TYSON FOODS INC Form DEFA14A December 22, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a)

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant x

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant "

Check the appropriate box:

" Preliminary Proxy Statement

" Definitive Proxy Statement

x Definitive Additional Materials

" Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

" Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))

Tyson Foods, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

x No fee required.

" Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(4) and 0-11.

- (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
- (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:

- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
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- " Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
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 - (3) Filing Party:
 - (4) Date Filed:

*** Exercise Your Right to Vote ***

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the

Shareholder s Meeting to Be Held on February 3, 2012

TYSON FOODS, INC.

2200 DON TYSON PARKWAY

SPRINGDALE, AR 72762-6999

Meeting Information

Meeting Type: Annual

- For holders as of: December 5, 2011
- **Date:** February 3, 2012 **Time:** 10:00 AM CT
- Location: Holiday Inn
- Northwest Arkansas Convention Center

1500 South 48th St.

Springdale, AR 72762

You are receiving this communication because you hold shares in Tyson Foods, Inc.

This is not a ballot. You cannot use this notice to vote these shares. This communication presents only an overview of the more complete proxy materials that are available to you on the Internet. You may view the proxy materials online at *www. proxyvote.com* or easily request a paper copy (see reverse side).

We encourage you to access and review all of the important information contained in the proxy materials before voting.

See the reverse side of this notice to obtain proxy materials and voting instructions.

Before You Vote

How to Access the Proxy Materials

Proxy Materials Available to VIEW or RECEIVE:

NOTICE AND PROXY STATEMENT ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

How to View Online:

Have the information that is printed in the box marked by the arrow (located on the following page) and visit: www.proxyvote.com.

How to Request and Receive a PAPER or E-MAIL Copy:

If you want a paper or e-mail copy of these documents, you must request one. There is NO charge for requesting a copy. Please choose one of the following methods to make your request:

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www.proxyvote.com 1-800-579-1639 sendmaterial@proxyvote.com

* If requesting materials by e-mail, please send a blank e-mail with the information that is printed in the box marked by the arrow in the subject line.

Please make the request as instructed above on or before January 20, 2012, to facilitate timely delivery. Requests, instructions and other inquiries sent to this e-mail address will NOT be forwarded to your investment advisor.

How To Vote

Please Choose One of the Following Voting Methods

Vote In Person: If you plan to attend Tyson Foods shareholders meeting, you will need a ticket. Please check the proxy materials for instructions on how to obtain a ticket. At the meeting, you will need to request a ballot to vote these shares.

Vote By Internet: To vote now by Internet, go to *www.proxyvote.com*. Have the information that is printed in the box marked by the arrow available and follow the instructions.

Vote By Mail: You can vote by mail by requesting a paper copy of the materials, which will include a proxy card.

I.

Voting items

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR items 1, 2 and 3:

- 1. Election of Directors
 - Nominees:
 - 01) John Tyson
- 06) Brad T. Sauer07) Robert Thurber
- 02) Kathleen M. Bader03) Gaurdie E. Banister Jr.
- 08) Barbara A. Tyson
- 09) Albert C. Zapanta
- 04) Jim Kever05) Kevin M. McNamara
- 2. To reapprove the performance goals set forth in the Tyson Foods, Inc. 2000 Stock Incentive Plan.
- 3. To ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the

Company for the fiscal year ending September 29, 2012.

The Board of Directors does not have a recommendation for voting on item 4:

4. To consider and act upon such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting of Shareholders or any adjournments or postponements thereof.

wance for cancellation 3.28 3.03 3.03 3.28 Total assets associated with backlog of preneed funeral revenues, net of estimated allowance for cancellation \$4.58 \$ 4.56 \$ 4.27 \$4.31 Deferred preneed cemetery revenues \$ 0.81 \$ 0.81 \$ 0.82 \$ 0.82 Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust 1.19 1.13 1.06 1.11 \$ 2.00 \$ 1.94 \$ 1.88 \$ 1.93 Allowance for cancellation on trust investments (0.15) (0.15) (0.16) (0.16)Total backlog of deferred cemetery revenues \$ 1.85 \$1.79 \$1.72 \$1.77 Preneed cemetery receivables and trust investments \$ 1.56 \$ 1.50 \$ 1.38 \$ 1.43 Allowance for cancellation on trust investments (0.16) (0.16) (0.14) (0.14)Total assets associated with backlog of deferred cemetery revenues, net of estimated allowance for cancellation \$ 1.40 \$ 1.34 \$ 1.24 \$ 1.29

The market value of our funeral and cemetery trust investments was based on a combination of quoted market prices, observable inputs such as interest rates or yield curves, and appraisals. For more information on how market values are estimated, see Critical Accounting Policies below. The difference between the backlog and asset amounts represents the contracts for which we have posted surety bonds as financial assurance in lieu of trusting, the amounts collected from customers that were not required to be deposited into trust, and allowable cash distributions from

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trust assets. The table also reflects the amounts expected to be received from insurance companies through the assignment of policy proceeds related to insurance-funded funeral contracts.

Results of Operations Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008

Management Summary

Key developments in 2010 were as follows:

Funeral gross profit increased \$11.2 million due to an increase in funeral case volume and profits from the Keystone and Palm Mortuaries acquisitions partially offset by higher preneed selling costs.

Cemetery gross profit increased \$16.6 million due to an increase in preneed property sales production partially offset by higher preneed selling costs.

Results of Operations Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008

In 2010, we reported consolidated net income attributable to common stockholders of \$126.4 million (\$.50 per diluted share) compared to net income attributable to common stockholders in 2009 of \$123.1 million (\$.49 per diluted share) and net income attributable to common stockholders in 2008 of \$97.1 million (\$.37 per diluted share). These results were impacted by certain significant items that (decreased) increased earnings, including:

	2010	2009	2008			
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Net after-tax losses from the sale of assets	\$ (2,245)	\$ (1,790)	\$ (24,475)			
After-tax (losses) gains from the early extinguishment of debt	\$ (5,928)	\$ 2,113	\$			
After-tax losses from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$ (362)			
After-tax expenses related to acquisitions	\$ (9,383)	\$ (8,235)	\$ (710)			
After-tax charges related to Hurricane Ike losses	\$	\$	\$ (1,859)			
Change in certain tax reserves and other	\$ (5,033)	\$ 1,977	\$ (11,570)			

Consolidated Versus Comparable Results Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008

The table below reconciles our consolidated GAAP results to our comparable, or same store, results for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008. We define comparable operations (or same store operations) as those funeral and cemetery locations owned by us for the entire period beginning January 1, 2009 and ending

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December 31, 2010. The following tables present operating results for funeral and cemetery locations that were owned by us for these years.

2010	Сог	nsolidated	Less: Activity Associated with Acquisition/New Construction (Dollars in		Less: Activity Associated with Divestitures millions)		Co	mparable
North America Revenue Funeral revenue Cemetery revenue	\$	1,486.3 697.7	\$	98.5 12.8	\$	9.6 3.1	\$	1,378.2 681.8
Germany revenue		2,184.0 6.6		111.3		12.7		2,060.0 6.6
Total revenue	\$	2,190.6	\$	111.3	\$	12.7	\$	2,066.6
North America Gross Profits Funeral gross profits Cemetery gross profits	\$	316.1 132.2	\$	22.2 2.9	\$	0.4 (0.1)	\$	293.5 129.4
Germany gross profits		448.3 0.9		25.1		0.3		422.9 0.9
Total gross profits	\$	449.2	\$	25.1	\$	0.3	\$	423.8

			Act	ess: ivity		less: tivity		
2009	Consolidated		Associated with Acquisition/New Construction (Dollars in		v Dive	ociated vith stitures ns)	Coi	nparable
North America Revenue								
Funeral revenue	\$	1,385.1	\$	2.2	\$	21.1	\$	1,361.8
Cemetery revenue		661.6		0.5		11.2		649.9
Germany revenue		2,046.7 6.8		2.7		32.3		2,011.7 6.8
Total revenue	\$	2,053.5	\$	2.7	\$	32.3	\$	2,018.5

North America Gross Profits				
Funeral gross profits	\$ 305.4	\$ (0.3)	\$ 0.9	\$ 304.8
Cemetery gross profits	115.6	(0.3)	0.6	115.3
	421.0	(0.6)	1.5	420.1
Germany gross profits	0.4			0.4
Total gross profits	\$ 421.4	\$ (0.6)	\$ 1.5	\$ 420.5
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2008	Сог	Co ns)	Comparable us)			
North America Revenue						
Funeral revenue	\$	1,468.7	\$ 42.3	\$	1,426.4	
Cemetery revenue		679.9	13.2		666.7	
		2,148.6	55.5		2,093.1	
Germany revenue		7.0			7.0	
Total revenue	\$	2,155.6	\$ 55.5	\$	2,100.1	
North America Gross Profits						
Funeral gross profits	\$	313.1	\$ (3.4)	\$	316.5	
Cemetery gross profits		106.8	(0.6)		107.4	
		419.9	(4.0)		423.9	
Germany gross profits		0.3			0.3	
Total gross profits	\$	420.2	\$ (4.0)	\$	424.2	

The following table provides the data necessary to calculate our consolidated average revenue per funeral service for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008. We calculate average revenue per funeral service by dividing consolidated funeral revenue, excluding General Agency (GA) revenues and certain other revenues to avoid distorting our averages of normal funeral services revenue, by the number of funeral services performed during the period.

		2009 lions, exce r funeral s	-	0
Consolidated funeral revenue Less: GA revenues Less: Other revenues	\$ 1,492.9 68.3 11.2	\$ 1,391.9 57.3 8.4	\$	1,475.7 51.5 10.0
Adjusted Consolidated funeral revenue	\$ 1,413.4	\$ 1,326.2	\$	1,414.2
Consolidated funeral services performed Consolidated average revenue per funeral service	\$ 270,351 5,228	\$ 258,044 5,139	\$	278,165 5,084

The following table provides the data necessary to calculate our comparable average revenue per funeral service for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008. We calculate average revenue per funeral service by dividing comparable funeral revenue, excluding General Agency (GA) revenues and other revenues to avoid distorting our

averages of normal funeral services revenue, by the comparable number of funeral services performed during the period.

		2010 2009 2 (Dollars in millions, except ave revenue per funeral service					
Comparable funeral revenue Less: GA revenues Less: Other revenues		\$	1,384.8 64.9 9.0	\$	1,368.6 56.8 8.4	\$	1,433.4 50.9 9.9
Adjusted Comparable funeral revenue		\$	1,310.9	\$	1,303.4	\$	1,372.6
Comparable funeral services performed Comparable average revenue per funeral service	33	\$	248,572 5,274	\$	253,340 5,145	\$	269,419 5,095

Funeral Results

Funeral Revenue

Consolidated revenues from funeral operations were \$1,492.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to \$1,391.9 million for the same period in 2009. This increase is primarily attributable to the \$16.2 million increase in comparable revenues described below and \$96.3 million of additional revenues as the result of acquisitions in 2010 and 2009. These increases were partially offset by a decline of \$11.5 million in revenues contributed by non-strategic assets that were divested throughout 2010 and 2009. Comparable revenues from funeral operations were \$1,384.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to \$1,368.6 million for the same period in 2009. This increase was primarily due to the 2.5% increase in average revenue per funeral service described below and an \$8.1 million increase in GA revenues that resulted from increased preneed insurance production. These increases were partially offset by the 1.9% decrease in the number of funeral services performed as described below.

Consolidated revenues from funeral operations decreased \$83.8 million in 2009 compared to the same period in 2008. This decrease is primarily due to the decrease in comparable revenues described below and to the divestiture of non-strategic assets throughout 2009 and 2008, which resulted in a decrease of \$21.2 million of revenue in 2009, partially offset by acquisitions that contributed an additional \$2.2 million of revenue. Our comparable funeral revenues decreased \$64.8 million, or 4.5%, in 2009 compared to the year ended December 31, 2008 primarily as a result of a 6.0% decline in the number of funeral services performed, an unfavorable Canadian currency impact of \$10.6 million, and \$12.1 million in decreased trust fund income as a result of the weakened equity and debt markets in late 2008 and early 2009. These negative impacts were partially offset by a 1.0% increase in comparable average revenue per funeral service and a \$5.8 million increase in GA revenue.

Funeral Services Performed

Our consolidated funeral services performed increased 4.8% during the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009, primarily as the result of acquisitions in 2010 and 2009, partially offset by a 1.9% decline in comparable funeral services performed noted below. Our comparable funeral services performed decreased 1.9% during the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. We believe the decline in deaths in our markets is consistent with trends experienced by other funeral service providers and industry vendors compared to the year ended December 31, 2009. Our comparable cremation rate of 41.6% in 2010 increased from 40.9% and 39.3% in 2009 and 2008, respectively. We continue to expand our cremation memorialization products and services, which have resulted in higher average sales for cremation services.

Average Revenue Per Funeral Service

Our consolidated average revenue per funeral service increased \$89 or 1.7% in 2010 compared to 2009, primarily as a result of increased comparable average revenue per funeral service described below. Our comparable average revenue per funeral increased \$129, or 2.5% in 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. This increase was primarily attributable to a \$5.2 million (\$21 per service) increase in trust fund income as a result of improved conditions in the equity and debt markets in 2010 compared to 2009, a 1% inflationary price increase and a \$14.2 million (\$57 per service) favorable Canadian currency impact.

Funeral Gross Profit

Consolidated funeral gross profits increased \$11.2 million in 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. This increase is primarily attributable to \$22.5 million of additional gross profits related to acquisitions that occurred in 2010 and 2009, partially offset by a decline of \$0.5 million of gross profits that were contributed in 2009 by non-strategic assets

divested throughout 2010 and 2009 and the decrease in comparable funeral gross profits described below.

Comparable funeral gross profits decreased \$10.8 million, or 3.5%, and the comparable gross margin percentage decreased from 22.3% to 21.3% when compared to the same period in 2009 primarily as a result of the increase in comparable revenue described above being more than offset by the following:

a \$9.7 million increase in comparable selling costs resulting from increased advertising and increased commissions for preneed production. Selling costs are recognized in the period incurred; however, the revenue associated with the preneed production is not recognized until the services are performed as described in Critical Accounting Policies, Recent Accounting Pronouncements, and Accounting Changes below;

a \$3.2 million increase in insurance expense as the result of a 2009 favorable adjustment in self-insurance casualty reserves that did not recur in 2010; and

an \$11.5 million unfavorable Canadian currency impact on expenses.

Consolidated funeral gross profits decreased \$7.6 million in 2009 as compared to 2008 primarily as a result of the decrease in comparable gross profit described below, partially offset by the divestiture of non-strategic assets which had reflected gross losses of \$3.4 million in 2008.

Gross profit from our comparable funeral locations decreased \$11.6 million, or 3.7%, in 2009 compared to 2008. This decrease is primarily a result of the decrease in comparable revenue described above partially offset by;

a \$19.9 million decrease in variable costs as a result of the decrease in the number of funeral services performed noted above;

a \$13.6 million decrease in personnel costs related to work-force initiatives;

a \$5.5 million decrease in selling costs resulting from decreased advertising expenses;

a \$6.1 million decrease in fuel and utilities costs as a result of lower prices and energy saving initiatives; and

an \$8.3 million favorable Canadian currency impact on expenses.

Cemetery Results

Cemetery Revenue

Consolidated revenues from our cemetery operations increased \$36.1 million, or 5.5%, in 2010 compared to 2009 primarily as a result of the increase in comparable revenues described below and \$12.3 million in additional revenues generated by acquisitions in 2010 and 2009, partially offset by a decline of \$8.1 million in revenues contributed by non-strategic assets that were divested throughout 2010 and 2009. Comparable cemetery revenues increased \$31.9 million, or 4.9%, in 2010 when compared with 2009. This increase was primarily driven by a \$20.2 million increase in recognized property revenues as a result of 2010 marketing initiatives and a \$7.8 million increase in trust fund income as the result of improved conditions in the equity and debt markets in 2010 compared to 2009.

Consolidated revenues from our cemetery operations decreased \$18.3 million, or 2.7%, in 2009 compared to 2008 primarily as a result of the decrease in comparable revenues described below and a decline of \$2.0 million in revenues contributed by non-strategic assets that were divested throughout 2008, partially offset by \$0.5 million in additional revenues generated by acquisitions in 2009. Comparable cemetery revenues decreased \$16.8 million, or 2.5%, in 2009

when compared with 2008. This decrease was primarily driven by an \$18.1 million decrease in atneed revenues due to a reduced number of deaths in our markets and a \$3.4 million decrease in other revenues, partially offset by a \$3.3 million increase in recognized preneed revenues and a \$1.3 million increase in trust fund income.

Cemetery Gross Profits

Consolidated cemetery gross profit increased \$16.6 million, or 14.4%, in 2010 compared to 2009. This increase is primarily the result of the increase in comparable gross profits described below:

a \$3.2 million in additional gross profits generated by acquisitions in 2010 and 2009, partially offset by;

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a decline of \$0.7 million in gross profits contributed by non-strategic assets that were divested throughout 2010 and 2009.

Comparable cemetery gross profits increased \$14.1 million, or 12.2%, and our comparable gross margin percentage increased from 17.7% to 19.0% in 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. This increase is primarily the result of:

The increase in comparable revenues described above, partially offset by;

a \$12.3 million increase in selling costs stemming from increased advertising and increased commissions on preneed production;

a \$2.8 million increase in property and merchandise costs driven by higher revenues described above; and

a \$3.0 million increase in insurance expense as a result of a 2009 favorable adjustment in self-insurance casualty reserves that did not recur in 2010.

Consolidated cemetery gross profit increased \$8.8 million or 8.2%, in 2009 compared to 2008. This is primarily the result of the increase in comparable gross profits of \$7.9 million, or 7.4%, and our comparable gross margin percentage increased from 16.1% to 17.7% in 2009 compared to 2008. This increase is a result of the revenue declines described above being more than offset by the following:

- a \$1.2 million decrease in variable selling costs;
- a \$14.9 million decrease in personnel costs related to work-force initiatives;
- a \$3.0 million decrease in self-insurance casualty reserves; and

a \$6.4 million decrease in property and merchandise costs driven by lower revenues described above.

Other Financial Statement Items

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses were \$103.7 million in 2010 compared to \$102.5 million in 2009 and \$88.9 million in 2008. For 2010 compared to 2009, general and administrative costs increased \$1.2 million primarily due to a \$4.6 million increase in acquisition and transition costs and a \$1.5 million increase in employee-related compensation plan expenses, insurance-related expenses, and tax-related expenses, primarily offset by a \$5.2 million decrease in professional service fees. For 2009 compared to 2008, general and administrative costs increased \$13.6 million primarily due to \$12.5 million increase in corporate bonus and long-term incentive plan costs.

Gains (Losses) on Divestitures and Impairment Charges, Net

In 2010, we recognized a \$8.5 million net pre-tax gain on asset divestitures and impairments. This gain was primarily due to a \$6.2 million gain on assets we owned that were divested under our agreement with the Federal Trade Commission arising from our acquisition of Keystone North America and net gains of \$10.3 million on divestitures of certain non-strategic funeral and cemetery assets in the United States and Canada, partially offset by \$8.0 million in impairment charges on certain intangible assets and other asset divestitures.

In 2009, we recognized a \$4.3 million net pre-tax gain on asset divestitures and impairments. This gain was primarily due to an \$18.8 million release of value-added tax (VAT), Social Security, and litigation indemnifications related to our former French operations, offset by \$14.5 million in net losses on asset divestitures and impairment charges.

In 2008, we recognized a \$36.1 million net pre-tax loss on asset divestitures and impairments. This loss was primarily due to the impairments and asset divestitures associated with non-strategic funeral and cemetery businesses in the United States and Canada, including a \$3.8 million impairment charge of our trademark and tradenames and a \$13.9 million impairment of certain assets, which were classified as assets held for sale at December 31, 2008.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$0.8 million to \$128.2 million in 2010 compared to \$129.0 million in 2009. The decrease in interest expense primarily resulted from the retirement of scheduled debt maturities, open market debt repurchases, and a lower weighted average borrowing rate in 2010 compared to 2009.

Interest expense decreased \$5.3 million to \$129.0 million in 2009 compared to \$134.3 million in 2008. The decrease in interest expense primarily resulted from the retirement of scheduled debt maturities, open market debt repurchases, and a lower weighted average borrowing rate in 2009 compared to 2008.

(Losses) Gains on Early Extinguishment of Debt

During 2010, we repaid \$260 million of amounts drawn on our bank credit facility and made debt payments of \$122.2 million, which included \$25.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.875% Debentures due February 2013, \$70.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.375% Senior Notes due October 2014, 3.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2015, and \$20.1 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2016. Certain of the above transactions resulted in the recognition of a loss of \$9.4 million recorded in (*Losses*) gains on early extinguishment of debt in our consolidated statement of operations, which represents the write-off of unamortized deferred loan costs of \$1.4 million and \$8.0 million in premium on the purchase of these notes.

During 2009, we repaid \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of our Series B Senior Notes due November 2011, \$23.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.875% Debentures due February 2013, \$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.375% Senior Notes due October 2014, \$39.8 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2015, \$16.9 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2016, and \$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.0% Notes due June 2017. As a result of these transactions, we recognized a gain of \$3.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2009, which represents a \$5.1 million net discount on the purchase of the notes and the write-off of unamortized deferred loan costs of \$2.0 million.

There were no early extinguishments of debt during 2008.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net increased \$1.7 million to \$3.0 million in 2010 compared to \$1.3 million in 2009, primarily due to a favorable foreign currency exchange impact from liability settlements between U.S. and Canadian subsidiaries.

Other income, net decreased \$3.6 million to \$1.3 million in 2009 compared to \$4.9 million in 2008, primarily due to a \$3.1 million decline in interest income as a result of lower interest rates in 2009.

Provision for Income Taxes

The 2010 consolidated effective tax rate was 42.1%, compared to 38.3% and 40.2% in 2009 and 2008, respectively. Our 2010, 2009, and 2008 effective tax rate was negatively impacted by permanent book and tax basis differences related to North American asset divestitures. During 2010 we recognized U.S. tax on post-acquisition integration of certain Keystone entities into SCI s structure. Our overall foreign tax expense increased in 2010 due to an increase in foreign earnings. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in foreign statutory rates. In 2010 our state tax expense was impacted by permanent items affecting our overall effective rate as well as an increase in state statutory tax rates. During 2009 we experienced a decrease in state tax expense due to a restructuring of some of our state

operating entities.

