

BANK OF AMERICA CORP /DE/  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2006  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2006

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number:

1-6523

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Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter:

**Bank of America Corporation**

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State of incorporation:

Delaware

IRS Employer Identification Number:

56-0906609

Address of principal executive offices:

**Bank of America Corporate Center**

**100 N. Tryon Street**

**Charlotte, North Carolina 28255**

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code:**

**(704) 386-5681**

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes  No

On July 31, 2006, there were 4,525,878,588 shares of Bank of America Corporation Common Stock outstanding.

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**Bank of America Corporation**

**June 30, 2006 Form 10-Q**

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**Table of Contents****Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statement of Income**

(Dollars in millions, except per share information)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Interest income</b>				
Interest and fees on loans and leases	\$ 11,804	\$ 8,294	\$ 22,931	\$ 16,374
Interest and dividends on securities	3,121	2,796	6,135	5,329
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	1,900	1,249	3,609	2,153
Trading account assets	1,627	1,426	3,175	2,608
Other interest income	845	502	1,572	939
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>19,297</b>	<b>14,267</b>	<b>37,422</b>	<b>27,403</b>
<b>Interest expense</b>				
Deposits	3,508	2,363	6,515	4,545
Short-term borrowings	4,842	2,582	9,151	4,570
Trading account liabilities	596	611	1,113	1,038
Long-term debt	1,721	1,074	3,237	2,107
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>10,667</b>	<b>6,630</b>	<b>20,016</b>	<b>12,260</b>
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>8,630</b>	<b>7,637</b>	<b>17,406</b>	<b>15,143</b>
<b>Noninterest income</b>				
Service charges	2,077	1,920	3,978	3,697
Investment and brokerage services	1,146	1,049	2,249	2,062
Mortgage banking income	89	189	226	410
Investment banking income	612	431	1,113	797
Equity investment gains	646	492	1,306	891
Card income	3,662	1,437	7,093	2,726
Trading account profits	915	222	1,975	907
Other income	451	1,215	559	1,497
<b>Total noninterest income</b>	<b>9,598</b>	<b>6,955</b>	<b>18,499</b>	<b>12,987</b>
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>18,228</b>	<b>14,592</b>	<b>35,905</b>	<b>28,130</b>
<b>Provision for credit losses</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>2,275</b>	<b>1,455</b>
<b>Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities</b>	<b>(9)</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>984</b>
<b>Noninterest expense</b>				
Personnel	4,480	3,671	9,293	7,372
Occupancy	703	615	1,404	1,251
Equipment	316	297	660	594
Marketing	551	346	1,126	683
Professional fees	233	216	451	393
Amortization of intangibles	441	204	881	412
Data processing	409	368	819	732
Telecommunications	228	196	448	402
Other general operating	1,162	985	2,267	2,004
Merger and restructuring charges	194	121	292	233
<b>Total noninterest expense</b>	<b>8,717</b>	<b>7,019</b>	<b>17,641</b>	<b>14,076</b>

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<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>8,497</b>	7,023	<b>15,994</b>	13,583
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>3,022</b>	2,366	<b>5,533</b>	4,533
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 5,475</b>	\$ 4,657	<b>\$ 10,461</b>	\$ 9,050
<b>Net income available to common shareholders</b>	<b>\$ 5,471</b>	\$ 4,653	<b>\$ 10,452</b>	\$ 9,041
<b>Per common share information</b>				
<b>Earnings</b>	<b>\$ 1.21</b>	\$ 1.16	<b>\$ 2.29</b>	\$ 2.25
Diluted earnings	<b>\$ 1.19</b>	\$ 1.14	<b>\$ 2.25</b>	\$ 2.21
<b>Dividends paid</b>	<b>\$ 0.50</b>	\$ 0.45	<b>\$ 1.00</b>	\$ 0.90
<b>Average common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)</b>	<b>4,534,627</b>	4,005,356	<b>4,572,013</b>	4,019,089
<b>Average diluted common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)</b>	<b>4,601,169</b>	4,065,355	<b>4,636,959</b>	4,081,921

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Balance Sheet**

	June 30	December 31
(Dollars in millions)	2006	2005
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,545	\$ 36,999
Time deposits placed and other short-term investments	14,652	12,800
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$136,626 and \$148,299 pledged as collateral)	136,645	149,785
Trading account assets (includes \$95,049 and \$68,223 pledged as collateral)	134,708	131,707
Derivative assets	25,526	23,712
Securities:		
Available-for-sale (includes \$109,180 and \$116,659 pledged as collateral)	235,785	221,556
Held-to-maturity, at cost (market value - \$61 and \$47)	61	47
Total securities	235,846	221,603
Loans and leases	667,953	573,791
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(9,080)	(8,045)
Loans and leases, net of allowance	658,873	565,746
Premises and equipment, net	9,334	7,786
Mortgage servicing rights (includes \$3,083 measured at fair value at June 30, 2006)	3,231	2,806
Goodwill	66,095	45,354
Intangible assets	10,338	3,194
Other assets	115,400	90,311
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,445,193</b>	<b>\$ 1,291,803</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Deposits in domestic offices:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 177,209	\$ 179,571
Interest-bearing	410,940	384,155
Deposits in foreign offices:		
Noninterest-bearing	6,765	7,165
Interest-bearing	81,951	63,779
Total deposits	676,865	634,670
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	259,108	240,655
Trading account liabilities	57,486	50,890
Derivative liabilities	18,633	15,000
Commercial paper and other short-term borrowings	136,886	116,269
Accrued expenses and other liabilities (includes \$395 and \$395 of reserve for unfunded lending commitments)	39,318	31,938
Long-term debt	129,056	100,848
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,317,352</b>	<b>1,190,270</b>
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 8 and 10)		

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**Shareholders equity**

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized - 100,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding - <b>1,090,189</b> shares	<b>271</b>	271
Common stock and additional paid-in capital, \$0.01 par value; authorized - 7,500,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding - <b>4,527,940,943</b> and 3,999,688,491 shares	<b>65,822</b>	41,693
Retained earnings	<b>73,393</b>	67,552
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	<b>(10,973)</b>	(7,556)
Other	<b>(672)</b>	(427)

**Total shareholders equity** **127,841**      101,533

**Total liabilities and shareholders equity** **\$ 1,445,193**      \$ 1,291,803

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity**

	Common Stock and Additional Paid-in			Accumulated Other			Total	
	Preferred Stock	Shares	Capital Amount	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income (Loss) <sup>(1)</sup>	Other	Shareholders' Equity	Comprehensive Income
<b>(Dollars in millions, shares in thousands)</b>								
<b>Balance, December 31, 2004</b>	\$ 271	4,046,546	\$ 44,236	\$ 58,773	\$ (2,764)	\$ (281)	\$ 100,235	
Net income				9,050			9,050	\$ 9,050
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt and marketable equity securities					584		584	584
Net unrealized gains on foreign currency translation adjustments					30		30	30
Net losses on derivatives					(2,873)		(2,873)	(2,873)
Cash dividends paid:								
Common				(3,640)			(3,640)	
Preferred				(9)			(9)	
Common stock issued under employee plans and related tax benefits		53,672	2,090			(292)	1,798	
Common stock repurchased		(83,514)	(3,819)				(3,819)	
Other				(20)		(1)	(21)	
<b>Balance, June 30, 2005</b>	\$ 271	4,016,704	\$ 42,507	\$ 64,154	\$ (5,023)	\$ (574)	\$ 101,335	\$ 6,791
<b>Balance, December 31, 2005</b>	\$ 271	3,999,688	\$ 41,693	\$ 67,552	\$ (7,556)	\$ (427)	\$ 101,533	
Net income				10,461			10,461	\$ 10,461
Net unrealized losses on available-for-sale debt and marketable equity securities					(4,373)		(4,373)	(4,373)
Net unrealized gains on foreign currency translation adjustments					90		90	90
Net gains on derivatives					866		866	866
Cash dividends paid:								
Common				(4,611)			(4,611)	
Preferred				(9)			(9)	
Common stock issued under employee plans and related tax benefits		68,608	2,818			(245)	2,573	
Stock issued in acquisition <sup>(2)</sup>		631,145	29,377				29,377	
Common stock repurchased		(171,500)	(8,066)				(8,066)	
<b>Balance, June 30, 2006</b>	\$ 271	4,527,941	\$ 65,822	\$ 73,393	\$ (10,973)	\$ (672)	\$ 127,841	\$ 7,044

<sup>(1)</sup> At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (OCI) includes Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale (AFS) Debt and Marketable Equity Securities of \$(7,351) million and \$(2,978) million; Net Gains (Losses) on Derivatives of \$(3,472) million and \$(4,338) million; Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments of



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\$(32) million and \$(122) million; and Other of \$(118) million and \$(118) million. Amounts shown are net of tax. For additional information on Accumulated OCI, see Note 11 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes the fair value of outstanding MBNA Corporation (MBNA) stock options of \$435 million that were exchanged for the Corporation's options as part of the MBNA merger.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

(Dollars in millions)	Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net income	\$ 10,461	\$ 9,050
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Provision for credit losses	2,275	1,455
Gains on sales of debt securities	(5)	(984)
Depreciation and premises improvements amortization	557	478
Amortization of intangibles	881	412
Deferred income tax expense	503	425
Net (increase) decrease in trading and derivative instruments	9,670	(6,897)
Net increase in other assets	(14,912)	(299)
Net increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,320	(5,869)
Stock-based compensation expense	683	403
Other operating activities, net	(4,403)	(5,557)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	10,030	(7,383)
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Net (increase) decrease in time deposits placed and other short-term investments	(824)	2,679
Net (increase) decrease in federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	13,140	(57,927)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	7,341	132,006
Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale securities	11,616	21,808
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(34,795)	(190,755)
Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity securities		156
Proceeds from sales of loans and leases	12,111	11,944
Other changes in loans and leases, net	(71,238)	(21,297)
Net purchases of premises and equipment	(206)	(563)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed properties	71	58
Net cash paid for business acquisitions	(3,519)	
Other investing activities, net	(516)	306
Net cash used in investing activities	(66,819)	(101,585)
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Net increase in deposits	13,437	16,847
Net increase in federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	17,668	87,969
Net increase in commercial paper and other short-term borrowings	18,669	15,165
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	21,886	7,806
Retirement of long-term debt	(6,744)	(7,714)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,734	1,524
Common stock repurchased	(8,066)	(3,819)
Cash dividends paid	(4,620)	(3,649)
Excess tax benefits of share-based payments	203	
Other financing activities, net	111	(58)
Net cash provided by financing activities	54,278	114,071
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	57	(104)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,454)	4,999

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Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	36,999	28,936
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at June 30</b>	<b>\$ 34,545</b>	<b>\$ 33,935</b>

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The fair values of noncash assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the MBNA merger were \$83.5 billion and \$50.6 billion.

Approximately 631 million shares of common stock, valued at approximately \$28.9 billion were issued in connection with the MBNA merger.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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### **Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries**

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

Bank of America Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Corporation) through its banking and nonbanking subsidiaries, provide a diverse range of financial services and products throughout the U.S. and in selected international markets. At June 30, 2006, the Corporation operated its banking activities primarily under three charters: Bank of America, National Association (Bank of America, N.A.), Bank of America, N.A. (USA), and FIA Card Services, N.A. Effective June 10, 2006, MBNA America Bank N.A. was renamed FIA Card Services, N.A.

On January 1, 2006, the Corporation acquired 100 percent of the outstanding stock of MBNA Corporation (MBNA). The MBNA merger was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Consequently, MBNA's results of operations were included in the Corporation's results beginning as of January 1, 2006.

### **NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Principles**

#### ***Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation***

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Corporation and its majority-owned subsidiaries, and those variable interest entities (VIEs) where the Corporation is the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The information contained in the Consolidated Financial Statements is unaudited. In the opinion of management, normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the interim period results have been made. Results of operations of companies purchased are included from the dates of acquisition.

Certain historical financial statements and other selected financial data were restated to comply with the accounting treatment for certain derivative transactions under the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended (SFAS 133). For additional information on this restatement, see Note 1 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

As part of its credit portfolio management, the Corporation purchases credit protection through credit derivatives. Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation classifies the impact of these credit derivatives that economically hedge the portfolio in Other Income. Prior to January 1, 2006, the impact was classified in Trading Account Profits.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

#### ***Recently Issued or Proposed Accounting Pronouncements***

On July 13, 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 13-2, *Accounting for a Change or Projected Change in the Timing of Cash Flows Relating to Income Taxes Generated by a Leveraged Lease Transaction* (FSP 13-2). The principal provision of FSP 13-2 is the requirement that a lessor recalculate the recognition of lease income when there is a change in the estimated timing of the cash flows relating to income taxes generated by such leveraged lease. FSP 13-2 is effective as of January 1, 2007 and requires that the cumulative effect of adoption be reflected as an adjustment to the beginning balance of Retained Earnings in the period of adoption with a corresponding offset decreasing the net investment in leveraged leases. Management currently estimates that the adoption of FSP 13-2 will result in an adjustment increasing Goodwill by approximately \$400 million for leveraged leases acquired as part of the FleetBoston Merger and a charge of approximately \$350 million to Retained Earnings as of January 1, 2007.

On July 13, 2006, the FASB released FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting and reporting for income taxes where interpretation of the tax law may be uncertain. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of income tax uncertainties with respect to positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. The Corporation will adopt FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. The cumulative effect, if any, of applying FIN 48 will be recorded as an adjustment to the beginning balance of Retained Earnings. Management is currently evaluating the effect of FIN 48 on the Corporation.



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On March 31, 2006, the FASB issued an exposure draft, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R). The exposure draft requires the recognition of a plan's over-funded or under-funded status as an asset or liability and an adjustment to Accumulated OCI. Additionally, the exposure draft requires determination of the fair values of a plan's assets at a company's year-end and recognition of actuarial gains and losses, and prior service costs and credits, as a component of Accumulated OCI. A final standard is expected to be issued during the second half of 2006 and is expected to be effective December 31, 2006. If the provisions in this exposure draft had been applied as of December 31, 2005, Shareholders' Equity would have been reduced by approximately \$2.9 billion before tax and approximately \$1.9 billion after tax. For additional information on the Corporation's pension and postretirement plans, see Note 16 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

On March 17, 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 156, *Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 and 140 (SFAS 156), which permits, but does not require, an entity to account for one or more classes of servicing rights (i.e., mortgage servicing rights, or MSRs) at fair value, with the changes in fair value recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Corporation elected to early adopt the standard and to account for consumer MSRs using the fair value measurement method on January 1, 2006. Commercial related MSRs continue to be accounted for using the amortization method (i.e., lower of cost or market). The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Corporation's results of operations or financial condition. For additional information on MSRs, see Note 7 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

On February 16, 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments* (SFAS 155), which permits, but does not require, fair value accounting for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that would otherwise require bifurcation in accordance with SFAS 133. The statement also subjects beneficial interests issued by securitization vehicles to the requirements of SFAS 133. The statement is effective as of January 1, 2007, with earlier adoption permitted. The adoption of SFAS No. 155 will not have a material impact on the Corporation's results of operations and financial condition.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-based Payment* (SFAS 123R). Previously, the Corporation accounted for stock-based employee compensation under the fair value-based method of accounting. For additional information on stock-based employee compensation, see Note 13 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

For additional information on recently issued accounting pronouncements and other significant accounting principles, see Note 1 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

**NOTE 2 MBNA Merger and Restructuring Activity**

The Corporation acquired 100 percent of the outstanding stock of MBNA on January 1, 2006 under the terms of the MBNA merger agreement. As a result, 1,260 million shares of MBNA common stock were exchanged for 631 million shares of the Corporation's common stock. Prior to the MBNA merger, this represented approximately 16 percent of the Corporation's outstanding common stock. MBNA shareholders also received cash of \$5.2 billion. The MBNA merger was a tax-free merger for the Corporation. The acquisition expands the Corporation's customer base and its opportunity to deepen customer relationships across the full breadth of the Corporation by delivering innovative deposit, lending and investment products and services to MBNA's customer base. Additionally, the acquisition allows the Corporation to significantly increase its affinity relationships through MBNA's credit card operations and sell these credit cards through its delivery channels (including the retail branch network). MBNA's results of operations were included in the Corporation's results beginning January 1, 2006.

