2013 - September 2013	2,883	\$ 92.63
October 2013 - December 2013	2,883	\$ 92.63
January 2014 - March 2014	1,401	\$ 96.43
April 2014 - June 2014	1,417	\$ 96.43
July 2014 - September 2014	1,432	\$ 96.43
October 2014 - December 2014	1,432	\$ 96.43
January 2015 - March 2015	1,159	\$ 95.77
April 2015 - June 2015	865	\$ 93.95
July 2015 - September 2015	874	\$ 93.95
October 2015 - December 2015	874	\$ 93.95

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)****Natural Gas Price Swaps**

Contract Period(1)	Notional (MMcf)(3)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
October 2011 - December 2011	1,840	\$ 4.61
January 2012 - March 2012	1,820	\$ 4.90
April 2012 - June 2012	1,820	\$ 4.90

Natural Gas Basis Swaps

Contract Period	Notional (MMcf)(3)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
January 2013 - March 2013	3,600	\$ (0.46)
April 2013 - June 2013	3,640	\$ (0.46)
July 2013 - September 2013	3,680	\$ (0.46)
October 2013 - December 2013	3,680	\$ (0.46)

Natural Gas Collars

Contract Period(1)	Notional (MMcf)(3)	Collar Range
July 2012 - September 2012	201	\$ 4.00 - 6.20
October 2012 - December 2012	201	\$ 4.00 - 6.20
January 2013 - March 2013	212	\$ 4.00 - 7.15
April 2013 - June 2013	214	\$ 4.00 - 7.15
July 2013 - September 2013	216	\$ 4.00 - 7.15
October 2013 - December 2013	216	\$ 4.00 - 7.15
January 2014 - March 2014	231	\$ 4.00 - 7.78
April 2014 - June 2014	234	\$ 4.00 - 7.78
July 2014 - September 2014	236	\$ 4.00 - 7.78
October 2014 - December 2014	236	\$ 4.00 - 7.78
January 2015 - March 2015	249	\$ 4.00 - 8.55
April 2015 - June 2015	251	\$ 4.00 - 8.55
July 2015 - September 2015	255	\$ 4.00 - 8.55
October 2015 - December 2015	255	\$ 4.00 - 8.55

Diesel Price Swaps

Contract Period	Notional (Thousands of Gallons)	Weighted Avg. Fixed Price
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January 2012	March 2012	1,512	\$	2.86
April 2012	June 2012	1,512	\$	2.83
July 2012	September 2012	1,512	\$	2.83
October 2012	December 2012	1,512	\$	2.81

- (1) Includes derivative contracts, the economic effects of which have been conveyed to the Mississippian Trust and Permian Trust pursuant to the derivatives agreements with each of the Mississippian Trust and Permian Trust, respectively. See Note 8 for a listing of such contracts.
- (2) Includes derivative contracts novated to the Permian Trust. See Note 8 for a listing of such contracts.
- (3) Assumes ratio of 1:1 for Mcf to MMBtu.

13. Income Taxes

The Company estimates for each interim reporting period the effective tax rate expected for the full fiscal year and uses that estimated rate in providing for income taxes on a current year-to-date basis. The provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following components for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current				
Federal	\$ 739	\$ (844)	\$ 623	\$ (844)
State	215	33	350	195
	954	(811)	973	(649)
Deferred				
Federal		(442,923)	(6,447)	(442,923)
State		(13,514)	(539)	(13,514)
		(456,437)	(6,986)	(456,437)
Total provision (benefit)	954	(457,248)	(6,013)	(457,086)
Less: income tax provision attributable to noncontrolling interest	103	15	104	104
Total provision (benefit) attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 851	\$ (457,263)	\$ (6,117)	\$ (457,190)

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Deferred income taxes are provided to reflect the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance as necessary when a determination is made that it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized based on all available evidence. As of December 31, 2008, the Company determined it was appropriate to record a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset. In the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed its valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Arena Acquisition in order to finalize the purchase price allocation. In connection therewith, the Company adjusted the previously recorded net deferred tax liability associated with the Arena Acquisition by recording an additional net deferred tax liability of \$7.0 million. The adjustment resulted in the Company releasing a corresponding portion of its previously recorded valuation allowance resulting in a deferred tax benefit. This release of valuation allowance is in addition to the \$447.5 million released in 2010. The 2010 and 2011 partial releases of the valuation allowance were based on management's assessment that it is more likely than not that the Company will realize a benefit from more of its existing deferred tax assets as the Arena deferred tax liabilities are available to offset the reversal of the Company's deferred tax assets. The Company continued to have a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset at September 30, 2011.

The current income tax provision of \$0.95 million and \$0.97 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 is primarily a result of the Company filing the final income tax returns for Arena and its subsidiaries.

IRC Section 382 addresses company ownership changes and specifically limits the utilization of certain deductions and other tax attributes on an annual basis following an ownership change. The Company experienced an ownership change within the meaning of IRC Section 382 on December 31, 2008. The ownership change subjected certain of the Company's tax attributes, including \$298.4 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards, to the IRC Section 382 limitation. The Company experienced a subsequent ownership change within the meaning of IRC Section 382 on July 16, 2010 as a result of the Arena Acquisition. The Company expects a more restrictive limitation on certain of its tax attributes as a result of the July 16, 2010 ownership change than with the December 31, 2008 ownership change. The more restrictive limitation would apply not only to the \$298.4 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax attributes existing at December 31, 2008 but also to the net operating losses of approximately \$512.9 million and certain other attributes generated during the period from January 1, 2009 through July 16, 2010. The subsequent limitation could result in a material amount of the loss carryforwards existing at July 16, 2010 expiring unused. Arena also experienced an ownership change on July 16, 2010 as a result of its acquisition by the Company. This ownership change is expected to result in a limitation on Arena's net operating loss carryforwards and certain other carryforwards available to the Company on an annual basis. None of the limitations discussed above resulted in a current federal tax liability at September 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company had a liability of approximately \$1.54 million for unrecognized tax benefits. If recognized, approximately \$1.0 million, net of federal tax expense, would be recorded as a reduction of income tax expense and would affect the effective tax rate. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2010 was \$1.45 million.

Consistent with the Company's policy to record interest and penalties on income taxes as a component of the income tax provision, the Company has included \$0.02 million and \$0.09 million of accrued gross interest with respect to unrecognized tax benefits in its accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively. The Company did not recognize any interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010.

The Company's only taxing jurisdiction is the United States (federal and state). The Company's tax years 2008 to present remain open for federal examination. Additionally, various tax years remain open beginning with tax year 2003 due to federal net operating loss carryforwards. The number of years open for state tax audits varies, depending on the state, but are generally from three to five years. Currently, several examinations are in progress. The Company does not anticipate that any federal or state audits will have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position. In addition, the Company does not expect resolution of any uncertain tax positions that would result in a significant increase or decrease to the amount of unrecognized tax benefits during the next twelve months.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

Income tax payments, net of refunds, were \$1.79 million and \$2.73 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011. For the three-month period ended September 30, 2010, income tax payments, net of refunds, were \$1.9 million. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2010, income tax refunds, net of payments, were \$1.6 million.

14. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average shares outstanding during the period, but also include the dilutive effect of awards of restricted stock and outstanding convertible preferred stock. The following table summarizes the calculation of weighted average common shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Weighted average basic common shares outstanding	399,270	361,687	398,656	257,028
Effect of dilutive securities				
Restricted stock	8,297	5,954	7,639	4,759
Convertible preferred stock outstanding	90,133	51,496	90,133	51,496
Weighted average diluted common and potential common shares outstanding	497,700	419,137	496,428	313,283

In computing diluted earnings per share, the Company evaluated the if-converted method with respect to its outstanding 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock, 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock and 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and its outstanding 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock and 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010. See Note 16 for discussion of the Company's convertible preferred stock. Under the if-converted method, the Company assumes the conversion of the preferred stock to common stock and determines if this is more dilutive than including the preferred stock dividends (paid and unpaid) in the computation of income available to common stockholders. For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company determined the if-converted method was more dilutive and did not include the 6.0%, 8.5% or 7.0% preferred stock dividends in the determination of income available to common stockholders. For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, the Company determined the if-converted method was more dilutive and did not include the 6.0% and 8.5% preferred stock dividends in the determination of income available to common stockholders.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is a defendant in lawsuits from time to time in the normal course of business. In management's opinion, the Company is not currently involved in any legal proceedings that, individually or in the aggregate, could have a material effect on the financial condition, operations or cash flows of the Company.

On or about June 27, 2008 and November 6, 2008, there were fires at the Company's Grey Ranch Plant and a nearby compressor station. The Company, as owner of the plant and compressor station, recovered approximately \$24.5 million from its insurance carriers for damages caused by the fires. At the time of the plant fire, the plant was operated by Southern Union Gas Services, Ltd. (Southern Union Gas). On June 4, 2010, November 10, 2010, and March 15, 2011, the Company's insurance carriers filed lawsuits against Southern Union Gas and its parent, Southern Union Company (together with Southern Union Gas, Southern Union) seeking recovery for amounts paid under the Company's insurance policies. Southern Union, in turn, has tendered indemnity requests to GRLP, of which the Company is a 50% owner. GRLP has not

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accepted or acknowledged any responsibility to indemnify Southern Union. To the extent the Company, as a 50% owner of GRLP, is required to fund any indemnification of Southern Union, it will pursue coverage for such liability under its general liability insurance policy. An estimate of reasonably possible losses associated with these claims cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to these claims.

On February 14, 2011, Aspen Pipeline, II, L.P. (Aspen) filed a complaint in the District Court of Harris County, Texas, against Arena Resources, Inc. and SandRidge Energy, Inc. claiming damages based upon alleged representations by Arena in connection with the construction by Aspen of a natural gas pipeline in West Texas. On October 14, 2011, the complaint was amended to add Odessa Fuels, LLC, Odessa Fuels Marketing, LLC and Odessa Field Services and Compression as plaintiffs. The plaintiffs seek damages for breach of contract and for the construction cost of the pipeline, which they claim approach \$100.0 million. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously and believes the plaintiff s claims are without merit. This case is in the early stages and, accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses associated with this claim cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to this claim.

On April 5, 2011, Wesley West Minerals, Ltd. and Longfellow Ranch Partners, LP (collectively, the plaintiffs) filed suit against SandRidge Energy, Inc. and SandRidge Exploration and Production, LLC (collectively, the SandRidge Entities) in the District Court of Pecos County, Texas. The plaintiffs, who have leased mineral rights to the SandRidge Entities in Pecos County,

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

allege that the SandRidge Entities have not properly paid royalties on all volumes of natural gas (including carbon dioxide, or CO₂) produced from the acreage leased from the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs also allege that the SandRidge Entities have inappropriately failed to pay royalties on CO₂ produced from the plaintiffs' acreage that results from the treatment of natural gas at the Century Plant. The plaintiffs seek unspecified actual damages, punitive damages and a declaration that the SandRidge Entities must pay royalties on CO₂ produced from plaintiffs' acreage that results from treatment of natural gas at the Century Plant. The Commissioner of the General Land Office of the State of Texas (GLO) is named as an additional defendant in the lawsuit as some of the affected oil and gas leases described in the plaintiffs' allegations cover mineral classified lands in which the GLO is entitled to one-half of the royalties attributable to such leases. The GLO has filed a cross-claim against the SandRidge Entities asserting the same claims as the plaintiffs with respect to the leases covering mineral classified lands. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously. This case is in the early stages and, accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses, if any, associated with these claims cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to these claims.

