

Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.  
Form S-1/A  
December 03, 2014

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 3, 2014

Registration No. 333-199160

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO FORM S-1**

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

|   |   |                                   |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Virginia</b>   | <b>4731</b>   | <b>11-3588546</b>                 |
| (State or Other Jurisdiction of<br>Incorporation or Organization) | (Primary Standard Industrial Classification<br>Code Number) | (IRS Employer Identification No.) |

**1044 Northern Boulevard**

**Roslyn, New York 11576-1514**

**(718) 888-1814**

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

**Lei Cao**

**Chief Executive Officer**  
**Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.**

**1044 Northern Boulevard**

**Roslyn, New York 11576-1514**

**(718) 888-1814**

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box: "

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering: "

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

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If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company:

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer "  
Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company x

**Calculation of Registration Fee**

| Title of each class of securities to be registered | Amount to be registered | Proposed maximum offering price per share | Proposed maximum aggregate offering price(1)(2) | <b>Amount of registration Fee (3) (4)</b> |
|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|
| Common stock, without par value per share          |                         |   | \$ 8,050,000                                    | \$ 976                                    |

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee under Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act.

(2) Includes the offering price of shares of common stock that may be sold if the over-allotment option granted by us to the underwriter is exercised.

(3) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act based on an estimate of the proposed maximum aggregate offering price.

(4) Previously Paid.

**The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall hereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.**

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS DATED DECEMBER \_\_, 2014

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD.**

**4,000,000 Shares of Common Stock**

We are offering 4,000,000 shares of our common stock, at a public offering price of \$1.75 per share.

For a more detailed description of the shares of common stock, see the section entitled “Description of Securities” beginning on page \_\_.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol “SINO”. On December 1, 2014, the reported closing price of our common stock was \$1.75 per share.

We have agreed to issue at the election of the underwriter, up to 600,000 additional shares of our common stock, at the public offering price of \$1.75, to cover over-allotments.

**Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should purchase shares of our common stock only if you can afford a complete loss of your investment. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 5.**

|                                      | Per<br>Common<br>Share | Total        |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Public Offering Price                | \$ 1.75                | \$ 7,000,000 |
| Underwriting discount <sup>(1)</sup> | \$ 0.14                | \$ 560,000   |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to us     | \$ 1.61                | \$ 6,440,000 |

(1) In addition, we have agreed to pay or reimburse the underwriter for certain expenses. See “Underwriting” in this prospectus for additional disclosure regarding underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses.

The underwriter expects to deliver the shares of common stock to the purchasers on or about [\_\_\_\_\_], 2014.

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

**National Securities Corporation**

The date of this prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

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**You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriter has authorized anyone to provide you with information additional to or different from that contained in this prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriter take any responsibility for any other information others may give you. We and the underwriter are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of our common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of shares of our common stock.**

**Neither we nor the underwriter has done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about and observe any restrictions relating to the offering of the sales of common stock and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.**





## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*The following summary highlights selected information contained in greater detail elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in our common stock. Before making an investment decision, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the sections titled “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and our financial statements and the notes to the financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.*

*In this prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, the terms (i) “Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.”, “Sino-Global,” “SINO”, the “Company”, “we”, “us”, and “our” refer and relate to Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries, (ii) “Trans Pacific” refers and relates collectively to (a) Trans Pacific Shipping Ltd., our wholly-owned subsidiary located in China, and (b) Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Ltd., 90% of whose equity is owned by Trans Pacific Shipping Ltd., and (iii) “Sino-China” refers and relates to Sino-Global Shipping Agency Ltd., our variable interest entity (“VIE”), in China. References to “China” or the “PRC” mean the People’s Republic of China.*

### **Overview**

We are a shipping agency, logistics and ship management services company. Our current service offerings consist of shipping agency services, shipping and chartering services, inland transportation management services and ship management services. Substantially all of our business is generated from our clients located in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”), and our operations are primarily conducted in the PRC and Hong Kong.

Since our inception in 2001 and through our fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, our sole business was providing shipping agency services. While we were able to consistently generate net revenues from such business, we were not able to achieve profitability as our costs and expenses continued to be higher than our net revenues.

### **Restructuring**

Commencing in the latter part of fiscal year 2013 and continuing through our fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, we took various actions to restructure our business with the goal of achieving profitability. These actions included lowering our operating costs and expenses, reducing our dependency on our shipping agency business and hiring a new

executive vice president and other consultants to assist us in implementing our business restructuring efforts.

Also, during the first and second quarters of fiscal year 2014, we expanded our service platform by adding two new services: shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services. These two new services were added to service certain business needs of Tianjin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (the “Zhiyuan Investment Group”). The Zhiyuan Investment Group is controlled by Mr. Zhong Zhang (“Mr. Zhang”), who in April 2013, as approved by our Board of Directors and shareholders, purchased from us 1,800,000 shares of our common stock for approximately \$3 million, resulting in Mr. Zhang becoming our largest shareholder.

### **Fiscal Year 2014 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2015 Profitability**

As a result of our restructuring and the addition of our two new service lines, fiscal year 2014 represented our first year of profitability since our initial public offering, as we reported net income attributable to Sino-Global of \$1,586,353 as compared to net loss attributable to Sino-Global of \$1,799,755 for fiscal year 2013; and for the three months ended September 30, 2014, we reported net income attributable to Sino-Global of \$332,459 as compared to net income attributable to Sino-Global of \$275,394 for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

### **Complementary Acquisition in Fiscal Year 2015**

As part of our strategy to expand our service platform, in September 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, we acquired Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”), a ship management company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Deming Wang (“Mr. Wang”), who in June 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, purchased from us 200,000 shares of our common stock for \$444,000, resulting in Mr. Wang, as of the date of this prospectus, owning approximately 3.2% of our outstanding common stock. We believe that the acquisition of LSM will complement our existing service platform. Between September 8, 2014, the completion date of our acquisition of LSM, and September 30, 2014, LSM generated net revenues of \$47,587 and net income of \$23,178. The acquisition of LSM will result in the issuance of between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of our common stock to Mr. Wang, depending on whether LSM reaches certain net income targets for the period July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014.

### **Our Strategy**

Our strategy is to:

- Develop and implement a business model that drives sustainable earnings and profitability;



- Diversify our service lines organically and/or through acquisitions;
- Continue to streamline our operations and improve our operating efficiency through effective planning, budgeting and cost control;
- Continue to reduce our dependency on our shipping agency services business;
- Add additional clients to reduce our dependency on a few key customers; and
- Continue to monetize our relationship with strategic partners.

## **Our Management Team**

We believe we have a strong and experienced management team including our chief executive officer and chairman Mr. Lei Cao, our acting chief financial officer Mr. Anthony S. Chan, and our chief operating officer Mr. Zhikang Huang, who, together as a team, have many years of experience and a significant network of business contacts in the shipping industry in China and substantial experience in SEC reporting and compliance, business reorganization, mergers and acquisitions, accounting, risk management and operating both public and private companies.

## **Risks Associated with Our Business**

We are aware that moving forward, we are subject to various risks and uncertainties including:

- Our reliance on a limited number of customers;
  - Our ability to continue to generate net revenues and operating profits from our two new service lines that we added during fiscal year 2014;
- Our continued ability to keep our operating expenses at manageable levels; and
- Certain other risks and uncertainties set forth elsewhere in this prospectus under the section titled “Risk Factors”.

## **Certain Company Information**

We are a Virginia corporation and our principal executive offices are located at 1044 Northern Boulevard, Roslyn, New York 11576-1514. Our telephone number at this address is (718) 888-1814. Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol “SINO”.

Our internet website, [www.sino-global.com](http://www.sino-global.com), provides a variety of information about our company. We do not incorporate by reference into this prospectus the information on, or accessible through, our website, and you should not consider it as part of this prospectus. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") are available, as soon as practicable after filing, at the investors' page on our corporate website, or by a direct link to its filings on the SEC's website.

## THE OFFERING

**Issuer:** Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.

**Common stock offered by us (assuming no exercise of the underwriter's over allotment option):** 4,000,000 shares

**Common stock to be outstanding after this offering (assuming no exercise of the underwriter's option to purchase additional shares):** 10,200,841 shares

**Underwriter's option to purchase additional shares:** 600,000 shares

**Use of proceeds:** We estimate that the net proceeds received by us from this offering will be approximately \$6 Million, or approximately \$6.96 Million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full based upon an assumed public offering price of \$1.75 per share, which is the reported closing price of a share of our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate and working capital purposes. We may also use all or a portion of such net proceeds for acquisitions of strategic and/or complementary businesses and/or assets, all as more fully described in this prospectus under the heading "Use of Proceeds."

**Risk factors:** Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. See the information contained in the section of this prospectus titled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5, and other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors that you should consider carefully before deciding to invest in our common stock

**Market for the shares of common stock:** Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "SINO".

Unless expressly otherwise indicated herein, this prospectus assumes a per share public offering price of \$1.75, the last reported closing price of a share of our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014, and an offering of \$7,000,000 gross proceeds (assuming no exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option), and an offering of \$8,050,000 gross proceeds (assuming the underwriter's over-allotment option is fully exercised), this and all calculations based upon an assumed offering per share and the gross proceeds from the offering are based upon the above \$1.75 per share offering price and a \$7,000,000 offering and an \$8,050,000 offering (assuming the underwriter's over-allotment option is fully exercised).

## SELECTED SUMMARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected condensed summary of financial data set forth below should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” included elsewhere in this prospectus.

We derived the following statement of operations data for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 and the balance sheet data as of June 30, 2014 from our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We derived the following statement of operations data for the three month period ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and the balance sheet data as of September 30, 2014 from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our statement of operations data for the three months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

**Statement of Operations Data:**

|   | <b>Unaudited<br/>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              | <b>Audited<br/>Year Ended June 30,</b> |               |
|---|---|--------------|--|---------------|
|   | <b>2014</b>   | <b>2013</b>  | <b>2014</b>                            | <b>2013</b>   |
| Net revenues  | \$ 2,605,925  | \$ 3,317,661 | \$ 11,644,392                          | \$ 17,331,759 |
| Cost of revenues  | 1,409,153   | 2,387,803    | 7,613,459                              | 15,402,743    |
| Gross profit  | 1,196,772   | 929,858      | 4,030,933                              | 1,929,016     |
| Operating income (loss)                                 | 200,628   | (17,394)     | 300,130                                | (2,203,540)   |
| Net income (loss)                                       | 165,501   | 28,973       | 434,486                                | (2,576,896)   |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest       | (166,958)   | (246,421)    | (1,151,867)                            | (777,141)     |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Sino-Global           | 332,459   | 275,394      | 1,586,353                              | (1,799,755)   |
| Comprehensive income (loss)                             | 232,035   | 3,336        | 435,979                                | (2,592,830)   |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Sino-Global | 367,259   | 263,510      | 1,556,180                              | (1,761,673)   |
| Net income (loss) per common share:                     |   |              |  |               |
| Basic   | 0.06  | 0.06         | 0.34                                   | (0.38)        |
| Diluted   | 0.06  | 0.06         | 0.34                                   | (0.38)        |

**Balance Sheet Data:**



|                           | September<br>30,<br>2014<br>(Unaudited) | June 30,<br>2014<br>(Audited) |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,533,187                            | \$ 902,531                    |
| Total assets              | 7,591,374                               | 5,713,954                     |
| Total liabilities         | 1,152,860                               | 1,230,795                     |
| Total equity              | 6,438,514                               | 4,483,159                     |

## RISK FACTORS

*An investment in our common stock by you involves significant risks. You should carefully consider the following risks and all other information set forth in this prospectus before deciding to invest in our common stock. If any of the events or developments described below occurs, our business, financial condition and results of operations may suffer. In that case, the market price of our common stock may decline and you could lose all or part of your investment. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations.*

*Our business operations are primarily conducted in the PRC. Because China's economy and its laws, regulations and policies are different from those typically found in the United States and are continually changing, we face certain risks, which are summarized below.*

### **Risks Related to Our Business**

*Despite generating net income attributable to Sino-Global in our fiscal year 2014 and the three months ended September 30, 2014, we have a history of operating losses and may need to raise additional funds to continue our operations and to execute our business plan. We may not be able to obtain additional debt or equity funding under commercially reasonable terms or issue additional securities.*

We reported net income attributable to Sino-Global of \$1,586,353 for fiscal year 2014 and of \$332,459 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to net loss attributable to Sino-Global of \$1,799,755 for fiscal year 2013 and net income attributable to Sino-Global of \$275,394 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. As of September 30, 2014, we had an accumulated deficit of \$2,937,801 and cash and cash equivalents of \$3,553,187 as compared to an accumulated deficit and cash and cash equivalents of \$3,270,260 and \$902,531 as of June 30, 2014, respectively. If we are not able to generate sufficient income and cash flows from operations to fund our operations and strategic growth plans, we may be required to seek additional funding through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Additional funding may not be available on terms favorable to us, or at all. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our shareholders may experience dilution. Debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants or security interests in our assets. If we are unable to raise adequate funds or generate them from operations, we may have to delay, reduce the scope of, or eliminate some or all of our growth plans and/or liquidate some or all of our assets.

*We have historically relied on a limited number of customers for a substantial portion of our business and no longer provide shipping agency services to our former largest customer.*

In fiscal year 2014, we commenced providing shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services to a single customer, the Zhiyuan Investment Group, an entity controlled by Mr. Zhang, our largest shareholder. During fiscal year 2014, \$4,120,409 (or 35.4%), of our net revenues and \$2,517,008 (or 62.4%), of our gross profits came from providing shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we have not provided shipping and chartering services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group. The nature of our business is driven by the needs of our clients, and we cannot predict when, or if ever, we will receive another order for shipping and chartering services from the Zhiyuan Investment Group. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, \$361,394 (or 13.9%) of our net revenues and \$313,769 (or 26.2%) of our gross profits came from providing inland transportation management services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group. If we do not provide shipping and chartering services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group in the future, our business and results of operations would be materially adversely affected. Further, we cannot guarantee that we would be able to replace this customer with one or more new customers of similar size. Prior to fiscal year 2014, we relied heavily on Beijing Shourong Forwarding Service, Co., Ltd. (“Shourong”), an affiliate of Capital Steel, a steel company in China, for a substantial percentage of our shipping agency business. As part of the restructuring of our business, we exited our non-performing service arrangements including our shipping agency service with Shourong, who in fiscal year 2013, accounted for approximately 63% of our total net revenues. We did not provide any shipping agency services to Shourong in fiscal year 2014 or during the three months ended September 30, 2014 and cannot determine the extent of services, if any, we will deliver to Shourong in the future.

***We have recently entered shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services businesses and cannot guarantee that we will be able to compete effectively in these business areas.***

Prior to fiscal year 2014, our sole line of business was providing shipping agency services. We expanded our services to include shipping and chartering services in the quarter ended September 30, 2013 and inland transportation management services in the quarter ended December 31, 2013. As we are a new entrant into these two business lines, we do not have a significant market presence. Further, we currently only provide shipping and chartering services and inland transportation services to one customer, the Zhiyuan Investment Group, who is controlled by Mr. Zhang, our largest shareholder. We may not have been able to enter into these business lines without our relationship with Mr. Zhang, and we cannot guarantee that we will be successful in securing and providing shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services contracts for other customers on acceptable terms, if at all.

***The fees that we received from the Zhiyuan Investment Group for our shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services may not be indicative of the fees that we may receive for the same services provided to unaffiliated customers and may be materially lower, which would have an adverse effect on our results of operations.***

Our shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services to date have been provided primarily to a single customer, the Zhiyuan Investment Group. Therefore, we cannot provide any assurances that the fees we have received for these services from this customer are indicative of the fees that we may receive if we are able to obtain non-affiliated customers for these services. The fees that we may receive from non-affiliated customers may be less than what we have received from our affiliated customer, and could possibly be so low as to make these lines of business unprofitable, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and could require us to terminate such service lines.

***We have entered into a number of business arrangements that are significant to us with two of our shareholders including Mr. Zhang, our largest shareholder, and through Mr. Zhang, the Zhiyuan Investment Group, who is controlled by Mr. Zhang. The failure to maintain our business relationship with either or both of such shareholders would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.***

In April 2013, as approved by our Board of Directors and shareholders, Mr. Zhang purchased 1,800,000 shares of our common stock for approximately \$3 million, which as of the date of this prospectus represents approximately 29% of our issued and outstanding common stock, resulting in Mr. Zhang becoming our largest shareholder. As a result of Mr. Zhang's desire to find business opportunities that would mutually benefit us and the Zhiyuan Investment Group, a company controlled by Mr. Zhang, which owns a number of businesses in China, in June 2013, we signed a 5-year Global Logistic Service Agreement with two parties, one of which was the Zhiyuan Investment Group and the other was TEWOO Chemical & Light Industry Zhiyuan Trade Co., Ltd. ("Tewoo"). Thereafter, during the quarter ended September 30, 2013, we executed a shipping and chartering services agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group, pursuant to which we assisted the Zhiyuan Investment Group in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China; and in September 2013, we executed an inland transportation management service contract with the Zhiyuan Investment Group pursuant to which we agreed to provide certain advisory services and assist the Zhiyuan Investment Group in attempting to control its potential commodities loss during the transportation process. On a one time basis, we executed a one year short-term loan agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group, effective January 1, 2014, to facilitate the working capital needs of the Zhiyuan Investment Group. As of June 30, 2014, the net amount due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group was \$2,920,950 consisting of funds borrowed from us pursuant to the short-term loan agreement and trade receivables due us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group. In September 2014, we collected approximately \$2.7 million from the Zhiyuan Investment Group, representing full repayment of all funds borrowed by the Zhiyuan Investment Group from us pursuant to the short-term loan agreement and the payment to us of approximately \$1.6 million of outstanding trade receivables. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we continued to provide inland transportation management services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group. The net amount due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group at September 30, 2014 was \$627,951. In October 2014, we collected approximately \$384,000 from the Zhiyuan Investment Group which reduced the outstanding trade receivables due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group.

In May 2014, we signed a strategic agreement with Qingdao Zhenghe Shipping Group Limited (“Zhenghe”), to jointly explore mutually beneficial business development opportunities. Zhenghe is a PRC company to which Mr. Wang is the majority shareholder. To demonstrate the commitment by Zhenghe to its business relationship with us, in June 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, Mr. Wang, through a company owned by him, purchased 200,000 shares of our common stock for \$444,000, resulting in Mr. Wang owning as of the date of this prospectus, approximately 3.2% of our outstanding common stock. Subsequently, and as part of our strategy to expand our service platform, in September 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, we acquired LSM, a ship management company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Wang. While to date the net revenues generated from such business have been immaterial, we believe that ship management is a good complement to our existing service platform. The acquisition of LSM will result in the issuance of between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of our common stock to Mr. Wang, depending on whether LSM reaches certain net income targets for the period July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014. LSM outsources its ship management services to Qingdao Longhe Ship Management Services Co., Ltd., a company controlled by Mr. Wang.