During 2010, the Internal Revenue Service approved three requests for tax accounting method changes relating to the recognition of trust earnings accumulated in cemetery and funeral trusts, revenue from pre-need sales of cemetery merchandise, and revenue from non-trusted customer payments for pre-need funeral contracts. The effective date for these tax accounting method changes is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. In accordance with § 481(a) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code this adjustment recalculates the income previously recognized to determine what should have been recognized under the new tax accounting method. The cumulative

impact of these accounting method changes resulted in an adjustment under § 481(a) for 2010 of \$190.3 million that represents a decrease in current year taxable income, a decrease in a previously recognized deferred tax asset related to deferred revenue, and an increase in our deferred tax asset related to our net operating loss carryover. Although these changes have no tax impact on the overall effective tax rate, there is a savings in cash taxes including SCI s eligibility for a quick refund of its 2010 Federal estimated tax payments of \$7.1 million which should be received in 2011. This refund has been reflected as a receivable in other current assets. See Note 10 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, for further discussion.

Weighted Average Shares

The diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding was 250.6 million in 2010, compared to 252.5 million in 2009, and 261.0 million in 2008. The decrease in all years reflects the impact of shares repurchased under our share repurchase program.

Critical Accounting Policies, Recent Accounting Pronouncements, and Accounting Changes

Our consolidated financial statements are impacted by the accounting policies used and the estimates and assumptions made by management during their preparation. See Note 2 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, for more information. Estimates and assumptions affect the carrying values of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Actual results could differ from such estimates due to uncertainties associated with the methods and assumptions underlying our critical accounting measurements. The following is a discussion of our critical accounting policies pertaining to revenue recognition, business combinations, valuation of goodwill, valuation of intangible assets, valuation of long-lived assets, loss contract analysis, the use of estimates, fair value measurements, and non-controlling interests.

Revenue Recognition

Funeral revenue is recognized when funeral services are performed. Our trade receivables primarily consist of amounts due for funeral services already performed. Revenue associated with cemetery merchandise and services is recognized when the service is performed or merchandise is delivered. When a customer enters into a preneed funeral trust contract, the entire purchase price is deferred and the revenue is recognized at the time of maturity.

Under the Revenue Recognition Topic of the ASC revenue from constructed cemetery property is not recognized until a minimum percentage of the sales price has been collected. The revenues associated with a preneed cemetery contract, however, may be recognized as different contract events occur. Preneed sales of cemetery interment rights (cemetery burial property) are recognized when a minimum of 10% of the sales price has been collected and the property has been constructed or is available for interment. For services and non-personalized merchandise (such as vaults), we defer the revenues until the services are performed and the merchandise is delivered. For personalized marker merchandise, with the customer s direction generally obtained at the time of sale, we can choose to order, store, and transfer title to the customer. Upon the earlier of vendor storage of these items or delivery in our cemetery, we recognize the associated revenues and record the cost of sale. In situations in which we have no further obligation or involvement related to the merchandise, we recognize revenues and record the cost of sales in accordance with the Revenue Recognition Topic of the ASC.

Business Combinations

In December 2007, the FASB revised the authoritative guidance for business combinations, establishing principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired (including goodwill), the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. Subsequently,

on April 1, 2009, the FASB amended and clarified certain aspects of its authoritative guidance on initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement and accounting, and disclosure of assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination. We apply the FASB authoritative guidance to all business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009. In these acquisitions, tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value and goodwill is recognized for any difference between the price of the acquisition and our fair value determination.

Valuation of Goodwill

We record the excess of purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired in business combinations as goodwill. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment by assessing the fair value of each of our reporting units. We test for impairment of goodwill in accordance with the Intangibles Topic of the ASC annually during the fourth quarter.

Our goodwill impairment test involves estimates and management judgment. In the first step of our goodwill impairment test, we compare the fair value of a reporting unit to its carrying amount, including goodwill. We determine fair value of each reporting unit using both a market and income approach. Our methodology considers discounted cash flows and multiples of EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) for both SCI and its competitors. The discounted cash flow valuation uses projections of future cash flows and includes assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions that may differ from actual future cash flows. We do not record an impairment of goodwill in instances where the fair value of a reporting unit, we compare the implied fair value of goodwill (as defined in the Intangibles Topic of the ASC) to the carrying amount of goodwill. If the carrying amount of reporting unit goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. Based on our most recent annual impairment test performed during the fourth quarter with amounts recorded as of October 1, 2010, we concluded that there was no impairment of goodwill as of December 31, 2010.

For our most recent annual impairment test performed in the fourth quarter, we used growth rates ranging from 1.6% to 4.3% over a three-year period, plus a terminal value determined using the constant growth method, in projecting our future cash flows. We used an 8.5% discount rate, which reflected our weighted average cost of capital based on our capital structure, as adjusted for equity risk premiums. Fair value was calculated as the sum of the projected discounted cash flows of our reporting units over the next three years plus terminal value at the end of those three years. Our terminal value was calculated using long-term growth rates of 2.6% and 2.9% for our funeral and cemetery reporting units, respectively.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of goodwill whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be greater than fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends. No interim goodwill impairments reviews were performed in 2010.

Valuation of Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets include customer relationships, trademarks and tradenames, and other assets primarily resulting from acquisitions. Our trademark and tradenames and water rights assets are considered to have an indefinite life and are not subject to amortization. We test for impairment of intangible assets in accordance with the Intangibles Topic of the ASC annually during the fourth quarter.

Our intangible assets impairment tests involve estimates and management judgment. For trademark and tradenames, our test uses the relief from royalty method whereby we determine the fair value of the assets by discounting the cash flows that represent a savings over having to pay a royalty fee for use of the trademark and tradenames. The discounted cash flow valuation uses projections of future cash flows and includes assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions that may differ from actual future cash flows. For our most recent annual impairment test performed in the fourth quarter using October 1 data, we estimated that the pre-tax savings

would be 4% of the revenues associated with the trademark and tradenames, based primarily on our research of intellectual property valuation and licensing databases. We also assumed a terminal growth rate of 2.6% and 2.9% for our funeral and cemetery segments, respectively, and discounted the cash flows at an 8.7% discount rate based on the relative risk of these assets to our overall business. Based on our annual impairment test performed during the fourth quarter, we recorded a \$0.6 million impairment in *Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net* on certain license assets.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be greater than the fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends. No interim intangible impairment reviews were performed in 2010.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

We review the carrying value of our long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable, in accordance with the Intangibles and Property, Plant, and Equipment Topics of the ASC. This guidance requires that long-lived assets to be held and used are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value. Fair value is based on an income approach that utilizes projections of undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by our long-lived assets.

Assets to be disposed of and assets not expected to provide any future service potential are recorded at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less estimated cost to sell. For additional information regarding impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, see Note 20 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Loss Contract Analysis

We perform an analysis to determine whether our preneed contracts are in a loss position, which would necessitate a charge to earnings. For this analysis, we add the sales prices of the underlying contracts and net realized earnings, then subtract net unrealized losses to derive the net amount of estimated proceeds for contracts as of the balance sheet date. We consider unrealized gains and losses based on current market prices quoted for the investments, and we do not include future expected returns on the investments in our analysis. We compare our estimated proceeds to the estimated direct costs to deliver our contracts, which consist primarily of funeral and cemetery merchandise costs and salaries, supplies, and equipment related to the delivery of a preneed contract. If a deficiency were to exist, we would record a charge to earnings and a corresponding liability for the expected loss on delivery of those contracts from our backlog. As of December 31, 2010, no such charge was required. Due to the positive margins of our preneed contracts and the trust portfolio returns we have experienced in prior years, we believe there is currently capacity for additional market depreciation before a loss contract would result.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States (GAAP) requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the carrying values of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Actual results could differ from such estimates due to uncertainties associated with the methods and assumptions underlying our critical accounting measurements. Key estimates used by management include:

Allowances We provide various allowances and/or cancellation reserves for our funeral and cemetery preneed and atneed receivables, as well as for our preneed funeral and preneed cemetery deferred revenues. These allowances are based on an analysis of historical trends and include, where applicable, collection and cancellation activity. We also record an estimate of general agency revenues that may be cancelled in their first year and revenue would be charged back by the insurance company. These estimates are impacted by a number of factors, including changes in economy, relocation, and demographic or competitive changes in our areas of operation.

Valuation of trust investments The trust investments include marketable securities that are classified as available-for-sale in accordance with the Investments in Debt and Equity Securities Topic of the ASC. When available, we use quoted market prices for specific securities. When quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, fair values are estimated by using either quoted market prices for securities with similar characteristics or a fair value model with observable inputs that include a combination of interest rates, yield curves, credit risks, prepayment terms, rating, and tax exempt status.

The valuation of private equity and other investments requires significant management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, and the long-term nature of such assets. The fair value of these investments is estimated based on the market value of the underlying real estate and private equity instruments. The underlying real estate value is determined using the most recent appraisals. The private equity investments are valued using appraisals and a discounted cash flow methodology depending on the underlying assets. The appraisals assess value based on a combination of replacement cost, comparative sales analysis, and discounted cash flow analysis. See Fair Value Measurements below for additional information.

Legal liability reserves Contingent liabilities, principally for legal matters, are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated in accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the ASC. Liabilities accrued for legal matters require judgments regarding projected outcomes and a range of loss based on historical experience and recommendations of legal counsel. However, litigation is inherently unpredictable and excessive verdicts do occur. As disclosed in Note 13 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, our legal exposures and the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings could be material to operating results or cash flows in any given quarter or year.

Depreciation of long-lived assets We depreciate our long-lived assets ratably over their estimated useful lives. These estimates of useful lives may be affected by such factors as changing market conditions or changes in regulatory requirements.

Valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed We have applied the guidance in the Business Combinations Topic of the ASC to our business combinations. Tangible and intangible assets and liabilities assumed are recorded at their fair value and goodwill is recognized for any difference between the price of acquisition and our fair value determination. We have customarily estimated our purchase costs and other related transactions known to us at closing of the acquisition. To the extent that information not available to us at the closing date subsequently became available during the allocation period, we have adjusted our goodwill, assets, or liabilities associated with the acquisition.

Income taxes We compute income taxes using the liability method. Our ability to realize the benefit of our federal and state deferred tax assets requires us to achieve certain future earnings levels. We have established a valuation allowance against a portion of our deferred tax assets and we could be required to further adjust that valuation allowance if market conditions change materially and future earnings are, or are projected to be, significantly different than our current estimates.

During the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company underwent a restructuring of its Canadian subsidiaries. The restructuring triggered a U.S. dividend of \$6.9 million for which U.S. federal taxes have been provided for the year ended December 31, 2010. The dividend is less than current year earnings and other prior year earnings required to be permanently reinvested. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, U.S. income taxes had not been provided on \$256.0 million and \$200.2 million, respectively, of the remaining undistributed earnings of our Canadian subsidiaries. We intend to permanently reinvest these undistributed foreign earnings in those businesses outside the United States. It is not practicable to determine the amount of federal income taxes, if any, that might become due if such earnings are repatriated.

We file income tax returns, including tax returns for our subsidiaries, with U.S. federal, state, local, and foreign jurisdictions. Our tax returns are subject to routine compliance review by the various federal, state, and foreign taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which we have operated and filed tax returns in the ordinary course of business. We accrue tax expense to reduce our tax benefits in those situations where it is more likely than not that we will not prevail against the tax authorities should they challenge the tax return position that gave rise to the benefit. We believe that our tax returns are materially correct as filed and we will vigorously defend any challenges and proposed

adjustments to those filings made by the tax authorities. A number of years may elapse before particular tax matters, for which we have established accruals, are audited and finally resolved. The number of tax years that may be subject to a tax audit varies depending on the tax jurisdiction. Current audits are occurring in the United States and various state and foreign locations covering open tax years through 2008. The Internal Revenue Service is in various stages of auditing tax years 1999 through 2005. While it is often difficult to predict the final outcome or the timing of resolution of any particular tax matter, we believe that our accruals reflect the probable outcome of known tax contingencies. Unfavorable settlement of any particular issue would reduce a deferred tax

asset or require the payment of cash. Favorable resolution could result in reduced income tax expense reported in the financial statements in the future. Our tax accruals for uncertain tax positions are presented in the balance sheet within *Other liabilities*.

Pension cost Our pension plans are frozen with no benefits accruing to participants except interest. Pension costs and liabilities are actuarially determined based on certain assumptions, including the discount rate used to compute future benefit obligations. Weighted-average discount rates used to determine net periodic pension cost were 4.80% and 5.97% as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We verify the reasonableness of the discount rate by comparing our rate to the rate earned on high-quality fixed income investments, such as the Moody s Aa index. In 2008, we completed the termination of the Employee Retirement Plan of Rose Hills, and there are no remaining assets or liabilities under the plan.

Insurance loss reserves We purchase comprehensive general liability, morticians and cemetery professional liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation insurance coverages structured with high deductibles. This high-deductible insurance program means we are primarily self-insured for claims and associated costs and losses covered by these policies. Historical insurance industry experience indicates a high degree of inherent variability in assessing the ultimate amount of losses associated with casualty insurance claims. This is especially true with respect to liability and workers compensation exposures due to the extended period of time that transpires between when the claim might occur and the full settlement of such claim, often many years. We continually evaluate loss estimates associated with claims and losses related to these insurance coverages falling within the deductible of each coverage. Assumptions based on factors such as claim settlement patterns, claim development trends, claim frequency and severity patterns, inflationary trends, and data reasonableness will generally affect the analysis and determination of the best estimate of the projected ultimate claim losses. The results of these evaluations are used to both analyze and adjust our insurance loss reserves.

As of December 31, 2010, reported losses within our retention for workers compensation, general liability, and auto liability incurred during the period May 1, 1991 through December 31, 2010 were approximately \$301.4 million over 19.8 years. The selected fully developed ultimate settlement value estimated was \$343.4 million for the same period. Paid losses were \$289.5 million indicating a reserve requirement of \$53.9 million.

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the balances in our reserve for workers compensation, general, and auto liability and the related activity were as follows:

	(Dollars in millions)					
Balance at December 31, 2008 Additions Payments	\$	63.6 22.6 (28.3)				
Balance at December 31, 2009 Additions Payments	\$	57.9 24.2 (28.2)				
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	53.9				

Fair Value Measurements

We measure the available-for-sale securities held by our funeral merchandise and service, cemetery merchandise and service, and cemetery perpetual care trusts at fair value on a recurring basis in accordance with the Fair Value Measurements Topic of the ASC. This guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value. The guidance establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

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Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; and

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

An asset s or liability s categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Certain available-for-sale securities held by our funeral merchandise and service, cemetery merchandise and service, and cemetery perpetual care trusts have been classified in Level 3 of the hierarchy due to significant management judgment required as a result of the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, or the long-term nature of the securities. For additional disclosures required by FASB guidance for all of our available-for-sale securities, see Notes 4, 5, and 6 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

On January 1, 2009, we adopted the guidance for our non-financial assets and liabilities, such as goodwill and property and equipment, that we disclose or recognize at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Our adoption for these assets and liabilities did not have a material impact on our results of operations, consolidated financial position, or cash flows.

In April 2009, the FASB issued additional guidance on how to determine the fair value of assets and liabilities in an environment where the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. The FASB guidance also re-emphasizes that the objective of a fair value measurement remains an exit price. The guidance, which was effective for us in the second quarter of 2009, did not have a material impact on our results of operations, consolidated financial position, or cash flows. For more information, see Notes 4, 5, and 6 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Noncontrolling Interests

The FASB issued authoritative guidance for noncontrolling interests in December 2007, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. The guidance clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, which is sometimes referred to as an unconsolidated investment, is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as a component of equity in the consolidated financial statements. Among other requirements, the guidance requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest. It also requires disclosure, on the face of the consolidated income statement, of the amounts of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the provisions of the FASB guidance on January 1, 2009 and applied the provisions retrospectively. As a result, we have modified our consolidated statement of operations, consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of cash flows, and consolidated statement of equity to incorporate the required disclosure of noncontrolling interest information. For more information, see Note 7 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Changes

For discussion of recent accounting pronouncements and accounting changes, see Note 3 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The market risk inherent in our financial instruments and positions includes the price risk associated with the marketable equity and debt securities included in our portfolio of trust investments, the interest rate risk associated with our floating rate debt, and the currency risk associated with our foreign operations (primarily in Canada). Our market-sensitive instruments and positions are considered to be other-than-trading . Our exposure to market risk as discussed below includes forward-looking statements and represents an estimate of possible changes in fair value or future earnings that might occur, assuming hypothetical changes in equity markets, interest rates, and currencies. Our views on market risk are not necessarily indicative of actual results that may occur, and they do not represent the

maximum possible gains or losses that may occur. Actual fair value movements related to changes in equity markets, interest rates and currencies, along with the timing of such movements, may differ from those estimated.

Marketable Equity and Debt Securities Price Risk

In connection with our preneed funeral operations and preneed cemetery merchandise and service sales, the related funeral and cemetery trust funds own investments in equity and debt securities and mutual funds, which are sensitive to current market prices.

Cost and market values as of December 31, 2010 are presented in Notes 4, 5, and 6 in Part II, Item 8, Financial Statements and Supplementary Data. Also, see Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, *Financial Conditions, Liquidity, and Capital Resources*, for discussion of trust investments.

Market-Rate Sensitive Instruments Interest Rate Risk

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, approximately 93% and 85%, respectively, of our total debt consisted of fixed rate debt at a weighted average rate of 6.80% and 6.52%, respectively. The fair market value of our debt was \$52.5 million more than its carrying value at December 31, 2010. A hypothetical 10% increase in interest rates associated with our floating rate debt would increase our interest expense by \$0.2 million. See Note 11 and 12 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, for additional information.

Market-Rate Sensitive Instruments Currency Risk

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, our foreign currency exposure was primarily associated with the Canadian dollar and the euro. A 10% adverse change in the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to our foreign currency instruments would have negatively affected our income from our continuing operations, on an annual basis, by \$4.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 and \$1.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

At December 31, 2010, approximately 3% of our stockholders equity and 15% of our operating income were denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the Canadian dollar. Approximately 9% of our stockholders equity and 11% of our operating income were denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the Canadian dollar, at December 31, 2009. We do not have an investment in foreign operations considered to be in highly inflationary economies.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

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All other schedules have been omitted because the required information is not applicable or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission or because the information required is included in the consolidated financial statements or the related notes thereto.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Service Corporation International:

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the accompanying index present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Service Corporation International and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company s management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedule, and on the Company s internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PriceWaterhouseCooper LLP

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Houston, Texas February 14, 2011

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Years Ended December 31,						
	2010 2009 200						
		(In thousand	ds, e	xcept per sha	re a	mounts)	
Revenues Costs and expenses	\$	2,190,552 (1,741,329)	\$	2,053,520 (1,632,125)	\$	2,155,622 (1,735,447)	
Gross profits General and administrative expenses Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net Other operating income (expense)		449,223 (103,689) 8,512		421,395 (102,501) 4,253 740		420,175 (88,851) (36,124) (2,528)	
Operating income Interest expense (Losses) gains on early extinguishment of debt Other income, net		354,046 (128,196) (9,400) 3,009		323,887 (128,981) 3,146 1,316		292,672 (134,274) 4,897	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes Provision for income taxes		219,459 (92,458)		199,368 (76,275)		163,295 (65,717)	
Income from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations (net of income tax benefit of \$0, \$0 and \$195, respectively)		127,001		123,093		97,578 (362)	
Net income Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		127,001 (584)		123,093 5		97,216 (133)	
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	126,417	\$	123,098	\$	97,083	
Basic earnings per share: Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$.51	\$.49	\$.38	
Basic weighted average number of shares		248,871		251,709		258,106	
Diluted earnings per share: Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$.50	\$.49	\$.37	
Diluted weighted average number of shares		250,602		252,484		260,983	
Dividends declared per share	\$.16	\$.16	\$.16	

(See notes to consolidated financial statements)

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

Decembe	er 31,
2010	2009
(In thousands, e	except share
amoun	its)

ASSETS

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 170,846	\$ 179,745
Receivables, net	107,185	92,189
Deferred tax assets	41,371	51,534
Inventories	34,770	31,117
Current assets held for sale	552	1,197
Other	27,194	21,640
Total current assets	381,918	377,422
Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments	1,424,557	1,356,353
Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments	1,563,893	1,382,717
Cemetery property, at cost	1,508,787	1,489,065
Property and equipment, net	1,627,698	1,591,074
Non-current assets held for sale	1,166	80,901
Goodwill	1,307,484	1,201,332
Deferred charges and other assets	388,018	522,389
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments	987,019	889,689
	,	,
Total assets	\$ 9,190,540	\$ 8,890,942
LIABILITIES & EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 342,651	\$ 314,277
Current maturities of long-term debt	22,502	49,957
Current liabilities held for sale		501
Income taxes	1,474	2,236
Total current liabilities	366,627	366,971
Long-term debt	1,832,380	1,840,532
Deferred preneed funeral revenues	580,223	596,966
Deferred preneed cemetery revenues	813,493	817,543
Deferred tax liability	323,304	246,730
Non-current liabilities held for sale	430	68,332
Other liabilities	399,189	378,768
Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust	2,408,074	2,201,403

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Care trusts corpus	986,872	890,909
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Equity:		
Common stock, \$1 per share par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized,		
242,019,650 and 254,027,384 shares issued, respectively, and 241,035,250 and		
254,017,384 shares outstanding, respectively	241,035	254,017
Capital in excess of par value	1,603,112	1,735,493
Accumulated deficit	(477,459)	(603,876)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	112,768	97,142
Total common stockholders equity	1,479,456	1,482,776
Noncontrolling interests	492	12
Total equity	1,479,948	1,482,788
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 9,190,540	\$ 8,890,942

(See notes to consolidated financial statements)

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31,					
						2008
			(In	thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	127,001	\$	123,093	\$	97,216
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	Ψ	127,001	Ψ	123,075	Ψ	<i>)1,</i> 210
operating activities:						
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax						362
Losses (gains) on early extinguishments of debt		9,400		(3,146)		
Depreciation and amortization		116,391		111,102		114,157
Amortization of intangible assets		25,197		21,698		23,636
Amortization of cemetery property		32,418		30,664		32,690
Amortization of loan costs		4,266		7,575		3,573
Provision for doubtful accounts		8,155		11,351		9,243
Provision for deferred income taxes		76,934		57,866		109,118
(Gains) losses on divestitures and impairment charges, net		(8,512)		(4,253)		36,124
Share-based compensation		8,878		9,684		9,970
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and						
dispositions:						
Increase in receivables		(14,561)		(8,245)		(409)
Decrease in other assets		2,603		11,161		26,100
Increase (decrease) in payables and other liabilities		16,374		30,899		(143,956)
Effect of preneed funeral production maturities:						
Decrease in preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments		45,988		18,963		7,271
(Decrease) increase in deferred preneed funeral revenue		(14,778)		92		23,785
Decrease in deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust		(36,322)		(22,558)		(23,334)
Effect of preneed cemetery production and maturities:						
(Increase) decrease in preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust		(52.22.4)				26.222
investments		(53,224)		(41,427)		36,333
Increase in deferred preneed cemetery revenue		10,558		24,999		11,408
Decrease in deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust		(648)		(11,702)		(22,388)
Other		(1,739)		4,254		(585)
Net cash provided by operating activities		354,379		372,070		350,314
Cash flows from investing activities:		·				
Capital expenditures		(97,899)		(83,790)		(154,101)
Acquisitions		(299,083)		(84,932)		(8,828)
Proceeds from divestitures and sales of property and equipment, net		90,835		32,696		32,543
Net withdrawals (deposits) of restricted funds and other		26,437		(16,459)		(21,741)
Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations		(279,710)		(152,485)		(152,127)
Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued		(=, >, 10)		(102,100)		(102,127)
operations						858
1						