SandRidge acquired certain oil and natural gas leases in Loving County, Texas, from mineral owners in April 2010, which it subsequently sold to Energen Resources Corporation (Energen) in December 2010 for an allocated value of approximately \$4.0 million. Subsequent to the acquisition by SandRidge of the leases and prior to their disposition to Energen, the mineral owners executed oil and natural gas leases conveying the same mineral estates to Cimarex Energy Co. (Cimarex). SandRidge has requested a declaratory judgment resolving all disputes between it and Cimarex regarding the validity of the leases insofar as they purport to cover the same mineral interests. In connection with that action, Cimarex has filed a third-party petition naming Energen as a third-party defendant, and is asserting quiet title and trespass to try title claims against Energen. Energen has tendered to SandRidge a demand for indemnity, and SandRidge has assumed Energen's defense and any potential loss suffered by it. An estimate of reasonably possible losses, if any, associated with the demand for indemnity cannot be made at this time. Accordingly, the Company has not established any reserves relating to the demand.

On August 4, 2011, Patriot Exploration, LLC, Jonathan Feldman, Redwing Drilling Partners, Mapleleaf Drilling Partners, Avalanche Drilling Partners, Penguin Drilling Partners and Gramax Insurance Company Ltd. (collectively, Plaintiffs) filed a lawsuit against SandRidge Energy, Inc., SandRidge Exploration and Production, LLC (SandRidge E&P) and certain directors and senior executive officers of SandRidge Energy, Inc. (collectively, Defendants) in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut. Plaintiffs allege that Defendants made false and misleading statements to U.S. Drilling Capital Management LLC and Plaintiffs prior to the entry into a participation agreement among Patriot Exploration LLC, U.S. Drilling Capital Management LLC and SandRidge E&P, which provided for the investment by Plaintiffs in certain of SandRidge E&P's oil and natural gas properties. To date, Plaintiffs have invested approximately \$15.0 million under the participation agreement. Plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages and rescission of the participation agreement. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously and believes Plaintiffs' claims are without merit. This case is in the early stages and, accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses associated with this claim cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to this claim.

16. Equity

Preferred Stock. The following table presents information regarding the Company's preferred stock (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Shares authorized	50,000	50,000
Shares outstanding at end of period		
8.5% Convertible perpetual preferred stock	2,650	2,650
6.0% Convertible perpetual preferred stock	2,000	2,000
7.0% Convertible perpetual preferred stock	3,000	3,000

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The Company is authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, of which 7,650,000 shares were designated as convertible perpetual preferred stock at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. All of the outstanding shares of the Company's convertible perpetual preferred stock were issued in private transactions and none of these shares are listed on a stock exchange.

8.5% Convertible perpetual preferred stock. The Company's 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock was issued in January 2009. Each share of 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock has a liquidation preference of \$100.00 and is convertible at the holder's option at any time initially into approximately 12.4805 shares of the Company's common stock based on an initial conversion price of \$8.01, subject to adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Each holder of the convertible perpetual preferred stock is entitled to an annual dividend of \$8.50 per share to be paid semi-annually in cash, common stock or a combination thereof, at the Company's election. All dividend payments to date have been paid in cash. Approximately \$5.6 million in dividends (\$2.8 million paid and \$2.8 million unpaid) and \$16.9 million in dividends (\$14.1 million paid and \$2.8 million unpaid) on the 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock have been included in the calculation of income available to common stockholders and the Company's

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

basic earnings per share calculation for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, as presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Approximately \$5.6 million in dividends (\$2.8 million paid and \$2.8 million unpaid) and \$16.9 million in dividends (\$14.1 million paid and \$2.8 million unpaid) on the 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock have been included in the calculation of income available to common stockholders and the Company's basic earnings per share calculation for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively, as presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The 8.5% convertible perpetual preferred stock is not redeemable by the Company at any time. After February 20, 2014, the Company may cause all outstanding shares of the convertible perpetual preferred stock to convert automatically into common stock at the then-prevailing conversion rate if certain conditions are met.

6.0% Convertible perpetual preferred stock. The Company's 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock was issued in December 2009. Each share of the 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock has a liquidation preference of \$100.00 and is entitled to an annual dividend of \$6.00 payable semi-annually in cash, common stock or any combination thereof, at the Company's election. All dividend payments to date have been paid in cash. Approximately \$3.0 million (\$0.5 million paid and \$2.5 million unpaid) and \$9.0 million in dividends (\$6.5 million paid and \$2.5 million unpaid) on the 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock have been included in the calculation of income available to common stockholders and the Company's basic earnings per share calculation for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, as presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Approximately \$3.0 million (all unpaid) and \$9.0 million in dividends (\$6.0 million paid and \$3.0 million unpaid) on the 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock have been included in the calculation of income available to common stockholders and the Company's basic earnings per share calculation for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively, as presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The 6.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock is not redeemable by the Company at any time. Each share is initially convertible into approximately 9.2115 shares of the Company's common stock, at the holder's option based on an initial conversion price of \$10.86 and subject to customary adjustments in certain circumstances. Five years after their issuance, all outstanding shares of the convertible preferred stock will be converted automatically into shares of the Company's common stock at the then-prevailing conversion price as long as all dividends accrued at that time have been paid.

7.0% Convertible perpetual preferred stock. The Company's 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock was issued in November 2010. Each share of the 7.0% convertible preferred stock has a liquidation preference of \$100.00 per share and became convertible at the holder's option on February 15, 2011, initially into approximately 12.8791 shares of the Company's common stock based on an initial conversion price of \$7.76 per share. The annual dividend on each share of the 7.0% convertible preferred stock is \$7.00 payable semi-annually, in cash, common stock or a combination thereof, at the Company's election beginning on May 15, 2011. All dividend payments to date have been paid in cash. Approximately \$5.3 million (all unpaid) and \$15.8 million in dividends (\$7.9 million paid and \$7.9 million unpaid) on the 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock have been included in the calculation of income available to common stockholders and the Company's basic earnings per share calculation for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, as presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock is not redeemable by the Company at any time. After November 20, 2015, the Company may cause all outstanding shares of the 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock to convert automatically into common stock at the then-prevailing conversion rate if certain conditions are met.

Common Stock. The following table presents information regarding the Company's common stock (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Shares authorized	800,000	800,000
Shares outstanding at end of period	412,400	406,360
Shares held in treasury	586	470

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Treasury Stock. The Company makes required tax payments on behalf of employees when their restricted stock awards vest and then withholds a number of vested shares of common stock having a value on the date of vesting equal to the tax obligation. As a result of such transactions, the Company withheld approximately 1.1 million shares with a total value of \$10.6 million and approximately 670,000 shares with a total value of \$5.3 million during the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. These shares were accounted for as treasury stock when withheld, and subsequently retired.

Any shares of Company common stock held as assets in a trust for the Company's non-qualified deferred compensation plan are accounted for as treasury shares. These shares are not included as outstanding shares of common stock in this Quarterly Report. For corporate purposes and for purposes of voting at Company stockholder meetings, these shares are considered outstanding and have voting rights, which are exercised by the Company.

Equity Compensation. The Company awards restricted common stock under incentive compensation plans that vest over specified periods, subject to certain conditions. All awards issued during and after 2006 have four-year vesting periods. Shares of restricted common stock are subject to restriction on transfer. Unvested restricted stock awards are included in the Company's outstanding shares of common stock.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$9.4 million and \$26.5 million, net of \$2.0 million and \$5.7 million capitalized, respectively, related to restricted common stock awards. For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$10.0 million and \$24.2 million, net of \$1.5 million and \$4.1 million capitalized, respectively, related to restricted common stock awards.

Noncontrolling Interest. Noncontrolling interests in the Company's subsidiaries, including four variable interest entities of which the Company is the primary beneficiary (see Note 8), represent third-party ownership interests in the consolidated entity and are included as a component of equity in the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

17. Related Party Transactions

The Company enters into transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain related parties. These transactions primarily consist of purchases related to drilling and completion activities, gas treating services and drilling equipment and sales of oil field services, equipment and natural gas. Following is a summary of significant transactions with such related parties (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Sales to and reimbursements from related parties	\$ 5,742	\$ 4,157	\$ 17,477	\$ 10,980

	September	December
	30,	31,
	2011	2010
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,702

Oklahoma City Thunder Agreements. The Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer owns a minority interest in a limited liability company that owns and operates the Oklahoma City Thunder, a National Basketball Association (NBA) team playing in Oklahoma City, where the Company is headquartered. The Company is party to a sponsorship agreement, through the 2013 season, whereby it pays approximately \$3.3 million per year for advertising and promotional activities related to the Oklahoma City Thunder. Additionally, the Company entered into an agreement to license a suite at the arena where the Oklahoma City Thunder plays its home games. Under this four-year agreement, the Company pays an annual license fee of \$0.2 million through 2013. Amounts related to these agreements are not included in the tables above. At September 30, 2011, the Company had no amounts due under these agreements. At December 31, 2010, the amount due under these agreements was \$0.8 million. The Company expects to be relieved of any obligation to pay these amounts if there is a NBA labor shortage or strike.

18. Subsequent Events

Events occurring after September 30, 2011 were evaluated to ensure that any subsequent events that met the criteria for recognition and/or disclosure in this Quarterly Report have been included.

7.5% Senior Notes Registered Exchange Offer. On October 17, 2011, the Company commenced a registered exchange offer for the 7.5% Senior Notes. See further discussion in Note 11.

19. Business Segment Information

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The Company has three business segments: exploration and production, drilling and oil field services and midstream gas services. These segments represent the Company's three main business units, each offering different products and services. The exploration and production segment is engaged in the acquisition, development and production of oil and natural gas properties. The drilling and oil field services segment is engaged in the contract drilling of oil and natural gas wells. The midstream gas services segment is engaged in the purchasing, gathering, treating and selling of natural gas. The All Other column in the tables below includes items not related to the Company's reportable segments, including the Company's CO₂ gathering and sales operations and corporate operations.

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

Management evaluates the performance of the Company's business segments based on operating income (loss), which is defined as segment operating revenues less operating expenses and depreciation, depletion and amortization. Summarized financial information concerning the Company's segments is shown in the following tables (in thousands):

	Exploration and Production	Drilling and Oil Field Services	Midstream Gas Services	All Other	Consolidated Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Revenues	\$ 321,456	\$ 108,595	\$ 44,111	\$ 2,420	\$ 476,582
Inter-segment revenue	(67)	(83,048)	(29,457)	(257)	(112,829)
Total revenues	\$ 321,389	\$ 25,547	\$ 14,654	\$ 2,163	\$ 363,753
Operating income (loss)(1)	\$ 717,327	\$ 2,507	\$ (2,016)	\$ (21,236)	\$ 696,582
Interest income (expense), net	163	7	(144)	(58,978)	(58,952)
Other income (expense), net	11			(683)	(672)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 717,501	\$ 2,514	\$ (2,160)	\$ (80,897)	\$ 636,958
Capital expenditures(2)	\$ 441,825	\$ 5,898	\$ 6,757	\$ 13,808	\$ 468,288
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 87,236	\$ 8,250	\$ 1,202	\$ 3,588	\$ 100,276
Three Months Ended September 30, 2010					
Revenues	\$ 210,484	\$ 60,370	\$ 65,470	\$ 8,965	\$ 345,289
Inter-segment revenue	(63)	(55,096)	(42,545)	(2,352)	(100,056)
Total revenues	\$ 210,421	\$ 5,274	\$ 22,925	\$ 6,613	\$ 245,233
Operating (loss) income	\$ (65,642)	\$ (1,826)	\$ 1,196	\$ (21,158)	\$ (87,430)
Interest income (expense), net	137	(201)	(175)	(63,333)	(63,572)
Other income, net	459		388	509	1,356
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$ (65,046)	\$ (2,027)	\$ 1,409	\$ (83,982)	\$ (149,646)
Capital expenditures(2)	\$ 295,007	\$ 8,897	\$ 10,143	\$ 4,002	\$ 318,049
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 91,931	\$ 7,081	\$ 1,131	\$ 3,535	\$ 103,678
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Revenues	\$ 906,461	\$ 272,587	\$ 148,367	\$ 8,525	\$ 1,335,940
Inter-segment revenue	(200)	(197,469)	(95,968)	(928)	(294,565)
Total revenues	\$ 906,261	\$ 75,118	\$ 52,399	\$ 7,597	\$ 1,041,375