The MBNA merger was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting in accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the MBNA merger date as summarized below. This allocation is based on management's current estimation and could change as the fair value calculations are finalized and more information becomes available.

**Table of Contents****MBNA Purchase Price Allocation (In millions, except per share amounts)**

<b>Purchase price</b>	
Purchase price per share of the Corporation's common stock <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 45.856
Exchange ratio	0.5009
Purchase price per share of the Corporation's common stock exchanged	\$ 22.969
Cash portion of the MBNA merger consideration	4,125
Implied value of one share of MBNA common stock	27.094
MBNA common stock exchanged	1,260
Total value of the Corporation's common stock and cash exchanged	\$ 34,139
Fair value of outstanding stock options and direct acquisition costs	467
<b>Total purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 34,606</b>
<b>Allocation of the purchase price</b>	
MBNA stockholders' equity	\$ 13,410
MBNA goodwill and other intangible assets	(3,564)
Adjustments to reflect assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value:	
Loans and leases	(292)
Premises and equipment	(550)
Identified intangibles <sup>(2)</sup>	7,886
Other assets	(840)
Deposits	(97)
Exit and termination liabilities	(368)
Other personnel-related liabilities	(685)
Other liabilities and deferred income taxes	(585)
Long-term debt	(409)
Estimated fair value of net assets acquired	13,906
<b>Estimated goodwill resulting from the MBNA merger<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 20,700</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The value of the shares of common stock exchanged with MBNA shareholders was based upon the average of the closing prices of the Corporation's common stock for the period commencing two trading days before, and ending two trading days after, June 30, 2005, the date of the MBNA merger announcement.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes purchased credit card relationships of \$5,698 million, affinity relationships of \$1,641 million, core deposit intangibles of \$214 million, and other intangibles of \$333 million. The amortization life for core deposit intangibles is 10 years, and purchased credit card relationships and affinity relationships are 15 years and are amortized on an accelerated basis.

<sup>(3)</sup> No Goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Substantially all Goodwill was allocated to *Global Consumer and Small Business Banking*.

As a result of the MBNA merger, the Corporation acquired certain loans for which there was, at the time of the merger, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected. These loans were accounted for in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position No. 03-3 Accounting for Certain Loans or Debt Securities Acquired in a Transfer, which requires that purchased impaired loans be recorded at fair value at the time of acquisition. The purchase accounting adjustment to reduce impaired loans to fair value results in an increase in Goodwill. In addition, an adjustment was made to the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses for those impaired loans resulting in a decrease in Goodwill. The outstanding balance and fair value of such loans was approximately \$1.3 billion and \$940 million as of the merger date. At June 30, 2006, the outstanding balance of such loans was approximately \$297 million.





**Table of Contents****Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information**

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information presents the results of operations of the Corporation had the MBNA merger taken place at January 1, 2005.

	Pro Forma	
	Three Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
(Dollars in millions)	June 30, 2005	
Net interest income	\$ 8,437	\$ 16,778
Noninterest income	8,834	16,609
Total revenue	17,271	33,387
Provision for credit losses	1,064	1,946
Gains on sales of debt securities	325	984
Merger and restructuring charges	136	1,016
Other noninterest expense	8,388	16,787
Income before income taxes	8,008	14,622
Net income	5,280	9,717

Merger and Restructuring Charges in the above table includes a nonrecurring restructuring charge related to legacy MBNA of \$15 million and \$783 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. Pro forma Earnings per Common Share and Diluted Earnings per Common Share were \$1.14 and \$1.12 for the three months ended June 30, 2005, and \$2.08 and \$2.05 for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

**Merger and Restructuring Charges**

Merger and Restructuring Charges are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income, and include incremental costs to integrate the operations of the Corporation and MBNA. These charges represent costs associated with these one-time activities and do not represent ongoing costs of the fully integrated combined organization. The following table presents severance and employee-related charges, systems integrations and related charges, and other merger-related charges. For a discussion of the prior year Merger and Restructuring Charges related to FleetBoston Financial Corporation, see Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

	Three Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
(Dollars in millions)	June 30, 2006	
Severance and employee-related charges	\$ 20	\$ 33
Systems integrations and related charges	132	180
Other	42	79
<b>Total merger and restructuring charges</b>	<b>\$ 194</b>	<b>\$ 292</b>

**Table of Contents****Exit Costs and Restructuring Reserves**

On January 1, 2006, liabilities of \$468 million for MBNA's exit and termination costs were recorded as purchase accounting adjustments resulting in an increase in Goodwill. Included in the \$468 million were \$409 million for severance, relocation and other employee-related expenses and \$59 million for contract terminations. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, a reduction of \$100 million to the exit cost reserves was recorded to reflect the impact of updated integration plans, including site consolidations. The reductions were related to severance, relocation and other employee-related expenses. In addition, cash payments of \$45 million and \$67 million were charged against this liability during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, including \$35 million and \$37 million of severance, relocation and other employee-related costs, and \$10 million and \$30 million of contract terminations reducing the balance in the liability to \$301 million at June 30, 2006.

Restructuring reserves were established for legacy Bank of America associate severance, other employee-related expenses, and contract terminations. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, \$20 million and \$33 million was recorded to the restructuring reserves related to associate severance and other employee-related expenses, and another \$20 million and \$41 million for contract terminations. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, cash payments of \$4 million for severance and other employee-related costs reduced this liability. The net impact of these items increased the balance from \$34 million at March 31, 2006 to \$70 million at June 30, 2006.

Payments under exit costs and restructuring reserves associated with the MBNA merger are expected to be substantially complete by the end of 2007. The following table presents the changes in Exit Costs and Restructuring Reserves for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	Exit Cost Reserves <sup>(1)</sup>	Restructuring Reserves <sup>(2)</sup>
<b>Balance, January 1, 2006</b>	\$	\$
MBNA exit costs	468	
Restructuring charges		34
Cash payments	(22)	
<b>Balance, March 31, 2006</b>	446	34
MBNA exit costs	(100)	
Restructuring charges		40
Cash payments	(45)	(4)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2006</b>	<b>\$ 301</b>	<b>\$ 70</b>

(1) Exit costs reserves were established in purchase accounting resulting in an increase in Goodwill.

(2) Restructuring reserves were established by a charge to income.

**Table of Contents****NOTE 3 - Trading Account Assets and Liabilities**

The Corporation engages in a variety of trading-related activities that are either for clients or its own account.

The following table presents the fair values of the components of Trading Account Assets and Liabilities at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

(Dollars in millions)	June 30 2006	December 31 2005
<b>Trading account assets</b>		
Corporate securities, trading loans and other	\$ 44,287	\$ 46,554
U.S. government and agency securities <sup>(1)</sup>	32,086	31,091
Equity securities	31,121	31,029
Mortgage trading loans and asset-backed securities	12,513	12,290
Foreign sovereign debt	14,701	10,743
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 134,708</b>	<b>\$ 131,707</b>
<b>Trading account liabilities</b>		
U.S. government and agency securities <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 18,190	\$ 23,179
Equity securities	18,896	11,371
Foreign sovereign debt	10,312	8,915
Corporate securities and other	10,088	7,425
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 57,486</b>	<b>\$ 50,890</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$23.8 billion at June 30, 2006 and \$22.1 billion at December 31, 2005 of government-sponsored enterprise obligations that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes \$1.1 billion at June 30, 2006 and \$1.4 billion at December 31, 2005 of government-sponsored enterprise obligations that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

**NOTE 4 - Derivatives**

All derivatives are recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at fair value, taking into consideration the effects of legally enforceable master netting agreements that allow the Corporation to settle positive and negative positions and offset cash collateral held with the same counterparty on a net basis. For exchange-traded contracts, fair value is based on quoted market prices. For non-exchange traded contracts, fair value is based on dealer quotes, pricing models or quoted prices for instruments with similar characteristics. The Corporation designates at inception whether the derivative contract is considered hedging or non-hedging for SFAS 133 accounting purposes. Non-hedging derivatives held for trading purposes are included in Derivative Assets or Derivative Liabilities with changes in fair value reflected in Trading Account Profits. Other non-hedging derivatives that are considered economic hedges, but not designated in a hedging relationship for accounting purposes, are also included in Derivative Assets or Derivative Liabilities with changes in fair value recorded in Mortgage Banking Income or Other Income on the Consolidated Statement of Income. A detailed discussion of derivative trading activities and Asset and Liability Management (ALM) activities are presented in Note 5 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

The following table presents the contract/notional amounts and credit risk amounts at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 of all the Corporation's derivative positions. These derivative positions are primarily executed in the over-the-counter market. Credit risk associated with derivatives is measured as the net replacement cost in the event the counterparties with contracts in a gain position to the Corporation completely fail to perform under the terms of those contracts. The credit risk amounts take into consideration the effects of legally enforceable master netting agreements, and on an aggregate basis have been reduced by the cash collateral applied against Derivative Assets. At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the cash collateral applied against Derivative Assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheet was \$10.9 billion and \$9.3 billion. In addition, at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the cash collateral placed against Derivative Liabilities was \$10.7 billion and \$7.6 billion.



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(Dollars in millions)	June 30, 2006		December 31, 2005	
	Contract/ Notional	Credit Risk	Contract/ Notional	Credit Risk
<b>Interest rate contracts</b>				
Swaps	\$ 16,732,275	\$ 13,444	\$ 14,401,577	\$ 11,085
Futures and forwards	2,065,411	130	2,113,717	
Written options	1,271,293		900,036	
Purchased options	1,186,715	2,968	869,471	3,345
<b>Foreign exchange contracts</b>				
Swaps	389,201	4,646	333,487	3,735
Spot, futures and forwards	1,242,271	2,785	944,321	2,481
Written options	403,992		214,668	
Purchased options	434,367	1,909	229,049	1,214
<b>Equity contracts</b>				
Swaps	31,440	721	28,287	548
Futures and forwards	13,060	24	6,479	44
Written options	104,657		69,048	
Purchased options	103,223	7,230	57,693	6,729
<b>Commodity contracts</b>				
Swaps	4,868	1,586	8,809	2,475
Futures and forwards	7,702	1	5,533	
Written options	7,031		7,854	
Purchased options	2,823	327	3,673	546
<b>Credit derivatives</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>986,472</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>722,190</b>	<b>766</b>
Credit risk before cash collateral		36,422		32,968
Less: Cash collateral applied		10,896		9,256
<b>Total derivative assets</b> <sup>(2)</sup>		<b>\$ 25,526</b>		<b>\$ 23,712</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The December 31, 2005 notional amount has been restated to conform with new regulatory guidance, which defined the notional as the contractual loss protection for structured basket transactions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes long and short derivative positions.

The average fair value of Derivative Assets for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was \$26.1 billion and \$25.2 billion. The average fair value of Derivative Liabilities for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was \$18.2 billion and \$16.9 billion.

**Fair Value and Cash Flow Hedges**

The Corporation uses various types of interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate derivative contracts to protect against changes in the fair value of its assets and liabilities due to fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates (fair value hedges). The Corporation also uses these types of contracts to protect against changes in the cash flows of its assets and liabilities, and other forecasted transactions (cash flow hedges). During the next 12 months, net losses on derivative instruments included in Accumulated OCI of approximately \$300 million (pre-tax) are expected to be reclassified into earnings. These net losses reclassified into earnings are expected to decrease income or increase expense on the respective hedged items.

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The following table summarizes certain information related to the Corporation's derivative hedges accounted for under SFAS 133 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Fair value hedges</b>				
Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 18	\$ 40	\$ (1)	\$ 45
Net gain (loss) excluded from assessment of effectiveness <sup>(2)</sup>		(4)		2
<b>Cash flow hedges</b>				
Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	4	(13)	3	(15)
<b>Net investment hedges</b>				
Gains (losses) included in foreign currency translation adjustments within Accumulated OCI	(212)	32	(202)	79

(1) Included \$18 million and \$(1) million recorded in Net Interest Income in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. Included \$46 million and \$51 million recorded in Mortgage Banking Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. Included \$(6) million and \$(6) million recorded in Equity Investment Gains for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005.

(2) Amounts are recorded in Mortgage Banking Income in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005.

(3) Included \$3 million and \$(5) million recorded in Net Interest Income and \$1 million and \$(8) million recorded in Mortgage Banking Income in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Included \$2 million and \$(1) million recorded in Net Interest Income and \$1 million and \$(14) million recorded in Mortgage Banking Income in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

**NOTE 5 - Outstanding Loans and Leases**

Outstanding loans and leases at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were:

(Dollars in millions)	June 30 2006	December 31 2005
<b>Consumer</b>		
Residential mortgage	\$ 222,803	\$ 182,596
Credit card - domestic	62,990	58,548
Credit card - foreign	8,576	
Home equity lines	68,856	62,098
Direct/Indirect consumer	59,281	45,490
Other consumer <sup>(1)</sup>	10,846	6,725
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>433,352</b>	<b>355,457</b>
<b>Commercial</b>		
Commercial - domestic	149,871	140,533
Commercial real estate <sup>(2)</sup>	37,262	35,766
Commercial lease financing	20,974	20,705
Commercial - foreign	26,494	21,330
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>234,601</b>	<b>218,334</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 667,953</b>	<b>\$ 573,791</b>

- (1) Includes foreign consumer of \$7.9 billion and \$3.8 billion, and consumer finance of \$3.0 billion and \$2.8 billion at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.
- (2) Includes domestic commercial real estate loans of \$36.5 billion and \$35.2 billion, and foreign commercial real estate loans of \$789 million and \$585 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

The following table presents the recorded loan amounts, without consideration for the specific component of the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses, that were considered individually impaired in accordance with SFAS No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, (SFAS 114) at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005. SFAS 114 impairment includes performing troubled debt restructurings and excludes all commercial leases.