Net cash used in investing activities	(279,710)	(152,485)	(151,269)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	510,000	150,000	82,133
Debt issuance costs	(11,828)	(8,146)	
Payments of debt	(263,063)	(33,058)	(112,302)
Early extinguishment of debt	(119,105)	(236,114)	
Principal payments on capital leases	(46,214)	(24,288)	(25,851)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,759	17,407	14,812
Purchase of Company common stock	(116,878)		(142,155)
Payments of dividends	(40,001)	(40,195)	(41,501)
Bank overdrafts and other	(2,856)	(4,036)	(5,779)
Net cash used in financing activities	(88,186)	(178,430)	(230,643)
Effect of foreign currency	4,618	10,193	(8,599)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(8,899)	51,348	(40,197)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	179,745	128,397	168,594
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 170,846	\$ 179,745	\$ 128,397

(See notes to consolidated financial statements)

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

	C	Common	reasury Stock, Par	Capital in Excess of	Accumulated Other AccumulatedComprehensNor					ontrolli	ng				
		Stock	Value	Par Value thousands,	, ex	Deficit cept per sha		Income amounts)	In	terest		Total			
Balance at December 31, 2007 Comprehensive income:	\$	264,819	\$ (1,961)	\$ 1,874,600	\$	(797,965)	\$	152,590	\$		\$	1,492,083			
Net income Foreign currency translation						97,083		(115,941)		133		97,216 (115,941)			
Total comprehensive loss												(18,725)			
Cumulative effect of accounting change Dividends declared on						(3,265)						(3,265)			
common stock (\$.16 per share) Stock option exercises Reversal of tax benefits related to share-based		3,944		(40,895) 10,868								(40,895) 14,812			
awards Restricted stock award, net of forfeitures and				(18,513)								(18,513)			
other Employee share-based		293	61	355								709			
compensation earned Purchase of Company				9,261								9,261			
common stock Noncontrolling interest			(17,684)	(101,862)		(22,609)						(142,155)			
payments Retirement of treasury shares		(19,103)	19,103							(133)		(133)			
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	249,953	\$	\$ 1,733,814	\$	(726,756)	\$	36,649	\$		\$	1,293,179			
Comprehensive income: Net income Foreign currency						123,098				(5)		123,093			
translation								60,493		30		60,523			

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Total comprehensive							
income							183,616
Tax benefits related to							
share-based awards			19,059				19,059
Dividends declared on							
common stock (\$.16 per share)			(40,381)				(40,381)
Stock option exercises	3,643		13,764				17,407
Restricted stock awards,	,		,				,
net of forfeitures and							
other	830		(830)				
Employee share-based compensation			9,684				9,684
Issuance of shares from			7,004				7,004
treasury stock	1	71	383				455
Noncontrolling interest							
payments						(231)	(231)
Retirement of treasury shares	(400)	400					
Other	(400)	400		(218)		218	
				()		_10	
Balance at December 31,							
2009	\$ 254,027	\$ (10)	\$ 1,735,493	\$ (603,876)	\$ 97,142	\$ 12	\$ 1,482,788
Comprehensive income:							
Net income				126,417		584	127,001
Foreign currency							
translation					15,626	9	15,635
Total comprehensive							
income							142,636
Tax benefits related to							,
share-based awards			(229)				(229)
Dividends declared on							
common stock (\$.16 per share)			(39,442)				(39,442)
Stock option exercises	431		1,328				(39,442)
Restricted stock awards,			_,				_,,
net of forfeitures	532		(532)				
Employee share-based			0.070				0.050
compensation earned Purchase of Company			8,878				8,878
common stock		(14,008)	(102,870)				(116,878)
Noncontrolling interest		(1,000)	(102,070)				(110,070)
payments						(113)	(113)
Retirement of treasury	(10.072)	10.070					
shares Other	(12,973) 3	12,973 60	486				549
Juici	5	00	+00				547
	\$ 242,020	\$ (985)	\$ 1,603,112	\$ (477,459)	\$ 112,768	\$ 492	\$ 1,479,948

Balance at December 31, 2010

(See notes to consolidated financial statements)

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of Operations

We are North America s largest provider of deathcare products and services, with a network of funeral service locations and cemeteries primarily operating in the United States and Canada. Our operations consist of funeral service locations, cemeteries, funeral service/cemetery combination locations, crematoria, and related businesses.

Funeral service locations provide all professional services relating to funerals and cremations, including the use of funeral facilities and motor vehicles and preparation and embalming services. Funeral-related merchandise, including caskets, casket memorialization products, burial vaults, cremation receptacles, cremation memorial products, flowers, and other ancillary products and services, is sold at funeral service locations. Cemeteries provide cemetery property interment rights, including mausoleum spaces, lots, and lawn crypts, and sell cemetery-related merchandise and services, including stone and bronze memorials, markers, merchandise installations, and burial openings and closings. We also sell preneed funeral and cemetery products and services whereby a customer contractually agrees to the terms of certain products and services to be provided in the future.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Service Corporation International (SCI) and all subsidiaries in which we hold a controlling financial interest. Our financial statements also include the accounts of the funeral merchandise and service trusts, cemetery merchandise and service trusts, and cemetery perpetual care trusts in which we have a variable interest and are the primary beneficiary. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior years to conform to current period financial statement presentation with no effect on our previously reported consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. As a result, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Business Combinations

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) revised the authoritative guidance for business combinations, establishing principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired (including goodwill), the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. Subsequently, on April 1, 2009, the FASB amended and clarified certain aspects of its authoritative guidance on initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement and accounting, and

disclosure of assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination. We apply the FASB authoritative guidance to all business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009, and to certain future income tax effects related to our prior business combinations, should they arise. In these acquisitions, tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value and goodwill is recognized for any difference between the price of the acquisition and our fair value determination.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2010, the majority of our cash was invested in commercial paper. The carrying amounts of our cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Our trade receivables primarily consist of amounts due for funeral services already performed. We provide various allowances and cancellation reserves for our funeral and cemetery preneed and atneed receivables as well as for our preneed funeral and preneed cemetery deferred revenues. These allowances are based on an analysis of historical trends of collection and cancellation activity. Atneed funeral and cemetery receivables are considered past due after 30 days. Collections are generally managed by the locations until a receivable is 180 days delinquent at which time it is fully reserved and sent to a collection agency. These estimates are impacted by a number of factors, including changes in the economy, relocation, and demographic or competitive changes in our areas of operation.

Inventories and Cemetery Property

Funeral and cemetery merchandise are stated at the lower of average cost or market. Cemetery property is recorded at cost. Inventory costs and cemetery property are relieved using specific identification in performance of a contract.

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense whereas renewals and major replacements that extend the assets useful lives are capitalized. Depreciation is recognized ratably over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of assets. Buildings are depreciated over a period ranging from seven to forty years, equipment is depreciated over a period from three to eight years, and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or ten years. Depreciation and amortization expense related to property and equipment was \$116.4 million, \$111.1 million, and \$114.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. When property is sold or retired, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the consolidated balance sheet; resulting gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of operations in the period of sale or disposal.

Leases

We have lease arrangements primarily related to funeral service locations and transportation equipment that were primarily classified as capital leases at December 31, 2010. Lease terms related to funeral home properties generally range from one to 35 years with options to renew at varying terms. Lease terms related to transportation equipment generally range from one to five years with options to renew at varying terms. We calculate operating lease expense ratably over the lease term. We consider reasonably assured renewal options and fixed escalation provisions in our calculation. For more information related to leases, see Note 13.

Goodwill

The excess of purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired in business combinations is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment by assessing the fair value of each of our reporting units. We performed our annual impairment test of goodwill in accordance with the Intangibles Topic of the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) during the fourth quarter.

Our goodwill impairment test involves estimates and management judgment. In the first step of our goodwill impairment test, we compare the fair value of a reporting unit to its carrying amount, including goodwill. We determine fair value of each reporting unit using both a market and income approach. Our methodology considers

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

discounted cash flows and multiples of EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) for both SCI and its competitors. The discounted cash flow valuation uses projections of future cash flows and includes assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions that may differ from actual future cash flows. We do not record an impairment of goodwill in instances where the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount. If the aggregate step one fair value is less than the related carrying amount for a reporting unit, we compare the implied fair value of goodwill (as defined in the Intangibles Topic of the ASC) to the carrying amount of goodwill. If the carrying amount of reporting unit goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. Based on our most recent annual impairment test performed during the fourth quarter, we concluded that there was no impairment of goodwill as of December 31, 2010.

For our most recent annual impairment test performed in the fourth quarter, we used growth rates ranging from 1.6% to 4.3% over a three-year period, plus a terminal value determined using the constant growth method in projecting our future cash flows. We used an 8.5% discount rate, which reflected our weighted average cost of capital based on our capital structure, as adjusted for equity risk premiums. Fair value was calculated as the sum of the projected discounted cash flows of our reporting units over the next three years plus terminal value at the end of those three years. Our terminal value was calculated using a long-term growth rate of 2.6% and 2.9% for our funeral and cemetery reporting units, respectively.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of goodwill whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be greater than fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends. No interim goodwill impairment reviews were required in 2010.

Other Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets include cemetery customer relationships, trademarks and tradenames, and other assets primarily resulting from acquisitions. Our trademark and tradenames and water rights assets are considered to have an indefinite life and are not subject to amortization. We test for impairment of intangible assets in accordance with the Intangibles Topic of the ASC annually during the fourth quarter.

Our intangible assets impairment tests involve estimates and management judgment. For trademark and tradenames, our test uses the relief from royalty method whereby we determine the fair value of the assets by discounting the cash flows that represent a savings over having to pay a royalty fee for use of the trademark and tradenames. The discounted cash flow valuation uses projections of future cash flows and includes assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions that may differ from actual future cash flows. For our most recent annual impairment test performed in the fourth quarter, we estimated that the pre-tax savings would be 4% of the revenues associated with the trademark and tradenames, based primarily on our research of intellectual property valuation and licensing databases. We also assumed a terminal growth rate of 2.6% and 2.9% for our funeral and cemetery segments, respectively, and discounted the cash flows at an 8.7% discount rate based on the relative risk of these assets to our overall business. Based on our annual impairment test performed during the fourth quarter, we recorded a \$0.6 million impairment on certain intangible assets as of December 31, 2010.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be greater than the fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim

impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends. No interim intangible impairment reviews were required in 2010.

Our preneed backlog intangible asset is relieved using specific identification in performance of a contract. We amortize all other finite-lived intangible assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10-20 years.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Amortization expense for preneed backlog intangible asset and other intangible assets was \$25.2 million, \$21.7 million, and \$23.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

We review the carrying value of our long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable, in accordance with the Intangibles and Property, Plant, and Equipment Topic of the ASC. Under this guidance, long-lived assets to be held and used are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value. Fair value is based on an income approach that utilizes projections of undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by our long-lived assets. No long-lived asset impairment reviews were required in 2010. While we believe our estimates of undiscounted future cash flows used in performing this test are reasonable, different assumptions regarding such cash flows and comparable sales values could materially affect our evaluations.

Assets to be disposed of and assets not expected to provide any future service potential are recorded at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less estimated cost to sell. We determined the fair value of assets to be disposed of using a market approach. See Note 20 for additional information related to assets to be disposed.

Treasury Stock

We make treasury stock purchases in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions and normal trading restrictions. We account for the repurchase of our common stock under the par value method. We use the average cost method upon the subsequent reissuance of treasury shares. On December 15, 2010, we cancelled 13.0 million shares of common stock held in our treasury. We cancelled 0.4 million and 19.1 million shares of common stock held in our treasury. These retired treasury shares were changed to authorized but unissued status.

Foreign Currency Translation

All assets and liabilities of our foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect as of the end of the reporting period. Revenue and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the reporting period. The resulting translation adjustments are included in *Equity* as a component of *Accumulated other comprehensive income* in the consolidated statement of equity and consolidated balance sheet.

The functional currency of SCI and its subsidiaries is the respective local currency. The transactional currency gains and losses that arise from transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of our operations are recorded in *Other income, net* in the consolidated statement of operations. We do not operate in countries that are considered to have hyperinflationary economies.

Noncontrolling Interests

The FASB issued authoritative guidance for noncontrolling interests in December 2007, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. The guidance clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, which is sometimes referred to as an unconsolidated investment, is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as a component of equity in the

consolidated financial statements. Among other requirements, the guidance requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest. It also requires disclosure, on the face of the consolidated income statement, of the amounts of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest. We adopted the provisions of the FASB guidance on January 1, 2009 and applied the provisions retrospectively. As a result, we have modified our consolidated statement of operations, consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of cash flows, and consolidated statement of equity to incorporate the required disclosure of noncontrolling interest information.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

We measure the available-for-sale securities held by our funeral merchandise and service, cemetery merchandise and service, and cemetery perpetual care trusts at fair value on a recurring basis in accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure (FVM&D) Topic of the ASC. This guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value. The guidance establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; and

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

An asset s or liability s categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Certain available-for-sale securities held by our funeral merchandise and service, cemetery merchandise and service, and cemetery perpetual care trusts have been classified in Level 3 of the hierarchy due to significant management judgment required as a result of the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, or the long-term nature of the securities. For additional disclosures required by FASB guidance for all of our available-for-sale securities, see Notes 4, 5, and 6.

On January 1, 2009, we adopted the guidance for our non-financial assets and liabilities, such as goodwill and property and equipment, that we disclose or recognize at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Our adoption for these assets and liabilities did not have a material impact on our results of operations, consolidated financial position, or cash flows.

In April 2009, the FASB issued additional guidance on how to determine the fair value of assets and liabilities in an environment where the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. The FASB guidance also re-emphasizes that the objective of a fair value measurement remains an exit price. The guidance, which was effective for us in the second quarter of 2009, did not have a material impact on our results of operations, consolidated financial position, or cash flows.

Funeral Operations

Revenue is recognized when funeral services are performed and funeral merchandise is delivered. We sell price-guaranteed preneed funeral contracts through various programs providing for future funeral services at prices prevailing when the agreements are signed. Revenues associated with sales of preneed funeral contracts are deferred until such time that the funeral services are performed. Sales taxes collected are recognized on a net basis in our consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to state or provincial law, all or a portion of the proceeds from funeral merchandise or services sold on a preneed basis may be required to be paid into trust funds. We defer investment earnings related to these merchandise and service trusts until the associated merchandise is delivered or services are performed. Costs related to sales of merchandise and services are charged to expense when merchandise is delivered and services are performed. See Note 4 for more information regarding preneed funeral activities.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Cemetery Operations

Revenue associated with sales of cemetery merchandise and services is recognized when the service is performed or merchandise is delivered. Revenue associated with sales of preneed cemetery interment rights is recognized in accordance with the Revenue Recognition Topic of the ASC. Under this guidance, revenue from constructed cemetery property is not recognized until 10% of the sales price has been collected. Revenue related to the preneed sale of unconstructed cemetery property is deferred until it is constructed and 10% of the sales price is collected. Revenue associated with sales of preneed merchandise and services is not recognized until the merchandise is delivered or the services are performed. For services and non-personalized merchandise (such as vaults), we defer the revenues until the services are performed and the merchandise is delivered. For personalized marker merchandise, with the customer s direction generally obtained at the time of sale, we can choose to order, store, and transfer title to the customer. In situations in which we have no further obligation or involvement related to the merchandise, we recognize revenues and record the cost of sales in accordance with the Revenue Recognition Topic of the ASC upon the earlier of vendor storage of these items or delivery in our cemetery. Sales taxes collected are recognized on a net basis in our consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to state or provincial law, all or a portion of the proceeds from cemetery merchandise or services sold on a preneed basis may be required to be paid into trust funds. We defer investment earnings related to these merchandise and services trusts until the associated merchandise is delivered or services are performed.

A portion of the proceeds from the sale of cemetery property interment rights is required by state or provincial law to be paid into perpetual care trust funds. Investment earnings from these trusts are distributed to us regularly, are recognized in current cemetery revenues, and are intended to defray cemetery maintenance costs, which are expensed as incurred. The principal of such perpetual care trust funds generally cannot be withdrawn.

Costs related to the sale of property interment rights include the property and construction costs specifically identified by project. At the completion of the project, construction costs are charged to expense in the same period revenue is recognized. Costs related to sales of merchandise and services are charged to expense when merchandise is delivered and when services are performed. See Notes 5 and 6 for more information regarding preneed cemetery activities.

Preneed Funeral and Cemetery Receivables

We sell preneed funeral and cemetery contracts whereby the customer enters into arrangements for future merchandise and services prior to the time of need. These receivables are considered past due after 30 days. As of December 31, 2010, \$597.2 million of our receivables were not past due, \$0.5 million were past due between 1 and 90 days, and \$102.0 million were past due for greater than 90 days. We recorded interest on these receivables on a cash, or non-accrual, basis. Based on historical experience, we have provided an allowance for cancellation on these receivables of \$77.8 million as of December 31, 2010. If a preneed contract is cancelled prior to delivery, state or provincial law determines the amount of the refund owed to the customer, if any, including the amount of the attributed investment earnings. Upon cancellation, we receive the amount of principal deposited to trust and previously undistributed net investment earnings and, where required, issue a refund to the customer. We retain excess funds, if any, and recognize the attributed investment earnings (net of any investment earnings payable to the customer) as revenue in our consolidated statement of operations. In certain jurisdictions, we may be obligated to fund any shortfall if the amounts deposited by the customer exceed the funds in trust.

Income Taxes

We compute income taxes using the liability method. Our ability to realize the benefit of our federal and state deferred tax assets requires us to achieve certain future earnings levels. We have established a valuation allowance against a portion of our deferred tax assets and we could be required to further adjust that valuation allowance if

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

market conditions change materially and future earnings are, or are projected to be, significantly different than our current estimates.

Variable Interest Entities

In June 2009, the FASB amended its authoritative guidance to improve financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities (VIE). Specifically, the amended guidance addresses: (1) the impact resulting from the elimination of the qualifying special-purpose entity concept in previously issued guidance, and (2) constituent concerns about the application of certain key provisions of the existing guidance on the consolidation of variable interest entities, including those in which the accounting and disclosures under the existing guidance do not always provide timely and useful information about an enterprise s involvement in a VIE. We adopted the amended guidance on January 1, 2010, and its adoption did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2009, the FASB issued additional guidance on improving financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities by clarifying the principal objectives of required disclosures, which include: (1) the significant judgments and assumptions made by a reporting unit, 2) the nature of restrictions on a consolidated VIE s assets reported by a reporting entity in its statement of financial position, including the carrying amounts of such assets and liabilities, (3) the nature of, and changes in, the risks associated with a reporting entity s involvement with the VIE, and (4) how a reporting entity s involvement with the VIE affects the reporting entity s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. We adopted the amended guidance on January 1, 2010, and its adoption did not impact our consolidated financial statements.



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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Changes

Business Combinations

In December 2010, the FASB proposed update for the Business Combinations Topic of the ASC on disclosure requirements of supplementary Pro Forma Information for Business Combinations. The amendments specify that if a public entity presents comparative financial statements, the entity would disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination(s) that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period only. The amended guidance is effective for us for all acquisitions occurring after January 1, 2011, if any, for which proforma information is required.

Receivables

In July 2010, the FASB amended the Receivables Topic of the ASC to require an entity to provide a greater level of disaggregated information about the credit quality of its financing receivables and its allowance for credit losses. The guidance also requires disclosing credit quality indicators, past due information, and modifications of its financing receivables. The amended guidance is effective for us with this annual report. See additional disclosures in Note 2.

In January 2011, the FASB amended the Receivables Topic of the ASC to defer the effective date of disclosures about troubled debt restructuring. The update proposed guidance to assist creditors in determining whether a modification of the terms of a receivable meets the criteria to be considered a troubled debt restructuring, both for purposes of recording an impairment and for disclosure of troubled debt restructurings. The amended guidance is effective for us in the second quarter of 2011. We do not believe this guidance will have any impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Stock-Based Compensation

In April 2010, the FASB issued additional guidance for the Compensation Stock Compensation Topic of the ASC to clarify classification of an employee stock-based payment award when the exercise price is denominated in the currency of a market in which the underlying equity security trades. This guidance becomes effective for us on January 1, 2011. We are currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value Measurements

In January 2010, the FASB amended the FVM&D Topic of the ASC to require additional disclosures on 1) transfers between levels, 2) Level 3 activity presented on a gross basis, 3) valuation techniques, and 4) inputs into the valuation. Except for Item 2 above, the additional disclosures were adopted in the first quarter of 2010 with no impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations. The disclosures in Item 2 will be required to be presented in the first quarter of 2011.

Multi-Deliverable Arrangements

In October 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which impacts the recognition of revenue in multi-deliverable arrangements. The guidance establishes a selling-price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable. The goal of this guidance is to clarify disclosures related to multi-deliverable arrangements and to align

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the accounting with the underlying economics of the multi-deliverable transaction. This guidance is effective for us in the first quarter of 2011, and its adoption will not impact our consolidated financial statements.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Preneed Funeral Activities

Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments

Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments represent trust investments, including investment earnings, and customer receivables, net of unearned finance charges, related to unperformed, price-guaranteed preneed funeral contracts. Our funeral merchandise and service trusts are variable interest entities as defined in the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. In accordance with this guidance, we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of these trusts, as we absorb a majority of the losses and returns associated with these trusts. Our cemetery trust investments detailed in Notes 5 and 6 are also accounted for as variable interest entities. When we receive payments from the customer, we deposit the amount required by law into the trust and reclassify the corresponding amount from *Deferred preneed funeral revenues* into *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust*. Amounts are withdrawn from the trusts after the contract obligations are performed. Cash flows from preneed funeral contracts are presented as operating cash flows in our consolidated statement of cash flows.

Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments are reduced by the trust investment earnings (realized and unrealized) that we have been allowed to withdraw in certain states prior to maturity. These earnings are recorded in *Deferred preneed funeral revenues* until the service is performed or the merchandise is delivered.