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Operating income (loss)(1)	\$ 834,317	\$ 6,496	\$ (7,115)	\$ (65,228)	\$ 768,470
Interest income (expense), net	283	(94)	(456)	(179,810)	(180,077)
Loss on extinguishment of debt				(38,232)	(38,232)
Other income (expense), net	1,690		(485)	(543)	662

Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 836,290	\$ 6,402	\$ (8,056)	\$ (283,813)	\$ 550,823
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Capital expenditures(2)	\$ 1,259,491	\$ 20,692	\$ 15,392	\$ 37,818	\$ 1,333,393
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Depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 238,442	\$ 23,977	\$ 3,589	\$ 10,708	\$ 276,716
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At September 30, 2011

Total assets	\$ 5,426,848	\$ 229,269	\$ 155,719	\$ 606,877	\$ 6,418,713
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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010

Revenues	\$ 531,239	\$ 202,419	\$ 214,386	\$ 28,162	\$ 976,206
Inter-segment revenue	(194)	(187,473)	(141,778)	(8,094)	(337,539)

Total revenues	\$ 531,045	\$ 14,946	\$ 72,608	\$ 20,068	\$ 638,667
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Operating income (loss)	\$ 180,846	\$ (6,421)	\$ 3,352	\$ (56,585)	\$ 121,192
Interest income (expense), net	337	(768)	(474)	(188,848)	(189,753)
Other income, net	1,240		444	378	2,062

Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 182,423	\$ (7,189)	\$ 3,322	\$ (245,055)	\$ (66,499)
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Capital expenditures(2)	\$ 706,056	\$ 26,509	\$ 46,902	\$ 16,126	\$ 795,593
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Depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 199,965	\$ 21,244	\$ 2,933	\$ 10,256	\$ 234,398
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At December 31, 2010

Total assets	\$ 4,612,295	\$ 224,784	\$ 151,598	\$ 242,771	\$ 5,231,448
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Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

- (1) Exploration and production segment operating income includes net gains of \$596.7 million and \$489.1 million on commodity derivative contracts for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively.
- (2) On an accrual basis.

20. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

The Company provides condensed consolidating financial information for its subsidiaries that are guarantors of its registered debt. The subsidiary guarantors are wholly owned and have jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis the Company's Senior Floating Rate Notes and 8.75% Senior Notes as of September 30, 2011. Prior to their purchase and redemption, the 8.625% Senior Notes were also jointly and severally guaranteed unconditionally on an unsecured basis by the wholly owned subsidiary guarantors. The subsidiary guarantees (i) rank equally in right of payment with all of the existing and future senior debt of the subsidiary guarantors; (ii) rank senior to all of the existing and future subordinated debt of the subsidiary guarantors; (iii) are effectively subordinated in right of payment to any existing or future secured obligations of the subsidiary guarantors to the extent of the value of the assets securing such obligations; and (iv) are structurally subordinated to all debt and other obligations of the subsidiaries of the guarantors who are not themselves guarantors. The Company's subsidiary guarantors guarantee payments of principal and interest under the Company's registered notes. The Company has not presented separate financial and narrative information for each of the subsidiary guarantors because it believes that such financial and narrative information would not provide any additional information that would be material in evaluating the sufficiency of the guarantees.

The following condensed consolidating financial information represents the financial information of SandRidge Energy, Inc., its wholly owned subsidiary guarantors and its non-guarantor subsidiaries, prepared on the equity basis of accounting. The non-guarantor subsidiaries, including four variable interest entities, are included in the non-guarantors column in the tables below. The financial information may not necessarily be indicative of the financial position, results of operations or cash flows had the subsidiary guarantors operated as independent entities.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

	Parent	Guarantors	September 30, 2011 Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 322,922	\$ 331	\$ 2,184	\$	\$ 325,437
Accounts receivable, net	1,176,509	299,025	560,328	(1,861,466)	174,396
Derivative contracts		86,462	35,665	(25,670)	96,457
Other current assets		19,725	11,979		31,704
Total current assets	1,499,431	405,543	610,156	(1,887,136)	627,994
Property, plant and equipment, net		4,264,373	939,441		5,203,814
Investment in subsidiaries	3,924,216	124,511		(4,048,727)	
Derivative contracts		199,037	82,404	(67,540)	213,901
Goodwill		235,396			235,396
Other assets	53,798	83,810			137,608
Total assets	\$ 5,477,445	\$ 5,312,670	\$ 1,632,001	\$ (6,003,403)	\$ 6,418,713

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 660,841	\$ 1,103,850	\$ 510,605	\$ (1,861,466)	\$ 413,830
Derivative contracts	9,020	25,670		(25,670)	9,020
Asset retirement obligation		25,360			25,360
Other current liabilities		42,269	1,035		43,304
Total current liabilities	669,861	1,197,149	511,640	(1,887,136)	491,514
Long-term debt					
Long-term debt	2,797,530		15,245		2,812,775
Derivative contracts	4,300	70,107		(67,540)	6,867
Asset retirement obligation		97,045	178		97,223
Other long-term obligations	1,539	22,891			24,430
Total liabilities	3,473,230	1,387,192	527,063	(1,954,676)	3,432,809
Equity					
SandRidge Energy, Inc. stockholders equity	2,004,215	2,943,789	1,104,938	(4,048,727)	2,004,215
Noncontrolling interest		981,689			981,689
Total equity	2,004,215	3,925,478	1,104,938	(4,048,727)	2,985,904
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 5,477,445	\$ 5,312,670	\$ 1,632,001	\$ (6,003,403)	\$ 6,418,713

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

	Parent	Guarantors	December 31, 2010 Non-Guarantors (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,441	\$ 564	\$ 3,858	\$	\$ 5,863
Accounts receivable, net	1,224,500	141,530	408,015	(1,627,927)	146,118
Derivative contracts		5,028			5,028
Other current assets		13,890	4,691		18,581
Total current assets	1,225,941	161,012	416,564	(1,627,927)	175,590
Property, plant and equipment, net		4,635,747	98,118		4,733,865
Investment in subsidiaries	3,230,067	69,995		(3,300,062)	
Goodwill		234,356			234,356
Other assets	50,637	37,000			87,637
Total assets	\$ 4,506,645	\$ 5,138,110	\$ 514,682	\$ (4,927,989)	\$ 5,231,448
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 66,539	\$ 1,510,827	\$ 427,483	\$ (1,627,927)	\$ 376,922
Derivative contracts	9,007	94,402			103,409
Asset retirement obligation		25,360			25,360
Other current liabilities		37,776	991		38,767
Total current liabilities	75,546	1,668,365	428,474	(1,627,927)	544,458
Long-term debt	2,885,764		16,029		2,901,793
Derivative contracts	7,687	116,486			124,173
Asset retirement obligation		94,350	167		94,517
Other long-term obligations	1,454	17,570			19,024
Total liabilities	2,970,451	1,896,771	444,670	(1,627,927)	3,683,965
Equity	1,536,194	3,241,339	70,012	(3,300,062)	1,547,483
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,506,645	\$ 5,138,110	\$ 514,682	\$ (4,927,989)	\$ 5,231,448

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Total revenues	\$	\$ 320,816	\$ 87,056	\$ (44,119)	\$ 363,753
Expenses					
Direct operating expenses		120,367	50,848	(43,856)	127,359

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General and administrative	84	35,153	1,298	(263)	36,272
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and impairment		89,832	10,444		100,276
Gain on derivative contracts		(527,744)	(68,992)		(596,736)
Total expenses	84	(282,392)	(6,402)	(44,119)	(332,829)
(Loss) income from operations	(84)	603,208	93,458		696,582
Equity earnings from subsidiaries	634,712	93,045		(727,757)	
Interest (expense) income, net	(58,721)	26	(257)		(58,952)
Other expense, net		(672)			(672)
Income before income taxes	575,907	695,607	93,201	(727,757)	636,958
Income tax expense	798		156		954
Net income	575,109	695,607	93,045	(727,757)	636,004
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		60,895			60,895
Net income attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 575,109	\$ 634,712	\$ 93,045	\$ (727,757)	\$ 575,109

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010

Total revenues	\$	\$ 235,447	\$ 27,318	\$ (17,532)	\$ 245,233
Expenses					
Direct operating expenses		96,136	21,124	(17,348)	99,912
General and administrative	71	61,376	615	(184)	61,878
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and impairment		101,956	1,722		103,678
Loss on derivative contracts		67,195			67,195
Total expenses	71	326,663	23,461	(17,532)	332,663
(Loss) income from operations	(71)	(91,216)	3,857		(87,430)
Equity earnings from subsidiaries	(87,857)	3,555		84,302	
Interest expense, net	(63,061)	(239)	(272)		(63,572)
Other income, net		1,356			1,356
(Loss) income before income taxes	(150,989)	(86,544)	3,585	84,302	(149,646)
Income tax (benefit) expense	(457,278)		30		(457,248)
Net income (loss)	306,289	(86,544)	3,555	84,302	307,602
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		1,313			1,313
Net income (loss) attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 306,289	\$ (87,857)	\$ 3,555	\$ 84,302	\$ 306,289

Table of Contents**SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Unaudited)**

	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Total revenues	\$	\$ 971,595	\$ 157,826	\$ (88,046)	\$ 1,041,375
Expenses					
Direct operating expenses		361,984	102,320	(87,383)	376,921
General and administrative	273	105,495	3,259	(663)	108,364
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and impairment		258,485	18,231		276,716
Gain on derivative contracts		(410,503)	(78,593)		(489,096)
Total expenses	273	315,461	45,217	(88,046)	272,905
(Loss) income from operations	(273)	656,134	112,609		768,470
Equity earnings from subsidiaries	694,149	111,917		(806,066)	
Interest expense, net	(179,036)	(267)	(774)		(180,077)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(38,232)				(38,232)
Other income, net		420	242		662
Income before income taxes	476,608	768,204	112,077	(806,066)	550,823
Income tax (benefit) expense	(6,173)		160		(6,013)
Net income	482,781	768,204	111,917	(806,066)	556,836
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		74,055			74,055
Net income attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 482,781	\$ 694,149	\$ 111,917	\$ (806,066)	\$ 482,781
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010					
Total revenues	\$	\$ 609,135	\$ 117,950	\$ (88,418)	\$ 638,667
Expenses					
Direct operating expenses		258,991	98,868	(87,823)	270,036
General and administrative	234	125,207	2,573	(595)	127,419
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and impairment		229,325	5,073		234,398
Gain on derivative contracts		(114,378)			(114,378)
Total expenses	234	499,145	106,514	(88,418)	517,475
(Loss) income from operations	(234)	109,990	11,436		121,192
Equity earnings from subsidiaries	117,937	10,467		(128,404)	
Interest expense, net	(188,031)	(905)	(817)		(189,753)
Other income, net	74	1,932	56		2,062
(Loss) income before income taxes	(70,254)	121,484	10,675	(128,404)	(66,499)
Income tax (benefit) expense	(457,294)		208		(457,086)
Net income	387,040	121,484	10,467	(128,404)	390,587
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		3,547			3,547

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Net income attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 387,040	\$ 117,937	\$ 10,467	\$ (128,404)	\$ 387,040
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Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 519,941	\$ (227,240)	\$ 33,747	\$ 1,508	\$ 327,956
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		230,114	(953,717)	14,236	(709,367)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(198,460)	(3,107)	918,296	(15,744)	700,985
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	321,481	(233)	(1,674)		319,574
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,441	564	3,858		5,863
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 322,922	\$ 331	\$ 2,184	\$	\$ 325,437

Table of Contents

SANDRIDGE ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010					
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (241,580)	\$ 574,767	\$ 6,025	\$	\$ 339,212
Net cash used in investing activities	(138,428)	(569,592)	(6,078)		(714,098)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	380,864	(7,349)	(3,901)		369,614
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	856	(2,174)	(3,954)		(5,272)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	339	2,841	4,681		7,861
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,195	\$ 667	\$ 727	\$	\$ 2,589

Table of Contents

ITEM 2. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis is intended to help the reader understand the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in this Quarterly Report, as well as the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in the 2010 Form 10-K. The Company's discussion and analysis includes the following subjects:

Overview of the Company

Recent Developments

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Results by Segment

Consolidated Results of Operations

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The financial information with respect to the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010, discussed below, is unaudited. In the opinion of management, this information contains all adjustments, which consist only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to state fairly the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full fiscal year.