(Dollars in millions)	June 30 2006	December 31 2005
Commercial domestic	\$ 618	\$ 613
Commercial real estate	59	49
Commercial foreign	54	34
<b>Total impaired loans</b>	<b>\$ 731</b>	<b>\$ 696</b>

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At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, nonperforming loans and leases, including impaired loans and nonaccrual consumer loans, totaled \$1.6 billion and \$1.5 billion. In addition, included in Other Assets were nonperforming loans held-for-sale of \$114 million and \$69 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

**NOTE 6 - Allowance for Credit Losses**

The following table summarizes the changes in the allowance for credit losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Allowance for loan and lease losses, beginning of period</b>	<b>\$ 9,067</b>	\$ 8,313	<b>\$ 8,045</b>	\$ 8,626
MBNA balance, January 1, 2006			577	
Loans and leases charged off	(1,407)	(1,222)	(2,524)	(2,380)
Recoveries of loans and leases previously charged off	384	342	679	611
<b>Net charge-offs</b>	<b>(1,023)</b>	(880)	<b>(1,845)</b>	(1,769)
Provision for loan and lease losses	1,005	886	2,275	1,474
Other	31		28	(12)
<b>Allowance for loan and lease losses, June 30</b>	<b>9,080</b>	8,319	<b>9,080</b>	8,319
<b>Reserve for unfunded lending commitments, beginning of period</b>	<b>395</b>	394	<b>395</b>	402
Provision for unfunded lending commitments		(11)		(19)
<b>Reserve for unfunded lending commitments, June 30</b>	<b>395</b>	383	<b>395</b>	383
<b>Total allowance for credit losses</b>	<b>\$ 9,475</b>	\$ 8,702	<b>\$ 9,475</b>	\$ 8,702

**NOTE 7 Mortgage Servicing Rights**

Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation accounts for consumer MSR's at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Corporation economically hedges these MSR's with certain derivatives such as purchased options and interest rate swaps. Prior to January 1, 2006, MSR's were accounted for on a lower of cost or market basis and hedged with derivatives that qualified for SFAS 133 hedge accounting.



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The following table presents activity for consumer-related MSR for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Balance, beginning of period</b>	<b>\$ 2,925</b>	<b>\$ 2,547</b>	<b>\$ 2,673</b>	<b>\$ 2,358</b>
Additions	133	221	276	386
Impact of customer payments	(167)		(338)	
Amortization		(149)		(293)
Other changes in MSR market value <sup>(1)</sup>	192		472	
Valuation adjustment of MSRs <sup>(2)</sup>		(386)		(218)
<b>Balance, June 30 <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 3,083</b>	<b>\$ 2,233</b>	<b>\$ 3,083</b>	<b>\$ 2,233</b>

(1) Reflects changes in discount rates and prepayment speed assumptions, mostly due to changes in interest rates and the passage of time.

(2) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, includes \$(354) million and \$(204) million related to change in value attributed to SFAS 133 hedged MSRs, and \$(32) million and \$(14) million of impairment charges.

(3) Net of impairment allowance of \$258 million at June 30, 2005.

The key economic assumptions used in valuations of MSRs included modeled prepayment rates and resultant weighted average lives of the MSRs and the option adjusted spread levels. Commercial MSRs are accounted for using the amortization method (i.e., lower of cost or market). Commercial MSRs were \$148 million at both June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and are not included in the table above.

**NOTE 8 - Securitizations**

The Corporation securitizes assets and may continue to hold a portion or all of the securities, subordinated tranches, interest-only strips and, in some cases, a cash reserve account, all of which are considered interests that continue to be held by a transferor in the securitized assets. Those assets may be serviced by the Corporation or by third parties. The Corporation also uses other special purpose financing entities to access the commercial paper market and for other lending, leasing and real estate activities.

As a result of the MBNA merger, the Corporation acquired interests in credit card, other consumer, and commercial loan securitization vehicles. These acquired interests include interest-only strips, subordinated tranches, cash reserve accounts, and subordinated accrued interest receivable. Changes in the fair value of the interest-only strips are recorded in Card Income. Their aggregate debt securities outstanding as of January 1, 2006, the date of acquisition, were \$81.6 billion in credit card, \$5.6 billion in other consumer, and \$1.5 billion in commercial.

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Key economic assumptions used in measuring the fair value of certain interests that continue to be held by the Corporation (included in Other Assets) in credit card securitizations and the sensitivity of the current fair value of residual cash flows to changes in those assumptions are as follows:

(Dollars in millions)	June 30 2006	December 31 2005
<b>Carrying amount of residual interests (at fair value) <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 2,522</b>	<b>\$ 203</b>
<b>Balance of unamortized securitized loans</b>	<b>90,564</b>	<b>2,237</b>
<b>Weighted average life to call or maturity (in years)</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>
<b>Revolving structures - payment rate</b>	<b>12.0-19.0%</b>	<b>12.1%</b>
Impact on fair value of 100 bps favorable change	\$ 22	\$ 2
Impact on fair value of 200 bps favorable change	49	3
Impact on fair value of 100 bps adverse change	(20)	(2)
Impact on fair value of 200 bps adverse change	(40)	(3)
<b>Expected credit losses (annual rate)</b>	<b>3.4-5.1%</b>	<b>4.0-4.3%</b>
Impact on fair value of 10% favorable change	\$ 65	\$ 3
Impact on fair value of 25% favorable change	184	8
Impact on fair value of 10% adverse change	(66)	(3)
Impact on fair value of 25% adverse change	(166)	(8)
<b>Residual cash flows discount rate (annual rate)</b>	<b>12.0-12.5%</b>	<b>12.0%</b>
Impact on fair value of 100 bps favorable change	\$ 7	\$
Impact on fair value of 200 bps favorable change	10	
Impact on fair value of 100 bps adverse change	(11)	
Impact on fair value of 200 bps adverse change	(21)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Residual interests include interest-only strips, one or more subordinated tranches, accrued interest receivable, and in some cases, a cash reserve account.

The sensitivities in the preceding table are hypothetical and should be used with caution. As the amounts indicate, changes in fair value based on variations in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumption to the change in fair value may not be linear. Also, the effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the fair value of an interest that continues to be held by the Corporation is calculated without changing any other assumption. In reality, changes in one factor may result in changes in another, which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities. Additionally, the Corporation has the ability to hedge interest rate risk associated with retained residual positions. The above sensitivities do not reflect any hedge strategies that may be undertaken to mitigate such risk. The other consumer and commercial loan securitization vehicles acquired with MBNA were not material to the Corporation.

Principal proceeds from collections reinvested in revolving credit card securitizations were \$40.2 billion and \$79.3 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, and \$1.2 billion and \$3.2 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. Contractual credit card servicing fee income totaled \$448 million and \$888 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, and \$29 million and \$63 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. Other cash flows received on interests that continued to be held by the Corporation were \$1.6 billion and \$3.4 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, and \$45 million and \$120 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, for credit card securitizations.

The Corporation reviews its loans and leases portfolio on a managed basis. Managed loans and leases are defined as on-balance sheet Loans and Leases as well as those loans in revolving securitizations and other securitizations where servicing is retained that are undertaken for liquidity or other corporate purposes, which include credit card, home equity lines, commercial loans, auto and certain mortgage securitizations. Managed loans and leases excludes originate-to-distribute loans and other loans in securitizations where the Corporation has not retained servicing. New advances on accounts for which previous loan balances were sold to the securitization trusts will be recorded on the Corporation's Consolidated Balance Sheet after the revolving period of the securitization, which has the effect of increasing Loans and Leases on the Corporation's Consolidated Balance Sheet and increasing Net Interest Income and charge-offs, with a corresponding reduction in Noninterest Income.

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Portfolio balances, delinquency and historical loss amounts of the managed loans and leases portfolio as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

(Dollars in millions)	June 30, 2006 Accruing			December 31, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> Accruing		
	Total Loans and Leases	Loans and Leases Past Due 90 Days or More	Non-performing Loans and Leases	Total Loans and Leases	Loans and Leases Past Due 90 Days or More	Non-performing Loans and Leases
Residential mortgage <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 227,997	\$ 32	\$ 537	\$ 188,502	\$	\$ 570
Credit card - domestic	137,588	3,188		60,785	1,217	
Credit card - foreign	24,542	557				
Home equity lines	69,229		136	62,553	3	117
Direct/Indirect consumer	68,099	364	35	49,486	75	37
Other consumer	10,846	39	99	6,725	15	61
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>538,301</b>	<b>4,180</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>368,051</b>	<b>1,310</b>	<b>785</b>
Commercial - domestic	153,008	202	606	142,437	117	581
Commercial real estate	37,262	9	59	35,766	4	49
Commercial lease financing	20,974	21	43	20,705	15	62
Commercial - foreign	26,494	12	54	21,330	32	34
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>237,738</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>220,238</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>726</b>
<b>Total managed loans and leases</b>	<b>776,039</b>	<b>4,424</b>	<b>1,569</b>	<b>588,289</b>	<b>1,478</b>	<b>1,511</b>
Managed loans in securitizations	(108,086)	(1,991)	(2)	(14,498)	(23)	
<b>Total held loans and leases</b>	<b>\$ 667,953</b>	<b>\$ 2,433</b>	<b>\$ 1,567</b>	<b>\$ 573,791</b>	<b>\$ 1,455</b>	<b>\$ 1,511</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts for December 31, 2005 have been restated to include certain mortgage and auto securitizations as these are now included in the Corporation's definition of managed loans and leases.

<sup>(2)</sup> Accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more represent residential mortgage loans related to repurchases pursuant to our servicing agreements with Government National Mortgage Association mortgage pools whose repayments are insured by Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

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(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006			Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup>		
	Average Loans and Leases Outstanding	Loans and Leases Net Losses	Net Loss Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	Average Loans and Leases Outstanding	Loans and Leases Net Losses	Net Loss Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>
Residential mortgage	\$ 202,552	\$ 14	0.03%	\$ 170,619	\$ 11	0.03%
Credit card - domestic	137,315	1,227	3.58	58,537	909	6.23
Credit card - foreign	24,002	247	4.13			
Home equity lines	67,590	12	0.07	55,537	9	0.07
Direct/Indirect consumer	65,975	184	1.12	44,552	46	0.43
Other consumer	10,804	75	2.80	6,968	43	2.48
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>508,238</b>	<b>1,759</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>336,213</b>	<b>1,018</b>	<b>1.23</b>
Commercial - domestic	151,794	63	0.17	127,277	(7)	(0.02)
Commercial real estate	36,749	1		33,484	1	0.01
Commercial lease financing	20,896	(17)	(0.33)	20,446	9	0.19
Commercial - foreign	24,345	5	0.08	17,780	(6)	(0.15)
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>233,784</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>198,987</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>(0.01)</b>
<b>Total managed loans and leases</b>	<b>742,022</b>	<b>1,811</b>	<b>0.98%</b>	<b>535,200</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>0.77%</b>
Managed loans in securitizations	(106,373)	(788)		(14,785)	(135)	
<b>Total held loans and leases</b>	<b>\$ 635,649</b>	<b>\$ 1,023</b>		<b>\$ 520,415</b>	<b>\$ 880</b>	

(Dollars in millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006			Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup>		
	Average Loans and Leases Outstanding	Loans and Leases Net Losses	Net Loss Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	Average Loans and Leases Outstanding	Loans and Leases Net Losses	Net Loss Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>
Residential mortgage	\$ 196,522	\$ 24	0.02%	\$ 177,693	\$ 15	0.02%
Credit card - domestic	138,329	2,300	3.35	58,342	1,794	6.20
Credit card - foreign	23,396	420	3.62			
Home equity lines	66,123	20	0.06	53,793	15	0.06
Direct/Indirect consumer	65,318	319	0.98	43,712	114	0.53
Other consumer	10,581	117	2.25	7,136	99	2.81
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>500,269</b>	<b>3,200</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>340,676</b>	<b>2,037</b>	<b>1.21</b>
Commercial - domestic	149,978	126	0.17	127,214	19	0.03
Commercial real estate	36,713			33,252	1	
Commercial lease financing	20,705	(40)	(0.39)	20,594	34	0.34
Commercial - foreign	23,745	6	0.05	17,676	(35)	(0.40)
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>231,141</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>198,736</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0.02</b>
<b>Total managed loans and leases</b>	<b>731,410</b>	<b>3,292</b>	<b>0.91%</b>	<b>539,412</b>	<b>2,056</b>	<b>0.78%</b>
Managed loans in securitizations	(105,547)	(1,447)		(16,756)	(287)	
<b>Total held loans and leases</b>	<b>\$ 625,863</b>	<b>\$ 1,845</b>		<b>\$ 522,656</b>	<b>\$ 1,769</b>	

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- (1) The amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 have been restated to include certain mortgage and auto securitizations as these are now included in the Corporation's definition of managed loans and leases.
  - (2) The net loss ratio is calculated by dividing annualized managed loans and leases net losses by average managed loans and leases outstanding for each loan and lease category.

**Table of Contents****Variable Interest Entities**

At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the assets and liabilities of the Corporation's multi-seller asset-backed commercial paper conduits that have been consolidated in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 46 (Revised December 2003), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51 were reflected in Available-for-sale Securities, Other Assets, and Commercial Paper and Other Short-term Borrowings in *Global Corporate and Investment Banking*. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Corporation held \$8.7 billion and \$6.6 billion of assets in these entities, and in the unlikely event that all of the assets in the VIEs become worthless, the Corporation's maximum loss exposure associated with these entities including unfunded lending commitments would be approximately \$10.6 billion and \$8.3 billion. The Corporation also had contractual relationships with other consolidated VIEs that engage in leasing or lending activities or real estate joint ventures. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the amount of assets of these entities was \$1.5 billion and \$750 million, and in the unlikely event that all of the assets in the VIEs become worthless, the Corporation's maximum possible loss exposure would be \$1.0 billion and \$212 million.

Additionally, the Corporation had significant variable interests in other VIEs that it did not consolidate because it was not deemed to be the primary beneficiary. In such cases, the Corporation does not absorb the majority of the entities' expected losses nor does it receive a majority of the entities' expected residual returns. These entities typically support the financing needs of the Corporation's customers by facilitating their access to the commercial paper markets. The Corporation functions as administrator and provides either liquidity and letters of credit, or derivatives to the VIE. The Corporation also provides asset management and related services to other special purpose vehicles that engage in lending, investing, or real estate activities. Total assets of these entities at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were approximately \$38.1 billion and \$32.5 billion. Revenues associated with administration, liquidity, letters of credit and other services were approximately \$44 million and \$74 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, and \$51 million and \$101 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, in the unlikely event that all of the assets in the VIEs become worthless, the Corporation's maximum loss exposure associated with these VIEs would be approximately \$30.8 billion and \$26.7 billion, which is net of amounts syndicated.