The table below sets forth certain investment-related activities associated with our preneed funeral merchandise and service trusts for the years ended December 31:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Deposits	\$ 80,027	\$ 85,901	\$ 93,586
Withdrawals	\$ 103,418	\$ 104,437	\$ 122,294
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	\$ 467,221	\$ 372,058	\$ 383,975
Sales of available-for-sale securities	\$ 479,128	\$ 398,984	\$ 382,940
Realized gains from sales of available-for-sale securities	\$ 36,807	\$ 28,715	\$ 46,703
Realized losses from sales of available-for-sale securities	\$ (46,601)	\$ (57,118)	\$ (76,192)

The components of *Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments* in our consolidated balance sheet at December 31 were as follows:

	2010 (In tho	usanc	2009 ls)
Trust investments, at market Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 875,043 121,223	\$	771,945 153,126
Insurance-backed fixed income securities Assets associated with businesses held for sale	220,287 (11)		214,255 (377)

Trust investments Receivables from customers Unearned finance charge	1,216,542 247,434 (5,620)	1,138,949 256,009 (6,129)
Allowance for cancellation	1,458,356 (33,799)	1,388,829 (32,476)
Preneed funeral receivables and trust investments	\$ 1,424,557	\$ 1,356,353

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The activity in *Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments* for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2010	(In	2009 thousands)	2008
Beginning balance Preneed funeral receivables and trust				
investments	\$ 1,356,353	\$	1,191,692	\$ 1,434,403
Net preneed contract sales	126,121		155,834	155,988
Cash receipts from customers	(99,142)		(118,049)	(119,981)
Deposits to trust	80,027		85,901	93,586
Acquisitions (dispositions) of businesses, net	29,607		(6,226)	23,838
Net undistributed investment earnings (losses)(1)	82,097		164,003	(217,767)
Maturities and distributed earnings	(140,593)		(141,135)	(144,257)
Change in cancellation allowance	(1,140)		(2,054)	(603)
Effect of foreign currency and other	(8,773)		26,387	(33,515)
Ending balance Preneed funeral receivables and trust				
investments	\$ 1,424,557	\$	1,356,353	\$ 1,191,692

(1) Includes both realized and unrealized investment earnings (losses).

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The cost and market values associated with our funeral merchandise and service trust investments recorded at fair market value at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are detailed below. Cost reflects the investment (net of redemptions) of control holders in common trust funds, mutual funds, and private equity investments. Fair market value represents the value of the underlying securities held by the common trust funds, mutual funds at published values, and the estimated market value of private equity investments. The fair market value of our funeral merchandise and service trust investments was 104% and 96% of the related cost basis of such investments as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

	December 31, 2010					
	Cost	Unrealized Gains (In the	Unrealized Losses pusands)	Fair Market Value		
Fixed income securities:						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 71,948	\$ 2,061	\$ (334)	\$ 73,675		
Canadian government	121,137	1,004	(20)	122,121		
Corporate	33,627	2,751	(285)	36,093		
Residential mortgage-backed	5,310	135	(22)	5,423		
Asset-backed	2,984	97	(2)	3,079		
Equity securities:						
Preferred Stock	2,835	296	(78)	3,053		
Common stock:						
United States	268,650	63,301	(8,391)	323,560		
Canada	22,452	4,542	(798)	26,196		
Other international	21,611	2,240	(2,330)	21,521		
Mutual funds:						
Equity	116,260	6,123	(18,289)	104,094		
Fixed income	134,181	6,316	(5,628)	134,869		
Private equity	27,864	1,395	(16,890)	12,369		
Other	8,833	615	(458)	8,990		
Trust investments	\$ 837,692	\$ 90,876	\$ (53,525)	\$ 875,043		

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

		December 31, 2009						
	Cost			realized Gains (In the		nrealized Losses nds)	Fair Market Value	
Fixed income securities:								
U.S. Treasury	\$	40,065	\$	1,258	\$	(65)	\$	41,258
Canadian government		104,713		1,430		(47)		106,096
Corporate		29,778		2,091		(21)		31,848
Residential mortgage-backed		6,573		119		(10)		6,682
Asset-backed		3,188		76				3,264
Equity securities:								
Common Stock:								
United States		284,392		37,212		(22,811)		298,793
Canada		25,535		2,707		(873)		27,369
Other international		17,336		1,324		(2,686)		15,974
Mutual funds:								
Equity		118,018		2,277		(27,153)		93,142
Fixed income		151,918		2,135		(18,586)		135,467
Private equity		24,445		1,529		(14,808)		11,166
Other		1,503		359		(976)		886
Trust investments	\$	807,464	\$	52,517	\$	(88,036)	\$	771,945

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities held by the common trust funds and mutual funds are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

Where quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, fair values are estimated by using either quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or an income approach fair value model with observable inputs that include a combination of interest rates, yield curves, credit risks, prepayment speeds, rating, and tax-exempt status. These funds are classified as Level 2 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

The valuation of private equity and other alternative investments requires significant management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, and the long-term nature of such assets. The fair value of these investments is estimated based on the market value of the underlying real estate and private equity investments. The underlying real estate value is determined using the most recent available appraisals. Private equity investments are valued using market appraisals or a discounted cash flow methodology, which is an income approach fair value model, depending on the nature of the underlying assets. The appraisals assess value based on a combination of replacement cost, comparative sales analysis, and discounted cash flow analysis. These funds are classified as Level 3 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

As of December 31, 2010, our unfunded commitment for our private equity and other investments was \$5.4 million which, if called, would be funded by the assets of the trusts. Our private equity and other investments include several funds that invest in limited partnerships, distressed debt, real estate, and mezzanine financing. These investments can never be redeemed by the funds. Instead, the nature of the investments in this category is that the distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the funds. We estimate that the underlying assets will be liquidated over the next 2 to 10 years.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our investments classified as Level 1 securities include common stock and mutual funds. Level 2 securities include U.S. Treasury, Canadian government, corporate, mortgage-backed fixed income securities, and preferred stock. Our private equity and other alternative investments are classified as Level 3 securities.

The inputs into the fair value of our market-based funeral merchandise and service trust investments are categorized as follows:

	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (In thou	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Isands)	Fair Market Value
Trust investments at December 31,				
2010	\$ 610,240	\$ 243,444	\$ 21,359	\$ 875,043
Trust investments at December 31,				
2009	\$ 570,745	\$ 189,148	\$ 12,052	\$ 771,945

The change in our market-based funeral merchandise and service trust investments with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Fair market value, beginning balance at January 1, Net unrealized losses included in <i>Accumulated other comprehensive</i>	\$ 12,052	\$ 40,880	\$ 37,865
income(1)	(3,949)	(9,205)	(5,920)
Net realized (losses) gains included in Other income, net(2)	(530)	(27)	420
Purchases, sales, contributions, and distributions, net	13,786	2,295	8,515
Transfers out of Level 3		(21,891)	
Fair market value, ending balance at December 31,	\$ 21,359	\$ 12,052	\$ 40,880

- (1) All unrealized losses recognized in *Accumulated other comprehensive income* for our funeral merchandise and service trust investments are attributable to our preneed customers and are offset by a corresponding reclassification in *Accumulated other comprehensive income* to *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust*.
- (2) All (losses) gains recognized in *Other income, net* for our funeral merchandise and service trust investments are attributable to our preneed customers and are offset by a corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net* to *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust*. See Note 7 for further information related to our

Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust.

Maturity dates of our fixed income securities range from 2011 to 2041. Maturities of fixed income securities at December 31, 2010 are estimated as follows:

	Va	Market alue ousands)
Due in one year or less Due in one to five years Due in five to ten years Thereafter	\$	136,409 48,019 36,815 19,148
	\$	240,391

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Earnings from all our funeral merchandise and service trust investments are recognized in funeral revenues when a service is performed or merchandise is delivered. In addition, we are entitled to retain, in certain jurisdictions, a portion of collected customer payments when a customer cancels a preneed contract; these amounts are also recognized in current revenues. Recognized earnings (realized and unrealized) related to our funeral merchandise and service trust investments were \$29.5 million, \$23.7 million, and \$37.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

We assess our trust investments for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. Impairment charges resulting from this assessment are recognized as investment losses in *Other income, net* and a decrease to *Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments*. These investment losses, if any, are offset by the corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net*, which reduces *Deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust*. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, we recorded an \$8.1 million, a \$22.5 million, and a \$9.1 million impairment charge for other-than-temporary declines in fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments.

We have determined that the remaining unrealized losses in our funeral merchandise and service trust investments are considered temporary in nature, as the unrealized losses were due to temporary fluctuations in interest rates and equity prices. The investments are diversified across multiple industry segments using a balanced allocation strategy to minimize long-term risk. We believe that none of the securities are other-than-temporarily impaired based on our analysis of the investments. Our analysis included a review of the portfolio holdings and discussions with the individual money managers as to the sector exposures, credit ratings, and the severity and duration of the unrealized losses. Our funeral merchandise and service trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, are shown in the following tables.

		Position	In Loss Greater	er 31, 2010 Position Than 12 nths	Тс	otal	
	Fair Market Unrealized		Fair Market	Unrealized	Fair Market		
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses usands)	Value	Losses	
Fixed income securities:							
U.S. Treasury	\$ 10,433	\$ (316)	\$ 393	\$ (18)	\$ 10,826	\$ (334)	
Canadian government	1,632	(2)	668	(18)	2,300	(20)	
Corporate	5,619	(285)			5,619	(285)	
Residential mortgage-backed	836	(9)	263	(13)	1,099	(22)	
Asset-backed Equity securities:	225	(1)	53	(1)	278	(2)	
Preferred Stock Common stock:	1,045	(78)			1,045	(78)	
United States	41,491	(3,019)	24,919	(5,372)	66,410	(8,391)	
Canada	4,493	(324)	1,361	(474)	5,854	(798)	

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Other international	5,251	(862)	3,446	(1,468)	8,697	(2,330)	
Mutual funds:							
Equity	3,778	(110)	61,844	(18,179)	65,622	(18,289)	
Fixed income	9,630	(156)	8,818	(5,472)	18,448	(5,628)	
Private equity	214	(71)	6,715	(16,819)	6,929	(16,890)	
Other	8	(2)	309	(456)	317	(458)	
Total temporarily impaired							
securities	\$ 84,655	\$ (5,235)	\$ 108,789	\$ (48,290)	\$ 193,444	\$ (53,525)	

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	In Loss Position Less Than 12 Months Fair				December In Loss Greater Mor Fair	Posi Tha nths	ition In 12	Total Fair			
		Market Value	-	nrealized Losses	Market Value	_	nrealized Losses		Market Value	-	nrealized Losses
					(In tho	usar	nds)				
Fixed income securities:											
U.S. Treasury	\$	2,707	\$	(40)	\$ 2,296	\$	(25)	\$	5,003	\$	(65)
Canadian government		5,367		(47)					5,367		(47)
Corporate		1,517		(21)					1,517		(21)
Mortgage-backed		1,494		(10)					1,494		(10)
Equity securities:											
Common stock:											
United States		67,044		(6,031)	56,926		(16,780)		123,970		(22,811)
Canada		4,153		(480)	2,879		(393)		7,032		(873)
Other international		3,491		(362)	6,115		(2,324)		9,606		(2,686)
Mutual funds:											
Equity		60,413		(24,928)	20,945		(2,225)		81,358		(27,153)
Fixed income		46,542		(10,471)	22,684		(8,115)		69,226		(18,586)
Private equity		1,801		(1,743)	3,067		(13,065)		4,868		(14,808)
Other		109		(203)	143		(773)		252		(976)
Total temporarily impaired											
securities	\$	194,638	\$	(44,336)	\$ 115,055	\$	(43,700)	\$	309,693	\$	(88,036)

Deferred Preneed Funeral Revenues

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, *Deferred preneed funeral revenues*, net of allowance for cancellation, represent future funeral revenues, including distributed trust investment earnings associated with unperformed trust-funded preneed funeral contracts that are not held in trust accounts. *Deferred preneed funeral revenues* are recognized in current funeral revenues when the service is performed or merchandise is delivered. Future funeral service revenues and net trust investment earnings that are held in trust accounts are included in *Deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust*.

The following table summarizes the activity in *Deferred preneed funeral revenues* for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

2010	2009	2008
	(In thousands)	

Beginning balance Deferred preneed funeral revenues, net	\$ 596,966	\$ 588,198	\$ 526,668
Net preneed contract sales	112,678	141,752	149,150
Acquisitions (dispositions) of businesses, net	26,816	(794)	41,469
Net investment earnings (losses)(1)	83,605	135,842	(191,601)
Recognized deferred preneed revenues	(151,484)	(153,382)	(162,409)
Change in cancellation allowance	(761)	(2,972)	(2,336)
Change in deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust	(69,694)	(117,181)	222,565
Effect of foreign currency and other	(17,903)	5,503	4,692
Ending balance Deferred preneed funeral revenues, net	\$ 580,223	\$ 596,966	\$ 588,198

(1) Includes both realized and unrealized investment earnings (losses).

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Insurance-Funded Preneed Funeral Contracts

Not included in our consolidated balance sheet are insurance-funded preneed funeral contracts that will be funded by life insurance or annuity contracts issued by third party insurers. Where permitted by state or provincial law, customers may arrange their preneed funeral contract by purchasing a life insurance or annuity policy from third-party insurance companies, for which we earn a commission as general sales agent for the insurance company. These general agency commissions (GA revenues) are based on a percentage per contract sold and are recognized as funeral revenues when the insurance purchase transaction between the customer and third-party insurance provider is completed. GA revenues recognized in 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$68.3 million, \$57.3 million, and \$51.5 million, respectively. Direct selling costs incurred pursuant to the sale of insurance-funded preneed funeral contracts are expensed as incurred. The policy amount of the insurance contract between the customer and the third-party insurance company generally equals the amount of the preneed funeral contract. We do not reflect the unfulfilled insurance-funded preneed funeral contract amounts in our consolidated balance sheet. The proceeds of the life insurance policies or annuity contracts will be reflected in funeral revenues as these funerals are performed by the Company.

5. Preneed Cemetery Activities

Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments

Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments represent trust investments, including investment earnings, and customer receivables, net of unearned finance charges, for contracts sold in advance of when the property interment rights, merchandise, or services are needed. Our cemetery merchandise and service trusts are variable interest entities as defined in the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. In accordance with this guidance, we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of these trusts, as we absorb a majority of the losses and returns associated with these trusts. The trust investments detailed in Notes 4 and 6 are also accounted for as variable interest entities. When we receive payments from the customer, we deposit the amount required by law into the trust and reclassify the corresponding amount from *Deferred preneed cemetery revenues* into *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust.* Amounts are withdrawn from the trusts when the contract obligations are performed. Cash flows from preneed cemetery contracts are presented as operating cash flows in our consolidated statement of cash flows.

Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments are reduced by the trust investment earnings (realized and unrealized) that we have been allowed to withdraw in certain states prior to maturity. These earnings are recorded in *Deferred preneed cemetery revenues* until the service is performed or the merchandise is delivered.

The table below sets forth certain investment-related activities associated with our preneed cemetery merchandise and service trusts for the years ended December 31:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Deposits	\$ 96,864	\$ 92,687	\$ 106,724

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Withdrawals	100,474	104,580	132,725
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	638,368	625,248	846,679
Sales of available-for-sale securities	592,813	593,133	424,009
Realized gains from sales of available-for-sale securities	43,413	44,972	47,411
Realized losses from sales of available-for-sale securities	(51,771)	(75,254)	(85,527)

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The components of *Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments* in the consolidated balance sheet at December 31 were as follows:

	2010 (In thou				
Trust investments, at market	\$	-,	\$	957,608	
Cash and cash equivalents		123,465		145,668	
Insurance backed fixed income securities		9,158		10,492	
Assets associated with businesses held for sale		(599)		(47,726)	
Trust investments		1,194,795		1,066,042	
Receivables from customers		452,296		396,918	
Unearned finance charges		(39,205)		(41,517)	
		1,607,886		1,421,443	
Allowance for cancellation		(43,993)		(38,726)	
Preneed cemetery receivables and trust investments	\$	1,563,893	\$	1,382,717	

The activity in *Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments* for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2010	(In	2009 thousands)	2008
Beginning balance Preneed cemetery receivables and trust				
investments	\$ 1,382,717	\$	1,062,952	\$ 1,428,057
Net preneed contract sales	423,985		408,328	424,939
Acquisitions of businesses, net	5,508		7,749	8,728
Net undistributed investment earnings (losses)(1)	121,225		271,804	(336,263)
Cash receipts from customers, net of refunds	(373,071)		(351,459)	(432,468)
Deposits to trust	96,864		92,687	106,724
Maturities, deliveries, and associated earnings	(100,474)		(104,580)	(132,725)
Change in cancellation allowance	(3,764)		(10,141)	8,328
Effect of foreign currency and other	10,903		5,377	(12,368)
Ending balance Preneed cemetery receivables and trust				
investments	\$ 1,563,893	\$	1,382,717	\$ 1,062,952

(1) Includes both realized and unrealized investment earnings (losses).

The cost and market values associated with our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments recorded at fair market value at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are detailed below. Cost reflects the investment (net of redemptions) of control holders in common trust funds, mutual funds, and private equity investments. Fair market value represents the value of the underlying securities held by the common trust funds, mutual funds at published values, and the estimated market value of private equity investments. The fair market value of our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments was 106% and 95% of the related cost basis of such investments as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	С	ost	-	Decembo nrealized Gains (In tho	Ur	nrealized Losses	Fair Market Value	
Fixed income securities:								
U.S. Treasury	\$	50,884	\$	2,493	\$	(307)	\$	53,070
Canadian government		15,669		362		(4)		16,027
Corporate		39,265		3,387		(402)		42,250
Residential mortgage-backed		863		31		(1)		893
Asset-backed		6,336		261		(5)		6,592
Equity securities:								
Preferred stock		4,577		453		(124)		4,906
Common stock:								
United States	3	86,537		82,385		(10,821)		458,101
Canada		17,279		3,869		(850)		20,298
Other international		31,466		2,485		(3,645)		30,306
Mutual funds:								
Equity	2	02,328		15,173		(18,569)		198,932
Fixed income	2	26,567		8,537		(9,959)		225,145
Private equity		19,596		13		(13,890)		5,719
Other		874		43		(385)		532
Trust investments	\$ 1,0	02,241	\$	119,492	\$	(58,962)	\$	1,062,771
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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	December 31, 2009									
	Cost	Unrealized Gains (In the			nrealized Losses nds)	Fair Market Value				
Fixed income securities:										
U.S. Treasury	\$ 32,084	\$	1,169	\$	(81)	\$	33,172			
Canadian government	15,664		224		(53)		15,835			
Corporate	9,065		438		(3)		9,500			
Residential mortgage-backed	1,460		19		(2)		1,477			
Asset-backed	6,476		193				6,669			
Equity securities:										
Common stock:										
United States	403,208		47,040		(26,962)		423,286			
Canada	18,653		2,021		(1,183)		19,491			
Other international	26,567		1,433		(3,841)		24,159			
Mutual funds:										
Equity	241,763		4,028		(38,093)		207,698			
Fixed income	233,999		2,699		(24,718)		211,980			
Private equity	14,968		8		(11,000)		3,976			
Other	1,230		34		(899)		365			
Trust investments	\$ 1,005,137	\$	59,306	\$	(106,835)	\$	957,608			

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities held by the common trust funds and mutual funds are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

Where quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, fair values are estimated by using either quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or an income approach fair value model with observable inputs that include a combination of interest rates, yield curves, credit risks, prepayment speeds, rating, and tax-exempt status. These funds are classified as Level 2 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

The valuation of private equity and other alternative investments requires significant management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, and the long-term nature of such assets. The fair value of these investments is estimated based on the market value of the underlying real estate and private equity investments. The underlying real estate value is determined using the most recent available appraisals. Private equity investments are valued using market appraisals or a discounted cash flow methodology, which is an income approach fair value model, depending on the nature of the underlying assets. The appraisals assess value based on a combination of replacement cost, comparative sales analysis, and discounted cash flow analysis. These funds are classified as Level 3 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

As of December 31, 2010, our unfunded commitment for our private equity and other investments was \$5.6 million which, if called, would be funded by the assets of the trusts. Our private equity and other investments include several funds that invest in limited partnerships, distressed debt, real estate, and mezzanine financing. These investments can never be redeemed by the funds. Instead, the nature of the investments in this category is that the distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the funds. We estimate that the underlying assets will be liquidated over the next 2 to 10 years.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our investments classified as Level 1 securities include common stock and mutual funds. Level 2 securities include U.S. Treasury, Canadian government, corporate, mortgage-backed and asset-backed fixed income securities, and preferred stock. Our private equity and other alternative investments are classified as Level 3 securities.

The inputs into the fair value of our market-based cemetery merchandise and service trust investments are categorized as follows:

	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (In thous	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) sands)	Fair Market Value
Trust investments at December 31, 2010	\$ 932,782	\$ 123,738	\$ 6,251	\$ 1,062,771
Trust investments at December 31, 2009	\$ 886,614	\$ 66,653	\$ 4,341	\$ 957,608

The change in our market-based cemetery merchandise and service trust investments with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Fair market value, beginning balance at January 1, Net unrealized losses included in <i>Accumulated other comprehensive</i>	\$ 4,341	\$ 31,837	\$ 21,809
income(1)	(4,304)	(14,039)	(3,109)
Net realized (losses) gains included in Other income, net(2)	(529)	(27)	325
Purchases, sales, contributions, and distributions, net	6,743	2,162	12,812
Transfers out of Level 3		(15,592)	
Fair market value, ending balance at December 31	\$ 6,251	\$ 4,341	\$ 31,837

- (1) All unrealized losses recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income for our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments are attributable to our preneed customers and are offset by a corresponding reclassification in Accumulated other comprehensive income to Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust. See Note 7 for further information related to our Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust.
- (2) All (losses) gains recognized in *Other income, net* for our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments are attributable to our preneed customers and are offset by a corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net*

to Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust. See Note 7 for further information related to our Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust.

Maturity dates of our fixed income securities range from 2011 to 2041. Maturities of fixed income securities (excluding mutual funds) at December 31, 2010 are estimated as follows:

	Fair Market Value (In thousands)
Due in one year or less Due in one to five years Due in five to ten years	\$ 1,807 53,223 39,018
Thereafter	24,784 \$ 118,832

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Earnings from all our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments are recognized in cemetery revenues when a service is performed or merchandise is delivered. In addition, we are entitled to retain, in certain jurisdictions, a portion of collected customer payments when a customer cancels a preneed contract; these amounts are also recognized in current revenues. Recognized earnings (realized and unrealized) related to our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments were \$15.1 million, \$8.6 million, and \$9.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

We assess our trust investments for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. Impairment charges resulting from this assessment are recognized as investment losses in *Other income, net* and a decrease to *Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments*. These investment losses, if any, are offset by the corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net*, which reduces *Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust*. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, we recorded a \$5.7 million, a \$41.2 million, and an \$11.4 million impairment charge for other-than-temporary declines in fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments.