Overview of the Company

SandRidge is an independent oil and natural gas company concentrating on development and production activities related to the exploitation of the Company's significant holdings in West Texas and the Mid-Continent area of Oklahoma and Kansas. The Company's primary areas of focus are the Permian Basin in West Texas and the Mississippian formation in the Mid-Continent. The Company also owns and operates other interests in the Mid-Continent, WTO, Gulf Coast and Gulf of Mexico. During 2010 and 2011, the Company has continued the expansion of its oil property base through the Arena Acquisition in July 2010, which added significantly to the Company's holdings in the Permian Basin, and through the growth and development of its property base in the Mid-Continent area of Oklahoma and Kansas. The Company consolidates the activities of the Mississippian Trust and the Permian Trust, two publicly traded royalty trusts described below and in Note 8 to the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Company operates businesses that are complementary to its development and production activities. The Company owns related gas gathering and treating facilities, a gas marketing business and an oil field services business. The extent to which each of these supplemental businesses contributes to the Company's consolidated results of operations largely is determined by the amount of work each performs for third parties. Revenues and costs related to work performed by these businesses for the Company's own account are eliminated in consolidation and, therefore, do not directly contribute to the Company's consolidated results of operations.

The Company currently generates the majority of its consolidated revenues and cash flow from the production and sale of oil and natural gas. The Company's revenues, profitability and future growth depend substantially on prevailing prices for oil and natural gas and on the Company's ability to find and economically develop and produce oil and natural gas reserves. Prices for oil and natural gas fluctuate widely. In order to reduce the Company's exposure to these fluctuations, the Company enters into commodity derivative contracts for a portion of its anticipated

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future oil and natural gas production. Reducing the Company's exposure to price volatility helps ensure that it has adequate funds available for its capital expenditure programs.

SandRidge Mississippian Trust I. On April 12, 2011, the Mississippian Trust completed its initial public offering of 17,250,000 common units representing a 61.6% beneficial interest in the Mississippian Trust. Net proceeds to the Mississippian Trust, after certain offering expenses, were approximately \$336.9 million. Concurrent with the closing, the Company conveyed certain royalty interests to the Mississippian Trust in exchange for the net proceeds of the Mississippian Trust's initial public offering and 10,750,000 units representing approximately 38.4% of the beneficial interest in the Mississippian Trust. The Company used the net proceeds it received from the Mississippian Trust's offering to repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility and for general corporate purposes.

SandRidge Permian Trust. On August 16, 2011, the Permian Trust completed its initial public offering of 34,500,000 common units representing a 65.7% beneficial interest in the Permian Trust. Net proceeds to the Permian Trust, after certain offering expenses, were approximately \$580.6 million. Concurrent with the closing, the Company conveyed certain royalty interests to the Permian Trust

Table of Contents

in exchange for the net proceeds of the Permian Trust's initial public offering and 18,000,000 units representing approximately 34.3% of the beneficial interest in the Permian Trust. The Company used the net proceeds it received from the Permian Trust's initial public offering to repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility and plans to use remaining proceeds for general corporate purposes.

Recent Developments

Sale of Working Interest in Mississippian Properties. In September 2011, the Company sold to Atinum 13.2% of its working interest in approximately 860,000 acres the Company has leased in the Mississippian formation in the Mid-Continent. As consideration for the working interest, Atinum paid the Company approximately \$270.7 million in cash (including approximately \$4.9 million attributable to the Atinum drilling carry and approximately \$7.7 million not attributable to the Atinum drilling carry, but to be applied against the Company's future capital expenditures on the properties) and committed to pay 13.2% of SandRidge's share of drilling and completion costs for wells drilled within an area of mutual interest until an additional \$250.0 million has been paid, which is expected to occur over a three-year period. The Company plans to use the proceeds to fund a portion of its drilling program and for general corporate purposes.

Sale of East Texas Properties. In September 2011, the Company agreed to sell its East Texas natural gas properties in Gregg, Harrison, Rusk and Panola counties for \$231.0 million, subject to post closing adjustments. The Company expects the transaction to close in the fourth quarter of 2011 and intends to use the cash proceeds to fund a portion of its drilling program and for general corporate purposes.

7.5% Senior Notes Registered Exchange Offer. In conjunction with the issuance of the Company's 7.5% Senior Notes, the Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement requiring the Company to conduct a registered exchange offer for or register the resale of these notes before March 14, 2012. On October 17, 2011, the Company commenced a registered exchange offer for the 7.5% Senior Notes. See further discussion in Note 11 to the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements, see Note 2 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report.

Results by Segment

The Company operates in three business segments: exploration and production, drilling and oil field services and midstream gas services. The All Other column in the tables below includes items not related to the Company's reportable segments, including its CO₂ gathering and sales operations and corporate operations. Management evaluates the performance of the Company's business segments based on operating income (loss), which is defined as segment operating revenues less operating expenses and depreciation, depletion and amortization. Results of these measurements provide important information to the Company about the activity and profitability of the Company's lines of business. Set forth in the tables below is financial information regarding the Company's business segments for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands).

	Exploration and Production	Drilling and Oil Field Services	Midstream Gas Services	All Other	Consolidated Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Revenues	\$ 321,456	\$ 108,595	\$ 44,111	\$ 2,420	\$ 476,582
Inter-segment revenue	(67)	(83,048)	(29,457)	(257)	(112,829)
Total revenues	\$ 321,389	\$ 25,547	\$ 14,654	\$ 2,163	\$ 363,753
Operating income (loss)(1)	\$ 717,327	\$ 2,507	\$ (2,016)	\$ (21,236)	\$ 696,582
Interest income (expense), net	163	7	(144)	(58,978)	(58,952)
Other income (expense), net	11			(683)	(672)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 717,501	\$ 2,514	\$ (2,160)	\$ (80,897)	\$ 636,958

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Three Months Ended September 30, 2010

Revenues	\$ 210,484	\$ 60,370	\$ 65,470	\$ 8,965	\$ 345,289
Inter-segment revenue	(63)	(55,096)	(42,545)	(2,352)	(100,056)
Total revenues	\$ 210,421	\$ 5,274	\$ 22,925	\$ 6,613	\$ 245,233
Operating (loss) income	\$ (65,642)	\$ (1,826)	\$ 1,196	\$ (21,158)	\$ (87,430)
Interest income (expense), net	137	(201)	(175)	(63,333)	(63,572)
Other income, net	459		388	509	1,356
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$ (65,046)	\$ (2,027)	\$ 1,409	\$ (83,982)	\$ (149,646)

Table of Contents

	Exploration and Production	Drilling and Oil Field Services	Midstream Gas Services	All Other	Consolidated Total
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011					
Revenues	\$ 906,461	\$ 272,587	\$ 148,367	\$ 8,525	\$ 1,335,940
Inter-segment revenue	(200)	(197,469)	(95,968)	(928)	(294,565)
Total revenues	\$ 906,261	\$ 75,118	\$ 52,399	\$ 7,597	\$ 1,041,375
Operating income (loss)(1)	\$ 834,317	\$ 6,496	\$ (7,115)	\$ (65,228)	\$ 768,470
Interest income (expense), net	283	(94)	(456)	(179,810)	(180,077)
Loss on extinguishment of debt				(38,232)	(38,232)
Other income (expense), net	1,690		(485)	(543)	662
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 836,290	\$ 6,402	\$ (8,056)	\$ (283,813)	\$ 550,823
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010					
Revenues	\$ 531,239	\$ 202,419	\$ 214,386	\$ 28,162	\$ 976,206
Inter-segment revenue	(194)	(187,473)	(141,778)	(8,094)	(337,539)
Total revenues	\$ 531,045	\$ 14,946	\$ 72,608	\$ 20,068	\$ 638,667
Operating income (loss)	\$ 180,846	\$ (6,421)	\$ 3,352	\$ (56,585)	\$ 121,192
Interest income (expense), net	337	(768)	(474)	(188,848)	(189,753)
Other income, net	1,240		444	378	2,062
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 182,423	\$ (7,189)	\$ 3,322	\$ (245,055)	\$ (66,499)

- (1) Exploration and production segment operating income includes net gains of \$596.7 million and \$489.1 million on commodity derivative contracts for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

Exploration and Production Segment

The primary factors affecting the financial results of the Company's exploration and production segment are the prices the Company receives for its oil and natural gas production, the quantity of oil and natural gas it produces and changes in the fair value of commodity derivative contracts used to reduce the volatility of the prices received for its oil and natural gas production. Quarterly comparisons of production and price data are presented in the tables below. Changes in the Company's results for these periods reflect, in part, the acquisition of oil properties in the Arena Acquisition in July 2010, which increased oil production volumes and revenues attributable to the Company's exploration and production segment.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2011	2010	Amount	Percent
Production data				
Oil (MBbl)(1)	3,192	2,219	973	43.8%
Natural gas (MMcf)	17,935	19,100	(1,165)	(6.1)%
Combined equivalent volumes (MBoe)	6,181	5,402	779	14.4%
Average daily combined equivalent volumes (MBoe/d)	67	59	8	13.6%
Average prices as reported(2)				
Oil (per Bbl)(1)	\$ 79.31	\$ 63.90	\$ 15.41	24.1%

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Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.57	\$ 0.07	2.0%
Combined equivalent (per Boe)	\$ 51.52	\$ 38.87	\$ 12.65	32.5%

Average prices including impact of derivative contract settlements

Oil (per Bbl)(1)	\$ 76.94	\$ 64.74	\$ 12.20	18.8%
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.08	\$ 5.02	\$ (1.94)	(38.6)%
Combined equivalent (per Boe)	\$ 48.66	\$ 44.33	\$ 4.33	9.8%

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2011	2010	Amount	Percent
Production data				
Oil (MBbl)(1)	8,540	4,774	3,766	78.9%
Natural gas (MMcf)	52,440	57,473	(5,033)	(8.8)%
Combined equivalent volumes (MBoe)	17,280	14,353	2,927	20.4%
Average daily combined equivalent volumes (MBoe/d)	63	53	10	18.9%
Average prices as reported(2)				
Oil (per Bbl)(1)	\$ 82.61	\$ 64.18	\$ 18.43	28.7%
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.66	\$ 3.88	\$ (0.22)	(5.7)%
Combined equivalent (per Boe)	\$ 51.94	\$ 36.90	\$ 15.04	40.8%
Average prices including impact of derivative contract settlements				
Oil (per Bbl)(1)	\$ 75.30	\$ 67.12	\$ 8.18	12.2%
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.41	\$ 6.30	\$ (2.89)	(45.9)%
Combined equivalent (per Boe)	\$ 47.56	\$ 47.55	\$ 0.01	0.0%

(1) Includes natural gas liquids.

(2) Prices represent actual average prices for the periods presented and do not give effect to derivative transactions.