As a result of our business relationship with Mr. Zhang and Mr. Wang, since April 2013, we have received approximately \$3.5 million from the sale of 2,000,000 shares of our common stock to such two persons and added shipping and chartering, inland transportation management and ship management services to our service platform, which shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services generated 35.4% and 62.4% of our net revenues and gross profit in fiscal year 2014, respectively and 13.9% and 26.2% of our net revenues and gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Based upon the above, the failure by us to maintain our existing business relationship with Mr. Zhang and/or Mr. Wang would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***The shipping agency business is very competitive in nature and many of our competitors have greater financial, marketing and other resources than we have.***

Our competitors in the shipping agency business include three major shipping agencies, China Ocean Shipping Agency Co., Ltd. (“Penavico”), China Shipping (Group) Company (“China Shipping”) and China Marine Shipping Agency Co., Ltd. (“Sinoagent”). These competitors have significantly greater financial, marketing and other resources and name recognition than we have. In addition, we also face competition from a large number of smaller, local shipping agents. Our competitors may introduce new business models, and if these new business models are more attractive to customers than the business models we currently use, our customers may switch to our competitors’ services, and we may lose market share. We believe that competition in China’s shipping agency industry may become more intense as more shipping agencies, including Chinese/foreign joint ventures, are qualified to conduct business. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully against any new or existing competitors, or against any new business models our competitors may implement. In addition, the increased competition we anticipate in the shipping agent industry may also reduce the number of vessels for which we are able to provide shipping agency services, or cause us to reduce agency fees in order to attract or retain customers. All of these competitive factors could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***Our three largest shipping agency competitors, Penavico, China Shipping and Sinoagent, are partly owned by the Chinese government which places us at a significant competitive disadvantage.***

The Chinese government’s ownership interests in Penavico, China Shipping and Sinoagent, place us at a significant competitive disadvantage. When the Chinese government founded Penavico, it closed the shipping agency industry to a number of foreign shipping agents that had been providing services in China. These restrictions have since been removed, but there can be no assurance that the Chinese government will not reinstate these restrictions or impose other restrictions, or nationalize the shipping agency industry in the future. Further, we believe that state ownership provides Penavico, China Shipping and Sinoagent, with advantages and leverage over local government officials and local companies that we, as a non-state owned company, do not have. Also, due to their relationship with the Chinese government, these competitors may have access to funding that is not available to us. This access may allow them to grow their businesses at a rate we are not able to match. If the Chinese government were to take actions to limit competition or provide these competitors with preferential access to business and funding, which results in our losing business, it would have a material adverse effect on our operations and financial condition.

***We believe that our competitors in the shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services business, have greater name recognition, significantly more experience, financial, marketing and other resources than we have and we expect to face intense competition in these business segments.***

We have recently launched the shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services business and so we expect that our competitors in these segments will have greater experience and name recognition

than we do, which is a competitive disadvantage to us. Further, we expect that these competitors will be larger than us and have greater financial and marketing resources than we have, which also puts us at a significant competitive disadvantage. Since larger competitors may be able to offer the same services we offer at lower rates than what we would need to charge to operate profitably, this would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operation.

***The barriers to enter into the business segments in which we operate are low and we may face competition from new entrants into these business segments.***

The number of competitors offering the same services that we do may increase in the future since the barriers to entry are low. Increases in competition could lead to revenue reductions, reduced profit margins, or a loss of market share, any one of which could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***Our customers are engaged in the shipping industry, and, consequently, our financial performance is dependent upon the economic conditions of that industry.***

We derive our revenues from providing services to customers in the business of shipping materials to China and our success is dependent upon our customer's shipping needs. Our customers' shipping needs are intrinsically linked to economic conditions in the shipping industry in general and trade with China in particular. The shipping industry, in turn, is subject to intense competitive pressures and is affected by overall economic conditions. Accordingly, demand for our services could be harmed by instability or downturns in the shipping industry, reductions in trade between China and other countries or a combination of both which could materially lower demand or cause our customers to forego the shipping agency services we provide by attempting to provide such services in-house. If any of the foregoing occurs, it would have a material adverse effect on our business and our results of operations.

***We may be required to assume liabilities for our clients in the future.***

An increasing number of companies that require shipping agency services have pressured shipping agents to guarantee their clients' liabilities. Some companies have required shipping agents, as a condition of doing business, to pay for tariffs, port charges, and other fees, or to pay these fees with the promise of reimbursement at a later date. Other companies have sought to include shipping agents as parties in voyage charter agreements, leading to potential liability for shipping agents in the event of a breach by another party. We expect that these pressures on shipping agents to accept more liability will increase as competition among shipping agencies intensifies. While we do not currently pay these liabilities and have no present intention to begin doing so in the future, the assumption of any of these or other liabilities could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***We are heavily dependent upon the services of experienced personnel who possess skills that are valuable in our industry, and we may have to actively compete for their services.***

We are a small company with limited resources, and we compete in large part on the basis of the quality of services we are able to provide our clients. As a result, we are heavily dependent upon our ability to attract, retain and motivate skilled personnel to serve our clients. Many of our personnel possess skills that would be valuable to other companies engaged in one or more of our business lines. Consequently, we expect that we will have to actively compete with other Chinese shipping agencies to retain these employees. Some of our competitors may be able to pay our employees more than we are able to pay to retain them. Our ability to profitably operate is substantially dependent upon our ability to locate, hire, train and retain our personnel. Although we have not experienced difficulty locating, hiring, training or retaining our employees to date, there can be no assurance that we will be able to retain our current personnel, or that we will be able to attract and assimilate other qualified personnel in the future. If we are unable to effectively obtain and maintain skilled personnel, the quality of the shipping services that we provide could be materially impaired, which would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***We are substantially dependent upon our key personnel.***

Our performance is substantially dependent on the performance of our executive officers and key employees. In particular, the services of:

- Mr. Lei Cao, Chief Executive Officer;
- Mr. Anthony S. Chan, Acting Chief Financial Officer; and
- Mr. Zhikang Huang, Chief Operating Officer



would be difficult for us to replace. While we have employment contracts with each of our executive officers, such contracts may be terminated in certain circumstances by the executive officers. Moreover, we do not have any “key person” life insurance policies on any of our employees. The loss of the services of any of our executive officers or other key employees could substantially impair our ability to effectively execute our business and expand our service platform, which would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

***We need to maintain our relationships with local agents.***

Our shipping agency business is dependent upon our relationships with local agents operating in the ports where our customers ship their products. As a general agent, substantially all of our shipping agency revenues have been derived from services delivered by the local agents and we believe local agent relationships will remain critical to our success in the future. We have a number of local agents that account for a significant portion of our business, the loss of one or more of which could materially and negatively impact our ability to retain and service our customers. We cannot be certain that we will be able to maintain and expand our existing local agent relationships or enter into new local agent relationships, or that new or renewed local agent relationships will be available on commercially reasonable terms. If we are unable to maintain and expand our existing local agent relationships, renew existing local agent relationships, or enter into new local agent relationships, we may lose customers, customer introductions and co-marketing benefits, and our business and results of operations may suffer significantly.

***We are dependent on third party carriers and inland transportation companies to transport our client's cargo.***

We rely on commercial ocean freight carriers and inland transportation companies, for the movement of our client's cargo. Consequently, our ability to provide services for our clients could be adversely impacted by: shortages in available cargo capacity; changes by carriers and transportation companies in policies and practices such as scheduling, pricing, payment terms and frequency of service or increases in the cost of fuel, taxes and labor; and other factors not within our control. Reductions in ocean freight capacity could negatively impact our yields. Material interruptions in service or stoppages in transportation, whether caused by strike, work stoppage, lock-out, slowdown or otherwise, could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Our profitability depends on our ability to effectively manage our cost structure as we grow the business.***

As we continue to attempt to increase our revenues through the expansion of our service offerings, we must maintain an appropriate cost structure to maintain and increase our profitability. While we intend to increase our revenues by increasing the number and quality of the shipping services we provide by strategic acquisitions, and by maintaining and expanding our gross profit margins by reducing costs, our profitability will be driven in large part by our ability to manage our agent commissions, personnel and general and administrative costs as a function of our net revenues. There can be no assurances that we will be able to effectively control our costs and failure to do so would result in lack of profitability, which would have a material adverse effect our business and results of operations.

***Comparisons of our operating results from period to period are not necessarily meaningful and should not be relied upon as an indicator of future performance.***

Our operating results have fluctuated in the past and likely will continue to fluctuate in the future because of a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. In fiscal year 2014, a substantial portion of our revenues was derived from the Zhiyuan Investment Group whose business needs we believe are tied closely to economic trends and consumer demand that can be difficult to predict. There can be no assurance that our historic operating performance will continue in future periods as we cannot assume or provide any assurance that the Zhiyuan Investment Group will continue to utilize our services, or have the same level of demand for our services that it had in fiscal year 2014. Because our quarterly revenues and operating results vary significantly, comparisons of our period-to-period results are not necessarily meaningful and should not be relied upon as an indicator of future performance.

***We have not paid any dividends and we do not foresee paying dividends in the future.***

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, if ever. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, Virginia and PRC laws, and other factors that our Board of Directors deems relevant.

### **Foreign Operational Risks**

*We do not have business liability, disruption, or director and officer liability insurance.*

We do not have any business liability or disruption insurance coverage for our operations in China, or any director and officer liability insurance coverage for our directors and officers in the United States or China. Any business interruption, litigation or natural disaster and/or any claim against any of our directors or officers resulting from any of their actions in such capacities, may result in our business incurring substantial costs and the diversion of resources.

***Trans Pacific's contractual arrangements with Sino-China may result in adverse tax consequences to us.***

As a result of our corporate structure and contractual arrangements between Trans Pacific and Sino-China, any revenues generated by Sino-China's operations in China and/or any revenues derived from Trans Pacific's contractual arrangements with Sino-China are subject to PRC tax. Moreover, we could face material and adverse tax consequences if the PRC tax authorities determine that Trans Pacific's contractual arrangements with Sino-China were not made on an arm's length basis and adjust our income and expenses for PRC tax purposes in the form of a transfer pricing adjustment. A transfer pricing adjustment could result in a reduction, for PRC tax purposes, of adjustments recorded by Sino-China, which could adversely affect us by increasing Sino-China's tax liability without reducing Trans Pacific's tax liability, which could further result in late payment fees and other penalties to Sino-China for underpaid taxes.

***Trans Pacific's contractual arrangements with Sino-China may not be as effective in providing control over Sino-China as direct ownership of Sino-China.***

Until fiscal year 2014, we conducted a significant portion of our shipping agency business through contractual arrangements with Sino-China that provided us, through our ownership of Trans Pacific, with effective control over Sino-China. Although each contract under Trans Pacific's contractual arrangements with Sino-China is valid, binding and enforceable under current PRC laws and regulations, there are substantial uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations governing the enforcement and performance of such contractual control over Sino-China. If the PRC government determines that these contractual arrangements as a whole do not comply with applicable regulations, our business could be substantially adversely affected. In addition, these contractual arrangements may not be as effective in providing us with control over Sino-China as direct ownership of Sino-China would. Furthermore, Sino-China may breach the contractual arrangements. For example, Sino-China may decide not to pay consulting or marketing fees to Trans Pacific, and consequently to our company, in accordance with the existing contractual arrangements. In event of any such breach, we would have to rely on legal remedies under PRC law. These remedies may not always be effective, particularly in light of uncertainties in the PRC legal system. In light of rising operating costs and expenses associated with doing business in China, consecutive years of operating losses reported by Sino-China, concerns raised by the US regulators over the last few years about VIE's and our belief that the investing public may have a negative perception of publicly traded companies with VIE structures, we decided to reorganize our shipping agency business in fiscal year 2013. As a result of our reorganization efforts, we reduced our overhead, changed our service mix, stopped providing agency services to Shourong, one of our largest customers, and shifted our agency business operation from Sino-China to our wholly-owned subsidiaries in China and Hong Kong.

***Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us.***

There are substantial uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, the laws and regulations governing our business, or the enforcement and performance of our contractual arrangements with Sino-China and its shareholders.

We conduct a substantial portion of our business through Trans Pacific and Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd. Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd., Trans Pacific and our company are generally subject to laws and regulations applicable to foreign investment in China and, in particular, laws applicable to wholly foreign-owned enterprises. Trans Pacific, Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd. and our company are considered foreign persons or foreign invested enterprises under PRC law. As a result, Trans Pacific, Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd. and our company are subject to PRC law limitations on foreign ownership of Chinese companies. These laws and regulations are relatively new and may be subject to change, and their official interpretation and enforcement may involve substantial uncertainty. The effectiveness of newly enacted laws, regulations or amendments may be delayed, resulting in detrimental reliance by foreign investors. New laws and regulations that affect existing and proposed future businesses may also be applied retroactively.

In addition, we depend on Sino-China to honor its agreements with Trans Pacific. Almost all of these agreements are governed by PRC law. The PRC legal system is based on written statutes. Prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have limited precedential value. Since 1979, PRC legislation and regulations have significantly enhanced the protections afforded to various forms of foreign investments in China. However, since the PRC legal system continues to rapidly evolve, the interpretations of many laws, regulations and rules are not always uniform and enforcement of these laws, regulations and rules involve uncertainties, which may limit legal protections available to us. In addition, any litigation in China may be protracted and result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention.

The PRC government has broad discretion in dealing with violations of laws and regulations, including levying fines, revoking business and other licenses and requiring actions necessary for compliance. In particular, licenses and permits issued or granted to us by relevant governmental bodies may be revoked at a later time by higher regulatory bodies. We cannot predict the effect of the interpretation of existing or new PRC laws or regulations on our businesses. We cannot assure you that our current ownership and operating structure would not be found in violation of any current or future PRC laws or regulations. As a result, we may be subject to sanctions, including fines, and could be required to restructure our operations or cease to provide certain services. Any of these or similar actions could significantly disrupt our business operations or restrict us from conducting a substantial portion of our business operations, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***The shareholders of Sino-China have potential conflicts of interest with us, which may adversely affect our business.***

Neither we nor Trans Pacific owns any portion of the equity interests of Sino-China. Instead, we and Trans Pacific rely on contractual obligations to enforce our interest in receiving payments from Sino-China. Conflicts of interest may arise between Sino-China's shareholders and our company if, for example, their interests in receiving dividends from Sino-China were to conflict with our interest requiring Sino-China to make contractually-obligated payments to Trans Pacific. As a result, we have required Sino-China and each of its shareholders to execute irrevocable powers of attorney to appoint the individual designated by us to be his attorney-in-fact to vote on their behalf on all matters requiring shareholder approval by Sino-China and to require Sino-China's compliance with the terms of its contractual obligations. We cannot assure you, however, that when conflicts of interest arise, Sino-China's shareholders will act completely in our interests or that conflicts of interests will be resolved in our favor. In addition, Sino-China's shareholders could violate their agreements with us by diverting business opportunities from us to others. If we cannot resolve any conflicts of interest between us and Sino-China's shareholders, we would have to rely on legal proceedings, which could result in the disruption of our business. In addition, these contractual relationships are governed by PRC law, which may result in uncertainty as to application and enforcement.

***We rely on dividends paid by our subsidiary for our cash needs.***

We rely on dividends paid by Trans Pacific for our cash needs, including the funds necessary to pay dividends and other cash distributions, if any, to our shareholders, to service any debt we may incur and to pay our operating expenses. The payment of dividends by entities organized in China is subject to limitations. Regulations in the PRC currently permit payment of dividends only out of accumulated profits as determined in accordance with accounting standards and regulations in China. Our subsidiary in China is also required to set aside a portion of their after-tax profits according to PRC accounting standards and regulations to reserve fund and other funds required by PRC law. The PRC government also imposes controls on the conversion of Renminbi ("RMB") into foreign currencies and the remittance of currencies out of China. We may experience difficulties in completing the administrative procedures necessary to obtain and remit foreign currency. Pursuant to the PRC enterprise income tax law and its implementation rules that were effective on January 1, 2008, dividends payable by a foreign investment entity to its foreign investors are subject to a withholding tax of up to 10%. Meanwhile, the United States and China are signatories to the 1984

People's Republic of China-United States Income Tax Agreement, which would allow our company to claim a deemed-paid credit, which is an indirect tax credit, on any taxes paid to China by Trans Pacific. To the extent we were not eligible to receive or were unable to use the credit, this tax could have an adverse effect on our company.

***Governmental control of currency conversion may affect the value of your investment.***

In the course of providing services for international shipments, we occasionally require currencies from other countries to conduct our business. While we believe that we have complied with applicable currency control laws and regulations in all material aspects, we cannot guarantee you that our efforts will be free from challenge or that, if challenged, we will be successful in our defense of our current practices. Under our current corporate structure, our income is paid in different currencies, depending on our agreements with individual customers. We then pay in local currencies the expenses associated with operating a company in several countries. Shortages in the availability of foreign currency may restrict our ability to pay such expenses unless and until we convert currencies that we have into those that we require.

One of the currencies we often convert among is the RMB. The PRC government imposes controls on the convertibility of the RMB into foreign currencies and, in certain cases, the remittance of currency out of China. Under existing PRC foreign exchange regulations, payments of current account items, including profit distributions, interest payments and expenditures from trade-related transactions, can be made in foreign currencies without prior approval from the PRC State Administration of Foreign Exchange by complying with certain procedural requirements. However, approval from appropriate government authorities is required where RMB is to be converted into foreign currency and remitted out of China to pay capital expenses such as the repayment of bank loans denominated in foreign currencies. The PRC government may also at its discretion restrict access in the future to foreign currencies for current account transactions. If the foreign exchange control system prevents us from obtaining sufficient foreign currency to satisfy our currency demands, we may not be able to pay dividends, if any, in foreign currencies to our shareholders.

***Fluctuation in the value of the RMB may have a material adverse effect on your investment.***

The value of the RMB against the U.S. dollar and other currencies may fluctuate and is affected by, among other things, changes in political and economic conditions. On July 21, 2005, the PRC government changed its decade-old policy of pegging the value of the RMB to the U.S. dollar. Under the new policy, the RMB is permitted to fluctuate within a narrow and managed band against a basket of certain foreign currencies. This change in policy has resulted in an appreciation of the RMB against the U.S. dollar. While the international reaction to the RMB revaluation has generally been positive, there remains significant international pressure on the PRC government to adopt an even more flexible currency policy, which could result in a further and more significant appreciation of the RMB against the U.S. dollar. We rely largely on payments from Trans Pacific and Sino-China. While we charge our fees in U.S. dollars, Sino-China and Trans Pacific nevertheless operate within China and will rely heavily on RMB in their operations. Any significant revaluation of RMB may materially and adversely affect our cash flows, revenues, earnings and financial position, and the value of, and any dividends payable on, our common stock in U.S. dollars. For example, an appreciation of RMB against the U.S. dollar would make any new RMB denominated investments or expenditures more costly to us, to the extent that we need to convert U.S. dollars into RMB for such purposes.

***Changes in China's political and economic policies could harm our business.***

China's economy has historically been a planned economy subject to governmental plans and quotas and has, in certain aspects, been transitioning to a more market-oriented economy. Although we believe that the economic reform and the macroeconomic measures adopted by the Chinese government have had a positive effect on the economic development of China, we cannot predict the future direction of these economic reforms or the effects these measures may have on our business, financial position or results of operations. In addition, the Chinese economy differs from the economies of most countries belonging to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, or OECD. These differences include:

- economic structure;
- level of government involvement in the economy;
- level of development;
- level of capital reinvestment;
- control of foreign exchange;
- methods of allocating resources; and
- balance of payments position.



As a result of these differences, our business may not develop in the same way or at the same rate as might be expected if the Chinese economy were similar to those of the OECD member countries.

Since 1979, the Chinese government has promulgated many new laws and regulations covering general economic matters. Despite this activity to develop a legal system, China's system of laws is not yet complete. Even where adequate law exists in China, enforcement of existing laws or contracts based on existing law may be uncertain or sporadic, and it may be difficult to obtain swift and equitable enforcement or to obtain enforcement of a judgment by a court of another jurisdiction. The relative inexperience of China's judiciary, in many cases, creates additional uncertainty as to the outcome of any litigation. In addition, interpretation of statutes and regulations may be subject to government policies reflecting domestic political changes. Our activities in China will also be subject to administration review and approval by various national and local agencies of China's government. Because of the changes occurring in China's legal and regulatory structure, we may not be able to secure the requisite governmental approval for our activities. Although we have obtained all required governmental approval to operate our business as currently conducted, to the extent we are unable to obtain or maintain required governmental approvals, the Chinese government may, in its sole discretion, prohibit us from conducting our business."