We have determined that the remaining unrealized losses in our cemetery merchandise and service trust investments are considered temporary in nature, as the unrealized losses were due to temporary fluctuations in interest rates and equity prices. The investments are diversified across multiple industry segments using a balanced allocation strategy to minimize long-term risk. We believe that none of the securities are other-than-temporarily impaired based on our analysis of the investments. Our analysis included a review of the portfolio holdings and discussions with the individual money managers as to the sector exposures, credit ratings, and the severity and duration of the unrealized losses. Our cemetery merchandise and service trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, are shown in the following tables:

		In Loss	Posit	ion		Decembe In Loss Greater	Posit	ion				
	Less Than 12 Months						nths		Total			
		Fair			Fair		T T 11 1		Fair			
	Market		Market Unrealized Value Losses		Market Value		Unrealized Losses		Market Value		Unrealized Losses	
		value	L	08868		(In tho			value		LUSSES	
Fixed income securities:												
U.S. Treasury	\$	6,057	\$	(295)	\$	315	\$	(12)	\$	6,372	\$	(307)
Canadian government		2,908		(4)						2,908		(4)
Corporate		8,577		(402)						8,577		(402)
Residential mortgage-backed						20		(1)		20		(1)
Asset-backed		766		(4)		56		(1)		822		(5)
Equity securities:												
Preferred stock:		1,749		(124)						1,749		(124)
Common stock:												
United States		63,027		(4,450)		31,108		(6,371)		94,135		(10,821)

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Canada	3,131	(181)	1,475	(669)	4,606	(850)					
Other international	8,542	(1,403)	5,259	(2,242)	13,801	(3,645)					
Mutual funds:											
Equity	5,107	(112)	92,630	(18,457)	97,737	(18,569)					
Fixed income	25,887	(354)	14,600	(9,605)	40,487	(9,959)					
Private equity			5,557	(13,890)	5,557	(13,890)					
Other	7	(1)	303	(384)	310	(385)					
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 125,758	\$ (7,330)	\$ 151,323	\$ (51,632)	\$ 277,081	\$ (58,962)					

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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						Decembe	er 31	1, 2009				
		In Loss	Pos	ition		In Loss						
						Greater	Tha	an 12				
	I	Less Than	12	Months		Mo	5	Total				
		Fair				Fair				Fair		
	Market		Market Unrealized]	Market	Unrealized		N	Aarket	U	nrealized
		Value		Losses	Value		Losses		Value		Losses	
						(In tho	usai	nds)				
Fixed income securities:												
U.S. Treasury	\$	2,624	\$	(65)	\$	1,171	\$	(16)	\$	3,795	\$	(81)
Canadian government		5,262		(53)						5,262		(53)
Corporate		212		(3)						212		(3)
Residential mortgage-backed		267		(2)						267		(2)
Equity securities:												
Common stock:												
United States		106,741		(7,151)		69,731		(19,811)		176,472		(26,962)
Canada		4,445		(407)		2,587		(776)		7,032		(1,183)
Other international		7,453		(830)		9,177		(3,011)		16,630		(3,841)
Mutual funds:												
Equity		123,439		(33,152)		44,463		(4,941)		167,902		(38,093)
Fixed income		131,246		(16,036)		28,203		(8,682)		159,449		(24,718)
Private equity		2,398		(4,056)		1,571		(6,944)		3,969		(11,000)
Other		147		(252)		95		(647)		242		(899)
Total temporarily impaired												
securities	\$	384,234	\$	(62,007)	\$	156,998	\$	(44,828)	\$	541,232	\$	(106,835)

Deferred Preneed Cemetery Revenues

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, *Deferred preneed cemetery revenues*, net of allowance for cancellation, represent future cemetery revenues, including distributed trust investment earnings associated with unperformed trust-funded preneed cemetery contracts that are not held in trust accounts. *Deferred preneed cemetery revenues* are recognized in current cemetery revenues when the service is performed or merchandise delivered. Future cemetery revenues and net trust investment earnings that are held in trust accounts are included in *Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust*.

The following table summarizes the activity in *Deferred preneed cemetery revenues* for the years ended December 31:

2010	2009	2008
	(In thousands)	

Beginning balance Deferred preneed cemetery revenues	\$ 817,543	\$ 771,117	\$ 753,876
Net preneed and atneed deferred sales	349,786	342,984	338,114
Acquisitions of businesses, net	1,090	5,461	529
Net investment earnings (losses)(1)	117,331	242,483	(299,422)
Recognized deferred preneed revenues	(347,996)	(325,036)	(356,501)
Change in cancellation allowance	(2,457)	10,855	7,866
Change in deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust	(125,974)	(235,031)	330,333
Effect of foreign currency and other	4,170	4,710	(3,678)
Ending balance Deferred preneed cemetery revenues	\$ 813,493	\$ 817,543	\$ 771,117

(1) Includes both realized and unrealized investment earnings (losses).

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Cemetery Perpetual Care Trusts

We are required by state and provincial law to pay into cemetery perpetual care trusts a portion of the proceeds from the sale of cemetery property interment rights. Our cemetery perpetual care trusts are variable interest entities as defined in the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. In accordance with this guidance, we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of these trusts, as we absorb a majority of the losses and returns associated with these trusts. The merchandise and service trust investments detailed in Notes 4 and 5 are also accounted for as variable interest entities. We consolidate our cemetery perpetual care trust investments with a corresponding amount recorded as *Care trusts corpus*. Cash flows from cemetery perpetual care contracts are presented as operating cash flows in our consolidated statement of cash flows.

The table below sets forth certain investment-related activities associated with our cemetery perpetual care trusts for the years ended December 31:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Deposits	\$ 22,828	\$ 22,336	\$ 23,347
Withdrawals	41,418	31,196	31,628
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	442,219	369,536	218,140
Sales of available-for-sale securities	365,017	285,370	222,445
Realized gains from sales of available-for-sale securities	11,753	11,288	19,070
Realized losses from sales of available-for-sale securities	(9,792)	(20,512)	(32,312)

The components of *Cemetery perpetual care trust investments* in our consolidated balance sheet at December 31 were as follows:

	2010 (In the	2009 ousands)
Trust investments, at market Cash and cash equivalents Assets associated with business held for sale	\$ 922,228 64,791	\$ 814,640 92,153 (17,104)
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments	\$ 987,019	\$ 889,689

The cost and market values associated with our cemetery perpetual care trust investments recorded at fair market value at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are detailed below. Cost reflects the investment (net of redemptions) of control holders in common trust funds, mutual funds, and private equity investments. Fair market value represents the value of the underlying securities or cash held by the common trust funds, mutual funds at published values, and the estimated market value of private equity investments. The fair market value of our cemetery perpetual care trust investments was 103% and 95% of the related cost basis of such investments as of December 31, 2010 and 2009,

respectively.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	December 31, 2010								
		Unrealized		Fair Market					
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value					
		(In tl	housands)						
Fixed income securities:									
U.S. Treasury	\$ 5,6	51 \$ 863	\$ (31)	\$ 6,483					
Canadian government	26,7	02 642	(7)	27,337					
Corporate	48,2	78 5,219	(249)	53,248					
Residential mortgage-backed	1,7	64 55	(6)	1,813					
Asset-backed	3	63 5		368					
Equity securities:									
Preferred stock	7,7	89 1,385	(112)	9,062					
Common stock:									
United States	116,7	99 16,916	(6,640)	127,075					
Canada	11,5	10 2,510	(758)	13,262					
Other international	16,0	04 2,175	(1,845)	16,334					
Mutual funds:									
Equity	65,1	6,964	(7,239)	64,839					
Fixed income	562,8	79 24,773	(2,334)	585,318					
Private equity	23,4	28 351	(13,344)	10,435					
Other	8,4	75 836	(2,657)	6,654					
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments	\$ 894,7	56 \$ 62,694	\$ (35,222)	\$ 922,228					

	December 31, 2009 Unrealized Unrealized Fair M						
	Cost	Unrealized Gains (In tho	Fair Market Value				
Fixed income securities:							
U.S. Treasury	5,031	852	(9)	5,874			
Canadian government	26,688	378	(92)	26,974			
Corporate	40,703	3,079	(367)	43,415			
Residential mortgage-backed	1,923	35	(9)	1,949			
Asset-backed	520	8		528			
Equity securities:							
Preferred stock	5,803	1,389	(259)	6,933			
Common stock:							
United States	113,147	7,348	(12,016)	108,479			
Canada	10,016	677	(970)	9,723			
Other international	12,558	1,237	(2,450)	11,345			

Mutual funds:				
Equity	69,376	2,023	(15,598)	55,801
Fixed income	534,137	4,384	(9,845)	528,676
Private equity	28,853	394	(18,235)	11,012
Other	8,568	748	(5,385)	3,931
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments	\$ 857,323	\$ 22,552	\$ (65,235)	\$ 814,640
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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities held by the common trust funds and mutual funds are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

Where quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, fair values are estimated by using either quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or an income approach fair value model with observable inputs that include a combination of interest rates, yield curves, credit risks, prepayment speeds, rating, and tax-exempt status. These funds are classified as Level 2 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

The valuation of private equity and other alternative investments requires significant management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, and the long-term nature of such assets. The fair value of these investments is estimated based on the market value of the underlying real estate and private equity investments. The underlying real estate value is determined using the most recent available appraisals. Private equity investments are valued using market appraisals or a discounted cash flow methodology, which is an income approach fair value model, depending on the nature of the underlying assets. The appraisals assess value based on a combination of replacement cost, comparative sales analysis, and discounted cash flow analysis. These funds are classified as Level 3 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC.

Our private equity and other investments include several funds that invest in limited partnerships, distressed debt, real estate, and mezzanine financing. These investments can never be redeemed by the funds. Instead, the nature of the investments in this category is that the distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the funds. We estimate that the underlying assets will be liquidated over the next 2 to 10 years.

Our investments classified as Level 1 securities include common stock and mutual funds. Level 2 securities include U.S. Treasury, Canadian government, corporate, mortgage-backed and asset-backed fixed income securities, and preferred stock. Our private equity and other alternative investments are classified as Level 3 securities.

The inputs into the fair value of our market-based cemetery perpetual care investments are categorized as follows:

	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (In thou	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Isands)	Fair Market Value
Trust investments at December 31, 2010	\$ 806,828	\$ 98,311	\$ 17,089	\$ 922,228
Trust investments at December 31, 2009	\$ 714,024	\$ 85,673	\$ 14,943	\$ 814,640

The change in our market-based cemetery perpetual care trust investments with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Fair market value, beginning balance Net unrealized gains (losses) included in <i>Accumulated other</i>	\$ 14,943	\$ 48,276	\$ 32,644
comprehensive income(1)	7,018	(27,920)	(13,569)
Net realized (losses) gains included in Other income, net(2)	(2,613)	(121)	32
Purchases, sales, contributions, and distributions, net	(2,259)	1,920	29,169
Transfers out of Level 3		(7,212)	
Fair market value, ending balance	\$ 17,089	\$ 14,943	\$ 48,276
75			

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- (1) All unrealized gains (losses) recognized in *Accumulated other comprehensive income* for our cemetery perpetual care trust investments are offset by a corresponding reclassification in *Accumulated other comprehensive income* to *Care trusts corpus*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Care trusts corpus*.
- (2) All (losses) gains recognized in *Other income, net* for our cemetery perpetual care trust investments are offset by a corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net* to *Care trusts corpus*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Care trusts corpus*.

Maturity dates of our fixed income securities range from 2011 to 2041. Maturities of fixed income securities at December 31, 2010 are estimated as follows:

	Fair Marl Value (In thousar			
Due in one year or less	\$	5,477		
Due in one to five years		41,430		
Due in five to ten years		27,490		
Thereafter		14,852		
	\$	89,249		

Distributable earnings from these cemetery perpetual care trust investments are recognized in current cemetery revenues to the extent we incur qualifying cemetery maintenance costs. Recognized earnings related to these cemetery perpetual care trust investments were \$38.6 million, \$37.6 million, and \$36.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

We assess our trust investments for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. Impairment charges resulting from this assessment are recognized as investment losses in *Other income, net* and a decrease to *Cemetery perpetual care trust investments*. These investment losses, if any, are offset by the corresponding reclassification in *Other income, net*, which reduces *Care trusts corpus*. See Note 7 for further information related to our *Care trusts corpus*. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, we recorded a \$7.8 million, a \$13.1 million, and a \$2.0 million impairment charge for other-than-temporary declines in fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments.

We have determined that the remaining unrealized losses in our cemetery perpetual care trust investments are considered temporary in nature, as the unrealized losses were due to temporary fluctuations in interest rates and equity prices. The investments are diversified across multiple industry segments using a balanced allocation strategy to minimize long-term risk. We believe that none of the securities are other-than-temporarily impaired based on our analysis of the investments. Our analysis included a review of the portfolio holdings, and discussions with the individual money managers as to the sector exposures, credit ratings, and the severity and duration of the unrealized losses. Our cemetery perpetual care trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

values and the duration of unrealized losses for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, are shown in the following table:

	In Loss	Position	In Loss	er 31, 2010 Position Than 12				
	Less Than	12 Months	Mo	nths	Total			
	Fair		Fair		Fair			
	Market Value	Unrealized Losses	Market Value (In tho	Unrealized Losses usands)	Market Value	Unrealized Losses		
Fixed income securities:								
U.S. Treasury	\$ 1,669	\$ (31)	\$	\$	\$ 1,669	\$ (31)		
Canadian government	4,966	(7)			4,966	(7)		
Corporate	9,181	(221)	675	(28)	9,856	(249)		
Residential mortgage-backed	137	(2)	92	(4)	229	(6)		
Equity securities:								
Preferred stock	1,561	(90)	29	(22)	1,590	(112)		
Common stock:								
United States	15,419	(1,464)	16,419	(5,176)	31,838	(6,640)		
Canada	1,545	(82)	1,454	(676)	2,999	(758)		
Other international	3,175	(242)	2,383	(1,603)	5,558	(1,845)		
Mutual funds:								
Equity	866	(10)	29,974	(7,229)	30,840	(7,239)		
Fixed income	18,166	(134)	53,553	(2,200)	71,719	(2,334)		
Private equity	1	(1)	10,060	(13,343)	10,061	(13,344)		
Other	1	(2)	5,568	(2,655)	5,569	(2,657)		
Total temporarily impaired								
securities	\$ 56,687	\$ (2,286)	\$ 120,207	\$ (32,936)	\$ 176,894	\$ (35,222)		

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	In Loss Position					December 31, 2009 In Loss Position Greater Than 12							
	Less Than 12 Months					Months				Total			
		Fair				Fair			Fair				
]	Market Unrealized]	Market	Unrealized		Market		Unrealized			
		Value		Losses		Value		Losses	Value		Losses		
						(In tho	usai	nds)					
Fixed income securities:													
U.S. Treasury	\$	1,029	\$	(9)	\$		\$		\$	1,029	\$	(9)	
Canadian government		9,053		(92)						9,053		(92)	
Corporate		4,739		(92)		2,780		(275)		7,519		(367)	
Residential mortgage-backed		1,426		(9)						1,426		(9)	
Equity securities:													
Preferred stock		511		(47)		734		(212)		1,245		(259)	
Common stock:													
United States		19,069		(1,529)		31,553		(10,487)		50,622		(12,016)	
Canada		1,253		(229)		2,637		(741)		3,890		(970)	
Other international		1,102		(17)		3,086		(2,433)		4,188		(2,450)	
Mutual funds:													
Equity		21,152		(9,290)		16,051		(6,308)		37,203		(15,598)	
Fixed income		285,936		(7,512)		36,141		(2,333)		322,077		(9,845)	
Private equity		4,387		(7,249)		6,201		(10,986)		10,588		(18,235)	
Other		1,220		(2,017)		1,720		(3,368)		2,940		(5,385)	
Total temporarily impaired													
securities	\$	350,877	\$	(28,092)	\$	100,903	\$	(37,143)	\$	451,780	\$	(65,235)	

7. Deferred Preneed Funeral and Cemetery Receipts Held in Trust and Care Trusts Corpus

Deferred Preneed Funeral and Cemetery Receipts Held in Trust

We consolidate the merchandise and service trusts associated with our preneed funeral and cemetery activities in accordance with the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. Although the guidance requires the consolidation of the merchandise and service trusts, it does not change the legal relationships among the trusts, us, or our customers. The customers are the legal beneficiaries of these merchandise and service trusts, and therefore their interests in these trusts represent a liability to us.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The components of *Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust* in our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are detailed below.

	D Preneed Funeral	(mber 31, 201 Preneed Cemetery (In housands)	0	Total	D Preneed Funeral	(mber 31, 200 Preneed Cemetery (In housands)	9	Total
Trust investments Accrued trust operating payables, deferred tax assets,	\$ 1,216,542	\$	1,194,795	\$	2,411,337	\$ 1,138,949	\$	1,066,042	\$	2,204,991
and other	(975)		(2,288)		(3,263)	(1,449)		(2,139)		(3,588)
Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust	\$ 1,215,567	\$	1,192,507	\$	2,408,074	\$ 1,137,500	\$	1,063,903	\$	2,201,403

Care Trusts Corpus

The *Care trusts corpus* reflected in our consolidated balance sheet represents the cemetery perpetual care trusts, including the related accrued expenses.

The components of *Care trusts* corpus in our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are detailed below.

	Dec	ember 31, 2010 (In th	Decei ousands	mber 31, 2009
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments Accrued trust operating payables, deferred tax assets, and other	\$	987,019 (147)	\$	889,689 1,220
Care trusts corpus	\$	986,872	\$	890,909

Other Income, Net

The components of *Other income, net* in our consolidated statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 are detailed below. See Notes 4, 5, and 6 for further discussion of the amounts related to our

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funeral, cemetery, and cemetery perpetual care trusts.

	F	uneral	C	Year emetery	d December 31, Cemetery Perpetual)))ther,	
	,	Trusts		Trusts	are Trusts thousands)	t	Net	Total
Realized gains	\$	36,807	\$	43,413	\$ 11,753	\$		\$ 91,973
Realized losses and impairment charges Interest, dividend, and other		(54,736)		(57,520)	(17,563)			(129,819)
ordinary income		18,571		22,464	34,356			75,391
Trust expenses and income taxes		(4,920)		(9,708)	(1,872)			(16,500)
Net trust investment (loss) income Reclassification to deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust and care trusts		(4,278)		(1,351)	26,674			21,045
corpus		4,278		1,351	(26,674)			(21,045)
Other income, net				-			3,009	3,009
Total other income, net	\$		\$		\$	\$	3,009	\$ 3,009
				79				

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Year Ended December 31, 2009 Cemetery									
	F	uneral	C	Cemetery		Perpetual				
	,	Trusts		Trusts	Care Trusts		Other, Net			Total
		110505		11 usts		In thousands)		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Totai
Realized gains	\$	28,715	\$	44,972	\$	11,288	\$		\$	84,975
Realized losses and impairment		(79,594)		(116,499)		(33,579)				(229,672)
charges Interest, dividend, and other		(79,394)		(110,499)		(55,579)				(229,072)
ordinary income		21,694		25,273		37,436				84,403
Trust expenses and income taxes		(4,127)		(3,789)		(3,240)				(11,156)
Net trust investment (loss) income Reclassification to deferred preneed funeral and cemetery		(33,312)		(50,043)		11,905				(71,450)
receipts held in trust and care trusts corpus Other income, net		33,312		50,043		(11,905)		1,316		71,450 1,316
Total other income, net	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,316	\$	1,316

	Year Ended December 31, 2008 Cemetery							
	F	uneral	C	emetery		Perpetual	-	
	,	Trusts	r	Frusts		Care Trusts in thousands)	Other, Net	Total
Realized gains	\$	46,703	\$	47,411	\$	19,070	\$	\$ 113,184
Realized losses and impairment								
charges		(85,298)		(96,919)		(34,338)		(216,555)
Interest, dividend, and other								
ordinary income		43,265		31,894		37,177		112,336
Trust expenses and income taxes		(14,090)		(22,619)		(837)		(37,546)
Net trust investment (loss) income Reclassification to deferred preneed funeral and cemetery		(9,420)		(40,233)		21,072		(28,581)
receipts held in trust and care trusts corpus		9,420		40,233		(21,072)		28,581

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Other income, net			4,897	4,897
Total other income, net	\$ \$	\$ \$	4,897	\$ 4,897

8. Keystone Acquisition

In March 2010, pursuant to a tender offer, we acquired Keystone North America, Inc. (Keystone) for C\$8.07 per share in cash, resulting in a purchase price of \$288.9 million, which includes the refinancing of \$80.7 million of Keystone s debt.

We incurred acquisition costs of \$7.1 million of which \$3.7 million is included in *General and Administrative Expenses* for the year ended December 31, 2010, respectively, and the remainder was incurred in prior periods.

The primary reasons for the merger and the principal factors that contributed to the recognition of goodwill in this acquisition were:

the acquisition of Keystone enhances our network footprint, enabling us to serve a number of new, complementary areas;

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

combining the two companies operations provides synergies and related cost savings through the elimination of duplicate home office functions and economies of scale; and

the acquisition of Keystone s preneed backlog of deferred revenues enhances our long-term stability.

The following table summarizes the adjusted fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of March 26, 2010, for various purchase price allocation adjustments made subsequent to our first quarter results:

	(In t	housands)
Accounts receivable	\$	6,131
Other current assets		20,204
Cemetery property		19,949
Property and equipment, net		105,888
Preneed funeral and cemetery receivables and trust investments		66,395
Intangible assets		68,012
Deferred charges and other assets		6,533
Goodwill		107,908
Total assets acquired		401,020
Current liabilities		11,371
Long-term debt		2,548
Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery revenues and deferred receipts held in trusts		69,052
Deferred tax liability		20,939
Other liabilities		8,248
Total liabilities assumed		112,158
Net assets acquired	\$	288,862

The gross amount of accounts receivable is \$8.2 million, of which \$2.1 million is not expected to be collected. Included in Preneed funeral and cemetery receivables and trust investments are receivables under preneed contracts with a fair value of \$5.2 million. The gross amount due under the contracts is \$5.5 million, of which \$0.3 million is not expected to be collected.