Table of Contents*Exploration and Production Segment Three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2010*

Exploration and production segment revenues increased \$111.0 million, or 52.7%, to \$321.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$210.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2010, as a result of a 43.8% increase in oil production and a 24.1% increase in the average price the Company received for its oil production. These increases were slightly offset by a 6.1% decrease in natural gas production. The increase in oil production was due to the continued development of Permian Basin properties acquired from Arena, and a focus on increased oil drilling in the Permian Basin and Mid-Continent throughout 2010 and 2011. Properties acquired and developed from Arena produced 1,122 MBbls of oil for the three-month period ended September 30, 2011, compared to 680 MBbls in the 2010 period. The decrease in natural gas production was a result of natural production declines in existing natural gas wells.

The average price received for the Company's oil production increased 24.1%, or \$15.41 per barrel, to \$79.31 per barrel during the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$63.90 per barrel during the same period in 2010. The average price received for the Company's natural gas production for the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 increased 2.0%, or \$0.07 per Mcf, to \$3.64 per Mcf from \$3.57 per Mcf in the comparable period in 2010. Including the impact of derivative contract settlements, the effective price received for oil for the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 was \$76.94 per Bbl compared to \$64.74 per Bbl during the same period in 2010. Including the impact of derivative contract settlements, the effective price received for natural gas for the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 was \$3.08 per Mcf compared to \$5.02 per Mcf during the same period in 2010. The Company's derivative contracts are not designated as hedges and, as a result, realized and unrealized gains or losses on commodity derivative contracts are recorded as a component of operating expenses. Internally, management views the settlement of such derivative contracts as adjustments to the price received for oil and natural gas production to determine effective prices. Realized gains or losses from the settlement of derivative contracts with contractual maturities outside of the reporting period are not considered in the calculation of effective prices.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2011, the exploration and production segment reported a \$596.7 million net gain on its commodity derivative positions (\$7.8 million realized loss and \$604.5 million unrealized gain) compared to a \$67.2 million net loss on its commodity derivative positions (\$77.7 million realized gain and \$144.9 million unrealized loss) in the same period in 2010. Net realized gains totaling \$9.9 million (\$72.8 million realized gains and \$62.9 million realized losses) on out-of-period settlements were included in the net realized loss for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Realized gains totaling \$48.2 million on out-of-period settlements were included in the net realized gain for the three-month period ended September 30, 2010. Realized gains or losses on derivative contracts represent the difference in the settlement price compared to the contract price. Unrealized gains or losses on derivative contracts represent the change in fair value of open derivative contracts during the period. The unrealized gain on the Company's commodity derivative contracts recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2011 was primarily attributable to a decrease in average oil prices at September 30, 2011 compared to the average oil prices at June 30, 2011 or the contract price for contracts entered into during the third quarter of 2011. The unrealized loss on the Company's commodity contracts recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily attributable to an increase in average oil prices at September 30, 2010 compared to the average oil prices at June 30, 2010.

For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company had operating income of \$717.3 million in its exploration and production segment compared to an operating loss of \$65.6 million for the same period in 2010. An increase of \$108.5 million in oil and natural gas revenues was partially offset by an increase of \$20.5 million in production expense during the three months ended September 30, 2011. Additionally, the Company recorded a \$596.7 million net gain on commodity derivative contracts for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to a \$67.2 million net loss for the same period in 2010. See further discussion of these changes under Consolidated Results of Operations.

Table of Contents*Exploration and Production Segment Nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2010*

Exploration and production segment revenues increased \$375.2 million, or 70.7%, to \$906.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$531.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as a result of a 78.9% increase in oil production and a 28.7% increase in the average price the Company received for its oil production. These increases were slightly offset by an 8.8% decrease in natural gas production and a 5.7% decrease in the average price received for natural gas production. The increase in oil production was due to the addition of Permian Basin properties acquired from Arena in July 2010, and the continued focus on increased oil drilling throughout 2010 and 2011. Properties acquired and developed from Arena produced 2,973 MBbls of oil for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to 680 MBbls in the 2010 period after the acquisition. The decrease in natural gas production was a result of natural production declines in existing natural gas wells.

The average price received for the Company's oil production increased 28.7%, or \$18.43 per barrel, to \$82.61 per barrel during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$64.18 per barrel during the same period in 2010. The average price received for the Company's natural gas production for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 decreased 5.7%, or \$0.22 per Mcf, to \$3.66 per Mcf from \$3.88 per Mcf in the comparable period in 2010. Including the impact of derivative contract settlements, the effective price received for oil for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 was \$75.30 per Bbl compared to \$67.12 per Bbl during the same period in 2010. Including the impact of derivative contract settlements, the effective price received for natural gas for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 was \$3.41 per Mcf compared to \$6.30 per Mcf during the same period in 2010.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, the exploration and production segment reported a \$489.1 million net gain on its commodity derivative positions (\$34.7 million realized loss and \$523.8 million unrealized gain) compared to a \$114.4 million net gain on its commodity derivative positions (\$238.2 million realized gain and \$123.8 million unrealized loss) in the same period in 2010. Net realized gains totaling \$48.1 million (\$111.0 million realized gains and \$62.9 million realized losses) on out-of-period settlements were included in the net realized loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. Realized gains on out-of-period settlements totaling \$110.6 million were included in the net realized gain for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. The unrealized gain on the Company's commodity derivative contracts recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was primarily attributable to a decrease in average oil prices at September 30, 2011 compared to the average oil prices at December 31, 2010 or the contract price for contracts entered into during 2011. The unrealized loss on commodity contracts recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was attributable to an increase in average oil prices and decreases in the price differentials on the Company's natural gas basis swaps at September 30, 2010 compared to the average oil prices and price differentials at December 31, 2009 or the contract price for contracts entered into during 2010.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company had operating income of \$834.3 million in its exploration and production segment compared to operating income of \$180.8 million for the same period in 2010. Increases of \$367.9 million in oil and natural gas revenues and \$374.7 million in gain on derivative contracts were slightly offset by increases of \$70.0 million in production expense, \$14.5 million in production taxes and \$39.0 million in depreciation and depletion on oil and natural gas properties during the nine months ended September 30, 2011. See further discussion of these changes under Consolidated Results of Operations.

Drilling and Oil Field Services Segment

The financial results of the Company's drilling and oil field services segment depend primarily on demand and prices that can be charged for its services. In addition to providing drilling services, the Company's oil field services business also conducts operations that complement its exploration and production segment such as providing pulling units, trucking, rental tools, location and road construction and roustabout services. On a consolidated basis, drilling and oil field service revenues earned and expenses incurred in performing services for third parties, including third party working interests in wells the Company operates, are included in drilling and services revenues and expenses while drilling and oil field service revenues earned and expenses incurred in performing services for the Company's own account are eliminated in consolidation.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company owned 31 drilling rigs. The table below presents a summary of the Company's rigs as of September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	September 30,	
	2011	2010
Rigs working for SandRidge	21	21
Rigs working for third parties	10	3

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Idle rigs		4
Total operational	31	28
Non-operational rigs(1)		7
Total rigs owned	31	35

(1) Includes one rig being constructed, two rigs being converted and four rigs that were retired at September 30, 2010.

Table of Contents*Drilling and Oil Field Services Segment Three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2010*

Drilling and oil field services segment revenues increased to \$25.5 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 from \$5.3 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2010 and drilling and oil field services segment expenses increased \$15.9 million to \$23.0 million during the same period. The increase in revenue resulted in operating income of \$2.5 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to an operating loss of \$1.8 million for the same period in 2010. The increase in revenues and expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services performed for third parties during the 2011 period. The increase in the number of rigs working for third parties was a result of increased demand for the Company's rigs and additional rigs becoming available in West Texas as the Company decreased its drilling activity in the WTO beginning in 2010 and focused on the development of its oil properties in the Permian Basin and Mid-Continent areas.

Drilling and Oil Field Services Segment Nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2010

Drilling and oil field services segment revenues increased to \$75.1 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 from \$14.9 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2010 and drilling and oil field services segment expenses increased \$47.3 million during the same period to \$68.6 million. The increase in revenue resulted in operating income of \$6.5 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to an operating loss of \$6.4 million for the same period in 2010. The increase in revenues and expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services performed for third parties during the 2011 period.

Midstream Gas Services Segment

Midstream gas services segment revenues consist mostly of revenue from gas marketing, which is a very low-margin business. Midstream gas services are primarily undertaken to realize incremental margins on natural gas purchased at the wellhead, and provide value-added services to customers. On a consolidated basis, midstream and marketing revenues represent natural gas sold on behalf of third parties and the fees the Company charges to gather, compress and treat this natural gas. Gas marketing operating costs represent payments made to third parties for the proceeds from the sale of natural gas owned by such parties, net of any applicable margin and actual costs the Company charges to gather, compress and treat the natural gas. In general, natural gas purchased and sold by the Company's midstream gas business is priced at a published daily or monthly index price. The primary factors affecting the results of the Company's midstream gas services segment are the quantity of natural gas the Company gathers, treats and markets and the prices it pays and receives for natural gas.

The Company owns and operates two gas treating plants in West Texas, which remove CO₂ from natural gas production and deliver residue gas to nearby pipelines. During 2011, the Company continued with the operational assessment phase of the Century Plant, in Pecos County, Texas, including diverting some of the Company's natural gas from the Company's two existing gas treating plants and processing it at the Century Plant during this time. As a result of this assessment, the Century Plant has been taken off line from time to time to resolve certain operational issues. The Company is currently in the process of diverting its high CO₂ natural gas production back through the Century Plant and commencing performance testing for Train I of the Century Plant. Upon successful completion of the performance testing, the use of the Company's two gas treating plants in West Texas may be limited, the extent of which will depend on certain variables, including natural gas prices and the expected need for such plants to supplement treating capacity at the Century Plant going forward. During the second quarter of 2011, the Company evaluated its gas treating plants for impairment in connection with the operational phase of Train I of the Century Plant and concluded no impairment was necessary.

Midstream Gas Services Segment Three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2010

Midstream gas services segment revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 were \$14.7 million compared to \$22.9 million in the same period in 2010. The decrease in revenue along with the impact of fixed charges necessary to maintain and operate the treating plants resulted in an operating loss of \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to operating income of \$1.2 million for the comparable period in 2010. The decrease in revenue was due to a decrease in third party volumes the Company marketed and a decrease in natural gas volumes processed in the Company's gas treating plants.

Table of Contents*Midstream Gas Services Segment Nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2010*

Midstream gas services segment revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 were \$52.4 million compared to \$72.6 million in the same period in 2010. The decrease in revenue along with the impact of fixed charges necessary to maintain and operate the treating plants resulted in an operating loss of \$7.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to operating income of \$3.4 million for the comparable period in 2010. The decrease in revenue was due to a decrease in third party volumes the Company marketed, a decrease in natural gas prices and a decrease in natural gas volumes processed in the Company's gas treating plants.

Consolidated Results of Operations*Three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2010*

Revenues. Total revenues increased 48.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from the same period in 2010 primarily due to the increase in oil and natural gas sales.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2011	2010		
	(In thousands)			
Revenues				
Oil and natural gas	\$ 318,453	\$ 209,998	\$ 108,455	51.6%
Drilling and services	25,547	5,252	20,295	386.4%
Midstream and marketing	15,092	23,281	(8,189)	(35.2)%
Other	4,661	6,702	(2,041)	(30.5)%
Total revenues	\$ 363,753	\$ 245,233	\$ 118,520	48.3%

Total oil and natural gas revenues increased \$108.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010, primarily as a result of increases in the amount of oil produced and the average price received for oil production, offset slightly by a decrease in the amount of natural gas produced. The 973 MBbl increase in oil production was primarily due to the Company's focus on increased oil drilling in the Permian Basin and Mid-Continent. The average price received for oil production, excluding the impact of derivative contracts, increased 24.1% in the 2011 period to \$79.31 per Bbl compared to \$63.90 per Bbl in 2010.

Drilling and services revenues increased \$20.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 due to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services work performed for third parties.