Management does not believe losses resulting from its involvement with the entities discussed above will be material. See Notes 1 and 9 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's 2005 Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006 for additional discussion of securitizations and special purpose financing entities.

**NOTE 9- Goodwill and Intangibles**

The following table presents allocated Goodwill at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 for each business segment and *All Other*.

(Dollars in millions)	June 30 2006	December 31 2005
Global Consumer and Small Business Banking	\$ 39,199	\$18,491
Global Corporate and Investment Banking	21,304	21,292
Global Wealth and Investment Management	5,333	5,333
All Other	259	238
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 66,095</b>	<b>\$45,354</b>

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The gross carrying values and accumulated amortization related to Intangible Assets at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are presented below:

(Dollars in millions)	June 30, 2006		December 31, 2005	
	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization
Purchased credit card relationships	\$ 6,477	\$ 627	\$ 660	\$ 217
Core deposit intangibles	3,875	2,147	3,661	1,881
Affinity relationships	1,656	103		
Other intangibles	2,036	829	1,693	722
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 14,044</b>	<b>\$ 3,706</b>	<b>\$ 6,014</b>	<b>\$ 2,820</b>

For additional information on the impact of the MBNA merger, see Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Amortization expense on intangibles was \$441 million and \$204 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and \$881 million and \$412 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The Corporation estimates that aggregate amortization expense will be approximately \$440 million for both the third and fourth quarters of 2006. In addition, the Corporation estimates the aggregate amortization expense will be approximately \$1.5 billion, \$1.3 billion, \$1.2 billion, \$1.0 billion and \$900 million for 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011, respectively.

**NOTE 10 - Commitments and Contingencies**

In the normal course of business, the Corporation enters into a number of off-balance sheet commitments. These commitments expose the Corporation to varying degrees of credit and market risk and are subject to the same credit and market risk limitation reviews as those instruments recorded on the Corporation's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

**Credit Extension Commitments**

The Corporation enters into commitments to extend credit such as loan commitments, standby letters of credit and commercial letters of credit to meet the financing needs of its customers. For additional information on commitments to extend credit, see Note 13 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006. The outstanding unfunded lending commitments shown in the following table have been reduced by amounts participated to other financial institutions of \$31.8 billion and \$30.4 billion at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005. The carrying amount for these commitments, which represents the liability recorded related to these instruments, at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was \$443 million and \$458 million. At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount included deferred revenue of \$48 million and a reserve for unfunded lending commitments of \$395 million. At December 31, 2005, the carrying amount included deferred revenue of \$63 million and a reserve for unfunded lending commitments of \$395 million.

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	June 30	December 31
(Dollars in millions)	2006	2005
Loan commitments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 320,309	\$ 277,757
Home equity lines of credit	89,869	78,626
Standby letters of credit and financial guarantees	45,894	43,095
Commercial letters of credit	5,528	5,154
Legally binding commitments	461,600	404,632
Credit card lines <sup>(2)</sup>	830,259	192,968
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,291,859</b>	<b>\$ 597,600</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, there were equity commitments of \$1.5 billion and \$1.4 billion, related to obligations to further fund Principal Investing equity investments.

<sup>(2)</sup> As part of the MBNA merger, on January 1, 2006, the Corporation acquired \$588.4 billion of unused credit card lines.

Legally binding commitments to extend credit generally have specified rates and maturities. Certain of these commitments have adverse change clauses that help to protect the Corporation against deterioration in the borrowers' ability to pay.

**Other Commitments**

At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, charge cards (nonrevolving card lines) to individuals and government entities guaranteed by the U.S. government in the amount of \$9.3 billion and \$9.4 billion were not included in credit card line commitments in the previous table. The outstanding balances related to these charge cards were \$280 million and \$171 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

At June 30, 2006, the Corporation had whole mortgage loan purchase commitments of \$974 million, all of which will settle in the third quarter of 2006. At December 31, 2005, the Corporation had whole mortgage loan purchase commitments of \$4.0 billion, all of which settled in the first quarter of 2006.

The Corporation has entered into operating leases for certain of its premises and equipment. Commitments under these leases approximate \$1.3 billion in 2006, \$1.2 billion in 2007, \$1.2 billion in 2008, \$900 million in 2009, \$750 million in 2010 and \$5.0 billion for all years thereafter.

In 2005, the Corporation entered into an agreement for the committed purchase of retail automotive loans over a five-year period ending June 30, 2010. In 2005, the Corporation purchased \$5.0 billion of such loans. For the six months ending June 30, 2006, the Corporation purchased \$5.0 billion of such loans. Under the agreement, the Corporation is committed to purchase up to \$5.0 billion of such loans for the period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007 and up to \$10 billion in each of the agreement's next three fiscal years. As of June 30, 2006, the remaining commitment amount was \$35.0 billion.

**Other Guarantees**

The Corporation provides credit and debit card processing services to various merchants, processing credit and debit card transactions on their behalf. In connection with these services, a liability may arise in the event of a billing dispute between the merchant and a cardholder that is ultimately resolved in the cardholder's favor and the merchant defaults upon its obligation to reimburse the cardholder. A cardholder, through its issuing bank, generally has until the later of up to four months after the date a transaction is processed or the delivery of the product or service to present a chargeback to the Corporation as the merchant processor. If the Corporation is unable to collect this amount from the merchant, it bears the loss for the amount paid to the cardholder. For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Corporation processed \$97.2 billion and \$84.3 billion of transactions and recorded losses as a result of these chargebacks of \$5 million and \$3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Corporation processed \$185.6 billion and \$160.0 billion of transactions and recorded losses as a result of these chargebacks of \$9 million and \$6 million.





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At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Corporation held as collateral approximately \$376 million and \$248 million of merchant escrow deposits which the Corporation has the right to offset against amounts due from the individual merchants. The Corporation also has the right to offset any payments with cash flows otherwise due to the merchant. Accordingly, the Corporation believes that the maximum potential exposure is not representative of the actual potential loss exposure. The Corporation believes the maximum potential exposure for chargebacks would not exceed the total amount of merchant transactions processed through Visa and MasterCard for the last four months, which represents the claim period for the cardholder, plus any outstanding delayed-delivery transactions. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the maximum potential exposure totaled approximately \$118.0 billion and \$118.2 billion.

For additional information on other guarantees, see Note 13 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006. For additional information on recourse obligations related to residential mortgage loans sold and other guarantees related to securitizations, see Note 9 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

### ***Litigation and Regulatory Matters***

The following disclosure supplements the disclosure in the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006, as well as the Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

#### **Adelphia**

Banc of America Securities LLC (BAS) and Bank of America, N.A. (BANA), wholly-owned subsidiaries of Bank of America Corporation (the Corporation), reached an agreement to settle the Adelphia class action securities litigation, *In re Adelphia Communications Corporation Securities and Derivative Litigation*, currently pending in the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. Under the terms of the settlement, 39 financial institutions, including BAS and BANA, collectively will make a pre-tax payment of up to \$250 million to the settlement class, which consists, with certain exceptions, of all persons who purchased or otherwise acquired securities issued by Adelphia or Adelphia-related entities between August 16, 1999 through June 10, 2002. The court granted preliminary approval of the settlement on June 15, 2006 and scheduled a hearing on final approval for November 10, 2006.

#### **Interchange Anti-Trust Litigation**

In the *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Anti-Trust Litigation* case, plaintiffs filed a supplemental complaint alleging as additional claims (i) federal antitrust claims arising out of MasterCard's initial public offering and (ii) a fraudulent conveyance claim under New York Debtor and Creditor Law. Plaintiffs seek unspecified treble damages and injunctive relief.

#### **Mutual Fund Operations Matters**

On April 4, 2006, the Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries, including pre-merger FleetBoston subsidiaries, entered into an agreement in principle to resolve the class and derivative actions concerning mutual fund trading in the Columbia mutual funds. The agreement in principle, which is subject to court approval, provides that the Corporation will pay \$9.6 million in settlement consideration.

With respect to the case that was originally filed in a state court in Illinois, on June 15, 2006, the U.S. Supreme Court held that the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit did not have appellate jurisdiction to review the order remanding the case to state court. This case is part of the settlement concerning trading in the Columbia mutual funds.

#### **Parmalat Finanziaria S.p.A.**

On April 10, 2006, certain purchasers of Parmalat-related private placements of securities filed first amended complaints against the Corporation and various related entities in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, entitled *Prudential Insurance Company of America and Hartford Life Insurance v. Bank of America Corporation, et al.* and *Allstate Life Insurance Company Bank of America Corporation, et al.* (collectively, the Illinois Actions). The Illinois Actions allege violations of Illinois state securities law and various state law claims, and seek rescission and unspecified damages based upon the Corporation's and related entities' alleged roles in certain private placements of securities issued by Parmalat-related companies. On June 13, 2006, the



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Illinois Actions were transferred and consolidated for pretrial purposes with the *In re Parmalat Securities Litigation* matter pending in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York.

On May 18, 2006, Hartford Life Insurance Company, a purchaser of Parmalat-related private placements of securities filed a complaint against the Corporation and various related entities in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, entitled *Hartford Life Insurance v. Bank of America Corporation, et al.* (the Hartford Action). The Hartford Action alleges violations of federal and Connecticut state securities law and various other state law claims, and seeks rescission and unspecified damages based upon the Corporation's and related entities' alleged roles in certain private placements of securities issued by Parmalat-related companies. On May 23, 2006 the Hartford Action was transferred and consolidated for pretrial purposes with the *In Re Parmalat Securities Litigation* matter.

On April 21, 2006, the Plan Administrator of the Plan of Liquidation of Parmalat-USA Corporation filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries, as well as other financial institutions and accounting firms entitled *G. Peter Pappas in his capacity as the Plan Administrator of the Plan of Liquidation of Parmalat-USA Corporation v. Bank of America Corporation, et al.* (the Parmalat USA Action). The Parmalat USA Action asserts claims of aiding and abetting, breach of fiduciary duty, civil conspiracy and related claims against the Bank of America defendants and other defendants. The plaintiff seeks unspecified damages.

## **Pension Plan Matters**

In *William L. Pender, et al. v. Bank of America Corporation, et al.*, on May 3, 2006, the court vacated the scheduled September 2006 trial date, to be rescheduled after the court has ruled on defendants' motion to dismiss or plaintiffs' motion for class certification.

In *Donna C. Richards v. FleetBoston Financial Pension Plan, et al.*, on May 8, 2006, defendants moved to dismiss plaintiff's amended claims alleging violation of ERISA's anti-backloading rule and breach of fiduciary duty. That motion is pending.

## **Refco**

Most of the putative class actions relating to Refco Inc. have been consolidated for pre-trial purposes in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. BAS and certain other underwriter defendants have moved to dismiss the claims in the consolidated class actions alleging violations of the federal securities laws relating to the Refco senior subordinated notes offering in August 2004. The derivative lawsuits relating to Refco have been dismissed with prejudice for failure to prosecute.

**Table of Contents****NOTE 11 - Shareholders' Equity and Earnings Per Common Share**

The following table presents share repurchase activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, including total common shares repurchased under announced programs, weighted average per share price and the remaining buyback authority under announced programs.

(Dollars in millions, except per share information; shares in thousands)	Number of Common	Weighted	Remaining Buyback Authority	
	Shares Repurchased	Average	under Announced Programs <sup>(2)</sup>	
	under Announced	Per	Amounts	Shares
	Programs <sup>(1)</sup>	Share Price <sup>(1)</sup>		
<b>Three months ended March 31, 2006</b>	<b>88,450</b>	<b>\$ 46.02</b>	<b>\$ 5,847</b>	<b>65,738</b>
April 1-30, 2006	24,100	46.30	16,731	241,638
May 1-31, 2006	39,450	49.33	14,785	202,188
June 1-30, 2006	19,500	48.08	11,169	182,688
<b>Three months ended June 30, 2006</b>	<b>83,050</b>	<b>48.16</b>		
<b>Six months ended June 30, 2006</b>	<b>171,500</b>	<b>47.06</b>		
(Dollars in millions, except per share information; shares in thousands)	Number of Common	Weighted	Remaining Buyback Authority	
	Shares Repurchased	Average	under Announced Programs <sup>(2)</sup>	
	under Announced	Per Share	Amounts	Shares
	Programs <sup>(3)</sup>	Price <sup>(3)</sup>		
Three months ended March 31, 2005	43,214	\$ 46.05	\$ 14,688	237,411
April 1-30, 2005	18,200	44.57	13,877	219,211
May 1-31, 2005	11,050	45.70	13,372	208,161
June 1-30, 2005	11,050	46.40	11,865	197,111
<b>Three months ended June 30, 2005</b>	<b>40,300</b>	<b>45.38</b>		
<b>Six months ended June 30, 2005</b>	<b>83,514</b>	<b>45.73</b>		

(1) Reduced Shareholders' Equity by \$8.1 billion and increased diluted earnings per common share by \$0.03 for the six months ended June 30, 2006. These repurchases were partially offset by the issuance of approximately 68.6 million shares of common stock under employee plans, which increased Shareholders' Equity by \$2.6 billion, net of \$245 million of deferred compensation related to restricted stock awards, and decreased diluted earnings per common share by \$0.01 for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

(2) On January 28, 2004, our Board of Directors (the Board) authorized a stock repurchase program of up to 180 million shares of the Corporation's common stock at an aggregate cost not to exceed \$9.0 billion. This repurchase plan was completed during the second quarter of 2005. On March 22, 2005, the Board authorized a stock repurchase program of up to 200 million shares of the Corporation's common stock at an aggregate cost not to exceed \$12.0 billion and to be completed within a period of 18 months. This repurchase plan was completed during the second quarter of 2006. On April 26, 2006, the Board authorized an additional stock repurchase program of up to 200 million shares of the Corporation's common stock at an aggregate cost not to exceed \$12.0 billion and to be completed within a period of 18 months.

(3) Reduced Shareholders' Equity by \$3.8 billion and increased diluted earnings per common share by \$0.02 for the six months ended June 30, 2005. These repurchases were partially offset by the issuance of approximately 53.7 million shares of common stock under employee plans, which increased Shareholders' Equity by \$1.8 billion, net of \$292 million of deferred compensation related to restricted stock awards, and decreased diluted earnings per common share by \$0.01 for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

The Corporation will continue to repurchase shares, from time to time, in the open market or in private transactions through the Corporation's approved repurchase program. The Corporation expects to continue to repurchase a number of shares of common stock at least equal to any shares issued under the Corporation's employee stock plans.

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On July 26, 2006, the Board increased the regular quarterly cash dividend on common stock from \$0.50 to \$0.56 per share, payable on September 22, 2006 to common shareholders of record on September 1, 2006. In April 2006, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.50 per common share which was paid on June 23, 2006 to common shareholders of record on June 2, 2006.