***The Chinese government could change its policies toward private enterprise or even nationalize or expropriate private enterprises, which could result in the total loss of our investment in that country.***

Our business is subject to significant political and economic uncertainties and may be adversely affected by political, economic and social developments in China. Over the past several years, the Chinese government has pursued economic reform policies including the encouragement of private economic activity and greater economic decentralization. The Chinese government may not continue to pursue these policies or may significantly alter them to our detriment from time to time with little, if any, prior notice.

Changes in policies, laws and regulations or in their interpretation or the imposition of confiscatory taxation, restrictions on currency conversion, restrictions or prohibitions on dividend payments to shareholders, devaluations of currency or the nationalization or other expropriation of private enterprises could have a material adverse effect on our business. Nationalization or expropriation could even result in the total loss of our investment in China and in the total loss of your investment in us.

***As most of our officers, directors and assets are outside the United States, it will be extremely difficult to acquire jurisdiction and enforce liabilities against us and our officers, directors and assets based in China.***

Most of our directors and officers reside outside the United States. In addition, the majority of our assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it may be difficult or impossible to effect service of process within the United States upon most, if not all, of our directors or officers and our subsidiaries, or enforce against any of them court judgments obtained in United States courts, including judgments relating to United States federal securities laws. Furthermore, because the majority of our assets are located in China and PRC does not have treaties with the United States or many other countries providing for the reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgment of courts, it would also be extremely difficult to access those assets to satisfy an award entered against us in United States court.

***Our international operations require us to comply with a number of U.S. regulations.***

In addition to the Chinese laws and regulations with which we must comply, we must also comply with the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (“FCPA”), which prohibits U.S. companies or their agents and employees from providing anything of value to a foreign official for the purposes of influencing any act or decision of these individuals in their official capacity to help obtain or retain business, direct business to any person or corporate entity or obtain any unfair advantage. Any failure by us to adopt appropriate compliance procedures and ensure that our employees and agents comply with the FCPA and applicable laws and regulations in foreign jurisdictions could result in substantial penalties and/or restrictions in our ability to conduct business in certain foreign jurisdictions. The U.S. Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Asset Control (“OFAC”) administers and enforces economic and trade

sanctions against targeted foreign countries, entities and individuals based on U.S. foreign policy and national security goals. As a result, we are restricted from entering into transactions with certain targeted foreign countries, entities, and individuals except as permitted by OFAC, which could reduce our future growth.

### **Risks Related to This Offering**

*Our management will have broad discretion in how we use the proceeds from this offering, we may use the proceeds in ways with which you disagree.*

Our management will have broad discretion in applying the net proceeds of this offering. You will be relying on the judgment of our management with regard to the use of these net proceeds, and you will not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. It is possible that the net proceeds will be used by us in a way that does not yield a favorable, or any, return for us. The failure of our management to use such funds effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business financial condition, operating results and cash flow.

*You will experience immediate dilution in the book value per share of the common stock you purchase.*

Because the price per share of our common stock being offered is substantially higher than the book value per share of our common stock, you will suffer substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of the common stock you purchase in this offering. After giving effect to the sale by us of an assumed 4,000,000 shares of common stock in this offering, and based upon an assumed public offering price of \$1.75 per share, which is the last reported closing price of a share of our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014, and a net tangible book value per share of our common stock of \$1.04 as of September 30, 2014, if you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will suffer immediate and substantial dilution of \$0.53 per share in the net tangible book value of each share of our common stock purchased by you. See “Dilution” on page 18 for a more detailed discussion of the dilution you will incur in connection with this offering.

***We currently have a sporadic, illiquid and volatile market for our common stock, and the market for our common stock is and may remain sporadic, illiquid and volatile in the future.***

We currently have a sporadic, illiquid and volatile market for our common stock, which market is anticipated to remain sporadic, illiquid and volatile in the future. Factors that could affect our stock price or result in fluctuations in the market price or trading volume of our common stock include:

- quarterly variations in the rate of growth of our financial indicators, such as net income per share, net income and cash flows, or those of companies that are perceived to be similar to us;
- speculation in the press or investment community;
- public reaction to our press releases, announcements and filings with the SEC;
- sales of our equity or debt securities by us or our shareholders, or the perception that such sales may occur;
- the realization of any of the risk factors presented in this prospectus;
- the recruitment or departure of key personnel;
- commencement of, or involvement in, litigation;
- changes in market valuations of companies similar to ours; and
- domestic and international economic, legal and regulatory factors unrelated to our performance.

Our stock price may be impacted by factors that are unrelated or disproportionate to our operating performance or our actual value. The stock markets in general have experienced extreme volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. Additionally, general economic, political and market conditions, such as recessions, interest rates or international currency fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Due to the limited volume of our shares which trade, we believe that our stock prices (bid, ask and closing prices) may not be related to our actual value, and not reflect the actual value of our common stock. Shareholders and potential investors in our common stock should exercise caution before making an investment in us.

***An active liquid trading market for our common stock may not develop in the future.***

Our common stock currently trades on the NASDAQ Capital Market, although our common stock's trading volume is low. Liquid and active trading markets usually result in less price volatility and more efficiency in carrying out investors' purchase and sale orders. However, our common stock may continue to have limited trading volume, and many investors may not be interested in owning our common stock because of the inability to acquire or sell a substantial block of our common stock at one time. Such illiquidity could have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock. In addition, a shareholder may not be able to borrow funds using our common stock as collateral because lenders may be unwilling to accept the pledge of securities having such a limited market. We cannot assure you that an active trading market for our common stock will develop or, if one develops, be sustained.

***Because we are a small company, the requirements of being a public company, including compliance with the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) and the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the Dodd-Frank Act, may strain our resources, increase our costs and distract management, and we may be unable to comply with these requirements in a timely or cost-effective manner.***

As a public company with listed equity securities, we must comply with the federal securities laws, rules and regulations, including certain corporate governance provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Sarbanes-Oxley Act”) and the Dodd-Frank Act, related rules and regulations of the SEC and the NASDAQ Capital Market, with which a private company is not required to comply. Complying with these laws, rules and regulations occupies a significant amount of time of our Board of Directors and management and will significantly increase our costs and expenses. Among other things, we must:

- maintain a system of internal control over financial reporting in compliance with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the related rules and regulations of the SEC and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- comply with rules and regulations promulgated by the NASDAQ Capital Market;
- prepare and distribute periodic public reports in compliance with our obligations under the federal securities laws;
- maintain various internal compliance and disclosures policies, such as those relating to disclosure controls and procedures and insider trading in our common stock;
- involve and retain to a greater degree outside counsel and accountants in the above activities;
  - maintain a comprehensive internal audit function; and
  - maintain an investor relations function.

***Future sales of our common stock could cause our stock price to decline.***

If we sell, or the public market perceives we may sell, substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market, the market price of our common stock could decline significantly. Pursuant to our Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration Statement No. 333-194211, which the SEC declared effective on April 15, 2014), we have the right to sell, subject to certain limitations, in one or more offerings to the public, up to \$8,860,000 of a variety of our securities, including shares of our common stock. Additionally, if our existing shareholders sell, or indicate an intent to sell, substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market, the trading price of our common stock could decline significantly. A decline in the price of shares of our common stock might significantly impede our ability to raise capital through the issuance of additional shares of our common stock or other equity securities.

***Securities analysts may not cover our common stock and this may have a negative impact on our common stock's market price.***

The trading market for our common stock will depend, in part, on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. We do not have any control over independent analysts. We do not currently have and may never obtain research coverage by independent securities and industry analysts. If no independent securities or industry analysts commence coverage of us, the trading price for our common stock would be negatively impacted. If we obtain independent securities or industry analyst coverage and if one or more of the analysts who covers us downgrades our common stock, changes their opinion of our shares or publishes inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts ceases coverage of us or fails to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our common stock could decrease and we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which could cause our stock price and trading volume to decline.

***The shares of our common stock are listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market. If we fail to meet the NASDAQ Capital Market's continued listing requirements and other NASDAQ rules, we may risk delisting. Delisting could negatively affect the market price of our common stock, which could make it more difficult for us to sell our securities in a future financing or for you to sell our common stock you purchase in this offering.***

The shares of our common stock are listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market and we are required to meet the continued listing requirements of the NASDAQ Capital Market and other NASDAQ rules, including those regarding director independence and independent committee requirements, minimum shareholders' equity, minimum share price and certain other corporate governance requirements. In particular, we are required to maintain a minimum bid price for our listed common stock of \$1.00 per share and a minimum of \$2.5 million of shareholders' equity. If we do not meet these continued listing requirements, our common stock could be delisted. Delisting from the NASDAQ Capital Market would cause us to pursue eligibility for trading of our common stock on other markets or exchanges, or on the "pink sheets." In such case, our shareholders' ability to trade, or obtain quotations of the market value of our common stock would be severely limited because of lower trading volumes and transaction delays. These factors could

contribute to lower prices and larger spreads in the bid and ask prices of our common stock. There can be no assurance that our common stock, including our shares that you purchase in this Offering, if delisted from the NASDAQ Capital Market in the future, would be listed on a national securities exchange, a national quotation service, the over-the-counter markets or the pink sheets. Delisting from the NASDAQ Capital Market, or even the issuance of a notice of potential delisting, would also result in negative publicity, make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital, adversely affect the market liquidity of our common stock, decrease securities analysts' coverage of us, if any at such time, or diminish investor, supplier and employee confidence. In November 2012, we received a notification letter from NASDAQ indicating that for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 our shareholders' equity was below NASDAQ's \$2.5 million minimum continued listing requirement. As a result of the sale by us in April 2013, as approved by our Board of Directors and shareholders, of 1,800,000 shares of our common stock for approximately \$3 million to Mr. Zhang, we returned to compliance with NASDAQ's continued listing requirements. If, however, in the future we fail to meet such and/or any other NASDAQ continued listing requirement, we may risk delisting.

*You may experience future dilution as a result of future equity offerings or other equity issuances.*

We may in the future issue additional shares of our common stock or other securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock. We cannot assure you that we will be able to sell shares or other securities in any other offering or other transactions at a price per share that is equal to or greater than the price per share paid by investors in this offering. The price per share at which we sell additional shares of our common stock or other securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock in future transactions may be higher or lower than the price per share in this offering.

***We are obligated to develop and maintain proper and effective internal control over financial reporting. We may not complete our analysis of our internal control over financial reporting in a timely manner, or these internal controls may not be determined to be effective, which may adversely affect investor confidence in our company and, as a result, the value of our common stock.***

Each year we are required, pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, to furnish a report by management on, among other things, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This assessment will need to include disclosure of any material weaknesses identified by our management in our internal control over financial reporting and, if we cease to be a “smaller reporting company,” a statement that our independent registered public accounting firm has issued an opinion on our internal control over financial reporting. We may not be able to complete our evaluation, testing and any required remediation in a timely fashion. During the evaluation and testing process, if we identify one or more material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we will be unable to assert that our internal controls are effective. If we are unable to assert that our internal control over financial reporting is effective, we could lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which would cause the price of our common stock to decline. To comply with the requirements of being a public company, we may need to undertake various actions, such as implementing new internal controls and procedures and hiring accounting or internal audit staff.

***Statements in this prospectus concerning our future plans and operations are dependent on our ability to secure adequate funding and the absence of unexpected delays or adverse developments. We may not be able to secure required funding.***

The statements contained in this prospectus concerning future events or developments or our future activities, such as concerning strategic business plans and other statements concerning our future operations and activities, are forward-looking statements that in each instance assume that we are able to obtain sufficient funding in the near term and thereafter to support such activities and continue our operations and planned activities in a timely manner. There can be no assurance that this will be the case. Also, such statements assume that there are no significant unexpected developments or events that delay or prevent such activities from occurring. Failure to timely obtain sufficient funding, or unexpected development or events, could delay the occurrence of such events or prevent the events described in any such statements from occurring which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the sections titled “Prospectus Summary,” “Risk Factors,” “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and “Our Company,” contains certain statements that constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such forward-looking statements, including but not limited to



statements regarding our projected growth, trends and strategies, future operating and financial results, financial expectations and current business indicators are based upon current information and expectations and are subject to change based on factors beyond our control. Forward-looking statements typically are identified by the use of terms such as “look,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “might,” “believe,” “plan,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate” and similar words, although forward-looking statements are expressed differently. The accuracy of such statements may be impacted by a number of business risks and uncertainties we face that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected or anticipated, including but not limited to the following:

Our ability to timely and properly deliver shipping agency, shipping and chartering, inland transportation management and ship management services;

Our dependence on a limited number of major customers and related parties;

Political and economic factors in China;

Our ability to expand and grow our lines of business;

Unanticipated changes in general market conditions or other factors which may result in cancellations or reductions in the need for our services;

The effect of terrorist acts, or the threat thereof, on consumer confidence and spending or the production and distribution of product and raw materials which could, as a result, adversely affect our services, operations and financial performance;

The acceptance in the marketplace of our new lines of services;

Foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;

Hurricanes or other natural disasters;

Our ability to identify and successfully execute cost control initiatives;

The impact of quotas, tariffs or safeguards on our customer products that we service; and

Our ability to attract, retain and motivate skilled personnel.

These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate and management's beliefs and assumptions are not guarantees of future performance or development and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those described in "Risk Factors." Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances we discuss in this prospectus may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance or events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this prospectus to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

You should read this prospectus and the documents that we reference in this prospectus and have filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and events and circumstances may be materially different from what we expect.

## MARKET INDUSTRY AND OTHER DATA

We obtained the industry, market and similar data set forth in this prospectus from our own internal estimates and research, and from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third party consultants, which were commissioned by us. These data involve a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such information and estimates.

Information that is based on estimates, forecasts, projections, market research or similar methodologies is inherently subject to uncertainties and actual events or circumstances may differ materially from events and circumstances that are assumed in this information. In some cases, we do not expressly refer to the sources from which this data is derived. In that regard, when we refer to one or more sources of this type of data in any paragraph, you should assume that other data of this type appearing in the same paragraph is derived from the same sources, unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires.

## USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from this offering will be approximately \$6 million after deducting the underwriting discount and our estimated expenses of the offering, and based upon an assumed public offering price of \$1.75 per share, which is the reported closing price of a share of common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014. If the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised in full, we estimate that the net proceeds we receive from this offering will be approximately \$6.96 million.

The principal purpose of this offering is to raise additional capital to assist us in our continued growth and expansion as part of our growth strategy of continuing to develop a scalable platform in the shipping industry that we believe is capable of generating sustainable and increasing earnings. As of the date of this prospectus, we cannot specify with certainty all of the particular uses for our net proceeds to be received by us from the Offering, or the amounts that we plan to use for any particular purpose. Accordingly, our management team will have broad discretion in using our net proceeds. We currently expect, however, to use such net proceeds primarily for general corporate and working capital purposes including hiring additional personnel with experience and knowledge in one or more of our offered services. We may also use all or a portion of the net proceeds received by us in the offering to make what we believe are strategic and/or complementary acquisitions of businesses and/or assets as, if and when we find any such opportunities, including, but not limited to, acquisitions of a vessel, logistics companies and/or shipping agency companies. From time to time the Company has discussions with third parties to explore strategic arrangements and/or partnerships including possible acquisitions. We currently have no commitments, understandings, arrangements or agreements to effectuate any acquisition. We believe that by having additional available cash, if we find strategic and/or complementary businesses and/or assets acquisition opportunities, we will be better situated to act quickly to secure such opportunities, which without such additional funds, we could risk the loss of such opportunities.

Our expected use of the net proceeds we receive from this offering represents our current intentions based on our current plans and business conditions. The amount and timing of our actual expenditures will depend on numerous factors, including how quickly we collect our receivables, the outlays of funds we are required to expend in connection with our business operations, any unforeseen cash needs and/or whether we locate and are able to effectuate any acquisitions described generally above. As a result, we will retain broad discretion in the allocation and use of the net proceeds we receive from this offering.

Pending our use of the net proceeds we receive from this offering, we may invest such net proceeds in a variety of capital preservation investments, including short-term investment grade, interest bearing, instruments and U.S. government securities.

## **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, if ever. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will

be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, Virginia and PRC laws, and other factors that our Board of Directors deems relevant.

We conduct our operations primarily through our subsidiaries, Trans Pacific, Sino-Global Shipping Australia Pty Ltd., Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd. and our VIE, Sino-China. As a result, our ability to pay dividends and to finance any debt we may incur depends upon dividends paid by our subsidiaries and management fees paid by Sino-China. If our subsidiaries incur debt on their own behalf in the future, the instruments governing their debt may restrict their ability to pay dividends to us. In addition, Trans Pacific is permitted to pay dividends to us only out of its retained earnings, if any, as determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. Under PRC law, wholly foreign-owned enterprises like Trans Pacific are required to set aside at least 10% of their after-tax profit each year to fund a statutory reserve until the amount of the reserve reaches 50% of such entity's registered capital.

To the extent Trans Pacific does not generate sufficient after-tax profits to fund this statutory reserve, its ability to pay dividends to us may be limited. Although these statutory reserves can be used, among other ways, to increase the registered capital and eliminate future losses in excess of retained earnings of the respective companies, these reserve funds are not distributable as cash dividends except in the event of a solvent liquidation of the companies. Other than as described in the previous sentences, China's State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE") has approved the company structure between our company and Trans Pacific, and Trans Pacific is permitted to pay dividends to our company.

## CAPITALIZATION

You should read this table together with the sections in this prospectus titled "Selected Condensed Summary Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and our financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of September 30, 2014 on:

an actual basis;

an as-adjusted basis to reflect the sale of an estimated 4,000,000 shares of our common stock in this offering, at an assumed public offering price of \$1.75 per share, which is the reported closing price of a share of our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014, less underwriter discount estimated and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

|                           | September 30, 2014 |                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                           | Actual             | As Adjusted<br>(1) |
| Assets                    |                    |                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,553,187       | \$ 9,550,660       |

|  |              |               |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Liabilities  |              |               |
| Total current liabilities  | 1,152,860    | 1,152,860     |
| Equity   |              |               |
| Preferred stock, without par value per share, 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued   | -            | -             |
| Common stock, without par value per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 6,326,032 shares issued and 6,200,841 shares outstanding actual and 10,200,841 shares issued and outstanding, as adjusted (2) | 13,385,477   | 19,382,950    |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 1,144,842    | 1,144,842     |
| Accumulated deficit  | (2,937,801 ) | (2,372,527 )  |
| Non-controlling interest   | (4,829,255 ) | (4,829,255 )  |
| Total equity   | \$ 6,438,514 | \$ 12,435,987 |

(1) Assumes (i) the underwriter's over-allotment option has not been exercised, and (ii) approximately \$6,000,000 of net proceeds received by the Company.

(2) Based upon 6,200,841 shares of our common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2014, excluding (i) 205,032 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of our outstanding stock options and warrants with weighted average exercise prices ranging from \$6.88 to \$9.30 per share outstanding as of the date of this prospectus, (ii) 9,400,000 shares of our common stock available for issuance as of the date of this prospectus under our 2014 Stock Incentive Plan, and (iii) 236,903 shares of our common stock available for issuance as of the date of this prospectus under our 2008 Stock Incentive Plan.

## DILUTION

Purchasers of shares of our common stock offered in this offering will experience an immediate dilution in the net tangible book value of their shares of our common stock from the offering price of the shares of our common stock in this offering. Our net tangible book value as of September 30, 2014 was \$6,438,514, or approximately \$1.04 per share. Net tangible book value per share of shares of our common stock is equal to our net tangible assets (tangible assets less total liabilities), as of September 30, 2014, divided by the number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2014.