Midstream and marketing revenues decreased \$8.2 million, or 35.2%, in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three-month period ended September 30, 2010. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in third party volumes the Company marketed due to decreased natural gas production and a decrease in natural gas volumes processed at the Company's gas treating plants in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Expenses. Total expenses were (\$332.8) million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, compared to \$332.7 million for the same period in 2010. Expenses in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 included a \$596.7 million gain on derivative contracts, compared to a \$67.2 million loss on derivative contracts in the three-month period ended September 30, 2010.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2011	2010		
	(In thousands)			
Expenses				
Production	\$ 86,580	\$ 66,086	\$ 20,494	31.0%

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Production taxes	10,368	8,904	1,464	16.4%
Drilling and services	16,209	4,187	12,022	287.1%
Midstream and marketing	14,624	20,779	(6,155)	(29.6)%
Depreciation and depletion oil and natural gas	86,725	91,237	(4,512)	(4.9)%
Depreciation and amortization other	13,551	12,441	1,110	8.9%
General and administrative	36,272	61,878	(25,606)	(41.4)%
(Gain) loss on derivative contracts	(596,736)	67,195	(663,931)	(988.1)%
Gain on sale of assets	(422)	(44)	(378)	859.1%
Total expenses	\$ (332,829)	\$ 332,663	\$ (665,492)	(200.0)%

Table of Contents

Production expenses include the costs associated with the Company's exploration and production activities, including, but not limited to, lease operating expenses and treating costs. Production expenses increased \$20.5 million primarily due to newly completed oil wells that began producing during late 2010 and the first nine months of 2011. Additionally, higher production costs were incurred on oil production compared to production costs on natural gas volumes as oil volumes continued to comprise a larger portion of the Company's total production. Oil production increased 973 MBbls in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Drilling and services expenses, which include operating expenses attributable to the drilling and oil field services segment and the Company's CO₂ services company, increased \$12.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services work performed for third parties during the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Midstream and marketing expenses decreased \$6.2 million, or 29.6%, to \$14.6 million due to decreased natural gas volumes purchased from third parties as a result of decreased natural gas production during the three-month period ended September 30, 2011.

General and administrative expenses decreased \$25.6 million, or 41.4%, to \$36.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$61.9 million for the comparable period in 2010. The decrease was primarily due to \$10.7 million of fees incurred related to the Arena Acquisition and \$16.0 million for the settlement of a dispute with certain working interest owners during the three-month period ended September 30, 2010.

The Company recorded a net gain of \$596.7 million (\$7.8 million realized loss and \$604.5 million unrealized gain) on its commodity derivative contracts for the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to a net loss of \$67.2 million (\$77.7 million realized gain and \$144.9 million unrealized loss) in the same period of 2010. See further discussion of gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts under Results by Segment Exploration and Production Segment.

Other Income (Expense). Total other expense decreased to \$59.6 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2011 from \$62.2 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2010. The decrease is reflected in the table below.

	Three Months Ended			
	September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2011	2010		
Other income (expense)				
Interest income	\$ 51	\$ 69	\$ (18)	(26.1)%
Interest expense	(59,003)	(63,641)	4,638	(7.3)%
Other (expense) income, net	(672)	1,356	(2,028)	(149.6)%
Total other expense	(59,624)	(62,216)	2,592	(4.2)%
Income (loss) before income taxes	636,958	(149,646)	786,604	(525.6)%
Income tax expense (benefit)	954	(457,248)	458,202	(100.2)%
Net income	636,004	307,602	328,402	106.8%
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	60,895	1,313	59,582	4,537.9%
Net income attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 575,109	\$ 306,289	\$ 268,820	87.8%

Income tax expense was \$1.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2011. The expense was primarily attributable to the Company filing the final income tax returns for Arena and its subsidiaries. The Company reported an income tax benefit of \$457.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2010. The benefit was primarily attributable to the release of a portion of the company's valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset. Net deferred tax liabilities recorded as a result of the Arena Acquisition in July 2010 reduced the Company's existing net deferred tax asset position, allowing a corresponding reduction in the valuation allowance against the net deferred tax asset.

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Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest increased to \$60.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$1.3 million for the same period in 2010 due to completion of the Mississippian Trust's initial public offering in April 2011 and the Permian Trust's initial public offering in August 2011. The portion of the Mississippian Trust's and Permian Trust's net income attributable to beneficial interests held by third parties is reflected as net income attributable to noncontrolling interest.

Nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2010

Revenues. Total revenues increased 63.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from the same period in 2010 primarily due to the increase in oil and natural gas sales.

Table of Contents

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2011	2010		
	(In thousands)			
Revenues				
Oil and natural gas	\$ 897,506	\$ 529,578	\$ 367,928	69.5%
Drilling and services	75,118	14,913	60,205	403.7%
Midstream and marketing	53,663	73,868	(20,205)	(27.4)%
Other	15,088	20,308	(5,220)	(25.7)%
Total revenues	\$ 1,041,375	\$ 638,667	\$ 402,708	63.1%

Total oil and natural gas revenues increased \$367.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010, primarily as a result of an increase in the amount of oil produced and the average price received for oil production, offset slightly by a decrease in the amount of natural gas produced as well as decreased prices received for natural gas production. The 3,766 MBbl increase in oil production was primarily due to the properties acquired from Arena and the Company's focus on increased oil drilling throughout 2010 and in 2011. The average price received for oil production, excluding the impact of derivative contracts, increased 28.7% in the 2011 period to \$82.61 per Bbl compared to \$64.18 per Bbl in 2010.

Drilling and services revenues increased \$60.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 due to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services work performed for third parties. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, the Company had an average of ten rigs working for third parties compared to an average of two rigs working for third parties during the same period in 2010.

Midstream and marketing revenues decreased \$20.2 million, or 27.4%, in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the nine-month period ended September 30, 2010. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in third party volumes the Company marketed due to decreased natural gas production, a decrease in natural gas prices and a decrease in natural gas volumes processed at the Company's gas treating plants in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Other revenues decreased \$5.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from the same period in 2010. The decrease was due to lower CO₂ volumes sold to third parties from the Company's gas treating plants during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 as a result of less natural gas treated at these plants.

Expenses. Total expenses decreased to \$272.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to \$517.5 million for the same period in 2010. The decrease was primarily due to the increase in the gain on derivative contracts, partially offset by increases in production expense, production taxes, drilling and services expense, and depreciation and depletion on oil and natural gas properties.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2011	2010		
	(In thousands)			
Expenses				
Production	\$ 242,371	\$ 172,367	\$ 70,004	40.6%
Production taxes	33,610	19,146	14,464	75.5%
Drilling and services	49,308	12,420	36,888	297.0%
Midstream and marketing	52,780	66,064	(13,284)	(20.1)%
Depreciation and depletion – oil and natural gas	236,798	197,834	38,964	19.7%
Depreciation and amortization – other	39,918	36,564	3,354	9.2%
General and administrative	108,364	127,419	(19,055)	(15.0)%
Gain on derivative contracts	(489,096)	(114,378)	(374,718)	327.6%
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(1,148)	39	(1,187)	(3,043.6)%
Total expenses	\$ 272,905	\$ 517,475	\$ (244,570)	(47.3)%

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Production expenses increased \$70.0 million primarily due to operating expenses associated with properties acquired from Arena and additional oil wells that began producing during late 2010 and the first nine months of 2011. Additionally, higher production costs were incurred on oil production compared to production costs on natural gas volumes. Oil production increased 3,766 MBbls in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Production taxes increased \$14.5 million, or 75.5%, due to increased oil production, including production from properties acquired from Arena and newly producing wells, in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Table of Contents

Drilling and services expenses increased \$36.9 million, or 297.0%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to an increase in the number of rigs working for third parties and an increase in oil field services work performed for third parties during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Midstream and marketing expenses decreased \$13.3 million, or 20.1%, to \$52.8 million due to decreased natural gas volumes purchased from third parties as a result of decreased natural gas production during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011.

Depreciation and depletion for the Company's oil and natural gas properties increased \$39.0 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 from the same period in 2010. The increase was primarily due to an increase of 20.4% in the Company's combined production volume, partially offset by the decrease in the depreciation and depletion per Boe to \$13.70 in the first nine months of 2011 from \$13.78 per Boe in the comparable period in 2010.

General and administrative expenses decreased \$19.1 million, or 15.0%, to \$108.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$127.4 million for the comparable period in 2010. The decrease was primarily due to \$15.4 million of fees incurred related to the Arena Acquisition and \$16.0 million for the settlement of a dispute with certain working interest owners during the 2010 period. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in payroll expenses in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 due to an increase in the number of Company employees.

The Company recorded a net gain of \$489.1 million (\$34.7 million realized loss and \$523.8 million unrealized gain) on its commodity derivative contracts for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to a net gain of \$114.4 million (\$238.2 million realized gain and \$123.8 million unrealized loss) in the same period of 2010. See further discussion of gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts under Results by Segment - Exploration and Production Segment.

Other Income (Expense). Total other expense increased to \$217.6 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 from \$187.7 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2010. The increase is reflected in the table below.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2011	2010	\$ Change	% Change
	(In thousands)			
Other income (expense)				
Interest income	\$ 94	\$ 236	\$ (142)	(60.2)%
Interest expense	(180,171)	(189,989)	9,818	(5.2)%
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(38,232)		(38,232)	(100.0)%
Other income, net	662	2,062	(1,400)	(67.9)%
Total other expense	(217,647)	(187,691)	(29,956)	16.0%
Income (loss) before income taxes	550,823	(66,499)	617,322	(928.3)%
Income tax benefit	(6,013)	(457,086)	451,073	(98.7)%
Net income	556,836	390,587	166,249	42.6%
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	74,055	3,547	70,508	1,987.8%
Net income attributable to SandRidge Energy, Inc.	\$ 482,781	\$ 387,040	\$ 95,741	24.7%

In connection with the tender offer to purchase and the redemption of the 8.625% Senior Notes, the Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$38.2 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011. The loss represents the premium paid to purchase these notes and the unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the notes.

In the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed its valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Arena Acquisition in order to finalize the purchase price allocation. In connection therewith, the Company recorded an additional net deferred tax liability of \$7.0 million associated with the Arena Acquisition. Management determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will now realize a

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benefit from more of its existing deferred tax assets as the additional Arena deferred tax liabilities are available to offset the reversal of the Company's deferred tax assets. As a result of recording an additional net deferred tax liability, the Company released a corresponding portion of its previously recorded valuation allowance resulting in a deferred tax benefit. In the third quarter of 2011, the Company filed the final income tax returns for Arena and its subsidiaries resulting in a current tax provision of \$0.74 million. The \$6.0 million net tax benefit for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 is primarily comprised of the benefit associated with the partial release of the Company's previously recorded valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset and the filing of the final income tax returns for Arena and its subsidiaries. The Company reported an income tax benefit of \$457.1 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2010. The income tax benefit was primarily attributable to the release of a portion of the Company's valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset after the Company recorded net deferred tax liabilities related to the Arena Acquisition in July 2010.

Table of Contents

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest increased to \$74.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to \$3.5 million for the same period in 2010 due to completion of the Mississippian Trust's initial public offering in April 2011 and the Permian Trust's initial public offering in August 2011.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary sources of liquidity and capital resources are cash flow generated from operations, borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility, the issuance of equity and debt securities and proceeds from sales or other monetization of assets.

In March 2011, the Company received net proceeds of \$880.7 million upon the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes, which were used to redeem the 8.625% Senior Notes and repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility.

In April 2011, the Company received proceeds of \$336.9 million as partial consideration for the conveyance of royalty interests in certain of the Company's oil and natural gas properties to the Mississippian Trust. The Company used the net proceeds it received to repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility and for general corporate purposes.

In August 2011, the Company received proceeds of approximately \$580.6 million as partial consideration for the conveyance of royalty interests in certain of the Company's oil and natural gas properties in the Permian Basin in Andrews County, Texas to the Permian Trust. The Company used or plans to use the net proceeds it received to repay borrowings under the Company's senior credit facility and for general corporate purposes.