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The following table presents the changes in Accumulated OCI for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

(Dollars in millions) <sup>(1)</sup>	Securities	Derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>	Other	Total
<b>Balance, December 31, 2004</b>	\$ (197)	\$ (2,279)	\$ (288)	\$ (2,764)
Net change in fair value recorded in Accumulated OCI	1,335	(3,064)	30	(1,699)
Net realized (gains) losses reclassified into earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	(751)	191		(560)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2005</b>	\$ 387	\$ (5,152)	\$ (258)	\$ (5,023)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2005</b>	\$ (2,978)	\$ (4,338)	\$ (240)	\$ (7,556)
Net change in fair value recorded in Accumulated OCI	(4,153)	771	90	(3,292)
Net realized (gains) losses reclassified into earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	(220)	95		(125)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2006</b>	\$ (7,351)	\$ (3,472)	\$ (150)	\$ (10,973)

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts shown are net-of-tax.

<sup>(2)</sup> The amount included in Accumulated OCI for terminated derivative contracts were losses of \$3.2 billion and \$1.9 billion, net-of-tax at June 30, 2006 and 2005.

<sup>(3)</sup> Included in this line item are amounts related to derivatives used in cash flow hedge relationships. These amounts are reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecasted transactions affect earnings. This line item also includes gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities. These amounts are reclassified into earnings upon sale of the related security.

The calculation of earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is presented below:

(Dollars in millions, except per share information; shares in thousands)	Six Months Ended			
	Three Months Ended		June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Earnings per common share</b>				
Net income	\$ 5,475	\$ 4,657	\$ 10,461	\$ 9,050
Preferred stock dividends	(4)	(4)	(9)	(9)
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 5,471	\$ 4,653	\$ 10,452	\$ 9,041
Average common shares issued and outstanding	4,534,627	4,005,356	4,572,013	4,019,089
<b>Earnings per common share</b>	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.16	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.25
<b>Diluted earnings per common share</b>				
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 5,471	\$ 4,653	\$ 10,452	\$ 9,041
Average common shares issued and outstanding	4,534,627	4,005,356	4,572,013	4,019,089
Dilutive potential common shares <sup>(1, 2)</sup>	66,542	59,999	64,946	62,832
Total diluted average common shares issued and outstanding	4,601,169	4,065,355	4,636,959	4,081,921

<b>Diluted earnings per common share</b>	\$	<b>1.19</b>	\$	1.14	\$	<b>2.25</b>	\$	2.21
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- (1) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, average options to purchase 31 million and 52 million shares were outstanding but not included in the computation of earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, average options to purchase 45 million and 35 million shares were outstanding but not included in the computation of earnings per common share because they were antidilutive.
- (2) Includes incremental shares from restricted stock units, restricted stock shares and stock options.

**NOTE 12 Pension and Postretirement Plans**

The Corporation sponsors noncontributory trustee qualified pension plans that cover substantially all officers and employees, a number of noncontributory nonqualified pension plans, and postretirement health and life plans. The Bank of America Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) allows participants to select from various earnings measures, which are based on the returns of certain funds or common stock of the Corporation. The participant-selected earnings measures determine the earnings rate on the individual



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participant account balances in the Pension Plan. A detailed discussion of these plans is provided in Note 16 of the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on Exhibit 99.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 25, 2006.

As a result of the MBNA merger, the Corporation assumed the obligations related to the plans of former MBNA. The MBNA Pension Plan retirement benefits are based on the number of years of benefit service and a percentage of the participant's average annual compensation during the five highest paid consecutive years of their last 10 years of employment. The MBNA Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP) provides certain officers with supplemental retirement benefits in excess of limits imposed on qualified plans by federal tax law. The MBNA Postretirement Health and Life Plan provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for a closed group upon early retirement.

Net periodic benefit cost of the Corporation's plans including the MBNA plans, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 included the following components:

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30					
	Pension		Nonqualified		Postretirement	
	Plans		Pension Plans		Health and Life Plans	
	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005
Service cost	\$ 71	\$ 77	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 2
Interest cost	170	163	18	15	24	19
Expected return on plan assets	(257)	(248)			(2)	(3)
Amortization of transition obligation					8	8
Amortization of prior service cost	11	11	(2)	(1)		
Recognized net actuarial loss	61	37	5	4	13	17
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 56</b>	<b>\$ 40</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>	<b>\$ 22</b>	<b>\$ 46</b>	<b>\$ 43</b>

(Dollars in millions)	Six Months Ended June 30					
	Pension		Nonqualified		Postretirement	
	Plans		Pension Plans		Health and Life Plans	
	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005	2006 <sup>(1)</sup>	2005
Service cost	\$ 153	\$ 154	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 5
Interest cost	338	328	40	31	46	38
Expected return on plan assets	(517)	(496)			(4)	(7)
Amortization of transition obligation					16	16
Amortization of prior service cost	21	23	(4)	(3)		
Recognized net actuarial loss	114	75	10	9	26	34
Recognized loss due to settlements and curtailments				9		
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 109</b>	<b>\$ 84</b>	<b>\$ 52</b>	<b>\$ 53</b>	<b>\$ 91</b>	<b>\$ 86</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the results of former MBNA. The net periodic benefit cost of the former MBNA Pension Plan, SERP, and Postretirement Health and Life Plan were \$12 million, \$6 million and \$4 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The net periodic benefit cost of the former MBNA Pension Plan, SERP, and Postretirement Health and Life Plan were \$25 million, \$13 million and \$8 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

During 2006, the Corporation expects to contribute \$0 million, \$97 million and \$37 million to the Corporation's Qualified Pension Plans, Nonqualified Pension Plans, and Postretirement Health and Life Plans, respectively. At June 30, 2006, the Corporation had contributed \$0 million, \$48 million, and \$19 million, respectively, to these plans. During 2006, the Corporation expects to contribute \$85 million, \$242 million and \$21 million to the former MBNA Pension Plan, SERP, and Postretirement Health and Life Plan, respectively. At June 30, 2006, the Corporation had contributed \$0 million, \$129 million, and \$15 million, respectively, to these plans.



**Table of Contents****NOTE 13 Stock-Based Compensation Plans**

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Corporation accounted for its stock-based compensation plans under SFAS 123. On January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted SFAS 123R under the modified-prospective application. Under the modified-prospective-application, SFAS 123R applies to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after adoption.

The compensation cost recognized in income for the plans described below was \$204 million and \$211 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The related income tax benefit recognized in income was \$75 million and \$78 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The compensation cost recognized in income for the plans described below was \$683 million and \$403 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The related income tax benefit recognized in income was \$253 million and \$145 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123R, awards granted to retirement-eligible employees were expensed over the stated vesting period. SFAS 123R requires that the Corporation recognize stock compensation cost immediately for any awards granted to retirement-eligible employees, or over the vesting period or the period from the grant date to the date retirement eligibility is achieved, whichever is shorter. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Corporation recognized \$320 million in equity-based compensation due to awards being granted to retirement-eligible employees.

Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123R, the Corporation presented tax benefits of deductions resulting from the exercise of stock options as operating cash flows in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. SFAS 123R requires the cash flows resulting from the tax benefits due to tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for those options (excess tax benefits) to be classified as financing cash flows. The Corporation recognized \$203 million in excess tax benefits that were classified as a financing cash inflow for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Corporation estimated the fair value of stock options granted on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. On January 1, 2006, the Corporation began using a lattice option-pricing model to estimate the grant date fair value of stock options granted. The table below presents the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options granted on the date of grant using the lattice option-pricing model for the six months ended June 30, 2006. Lattice option-pricing models incorporate ranges of assumptions for inputs and those ranges are disclosed in the table below. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the stock option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatilities are based on implied volatilities from traded stock options on the Corporation's common stock, historical volatility of the Corporation's common stock, and other factors. The Corporation uses historical data to estimate stock option exercise and employee termination within the model. The expected term of stock options granted is derived from the output of the model and represents the period of time that stock options granted are expected to be outstanding. The table below also includes the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options granted on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The estimates of fair value from these models are theoretical values for stock options and changes in the assumptions used in the models could result in materially different fair value estimates. The actual value of the stock options will depend on the market value of the Corporation's common stock when the stock options are exercised.

	Six Months Ended	
	2006	2005
Risk-free interest rate	4.59 - 4.70%	3.94%
Dividend yield	4.50	4.60
Expected volatility	17.00 - 27.00	20.53
Weighted-average volatility	20.30	n/a
Expected lives (years)	6.5	6

The Corporation has certain equity compensation plans that were approved by its shareholders. These plans are the Key Employee Stock Plan and the Key Associate Stock Plan. Descriptions of the material features of these plans follow.

**Table of Contents****Key Employee Stock Plan**

The Key Employee Stock Plan, as amended and restated, provided for different types of awards. These include stock options, restricted stock shares and restricted stock units. Under the plan, ten-year options to purchase approximately 260 million shares of common stock were granted through December 31, 2002, to certain employees at the closing market price on the respective grant dates. Options granted under the plan generally vest in three or four equal annual installments. At June 30, 2006, approximately 80 million options were outstanding under this plan. No further awards may be granted.

**Key Associate Stock Plan**

On April 24, 2002, the shareholders approved the Key Associate Stock Plan to be effective January 1, 2003. This approval authorized and reserved 200 million shares for grant in addition to the remaining amount under the Key Employee Stock Plan as of December 31, 2002, which was approximately 34 million shares plus any shares covered by awards under the Key Employee Stock Plan that terminate, expire, lapse or are cancelled after December 31, 2002. Upon the FleetBoston merger, the shareholders authorized an additional 102 million shares and on April 26, 2006, the shareholders authorized an additional 180 million shares for grant under the Key Associate Stock Plan. At June 30, 2006, approximately 148 million options were outstanding under this plan. Approximately 18 million shares of restricted stock and restricted stock units were granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006. These shares of restricted stock generally vest in three equal annual installments beginning one year from the grant date. The Corporation incurred restricted stock expense of \$146 million and \$537 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$128 million and \$242 million during the same periods in 2005.

The following table presents information on equity compensation plans at June 30, 2006:

	Number of Shares to be Issued <sup>(1,3)</sup>	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options <sup>(2)</sup>	Number of Shares Remaining for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans
Plans approved by shareholders	242,756,518	\$ 37.25	300,837,078
Plans not approved by shareholders	13,814,485	30.68	
<b>Total</b>	<b>256,571,003</b>	<b>36.88</b>	<b>300,837,078</b>

(1) Includes 14,580,568 unvested restricted stock units.

(2) Does not take into account unvested restricted stock units.

(3) In addition to the securities presented in the table above, there were outstanding options to purchase 56,020,686 shares of the Corporation's common stock and 575,938 unvested restricted stock units granted to employees of predecessor companies assumed in mergers. The weighted average option price of the assumed options was \$34.42 at June 30, 2006.

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The following table presents the status of all option plans at June 30, 2006, and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2006:

	June 30, 2006	
	Weighted	
	Average	
	Exercise	
	Shares	Price
<b>Employee stock options</b>		
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	298,132,802	\$ 35.13
Options assumed through acquisition	31,506,268	32.70
Granted	31,419,920	44.40
Exercised	(60,512,995)	32.10
Forfeited	(2,534,874)	40.44
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2006 <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>298,011,121</b>	<b>36.41</b>
Options exercisable at June 30, 2006	227,844,848	34.03
Options vested and expected to vest <sup>(2)</sup>	295,734,644	36.35

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in outstanding options are 14.1 million options that were fully expensed as they were granted to retirement-eligible employees.

<sup>(2)</sup> The June 30, 2006 estimate includes vested shares and outstanding, nonvested shares including a forfeiture rate.

The weighted average remaining contractual term and aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was 5.8 years and \$3.5 billion, options exercisable was 4.8 years and \$3.2 billion, and options vested and expected to vest was 5.0 years and \$3.5 billion at June 30, 2006.

The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$6.90 and \$6.48. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$599 million and \$1.0 billion.

The following table presents the status of the nonvested shares at June 30, 2006, and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2006:

	June 30, 2006	
	Weighted	
	Average	
	Grant Date	
	Shares	Fair Value
<b>Restricted stock/unit awards</b>		
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	27,278,106	\$ 42.79
Share obligations assumed through acquisition	754,740	30.40
Granted	18,051,991	44.41
Vested	(11,051,239)	41.27
Canceled	(1,006,853)	44.53
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2006 <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>34,026,745</b>	<b>43.82</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in outstanding restricted stock/unit awards are 5.4 million shares that were fully expensed as they were granted to retirement-eligible employees.

At June 30, 2006, there was \$1.2 billion of total unrecognized compensation cost related to share-based compensation arrangements for all awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.0 year. The total fair value of restricted stock vested during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$56 million and \$493 million.

**NOTE 14 - Business Segment Information**

The Corporation reports the results of its operations through three business segments: *Global Consumer and Small Business Banking*, *Global Corporate and Investment Banking*, and *Global Wealth and Investment Management*. The Corporation may periodically reclassify business segment results based on modifications to its management reporting methodologies and changes in organizational alignment.

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*Global Consumer and Small Business Banking* provides a diversified range of products and services to individuals and small businesses through its primary businesses: *Deposits, Card Services, Mortgage and Home Equity*. *Global Corporate and Investment Banking* serves domestic and international issuer and investor clients, providing financial services, specialized industry expertise and local delivery through its primary businesses: *Business Lending, Capital Markets and Advisory Services, and Treasury Services*. These businesses provide traditional bank deposit and loan products to large corporations and institutional clients, capital-raising solutions, advisory services, derivatives capabilities, equity and debt sales and trading for clients, as well as treasury management and payment services. *Global Wealth and Investment Management* offers investment services, estate management, financial planning services, fiduciary management, credit and banking expertise, and diversified asset management products to institutional clients, as well as affluent and high-net-worth individuals through its primary businesses: *The Private Bank, Columbia Management and Premier Banking and Investments*.

*All Other* consists of equity investment activities including Principal Investing, and Corporate and Strategic Investments, the residual impact of the allowance for credit losses and the cost allocation processes, Merger and Restructuring Charges, intersegment eliminations, and the results of certain consumer finance and commercial lending businesses that are being liquidated. *All Other* also includes certain amounts associated with ALM activities, including the residual impact of funds transfer pricing allocation methodologies, amounts associated with the change in the value of derivatives used as economic hedges of interest rate and foreign exchange rate fluctuations that do not qualify for SFAS 133 hedge accounting treatment, gains or losses on sales of whole mortgage loans, and Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities.

Total Revenue includes Net Interest Income on a fully taxable-equivalent (FTE) basis and Noninterest Income. The adjustment of Net Interest Income to a FTE basis results in a corresponding increase in Income Tax Expense. The adjustment is included in Net Interest Income of each of the businesses and offset in *All Other*. The Net Interest Income of the businesses includes the results of a funds transfer pricing process that matches assets and liabilities with similar interest rate sensitivity and maturity characteristics. Net Interest Income of the business segments also includes an allocation of Net Interest Income generated by the Corporation's ALM activities.