Dilution per share represents the difference between the public offering price per share of our common stock and the adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock after giving effect to this offering. After reflecting the sale of an assumed 4,000,000 shares of our common stock offered by us at the public offering price of \$1.75 per share, which is the reported closing price of a share of our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on December 1, 2014, less underwriter discount and estimated offering expenses, our adjusted net tangible book value and our adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock as of September 30, 2014 would have been \$12,435,987, or \$1.22 per share. The change represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value per share of our common stock of \$0.18 per share to existing shareholders and an immediate dilution of \$0.53 per share to new investors purchasing the shares of common stock in this offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Public offering price per share of our common stock                   | \$ 1.75 |
| Net tangible book value per share as of September 30, 2014 (1)        | 1.04    |
| Increase per share attributable to this offering (2)                  | 0.18    |
| As adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering (2) | \$ 1.22 |
| Dilution per share to new investors in this offering (2)              | \$ 0.53 |

(1) Based upon 6,200,841 shares of our common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2014, excluding (i) 205,032 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of our outstanding stock options and warrants with weighted average exercise prices ranging from \$6.88 to \$9.30 per share outstanding as of the date of this prospectus, (ii) 9,400,000 shares of our common stock available for issuance as of the date of this prospectus under our 2014 Share Incentive Plan, and (iii) 236,903 shares of our common stock available for issuance as of the date of this prospectus under our 2008 Incentive Plan.

(2) Assumes the underwriter's over-allotment option has not been exercised.

## MARKET PRICE

## OF COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

**Market Information***Market for Our Common Stock*

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "SINO." The high and low common stock sales prices per share during the periods indicated were as follows:

| Quarter Ended/Ending          | Sep. 30 | Dec. 31<br>(1) | Mar. 31 | June 30 | Year    |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fiscal year 2015              |         |                |         |         |         |
| Common stock price per share: |         |                |         |         |         |
| High                          | \$ 4.69 | 2.339          |         |         | \$ 4.69 |
| Low                           | \$ 1.37 | 1.453          |         |         | \$ 1.37 |
| Fiscal year 2014              |         |                |         |         |         |
| Common stock price per share: |         |                |         |         |         |
| High                          | \$ 3.52 | \$ 2.90        | \$ 2.97 | \$ 3.00 | \$ 3.52 |
| Low                           | \$ 1.43 | \$ 1.57        | \$ 2.26 | \$ 2.01 | \$ 1.43 |
| Fiscal year 2013              |         |                |         |         |         |
| Common Stock price per share: |         |                |         |         |         |
| High                          | \$ 2.73 | \$ 2.49        | \$ 2.75 | \$ 1.89 | \$ 2.75 |
| Low                           | \$ 1.85 | \$ 1.30        | \$ 1.71 | \$ 1.24 | \$ 1.24 |

(1) As of December 1, 2014



On December 1, 2014, the reported closing price on the NASDAQ Capital Market of our common stock was \$1.75 per share. As of December 1, 2014, we had seven (7) holders of record of our common stock. The number of holders of record is based upon the actual number of holders registered at such date and does not include holders of shares in “street name” or persons, partnerships, associates, corporations or other entities in security position listings maintained by depositories.

## **MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and the timing of selected events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.*

### **Overview**

Founded in the United States of America (the “US”) in 2001, we are a shipping agency, logistics and ship management services company. Our current service offerings consist of shipping agency services, shipping and chartering services, inland transportation management services and ship management services. We conduct our business primarily through our wholly-owned subsidiaries in China, Hong Kong, Australia, Canada and New York. Substantially all of our business is generated from clients located in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”), and our operations are primarily conducted in the PRC and Hong Kong.

Our subsidiary in China, Trans Pacific Shipping Limited (“Trans Pacific Beijing”), a wholly owned foreign enterprise, purchased and owns 90% of Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Limited (“Trans Pacific Shanghai,” and, together with Trans Pacific Beijing are referred to collectively herein as “Trans Pacific”). As PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign ownership of shipping agency service businesses, we previously provided shipping agency services in the PRC through Sino-Global Shipping Agency Ltd. (“Sino-China”), a Chinese legal entity, which holds the licenses and permits necessary to operate shipping agency services in the PRC. Trans Pacific Beijing and Sino-China do not have a parent-subsidiary relationship. Trans Pacific Beijing has contractual arrangements with Sino-China and its shareholders that enable us to substantially control Sino-China. Through Sino-China, we have the ability to provide shipping agency services in all commercial ports in the PRC. During fiscal year 2014, we completed a number of cost reduction initiatives and reorganized our shipping agency business in the PRC. As a result of the business reorganization and to improve our operating margin, we do not provide shipping agency services through Sino-China as of September 30, 2014.

Our shipping agency business is operated by our subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Australia. As a general shipping agent, we serve ships coming to and departing from a number of countries, including China, Australia, South Africa, Brazil and Canada. The shipping and chartering services are operated by Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd; the inland transportation management services are operated by Trans Pacific Beijing. As part of our strategy to expand our service platform, in September 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, we acquired Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”), a ship management company that is based in Hong Kong.

## Business Segments

We currently deliver the following services: shipping agency and ship management services, shipping and chartering services, and inland transportation management services. Historically we were in the business of solely providing shipping agency services. With the support of our largest shareholder, Mr. Zhong Zhang and the company he controls, Tianjin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (the “Zhiyuan Investment Group”), we expanded our service platform during fiscal year 2014 to include shipping and chartering services (launched during the quarter ended September 30, 2013) and inland transportation management services (launched during the quarter ended December 31, 2013). With the LSM acquisition, we added ship management services to our service platform in September 2014.

The following table presents summary information by segment for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

|                  | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 |                                  |   |              |   | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 |                                  |   |              |      |   |   |      |   |
|------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|--------------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--------------|------|---|---|------|---|
|                  | Shipping Agency and Ship Management Services  | Shipping and Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services | Consolidated |   | Shipping Agency and Ship Management Services  | Shipping and Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services | Consolidated |      |   |   |      |   |
| Revenues         | \$ 1,659,291                                  | -                                | \$ 946,634                                | \$ 2,605,925 |   | \$ 1,430,661                                  | \$ 1,887,000                     | -   | \$ 3,317,661 |      |   |   |      |   |
| Cost of revenues | \$ 1,283,505                                  | -                                | \$ 125,648                                | \$ 1,409,153 |   | \$ 1,112,803                                  | \$ 1,275,000                     | -   | \$ 2,387,803 |      |   |   |      |   |
| Gross profit     | \$ 375,786                                    | -                                | \$ 820,986                                | \$ 1,196,772 |   | \$ 317,858                                    | \$ 612,000                       | -   | \$ 929,858   |      |   |   |      |   |
| Gross margin     | 22.6  | %                                | -   | 86.7         | % | 45.9  | %                                | 22.2                                      | %            | 32.4 | % | - | 28.0 | % |

The following table presents summary information by segment for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

|                  | For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 |                                  |   |               | For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 |                                  |   |               |
|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------|
|                  | Shipping Agency Service          | Shipping and Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services | Consolidated  | Shipping Agency Service          | Shipping and Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services | Consolidated  |
| Revenues         | \$ 7,523,983                     | \$ 1,937,196                     | \$ 2,183,213                              | \$ 11,644,392 | \$ 17,331,759                    | \$ -                             | \$ -                                      | \$ 17,331,759 |
| Cost of revenues | \$ 6,010,058                     | 1,291,048                        | \$ 312,353                                | \$ 7,613,459  | \$ 15,402,743                    | \$ -                             | \$ -                                      | \$ 15,402,743 |
| Gross profit     | \$ 1,513,925                     | 646,148                          | \$ 1,870,860                              | \$ 4,030,933  | \$ 1,929,016                     | \$ -                             | \$ -                                      | \$ 1,929,016  |

|              |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |   |   |      |
|--------------|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|---|---|------|
| Gross margin | 20.1 | % | 33.4 | % | 85.7 | % | 34.6 | % | 11.1 | % | - | - | 11.1 |
|--------------|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|---|---|------|

## Revenues

### *(1) Revenues from Shipping Agency and Ship Management Services*

#### *· Shipping Agency Services*

We provide two types of shipping agency services: loading/discharging services and protective services. For protective agency services, we charge fixed fees while our customers are responsible for the payment of port costs and expenses. For loading/discharging agency services, we receive the total amount from our customers and pay the port charges on our customers' behalf. Under these circumstances, we generally require payments in advance from customers and bill them the balances within 30 days after the transactions are completed. We believe the most significant factors that directly or indirectly affect our shipping agency service revenues are:

- the number of ships to which we provide port loading/discharging services;
- the size and types of ships we serve;
- the type of services we provide, for example loading/discharging, protective, owner's affairs, shipping and chartering service;
- the rate of service fees we charge;
- the number of ports at which we provide services; and
- the number of customers we serve.

For the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, our shipping agency revenues were \$1,611,704 and \$1,430,661, respectively. The revenue increase was due mainly to the increase in the total number of ships we served - from 64 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to 70 for the same period in 2014.

|                        | For the three months ended |      |        |      |
|------------------------|----------------------------|------|--------|------|
|                        | September 30,              |      |        |      |
|                        | 2014                       | 2013 | Change | %    |
| Number of ships served |                            |      |        |      |
| Loading/discharging    | 15                         | 14   | 1      | 7.1  |
| Protective             | 55                         | 50   | 5      | 10.0 |
| Total                  | 70                         | 64   | 6      | 9.4  |

During fiscal year 2014, our shipping agency business continued to be negatively impacted, we believe, by the softening of the Chinese economy and its import of iron ore as well as the decline in the number of ships to which we provided loading/discharging agency services and protective agency service. Moreover, during our fiscal year 2014, we completed a number of cost reduction initiatives and reorganized our shipping agency business in China. As a result of the above factors including the exit from our non-performing service arrangements including our shipping agency service relationship with Shourong, our shipping agency revenues decreased from \$17.3 million for fiscal year 2013 to \$7.5 million for fiscal year 2014. In addition, the number of ships we served decreased from 438 to 312 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

|                        | For the years ended June 30, |      |        |        |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------|--------|--------|
|                        | 2014                         | 2013 | Change | %      |
| Number of ships served |                              |      |        |        |
| Loading/discharging    | 60                           | 161  | (101 ) | (62.7) |
| Protective             | 252                          | 277  | (25 )  | (9.0 ) |
| Total                  | 312                          | 438  | (126 ) | (28.8) |

Historically, our revenues have been primarily driven by the number of ships and customers we serve, provided that the service fees are determined by market competition. To stabilize our shipping agency business, we have shifted our focus to protective agency services, initiated actions to streamline our operations and reduce our overhead.

· *Ship Management Services*

On September 8, 2014, we acquired LSM, a ship management services company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Deming Wang. LSM currently manages seven vessels and outsources the actual ship management duties (which include among other things, crew, technical and insurance arrangements) to Qingdao Longhe Ship Management Services Co., Ltd., a company controlled by Mr. Deming Wang. The ship management services generated revenues of

\$47,587 from September 8, 2014 to September 30, 2014.

As we acquired LSM following the end of the fiscal year 2014, we did not generate any revenues from our ship management services during fiscal 2014.

***(2) Revenues from Shipping and Chartering Services***

During September 2013, we executed a shipping and chartering service agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group whereby we were engaged to assist in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China. The service agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group resulted in revenues of approximately \$1.90 million and gross profit of approximately \$0.60 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, which also reflected the revenues and gross profit from our shipping and chartering services for fiscal 2014. We did not provide any shipping and chartering service to the Zhiyuan Investment Group or any other customers in the three months ended September 30, 2014.

***(3) Revenues from Inland Transportation Management Services***

In September 2013, we executed an inland transportation management service contract with the Zhiyuan Investment Group whereby we would provide certain advisory services to help control potential commodities loss during the transportation process. We did not report revenue from inland transportation management service segment for the three months ended September 30, 2013 because we only started providing such services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group in the three months ended December 31, 2013. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, our inland transportation management services generated revenues of approximately \$0.95 million and gross profit of approximately \$0.82 million.

Inland transportation management services generated revenues of approximately \$2.2 million and gross profit of approximately \$1.9 for fiscal year 2014.

**Operating Costs and Expenses**

Our operating costs and expenses consist of cost of revenues, general and administrative expenses, and selling expenses. As a result of a change in service mix year over year toward lower cost services, we were able to reduce our total operating costs and expenses by approximately \$930,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013.

The following tables set forth the components of our costs and expenses for the periods indicated.

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|                                     | For the three months ended September 30, |         | 2013      |         | Change     |         |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
|                                     | 2014                                     |         | US\$      | %       | US\$       | %       |
| Revenues                            | 2,605,925                                | 100.0 % | 3,317,661 | 100.0 % | (711,736 ) | -21.5 % |
| Cost of revenues                    | 1,409,153                                | 54.1 %  | 2,387,803 | 72.0 %  | (978,650 ) | -41.0 % |
| Gross margin                        | 45.9 %                                   |         | 28.0 %    |         | 17.9 %     |         |
| General and administrative expenses | 939,805                                  | 36.1 %  | 896,164   | 27.0 %  | 43,641     | 4.9 %   |
| Selling expenses                    | 56,339                                   | 2.2 %   | 51,088    | 1.5 %   | 5,251      | 10.3 %  |
| Total Costs and Expenses            | 2,405,297                                | 92.3 %  | 3,335,055 | 100.5 % | (929,758 ) | -27.9 % |

As a result of factors discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, we reduced our total operating costs and expenses by approximately \$8.2 million for fiscal year 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013.



The following tables set forth the components of our costs and expenses for the periods indicated.

|                                     | For the years ended June 30, |         |            |         | Change       |         |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|------------|---------|--------------|---------|
|                                     | 2014                         |         | 2013       |         | US\$         | %       |
|                                     | US\$                         | %       | US\$       | %       | US\$         | %       |
| Revenues                            | 11,644,392                   | 100.0 % | 17,331,759 | 100.0 % | (5,687,367 ) | -32.8 % |
| Cost of revenues                    | 7,613,459                    | 65.4 %  | 15,402,743 | 88.9 %  | (7,789,284 ) | -50.6 % |
| Gross margin                        | 34.6                         | %       | 11.1       | %       | 23.5         | %       |
| General and administrative expenses | 3,470,669                    | 29.8 %  | 3,878,569  | 22.4 %  | (407,900 )   | -10.5 % |
| Selling expenses                    | 260,134                      | 2.2 %   | 253,987    | 1.5 %   | 6,147        | 2.4 %   |
| Total Costs and Expenses            | 11,344,262                   | 97.4 %  | 19,535,299 | 112.8 % | (8,191,037 ) | -41.9 % |

#### · *Costs of Revenues*

Our cost of revenues as a percentage of our revenues decreased from 72.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to 54.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease was due mainly to the change in our service mix. For the three months ended September 31, 2014, our revenues came mainly from shipping agency services and inland transportation management services. However, for the same period in 2013, our revenues came mainly from shipping agency services and shipping and chartering services. The decline in our overall cost of revenues was due mainly to the nature of our inland transportation management services that feature lower overhead than our shipping and chartering services.

As a result of factors discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, our overall cost of revenues as a percentage of our total revenues decreased from 88.9% to 65.4% for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, respectively. Likewise, our gross margin increased from 11.1% to 34.6% for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, respectively. The improvement in our overall gross margin was due mainly to our cost reduction measures undertaken as part of our restructuring and the launch of the shipping and chartering service and the inland transportation management services during the first half of fiscal year 2014, as these new business segments feature lower overhead than our core shipping agency business.

#### · *General and Administrative Expenses*

Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and benefits, business development, office rental, meeting fees, legal, accounting and other professional services. The increase in our general and administrative expenses by approximately \$44,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013 was due mainly to the higher professional service fees as we engaged two consultants to assist us in the reorganization of our business. As a percentage of revenues, our general and administrative expenses increased from

27.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to 36.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The increase was attributed mainly to lower revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013.

The decline in our general and administrative expenses for fiscal year 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013 was due primarily to tight budgetary control as we reorganized and streamlined our service platform. Our general and administrative expenses decreased from approximately \$3.9 million to approximately \$3.5 million for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, respectively. As a percentage of revenues, our general and administrative expenses increased from 22.4% to 29.8% for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, respectively. The increase was due to lower revenues in fiscal year 2014.

· *Selling Expenses*

Our selling expenses consist primarily of commissions for our operating staff to the ports at which we provide services. Our selling expenses slightly increased when comparing three months ended September 30, 2014 to the same period of 2013. The increase in our selling expenses was mainly due to higher commission rates.

Our selling expenses slightly increased by \$6,147 for fiscal year 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013, mainly due to higher commission rates.

**Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our audited and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”). These accounting principles require us to make judgments, estimates and assumptions on the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the end of each fiscal period, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during each fiscal period. We continually evaluate these judgments and estimates based on our own historical experience, knowledge and assessment of current business and other conditions, our expectations regarding the future based on available information and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable.

We accounted for the business acquisition of Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”) under the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method, assets and liabilities of the business acquired are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date of acquisition with any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. Results of operations of the acquired business are included in the income statement from the date of acquisition.

The selection of critical accounting policies, the judgments and other uncertainties affecting application of those policies and the sensitivity of reported results to changes in conditions and assumptions are factors that should be considered when reviewing our financial statements. We believe the following accounting policies involve the most significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

**Revenue Recognition**

Revenues from shipping agency services are recognized upon completion of services, which coincides with the date of departure of the relevant vessel from port. Advance payments and deposits received from customers prior to the provision of services and recognition of the related revenues are presented as advances from customers.

Revenues from shipping and chartering services are recognized upon performance of services as stipulated in the underlying contract.

Revenues from inland transportation management services are recognized when commodities are being released from the customer's warehouse.

### ***Basis of Consolidation***

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent and its subsidiaries. All significant inter-company transaction and balances are eliminated in consolidation. Sino-China is our VIE and we are the primary beneficiary. Our company through Trans Pacific entered into agreements with Sino-China, pursuant to which we receive 90% of Sino-China's net income. We do not receive any payment from Sino-China unless Sino-China recognizes net income during its fiscal year. These agreements do not entitle us to any consideration if Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year. If Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year, we are not required to absorb such net loss. In accordance with the agreements, Sino-China pays consulting and marketing fees equal to 85% and 5%, respectively, of its net income to Trans Pacific, and Trans Pacific supplies the technology and personnel needed to service Sino-China. Sino-China was designed to operate in China for the benefit of our company.

The accounts of Sino-China are consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements pursuant to Accounting Standard Codification (“ASC”) 810-10, “Consolidation”. As a VIE, Sino-China’s sales are included in our total sales, its income (loss) from operations is consolidated with our company’s, and our net income (loss) from continuing operations before non-controlling interest in income (loss) includes all of Sino-China’s net income (loss). Our non-controlling interest in its income (loss) is then subtracted in calculating the net income (loss) attributable to our company. Because of the contractual arrangements, our company had a pecuniary interest in Sino-China that requires consolidation of our and Sino-China’s financial statements.

### ***Accounts Receivable and Advances***

Accounts receivable are recognized at net realizable value. We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the failure of customers to make required payments in the relevant time period. We review the accounts receivable on a periodic basis and record general and specific allowances when there is doubt as to the collectability of individual balances. In evaluating the collectability of individual receivable balances, we consider many factors, including the age of the balance, the customer’s historical payment history, its current credit-worthiness and current economic trends. Receivables are considered past due after 365 days. Accounts are written off only after exhaustive collection efforts. Because of the worldwide financial crisis, we have experienced difficulties in collecting cash from some of our customers.

We generally obtain advance payment of our shipping agency fees prior to providing service to our clients. This significantly reduces the amount of accounts receivable when the shipping agency fees are recognized. To the extent our estimates are insufficient; we bill our clients for the balance which is expected to be paid within 30 days.