We have not finalized our assessment of the fair values as there has been insufficient time between the acquisition date and the issuance of this Form 10-K to complete our review of individual contracts, agreements, and accounting records of Keystone.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Goodwill, land, and certain identifiable intangible assets recorded in the acquisition are not subject to amortization; however, the goodwill and intangible assets will be tested periodically for impairment as required by the Intangible Assets Topic of the ASC. Of the \$107.9 million in goodwill recognized, \$4.3 million was allocated to our cemetery segment and \$103.6 million was allocated to our funeral segment. As a result of the carryover of Keystone s tax basis, \$26.0 million of this goodwill is deductible for tax purposes. The \$68.0 million in identified intangible assets consists of the following:

	Useful Life (In thou	ir Value)	
Preneed customer relationships related to insurance claims	10 years	\$ 15,200	
Preneed deferred revenue	10 14 years	1,740	
Covenants-not-to-compete	5 15 years	13,332	
Operating leases	5 15 years	440	
Tradenames	5 years	3,600	
Tradenames	Indefinite	33,200	
Licenses and permits	Indefinite	500	
Total intangible assets		\$ 68,012	

Included in our results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 is revenue of \$83.7 million and net income of \$16.7 million for the period from the acquisition date (March 26, 2010) through December 31, 2010. The following unaudited pro forma summary presents financial information as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of each year presented for the consolidated company:

	2010	2009	
	(In thou	sands)	
Revenue Net income	\$ 2,220,204 \$ 129,970	\$ 2,176,166 \$ 141,177	

9. Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill for our funeral and cemetery reporting units are as follows (in thousands):

	Funeral	2010 Cemetery	Total	Funeral	2009 Cemetery	Total
Balance as of January 1:						

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Goodwill Accumulated	\$ 1,140,742	\$ 207,384	\$ 1,348,126	\$ 1,124,219	\$ 201,544	\$ 1,325,763
impairment losses		(146,794)	(146,794)		(146,794)	(146,794)
Increase in goodwill related to acquisitions Reduction of goodwill related to divestitures Effect of foreign currency and other	1,140,742	60,590	1,201,332	1,124,219	54,750	1,178,969
	114,020	6,076	120,096	13,661	2,602	16,263
	(16,581)	(3,388)	(19,969)	(11,682)	(44)	(11,726)
	6,025		6,025	14,544	3,282	17,826
	103,464	2,688	106,152	16,523	5,840	22,363
Balance as of December 31: Goodwill Accumulated impairment losses	1,244,206	210,072	1,454,278	1,140,742	207,384	1,348,126
		(146,794)	(146,794)		(146,794)	(146,794)
	\$ 1,244,206	\$ 63,278	\$ 1,307,484	\$ 1,140,742	\$ 60,590	\$ 1,201,332
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Income Taxes

The provision or benefit for income taxes includes U.S. federal income taxes (determined on a consolidated return basis), foreign income taxes, and state income taxes.

Income from continuing operations before income taxes for the years ended December 31 was comprised of the following components:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
United States Foreign	\$ 169,544 49,915	\$ 175,212 24,156	\$ 125,694 37,601
	\$ 219,459	\$ 199,368	\$ 163,295

Income tax provision (benefit) for the years ended December 31 consisted of the following:

	2010	(In	2009 thousands)	2008
Current: United States Foreign State	\$ 1,752 12,326 1,446	\$	13 9,200 9,196	\$	(60,270) 11,285 5,584
Total current income taxes	15,524		18,409		(43,401)
Deferred: United States Foreign State	\$ 64,814 185 11,935	\$	57,767 (806) 905	\$	99,752 645 8,721
Total deferred income taxes	76,934		57,866		109,118
Total income taxes	\$ 92,458	\$	76,275	\$	65,717

The current benefit associated with U.S. income taxes in 2008 reflects a refund of 2007 estimated taxes. We made income tax payments, net of refunds, of \$20.9 million, \$21.1 million, and \$20.1 million in 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The differences between the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate and our effective tax rate for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Computed tax provision at the applicable federal statutory income tax rate State and local taxes, net of federal income tax benefits	\$ 76,811 8,775	\$ 69,779 6,565	\$ 57,107 9,298
Dividends received deduction and tax exempt interest Foreign jurisdiction differences	(1,168) (3,101)	(947) (3,707)	(1,177) (4,975)
Permanent differences associated with dispositions Changes in uncertain tax positions Other	7,192 1,138 2,811	2,950 (134) 1,769	2,586 818 2,060
Provision for income taxes	\$ 92,458	\$ 76,275	\$ 65,717
Total effective tax rate	42.1%	38.3%	40.2%

Our 2010, 2009, and 2008 effective tax rate was negatively impacted by permanent book and tax basis differences related to North American asset divestitures. During 2010 we recognized U.S. tax on post-acquisition integration of certain keystone entities into SCI s structure. Our overall foreign tax expense increased in 2010 due to an increase in foreign earnings. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in foreign statutory rates. In 2010 our state tax expense was impacted by permanent items affecting our overall effective rate as well as an increase in state statutory tax rates. During 2009 we experienced a decrease in state tax expense due to a restructuring of some of our state operating entities.

During 2010, the Internal Revenue Service approved three requests for tax accounting method changes relating to the recognition of trust earnings accumulated in cemetery and funeral trusts, revenue from pre-need sales of cemetery merchandise, and revenue from non-trusted customer payments for pre-need funeral contracts. The effective date for these tax accounting method changes is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. In accordance with § 481(a) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code this adjustment recalculates the income previously recognized to determine what should have been recognized under the new tax accounting method. The cumulative impact of these accounting method changes resulted in an adjustment under § 481(a) for 2010 of \$190.3 million that represents a decrease in current year taxable income, a decrease in a previously recognized deferred tax asset related to deferred revenue, and an increase in our deferred tax asset related to our net operating loss carryover. Although these changes have no tax impact on the overall effective tax rate, there is a savings in cash taxes including SCI s eligibility for a quick refund of its 2010 Federal estimated tax payments of \$7.1 million which should be received in 2011. This refund has been reflected as a receivable in other current assets.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Deferred taxes are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates. The tax effects of temporary differences and carry-forwards that give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31 consisted of the following:

	2010	2009	
	(In thousands)		
Inventories and cemetery property, principally due to purchase accounting			
adjustments	\$ (344,160)	\$ (332,465)	
Property and equipment, principally due to differences in depreciation methods and			
purchase accounting adjustments	(170,305)	(150,312)	
Intangibles	(82,587)	(55,976)	
Payables, principally due to sales of cemetery interment rights and related products	(28,779)	(1,390)	
Deferred tax liabilities	(625,831)	(540,143)	
Loss and tax credit carry-forwards	235,393	180,897	
Deferred revenue on preneed funeral and cemetery contracts, principally due to	,		
earnings from trust funds	98,335	172,944	
Accrued liabilities	24,469	28,090	
Other	49,316	31,208	
Deferred tax assets	407,513	413,139	
Less: Valuation allowance	(63,614)	(68,192)	
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (281,932)	\$ (195,196)	

Deferred tax assets and Deferred income tax liabilities consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2010	2009
Current deferred tax assets Non-current deferred tax assets Non-current deferred tax liabilities	\$ 40,740 631 (323,303)	\$ 50,807 727 (246,730)
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (281,932)	\$ (195,196)

In addition to the loss and tax credit carry-forward amounts reflected as deferred tax assets in the table above, we have taken certain tax deductions related to the exercised employee stock options and vested restricted shares that are in excess of the stock-based compensation amounts recorded in our consolidated financial statements (windfall tax

benefits). Pursuant to the Stock Compensation Topic under the ASC, such windfall tax benefits are not recognized in our consolidated financial statements unless they reduce income taxes payable. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we have windfall tax benefits of \$9.5 million and \$8.1 million, respectively, which when realized will be recorded as a reduction to current taxes payable and credit to Capital in excess of par value in our consolidated financial statements.

During the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company underwent a restructuring of its Canadian subsidiaries. The restructuring triggered a U.S. dividend of \$6.9 million for which U.S. federal taxes have been provided for the year ended December 31, 2010. The dividend is less than current year earnings and other prior year earnings required to

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

be permanently reinvested. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, U.S. income taxes had not been provided on \$256.0 million and \$200.2 million, respectively, of the remaining undistributed earnings of our Canadian subsidiaries. We intend to permanently reinvest these undistributed foreign earnings in those businesses outside the United States. It is not practicable to determine the amount of federal income taxes, if any, that might become due if such earnings are repatriated.

The following table summarizes the activity related to our gross unrecognized tax benefits from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

		Federal, State and Foreign Tax (In thousands)		
Balance at January 1, 2008 Additions to tax positions related to prior years Reductions to tax positions related to acquired entities in prior years, offset to goodwill Statute expirations	\$	147,888 8,132 (8,700) (4,863)		
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	142,457		
Additions to tax positions related to the current year Additions to tax positions related to prior years Statute expirations		5,154 1,076 (4,243)		
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	144,444		
Additions to tax positions related to the current year Additions to tax positions related to prior years Statute expirations		10,215 110 (2,004)		
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	152,765		

Our total unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rates were \$39.3 million, \$41.2 million, and \$51.6 million as of December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

During 2010, in accordance with the Income Tax Topic under the ASC, we recorded an increase of \$10.3 million in our liability for unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$10.2 million was an increase to U.S. tax positions taken in the current year and \$0.1 million was an increase related to U.S. tax positions taken in prior years. In addition, we recorded a \$2.0 million decrease to our tax liability due to the expiration of statute of limitations on positions taken in previous fiscal years.

During 2009, we recorded an increase of \$6.3 million to our liability for unrecognized tax benefits of which \$1.1 million related to U.S. and foreign tax positions taken in previous fiscal years. In addition, we recorded a

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\$4.2 million decrease to our tax liability, due to the expiration of statute of limitation on positions taken in previous fiscal years.

Consistent with our historical financial reporting, we include potential accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits within our income tax provision account. We have accrued \$38.8 million, \$36.0 million and \$32.2 million for the payment of interest, net of tax benefits, and penalties as of December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. We recognized interest and penalties of \$3.6 million, \$3.8 million, and \$2.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. To the extent interest and penalties are not assessed with respect to uncertain tax positions or the uncertainty of deductions in the future, amounts accrued will be reduced and reflected as a reduction of the overall income tax provision.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We file income tax returns, including tax returns for our subsidiaries, with federal, state, local, and foreign jurisdictions. Our tax returns are subject to routine compliance review by the taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which we file tax returns in the ordinary course of business. We consider the United States to be our most significant tax jurisdiction; however, the taxing authorities in Canada and Spain are auditing various tax returns. Current audits are occurring in the United States and various state and foreign locations covering open tax years through 2008. The Internal Revenue Service is in various stages of auditing tax years 1999 through 2005. It is reasonably possible that changes to our global unrecognized tax benefits could be significant; however, due to the uncertainty regarding the timing of completion of audits and possible outcomes, a current estimate of the range of increases or decreases that may occur within the next twelve months cannot be made.

Various subsidiaries have foreign, federal, and state carry-forwards in the aggregate of \$3 billion with expiration dates through 2030. Such loss carry-forwards will expire as follows:

	Fe			State (In thous		State (In thous		reign	n Total	
2011 2012	\$	308 232	\$	19,161 60,475	\$		\$	19,469 60,707		
2013		1,733		15,174				16,907		
2014 Therese from	~	115	,	42,224		5 079		42,339		
Thereafter	2	297,759		2,585,295		5,978		2,889,032		
Total	\$ 3	300,147	\$ 2	2,722,329	\$	5,978	\$	3,028,454		

In addition to the above loss carry-forwards, we have \$65.5 million of foreign losses that have an indefinite expiration.

A valuation allowance has been established because more-likely-than-not uncertainties exist with respect to our future realization of certain loss carry-forwards. The valuation allowance is primarily attributable to state net operating losses and reflects our expectation that the net operating losses in certain jurisdictions will expire before we generate sufficient taxable income to utilize the losses. In 2010, we recorded a net \$0.5 million increase in our state valuation allowances, which is comprised of adjustments of \$0.3 million to goodwill related to the Keystone acquisition and a \$0.2 million increase in estimated net operating losses due to current year utilization and a \$0.5 million decrease in valuation allowances on federal operating losses due to current year utilization and a \$4.6 million decrease in foreign valuation allowances on tax losses in foreign jurisdictions primarily related to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. At December 31, 2010, our loss and tax credit carry-forward deferred tax assets and related valuation allowances by jurisdiction are as follows:

	Federal	State(1) (In tho	Foreign usands)	Total
Loss and tax credit carry-forwards	\$ 118,732	\$ 91,772	\$ 24,889	\$ 235,393
Valuation allowance	\$ 4,289	\$ 36,278	\$ 23,047	\$ 63,614

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(1) Presented net of Federal benefit

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Debt

Debt as of December 31 was as follows:

	2010 (In thou	2009 sands)	
7.875% Debentures due February 2013	8,557	32,127	
7.375% Senior Notes due October 2014	180,692	245,000	
6.75% Notes due April 2015	157,250	160,250	
6.75% Notes due April 2016	212,927	233,143	
7.0% Notes due June 2017	295,000	295,000	
7.625% Senior Notes due October 2018	250,000	250,000	
7.0% Senior Notes due May 2019	250,000		
8.0% Notes due November 2021	150,000	150,000	
7.5% Notes due April 2027	200,000	200,000	
Bank credit facility due November 2013		150,000	
Obligations under capital leases	118,339	142,946	
Mortgage notes and other debt, maturities through 2047	38,223	38,631	
Unamortized pricing discounts and other	(6,106)	(6,608)	
Total debt	1,854,882	1,890,489	
Less current maturities	(22,502)	(49,957)	
Total long-term debt	\$ 1,832,380	\$ 1,840,532	

Current maturities of debt at December 31, 2010 were primarily comprised of our capital lease obligations and mortgage notes. Our consolidated debt had a weighted average interest rate of 6.80% and 6.52% at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Approximately 93% and 85% of our total debt had a fixed interest rate at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The aggregate maturities of our debt for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2010 and thereafter (in thousands) are as follows:

2011	\$	22,502
2012	Ψ	18,615
2013		25,436
2014		226,325
2015		190,678
2016 and thereafter		1,371,326
	\$	1,854,882

Bank Credit Facility

We entered into a five-year \$450 million bank credit facility in November 2006 with a syndicate of financial institutions, comprised of a \$300 million bank credit facility and a \$150 million term loan facility, including a sublimit of \$175 million for letters of credit. In the fourth quarter of 2009, we amended our bank credit facility to increase the availability thereunder from \$300 million to \$400 million and extended the maturity date by two years to November 2013. We used the increased availability under our facility to prepay in full our privately placed \$150 million aggregate principal amount of Series B Senior Notes due November 2011.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, we had no outstanding cash advances but used it to support \$42.1 million of letters of credit. The bank credit facility provides us with flexibility for refinancing debt and acquisitions, if needed, and is guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries. The subsidiary guaranty is a guaranty of payment of the outstanding amount of the total lending commitment, including letters of credit. The bank credit facility contains certain financial covenants, including a minimum interest coverage ratio, a maximum leverage ratio, and certain dividend and share repurchase restrictions. We pay a quarterly fee on the unused commitment, which ranges from 0.50% to 0.625%. As of December 31, 2010, we have \$357.9 million in borrowing capacity under the facility.

Debt Issuances and Additions

In November 2010, we issued \$250.0 million of unsecured 7.0% Senior Notes due May 2019. The notes are subject to the provisions of the Company s Senior Indenture dated as of February 1, 1993, as amended, which includes covenants limiting, among other things, the creation of liens securing indebtedness and sale-leaseback transactions. We used the net proceeds from the offering to repay our indebtedness under our amended and restated credit facility and for general corporate purposes.

In November 2009, we issued \$150.0 million of unsecured 8.0% Senior Notes due 2021, which were held in escrow at December 31, 2009. On March 26, 2010, the net proceeds of these notes were released from escrow and used in connection with the closing of the Keystone acquisition. As a result, the proceeds were classified as *Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt* in our consolidated statement of cash flows at December 31, 2010. The notes are subject to the provisions of the Company s Senior Indenture dated as of February 1, 1993, as amended, which includes covenants limiting, among other things, the creation of liens securing indebtedness and sale-leaseback transactions.

Debt Extinguishments and Reductions

During 2010, we repaid \$260 million of amounts drawn on our bank credit facility and made debt payments of \$122.2 million, which included the following purchases on the open market:

\$25.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.875% Notes due February 2013;

\$70.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.375% Notes due October 2014;

\$3.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2015; and

\$20.1 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2016.

Certain of the above transactions resulted in the recognition of a loss of \$9.4 million recorded in (*Losses*) gains on early extinguishment of debt in our consolidated statement of operations, which represents the write-off of unamortized deferred loan costs of \$1.4 million and \$8.0 million in premium on the purchase of these notes.

During 2009, we made debt payments of \$269.2 million, including the following scheduled payments and purchases on the open market:

\$28.7 million balance of our 7.7% Notes due April 2009;

\$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of our Series B senior Notes due November 2011;

\$23.5 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.875% Debentures due February 2013;

\$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.375% Senior Notes due October 2014;

\$39.8 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2015;

\$16.9 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due April 2016; and

\$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.0% Notes due June 2017.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Certain of the above transactions resulted in the recognition of a \$3.1 million gain recorded in (*Losses*) gains on early extinguishment of debt during the year ended December 31, 2009, which represents the write-off of unamortized deferred loan costs of \$2.0 million and a \$5.1 million net discount on the purchase of the notes.

Capital Leases

In 2010, 2009, and 2008 we acquired \$22.8 million, \$64.1 million, and \$27.5 million, respectively, of transportation equipment using capital leases. See additional information regarding these leases in Note 13.

Additional Debt Disclosures

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, we have deposits of \$15.6 million and \$184.1 million, respectively, in restricted, interest-bearing accounts that were pledged as collateral for various credit instruments and commercial commitments. Our restricted cash is included in *Deferred charges and other assets* in our consolidated balance sheet. Unamortized pricing discounts, totaling \$6.1 million and \$6.6 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, primarily relate to our 7.0% Notes due June 2017, 7.0% Senior Notes due May 2019, and our 8.0% Senior Notes due November 2021.

We had assets of approximately \$3.6 million and \$2.5 million pledged as collateral for the mortgage notes and other debt at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Cash interest payments for the three years ended December 31 (in thousands) were as follows:

2010	\$ 125,138
2009	\$ 122,224
2008	\$ 131,844

Cash interest payments forecasted as of December 31, 2010 for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2010 (in thousands) are as follows:

2011	\$ 126,397
2012	\$ 126,409
2013	\$ 126,143
2014	\$ 124,604
2015	\$ 105,185
2016 and thereafter	\$ 425,835

12. Credit Risk and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value Estimates

The fair value estimates of the following financial instruments have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade

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receivables, and trade payables approximate the fair values of those instruments due to the short-term nature of the instruments. The fair values of receivables on preneed funeral contracts and cemetery contracts are impracticable to estimate because of the lack of a trading market and the diverse number of individual contracts with varying terms.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The fair value of our debt instruments at December 31 was as follows:

	2010	2009	
	(In thousands)		
7.875% Debentures due February 2013	9,092	31,330	
7.375% Senior Notes due October 2014	194,244	247,450	
6.75% Notes due April 2015	161,968	157,846	
6.75% Notes due April 2016	216,653	222,069	
7.0% Notes due June 2017	302,375	289,100	
7.625% Senior Notes due October 2018	262,500	250,625	
7.0% Senior Notes due May 2019	251,250		
8.0% Notes due November 2021	158,063	148,500	
7.5% Notes due April 2027	194,920	179,000	
Bank credit facility due November 2013		148,875	
Mortgage notes and other debt, maturities through 2047	37,991	34,898	
Total fair value of debt instruments	\$ 1,789,056	\$ 1,709,693	

The fair values of our long-term, fixed rate securities were estimated using market prices for those securities, and therefore they are classified within Level 1 of the Fair Value Measurements hierarchy as required by the FVM&D Topic of the ASC. The bank credit facility and the mortgage and other debt are classified within Level 3 of the Fair Value Measurements hierarchy. The fair values of these instruments have been estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on our incremental borrowing rate for similar borrowing arrangements.

Credit Risk Exposure

Our cash deposits, some of which exceed insured limits, are distributed among various market and national banks in the jurisdictions in which we operate. In addition, we regularly invest excess cash in financial instruments which are not insured, such as money-market funds and Eurodollar time deposits, that are offered by a variety of reputable financial institutions and commercial paper that is offered by corporations with quality credit ratings. We believe that the credit risk associated with such instruments is minimal.

We grant credit to customers in the normal course of business. The credit risk associated with our funeral, cemetery, and preneed funeral and preneed cemetery receivables due from customers is generally considered minimal because of the diversification of the customers served. Furthermore, bad debts have not been significant relative to the volume of deferred revenues. Customer payments on preneed funeral or preneed cemetery contracts that are either placed into state-regulated trusts or used to pay premiums on life insurance contracts generally do not subject us to collection risk. Insurance-funded contracts are subject to supervision by state insurance departments and are protected in the majority of states by insurance guaranty acts.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

Our leases principally relate to funeral home facilities and transportation equipment. The majority of our lease arrangements contain options to (i) purchase the property at fair value on the exercise date, (ii) purchase the property for a value determined at the inception of the lease, or (iii) renew the lease for the fair rental value at the end of the primary lease term. Rental expense for operating leases was \$24.7 million, \$22.8 million, and \$26.9 million for the

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, future minimum lease payments for non-cancelable operating and capital leases exceeding one year were as follows:

	Operating (In the	Capital ousands)
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 and thereafter	\$ 10,645 9,363 8,667 7,396 5,674 44,648	\$ 23,644 19,453 16,065 21,974 35,027 18,483
Total	\$ 86,393	\$ 134,646
Less: Interest on capital leases		(16,307)
Total principal payable on capital leases		\$ 118,339

Management, Consulting, and Non-Competition Agreements

We have entered into management, employment, consulting, and non-competition agreements, generally for five to ten years, with certain officers and employees and former owners of businesses that we acquired. At December 31, 2010, the maximum estimated future cash commitments under agreements with remaining commitment terms, and with original terms of more than one year, were as follows:

	Emp	oloyment	Cor	nsulting (In tl	Non-(housand	Competition s)	r	Fotal
2011	\$	2,505	\$	627	\$	3,225	\$	6,357
2012		2,340		354		2,864		5,558
2013		1,032		210		2,370		3,612
2014		902		129		1,973		3,004
2015		355		84		1,535		1,974
2016 and thereafter		664		99		6,035		6,798
Total	\$	7,798	\$	1,503	\$	18,002	\$	27,303

Insurance Loss Reserves

We purchase comprehensive general liability, morticians and cemetery professional liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation insurance coverage structured with high deductibles. The high-deductible insurance program means we are primarily self-insured for claims and associated costs and losses covered by these policies. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we have self-insurance reserves of \$53.9 million and \$57.9 million, respectively.