Certain expenses not directly attributable to a specific business segment are allocated to the segments based on pre-determined means. The most significant of these expenses include data processing costs, item processing costs and certain centralized or shared functions. Data processing costs are allocated to the segments based on equipment usage. Item processing costs are allocated to the segments based on the volume of items processed for each segment. The cost of certain centralized or shared functions are allocated based on methodologies which reflect utilization.

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The following tables present Total Revenue on a FTE basis and Net Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and Total Assets at June 30, 2006 and 2005 for each business segment, as well as *All Other*.

**Business Segments****For the Three Months Ended June 30**

(Dollars in millions)	Total Corporation		Global Consumer and Small Business Banking <sup>(1)</sup>		Global Corporate and Investment Banking <sup>(1)</sup>	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	Net interest income (FTE basis)	\$ 8,926	\$ 7,828	\$ 5,199	\$ 4,095	\$ 2,713
Noninterest income	9,598	6,955	5,280	2,808	3,004	2,125
<b>Total revenue (FTE basis)</b>	<b>18,524</b>	<b>14,783</b>	<b>10,479</b>	<b>6,903</b>	<b>5,717</b>	<b>4,908</b>
Provision for credit losses	1,005	875	1,029	1,155	41	(249)
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities	(9)	325			(3)	121
Amortization of intangibles	441	204	380	139	41	44
Other noninterest expense	8,276	6,815	4,166	3,208	2,915	2,559
Income before income taxes	8,793	7,214	4,904	2,401	2,717	2,675
Income tax expense	3,318	2,557	1,799	867	1,001	970
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 5,475</b>	<b>\$ 4,657</b>	<b>\$ 3,105</b>	<b>\$ 1,534</b>	<b>\$ 1,716</b>	<b>\$ 1,705</b>
<b>Period-end total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,445,193</b>	<b>\$ 1,246,339</b>	<b>\$ 394,000</b>	<b>\$ 324,705</b>	<b>\$ 666,070</b>	<b>\$ 605,080</b>

(Dollars in millions)	Global Wealth and			
	Investment Management <sup>(1)</sup>		All Other	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net interest income (FTE basis)	\$ 986	\$ 923	\$ 28	\$ 27
Noninterest income	969	867	345	1,155
<b>Total revenue (FTE basis)</b>	<b>1,955</b>	<b>1,790</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>1,182</b>
Provision for credit losses	(40)	(9)	(25)	(22)
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities			(6)	204
Amortization of intangibles	19	20	1	1
Other noninterest expense	972	909	223	139
Income before income taxes	1,004	870	168	1,268
Income tax expense	370	314	148	406
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 634</b>	<b>\$ 556</b>	<b>\$ 20</b>	<b>\$ 862</b>
<b>Period-end total assets</b>	<b>\$ 123,119</b>	<b>\$ 129,840</b>	<b>\$ 262,004</b>	<b>\$ 186,714</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> There were no material intersegment revenues among the segments.





**Table of Contents****Business Segments****For the Six Months Ended June 30**

(Dollars in millions)	Total Corporation		Global Consumer and Small Business Banking <sup>(1)</sup>		Global Corporate and Investment Banking <sup>(1)</sup>	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	Net interest income (FTE basis)	\$ 17,966	\$ 15,534	\$ 10,577	\$ 8,317	\$ 5,427
Noninterest income	18,499	12,987	10,074	5,445	5,850	4,716
Total revenue (FTE basis)	36,465	28,521	20,651	13,762	11,277	10,354
Provision for credit losses	2,275	1,455	2,276	1,866	80	(399)
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities	5	984	(1)	(1)	20	151
Amortization of intangibles	881	412	758	281	83	88
Other noninterest expense	16,760	13,664	8,469	6,303	5,904	5,222
Income before income taxes	16,554	13,974	9,147	5,311	5,230	5,594
Income tax expense	6,093	4,924	3,372	1,895	1,931	2,041
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 10,461</b>	<b>\$ 9,050</b>	<b>\$ 5,775</b>	<b>\$ 3,416</b>	<b>\$ 3,299</b>	<b>\$ 3,553</b>
<b>Period-end total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,445,193</b>	<b>\$ 1,246,339</b>	<b>\$ 394,000</b>	<b>\$ 324,705</b>	<b>\$ 666,070</b>	<b>\$ 605,080</b>

(Dollars in millions)	Global Wealth and			
	Investment Management <sup>(1)</sup>		All Other	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net interest income (FTE basis)	\$ 1,967	\$ 1,878	\$ (5)	\$ (299)
Noninterest income	1,956	1,725	619	1,101
Total revenue (FTE basis)	3,923	3,603	614	802
Provision for credit losses	(41)	(7)	(40)	(5)
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities			(14)	834
Amortization of intangibles	38	40	2	3
Other noninterest expense	1,944	1,799	443	340
Income before income taxes	1,982	1,771	195	1,298
Income tax expense	734	632	56	356
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,248</b>	<b>\$ 1,139</b>	<b>\$ 139</b>	<b>\$ 942</b>
<b>Period-end total assets</b>	<b>\$ 123,119</b>	<b>\$ 129,840</b>	<b>\$ 262,004</b>	<b>\$ 186,714</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> There were no material intersegment revenues among the segments.

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The following table presents reconciliations of the three business segments' Total Revenue on a FTE basis and Net Income to the Consolidated Statement of Income totals. The adjustments presented in the table below include consolidated income and expense amounts not specifically allocated to individual business segments.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Segments' total revenue (FTE basis)	\$ 18,151	\$ 13,601	\$ 35,851	\$ 27,719
Adjustments:				
ALM activities <sup>(2)</sup>	(89)	901	(238)	393
Equity investment gains	524	479	1,037	743
Liquidating businesses	82	46	175	104
FTE basis adjustment	(296)	(191)	(560)	(391)
Other	(144)	(244)	(360)	(438)
<b>Consolidated revenue</b>	<b>\$ 18,228</b>	<b>\$ 14,592</b>	<b>\$ 35,905</b>	<b>\$ 28,130</b>
Segments' net income	\$ 5,455	\$ 3,795	\$ 10,322	\$ 8,108
Adjustments, net of taxes:				
ALM activities <sup>(1,2)</sup>	(110)	673	(254)	714
Equity investment gains	330	307	653	476
Liquidating businesses	47	23	94	43
Merger and restructuring charges	(123)	(80)	(184)	(155)
Other	(124)	(61)	(170)	(136)
<b>Consolidated net income</b>	<b>\$ 5,475</b>	<b>\$ 4,657</b>	<b>\$ 10,461</b>	<b>\$ 9,050</b>

(1) Includes pre-tax Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities of \$(1) million and \$206 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and \$(7) million and \$833 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

(2) Includes the impact of derivative instruments which did not qualify for SFAS 133 hedge accounting treatment.

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**Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

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**Table of Contents****MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*This report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, our forward-looking statements. Words such as expects, anticipates, believes, estimates and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as will, should, would and could are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Readers of the Form 10-Q of Bank of America Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Corporation) should not rely solely on the forward-looking statements and should consider all uncertainties and risks throughout this report as well as those discussed under Item 1A. Risk Factors of the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. The statements are representative only as of the date they are made, and the Corporation undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.*

*Possible events or factors that could cause results or performance to differ materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements include the following: changes in general economic conditions and economic conditions in the geographic regions and industries in which the Corporation operates which may affect, among other things, the level of nonperforming assets, charge-offs and provision expense; changes in the interest rate environment which may reduce interest margins and impact funding sources; changes in foreign exchange rates; adverse movements and volatility in debt and equity capital markets; changes in market rates and prices which may adversely impact the value of financial products including securities, loans, deposits, debt and derivative financial instruments, and other similar financial instruments; political conditions and related actions by the United States abroad which may adversely affect the Corporation's businesses and economic conditions as a whole; liabilities resulting from litigation and regulatory investigations, including costs, expenses, settlements and judgments; changes in domestic or foreign tax laws, rules and regulations as well as Internal Revenue Service or other governmental agencies interpretations thereof; various monetary and fiscal policies and regulations, including those determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (FRB), the Office of the Comptroller of Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and state regulators; changes in accounting standards, rules and interpretations; competition with other local, regional and international banks, thrifts, credit unions and other nonbank financial institutions; ability to grow core businesses; ability to develop and introduce new banking-related products, services and enhancements, and gain market acceptance of such products; mergers and acquisitions and their integration into the Corporation; decisions to downsize, sell or close units or otherwise change the business mix of the Corporation; and management's ability to manage these and other risks.*

The Corporation, headquartered in Charlotte, North Carolina, operates in 30 states, the District of Columbia and 44 foreign countries. The Corporation provides a diversified range of banking and nonbanking financial services and products domestically and internationally through three business segments: *Global Consumer and Small Business Banking, Global Corporate and Investment Banking, and Global Wealth and Investment Management.*

At June 30, 2006, the Corporation had \$1.4 trillion in assets and approximately 202,000 full-time equivalent employees. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements referred to in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are incorporated by reference into Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

**Recent Events**

On July 26, 2006, the Board of Directors (the Board) increased the quarterly cash dividend on common stock 12 percent from \$0.50 to \$0.56 per share. The dividend will be payable on September 22, 2006 to common shareholders of record on September 1, 2006.

On April 26, 2006, the Board authorized a stock repurchase program of up to 200 million shares of the Corporation's common stock at an aggregate cost not to exceed \$12.0 billion to be completed within a period of 18 months.

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### MBNA Merger Overview

The Corporation acquired 100 percent of the outstanding stock of MBNA on January 1, 2006, for \$34.6 billion. In connection therewith 1,260 million shares of MBNA common stock were exchanged for 631 million shares of the Corporation's common stock. Prior to the MBNA merger, this represented approximately 16 percent of the Corporation's outstanding common stock. MBNA shareholders also received cash of \$5.2 billion. The MBNA merger was a tax-free merger for the Corporation. The acquisition expands the Corporation's customer base and its opportunity to deepen customer relationships across the full breadth of the Corporation by delivering innovative deposit, lending and investment products and services to MBNA's customer base. Additionally, the acquisition allows the Corporation to significantly increase its affinity relationships through MBNA's credit card operations and sell these credit cards through our delivery channels (including the retail branch network). MBNA's results of operations were included in the Corporation's results beginning January 1, 2006. The transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the MBNA merger date. For more information related to the MBNA merger, see Note 2 of the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Performance Overview

Net Income totaled \$5.5 billion, or \$1.19 per diluted common share, for the three months ended June 30, 2006, an increase of 18 percent from \$4.7 billion, or \$1.14 per diluted common share, for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Net Income totaled \$10.5 billion, or \$2.25 per diluted common share, for the six months ended June 30, 2006, an increase of 16 percent from \$9.1 billion, or \$2.21 per diluted common share, for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

#### Table 1

#### Business Segment Total Revenue and Net Income

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30				Six Months Ended June 30			
	Total Revenue		Net Income		Total Revenue		Net Income	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Global Consumer and Small Business Banking	\$ 10,479	\$ 6,903	\$ 3,105	\$ 1,534	\$ 20,651	\$ 13,762	\$ 5,775	\$ 3,416
Global Corporate and Investment Banking	5,717	4,908	1,716	1,705	11,277	10,354	3,299	3,553
Global Wealth and Investment Management	1,955	1,790	634	556	3,923	3,603	1,248	1,139
All Other	373	1,182	20	862	614	802	139	942
Total FTE basis <sup>(1)</sup>	18,524	14,783	5,475	4,657	36,465	28,521	10,461	9,050
FTE adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>	(296)	(191)			(560)	(391)		
<b>Total Consolidated</b>	<b>\$ 18,228</b>	<b>\$ 14,592</b>	<b>\$ 5,475</b>	<b>\$ 4,657</b>	<b>\$ 35,905</b>	<b>\$ 28,130</b>	<b>\$ 10,461</b>	<b>\$ 9,050</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue for the segments and *All Other* is on a fully taxable-equivalent (FTE) basis. For more information on a FTE basis, see Supplemental Financial Data beginning on page 43.

#### Global Consumer and Small Business Banking

Net Income increased \$1.6 billion to \$3.1 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Driving the increase was the impact of MBNA and organic growth, which contributed to increases in Card Income and Net Interest Income. Also, Net Income benefited from a decrease to the Provision for Credit Losses, primarily due to decreased credit-related costs on the credit card portfolio. Partially offsetting these changes was higher Noninterest Expense primarily driven by the acquisition of MBNA.

Net Income increased \$2.4 billion, or 69 percent, to \$5.8 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2006. In addition to the impact of the MBNA merger and organic growth, this period was impacted by higher Services Charges which was partially offset by higher Provision for Credit Losses. For more information on *Global Consumer and Small Business Banking*, see page 53.



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### ***Global Corporate and Investment Banking***

Net Income remained flat at \$1.7 billion and decreased \$254 million to \$3.3 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in the prior year. Revenue increased by 16 percent and nine percent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, driven mainly by market-based activity in *Capital Markets and Advisory Services* and Net Interest Income growth in *Treasury Services*. Offsetting this growth was spread compression and a flattening yield curve resulting in lower contribution from *Business Lending*, lower Asset Liability Management (ALM) allocation, higher Noninterest Expense and an increase in Provision for Credit Losses. For more information on *Global Corporate and Investment Banking*, see page 62.

### ***Global Wealth and Investment Management***

Net Income increased \$78 million, or 14 percent, to \$634 million and \$109 million, or 10 percent, to \$1.2 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. The increase was due to an increase in asset management fees, brokerage income, higher Net Interest Income, and a credit loss recovery. Partially offsetting these increases was higher Personnel Expense.

Total assets under management increased \$17.7 billion to \$500.1 billion at June 30, 2006 compared to December 31, 2005. For more information on *Global Wealth and Investment Management*, see page 69.

### ***All Other***

Net Income decreased \$842 million to \$20 million and \$803 million to \$139 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily a result of decreases in other income as 2005 included the benefit of mark-to-market gains that did not qualify for SFAS 133 hedge accounting treatment for the three months ended June 30, 2005 and lower Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities. For more information on *All Other*, see page 74.

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## **Financial Highlights**

### ***Net Interest Income***

Net Interest Income on a FTE basis increased \$1.1 billion to \$8.9 billion and \$2.4 billion to \$18.0 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005. The primary drivers of the increase were the impact of the MBNA merger, organic loan growth, and increases in ALM activities including increased portfolio balances, wholesale funding activity, and the impact of rates. These increases were partially offset by lower core deposit levels, excluding the impact of MBNA. The net interest yield on a FTE basis increased 5 basis points (bps) to 2.85 percent and 3 bps to 2.91 percent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. For more information on Net Interest Income on a FTE basis, see Tables 8 and 9 on pages 48 to 50.