We use advance payments to pay a number of fees on behalf of our clients before their ships arrive in port, including harbor, berthing, mooring/unmooring, tonnage, immigration, quarantine and tug hire fees. We record the amounts we receive as Advances from Customers and the amounts we pay as Advances to Suppliers. We recognize revenues and expenses once the client’s ship leaves the harbor and the client pays any outstanding amounts. In some cases, a delay in receiving bills will require us to estimate the Service Revenues and Costs of Services in accordance with the rate and formulas approved by the Ministry of Communications. When this happens, we record the difference between Service Revenues (as recognized) and Advances from Customers as Accounts Receivable and the difference between Cost of Services and Advances to Suppliers as Accounts Payable. To the extent we recognize revenues and costs in this way, our Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable will reflect this estimation until we receive the bills and information we require to adjust revenues and expenses to reflect our actual Service Revenues and Cost of Services. Any adjustment to actual from the estimated Revenues and Cost of Services recorded has been and is expected to be immaterial.

### ***Translation of Foreign Currency***

The accounts of our company and Sino-China are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar, while Trans Pacific and Sino-China report their financial position and results of operations in RMB. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency transactions are translated into U.S. dollars using the fixed exchange rates in effect at the time of the transaction. Generally foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations. We translate foreign currency financial statements of Sino-China, Trans Pacific, Sino-Global HK and Sino-Global AUS in accordance with ASC 830-10, “Foreign Currency Matters”. Assets and liabilities are translated at current exchange rates quoted by the People’s Bank of China at the balance sheet dates and revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates in effect during the periods.

### **Taxation**

Because we and Sino-China are incorporated in different jurisdictions, we file separate income tax returns. We are subject to income and capital gains taxes in the United States. Additionally, dividend payments made by our company are subject to withholding tax in the United States.

We follow the provisions of ASC 740-10, “Accounting for Income Taxes”, which addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under ASC 740-10, we may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position would be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. ASC 740-10 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures.

The implementation of ASC 740-10 resulted in no material liability for unrecognized tax benefits and no material change to the beginning retained earnings of our company. Our company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense in the Statement of Operations. We use the liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with US GAAP. Deferred taxes, if any, are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements. We may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position would be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

## **2015 Trends**

On balance, we expect difficult macroeconomic conditions in fiscal year 2014 to continue in fiscal year 2015; and we believe competition and rising labor costs in the PRC will continue to pressure our operating model. As a small company with limited resources, we expect to face an uphill battle when it comes to margin enhancement and cost containment. To attempt to generate consistent earnings, we will continue to attempt to leverage our business relationship with the Zhiyuan Investment Group and broaden our experience and expertise in the logistics services. With the LSM acquisition, we believe we have gained significant leverage to expand our service platform along the shipping industry value chain.

## **Results of Operations**

*Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2013*

### **Revenues.**

Our total revenues decreased by \$711,736 or 21.5% from \$3,317,661 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$2,605,925 for the comparable period in 2014. The decline was due mainly to no revenue from shipping and chartering services during the three months ended September 30, 2014, partially offset by revenue generated from inland transportation management services.

Revenues from our shipping agency services increased by \$181,043 from \$1,430,661 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$1,611,704 for the same period in 2014. The increase was due mainly to the increase in the total number of ships we served - increased from 64 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to 70 for the same period of 2014. We provided loading/discharging services to 15 ships and protective services to 55 ships during the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to 14 ships for loading/discharging services and 50 ships for protective services for the same period in 2013.



· Revenues from the newly acquired ship management services were \$47,587.

We did not provide any shipping and chartering services during the three months ended September 30, 2014. For the same period in 2013, we reported revenues of \$1,887,000 for providing such services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group.

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we recognized revenues of \$946,634 from our inland transportation management services. The inland transportation management services were launched in the quarter ended December 31, 2013.

**Total Operating Costs and Expenses.** Our total operating costs and expenses decreased by \$929,758 or 27.9% from \$3,335,055 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$2,405,297 for the same period in 2014. This decrease was due primarily to a decrease in our overall cost of revenues, partially offset by higher general and administrative and selling expenses.

Our cost of revenues decreased by 41.0% from \$2,387,803 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$1,409,153 for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease was due mainly to favorable service mix. For the three months ended September 31, 2014, our revenues came mainly from shipping agency services and inland transportation management services. However, for the same period in 2013, our revenues came mainly from the shipping agency services and the shipping and chartering services. The decline in our overall cost of revenues was due mainly to the nature of our inland transportation management services that feature lower overhead than our shipping and chartering services

Our general and administrative expenses increased by \$43,641 or 4.9% from \$896,164 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$939,805 for the three months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was mainly due to higher business development expenses of \$63,942; recognition of stock based compensation for common stock issued to consultants of \$71,689, partially offset by decreased office expenses of \$53,783.

Our selling expenses increased by \$5,251 or 10.3% from \$51,088 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$56,339 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, mainly due to higher commission ratio.

**Operating Income.** We had an operating income of \$200,628 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to an operating loss of \$17,394 for the comparable period ended September 30, 2013. The turnaround was due mainly to higher gross profit margin from the inland transportation management services that were launched in the quarter ended December 31, 2013.

**Financial Expense, Net.** Our net financial expense was \$62,382 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to financial income of \$23,867 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. We have operations in the

U.S., Canada, Australia, Hong Kong and China. Our financial expense or income reflected the foreign currency exchange effect for each reporting period indicated.

**Taxation.** Our income tax benefit was \$27,255 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$22,500 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. As we had a tax expense of \$1,645 and deferred tax benefit of \$28,900, the income tax benefit for the three months ended September 30, 2014 was \$27,255. The income tax benefit for three months ended September 30, 2013 included an adjustment to decrease our valuation allowance for deferred tax assets of \$22,500.

**Net income.** As a result of the foregoing, we had net income of \$165,501 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to net income of \$28,973 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. After deduction of non-controlling interest, net income attributable to Sino Global was \$332,459 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to net income of \$275,394 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. With other comprehensive loss foreign currency translation, comprehensive income attributable to Sino-Global was \$367,259 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to comprehensive income of \$263,510 for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

***Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013***

**Revenues.** Our shipping agency business continued to be negatively impacted by the softening of the Chinese economy and its import of iron ore. Our total revenues decreased by \$5,687,367 or 32.8% from \$17,331,759 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to \$11,644,392 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The number of ships we served decreased from 438 to 312 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, we provided protective services to 252 ships, as compared to 277 ships for the same period in 2013. In contrast, we only provided loading/discharging services to 60 ships for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 as compared to 161 ships for the same period in 2013.

The decline in revenues from the shipping agency business was partially compensated by our new revenue sources generated from our shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services that were launched in the first and second quarter, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2014, we recognized revenues of:

\$1,937,196 from our shipping and chartering business; and  
\$2,183,213 from our inland transportation management business.

**Total Operating Costs and Expenses.** Our total operating costs and expenses decreased by \$8,191,037 or 41.9% from \$19,535,299 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to \$11,344,262 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in our costs of revenues and general and administrative expenses, as discussed below.

**Costs of Revenues.** Our cost of revenues decreased by 50.6% from \$15,402,743 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to \$7,613,459 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The decline was primarily driven by lower cost generated from the shipping agency business, partially offset by the launch of the shipping and chartering services in the first quarter and inland transportation management services in the second quarter, which featured lower overhead and

allowed our cost of revenues to decrease more quickly than our revenues.

**General and Administrative Expenses.** Our general and administrative expenses decreased by \$407,900 or 10.5% from \$3,878,569 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to \$3,470,669 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This decrease was mainly due to (1) decreased salaries and benefits for our staff of \$114,951, (2) decreased meeting expense of \$103,576, (3) decreased bad debt provision of \$419,832. The decrease of general and administrative expenses was partially offset by an increase of \$173,387 in travelling expenses and an increase of \$113,515 in business development expenses.

**Selling Expenses.** Our selling expenses increased by \$6,147 or 2.4% from \$253,987 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to \$260,134 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, mainly due to lower commission payments related to the sales decrease, partially offset by increased commissions payments as a result of higher commission ratio.

**Operating Income.** We had an operating income of \$300,130 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to an operating loss of \$2,203,540 for the comparable year ended June 30, 2013. The turnaround was due mainly to net profit from the newly developed shipping and chartering services as well as the inland transportation management services.

**Financial Expense, Net.** Our net financial expense was \$50,170 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to \$15,520 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The variance was due largely to the foreign exchange losses recognized in the financial statements consolidation.

**Taxation.** Our income tax expense was \$79,823 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to \$410,089 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. As we had a tax expense of \$138,623 and deferred tax benefit of \$50,445, the income tax expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was \$79,823. The income tax expense for fiscal year 2013 included an adjustment to increase our valuation allowance for deferred tax assets of \$413,900.

**Net income (Loss).** As a result of the foregoing, we had net income of \$434,486 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to net loss of \$2,576,896 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. After deduction of non-controlling interest, net income attributable to Sino-Global was \$1,586,353 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to net loss of \$1,799,755 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. With other comprehensive loss foreign currency translation, comprehensive income attributable to Sino-Global was \$1,556,180 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, compared to comprehensive loss of \$1,761,673 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### ***Cash Flows and Working Capital***

We have financed our operations primarily through cash flows from operations and proceeds from issuing common stock. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$3,553,187 in cash and cash equivalents as compared to \$902,531 as of June 30, 2014. 50.2% of our cash in banks are located in New York, Canada, Australia and Hong Kong and 49.8% of cash in banks are located in China as compared to 67.6% and 32.4%, respectively, as of June 30, 2014. Such increase resulted from the payment received by us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group in September 2014.

The following table sets forth a summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated:

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|  | For the three months ended |                 | For the years ended |                 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
|  | September 30,<br>2014      | 2013            | June 30,<br>2014    | 2013            |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities      | \$ 524,352                 | \$ (1,030,634 ) | \$ (1,242,471 )     | \$ (4,361,613 ) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities      | \$ 1,103,902               | \$ (3,399 )     | \$ (1,361,034 )     | \$ (50,931 )    |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                | \$ 967,820                 | \$ -            | \$ 444,000          | \$ 3,026,536    |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents     | \$ 2,650,656               | \$ (1,062,294 ) | \$ (2,146,300 )     | \$ (1,384,502 ) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | \$ 902,531                 | \$ 3,048,831    | \$ 3,048,831        | \$ 4,433,333    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period       | \$ 3,553,187               | \$ 1,986,537    | \$ 902,531          | \$ 3,048,831    |

The following table sets forth a summary of our working capital for the periods so indicated:

|                           | <b>September 30,<br/>2014</b> | <b>June 30, 2014</b> | <b>Diff.</b> | <b>%</b> |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|
| Total Current Assets      | \$ 6,353,818                  | \$ 4,957,798         | \$ 1,396,020 | 28.2%    |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ 1,152,860                  | \$ 1,230,795         | \$ (77,935 ) | -6.3%    |
| Working Capital           | \$ 5,200,958                  | \$ 3,727,003         | \$ 1,473,955 | 39.5%    |
| Current Ratio             | 5.51                          | 4.03                 | 1.48         | 36.8%    |

### *Operating Activities*

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$524,352 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$1,030,634 for the comparable period in 2013. The increase in our operating cash inflows was mainly attributable to net income of \$165,501, a decrease in due from related parties of \$1,174,234 resulted from collection of outstanding receivables from the Zhiyuan Investment Group, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$477,001, increase in other receivables of \$296,828, and a decrease in accounts payable of \$156,245.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1,242,471 for the year ended June 30, 2014, as compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$4,361,613 for the comparable period in 2013. The decrease in our operating cash outflows was mainly attributable to net income of \$434,486, a decrease in advance to suppliers of \$223,290, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$201,155, partially offset by an increase in due from related parties of \$1,473,752, a decrease in advance from customers of \$506,066, and recovery of doubtful accounts of \$246,206 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### *Investing Activities*

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$1,103,902 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$3,399 for the same period in 2013. The change was due mainly to the collection of a short-term loan from our related party, the Zhiyuan Investment Group of \$1,119,241.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$1,361,034 compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$50,931 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, due to acquisitions of fixed assets of \$203,252 and loans to related party of \$1,158,636 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 compared to acquisitions of fixed assets of \$67,116 and offset by proceeds from sale of fixed assets of \$16,185 for the same period in 2013.

### ***Financing Activities***

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$967,820 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, due to the net proceeds from the sale of 647,000 shares of our common stock in July 2014.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$444,000 for fiscal year 2014 which resulted mainly from the sale of 200,000 shares our common stock for \$444,000 to Mr. Wang.

### ***Working Capital***

Total working capital amounted to \$5,200,958 as at September 30, 2014 compared to \$3,727,003 as at June 30, 2014. Total current assets increased by \$1,396,020 or 28.2% from \$4,957,798 as at June 30, 2014 to \$6,353,818 as at September 30, 2014. Increase in total current assets is due mainly to increase in cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.65 million, increase in accounts receivable of approximately \$0.48 million, offset by decrease in due from related parties of approximately \$2.30 million.

Current liabilities amounted to \$1,152,860 as at September 30, 2014, in comparison to \$1,230,795 as at June 30, 2014. The decrease was mainly attributable to decrease in accounts payable of \$156,245 and decrease in accrued expenses of \$35,808, offset by increase in advance from customers of \$124,704.



As a result of the overall increase in our current assets, the current ratio increased from 4.03 at June 30, 2014 to 5.51 at September 30, 2014.

We believe that current cash and cash equivalents, and the anticipated cash flow from our operations will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs, including cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures, for at least the next 12 months. We may, however, require additional cash due to changing business conditions or other future developments, including any investments or acquisitions we may decide to pursue. If our existing cash is insufficient to meet our requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity securities or borrow from banks. However, financing may not be available in the amounts we need or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. The sale of additional equity securities, including convertible debt securities, would dilute our shareholders. The incurrence of debt would divert cash from working capital and capital expenditures to service debt obligations and could result in operating and financial covenants that would restrict our operations and our ability to pay dividends to our shareholders.

### **Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

We have leased certain office premises under operating leases through August 31, 2019. Below is a summary of our contractual obligations and commitments as of September 30, 2014:

|                                    | Amount     |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Twelve months ending September 30, |            |
| 2015                               | \$ 155,463 |
| 2016                               | 77,506     |
| 2017                               | 64,122     |
| 2018                               | 65,856     |
| 2019                               | 67,641     |
| Thereafter                         | 5,649      |
|                                    | \$ 436,237 |

### **Company Structure**

We conduct our operations primarily through our wholly-owned subsidiaries. As a result, our ability to pay dividends and to finance any debt we may incur depends upon dividends paid by our subsidiaries and management fees paid by Sino-China, our variable interest entity. If our subsidiaries incur debt on their own behalf in the future, the instruments

governing their debt may restrict their ability to pay dividends to us. In addition, Trans Pacific, our subsidiary in China, is permitted to pay dividends to us only out of its retained earnings, if any, as determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. Under PRC law, wholly foreign-owned enterprises like Trans Pacific are required to set aside at least 10% of their after-tax profit each year to fund a statutory reserve until the amount of the reserve reaches 50% of such entity's registered capital.

To the extent Trans Pacific does not generate sufficient after-tax profits to fund this statutory reserve, its ability to pay dividends to us may be limited. Although these statutory reserves can be used, among other ways, to increase the registered capital and eliminate future losses in excess of retained earnings of the respective companies, these reserve funds are not distributable as cash dividends except in the event of a solvent liquidation of the companies. Other than as described in the previous sentences, China's State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE") has approved the company structure between our company and Trans Pacific, and Trans Pacific is permitted to pay dividends to our company.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements**

We have not entered into any financial guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of any third parties. We have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to our shares and classified as shareholders' equity or that are not reflected in our consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serve as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity. We do not have any variable interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to us or engages in leasing, hedging or research and development services with us.

## BUSINESS

### Overview

We are a shipping agency, logistics and ship management services company. Our current service offerings consist of shipping agency services, shipping and chartering services, inland transportation management services and ship management services. Substantially all of our business is generated from our clients located in China, and our operations are primarily conducted in the PRC and Hong Kong.

Since our inception in 2001 and through fiscal year 2013, our sole business was providing shipping agency services. While we were able to consistently generate net revenues from such business we were not able to achieve profitability as our operating costs and expenses continued to be higher than our net revenues.

Commencing in the latter part of fiscal year 2013 and continuing through fiscal year 2014, we took various actions to restructure our business with the goal of achieving profitability. These actions included lowering our operating costs and expenses, reducing our dependency on our shipping agency business and hiring a new executive vice president and other consultants to assist us in implementing our business restructuring efforts.

Also during the first and second quarters of fiscal year 2014, we expanded our service platform by adding two new services: shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services. These two new services were added to service certain specific business needs of the Zhiyuan Investment Group who is controlled by Mr. Zhang and who in April 2013, as approved by our Board of Directors and shareholders, purchased from us 1,800,000 shares of our common stock for approximately \$3.0 million, resulting in Mr. Zhang becoming our largest shareholder.

We added our shipping and chartering service line to assist the Zhiyuan Investment Group in a specific project of transporting approximately 51,000 tons of chromite from South Africa to China. Thereafter, we added our inland transportation management service line to assist the Zhiyuan Investment Group in its efforts to control the potential commodities loss incurred during the transportation process.

As part of our strategy to expand our service platform, in September 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, we acquired LSM, a ship management company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Wang, the owner of approximately 3.2% of our outstanding common stock. While to date the net revenues generated from such business have been immaterial, we believe that it is a good complement to our existing service platform. The acquisition of LSM will result in the issuance of between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of our common stock to Mr. Wang, depending on whether LSM

reaches certain net income targets for the period July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014.

## **Company History**

We were incorporated as a New York corporation in February 2001 under the name “Sino-Global Shipping Consulting Ltd.” In September 2007, we reincorporated as a Virginia corporation under our current name Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.

Since our incorporation through fiscal year 2013, our sole business was to provide our customers with shipping agency services, primarily as a general agent. In fiscal year 2014, we entered into two new segments of the shipping business: shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services. In September 2014, we added ship management services to our service platform with the acquisition of Longhe Ship Management (HK) Co., Ltd.

The following diagram illustrates our corporate structure:

Trans Pacific Shipping Ltd. is our wholly owned subsidiary located in China which is the owner of 90% of the equity of Trans Pacific Logistic Shanghai Ltd. We refer to Trans Pacific Shipping Ltd. and Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Ltd. collectively as “Trans Pacific.”.

Until fiscal year 2014, because PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign ownership of entities providing shipping agency services, we conducted a substantial portion of our shipping agency services in the PRC through Sino-China, our VIE, which we control through contractual arrangements between Sino-China, its shareholders and Trans Pacific. Sino-China is headquartered in Beijing with branches in Qingdao, Xiamen and Fangchenggang and holds the licenses and permits necessary to operate and provide shipping services in the PRC. Through Sino-China, we are able to provide services in all commercial ports in the PRC.

In light of rising operating costs and expenses associated with doing business in China, consecutive years of operating losses reported by Sino-China, concerns raised by the US regulators over the last few years about VIE's and our belief that the investing public may have a negative perception of publicly traded companies with VIE structures, we decided to reorganize our shipping agency business in fiscal year 2013. As a result of our reorganization efforts, we reduced our overhead, changed our service mix, stopped providing agency services to Shourong, one of our largest customers, and shifted our agency business operation from Sino-China to our wholly-owned subsidiaries in China and Hong Kong.