In September 2011, the Company received approximately \$270.7 million upon the sale of a 13.2% working interest in acreage it has leased in the Mississippian formation in the Mid-Continent and agreed to sell certain of the Company's East Texas natural gas properties for approximately \$231.0 million. The Company intends to use the cash proceeds from these sales to fund a portion of its drilling program and for general corporate purposes.

The Company's primary uses of capital are expenditures related to its oil and natural gas properties, including costs related to drilling and completion of wells, and other fixed assets, the acquisition of oil and natural gas properties, the repayment of amounts outstanding on its senior credit facility, the payment of dividends on its outstanding convertible perpetual preferred stock and interest payments on its outstanding debt. The Company maintains access to funds that may be needed to meet capital funding requirements through its senior credit facility.

Working Capital

The Company's working capital balance fluctuates as a result of the timing and amount of borrowings or repayments under its senior credit facility and changes in the fair value of its outstanding commodity derivative instruments. Absent any significant effects from its commodity derivative instruments, the Company typically has a working capital deficit or a relatively small amount of positive working capital because the Company's capital spending generally has exceeded the Company's cash flows from operations and it generally uses excess cash to pay down borrowings outstanding under its credit arrangements.

At September 30, 2011, the Company had a working capital surplus of \$136.5 million compared to a deficit of \$368.9 million at December 31, 2010. Current assets increased \$452.4 million at September 30, 2011, compared to current assets at December 31, 2010, primarily due to a \$319.6 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, as a result of proceeds received from the initial public offering of the Permian Trust and asset sales, and a \$91.4 million increase in the asset positions of the Company's current derivative contracts, resulting from a decrease in average oil prices at September 30, 2011 compared to applicable contract prices. Current liabilities decreased \$52.9 million, primarily due to a \$94.4 million decrease in the liability positions on the Company's current derivative contracts, resulting primarily from a decrease in average oil prices at September 30, 2011 compared to applicable contract prices, offset by a \$36.9 million increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

The Company expects to fund its planned capital expenditures budget, debt service requirements and working capital needs for 2011 and 2012 based on cash flow from operating activities, availability under its senior credit facility, anticipated proceeds from sales or other monetizations of assets and potential access to the capital markets.

Table of Contents**Cash Flows**

The Company's cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 2010 (In thousands)	
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 327,956	\$ 339,212
Cash flows used in investing activities	(709,367)	(714,098)
Cash flows provided by financing activities	700,985	369,614
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 319,574	\$ (5,272)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

The Company's operating cash flow is mainly influenced by the prices the Company receives for its oil and natural gas production; the quantity of oil and natural gas it produces; settlements on derivative contracts; third-party demand for its drilling rigs and oil field services and the rates it is able to charge for these services; and the margins it obtains from its natural gas and CO₂ gathering and treating contracts.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$328.0 million and \$339.2 million, respectively. Cash provided by operating activities decreased slightly for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 due to a decrease in realized gains on the Company's commodity derivative contracts, partially offset by an increase in oil and natural gas revenues as a result of increased oil production.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The Company dedicates and expects to continue to dedicate a substantial portion of its capital expenditure program toward the development, production and acquisition of oil and natural gas reserves. These capital expenditures are necessary to offset inherent declines in production and proven reserves, which is typical in the capital-intensive oil and natural gas industry.

Cash flows used in investing activities decreased slightly to \$709.4 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 from \$714.1 million in the comparable period of 2010 as the increase in capital expenditures during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 was offset by increased proceeds from the sale of assets during the period. Proceeds from the asset sales, as well as the sale of working interests to Atinum during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 totaled approximately \$624.8 million.

Capital Expenditures. The Company's capital expenditures, on an accrual basis, by segment for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 are summarized below:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 2010 (In thousands)	
Capital Expenditures		
Exploration and production	\$ 1,259,491	\$ 706,056
Drilling and oil field services	20,692	26,509
Midstream gas services	15,392	46,902
Other	37,818	16,126
Total	\$ 1,333,393	\$ 795,593

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The Company's financing activities provided \$701.0 million in cash for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to \$369.6 million in the comparable period in 2010. Cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was primarily comprised of \$880.7 million of net proceeds from the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes, \$336.9 million of net proceeds from the issuance of units by the Mississippian Trust and \$580.6 million of net proceeds from the issuance of units by the Permian Trust. These amounts were offset by the purchase and redemption of \$650.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 8.625% Senior Notes, the premium of \$30.3 million paid in connection with the purchase and redemption of the 8.625% Senior Notes, \$340.0 million of net repayments under the senior credit facility and \$46.2 million of dividends paid on the Company's convertible perpetual preferred stock.

Indebtedness

Senior Credit Facility. The amount the Company may borrow under its senior credit facility is limited to a borrowing base, and is subject to periodic redeterminations. The Company pays a 0.5% commitment fee on any available portion of the senior credit facility. Effective March 15, 2011, the borrowing base was reduced to \$790.0 million due to the issuance of the Company's 7.5%

Table of Contents

Senior Notes. The borrowing base is determined based upon the discounted present value of future cash flows attributable to the Company's proved reserves. Because the value of the Company's proved reserves is a key factor in determining the amount of the borrowing base, changing commodity prices and the Company's success in developing reserves may affect the borrowing base. Outstanding letters of credit affect the availability under the senior credit facility on a dollar-for-dollar basis. The senior credit facility matures on April 15, 2014, unless the Company's Senior Floating Rate Notes have not been refinanced by December 31, 2013, in which case the senior credit facility will mature on January 31, 2014.

On February 23, 2011, the Company's senior credit facility was amended to, among other things, (a) exclude from the calculation of Consolidated Net Income the net income (or loss) of a Royalty Trust, except to the extent of cash distributions received by the Company, (b) establish that an investment in a Royalty Trust and dispositions to, and of interests in, Royalty Trusts are permitted, (c) clarify that a Royalty Trust is not a Subsidiary, (d) allow the Company to net against its calculation of Consolidated Funded Indebtedness cash balances exceeding \$10.0 million in the event no loans are outstanding under the senior credit facility at that time, and (e) establish that, for any fiscal quarter ending prior to March 31, 2012, if the ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA is less than 1.5:1.0 then compliance with the Company's Consolidated Leverage Ratio covenant is not required. Terms capitalized in the preceding sentence have the meaning given to them in the senior credit facility, as amended.

On April 20, 2011, the senior credit facility was further amended. The amendment permits the Company to pay cash dividends on its 7.0% convertible perpetual preferred stock. In October 2011, the borrowing base was reaffirmed at \$790.0 million.

As of September 30, 2011, the senior credit facility contained financial covenants, including maintaining agreed levels for the (i) ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA, which may not exceed 4.5:1.0 at each quarter end, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters, unless, for any quarter ending prior to March 31, 2012, the ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA is less than 1.5:1.0, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters, (ii) ratio of current assets to current liabilities, which must be at least 1.0:1.0 at each quarter end (in the current ratio calculation (as defined in the senior credit facility), any amounts available to be drawn under the senior credit facility are included in current assets, and unrealized assets and liabilities resulting from mark-to-market adjustments on the Company's derivative contracts are disregarded) and (iii) ratio of the Company's secured indebtedness to EBITDA, which may not exceed 2.0:1.0 at each quarter end, calculated using the last four completed fiscal quarters. The Company remains in compliance with all financial covenants under the senior credit facility.

Senior Notes. On March 1, 2011, the Company announced a cash tender offer to purchase any and all of the outstanding \$650.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 8.625% Senior Notes. The Company purchased approximately 94.5%, or \$614.2 million of these notes. On April 1, 2011, the Company redeemed the remaining outstanding \$35.8 million aggregate principal amount of its 8.625% Senior Notes.

In March 2011, the Company issued \$900.0 million of its 7.5% Senior Notes. Net proceeds were used to fund the tender offer for and redemption of the 8.625% Senior Notes and to repay amounts outstanding under the Company's senior credit facility. In conjunction with the issuance of the 7.5% Senior Notes, the Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement requiring the Company to conduct a registered exchange offer for or register the resale of these notes before March 14, 2012. On October 17, 2011, the Company commenced a registered exchange offer for the 7.5% Senior Notes. The terms of the 7.5% Senior Notes to be issued in the exchange offer will be identical to the terms of the senior notes to be exchanged, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and provisions for additional interest relating to the exchanged notes will not apply to the 7.5% Senior Notes to be issued in the exchange offer.

Long-term obligations under the senior credit facility and other long-term debt consist of the following at September 30, 2011 (in thousands):

Senior credit facility	\$
Other notes payable	16,280
Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2014	350,000
9.875% Senior Notes due 2016, net of \$11,407 discount	354,093
8.0% Senior Notes due 2018	750,000
8.75% Senior Notes due 2020, net of \$6,563 discount	443,437
7.5% Senior Notes due 2021	900,000
 Total debt	 \$ 2,813,810

The indentures governing the senior notes referred to above contain limitations on the incurrence of indebtedness, payment of dividends, investments, asset sales, certain asset purchases, transactions with related parties and consolidations or mergers.

Table of Contents

Maturities of Long-Term Debt. Aggregate maturities of long-term debt, excluding discounts, for the next five fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

2011	\$ 251
2012	1,051
2013	1,120
2014	351,191
2015	1,266
Thereafter	2,476,901
Total debt	\$ 2,831,780

For more information about the senior credit facility, the senior notes and the Company's other long-term debt obligations, see Note 11 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Outlook

The Company's 2011 and 2012 budget for capital expenditures, including expenditures related to its drilling programs for the Mississippian Trust and the Permian Trust, and excluding acquisitions, is \$1.8 billion per year. The majority of the Company's capital expenditures are discretionary and could be curtailed if the Company's cash flows decline from expected levels or if the Company is unable to obtain capital on attractive terms. The Company may increase or decrease planned capital expenditures depending on oil and natural gas prices, the availability of capital through asset sales and the issuance of additional equity or long-term debt. The Company plans to fund its remaining 2011 and a portion of its 2012 budget for capital expenditures with proceeds received from the Permian Trust and sale of working interests to Atinum.

The Company's revenue, profitability and future growth are substantially dependent upon the prevailing and future prices for oil and natural gas, each of which depend on numerous factors beyond the Company's control such as economic conditions, regulatory developments and competition from other energy sources. Oil and natural gas prices historically have been volatile and may be subject to significant fluctuations in the future. The Company's derivative arrangements serve to mitigate a portion of the effect of this price volatility on its cash flows, and while fixed price swap contracts are in place for the majority of expected oil production for 2011 through 2013, fixed price swap contracts are in place for only a portion of expected oil production for 2014 and 2015. No fixed price swap contracts are in place for the Company's natural gas production beyond 2012 or oil production beyond 2015. See Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk for additional information regarding the Company's derivative contracts.

The Company has incurred, and will have to continue to incur, capital expenditures to achieve production targets contained in certain gathering and treating arrangements. The Company is dependent on the availability of borrowings under its senior credit facility, along with cash flows from operating activities and proceeds from planned asset sales and other asset monetizations, to fund those capital expenditures. Based on anticipated oil and natural gas prices, availability under the Company's senior credit facility, anticipated proceeds from the sales or other monetizations of assets and potential access to the capital markets, the Company expects to be able to fund its planned capital expenditures budget, debt service requirements and working capital needs for the remainder of 2011 and for 2012. However, a substantial or extended decline in oil or natural gas prices could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows and quantities of oil and natural gas reserves that may be economically produced, which could adversely impact the Company's ability to comply with the financial covenants under its senior credit facility, which in turn would limit further borrowings to fund capital expenditures. The Company has the ability to reduce its capital expenditures if cash flows are not available.