**Table of Contents****Table 2****Noninterest Income**

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service charges	\$ 2,077	\$ 1,920	\$ 3,978	\$ 3,697
Investment and brokerage services	1,146	1,049	2,249	2,062
Mortgage banking income	89	189	226	410
Investment banking income	612	431	1,113	797
Equity investment gains	646	492	1,306	891
Card income	3,662	1,437	7,093	2,726
Trading account profits	915	222	1,975	907
Other income	451	1,215	559	1,497
<b>Total noninterest income</b>	<b>\$ 9,598</b>	<b>\$ 6,955</b>	<b>\$ 18,499</b>	<b>\$ 12,987</b>

Noninterest Income increased \$2.6 billion to \$9.6 billion and \$5.5 billion to \$18.5 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005, due primarily to the following:

Service Charges grew \$157 million and \$281 million due to increased non-sufficient funds fees and overdraft charges resulting from new account growth.

Investment and Brokerage Services increased \$97 million and \$187 million due to an increase in asset management fees as record levels of assets under management were achieved during the quarter and an increase in brokerage income.

Mortgage Banking Income decreased \$100 million and \$184 million driven primarily by a strategic shift to retain a larger portion of mortgage production.

Investment Banking Income increased \$181 million and \$316 million due to increased market activity and continued leadership in leveraged debt underwriting.

Equity Investment Gains increased \$154 million and \$415 million driven by favorable market conditions and increased liquidity in the capital markets.

Card Income increased \$2.2 billion and \$4.4 billion as a result of the addition of MBNA and higher debit card income.

Trading Account Profits increased \$693 million and \$1.1 billion due to increased capital markets activity and previous investments in personnel and trading infrastructure coming to fruition.

Other Income decreased \$764 million and \$938 million primarily related to decreases resulting from the ALM process, including the change in value of derivatives used as economic hedges and the sale of whole mortgage loans during 2005.

***Provision for Credit Losses***

The Provision for Credit Losses increased \$130 million to \$1.0 billion and \$820 million to \$2.3 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005. Provision expense rose due to the addition of MBNA and the absence of prior year releases of commercial credit reserves. These increases were partially offset by decreased credit-related costs on the credit card portfolio.

For more information on credit quality, see Credit Risk Management beginning on page 80.

***Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities***

Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 were \$(9) million and \$5 million compared to \$325 million and \$984 million for the same periods in 2005. For more information on Gains (Losses) on Sales of Debt Securities, see Market Risk Management beginning on page 100.

**Table of Contents****Table 3****Noninterest Expense**

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Personnel	\$ 4,480	\$ 3,671	\$ 9,293	\$ 7,372
Occupancy	703	615	1,404	1,251
Equipment	316	297	660	594
Marketing	551	346	1,126	683
Professional fees	233	216	451	393
Amortization of intangibles	441	204	881	412
Data processing	409	368	819	732
Telecommunications	228	196	448	402
Other general operating	1,162	985	2,267	2,004
Merger and restructuring charges	194	121	292	233
<b>Total noninterest expense</b>	<b>\$ 8,717</b>	<b>\$ 7,019</b>	<b>\$ 17,641</b>	<b>\$ 14,076</b>

Noninterest Expense increased \$1.7 billion to \$8.7 billion and \$3.6 billion to \$17.6 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005, due to the acquisition of MBNA as well as the following:

Personnel expense increased \$809 million and \$1.9 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 due to higher revenue-related incentive compensation expense. Additionally, \$320 million of incremental stock-based compensation granted to retirement-eligible employees increased Personnel expense for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Marketing expense increased \$205 million and \$443 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 due to higher marketing spending related to consumer banking initiatives.

Amortization expense increased \$237 million and \$469 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 as the above mentioned MBNA merger increased purchased credit card relationships, affinity relationships, core deposit intangibles and other intangibles.

**Income Tax Expense**

Income Tax Expense was \$3.0 billion, reflecting an effective tax rate of 35.6 percent, for the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$2.4 billion and 33.7 percent for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Income Tax Expense was \$5.5 billion, reflecting an effective tax rate of 34.6 percent, for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$4.5 billion and 33.4 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The increase in the effective tax rate for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 primarily resulted from the change in tax legislation discussed below and from the January 1, 2006 addition of MBNA.

During the second quarter of 2006, the President signed into law the Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005 ( TIPRA ). Among other things, TIPRA repealed certain provisions of prior law relating to transactions entered into under the extraterritorial income and foreign sales corporation regimes. The TIPRA repeal results in an increase in the U.S. taxes expected to be paid on certain of the income earned from such transactions after December 31, 2006. Accounting for the change in law resulted in the discrete recognition of a \$175 million charge to Income Tax Expense during the second quarter of 2006.



**Table of Contents****Table 4****Selected Quarterly Financial Data**

(Dollars in millions, except per share information)	2006 Quarters			2005 Quarters	
	Second	First	Fourth	Third	Second
<b>Income statement</b>					
Net interest income	\$ 8,630	\$ 8,776	\$ 7,859	\$ 7,735	\$ 7,637
Noninterest income	9,598	8,901	5,951	6,416	6,955
Total revenue	18,228	17,677	13,810	14,151	14,592
Provision for credit losses	1,005	1,270	1,400	1,159	875
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities	(9)	14	71	29	325
Noninterest expense	8,717	8,924	7,320	7,285	7,019
Income before income taxes	8,497	7,497	5,161	5,736	7,023
Income tax expense	3,022	2,511	1,587	1,895	2,366
Net income	5,475	4,986	3,574	3,841	4,657
Average common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)	4,534,627	4,609,481	3,996,024	4,000,573	4,005,356
Average diluted common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)	4,601,169	4,666,405	4,053,859	4,054,659	4,065,355
<b>Performance ratios</b>					
Return on average assets	1.51%	1.43%	1.09%	1.18%	1.46%
Return on average common shareholders' equity	17.26	15.44	14.21	15.09	18.93
Total ending equity to total ending assets	8.85	9.41	7.86	8.12	8.13
Total average equity to total average assets	8.75	9.26	7.66	7.82	7.74
Dividend payout	41.76	46.75	56.24	52.60	38.90
<b>Per common share data</b>					
Earnings	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.16
Diluted earnings	1.19	1.07	0.88	0.95	1.14
Dividends paid	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.45
Book value	28.17	28.19	25.32	25.28	25.16
<b>Average balance sheet</b>					
Total loans and leases	\$ 635,649	\$ 615,968	\$ 563,589	\$ 539,497	\$ 520,415
Total assets	1,456,004	1,416,373	1,305,057	1,294,754	1,277,478
Total deposits	674,796	659,821	628,922	632,771	640,593
Long-term debt	125,620	117,018	99,601	98,326	96,697
Common shareholders' equity	127,102	130,881	99,677	100,974	98,558
Total shareholders' equity	127,373	131,153	99,948	101,246	98,829
<b>Capital ratios (period end)</b>					
Risk-based capital:					
Tier 1	8.33%	8.45%	8.25%	8.27%	8.16%
Total	11.25	11.32	11.08	11.19	11.23
Tier 1 Leverage	6.13	6.18	5.91	5.90	5.66
<b>Market price per share of common stock</b>					
Closing	\$ 48.10	\$ 45.54	\$ 46.15	\$ 42.10	\$ 45.61
High closing	50.47	47.08	46.99	45.98	47.08
Low closing	45.48	43.09	41.57	41.60	44.01

**Table of Contents****Table 5****Selected Year-to-Date Financial Data**

(Dollars in millions, except per share information)	Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005
<b>Income statement</b>		
Net interest income	\$ 17,406	\$ 15,143
Noninterest income	18,499	12,987
Total revenue	35,905	28,130
Provision for credit losses	2,275	1,455
Gains (losses) on sales of debt securities	5	984
Noninterest expense	17,641	14,076
Income before income taxes	15,994	13,583
Income tax expense	5,533	4,533
Net income	10,461	9,050
Average common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)	4,572,013	4,019,089
Average diluted common shares issued and outstanding (in thousands)	4,636,959	4,081,921
<b>Performance ratios</b>		
Return on average assets	1.47%	1.47%
Return on average common shareholders' equity	16.34	18.44
Total ending equity to total ending assets	8.85	8.13
Total average equity to total average assets	9.00	8.00
Dividend payout	44.14	40.26
<b>Per common share data</b>		
Earnings	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.25
Diluted earnings	2.25	2.21
Dividends paid	1.00	0.90
Book value	28.17	25.16
<b>Average balance sheet</b>		
Total loans and leases	\$ 625,863	\$ 522,656
Total assets	1,436,298	1,239,380
Total deposits	667,350	634,043
Long-term debt	121,343	96,434
Common shareholders' equity	128,981	98,842
Total shareholders' equity	129,253	99,114
<b>Capital ratios (period end)</b>		
Risk-based capital:		
Tier 1	8.33%	8.16%
Total	11.25	11.23
Tier 1 Leverage	6.13	5.66
<b>Market price per share of common stock</b>		
Closing	\$ 48.10	\$ 45.61
High closing	50.47	47.08
Low closing	43.09	43.66

**Table of Contents****Assets**

At June 30, 2006, Total Assets were \$1.4 trillion, an increase of \$153.4 billion, or 12 percent, from December 31, 2005. Average Total Assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 increased \$178.5 billion, or 14 percent, and \$196.9 billion, or 16 percent compared to the same periods in 2005. Growth in period end and average Total Assets was primarily attributable to increases in Loans and Leases, resulting from the MBNA acquisition and organic growth. In addition, the growth in Loans and Leases was attributable to an increase in purchased residential mortgages, as well as the impact of a strategic decision made by the Corporation at the beginning of the second quarter of 2006 to retain a larger share of mortgage production.

**Liabilities and Shareholders Equity**

At June 30, 2006, Total Liabilities were \$1.3 trillion, an increase of \$127.1 billion, or 11 percent, from December 31, 2005. Average Total Liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 increased \$150.0 billion, or 13 percent, and \$166.8 billion, or 15 percent, compared to the same periods in 2005. Growth in period end and average Total Liabilities was attributable to increases in Deposits and Long-term Debt due to the assumption of liabilities in connection with the MBNA merger and organic growth.

Period end and average Shareholders Equity increased primarily from the issuance of stock related to the MBNA merger.

**Supplemental Financial Data**

Table 6 provides a reconciliation of the supplemental financial data mentioned below with financial measures defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Other companies may define or calculate supplemental financial data differently.

**Operating Basis Presentation**

In managing our business, we may at times look at performance excluding certain non-recurring items. For example, as an alternative to Net Income, we view results on an operating basis, which represents Net Income excluding Merger and Restructuring Charges. The operating basis of presentation is not defined by GAAP. We believe that the exclusion of Merger and Restructuring Charges, which represent events outside our normal operations, provides a meaningful period-to-period comparison and is more reflective of normalized operations.

**Net Interest Income - FTE Basis**

In addition, we view Net Interest Income and related ratios and analysis (i.e., efficiency ratio, net interest yield and operating leverage) on a FTE basis. Although this is a non-GAAP measure, we believe managing the business with Net Interest Income on a FTE basis provides a more accurate picture of the interest margin for comparative purposes. To derive the FTE basis, Net Interest Income is adjusted to reflect tax-exempt income on an equivalent before-tax basis with a corresponding increase in Income Tax Expense. For purposes of this calculation, we use the federal statutory tax rate of 35 percent. This measure ensures comparability of Net Interest Income arising from taxable and tax-exempt sources.

**Performance Measures**

As mentioned above, certain performance measures including the efficiency ratio, net interest yield and operating leverage utilize Net Interest Income (and thus Total Revenue) on a FTE basis. The efficiency ratio measures the costs expended to generate a dollar of revenue, and net interest yield evaluates how many basis points we are earning over the cost of funds. Operating leverage measures the total percentage revenue growth minus the total percentage expense growth for the corresponding period. During our annual integrated planning process, we set operating leverage and efficiency targets for the Corporation and each line of business.

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Targets vary by year and by business, and are based on a variety of factors including maturity of the business, investment appetite, competitive environment, market factors, and other items (e.g., risk appetite). The aforementioned performance measures and ratios, earnings per common share (EPS), return on average assets, and dividend payout ratio, as well as those measures discussed more fully below, are presented in Table 6.

***Return on Average Common Shareholders' Equity and Shareholder Value Added***

We also evaluate our business based upon return on average common shareholders' equity (ROE) and shareholder value added (SVA) measures. ROE and SVA utilize non-GAAP allocation methodologies. ROE measures the earnings contribution of a unit as a percentage of the Shareholders' Equity allocated to that unit. SVA is defined as cash basis earnings on an operating basis less a charge for the use of capital. These measures are used to evaluate our use of equity (i.e., capital) at the individual unit level and are integral components in the analytics for resource allocation. Using SVA as a performance measure places specific focus on whether incremental investments generate returns in excess of the costs of capital associated with those investments. Investments and initiatives are analyzed using SVA during the annual planning process for maximizing allocation of corporate resources. In addition, profitability, relationship, and investment models all use ROE and SVA as key measures to support our overall growth goal.