## Shipping Agency Business

We provide two types of customized general agency services to our customers: loading/discharging services and protective services. Generally, our loading/discharging services involve the appointment of local agents for the arrangement of ship's berthing/unberthing and loading/unloading operations; while our protective services focus mainly on the issuance of the document - Laytime Statement of Facts after completion of loading. For protective services, we charge customers fixed fees, and the customers are responsible for the payment of port costs and expenses. For loading/discharging services, our customers pay us an inclusive fee out of which we pay the port charges on our customers' behalf. We generally require payments in advance from customers and bill them the balances within 30 days after the transactions are completed.

We believe the most significant factors that directly or indirectly affect our shipping agency service revenues are:

- the number of ships to which we provide port loading/discharging services;
- the size and types of ships we serve;
- the type of services we provide;
- the rate of service fees we charge;
- the number of ports at which we provide services; and
- the number of customers we serve.

During fiscal year 2014, we served a total of 312 ships: 60 related to loading/discharging services (loading raw materials such as iron ore or coal) from Brazilian, South African, Australian and Canadian ports to China); and 252 related to protective services where we served as owner's protecting agent for 30 Chinese ports.

In fiscal year 2014, our shipping agency business generated net revenues of approximately \$7.5 million and gross profit of approximately \$1.5 million. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, our shipping agency business generated net revenues of approximately \$1.6 million and gross profit of approximately \$350,000.

## Shipping and Chartering Services

In September 2013, we entered into a shipping and chartering service agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group pursuant to which we assisted the Zhiyuan Investment Group in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China which resulted in net revenues of approximately \$1.9 million and gross profit of approximately \$0.6 million to us in fiscal year 2014. We did not provide any shipping and chartering services to any customers in the three months ended September 30, 2014.

Our shipping and chartering services include the arrangement of appropriate commercial vessels to transport our customer's products and the appointment of respective vessel and port agents. Fees for shipping and chartering services are usually based upon the material and tonnage to be shipped.

### **Inland Transportation Management Services**

In September 2013, we entered into an inland transportation management service contract with the Zhiyuan Investment Group pursuant to which we agreed to provide certain advisory services designed to control potential commodities loss during the transportation process. Working closely with the Zhiyuan Investment Group's logistics department, our inland transportation management services segment generated net revenues of approximately \$2.2 million and gross profit of approximately \$1.9 million in fiscal year 2014. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, our inland transportation management services generated revenues of approximately \$0.95 million and gross profit of approximately \$0.82 million.

Our inland transportation management services are focused on optimizing the local transportation process and controlling the potential commodities loss as they are being transported from port to warehouse to final customer destination. Generally this involves evaluating available transport services, usually rail or truck and determining which provides the most cost effective solution. The fees that we receive for these services are based upon the material and the tonnage shipped.

Together, shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services accounted for 35.4% of our total revenues and 62.4% of our gross profit in fiscal year 2014.

### **Ship Management Services**

In September 2014, we acquired LSM, a ship management service company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Wang. LSM currently manages seven vessels and outsources the actual ship management duties (which include among other things, crew, technical and insurance arrangements) to Qingdao Longhe Ship Management Services Co., Ltd., a company controlled by Mr. Wang. The ship management services generated revenues of \$47,587 from September 8, 2014 to September 30, 2014.

### **Sales and Marketing**

To date, we do not have a formal sales and marketing plan, but rather have obtained our business through “word-of-mouth” and our existing business relationships in China.

### **Market Background**

According to the National Bureau of Statistics of the PRC, China’s nominal GDP grew at a compound annual growth rate of 15.8% between 1980 and 2013 and reached RMB 56.9 trillion in 2013. Adjusted for inflation, China’s real GDP maintained an average annual growth rate of 9.9% between 1980 and 2013, significantly outpacing the world’s other major economies, such as the United States, Japan, India and Germany. Since 2010, China has been the world’s second largest economy behind the United States.

*Source: National Bureau of Statistics of the PRC*

*Source: National Bureau of Statistics of the PRC*



Growth of foreign trade, including both exports and imports, has been a major component supporting China's rapid economic expansion over the past thirty plus years. According to data compiled by National Bureau of Statistics and General Administration of Customs of the PRC, China became the world's biggest trading nation in 2012, with the total value of exports and imports reaching \$3.87 trillion and surpassing those of the United States. In 2013, the total value of exports and imports for China further increased 7.6% to \$4.16 trillion, with exports growing 7.9% to \$2.21 trillion and imports growing 7.3% to \$1.95 trillion. As a result of the rapid expansion of international trade between China and other countries, the shipping industry in China has also grown.

*Source: National Bureau of Statistics of the PRC; General Administration of Customs of the PRC*

The evolution of the shipping agency and logistics businesses in the PRC has followed that of the shipping industry in general. China's shipping industry with its relatively short modern history of only 60 plus years, is very different from its counterparts in the US and Europe, as highlighted by a lack of information transparency, lack of standardized port operations, and Chinese governmental restrictions on foreign shipping companies.

We believe that as a seasoned shipping agent and NASDAQ-listed company with extensive business relationships both in China and overseas, we are well positioned between the state-owned agency giants and local agents to provide our customers with economical yet customized general shipping agency services.

## **Customers**

Since our initial public offering in 2008, our revenues have come primarily from a few key customers. Prior to the restructuring of our shipping agency business in fiscal year 2014, a significant portion of our revenues were driven by Shourong. In light of our strategic relationship with the Zhiyuan Investment Group that began with the signing of a 5-year global logistics service agreement in June 2013, we expanded our business platform to include shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services. Revenues from these two new services provided to the Zhiyuan Investment Group amounted to approximately \$4.1 million or approximately 35% of total net revenues for fiscal year 2014. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, three customers, Tengda Northwest Ferroalloy Co., Ltd., BAO NYK Shipping Pte. Ltd., and the Zhiyuan Investment Group accounted for approximately 23%, 20% and 14% of our revenues, respectively; and for the same period in 2013, two customers, BAO NYK Shipping Pte. Ltd. and the Zhiyuan Investment Group accounted for approximately 57% and 21% of our revenues, respectively. For fiscal year 2014, two customers, the Zhiyuan Investment Group and BAO NYK Shipping Pte. Ltd. accounted for approximately 35% and 18% of our revenues, respectively. For fiscal year 2013, approximately 63% of our net revenues were from Shourong.

## **Vendors**

Much of our operations consist of working directly with our customers to understand in detail their needs and expectations and then managing local vendors to ensure that our customers' needs are met. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, three vendors, Monson Agencies Australia Pty. Ltd., Wilson, Sons, Agencia Maritima Ltda., and ACGI Shipping Inc. accounted for approximately 47%, 18% and 13% of the total cost of our revenues, respectively, and for the three months ended September 30, 2013, two vendors, China Cosco Bulk Shipping (Group) Co., Ltd. and Monson Agencies Australia Pty. Ltd. accounted for approximately 53% and 40% of the total cost of revenues, respectively. For fiscal year 2014, two vendors, Wilson, Sons, Agencia Maritima Ltda. and ACGI Shipping Inc. accounted for approximately 21% and 12% of the total cost of revenues, respectively; and for fiscal year 2013, two vendors, Tangshan Hengye Shipping Agent Co., Ltd. and China Shipping Agency Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd. accounted for approximately 22% and 10% of the total cost of our revenues.

## **Competition**

The market segments that we serve do not have high entry barriers. As a small company with limited resources we face intense competition in the PRC.

We believe that there are hundreds of licensed shipping agencies in China. At present, the state-owned shipping agency companies, namely Penavico, Sinoagent, CSA and Cosa, still dominate China's shipping agency industry, combining to generate majority of the revenues in the industry. Our ability to be successful in our industry depends on our ability to compete effectively with companies that may be better capitalized than we are or may provide shipping agency services we do not or cannot provide to our customers. While China's shipping agency industry has a variety of small shipping agencies, our primary competitors are Penavico, Sinoagent and CSA. These companies are state-owned in part and much larger than we are and derive significantly more revenue from shipping agency services in China.

- *Penavico*. Founded in 1953, Penavico is the oldest and largest state-owned shipping agency in China. Beginning in 1955, Penavico took over China's shipping agency business from the foreign agents that previously did business in China and, until 1985, Penavico was the only shipping agency operating in China. Penavico now has more than 80 local agencies and 300 business networks across China. Penavico maintains offices in America, Europe, Japan, Korea, Singapore and Hong Kong. Penavico's shipping agency business, bulk ships and container ships currently account for approximately 40% of China's market.

- *Sinoagent*. Sinoagent was formed in 1985 as a specialized subsidiary of Sinotrans Limited Company ("Sinotrans"), a company that provides integrated ocean transportation, land transport, airfreight, warehousing, express services, shipping agency and freight forwarding services. Due to its relationship with Sinotrans, Sinoagent is able to provide a seamless, integrated set of services to its customers. Sinoagent is the second largest state-owned shipping agency and has approximately 30% of shipping agency market in China.

- *CSA*. CSA, established in 1997, and an affiliate of China Shipping Group, specializes in the shipping agency business for both domestic and international vessels and other related businesses such as cargo agency and customs declaration. With its headquarters in Shanghai, CSA has set up more than 54 subsidiaries in major ports along the national coastline, the Yangtze River and the Pearl River of China. The subsidiaries undertake shipping agency business as well as cargo agency business and customs declaration etc. for both Chinese and foreign vessels navigating among the international lines and the vessels calling HK, Macao, Taiwan areas, and the coastlines and other water areas of China.

We believe that the three shipping agents' primary strengths include the following:

- the establishment of a complete port network in mainland China;
- the presence of a large base of clients; and
- the availability of funding and financial support from state-owned financial institutions.

With respect to the shipping and chartering services and inland transportation management services, our competition are local companies that have good business relationships and a mature business platform. We are a new market entrant and until we master the tricks of the trade and enhance our operational efficiency, it is difficult to be profitable without the support of Zhiyuan.

## Regulations on Foreign Exchange

**Foreign Currency Exchange.** Pursuant to the Foreign Currency Administration Rules promulgated in 1996, as amended in 2007 and 2008, and various regulations issued by State Administration of Foreign Exchange (“SAFE”), and other relevant PRC government authorities, RMB is freely convertible only to the extent of current account items, such as trade related receipts and payments, interests and dividends. Capital account items, such as direct equity investments, loans and repatriation of investment, require prior approval from SAFE or its provincial branch for conversion of RMB into a foreign currency, such as U.S. dollars, and remittance of the foreign currency outside the PRC. Payments for transactions that take place within the PRC must be made in RMB. Unless otherwise approved, PRC companies must repatriate foreign currency payments received from abroad. Foreign-invested enterprises may retain foreign exchange in accounts with designated foreign exchange banks subject to a cap set by SAFE or its local counterpart. Unless otherwise approved, domestic enterprises must convert all of their foreign currency receipts into RMB.

**Dividend Distribution.** The principal regulations governing divided distributions by wholly foreign-owned enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint ventures include:

- Wholly Foreign-Owned Enterprise Law (1986), as amended;
- Wholly Foreign-Owned Enterprise Law Implementing Rules (1990), as amended;
- Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law (1979), as amended; and
- Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law Implementing Rules (1983), as amended.

Under these regulations, wholly foreign-owned enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint ventures in the PRC may pay dividends only out of their accumulated profits, if any, as determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. Additionally, these foreign-invested enterprises are required to set aside certain amounts of their accumulated profits each year, if any, to fund certain reserve funds. These reserves are not distributable as cash dividends.

***Regulation of foreign exchange in certain onshore and offshore transactions.*** Under recent notices issued by SAFE, PRC residents are required to register with and receive approvals from SAFE in connection with offshore investment activities. SAFE has stated that the purpose of these notices is to ensure the proper balance of foreign exchange and the standardization of cross-border flow of funds.

In January 2005, SAFE issued a notice stating that SAFE approval is required for any sale or transfer by PRC residents of a PRC company's assets or equity interests to foreign entities in exchange for the equity interests or assets of the foreign entities. The notice also states that, when registering with the foreign exchange authorities, a PRC company acquired by an offshore company must clarify whether the offshore company is controlled or owned by PRC residents and whether there is any share or asset link between or among the parties to the acquisition transaction.

In April 2005, SAFE issued another notice further explaining and expanding upon the January notice. The April notice clarified that, where a PRC company is acquired by an offshore company in which PRC residents directly or indirectly hold shares, such PRC residents must (i) register with the local SAFE branch regarding their respective ownership interests in the offshore company, even if the transaction occurred prior to the January notice, and (ii) file amendments to such registration concerning any material events of the offshore company, such as changes in share capital and share transfers. The April notice also expanded the statutory definition of the term "foreign acquisition," making the notices applicable to any transaction that results in PRC residents directly or indirectly holding shares in the offshore company that has an ownership interest in a PRC company. The April notice also provided that failure to comply with the registration procedures set forth therein may result in the imposition of restrictions on the PRC company's foreign exchange activities and its ability to distribute profits to its offshore parent company.

On October 21, 2005, SAFE issued a new public notice concerning PRC residents' investments through offshore investment vehicles. This notice took effect on November 1, 2005 and replaces prior SAFE notices on this topic. According to the November 2005 notice:

- any PRC resident that created an off-shore holding company structure prior to the effective date of the November notice must submit a registration form to a local SAFE branch to register his or her ownership interest in the offshore company on or before May 31, 2006;
- any PRC resident that purchases shares in a public offering of a foreign company would also be required to register such shares and notify SAFE of any change of their ownership interest; and
- following the completion of an off-shore financing, any PRC shareholder may transfer proceeds from the financing into China for use within China.

In accordance with the October 2005 notice, on December 12, 2007, Mr. Lei Cao obtained appropriate registration from their local SAFE offices.

## Employees

As of September 30, 2014, we had 16 employees, 8 of whom are based in China. Of the total, 3 are in management, 4 are in operations, 5 are in financial affairs, and 4 are in administration and technical support. We believe that our relationship with our employees is good. We have never had a work stoppage, and our employees are not subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

## Properties

We currently rent four facilities in the PRC, Hong Kong and the United States. Our PRC headquarters is in Beijing, and our US headquarters is in New York.

| Office           | Address  | Rental Term           | Space              |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
|                  | Room 502, Tower C<br>YeQing Plaza  |                       |                    |
| Beijing, PRC     | No. 9, Wangjing North Road<br>Chaoyang District<br>Beijing, PRC 100102         | Expires 12/14/15      | 160 m <sup>2</sup> |
| Shanghai, PRC    | Rm 12B1/12C, No.359 Dongdaming Road, Hongkou District,<br>Shanghai, PRC 200080 | Expires<br>05/31/2015 | 145 m <sup>2</sup> |
| New York,<br>USA | 1044 Northern Boulevard,<br>Roslyn, New York 11576-1514                        | Expires<br>08/31/2019 | 179 m <sup>2</sup> |
| Hong Kong        | 20/F, Hoi Kiu Commercial Building, 158 Connaught Road Central,<br>HK           | Expires<br>05/17/2015 | 77 m <sup>2</sup>  |



## Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

## MANAGEMENT

### Directors, Executive Officers and Significant Employees

The following table sets forth information regarding our executive officers and directors as of the date of this prospectus:

| Name            | Age | Position                                    |
|-----------------|-----|---|
| Lei Cao         | 50  | Chief Executive Officer and Director        |
| Anthony S. Chan | 50  | Acting Chief Financial Officer and Director |
| Zhikang Huang   | 37  | Chief Operating Officer                     |
| Jing Wang       | 65  | Independent Director                        |
| Tieliang Liu    | 54  | Independent Director                        |
| Ming Zhu        | 56  | Independent Director                        |

**Lei Cao**, Chief Executive Officer and Director. Mr. Cao founded our Company in 2001 and since that time he has served as our Chief Executive Officer and a director. Prior to founding our Company, Mr. Cao was a Chief Representative of Wagenborg-Lagenduk Scheepvaart BV, Holland, from 1992 – 1993, Director of the Penavico-Beijing’s shipping agency from 1987 through 1992, and a seaman for Cosco-Hong Kong from 1984 through 1987. Mr. Cao received his EMBA degree in 2009 from Shanghai Jiao Tong University.

**Anthony S. Chan**, acting Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President and Director. Mr. Chan has served as our acting Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President and a director since 2014. Mr. Chan is a seasoned CPA licensed in New York with over 25 years of professional experience in auditing and SEC reporting, mergers and acquisitions (M&A), SOX compliance, internal controls and risk management. Mr. Chan has advised and audited public companies and privately-held organization across various industries including manufacturing, shipping, media



and publishing, entertainment, communications, insurance, and real estate. Prior to joining Sino-Global, Mr. Chan was an audit partner specializing in the delivery of assurance and advisory services to public companies with operations in China. From 2012 until 2013, he was an audit partner with UHY LLP. From 2011 until 2012, he was an audit partner at Friedman LLP. From 2007 through 2011, he was a partner at Berdon LLP, an auditing firm. In addition, Mr. Chan was a former divisional CFO for a publicly traded company and had spent more than a decade at Big Four accounting firms delivering assurance and M&A consulting services. His international experience also includes providing financial due diligence for strategic and financial buyers on various cross-border opportunities in mainland China, Taiwan, Finland, Mexico, and Puerto Rico. Mr. Chan currently also serves as an independent director of Aoxin Tianli Group, Inc. (Nasdaq: ABAC), a member of the Board of Directors of the New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants, and a member of the editorial board for The CPA Journal.

**Zhikang Huang**, Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Huang has served as our Chief Operating Officer since 2010. Prior to 2010, he served as Director of Sino-Global Shipping Australia Pty Ltd., for which he was responsible for regional operations, marketing and regulation oversight. From 2006 through 2010, Mr. Huang served as our Company's Vice President, with duties focused on company operation and strategy, international shipping and marketing. From 2004 through 2006, Mr. Huang served as our Company's Operations Manager, and from 2002 through 2004, he served as an operator with our Company. Mr. Huang obtained his degree in English from Guangxi University in 1999.

**Jing Wang**, Independent Director. Mr. Wang has served as a member of our Board of Directors since 2007. Mr. Wang currently serves as Chief Economist to China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. and has held this position since December 2002. Mr. Wang was a Chinese Project Advisor for the World Bank from 1990 until 1994. From 1998 through 2000, Mr. Wang was the vice director of Tianjin Security and Futures Supervision Office, in charge of initial public offerings and listing companies. Mr. Wang is an independent director for Tianjin Binhai Energy & Development Co. Ltd., (Shenzhen Stock Exchange: 000695); Tianjin Marine Shipping Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Stock Exchange: 600751); and ReneSola Company (London Stock Exchange: SOLA). Mr. Wang received a Bachelor degree in Economics from Tianjin University of Finance and Economics.

**Tieliang Liu**, Independent Director. Dr. Liu has served as a member of our Board of Directors since 2013. Dr. Liu currently serves as the vice president in charge of accounting and finance to China Sun-Trust Group Ltd. and has held this position since 2001. Dr. Liu was a financial controller for Huaxing Group Ltd from 1998 to 2001. From 1996 through 1998, he was the chief accountant of China Enterprise Consulting Co., Ltd. Before working in industry, Dr. Liu taught accounting and finance in a university for more than ten years and has published tens of books and articles. Dr. Liu is a CPA in China. He received a PhD, master and bachelor degrees from Tianjin University of Finance and Economics.

**Ming Zhu**, Independent Director. Mr. Zhu has served as a member of our Board of Directors since 2014. Mr. Zhu has been an international business consultant with RMCC Investment LLC, a Richmond, Virginia based consulting firm, since 1994. Mr. Zhu holds a master's degree in tourism and business from Virginia Commonwealth University. Mr. Zhu has also served as an independent director at eFuture Information Technology Inc. since 2007 and as an independent director of Tri-Tech Holding, Inc. since 2012.