Litigation

We are a party to various litigation matters, investigations, and proceedings. For each of our outstanding legal matters, we evaluate the merits of the case, our exposure to the matter, possible legal or settlement strategies, and the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome. We intend to vigorously defend ourselves in the lawsuits described herein; however, if we determine that an unfavorable outcome is probable and can be reasonably estimated, we establish the necessary accruals. We hold certain insurance policies that may reduce cash outflows with respect to an adverse

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

outcome of certain of these litigation matters. We accrue such insurance recoveries when they become probable of being paid and can be reasonably estimated.

Burial Practices Claims. We are named as a defendant in various lawsuits alleging improper burial practices at certain of our cemetery locations. These lawsuits include but are not limited to the *Garcia* and *Sands* lawsuits described in the following paragraphs.

Reyvis Garcia and Alicia Garcia v. Alderwoods Group, Inc., Osiris Holding of Florida, Inc, a Florida corporation, d/b/a Graceland Memorial Park South, f/k/a Paradise Memorial Gardens, Inc., was filed in December 2004, in the Circuit Court of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit in and for Miami-Dade County, Florida, Case No. 04-25646 CA 32. Plaintiffs are the son and sister of the decedent, Eloisa Garcia, who was buried at Graceland Memorial Park South in March 1986, when the cemetery was owned by Paradise Memorial Gardens, Inc. Initially, the suit sought damages on the individual claims of the plaintiffs relating to the burial of Eloisa Garcia. Plaintiffs claimed that due to poor recordkeeping, spacing issues and maps, and the fact that the family could not afford to purchase a marker for the grave, the burial location of the decedent could not be readily located. Subsequently, the decedent s grave was located and verified. In July 2006, plaintiffs amended their complaint, seeking to certify a class of all persons buried at this cemetery. Plaintiffs subsequently filed a third amended class action complaint and added two additional named plaintiffs. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages, as well as equitable and injunctive relief. No class has been certified in this matter. We cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, for the payment of any damages.

F. Charles Sands, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. Eden Memorial Park, et al.; Case No. BC421528; in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles Central District. This case was filed in September 2009 against SCI and certain subsidiaries regarding our Eden Memorial Park cemetery in Mission Hills, California. The plaintiff seeks to certify a class of cemetery plot owners and their families. The plaintiff also seeks the appointment of a receiver to oversee cemetery operations. The plaintiff claims the cemetery damaged and desecrated burials in order to prepare adjoining graves for subsequent burials. Since the case is in its preliminary stages, we cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, for the payment of any damages.

Antitrust Claims. We are named as a defendant in an antitrust case filed in 2005. The case is Cause No 4:05-CV-03394; *Funeral Consumers Alliance, Inc. v. Service Corporation International, et al.*; in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas Houston (Funeral Consumers Case). This was a purported class action on behalf of casket consumers throughout the United States alleging that we and several other companies involved in the funeral industry violated federal antitrust laws and state consumer laws by engaging in various anti-competitive conduct associated with the sale of caskets. Based on the case proceeding as a class action, the plaintiffs filed an expert report indicating that the damages sought from all defendants range from approximately \$950 million to \$1.5 billion, before trebling. However, the trial court denied the plaintiffs motion to certify the case as a class action. We deny that we engaged in anticompetitive practices related to our casket sales and we have filed reports of our experts, which vigorously dispute the validity of the plaintiffs filed an appeal on October 19, 2010.

Wage and Hour Claims. We are named a defendant in various lawsuits alleging violations of federal and state laws regulating wage and hour overtime pay, including but not limited to the *Prise, Bryant, Bryant, Helm, and Stickle* lawsuits described in the following paragraphs.

Prise, et al., v. Alderwoods Group, Inc., and Service Corporation International; Cause No. 06-164; in the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania (the Wage and Hour Lawsuit). The Wage and Hour Lawsuit was filed by two former Alderwoods (Pennsylvania), Inc. employees in December 2006 and purports to have been brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) on behalf of all Alderwoods and SCI-affiliated employees who performed work for which they were not fully compensated, including work for

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

which overtime pay was owed. The court has conditionally certified a class of claims as to certain job positions for Alderwoods employees.

Plaintiffs allege causes of action for violations of the FLSA, failure to maintain proper records, breach of contract, violations of state wage and hour laws, unjust enrichment, fraud and deceit, quantum meruit, negligent misrepresentation, and negligence. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, unpaid wages, liquidated, compensatory, consequential and punitive damages, attorneys fees and costs, and pre- and post-judgment interest. We cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, in this lawsuit.

Bryant, et al. v. Alderwoods Group, Inc., Service Corporation International, et al.; Case No. 3:07-CV-5696-SI; in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. This lawsuit was filed on November 8, 2007 against SCI and various subsidiaries and individuals. It is related to the Wage and Hour Lawsuit, raising similar claims and brought by the same attorneys. This lawsuit has been transferred to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania and is now Case No. 08-CV-00891-JFC. We cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, in this lawsuit.

Bryant, et al. v. Service Corporation International, et al.; Case No. RG-07359593; and *Helm, et al. v. AWGI & SCI*; Case No. RG-07359602; in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Alameda. These cases were filed on December 5, 2007 by counsel for plaintiffs in the Wage and Hour Lawsuit. These cases assert state law claims similar to the federal claims asserted in the Wage and Hour Lawsuit. These cases were removed to federal court in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, San Francisco/Oakland Division. The *Bryant* case is now Case No. 3:08-CV-01190-SI and the *Helm* case is now Case No. C 08-01184-SI. On December 29, 2009, the court in the *Helm* case denied the plaintiffs motion to certify the case as a class action. The plaintiffs have modified and refiled their motion for certification. The plaintiffs have also filed 21 additional lawsuits with similar allegations seeking class certification of state law claims in different states. We cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, in these lawsuits.

Stickle, et al. v. Service Corporation International, et al.; Case No. 08-CV-83; in the U.S. District Court for Arizona, Phoenix Division. Counsel for plaintiffs in the Wage and Hour Lawsuit filed this case on January 17, 2008, against SCI and various related entities and individuals asserting FLSA and other ancillary claims based on the alleged failure to pay for overtime. In September 2009, the Court conditionally certified a class of claims as to certain job positions of SCI affiliated employees. We cannot quantify our ultimate liability, if any, in this lawsuit.

The ultimate outcome of the matters described above cannot be determined at this time. We intend to vigorously defend all of the above lawsuits; however, an adverse decision in one or more of such matters could have a material effect on us, our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

14. Equity

(All shares reported in whole numbers)

Share Authorization

We are authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$1 per share par value. No preferred shares were issued as of December 31, 2010 or 2009. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, 500,000,000 common shares of \$1 par

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value were authorized. We had 241,035,250 and 254,017,384 shares issued and outstanding, net of 984,400 and 10,000 shares held in treasury at par at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Our components of Accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

	C Tr	Foreign Currency canslation ljustment	on Gains and		and Compresses (Loss)	
Balance at December 31, 2007 Activity in 2008 Reduction in net unrealized gains associated with	\$	152,590 (115,941)	\$		\$	152,590 (115,941)
available-for-sale securities of the trusts, net of taxes Reclassification of net unrealized losses activity attributable to the <i>Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in</i>				(605,355)		(605,355)
trust and Care trusts corpus, net of taxes				605,355		605,355
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	36,649	\$		\$	36,649
Activity in 2009		60,493				60,493
Reduction in net unrealized gains associated with available-for-sale securities of the trusts, net of taxes Reclassification of net unrealized losses activity attributable to the <i>Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in</i>				323,131		323,131
trust and Care trusts corpus, net of taxes				(323,131)		(323,131)
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	97,142	\$		\$	97,142
Activity in 2010 Increase in net unrealized gains associated with available-for-		15,626				15,626
sale securities of the trusts, net of taxes Reclassification of net unrealized gains activity attributable to the <i>Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in</i>				147,688		147,688
trust and Care trusts corpus, net of taxes				(147,688)		(147,688)
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	112,768	\$		\$	112,768

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars using the current exchange rate. The U.S. dollar amount that arises from such translation, as well as exchange gains and losses on intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature, are included in the cumulative currency translation adjustments in *Accumulated other comprehensive income*. Income taxes are generally not provided for foreign currency translation.

Share Repurchase Program

Subject to market conditions, normal trading restrictions, and limitations in our debt covenants, we may make purchases in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions under our share repurchase program. During 2010, we repurchased 13,927,510 shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$116.2 million, which is an average cost per share of \$8.34. During 2009, we did not repurchase any shares of our common stock. During 2008, we repurchased 17,683,747 shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$142.2 million including commissions, or an average cost per share of \$8.03. In November 2010, our Board of Directors approved an increase in our share repurchase program authorizing the investment of up to an additional \$171.5 million to repurchase our common stock. The remaining dollar value of shares authorized to be purchased under the share repurchase program was \$178.8 million at December 31, 2010.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Subsequent to December 31, 2010, we repurchased an additional 1,845,373 shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$15.6 million including commissions (average cost per share of \$8.44). After these purchases, the remaining dollar value of shares authorized to be purchased under our share repurchase program was approximately \$163.2 million.

Cash Dividends

On November 10, 2010, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$.04 per common share. At December 31, 2010, this dividend totaling \$9.6 million was recorded in *Accounts payable and accrued liabilities* and *Capital in Excess of Par Value* in our consolidated balance sheet. We paid this dividend subsequent to December 31, 2010. We paid \$40.0 million, \$40.2 million, and \$41.5 million in cash dividends in 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. On February 9, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$.05 per common share payable on April 30, 2011 to stockholders of record as of April 15, 2011.

15. Share-Based Compensation

Stock Benefit Plans

We maintain benefit plans whereby shares of our common stock may be issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options or restricted stock granted to officers and key employees. Our Amended 1996 Incentive Plan reserves 34,000,000 shares of common stock for outstanding and future awards of stock options, restricted stock, and other stock based awards to officers and key employees.

Our benefit plans allow for options to be granted as either non-qualified or incentive stock options. The options historically have been granted annually, or upon hire, as approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of our common stock on the date the grant, as approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The options are generally exercisable at a rate of 331/3% each year unless alternative vesting methods are approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Restricted stock awards are generally expensed to income ratably over the period during which the restrictions lapse. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, 4,297,186 and 7,157,477 shares, respectively, were reserved for future option and restricted stock grants under our stock benefit plans.

We utilize the Black-Scholes option valuation model for estimating the fair value of our stock options. This model allows the use of a range of assumptions related to volatility, risk-free interest rate, expected holding period, and dividend yield. The expected volatility utilized in the valuation model is based on the historical volatility of our stock price. The dividend yield and expected holding period are based on historical experience and management s estimate of future events. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the U.S. Treasury yield curve based on the expected life of the option in effect at the time of grant. The fair values of our stock options are calculated using the following weighted average assumptions, based on the methods described above for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008:

	Years Ended December 31,	
2010	2009	2008

Assumptions

Dividend yield	1.9%	3.5%	1.3%
Expected volatility	37.5%	32.3%	45.9%
Risk-free interest rate	2.3%	1.8%	2.9%
Expected holding period	5.0 years	5.0 years	5.7 years
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table summarizes certain information with respect to stock option and restricted share compensation for 2010, 2009, and 2008, as included in our consolidated statement of operations for those respective periods:

	2010	December 31, 2009 (In thousands)	2008
Total pretax employee share-based compensation expense included in net			
income	\$ 8,878	\$ 9,684	\$ 9,261
Income tax benefit related to share-based compensation included in net			
income	\$ 3,740	\$ 3,705	\$ 3,732

We realized windfall tax deductions of \$2.7 million, \$7.1 million, and \$17.9 million in excess of previously recorded tax benefits, based on the option and restricted share value at the time of grant for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. Pursuant to the Stock-Based Compensation Topic of the ASC, the additional tax benefit associated with the windfall is not recognized until the deduction reduces taxes payable.

Stock Options

The following table sets forth stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2010:

(Shares reported in whole numbers and not in thousands)

	Options	Weighted-AvOptionsExercise P	
Outstanding at December 31, 2009	10,495,142	\$	7.36
Granted	2,255,120	\$	7.66
Exercised	(416,469)	\$	4.04
Expired	(21,010)	\$	7.28
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	12,312,783	\$	7.53
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	6,990,732	\$	8.47

No stock options were forfeited during the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. The aggregate intrinsic value for stock options outstanding and exercisable was \$19.0 million and \$7.0 million, respectively, at December 31, 2010. Set forth below is certain information related to stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2010:

(Shares reported in whole numbers and not in thousands)

	Op Number Outstanding	tions Outstandi Weighted-	ng		Options E Number Exercisable	xercis	sable
	at December 31,	Average Remaining Contractual	A	eighted- verage xercise	at December 31,	A	eighted- verage xercise
Range of Exercise Price	2010	Life]	Price	2010]	Price
\$4.01 6.00	3,911,794	6.0	\$	4.19	1,293,314	\$	4.20
\$6.01 9.00	4,927,989	4.6	\$	7.62	2,701,769	\$	7.61
\$9.01 15.00	3,473,000	4.6	\$	11.15	2,995,649	\$	11.10
\$4.01 15.00	12,312,783	5.0	\$	7.53	6,990,732	\$	8.47
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other information pertaining to option activity during the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2010	2009	2008
Weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted	\$ 2.31	\$ 0.87	\$ 4.78
Total fair value of stock options vested (in thousands)	\$ 6,022	\$ 6,439	\$ 5,627
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised (in thousands)	\$ 1,804	\$ 7,001	\$ 16,559

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$1.8 million, \$17.4 million, and \$14.8 million, respectively. We recognized compensation expense of \$5.3 million, \$6.5 million, and \$6.2 million related to stock options for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, the unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options of \$5.2 million is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.3 years.

Restricted Shares

Restricted share activity was as follows:

(Shares reported in whole numbers)

	Restricted Shares	Ğr	ited-Average ant-Date iir Value
Nonvested restricted shares at December 31, 2009 Granted	1,101,440 532,050	\$ \$	6.01 7.66
Vested	(466,217)	\$	7.05
Nonvested restricted shares at December 31, 2010	1,167,273	\$	6.35

The fair market value of our restricted stock, as determined on the grant date, is being amortized and charged to income (with an offsetting credit to *Capital in excess of par value*) generally over the average period during which the restrictions lapse. At December 31, 2010, unrecognized compensation expense of \$4.3 million related to restricted shares, which is recorded in *Capital in excess of par value* on our balance sheet, is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.3 years. We recognized compensation expense of \$3.6 million, \$3.2 million, and \$3.0 million during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively, related to our restricted shares.

16. Retirement Plans

We currently have a supplemental retirement plan for certain current and former key employees (SERP), a supplemental retirement plan for officers and certain key employees (Senior SERP), a retirement plan for certain non-employee directors (Directors Plan), a Retirement Plan for Rose Hills Trustees, and a Rose Hills Supplemental

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Retirement Plan (Rose Hills SERP) (collectively, the Plans). We also provide a 401(k) employee savings plan. We terminated the Employee Retirement Plan of Rose Hills in 2008. All of our Plans have a measurement date of December 31.

The Plans are frozen; therefore, the participants do not earn incremental benefits from additional years of service, and we do not incur any additional service cost since December 31, 2000.

Retirement benefits under the SERP are based on years of service and average monthly compensation, reduced by benefits under Social Security. The Senior SERP provides retirement benefits based on years of service and position. The Directors Plan provides for an annual benefit to directors following retirement, based on a vesting schedule.

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The components of the Plans net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2010	2009 housand	2008
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation Actual return on plan assets	\$ 1,498	\$ 1,849	\$ 2,590 (294)
Recognized net actuarial losses (gains) Plan dissolution and other	534	2,197	(2,512) 1,968
	\$ 2,032	\$ 4,046	\$ 1,752

The Plans funded status at December 31 was as follows:

	2010 (In thou	isan	2009 ds)
Change in Benefit Obligation:			
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 32,891	\$	32,951
Interest cost	1,498		1,849
Actuarial loss	846		2,518
Benefits paid	(3,858)		(4,427)
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 31,377	\$	32,891
Change in Plan Assets:			
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	\$	
Employer contributions	3,858		4,427
Benefits paid, including expenses	(3,858)		(4,427)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	\$	
Funded status of plan	\$ (31,377)	\$	(32,891)
Net amount recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheet	\$ (31,377)	\$	(32,891)
Funding Summary:			
Projected benefit obligations	\$ 31,377	\$	32,891
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 31,377	\$	32,891
Amounts Recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheet:			
Accrued benefit liability	\$ (31,377)	\$	(32,891)

The retirement benefits under the Plans are unfunded obligations of the Company. We have purchased various life insurance policies on the participants in the Plans with the intent to use the proceeds or any cash value buildup from such policies to assist in meeting, at least to the extent of such assets, the Plan s funding requirements. The face value of these insurance policies at December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$51.6 million and \$54.7 million, respectively, and the cash surrender value was \$37.3 million and \$37.6 million, respectively. The outstanding loans against the policies are minimal and there are no restrictions in the policies regarding loans.

The Plans weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation and net benefit cost are as follows: we base our discount rate used to compute future benefit obligations using an analysis of expected future benefit payments. The reasonableness of our discount rate is verified by comparing the rate to the rate earned on high-quality fixed income investments, such as the Moody s Aa index, plus 50 basis points. The assumed rate of

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

return on plan assets was not applicable as we pay plan benefits as they come due. As all Plans are curtailed, the assumed rate of compensation increase is zero.

	2010	2009	2008
Weighted average discount rate used to determine obligations	4.45%	5.00%	5.95%
Weighted average discount rate used to determine net periodic pension cost	4.80%	5.97%	5.75%

Our Employee Retirement Plan of Rose Hills was terminated in 2008. In 2008, we made a contribution of \$3.0 million to purchase annuities for participants of this plan. To effect the termination of the plan, we settled all remaining liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2008.

The following benefit payments are expected to be paid in future years related to our Plans:

2011	\$ 3,797
2012	3,654
2013	3,566
2014	3,586
2015	2,995
Years 2016 through 2020	11,424

We have an employee savings plan that qualifies under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for the exclusive benefit of our United States employees. Under the plan, participating employees may contribute a portion of their pretax and/or after-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines up to a maximum of 50%.

During 2010, 2009, and 2008 we matched a percentage of the employee contributions through contributions of cash. For these years, our matching contribution was based upon the following:

Years of Vesting Service	Percentage of Deferred Compensation
0 5 years	75% of the first 6% of deferred compensation
6 10 years	100% of the first 6% of deferred compensation
11 or more years	125% of the first 6% of deferred compensation

The amount of our matched contributions in 2010, 2009, and 2008 was \$20.3 million, \$18.1 million, and \$18.1 million, respectively.

17. Segment Reporting

Our operations are both product based and geographically based, and the reportable operating segments presented below include our funeral and cemetery operations. Our geographic areas include United States, Canada, and Germany. We conduct both funeral and cemetery operations in the United States and Canada and funeral operations in

Germany.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our reportable segment information is as follows:

	Funeral	Cemetery (In thousands)	Reportable Segments
2010			
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,492,838	\$ 697,714	\$ 2,190,552
Interest expense	3,033	257	3,290
Depreciation and amortization	87,897	20,909	108,806
Amortization of intangible assets	17,464	6,095	23,559
Gross profit	317,068	132,155	449,223
Amortization of cemetery property		32,418	32,418
Total assets	4,262,675	4,450,028	8,712,703
Capital expenditures	34,762	48,427	83,189
2009			
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,391,894	\$ 661,626	\$ 2,053,520
Interest expense	2,548	847	3,395
Depreciation and amortization	85,324	21,889	107,213
Amortization of intangible assets	15,473	6,105	21,578
Gross profit	305,809	115,586	421,395
Amortization of cemetery property		30,664	30,664
Total assets	4,081,512	4,215,968	8,297,480
Capital expenditures	38,348	38,726	77,074
2008			
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,475,736	\$ 679,886	\$ 2,155,622
Interest expense	4,466	1,054	5,520
Depreciation and amortization	87,108	21,981	109,089
Amortization of intangible assets	17,171	6,344	23,515
Gross profit	313,397	106,778	420,175
Amortization of cemetery property		32,690	32,690
Total assets	3,866,526	3,813,676	7,680,202
Capital expenditures	65,879	77,304	143,183

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table reconciles certain reportable segment amounts to our corresponding consolidated amounts:

	Reportable Segments	Corporate (In thousands)	Consolidated
2010			
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,190,552	\$	\$ 2,190,552
Interest expense	3,290	124,906	128,196
Depreciation and amortization	108,806	7,585	116,391
Amortization of intangible assets	23,559	1,638	25,197
Total assets	8,712,703	477,837	9,190,540
Capital expenditures	83,189	14,710	97,899
2009			
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,053,520	\$	\$ 2,053,520
Interest expense	3,395	125,586	128,981
Depreciation and amortization	107,213	3,889	111,102
Amortization of intangible assets	21,578	120	21,698
Total assets	8,297,480	593,462	8,890,942
Capital expenditures	77,074	6,716	83,790
2008			
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,155,622	\$	\$ 2,155,622
Interest expense	5,520	128,754	134,274
Depreciation and amortization	109,089	5,068	114,157
Amortization of intangible assets	23,515	121	23,636
Total assets	7,680,202	430,681	8,110,883
Capital expenditures	143,183	10,918	154,101

The following table reconciles gross profits from reportable segments shown above to our consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes:

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Gross profit from reportable segments General and administrative expenses Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net Other operating income (expense)	\$ 449,223 (103,689) 8,512	\$ 421,395 (102,501) 4,253 740	\$ 420,175 (88,851) (36,124) (2,528)
Operating income Interest expense (Losses) gains on early extinguishment of debt Other income, net	354,046 (128,196) (9,400) 3,009	323,887 (128,981) 3,146 1,316	292,672 (134,274) 4,897

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Income from continuing operations before income taxes		\$ 219,459	\$ 199,368	\$ 163,295
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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our geographic area information was as follows:

	United States	Canada Germany (In thousands)		States Canada Ger		y Total	
2010							
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,981,190	\$ 202,760	\$ 6,602	\$ 2,190,552			
Interest expense	127,971	225		128,196			
Depreciation and amortization	104,496	11,507	388	116,391			
Amortization of intangible assets	23,524	1,673		25,197			
Amortization of cemetery property	27,688	4,730		32,418			
Operating income	301,297	51,799	950	354,046			
Gains on divestitures and impairment charges, net	6,837	1,600	75	8,512			
Long-lived assets	4,467,176	363,008	3,600	4,833,784			
2009							
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,869,042	\$ 177,665	\$ 6,813	\$ 2,053,520			
Interest expense	128,798	140	43	128,981			
Depreciation and amortization	100,380	10,273	449	111,102			
Amortization of intangible assets	19,969	1,729		21,698			
Amortization of cemetery property	27,545	3,119		30,664			
Operating income	288,108	35,462	317	323,887			
Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment							
charges, net	8,906	(4,614)	(39)	4,253			
Long-lived assets	4,526,789	354,677	4,022	4,885,488			
2008							
Revenues from external customers	\$ 1,942,682	\$ 205,950	\$ 6,990	\$ 2,155,622			
Interest expense	133,961	313		134,274			
Depreciation and amortization	101,905	11,575	677	114,157			
Amortization of intangible assets	21,371	2,265		23,636			
Amortization of cemetery property	28,317	4,373		32,690			
Operating income	244,954	47,395	323	292,672			
(Losses) gains on divestitures and impairment							
charges, net	(32,750)	(3,395)	21	(36,124)			
Long-lived assets	4,434,810	318,409	2,753	4,755,972			
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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

18. Supplementary Information

The detail of certain balance sheet accounts is as follows:

		December 31, 2010 2009 (In thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash Commercial paper and temporary investments	\$	78,382 92,464	\$	30,728 149,017
	\$	170,846	\$	179,745
Receivables, net: Notes receivable Atneed funeral receivables, net of allowances of \$10,852 and \$8,401, respectively Atneed cemetery receivables, net of allowances of \$3,121 and \$5,770, respectively Other	\$	1,395 85,853 10,235 9,702	\$	1,500 68,241 11,420 11,028
One	\$	107,185	\$	92,189
Other current assets: Income tax receivable Prepaid insurance Other	\$	14,499 4,182 8,513	\$	11,405 3,794 6,441
	\$	27,194	\$	21,640
Cemetery property: Undeveloped land Developed land, lawn crypts, and mausoleums	\$ \$	1,083,290 425,497 1,508,787		1,075,544 413,521 1,489,065
Property and equipment: Land Buildings and improvements Operating equipment Leasehold improvements Capital leases	\$	509,100 1,496,310 427,607 23,302 156,235	\$	485,409 1,404,495 488,528 24,387 141,453
Less: Accumulated depreciation		2,612,554 (891,846)		2,544,272 (872,724)

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Accumulated amortization of capital leases	(93,010)	(80,474)
	\$ 1,627,698	\$ 1,591,074
Deferred charges and other assets:		
Prepaid covenants-not-to-compete, net	\$ 48,775	\$ 46,297
Preneed backlog intangible assets, net	31,796	33,807
Amortizable intangible assets, net	40,375	25,391
Non-amortizable intangible assets	93,104	57,868
Restricted cash	14,755	186,871
Notes receivable, net of allowances of \$3,111 and \$3,135, respectively	11,781	12,105
Cash surrender value of insurance policies	72,420	72,552
Other	75,012	87,498
	\$ 388,018	\$ 522,389

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Decem	ber 31,	
	2010	2009	
	(In thousands)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 116,543	\$ 88,683	
Accrued compensation	69,988	66,060	
Accrued dividend	9,602	10,161	
Accrued interest	22,923	24,091	
Accrued property taxes	13,726	15,053	
Self insurance reserves	53,892	57,928	
Bank overdraft.	15,582	18,239	
Other accrued liabilities	40,395	34,062	
	\$ 342,651	\$ 314,277	
Other liabilities:			
Accrued pension	\$ 31,377	\$ 32,891	
Deferred compensation	42,246	32,293	
Customer refund obligation reserve	75,517	76,689	
Tax liability	201,183	189,999	
Indemnification liability	2,689	2,542	
Other	46,177	44,354	
	\$ 399,189	\$ 378,768	
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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Revenues and Costs and Expenses

The detail of certain income statement accounts is as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2010	(In	2009 thousands)	2008
Merchandise revenues: Funeral Cemetery	\$ 490,237 481,540	\$	450,892 446,035	\$ 482,988 456,035
Total merchandise revenues	971,777		896,927	939,023
Services revenues: Funeral Cemetery	929,668 186,203		882,186 183,288	938,204 187,942
Total services revenues	1,115,871		1,065,474	1,126,146
Other revenues	102,904		91,119	90,453
Total revenues	\$ 2,190,552	\$	2,053,520	\$ 2,155,622
Merchandise costs and expenses: Funeral Cemetery	\$ 248,186 204,669	\$	226,931 191,489	\$ 246,973 198,635
Total cost of merchandise	452,855		418,420	445,608
Services costs and expenses: Funeral Cemetery	452,903 94,772		419,855 98,923	453,915 105,865
Total cost of services	547,675		518,778	559,780
Overhead and other expenses	740,799		694,927	730,059
Total cost and expenses	\$ 1,741,329	\$	1,632,125	\$ 1,735,447

Certain Non-Cash Financing and Investing Transactions

Years Ended December 31,

	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008
Dividends accrued but not paid	\$ 9,602	\$ 10,161	\$ 9,981
Financing held in escrow	\$	\$ 147,173	\$

19. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share (EPS) excludes dilution and is computed by dividing *Net income attributable to common stockholders* by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other obligations to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that shared in our earnings.

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SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS for the three years ended December 31 is presented below:

		2010 (In thous		2009 ls, except p mounts)	er sl	2008 hare
Amounts attributable to common stockholders: Income from continuing operations:						
Income from continuing operations basic After tax interest on convertible debt	\$	126,417 51	\$	123,098 51	\$	97,445
Income from continuing operations diluted	\$	126,468	\$	123,149	\$	97,445
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income:	\$		\$		\$	(362)
Net income basic After tax interest on convertible debt	\$	126,417 51	\$	123,098 51	\$	97,083
Net income diluted	\$	126,468	\$	123,149	\$	97,083
Weighted average shares: Weighted average shares basic Stock options Convertible debt		248,871 1,610 121		251,709 654 121		258,106 2,877
Weighted average shares diluted		250,602		252,484		260,983
Income per share from continuing operations: Basic Diluted	\$ \$.51 .50	\$ \$.49 .49	\$ \$.38 .37
Income per share from discontinued operations, net of tax: Basic Diluted Net income per share:	\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$	
Basic Diluted	\$ \$.51 .50	\$ \$.49 .49	\$ \$.38 .37

The computation of diluted earnings per share excludes outstanding stock options and convertible debt in certain periods in which the inclusion of such options and debt would be antidilutive to the periods presented. Total options and convertible debentures not currently included in the computation of diluted EPS are as follows (in shares):

2010 2009	2008
-----------	------

Antidilutive options Antidilutive convertible debentures	4,815	6,244	3,135 167
Total common stock equivalents excluded from computations	4,815	6,244	3,302

We adopted the FASB s recent authoritative guidance on determining whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities, effective January 1, 2009. Our adoption had an immaterial impact on our reported EPS as reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. Divestiture-Related Activities

As divestitures occur in the normal course of business, gains or losses on the sale of such businesses are recognized in the income statement line item *Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net.* Additionally, as divestitures occur pursuant to our ongoing asset sale programs, adjustments are made through this income statement line item to reflect the difference between actual proceeds received from the sale compared to the original estimates.

Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net consist of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2010	(In	2009 thousands)	2008
Gains (losses) on divestitures, net Impairment losses	\$ 16,547 (8,035)	\$	20,787 (16,534)	\$ (4,695) (31,429)
	\$ 8,512	\$	4,253	\$ (36,124)

Keystone

In conjunction with our acquisition of Keystone, we entered into an agreement with the Federal Trade Commission to sell 22 funeral homes and five cemeteries, which were sold for \$34.9 million in the second quarter of 2010. We recognized a gain on divestitures of \$6.2 million associated with the former SCI properties.

Assets Held for Sale

We committed to a plan to sell certain operating properties as of both December 31, 2010 and 2009. In connection with these assets held for sale, we recorded impairment losses of approximately \$8 million and \$17 million, respectively, in our consolidated statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Net assets held for sale were as follows:

	December 31,		
	2010 (In thousan		
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 552	\$ 1,197	
Preneed funeral receivables, net and trust investments	24	377	
Preneed cemetery receivables, net and trust investments	707	50,952	
Cemetery property, at cost	298	2,111	
Property and equipment, net		120	
Deferred charges and other assets	137	10,237	
Cemetery perpetual care trust investments		17,104	
Total assets	1,718	82,098	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		501	
Deferred preneed cemetery revenues	423	49,346	
Other liabilities	7	1,882	
Care trusts corpus		17,104	
Total liabilities	430	68,833	
Net assets held for sale	\$ 1,288	\$ 13,265	

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

21. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

Quarterly financial data for 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	Ç	First Juarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
		(In u	ious	sands, excep	l pe	r share amo	ints)
2010								
Revenues	\$	530,863	\$	555,273	\$	533,165	\$	571,251
Costs and expenses		(418,556)		(445,975)		(430,518)		(446,280)
Gross profits		112,307		109,298		102,647		124,971
Operating income		85,626		95,926		68,496		103,998
Income from continuing operations before income								
taxes(1)		51,441		67,425		28,621		71,972
Provision for income taxes		(20,116)		(27,198)		(9,941)		(35,203)
Net income		31,325		40,227		18,680		36,769
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling								
interests		(413)		58		85		(314)
Net income attributable to common stockholders		30,912		40,285		18,765		36,455
Net income attributable to common stockholders per								
share(2):								
Basic EPS		.12		.16		.08		.15
Diluted EPS		.12		.16		.08		.15
2009								
Revenues	\$	510,595	\$	513,949	\$	497,217	\$	531,759
Costs and expenses		(410,475)		(412,124)		(396,054)		(413,472)
Gross profits		100,120		101,825		101,163		118,287
Operating income		85,564		69,070		77,981		91,272
Income from continuing operations before income								
taxes(1)		54,661		39,902		49,965		54,840
Provision for income taxes		(20,281)		(16,322)		(19,403)		(20,269)
Net income		34,380		23,580		30,562		34,571
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling								
interests		150		(476)		600		(269)
Net income attributable to common stockholders		34,530		23,104		31,162		34,302
Net income attributable to common stockholders per								
share(2):								
Basic EPS		.14		.09		.12		.14
Diluted EPS		.14		.09		.12		.13

(1) Includes Gains (losses) on divestitures and impairment charges, net, as described in Note 20.

(2) Net income per share is computed independently for each of the quarters presented. Therefore, the sum of the quarters net income per share may not equal the total computed for the year.

Schedule Of Valuation And Qualifying Accounts Disclosure

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

Three Years Ended December 31, 2010

Description	B	alance at eginning f Period	(C) Co	harged redited) to osts and xpenses	(C Ace	harged redited) to Other counts(1) thousands)	Wr	ite-Offs(2)	В	alance at End of Period
Current provision: Allowance for doubtful accounts: Year ended December 31, 2010	\$	14,171	\$	8,153	\$	17,926	\$	(26,277)	\$	13,973
Year ended December 31, 2009 Year ended December 31, 2008	\$ \$	19,735 19,475	\$ \$	11,346 9,314	\$ \$	56 305	\$ \$	(16,966) (9,359)	\$ \$	14,171 19,735
Due After One Year: Allowance for doubtful accounts: Year ended December 31, 2010	\$	3,135	\$		\$		\$	(24)	\$	3,111
Year ended December 31, 2009 Year ended December 31, 2008	\$ \$	2,775 2,825	\$ \$		\$ \$	720	\$ \$	(360) (50)	\$ \$	3,135 2,775
Preneed Funeral and Preneed Cemetery Asset allowance for cancellation: Year ended December 31, 2010 Year ended December 31, 2009 Year ended December 31, 2008	\$ \$ \$	71,202 58,618 64,062	\$ \$ \$	3,204 3,249 1,305	\$ \$ \$	3,386 9,335 (6,749)	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	77,792 71,202 58,618
Deferred Preneed Funeral and Cemetery Revenue allowance for cancellation:										
Year ended December 31, 2010 Year ended December 31, 2009	\$ \$	(130,897) (137,769)	\$ \$		\$ \$	(3,863) 6,872	\$ \$		\$ \$	(134,760) (130,897)
Year ended December 31, 2009	\$	(143,730)	\$		\$	5,961	\$		\$	(137,769)
Deferred tax valuation allowance: Year ended December 31, 2010 Year ended December 31, 2009 Year ended December 31, 2008	\$ \$ \$	68,192 54,225 50,931	\$ \$ \$	76 13,967 (414)	\$ \$ \$	(4,654) 3,708	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	63,614 68,192 54,225

- (1) Primarily relates to acquisitions and dispositions of operations.
- (2) Uncollected receivables written off, net of recoveries.

Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2010 were effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13-a-15(f)). SCI s internal control over financial reporting is a process, under the supervision of our CEO and CFO, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, has assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 based on the framework in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2010.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2010 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Information required by PART III (Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14) has been omitted as we intend to file with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year a definitive proxy statement that includes such information. Such information is set forth in such proxy statement (i) with respect to Item 10, under the captions Proxy Voting: Questions and Answers, Election of Directors, Other Matters Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance and Report of the Audit Committee, (ii) with respect to Items 11 and 13, under the captions Election of Directors, Compensation Discussion and Analysis, Compensation Committee Report, Certain Informatio with Respect to Officers and Directors. Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation and Certain Transactions, (iii) with respect to Item 12, under the caption Voting Securities and Principal Holders, and (iv) with respect to Item 14, under the caption Proposal to Approve the Selection of Independent Accountants Audit Fees and All Other Fees . The information as specified in the preceding sentence is incorporated herein by reference; provided however, notwithstanding anything set forth in this Form 10-K, the information under the captions Compensation Committee Report and Report of the Audit Committee in such proxy statement, is not incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K.

The information regarding our executive officers called for by Item 401 of Regulation S-K and the information regarding our code of ethics called for by Item 406 of Regulation S-K has been included in PART I of this report. The information regarding our equity compensation plan information called for by Item 201(d) of Regulation S-K is set forth below.

Equity Compensation Plan Information at December 31, 2010:

			Number of Securities Remaining Available for
	Number of Securities to		
	be	Weighted-Average	Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation
	Issued upon Exercise of	Exercise Price of Outstanding	Plans
	Outstanding Options,	Options, Warrants and	(Excluding Securities
	Warrants and Rights	Rights	Reflected in Column (a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
	11,287,248	\$ 7.53	4,297,186

Equity compensation plans			
approved by security holders			
Equity compensation plans not			
approved by security			
holders(1)	1,025,535	\$ 7.45	1,128,590(2)
Total	12,312,783	\$ 7.53	5,425,776

- (1) Includes options outstanding under the 1996 Nonqualified Incentive Plan under which nonqualified stock options were granted to employees who are not officers or directors. We have 1,025,535 total options outstanding under the 1996 Non-qualified Incentive Plan. No shares of our common stock are available for any future grants under this plan. See Note 15 in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, for a further description of 1996 Nonqualified Incentive Plan. This plan has not been submitted for stockholder approval.
- (2) Includes an estimated 1,128,590 shares available under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Under such plan, a dollar value of shares (not an amount of shares) is registered. The above estimate was determined by dividing

- (i) the remaining unissued dollar value of registered shares at December 31, 2010, which was \$9.3 million, by
- (ii) the closing price of \$8.25 per share of common stock at December 31, 2010.

The Employee Stock Purchase Plan enables Company employees in North America to invest via payroll deductions up to \$500 (or \$600 Canadian) per month in our common stock. Contributions are utilized to purchase the stock in the open market. With respect to Canadian employees who meet certain requirements, we will provide annually a match equal to 25% of the amount of the employee s contribution subject to a maximum contribution per participant of \$1,800 Canadian. This plan has not been submitted for stockholder approval.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedule

(a)(1)-(2) Financial Statements and Schedule:

The financial statements and schedule are listed in the accompanying Index to Financial Statements and Related Schedule on page 45 of this report.

(3) Exhibits:

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index on pages 118-121 are filed as part of this report.

(b) *Included in (a) above.*

(c) *Included in (a) above.*

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant, Service Corporation International, has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SERVICE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

By: /s/ Gregory T. Sangalis (Gregory T. Sangalis, Senior Vice President, General Counsel, and Secretary)

Dated: February 14, 2011

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Title	Date
Chairman of the Board	February 14, 2011
President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 14, 2011
r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer (Principal Financial	February 14, 2011
Officer)	
Vice President and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 14, 2011
Director	February 14, 2011
Director	February 14, 2011
Director	February 14, 2011
	<text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text>

(A. J. Foyt, Jr.)		
/s/ MALCOLM GILLIS*	Director	February 14, 2011
(Malcolm Gillis)		
/s/ VICTOR L. LUND*	Director	February 14, 2011
(Victor L. Lund)		
/s/ JOHN W. MECOM, JR.*	Director	February 14, 2011
(John W. Mecom, Jr.)		
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Signature	Title	Date
/s/ CLIFTON H. MORRIS, JR.*	Director	February 14, 2011
(Clifton H. Morris, Jr.)		
/s/ W. BLAIR WALTRIP*	Director	February 14, 2011
(W. Blair Waltrip)		
/s/ EDWARD E. WILLIAMS*	Director	February 14, 2011
(Edward E. Williams)		
*By /s/ GREGORY T. SANGALIS		February 14, 2011
(Gregory T. Sangalis, as Attorney-In-Fact for each of the Persons indicated)		

EXHIBIT INDEX

PURSUANT TO ITEM 601 OF REG. S-K

Exhibit Number

Description

- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registration Statement No. 333-10867 on Form S-3).
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment to Restated Articles of Incorporation. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 1996).
- 3.3 Statement of Resolution Establishing Series of Shares of Series D Junior Participating Preferred Stock, dated July 27, 1998. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1998).
- 3.4 Bylaws, as amended. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated November 16, 2007).
- 4.1 Senior Indenture dated as of February 1, 1993 by and between the Company and The Bank of New York, as trustee. (Incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 to Form S-4 filed September 2, 2004 (File No. 333-118763)).
- 4.2 Agreement of Resignation, Appointment of Acceptance, dated October 21, 2005, among the Company, The Bank of New York and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., appointing a successor trustee for the Senior Indenture dated as of February 1, 1993. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2005).
- 10.1 Retirement Plan For Non-Employee Directors. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1991).
- 10.2 First Amendment to Retirement Plan For Non-Employee Directors. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000).
- 10.3 Second Amendment to Retirement Plan for Non-Employee Directors
- 10.4 Agreement dated May 14, 1992 between the Company, R. L. Waltrip and related parties relating to life insurance. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1992).
- 10.5 Employment Agreement, dated December 28, 2006, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and R.L. Waltrip (including Non-Competition Agreement and Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated November 11, 1991, among the Company, R. L. Waltrip and Claire Waltrip). (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006).
- 10.6 Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and R. L. Waltrip. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
- 10.7 Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and R.L. Waltrip.
- 10.8 Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated January 1, 2004, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Thomas L. Ryan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003).
- 10.9 Addendum to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2005, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Thomas L. Ryan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005).

- 10.10 Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Thomas L. Ryan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Form 10-K for fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
- 10.11 Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Thomas L. Ryan.
- 10.12 Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated January 1, 2004, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Michael R. Webb. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003).

Exhibit Number	Description
10.13	Addendum to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2005, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Michael R. Webb. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005).
10.14	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Michael R. Webb. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
10.15	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Michael R. Webb.
10.16	Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 28, 2006 between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Eric D. Tanzberger. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006).
10.17	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Eric D. Tanzberger. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
10.18	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Eric D. Tanzberger
10.19	Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 28, 2006, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Sumner J. Waring, III. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006).
10.20	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Sumner J. Waring, III. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009).
10.21	Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and Sumner J. Waring, III.
10.22	Form of Employment and Noncompetition Agreement pertaining to non-senior officers. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003).
10.23	Form of Addendum to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement pertaining to the preceding exhibit. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005).
10.24	Form of Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement dated November 30, 2007, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and non-senior officers. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
10.25	Form of Amendment to Employment and Noncompetition Agreement, dated December 1, 2010, between SCI Executive Services, Inc. and non-senior officers.
10.26	Amended 1996 Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Appendix A to Proxy Statement dated April 6, 2007).
10.27	Split Dollar Life Insurance Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995).
10.28	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for Senior Officers (as Amended and Restated Effective as of January 1, 1998). (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998).
10.29	First Amendment to Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for Senior Officers. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000).
10.30	SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan as Amended and Restated. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to Registration Statement No. 333, 119681)

- 10.31 First Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004).
- 10.32 Second Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan, and Third Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004).

Exhibit Number	Description
10.33	Fourth Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006).
10.34	Fifth Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007).
10.35	Sixth Amendment to the SCI 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008).
10.36	Amended and Restated Director Fee Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Annex A to Proxy Statement dated April 17, 2006).
10.37	Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to Registration Statement No. 2-62484 on Form S-8).
10.38	Amendment No. 1 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 15.1 to Registration Statement No. 2-62484 on Form S-8).
10.39	Amendment No. 2 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 28.3 to Registration Statement No. 33-25061 on Form S-8).
10.40	Amendment No. 3 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 28.4 to Registration Statement No. 33-35708 on Form S-8).
10.41	Amendment No. 4 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)
10.42	Amendment No. 5 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999).
10.43	Amendment No. 6 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002).
10.44	Amendment No. 7 to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.45 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002).
10.45	Agreement between Merrill Lynch Canada Inc. and Service Corporation International. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 28.5 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 33-8907 on Form S-8).
10.46	First Amendment to Agreement between Merrill Lynch Canada Inc. and Service Corporation International. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 21, 1993).
10.47	Employee Stock Purchase Plan Administration Agreement dated July 25, 2001 between Service Corporation International (Canada) Limited and Fastrak Systems Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.48 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002).
10.48	Form of Indemnification Agreement for officers and directors. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004).
10.49	Form of Executive Deferred Compensation Plan as Amended and Restated Effective December 8, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.42 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)
10.50	Amendment One to Executive Deferred Compensation Plan.
10.51	Form of Performance Unit Grant Award Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.43 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008).
10.52	Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated November 18, 2009 among Service Corporation International, the lenders party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 24, 2009).

- 12.1 Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP).
- 24.1 Powers of Attorney.

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification of Thomas L. Ryan as Principal Executive Officer in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Eric D. Tanzberger as Principal Financial Officer in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Thomas L. Ryan as Principal Executive Officer in satisfaction of Section 906 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Eric D. Tanzberger as Principal Financial Officer in satisfaction of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following materials from Service Corporation International s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheet, (ii) Consolidated Statement of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Statement of Equity, (iv) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

In the above list, the management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements are set forth in Exhibits 10.1 through 10.51.

Pursuant to Item 601(b)(4) of Regulation S-K, there are not filed as exhibits to this report certain instruments with respect to long-term debt under which the total amount of securities authorized thereunder does not exceed 10 percent of the total assets of Registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Commission upon request.