The Company may choose to refinance borrowings outstanding under its senior credit facility by issuing long-term debt or equity in the public or private markets, or both. In addition, the Company may from time to time seek to retire or purchase its outstanding securities through cash purchases and/or exchanges in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, the Company's liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were \$325.4 million and the Company had approximately \$2.8 billion in total debt outstanding with no amount outstanding under its senior credit facility. As of and for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants under all of its senior notes and its senior credit facility. As of October 31, 2011, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were \$226.7 million and the Company had no amount outstanding under its senior credit facility and \$25.8 million outstanding in letters of credit.

Table of Contents**ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk****General**

The discussion in this section provides information about the financial instruments the Company uses to manage commodity prices and interest rate volatility. All contracts are settled in cash and do not require the actual delivery of a commodity at settlement.

Commodity Price Risk. The Company's most significant market risk relates to the prices it receives for its oil and natural gas production. Due to the historical volatility of these commodities, the Company periodically has entered into, and expects in the future to enter into, derivative arrangements for the purpose of reducing the variability of oil and natural gas prices the Company receives for its production. From time to time, the Company enters into commodity pricing derivative contracts for a portion of its anticipated production volumes depending upon management's view of opportunities under the then prevailing current market conditions. The Company's senior credit facility limits its ability to enter into derivative transactions to 85% of expected production volumes from estimated proved reserves. The Company does not intend to enter into derivative contracts that would exceed its expected production volumes for the period covered by the derivative arrangement. Future credit facilities could require a minimum level of commodity price hedging.

The Company uses, and may continue to use, a variety of commodity-based derivative contracts, including fixed price swaps, collars and basis protection swaps. The Company's oil fixed price swap transactions are settled based upon the average daily prices for the calendar month of the contract period. The Company's natural gas fixed price swap transactions are settled based upon New York Mercantile Exchange prices, and the Company's natural gas basis protection swap transactions are settled based upon the index price of natural gas at the Waha hub, a West Texas gas marketing and delivery center, and the Houston Ship Channel. Settlement for oil derivative contracts occurs in the succeeding month and natural gas derivative contracts are settled in the production month. The Company's natural gas collars are settled based upon the New York Mercantile Exchange prices on the penultimate commodity business day for the relevant contract. Natural gas collars only result in a cash settlement when the settlement price exceeds the fixed-price ceiling or falls below the fixed-price floor.

The Company has not designated any of its derivative contracts as hedges for accounting purposes. The Company records all derivative contracts on the balance sheet at fair value, which reflects changes in oil and natural gas prices. The Company establishes fair value of its derivative contracts by price quotations obtained from counterparties to the derivative contracts. Changes in fair values of the Company's derivative contracts are recognized as unrealized gains and losses in current period earnings. As a result, the Company's current period earnings may be significantly affected by changes in the fair value of its commodity derivative contracts. Changes in fair value are principally measured based on period-end prices compared to the contract price.

See Note 12 to the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report for a summary of open commodity derivative contracts.

The following table summarizes the cash settlements and valuation gains and losses on the Company's commodity derivative contracts for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Realized loss (gain)(1)	\$ 7,814	\$ (77,692)	\$ 34,696	\$ (238,240)
Unrealized (gain) loss	(604,550)	144,887	(523,792)	123,862
(Gain) loss on commodity derivative contracts	\$ (596,736)	\$ 67,195	\$ (489,096)	\$ (114,378)

- (1) Includes \$9.9 million and \$48.1 million of realized gains for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, related to out-of-period settlements. Includes \$48.2 million and \$110.6 million of realized gains for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively, related to out-of-period settlements.

Credit Risk. The use of derivative contracts involves the risk that the counterparties will be unable to meet their obligations under the contracts. The Company's derivative contracts are with multiple counterparties to minimize its exposure to any individual counterparty. As of

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September 30, 2011, the Company had 21 approved derivative counterparties, 20 of which are lenders under its senior credit facility. The Company currently has derivative contracts outstanding with 14 of these counterparties. The Company periodically reviews the credit quality of each counterparty to its derivative contracts and the level of overall financial exposure the Company has to each counterparty to limit its credit risk exposure with respect to these contracts. Additionally, the Company applies a credit default risk rating factor for its counterparties or gives effect to its credit risk, as applicable, in determining the fair value of its derivative contracts. The counterparties for all of the Company's derivative transactions have an investment grade credit rating.

The Company's ability to fund its capital expenditure budget is partially dependent upon the availability of funds under its senior credit facility. In order to mitigate the credit risk associated with individual financial institutions committed to participate in the senior credit facility, the Company's bank group currently consists of 26 financial institutions with commitments ranging from 0.57% to 5.41%.

Table of Contents

Interest Rate Risk. The Company is subject to interest rate risk on its long-term fixed and variable interest rate borrowings. Fixed rate debt, where the interest rate is fixed over the life of the instrument, exposes the Company to (i) changes in market interest rates reflected in the fair value of the debt and (ii) the risk that the Company may need to refinance maturing debt with new debt at a higher rate. Variable rate debt, where the interest rate fluctuates, exposes the Company to short-term changes in market interest rates as its interest obligations on these instruments are periodically redetermined based on prevailing market interest rates, primarily LIBOR and the federal funds rate.

In addition to commodity price derivative arrangements, the Company may enter into derivative transactions to fix the interest the Company pays on a portion of the amount outstanding on its variable rate debt. At September 30, 2011, the Company had a \$350.0 million notional interest rate swap agreement. The interest rate swap agreement effectively serves to fix the rate on the Senior Floating Rate Notes at an annual rate of 6.69% for the period from April 1, 2011 to April 1, 2013. This swap has not been designated as a hedge.

The Company's interest rate swap reduces its market risk on its Senior Floating Rate Notes. The Company uses sensitivity analyses to determine the impact that market risk exposures could have on the Company's variable interest rate borrowings if not for its interest rate swap. Based on the \$350.0 million outstanding balance of the Company's Senior Floating Rate Notes at September 30, 2011, a one percent change in the applicable rates, with all other variables held constant, would have resulted in a change in the Company's interest expense of approximately \$0.9 million and \$2.6 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

The following table summarizes the cash settlements and valuation gains and losses on the Company's interest rate swaps for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	Three Months		Nine Months Ended	
	Ended		September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Realized loss	\$ 2,520	\$ 1,883	\$ 7,005	\$ 6,046
Unrealized (gain) loss	(1,965)	3,253	(3,374)	11,502
Loss on interest rate swaps	\$ 555	\$ 5,136	\$ 3,631	\$ 17,548

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Company's Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2011 to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in its reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. Other Information****ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

On February 14, 2011, Aspen Pipeline, II, L.P. (Aspen) filed a complaint in the District Court of Harris County, Texas, against Arena Resources, Inc. and SandRidge Energy, Inc. claiming damages based upon alleged representations by Arena in connection with the construction by Aspen of a natural gas pipeline in West Texas. On October 14, 2011, the complaint was amended to add Odessa Fuels, LLC, Odessa Fuels Marketing, LLC and Odessa Field Services and Compression as plaintiffs. The plaintiffs seek damages for breach of contract and for the construction cost of the pipeline, which they claim approach \$100.0 million. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously and believes the plaintiff s claims are without merit. This case is in the early stages and, accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses associated with this claim cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to this claim.

On April 5, 2011, Wesley West Minerals, Ltd. and Longfellow Ranch Partners, LP (collectively, the plaintiffs), filed suit against SandRidge Energy, Inc. and SandRidge Exploration and Production, LLC (collectively, the SandRidge Entities), in the District Court of Pecos County, Texas. The plaintiffs, who have leased mineral rights to the SandRidge Entities in Pecos County, allege that the SandRidge Entities have not properly paid royalties on all volumes of natural gas (including carbon dioxide, or CO₂) produced from the acreage leased from the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs also allege that the SandRidge Entities have inappropriately failed to pay royalties on CO₂ produced from plaintiffs acreage that results from the treatment of natural gas at the Century Plant. The plaintiffs seek unspecified actual damages, punitive damages and a declaration that the SandRidge Entities must pay royalties on CO₂ produced from plaintiffs acreage that results from treatment of natural gas at the Century Plant. The Commissioner of the General Land Office of the State of Texas (GLO) is named as an additional defendant in the lawsuit as some of the affected oil and natural gas leases described in plaintiffs allegations cover mineral classified lands in which the GLO is entitled to one-half of the royalties attributable to such leases. The GLO has filed a cross-claim against the SandRidge Entities asserting the same claims as the plaintiffs with respect to the leases covering mineral classified lands. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously. This case is in the early stages and accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses, if any, associated with these claims cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to these claims.

On August 4, 2011, Patriot Exploration, LLC, Jonathan Feldman, Redwing Drilling Partners, Mapleleaf Drilling Partners, Avalanche Drilling Partners, Penguin Drilling Partners and Gramax Insurance Company Ltd. (collectively, Plaintiffs) filed a lawsuit against SandRidge Energy, Inc., SandRidge Exploration and Production, LLC (SandRidge E&P) and certain directors and senior executive officers of SandRidge Energy, Inc. (collectively, Defendants) in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut. Plaintiffs allege that Defendants made false and misleading statements to U.S. Drilling Capital Management LLC and Plaintiffs prior to the entry into a participation agreement among Patriot Exploration LLC, U.S. Drilling Capital Management LLC and SandRidge E&P, which provided for the investment by Plaintiffs in certain of SandRidge E&P s oil and natural gas properties. To date, Plaintiffs have invested approximately \$15.0 million under the participation agreement. Plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages and rescission of the participation agreement. The Company intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously and believes Plaintiffs claims are without merit. This case is in the early stages and, accordingly, an estimate of reasonably possible losses associated with this claim cannot be made at this time. The Company has not established any reserves relating to this claim.

In addition, SandRidge is a defendant in lawsuits from time to time in the normal course of business. In management s opinion, the Company is not currently involved in any legal proceedings that, individually or in the aggregate, could have a material effect on the Company s financial condition, operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

We describe one of the Company s business risk factors below. This description includes a material change to the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of the 2010 Form 10-K.

Production of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids could be materially and adversely affected by severe or unseasonable weather.

Production of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids could be materially and adversely affected by severe weather. Repercussions of severe weather conditions may include:

evacuation of personnel and curtailment of operations;

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weather-related damage to drilling rigs or other facilities, resulting in suspension of operations;

inability to deliver materials to worksites; and

weather-related damage to pipelines and other transportation facilities.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

As part of the Company's restricted stock program, the Company makes required tax payments on behalf of employees when their stock awards vest and then withholds a number of vested shares of common stock having a value on the date of vesting equal to the tax obligation. The shares withheld are initially recorded as treasury shares, then immediately retired. During the quarter ended September 30, 2011, the following shares were withheld in satisfaction of tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of restricted stock:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1, 2011 - July 31, 2011	524,611	\$ 10.73	N/A	N/A
August 1, 2011 - August 31, 2011	712	\$ 9.53	N/A	N/A
September 1, 2011 - September 30, 2011	799	\$ 7.27	N/A	N/A

ITEM 6. Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index accompanying this Quarterly Report.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SandRidge Energy, Inc.

By: */s/* JAMES D. BENNETT
James D. Bennett

Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 7, 2011

Table of Contents**EXHIBIT INDEX**

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description	Form	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
			SEC File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of SandRidge Energy, Inc.	S-1	333-148956	3.1	01/30/2008	
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of SandRidge Energy, Inc., dated July 16, 2010	10-Q	001-33784	3.2	08/09/2010	
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of SandRidge Energy, Inc.	8-K	001-33784	3.1	03/09/2009	
10.1	Development Agreement, by and between SandRidge Energy, Inc., SandRidge Exploration and Production, LLC and SandRidge Permian Trust	8-K	001-33784	10.1	08/19/2011	
31.1	Section 302 Certification Chief Executive Officer					*
31.2	Section 302 Certification Chief Financial Officer					*
32.1	Section 906 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer					*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					*
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					*
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Document					*
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					*
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					*