## **Staggered Board**

Our First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation provides for a staggered term Board of Directors consisting of no less than 5 and no more than 9 directors, with the classification of the Board of Directors into three classes (Class I, Class II and Class III), as nearly equal in number as possible. If the number of directors changes, any increase or decrease will be apportioned among the classes so as to maintain the number of directors in each class as nearly as possible. Any additional directors of a class elected to fill a vacancy resulting from an increase in such class will hold office for a term that coincides with the remaining term of that class. Decreases in the number of directors will not

shorten the term of any incumbent director. These board provisions could make it more difficult for third parties to gain control of our company by making it difficult to replace members of the Board of Directors.

### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

Our Board of Directors has a standing Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Corporate Governance Committee. Our Board of Directors appoints the members of each Committee.

### **Audit Committee**

The primary responsibility of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board of Directors in monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and the independence of its external auditors. The current members of the Audit Committee are Tieliang Liu, Jing Wang and Ming Zhu. We believe that each of the current members of the Audit Committee is independent and that Tieliang Liu, who is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" in accordance with applicable NASDAQ Capital Market listing standards.

Our Board of Directors has adopted a written charter for the Audit Committee which is available on the Company's website ([www.sino-global.com](http://www.sino-global.com)) or directly at the following link:

[http://media.corporate-ir.net/media\\_files/irol/22/221375/corpgov/AuditCommCharte09272008.pdf](http://media.corporate-ir.net/media_files/irol/22/221375/corpgov/AuditCommCharte09272008.pdf).

## **Compensation Committee**

The Compensation Committee's principal responsibilities include:

Making recommendations to our Board of Directors concerning executive management organization matters generally;

In the area of compensation and benefits, making recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning employees who are also directors of the Company, consult with the CEO on matters relating to other executive officers, and make recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning policies and procedures relating to executive officers; provided, however, that the Compensation Committee has full decision-making powers with respect to compensation for executive officers to the extent such compensation is intended to be performance-based compensation within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code;

Making recommendations to our Board of Directors regarding all contracts of the Company with any officer for remuneration and benefits after termination of regular employment of such officer;

Making recommendations to our Board of Directors concerning policy matters relating to employee benefits and employee benefit plans, including incentive compensation plans and equity based plans; and

Administering our formal incentive compensation programs, including equity based plans.

The current members of the Compensation Committee are Ming Zhu, Tieliang Liu, and Jing Wang, who is the Chairman of the Compensation Committee.

## **Corporate Governance Committee**

The Corporate Governance Committee's primary responsibilities include the following:

Identify individuals qualified to become members of the Board of Directors and to make recommendations to the Board of Directors with respect to candidates for nomination for election at the next annual meeting of shareholders or at such other times when candidates surface and, in connection therewith, consider suggestions submitted by shareholders of the Company;

Determine and make recommendations to the Board of Directors with respect to the criteria to be used for selecting new members of the Board of Directors;

- Oversee the process of evaluation of the performance of the Company's Board of Directors and committees;

Make recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning the membership of committees of the Board and the chairpersons of the respective committees;

Make recommendations to the Board of Directors with respect to the remuneration paid and benefits provided to members of the Board in connection with their service on the Board or on its committees; and

Evaluate Board and committee tenure policies as well as policies covering the retirement or resignation of incumbent directors.

The current members of the Corporate Governance Committee are Ming Zhu, who is the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee, Tieliang Liu and Jing Wang.

### **Director Independence**

The Board of Directors maintains a majority of independent directors who are deemed to be independent under the definition of independence provided by NASDAQ Stock Market Rule 4200(a)(15).

### ***Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings***

To the best of our knowledge, none of our directors or executive officers has been convicted in a criminal proceeding, excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors, or has been a party to any judicial or administrative proceeding during the past ten years that resulted in a judgment, decree or final order enjoining the person from future violations of, or prohibiting activities subject to, federal or state securities laws, or a finding of any violation of federal or state securities or commodities laws, any laws respecting financial institutions or insurance companies, any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud in connection with any business entity or been subject to any disciplinary sanctions or orders imposed by a stock, commodities or derivatives exchange or other self-regulatory organization, except for matters that were dismissed without sanction or settlement. None of our directors, director nominees or executive officers has been involved in any transactions with us or any of our directors, executive officers, affiliates or associates which are required to be disclosed pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

### ***Board Leadership Structure***

Mr. Lei Cao currently holds both the positions of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board. The Board of Directors believes that Mr. Cao's service as both Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. Mr. Cao possesses detailed and in-depth knowledge of the issues, opportunities and challenges facing the Company and its business and is thus best positioned to develop agendas that ensure that the Board's time and attention are focused on the most critical matters. His combined role enables decisive leadership, ensures clear accountability, and enhances the Company's ability to communicate its message and strategy clearly and consistently to the Company's shareholders, employees, customers and suppliers.

We do not have a lead independent director because as a smaller public company, we believe it is in the Company's best interest to allow the Company to benefit from the guidance from key members of management and because we believe our independent directors are encouraged to freely voice their opinions on a relatively small company board. We believe this leadership structure is appropriate because we are a smaller reporting company as such we deem it appropriate to be able to benefit from the guidance of Mr. Cao as both our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board.

### ***Risk Oversight***

Our Board of Directors plays a significant role in our risk oversight. The Board of Directors is involved in the review and approval of all key transactions and makes all relevant Company decisions, including those relating to material contracts with the Zhiyuan Investment Group. As such, it is important for us to have our Chief Executive Officer serve on the Board as he plays a key role in the risk oversight of the Company. As a smaller reporting company with a small

Board of Directors, we believe it is appropriate to have the involvement and input of all of our directors in risk oversight matters.

## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The Summary Compensation Table below sets forth information regarding the compensation awarded to or earned by our named executive officers for our fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

The following table shows the annual compensation paid by us to Mr. Lei Cao, our Principal Executive Officer, Mr. Anthony S. Chan, our Acting Chief Officer and Mr. Zhikang Huang, our Chief Operating Officer, for our fiscal years 2014 and 2013. No other executive officer had total compensation during either of such fiscal year more than \$100,000.

**Summary Compensation Table**

| Name  | Year | Salary  | Bonus      | Securities-based | All other    | Total   |
|---|------|---------|------------|------------------|--------------|---------|
|   |      | US\$    | US\$       | Compensation     | compensation | US\$    |
| Lei Cao, Principal Executive Officer            | 2014 | 180,000 | —          | —                | —            | 180,000 |
|   | 2013 | 150,811 | —          | —                | —            | 150,811 |
| Anthony S. Chan, Acting Chief Financial Officer | 2014 | 150,000 | 100,000(1) | —                | —            | 250,000 |
|   | 2013 | —       | —          | —                | —            | — (2)   |
| Zhikang Huang, Chief Operating Officer          | 2014 | 100,000 | —          | —                | —            | 100,000 |
|   | 2013 | 60,000  | —          | —                | —            | 60,000  |

(1) Represents a one-time hiring bonus.

(2) Mr. Chan was hired in September 2013 and received no compensation in fiscal 2013.

**Outstanding Equity Awards of our Executive Officers**

As of September 30, 2014, we had three named executive officers, Mr. Lei Cao, our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Anthony S. Chan, our Acting Chief Financial Officer, and Mr. Zhikang Huang, our Chief Operating Officer.

**Option Awards<sup>(1)</sup>**

| Name  | Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) exercisable | Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) unexercisable | Equity incentive plan awards:                                    | Option exercise price (\$) | Option expiration date |
|---|---|---|--|----------------------------|------------------------|
|   |   |   | Number of securities underlying unexercised Unearned options (#) |                            |                        |
| (a)<br>Lei Cao, Principal Executive Officer | (b)<br>36,000   | (c)<br>—  | (d)<br>—   | (e)<br>\$ 7.75             | (f)<br>May 19, 2018    |



|   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anthony S. Chan, Acting Chief Financial Officer | — | — | — | — | — |
| Zhikang Huang, Chief Operating Officer          | — | — | — | — | — |

Our Company has not made any stock awards to any named executive officer. For this reason, we have excluded the following columns from this table: (g) Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested (#); (h) Market value of shares or units of stock that have not vested (\$); (i) Equity incentive plan awards: Number of unearned shares, units or other rights that have not vested (#); and (j) Equity incentive plan awards: Market or payout value of unearned shares, units or other rights that have not vested (\$).

**Employment Agreements with the Company’s Named Executive Officers**

Sino-China has employment agreements with each of Mr. Lei Cao, Mr. Anthony S. Chan and Mr. Zhikang Huang. These employment agreements provide for one-year terms that extend automatically in the absence of termination provided at least 60 days prior to the anniversary date of the agreement. If we fail to provide this notice or if we wish to terminate an employment agreement in the absence of cause, then we are obligated to provide at least 30 days’ prior notice. In such case during the initial term of the agreement, we would need to pay such executive (a) in the absence of a change of control, one-time the then applicable annual salary of such executive or (b) in the event of a change of control, one-and-a-half times the then applicable annual salary of such executive. In the event of termination due to death or disability, the payment is equal to two times the executive’s salary.

We are, however, permitted to terminate an employee for cause without penalty to our company, where the employee has committed a crime or the employee's actions or inactions have resulted in a material adverse effect to us.

## **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

### **2014 Share Incentive Plan**

In December 2013, our Board of Directors adopted the 2014 Share Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan"), which was approved by shareholders at our 2014 Annual Meeting of Shareholders on January 21, 2014. The 2014 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options and common stock awards. The plan authorizes a new pool of 10,000,000 shares of our common stock and securities exercisable for or convertible into our common stock.

The 2014 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors. The 2014 Plan provides our Compensation Committee with flexibility to design compensatory awards that are responsive to our strategic and business needs. Subject to the terms of the 2014 Plan, the Compensation Committee has the discretion to determine the terms of each award. The Compensation Committee may delegate to one or more of our officers the authority to grant awards to individuals who are not our directors, executive officers or 5% shareholders.

### **2008 Incentive Plan**

In 2008, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved the 2008 Incentive Plan. Our 2008 Incentive Plan established a pool for stock options for our employees. Options granted under our 2008 Incentive Plan vest at a rate of 20% per year for five years and have exercise prices equal to the market price of our common stock on the date the options are granted. The number of shares of our common stock that may be issued under our 2008 Incentive Plan is 302,903 shares.

The below table reflects, as of September 30, 2014, the number of shares of our common stock authorized by our shareholders to be issued (directly or by way of issuance of securities exercisable for or convertible into) as incentive compensation to our officers, directors, employees and consultants.

#### **Plan category**

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|  | Number of vested shares or units of stock issued (a) | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b) | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (c) | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a) and (b)) |     |
|--|--|---|---|---|-----|
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders     | 600,000  | 66,000  | \$ 6.88   | 9,636,903   | (1) |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders |  | —   | —   | —   |     |

Pursuant to our 2008 Incentive Plan, we are authorized to issue options to purchase 302,903 shares of our common stock. All of the 66,000 outstanding options disclosed in the above table are taken from our 2008 Incentive Plan. Pursuant to our 2014 Plan, we are authorized to issue, in the aggregate, 10,000,000 shares of our common stock or other securities convertible or exercisable for common stock. We have not issued any options or convertible securities into our 2014 Plan; however, we issued 600,000 shares of our common stock to two consultants to our Company under our 2014 Plan. Accordingly, we may issue options to purchase 236,903 shares of our common stock under our 2008 Incentive Plan, and we may issue 9,400,000 shares of our common stock or other securities convertible or exercisable for our common stock under our 2014 Plan.

## Limitation of Director and Officer Liability

Pursuant to our First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, every director or officer and the personal representatives of the same shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of our assets and funds against all actions, proceedings, costs, charges, expenses, losses, damages or liabilities incurred or sustained by him or her in or about the conduct of our business or affairs or in the execution or discharge of his or her duties, powers, authorities or discretions, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any costs, expenses, losses or liabilities incurred by him in defending (whether successfully or otherwise) any civil proceedings concerning us or our affairs in any court whether in Virginia or elsewhere. No such director or officer will be liable for: (a) the acts, receipts, neglects, defaults or omissions of any other such Director or officer or agent; or (b) any loss on account of defect of title to any of our property; or (c) account of the insufficiency of any security in or upon which any of our money shall be invested; or (d) any loss incurred through any bank, broker or other similar person; or (e) any loss occasioned by any negligence, default, breach of duty, breach of trust, error of judgment or oversight on his or her part; or (f) any loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which may happen in or arise from the execution or discharge of the duties, powers authorities, or discretions of his or her office or in relation thereto, unless the same shall happen through his or her own dishonesty.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to our directors, officers or persons controlling us under the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is therefore unenforceable as a matter of United States law.

## Director Compensation<sup>(1)</sup>

| Name                           | Fees earned or paid in cash (\$) | All other compensation (\$) <sup>(2)</sup> | Total (\$) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------|
| Dennis O. Laing <sup>(3)</sup> | 20,000                           | —  | 20,000     |
| Tieliang Liu                   | 20,000                           | —  | 20,000     |
| Jing Wang                      | 20,000                           | —  | 20,000     |
| Ming Zhu <sup>(4)</sup>        | 0                                | —  | 0          |

This table does not include Mr. Lei Cao, our Principal Executive Officer, or Mr. Mingwei Zhang, our prior Principal Financial and Accounting Officer, who were both directors and named executive officers, because Mr. Cao's compensation is fully reflected in the Summary Compensation Table and because Mr. Zhang received no payment solely because of his service as a director during fiscal year 2014.

<sup>(2)</sup>We did not grant any stock awards, option awards, non-equity incentive plan compensation awards or nonqualified deferred compensation earnings awards to any of our directors in fiscal year 2014; accordingly, we have excluded such columns from the above table. We granted options to purchase 10,000 shares of our common stock to each of Mr. Dennis Laing and Mr. Jing Wang on May 20, 2008. We granted options to purchase 10,000 shares of our common stock to Mr. Tieliang Liu on January 31, 2013. No value is reflected for the awards in this table because

the grant date fair value of all grants was reflected in the year of the applicable grant.

(3) Mr. Laing retired as a director effective as of August 15, 2014.

(4) Mr. Ming Zhu joined our Board of Directors on August 15, 2014 and thus received no compensation as a director in fiscal 2014.

#### CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

In April 2013, as approved by our Board of Directors and our shareholders, Mr. Zhang purchased 1,800,000 shares of our common stock for approximately \$3 million, which as of the date of this prospectus represents approximately 29% of our issued and outstanding common stock, resulting in Mr. Zhang becoming our largest shareholder. As a result of Mr. Zhang's desire to find business opportunities that would mutually benefit us and the Zhiyuan Investment Group, a company controlled by Mr. Zhang, which owns a number of businesses in China, in June 2013, we signed a 5-year Global Logistic Service Agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group and Tewoo. Thereafter, during the quarter ended September 30, 2013, we executed a shipping and chartering services agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group, pursuant to which we assisted the Zhiyuan Investment Group in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China; and in September 2013, we executed an inland transportation management service contract with the Zhiyuan Investment Group pursuant to which we agreed to provide certain advisory services and assist the Zhiyuan Investment Group in attempting to control its potential commodities losses during the transportation process. On a one time basis, we executed a one year short-term loan agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group, effective January 1, 2014, to facilitate the working capital needs of the Zhiyuan Investment Group. As of June 30, 2014, the net amount due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group was \$2,920,950 consisting of funds borrowed from us pursuant to the short-term loan agreement and trade receivables due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group. In September 2014, we collected approximately \$2.7 million from the Zhiyuan Investment Group, representing full repayment of all funds borrowed by the Zhiyuan Investment Group from us pursuant to the short-term loan agreement and the payment of approximately \$1.6 million of outstanding trade receivables. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we continued to provide inland transportation management services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group, and the net amount due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group for such services at September 30, 2014 was \$627,951. In October 2014, we collected approximately \$384,000 from the Zhiyuan Investment Group which reduced the outstanding trade receivables due to us from the Zhiyuan Investment Group.

In May 2014, we signed a strategic agreement with Zhenghe, to jointly explore mutually beneficial business development opportunities. Zhenghe is a PRC company to which Mr. Wang is the majority shareholder. To demonstrate the commitment by Zhenghe to its business relationship with us, in June 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, Mr. Wang, through a company owned by him, purchased 200,000 shares of our common stock for \$444,000, resulting in Mr. Wang owning as of the date of this prospectus, approximately 3.2% of our outstanding common stock. Subsequently, and as part of our strategy to expand our service platform, in September 2014, as approved by our Board of Directors, we acquired LSM, a ship management company based in Hong Kong from Mr. Wang. While to date the net revenues generated from such business have been immaterial, we believe that ship management is a good complement to our existing service platform. The acquisition of LSM will result in the issuance of between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of our common stock to Mr. Wang, depending on whether LSM reaches certain net income targets for the period July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014. LSM outsources the ship management services to Qingdao Longhe Ship Management Services Co., Ltd., a company controlled by Mr. Wang.

As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company is owed \$252,815 and \$541,400, respectively, from Sino-G Trading Inc. ("Sino-G"), an entity that is owned by the brother-in-law of the Company's CEO. Sino-G previously served as a funds transfer agent for the Company's services in Tianjin, PRC. We expect the entire amount to be repaid without interest during fiscal year 2015.

## **PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS**

The following table sets forth information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of the date of this prospectus, and the anticipated beneficial ownership percentages immediately following this offering, of:

- each of our directors;
- each of our executive officers;
- all of our directors and executive officers as a group; and
- each person, or group of affiliated persons, who is known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of our outstanding shares of common stock.

Each shareholder's percentage ownership before the offering is based on 6,200,841 shares of our common stock outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. Each shareholder's percentage ownership after the offering is based on 10,200,841 shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after the completion of this offering. We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to an aggregate of 600,000 additional shares of our common stock

to cover over-allotments, if any, and the table below assumes no exercise of that option.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and includes voting or investment power with respect to our common stock. Shares of our common stock subject to options or warrants that are exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus are considered outstanding and beneficially owned by the person holding the options or warrants for the purposes of calculating the percentage ownership of that person but not for the purpose of calculating the percentage ownership of any other person. Except as disclosed in the footnotes to this table and subject to applicable community property laws, we believe that each shareholder identified in the table possesses sole voting and investment power over all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by the shareholder. Except as otherwise set forth below, the address of the beneficial owner is c/o Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd., 1044 Northern Blvd, Roslyn, New York 11576-1514.

| Director and Executive Officers:                          | Number of<br>Shares<br>of Common<br>Stock<br>Beneficially<br>Owned | Percentage<br>of Shares<br>Beneficially<br>Owned |                          |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|
|   |  | Before<br>Offering<br>(%)                        | After<br>Offering<br>(%) |
| Mr. Lei Cao(1)  | 1,366,040  | 21.86  | 13.34                    |
| Mr. Anthony S. Chan                                       | 0  | *  | *                        |
| Mr. Zhikang Huang   | 0  | *  | *                        |
| Mr. Jing Wang (2)   | 10,000   | *  | *                        |
| Mr. Tieliang Liu (3)                                      | 2,000  | *  | *                        |
| Mr. Ming Zhu  | 0  | *  | *                        |
| All Current Officers and Directors as a group (5 persons) | 1,378,040  | 22.05  | 13.45                    |
| 5% Shareholders   |  |  |                          |
| Mr. Zhong Zhang(4)  | 1,800,000  | 28.81  | 17.65                    |
| Mr. Daniel E. Kern(5)                                     | 389,100  | 6.23   | 3.81                     |

\* Less than 1%.

(1) Includes 36,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options owned by such person.

(2) Consists of 10,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options owned by such person.

(3) Consists of 2,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options owned by such person.

Mr. Zhong Zhang's address is c/o Tianjin Zhiyuan Investment Group Co., Ltd, 10th Floor, Tianwu Huaqing

(4) Building, No.22, Jinrong Road, Dasi Industrial Park, Xiqing District Economic Development Zone, Tianjin City, P.R. China, 300385.