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Table 6

**Supplemental Financial Data and Reconciliations to GAAP Financial Measures**

(Dollars in millions, except per share information)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Operating basis <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
Operating earnings	\$ 5,598	\$ 4,737	\$ 10,645	\$ 9,205
Operating earnings per common share	1.23	1.18	2.33	2.29
Diluted operating earnings per common share	1.22	1.16	2.29	2.25
Shareholder value added	2,554	2,238	4,491	4,225
Return on average assets	1.54%	1.49%	1.49%	1.50%
Return on average common shareholders' equity	17.65	19.26	16.63	18.76
Operating efficiency ratio (FTE basis)	46.01	46.67	47.58	48.54
Dividend payout ratio	40.85	38.23	43.37	39.58
Operating leverage	1.77	22.04	2.54	18.87
<b>FTE basis data</b>				
Net interest income	\$ 8,926	\$ 7,828	\$ 17,966	\$ 15,534
Total revenue	18,524	14,783	36,465	28,521
Net interest yield	2.85%	2.80%	2.91%	2.88%
Efficiency ratio	47.06	47.49	48.38	49.36
<b>Reconciliation of net income to operating earnings</b>				
Net income	\$ 5,475	\$ 4,657	\$ 10,461	\$ 9,050
Merger and restructuring charges	194	121	292	233
Related income tax benefit	(71)	(41)	(108)	(78)
Operating earnings	\$ 5,598	\$ 4,737	\$ 10,645	\$ 9,205
<b>Reconciliation of EPS to operating EPS</b>				
Earnings per common share	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.16	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.25
Effect of merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04
Operating earnings per common share	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.18	\$ 2.33	\$ 2.29
<b>Reconciliation of diluted EPS to diluted operating EPS</b>				
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 1.19	\$ 1.14	\$ 2.25	\$ 2.21
Effect of merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.04
Diluted operating earnings per common share	\$ 1.22	\$ 1.16	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.25
<b>Reconciliation of net income to shareholder value added</b>				
Net income	\$ 5,475	\$ 4,657	\$ 10,461	\$ 9,050
Amortization of intangibles	441	204	881	412
Merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	123	80	184	155
Cash basis earnings on an operating basis	6,039	4,941	11,526	9,617
Capital charge	(3,485)	(2,703)	(7,035)	(5,392)
Shareholder value added	\$ 2,554	\$ 2,238	\$ 4,491	\$ 4,225

**Reconciliation of return on average assets to operating return on average assets**

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Return on average assets	<b>1.51%</b>	1.46%	<b>1.47%</b>	1.47%
Effect of merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	<b>0.03</b>	0.03	<b>0.02</b>	0.03
<b>Operating return on average assets</b>	<b>1.54%</b>	1.49%	<b>1.49%</b>	1.50%
<b>Reconciliation of return on average common shareholders equity to operating return on average common shareholders equity</b>				
Return on average common shareholders equity	<b>17.26%</b>	18.93%	<b>16.34%</b>	18.44%
Effect of merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	<b>0.39</b>	0.33	<b>0.29</b>	0.32
<b>Operating return on average common shareholders equity</b>	<b>17.65%</b>	19.26%	<b>16.63%</b>	18.76%
<b>Reconciliation of efficiency ratio to operating efficiency ratio (FTE basis)</b>				
Efficiency ratio	<b>47.06%</b>	47.49%	<b>48.38%</b>	49.36%
Effect of merger and restructuring charges	<b>(1.05)</b>	(0.82)	<b>(0.80)</b>	(0.82)
<b>Operating efficiency ratio</b>	<b>46.01%</b>	46.67%	<b>47.58%</b>	48.54%
<b>Reconciliation of dividend payout ratio to operating dividend payout ratio</b>				
Dividend payout ratio	<b>41.76%</b>	38.90%	<b>44.14%</b>	40.26%
Effect of merger and restructuring charges, net of tax benefit	<b>(0.91)</b>	(0.67)	<b>(0.77)</b>	(0.68)
<b>Operating dividend payout ratio</b>	<b>40.85%</b>	38.23%	<b>43.37%</b>	39.58%
<b>Reconciliation of operating leverage to operating basis operating leverage</b>				
Operating leverage	<b>1.14%</b>	22.04%	<b>2.54%</b>	18.12%
Effect of merger and restructuring charges	<b>0.63</b>			0.75
<b>Operating basis operating leverage</b>	<b>1.77%</b>	22.04%	<b>2.54%</b>	18.87%

(1) Operating basis excludes Merger and Restructuring Charges which were \$194 million and \$121 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and \$292 million and \$233 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

**Table of Contents****Core Net Interest Income - Managed Basis**

In managing our business, we review core net interest income on a managed basis, which adjusts reported Net Interest Income on a FTE basis for the impact of market-based activities and certain securitizations. As discussed in the *Global Corporate and Investment Banking* business segment section beginning on page 62, we evaluate our market-based results and strategies on a total market-based revenue approach by combining Net Interest Income and Noninterest Income for the *Capital Markets and Advisory Services* business. We also adjust for loans that we originated and sold into certain securitizations. Noninterest Income, rather than Net Interest Income and Provision for Credit Losses, is recorded for assets that have been securitized as we are compensated for servicing the securitized assets and record servicing income and gains or losses on securitizations, where appropriate. An analysis of core net interest income - managed basis, core average earning assets - managed basis and core net interest yield on earning assets - managed basis, which adjusts for the impact of these two non-core items from reported Net Interest Income on a FTE basis, is shown below.

**Table 7****Core Net Interest Income - Managed Basis**

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
<b>Net interest income</b>				
As reported (FTE basis)	\$ 8,926	\$ 7,828	\$ 17,966	\$ 15,534
Impact of market-based net interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	(379)	(520)	(790)	(1,068)
<b>Core net interest income</b>	<b>8,547</b>	<b>7,308</b>	<b>17,176</b>	<b>14,466</b>
Impact of securitizations	1,710	106	3,435	261
<b>Core net interest income - managed basis</b>	<b>\$ 10,257</b>	<b>\$ 7,414</b>	<b>\$ 20,611</b>	<b>\$ 14,727</b>
<b>Average earning assets</b>				
As reported	\$ 1,253,895	\$ 1,118,518	\$ 1,236,848	\$ 1,081,908
Impact of market-based earning assets	(357,549)	(338,530)	(347,108)	(312,137)
<b>Core average earning assets</b>	<b>896,346</b>	<b>779,988</b>	<b>889,740</b>	<b>769,771</b>
Impact of securitizations	96,776	10,773	96,523	10,961
<b>Core average earning assets - managed basis</b>	<b>\$ 993,122</b>	<b>\$ 790,761</b>	<b>\$ 986,263</b>	<b>\$ 780,732</b>
<b>Net interest yield contribution</b>				
As reported (FTE basis)	2.85%	2.80%	2.91%	2.88%
Impact of market-based activities	0.97	0.95	0.96	0.89
<b>Core net interest yield on earning assets</b>	<b>3.82</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>3.87</b>	<b>3.77</b>
Impact of securitizations	0.31		0.32	0.01
<b>Core net interest yield on earning assets - managed basis</b>	<b>4.13%</b>	<b>3.75%</b>	<b>4.19%</b>	<b>3.78%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Market-based Net Interest Income represents Net Interest Income from the *Capital Markets and Advisory Services* business within *Global Corporate and Investment Banking*.

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2005**

Core net interest income on a managed basis increased \$2.8 billion. This increase was primarily driven by the impact of the MBNA merger, organic growth in consumer and commercial loans, and increases related to ALM activities, including increased portfolio balances, wholesale funding activity, and the impact of rates. Partially offsetting these increases were lower core deposit levels, excluding the impact of MBNA.

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Core average earning assets on a managed basis increased \$202.4 billion primarily due to the impact of the MBNA merger (increases in securitized and held assets), higher ALM levels (primarily residential mortgages), and higher levels of consumer and commercial loans from organic growth.

Core net interest yield on a managed basis increased 38 bps as a result of the impact of the MBNA merger and increases related to ALM activities mentioned above.

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**Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2005**

On a managed basis, core net interest income increased \$5.9 billion, core average earning assets increased \$205.5 billion, and core net interest yield increased 41 bps. These period over period changes were primarily driven by the same factors as described in the three month discussion above.

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Table 8

**Quarterly Average Balances and Interest Rates - FTE Basis**

	Second Quarter 2006 Interest			First Quarter 2006 Interest		
	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
<b>(Dollars in millions)</b>						
<b>Earning assets</b>						
Time deposits placed and other short-term investments	\$ 16,691	\$ 168	4.05%	\$ 14,347	\$ 139	3.92%
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	179,104	1,900	4.25	174,711	1,709	3.94
Trading account assets	133,556	1,712	5.13	133,361	1,623	4.89
Securities	236,967	3,162	5.34	234,606	3,043	5.19
Loans and leases <sup>(1)</sup> :						
Residential mortgage	197,228	2,731	5.54	184,796	2,524	5.48
Credit card - domestic	64,980	2,168	13.38	68,169	2,180	12.97
Credit card - foreign	8,305	269	12.97	8,403	287	13.86
Home equity lines	67,182	1,231	7.35	64,198	1,112	7.02
Direct/Indirect consumer	56,715	1,057	7.46	55,025	986	7.24
Other consumer <sup>(2)</sup>	10,804	294	10.95	10,357	272	10.59
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>405,214</b>	<b>7,750</b>	<b>7.66</b>	<b>390,948</b>	<b>7,361</b>	<b>7.60</b>
Commercial - domestic	148,445	2,695	7.28	144,693	2,490	6.97
Commercial real estate	36,749	680	7.41	36,676	632	6.99
Commercial lease financing	20,896	262	5.01	20,512	247	4.82
Commercial - foreign	24,345	456	7.52	23,139	427	7.48
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>230,435</b>	<b>4,093</b>	<b>7.12</b>	<b>225,020</b>	<b>3,796</b>	<b>6.83</b>
<b>Total loans and leases</b>	<b>635,649</b>	<b>11,843</b>	<b>7.47</b>	<b>615,968</b>	<b>11,157</b>	<b>7.32</b>
Other earning assets	51,928	808	6.24	46,618	718	6.22
<b>Total earning assets <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>1,253,895</b>	<b>19,593</b>	<b>6.26</b>	<b>1,219,611</b>	<b>18,389</b>	<b>6.08</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	35,070			34,857		
Other assets, less allowance for loan and lease losses	167,039			161,905		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,456,004</b>			<b>\$ 1,416,373</b>		
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities</b>						
Domestic interest-bearing deposits:						
Savings	\$ 35,681	\$ 76	0.84%	\$ 35,550	\$ 76	0.87%
NOW and money market deposit accounts	221,198	996	1.81	227,606	908	1.62
Consumer CDs and IRAs	141,408	1,393	3.95	135,068	1,177	3.53
Negotiable CDs, public funds and other time deposits	13,005	123	3.80	8,551	70	3.30
<b>Total domestic interest-bearing deposits</b>	<b>411,292</b>	<b>2,588</b>	<b>2.52</b>	<b>406,775</b>	<b>2,231</b>	<b>2.22</b>

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Foreign interest-bearing deposits:						
Banks located in foreign countries	32,456	489	6.05	30,116	424	5.71
Governments and official institutions	13,428	155	4.63	10,200	107	4.25
Time, savings and other	37,178	276	2.98	35,136	245	2.83
Total foreign interest-bearing deposits	83,062	920	4.44	75,452	776	4.17
Total interest-bearing deposits	494,354	3,508	2.85	482,227	3,007	2.53
Federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings						
Trading account liabilities	408,734	4,842	4.75	399,896	4,309	4.37
Long-term debt	61,263	596	3.90	52,466	517	3.99
	125,620	1,721	5.48	117,018	1,516	5.18
<b>Total interest-bearing liabilities</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>1,089,971</b>	<b>10,667</b>	<b>3.92</b>	<b>1,051,607</b>	<b>9,349</b>	<b>3.60</b>
Noninterest-bearing sources:						
Noninterest-bearing deposits	180,442			177,594		
Other liabilities	58,218			56,019		
Shareholders' equity	127,373			131,153		
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,456,004</b>			<b>\$ 1,416,373</b>		
Net interest spread			2.34			2.48
Impact of noninterest-bearing sources			0.51			0.50
<b>Net interest income/yield on earning assets</b> <sup>(4)</sup>		<b>\$ 8,926</b>	<b>2.85%</b>		<b>\$ 9,040</b>	<b>2.98%</b>

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(Dollars in millions)	Fourth Quarter 2005			Third Quarter 2005			Second Quarter 2005		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Yield/Rate
<b>Earning assets</b>									
Time deposits placed and other short-term investments	\$ 14,619	\$ 132	3.59%	\$ 14,498	\$ 125	3.43%	\$ 13,696	\$ 113	3.31%
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	165,908	1,477	3.55	176,650	1,382	3.12	185,835	1,249	2.69
Trading account assets	139,441	1,648	4.72	142,287	1,578	4.42	134,196	1,454	4.34
Securities	221,411	2,842	5.13	225,952	2,820	4.99	227,182	2,825	4.98
Loans and leases <sup>(1)</sup> :									
Residential mortgage	178,764	2,424	5.42	171,012	2,298	5.37	167,263	2,285	5.47
Credit card domestic	56,858	1,747	12.19	55,271	1,651	11.85	52,474	1,481	11.32
Credit card foreign									
Home equity lines	60,571	1,012	6.63	58,046	910	6.22	54,941	799	5.83
Direct/Indirect consumer	47,181	703	5.91	47,900	702	5.81	43,132	612	5.69
Other consumer <sup>(2)</sup>	6,653	184	11.01	6,715	170	10.05	6,968	155	8.96
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>350,027</b>	<b>6,070</b>	<b>6.90</b>	<b>338,944</b>	<b>5,731</b>	<b>6.73</b>	<b>324,778</b>	<b>5,332</b>	<b>6.58</b>
Commercial - domestic	137,224	2,280	6.59	127,044	2,095	6.54	123,927	1,938	6.27
Commercial real estate	36,017	597	6.58	34,663	542	6.20	33,484	477	5.72
Commercial lease financing	20,178	241	4.79	20,402	239	4.69	20,446	252	4.93
Commercial foreign	20,143	378	7.45	18,444	349	7.51	17,780	306	6.90
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>213,562</b>	<b>3,496</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b>200,553</b>	<b>3,225</b>	<b>6.38</b>	<b>195,637</b>	<b>2,973</b>	<b>6.09</b>
<b>Total loans and leases</b>	<b>563,589</b>	<b>9,566</b>	<b>6.75</b>	<b>539,497</b>	<b>8,956</b>	<b>6.60</b>	<b>520,415</b>	<b>8,305</b>	<b>6.40</b>
Other earning assets	40,582	596	5.83	38,745	542	5.57	37,194	512	5.52
<b>Total earning assets <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>1,145,550</b>	<b>16,261</b>	<b>5.65</b>	<b>1,137,629</b>	<b>15,403</b>	<b>5.39</b>	<b>1,118,518</b>	<b>14,458</b>	<b>5.18</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	33,693			32,969			34,731		
Other assets, less allowance for loan and lease losses	125,814			124,156			124,229		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,305,057</b>			<b>\$ 1,294,754</b>			<b>\$ 1,277,478</b>		
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities</b>									
Domestic interest-bearing									



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deposits:															
Savings	\$	35,535	\$	68	0.76%	\$	35,853	\$	56	0.62%	\$	38,043	\$	52	0.54%
NOW and money market deposit accounts		224,122		721	1.28		224,341		743	1.31		229,174		723	1.27
Consumer CDs and IRAs		120,321		1,029	3.39		130,975		1,094	3.31		127,169		1,004	3.17
Negotiable CDs, public funds and other time deposits		5,085		27	2.13		4,414		47	4.23		7,751		82	4.22
<b>Total domestic interest-bearing deposits</b>		<b>385,063</b>		<b>1,845</b>	<b>1.90</b>		<b>395,583</b>		<b>1,940</b>	<b>1.95</b>		<b>402,137</b>		<b>1,861</b>	<b>1.86</b>
Foreign interest-bearing deposits:															
Banks located in foreign countries		24,451		355	5.77		19,707		292	5.89		25,546		294	4.61
Governments and official institutions		7,579		73	3.84		7,317		62	3.37		7,936		59	2.97
Time, savings and other		32,624		203	2.46		32,024		177	2.19		30,973		149	1.94
<b>Total foreign interest-bearing deposits</b>		<b>64,654</b>		<b>631</b>	<b>3.87</b>		<b>59,048</b>		<b>531</b>	<b>3.57</b>		<b>64,455</b>		<b>502</b>	<b>3.13</b>
<b>Total interest-bearing deposits</b>		<b>449,717</b>		<b>2,476</b>	<b>2.18</b>		<b>454,631</b>		<b>2,471</b>	<b>2.16</b>		<b>466,592</b>		<b>2,363</b>	<b>2.03</b>
Federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings		364,140		3,855	4.20		339,980		3,190	3.72		323,916		2,582	3.20
Trading account liabilities		56,880		619											