Mr. Kern's address is 1027 Goldenrod Ave., Corona Del Mar, CA 92625. We have been advised that Mr. Kern owns 176,200 shares of our common stock in his name, 187,900 shares of our common stock in the Daniel E. Kern (5) ROTH IRA, and 25,000 shares of our common stock through Kern Asset Management. We have been advised that Mr. Kern maintains sole voting and dispositive power of all of such shares of our common stock.





## DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Our authorized capital stock consists of 50,000,000 shares of our common stock, without par value per share, and 2,000,000 shares of our preferred stock, without par value per share. As of the date of this prospectus, 6,200,841 shares of our common stock are issued and outstanding, and no shares of our preferred stock are issued and outstanding. The following summary description relating to our capital stock does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by our First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws.

### **Common Stock**

Holders of our common stock are entitled to cast one vote for each share on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders, including the election of directors. The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefor and subject to any preference of any then authorized and issued shares of our preferred stock. Such holders do not have any preemptive or other rights to subscribe for additional shares. All holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in any assets for distribution to shareholders upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our company, subject to any preference of any then authorized and issued preferred stock. There are no conversion, redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to our common stock. All outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and nonassessable.

### **Preferred Stock**

Our First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of shares of our preferred stock in one or more series. Our Board of Directors has the authority, without any vote or action by the shareholders, to create one or more series of our preferred stock up to the limit of our authorized but unissued shares of our preferred stock and to fix: (1) the number of shares constituting such series and the designation of such series, (2) the voting powers (if any) of the shares of such series and the relative participating, option or other special rights (if any), and (3) any qualifications, preferences, limitations or restrictions pertaining to such series; all of which may be fixed by our Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such series duly adopted by our Board of Directors.

The provisions of a particular series of our authorized preferred stock, as designated by our Board of Directors, may include restrictions on the payment of dividends on our common stock. Such provisions may also include restrictions on our ability to purchase shares of our common stock or to purchase or redeem shares of a particular series of our authorized preferred stock. Depending upon the voting rights granted to any series of our authorized preferred stock,

issuance thereof could result in a reduction in the voting power of the holders of our common stock. In the event we dissolve, liquidate or wind up our business, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, the holders of our preferred stock, if any, will receive, in priority over the holders of our common stock, any liquidation preference established by our Board of Directors, together with accumulated and unpaid dividends. Depending upon the consideration paid for our preferred stock, the liquidation preference of our preferred stock and other matters, the issuance of our preferred stock could result in a reduction in the assets available for distribution to the holders of our common stock in the event we liquidate.

## UNDERWRITING

We have entered into an underwriting agreement with National Securities Corporation (the “underwriter”) pursuant to which the underwriter has agreed to purchase from us 4,000,000 shares of our common stock to be sold in this offering at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, less the underwriting discount.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriter and its officers, directors, principals, employees, affiliates and shareholders against certain liabilities, including civil liabilities under the Securities Act, resulting from this offering and to contribute to payments the underwriter may be required to make in respect of such liabilities.

The underwriter is offering the shares, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by it, subject to approval of legal matters by its counsel, including the validity of the shares, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriter of officer’s certificates and legal opinions. The underwriter reserves the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

The underwriter has advised us that it proposes to initially offer the shares of our common stock to the public at \$[\_\_\_] per share. The underwriter proposes to offer the shares to certain dealers at the same price less a concession of not more than \$[\_\_\_\_] per share. After the initial offering of the shares, the underwriter may from time to time vary the offering prices and other selling terms.

### **Over-allotment Option to Purchase Additional Shares**

We have granted to the underwriter an option to purchase up to 600,000 additional shares of our common stock from us at the same price to the public, less the same underwriting discount, as set forth in the table below. The underwriter may exercise this option any time during the 30-day period after the date of this prospectus, but only to cover over-allotments, if any, including as described below.

### **Underwriter Discount and Expenses**

The following table summarizes the public offering price, underwriting discount and proceeds before expenses to us. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriter’s over-allotment option. We

have also agreed to pay up to \$125,000 of the out-of-pocket fees and expenses of the underwriter, which include the fees and expenses of counsel to the underwriter. The fees and expenses of the underwriter that we have agreed to reimburse are not included in the underwriting discount set forth in the table below. The underwriting discount was determined through arms' length negotiations between us and the underwriter.

|  |              | TOTAL FEES |             |
|--|--------------|------------|-------------|
|  | Per Share    | Without    | With Full   |
|  | Underwriting | Exercise   | Exercise of |
|  | Discount     | of         | Option to   |
|  |              | Option to  | Purchase    |
|  |              | Purchase   | Additional  |
|  |              | Additional | Shares      |
|  |              | Shares     |             |
| Underwriting discount to be paid by us | \$ 0.14      | \$ 560,000 | \$ 644,000  |

We estimate that the total expenses of the offering, excluding the underwriting discount, will be approximately \$443,000. This includes an 8% selling discount plus \$125,000 of fees and expenses of the underwriter. These expenses are payable by us.

After deducting fees due to the underwriter and our estimated offering expenses, we expect the net proceeds from this offering to be approximately \$6 million and approximately \$6.96 million if all the additional 600,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon full exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option are sold in this offering.

## **Stabilization**

To facilitate this offering, the underwriter may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of our common stock during and after this offering. Specifically, the underwriter may over-allot or otherwise create a short position in our common stock for its own account by selling more shares of our common stock than have been sold to it by us. The underwriter may elect to cover any such short position by purchasing shares of our common stock in the open market or by exercising the over-allotment option granted to the underwriter. In addition, the underwriter may stabilize or maintain the price of our common stock by bidding for or purchasing shares of our common stock in the open market and may impose penalty bids. If penalty bids are imposed, selling concessions allowed to broker-dealers participating in this offering are reclaimed if shares of our common stock previously distributed in this offering are repurchased, whether in connection with stabilization transactions or otherwise. The effect of these transactions may be to stabilize or maintain the market price of our common stock at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. The imposition of a penalty bid may also affect the price of our common stock to the extent that it discourages resales of our common stock. The magnitude or effect of any stabilization or other transactions is uncertain. These transactions may be effected on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. Neither we nor the underwriter make any representation or prediction as to the effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of our common stock.

## **Passive Market Making**

In connection with this offering, the underwriter (and any dealers that are members of the selling group) may also engage in passive market making transactions in the common stock. Passive market making consists of displaying bids limited by the prices of independent market makers and effecting purchases limited by those prices in response to order flow. Rule 103 of Regulation M promulgated by the SEC limits the amount of net purchases that each passive market maker may make and the displayed size of each bid. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of our common stock at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

## **Electronic Offer, Sale and Distribution of Shares**

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by the underwriter and the underwriter may distribute prospectuses electronically. In those cases, prospective investors may view offering terms and a prospectus online and place orders online or through their financial advisors. Other than the prospectus in electronic format, the information on these websites is not part of this prospectus, the accompanying prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus form a part, has not been approved or endorsed by us or the underwriter, and should not be relied upon by investors.

### **Other Relationships with the Underwriter**

From time to time in the ordinary course of business, the underwriter and its respective affiliates may in the future perform various commercial banking financial advisory, investment banking and other financial services for us for which it will receive customary fees and reimbursement of expenses.

### **Offer Restrictions Outside the United States**

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriter that would permit a public offering of the securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The shares of our common stock offered in this offering may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus or any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of that jurisdiction. Persons into whose possession this prospectus comes are advised to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions relating to this offering and the distribution of this prospectus. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any shares of our common stock offered in this offering in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or a solicitation is unlawful.

### **Delivery of Shares of Common Stock**

Delivery of shares of our common stock issued and sold in this offering will occur on or before \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for shares of our common stock is Computershare Inc. located in 350 Indiana Street, Suite 750, Golden CO, 80401 U.S. Our transfer agent's phone number is 303-262-0678 and facsimile number is 312-601-2312.

## **Listing**

Shares of our common stock are quoted on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the trading symbol "SINO".

## **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters as to certain United States federal securities law will be passed upon for us by Gusrae Kaplan Nusbaum PLLC, New York, New York. Duane Morris LLP is acting as counsel for the underwriter in connection with this offering. Certain legal matters as to Virginia law and other matters will be passed upon for us by Kaufman & Canoles, P.C., Richmond, Virginia. Gusrae Kaplan Nusbaum PLLC will rely upon Kaufman & Canoles, P.C. with respect to matters governed by Virginia law.

## **EXPERTS**

Our consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and for each of the two years in the period ended June 30, 2014, included in this prospectus, have been so included in reliance on the report of Friedman LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

## **WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to our shares of common stock offered in this offering. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement. For further information with respect to us and the shares of our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement and to the attached exhibits. With respect to each such document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, we refer you to the exhibit for a more complete description of the matters involved.

You may inspect our registration statement and the attached exhibits and schedules without charge at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain copies of all or any part of our registration statement from the SEC upon payment of prescribed fees. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.



Our SEC filings, including the registration statement and the exhibits filed with the registration statement, are also available from the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), which contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES**

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**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(UNAUDITED)**

|   | <b>September 30,<br/>2014</b> | <b>June 30,<br/>2014</b> |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>   |                               |                          |
| Current assets  |                               |                          |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 3,553,187                  | \$ 902,531               |
| Advances to suppliers   | 28,612                        | 8,482                    |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$443,711 and \$443,858 as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014, respectively | 959,033                       | 481,885                  |
| Other receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$251,139 and \$250,100 as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014, respectively   | 471,234                       | 174,406                  |
| Prepaid expenses – current  | 461,462                       | 216,729                  |
| Due from related parties  | 880,290                       | 3,173,765                |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>   | <b>6,353,818</b>              | <b>4,957,798</b>         |
| Property and equipment, net   | 266,454                       | 294,722                  |
| Prepaid expenses – noncurrent   | 749,438                       | 280,800                  |
| Other long-term assets  | 28,864                        | 16,734                   |
| Deferred tax assets   | 192,800                       | 163,900                  |
| <b>Total Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 7,591,374</b>           | <b>\$ 5,713,954</b>      |
| <b>Liabilities and Equity</b>   |                               |                          |
| Current liabilities   |                               |                          |
| Advances from customers   | \$ 213,181                    | \$ 88,477                |
| Accounts payable  | 242,511                       | 398,756                  |
| Accrued expenses  | 142,069                       | 177,877                  |
| Other current liabilities   | 555,099                       | 565,685                  |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>  | <b>1,152,860</b>              | <b>1,230,795</b>         |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>  | <b>1,152,860</b>              | <b>1,230,795</b>         |
| <b>Commitments and Contingency</b>  |                               |                          |
| <b>Equity</b>   |                               |                          |
| Preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares authorized, no par value, none issued.  | -                             | -                        |

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|  |                     |                     |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Common stock, 50,000,000 shares authorized, no par value; 6,326,032 and 5,229,032 shares |                     |                     |
| issued as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014; 6,200,841 and 5,103,841               | 13,385,477          | 11,662,157          |
| shares outstanding   |                     |                     |
| as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014   |                     |                     |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 1,144,842           | 1,144,842           |
| Treasury stock, at cost - 125,191 shares   | (372,527 )          | (372,527 )          |
| Accumulated deficit  | (2,937,801 )        | (3,270,260 )        |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income   | 59,418              | 24,618              |
| Unearned stock-based compensation  | (11,640 )           | (11,640 )           |
| <b>Total Sino-Global Shipping America Ltd. Stockholders' Equity</b>                      | <b>11,267,769</b>   | <b>9,177,190</b>    |
| <b>Non-Controlling Interest</b>  | <b>(4,829,255 )</b> | <b>(4,694,031 )</b> |
| <b>Total Equity</b>  | <b>6,438,514</b>    | <b>4,483,159</b>    |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>  | <b>\$ 7,591,374</b> | <b>\$ 5,713,954</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****(UNAUDITED)**

|  | For the three months ended September 30, |              |
|--|--|--------------|
|  | 2014                                     | 2013         |
| Net revenues   | \$ 2,605,925                             | \$ 3,317,661 |
| Cost of revenues   | (1,409,153 )                             | (2,387,803 ) |
| Gross profit   | 1,196,772                                | 929,858      |
| General and administrative expenses                                    | (939,805 )                               | (896,164 )   |
| Selling expenses   | (56,339 )                                | (51,088 )    |
|  | (996,144 )                               | (947,252 )   |
| Operating income (loss)  | 200,628                                  | (17,394 )    |
| Financial (expense) income, net  | (62,382 )                                | 23,867       |
| Net income before provision for income taxes                           | 138,246                                  | 6,473        |
| Income tax benefit   | 27,255                                   | 22,500       |
| Net income   | 165,501                                  | 28,973       |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest                      | (166,958 )                               | (246,421 )   |
| Net income attributable to Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.          | \$ 332,459                               | \$ 275,394   |
| Comprehensive income   |  |              |
| Net income   | \$ 165,501                               | \$ 28,973    |
| Foreign currency translation gain (loss)                               | 66,534                                   | (25,637 )    |
| Comprehensive income   | 232,035                                  | 3,336        |
| Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest      | (135,224 )                               | (260,174 )   |
| Comprehensive income attributable to Sino-Global Shipping America Ltd. | \$ 367,259                               | \$ 263,510   |
| Earnings per share   |  |              |
| -Basic and diluted   | \$ 0.06                                  | \$ 0.06      |
| Weighted average number of common shares used in computation           |  |              |
| -Basic and diluted   | 5,920,950                                | 4,703,841    |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA LTD. AND AFFILIATES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

|   | For the three months ended<br>September 30, |              |
|---|---|--------------|
|   | 2014  | 2013         |
| Operating Activities  |   |              |
| Net income  | \$ 165,501                                  | \$ 28,973    |
| Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities |   |              |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 55,560                                      | 27,575       |
| Amortization of stock-based compensation to consultants                                   | 71,689                                      | -            |
| (Recovery of) provision for doubtful accounts   | (147 )                                      | 108          |
| Deferred tax benefit  | (28,900 )                                   | (22,500 )    |
| Changes in assets and liabilities   |   |              |
| (Increase) decrease in advances to suppliers  | (20,130 )                                   | 101,992      |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  | (477,001 )                                  | 236,660      |
| Increase in other receivables   | (296,828 )                                  | (375,498 )   |
| Increase in prepaid expenses  | (113,060 )                                  | (558 )       |
| Decrease in employee loan receivables   | -   | 5,338        |
| Increase in other long-term assets  | (12,130 )                                   | (7,522 )     |
| Decrease (increase) in due from related parties   | 1,174,234                                   | (612,000 )   |
| Increase (decrease) in advances from customers  | 124,704                                     | (407,030 )   |
| Decrease in accounts payable  | (156,245 )                                  | (33,359 )    |
| (Decrease) increase in accrued expenses   | (35,808 )                                   | 76,096       |
| (Decrease) increase in other current liabilities  | 72,913                                      | (48,909 )    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities                                       | 524,352                                     | (1,030,634 ) |
| Investing Activities  |   |              |
| Acquisitions of property and equipment  | (15,339 )                                   | (3,399 )     |
| Collection of short-term loan from related party  | 1,119,241                                   | -            |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities                                       | 1,103,902                                   | (3,399 )     |
| Financing Activities  |   |              |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net   | 967,820                                     | -            |
| Net cash provided by financing activities   | 967,820                                     | -            |



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|   |              |              |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents                   | 54,582       | (28,261 )    |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                | 2,650,656    | (1,062,294 ) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                                    | 902,531      | 3,048,831    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  | \$ 3,553,187 | \$ 1,986,537 |
| Supplemental information:   |              |              |
| Income taxes paid   | \$ 8,104     | \$ 7,949     |
| Non-cash transactions of operating activities:                                      |              |              |
| Common stock issued for LSM acquisition and stock-based compensation to consultants | \$ 755,500   | \$ -         |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## **SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES**

### **NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Founded in the United States of America (“US”) in 2001, Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd. (“Sino-Global” or the “Company”) is a shipping agency, logistics and ship management services company. The Company’s current service offerings consist of shipping agency services, shipping and chartering services, inland transportation management services and ship management services. The Company conducts its business primarily through its wholly-owned subsidiaries in China, Hong Kong, Australia, Canada and New York. Substantially all of the Company’s business is generated from clients located in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”), and its operations are primarily conducted in the PRC and Hong Kong.

The Company’s subsidiary in China, Trans Pacific Shipping Limited (“Trans Pacific Beijing”), a wholly owned foreign enterprise, invested in one 90%-owned subsidiary, Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Limited (“Trans Pacific Shanghai”). Trans Pacific Beijing and Trans Pacific Shanghai are referred to collectively as “Trans Pacific”). As PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign ownership of shipping agency service businesses, the Company used to provide its shipping agency services in the PRC through Sino-Global Shipping Agency Ltd. (“Sino-China”), a Chinese legal entity, which holds the licenses and permits necessary to operate shipping agency services in the PRC. Trans Pacific Beijing and Sino-China do not have a parent-subsidiary relationship. Trans Pacific Beijing has contractual arrangements with Sino-China and its shareholders that enable the Company to substantially control Sino-China. Through Sino-China, the Company has the ability to provide shipping agency services in all commercial ports in the PRC. During fiscal year 2014, the Company completed a number of cost reduction initiatives and reorganized its shipping agency business in the PRC. As a result of the business reorganization, the Company does not provide shipping agency services through Sino-China as of September 30, 2014.

The Company’s shipping agency business is operated by its subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Australia. As a general shipping agent, the Company serves ships coming to and departing from a number of countries, including China, Australia, South Africa, Brazil and Canada. The shipping and chartering services are operated by Sino-Global Shipping (HK) Ltd; the inland transportation management services are operated by Trans Pacific Beijing. As part of Sino-Global’s strategy to expand its service platform, the Company acquired Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”), a ship management company that is based in Hong Kong in September 2014.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) for interim financial information pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The financial statements include the accounts of all directly, indirectly owned subsidiaries and variable interest entity (“VIE”). All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary to give a fair presentation have been included. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results of a full year. Certain prior year balances were reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications have no material impact on the previously reported financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### (b) Basis of Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its subsidiaries, and its affiliates. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation. Sino-China is considered a variable interest entity (“VIE”), and the Company is the primary beneficiary. The Company through Trans Pacific Beijing entered into agreements with Sino-China, pursuant to which the Company receives 90% of Sino-China’s net income. Sino-China was designed to operate in China for the benefit of the Company. The Company does not receive any payment from Sino-China unless Sino-China recognizes net income during its fiscal year. These agreements do not entitle the Company to any consideration if Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year. If Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year, the Company is not required to absorb such net loss.

As a VIE, Sino-China’s revenues are included in the Company’s total revenues, and its income (loss) from operations is consolidated with the Company’s. Because of the contractual arrangements, the Company had a pecuniary interest in Sino-China that requires consolidation of the Company’s and Sino-China’s financial statements.

The Company has consolidated Sino-China’s operating results because the entities are under common control in accordance with ASC 805-10, “Business Combinations”. The agency relationship between the Company and Sino-China and its branches is governed by a series of contractual arrangements pursuant to which the Company has substantial control over Sino-China. Management makes ongoing reassessments of whether the Company is the primary

beneficiary of Sino-China. .

The carrying amount and classification of Sino-China's assets and liabilities included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

|                           | September 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Total current assets      | \$ 224,612            | \$ 173,273       |
| Total assets              | 446,401               | 419,048          |
| Total current liabilities | 278,795               | 312,521          |
| Total liabilities         | 278,795               | 312,521          |

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**(c) Revenue Recognition Policy**

Revenues from shipping agency services are recognized upon completion of services, which coincides with the date of departure of the relevant vessel from port. Advance payments and deposits received from customers prior to the provision of services and recognition of the related revenues are presented as advances from customers.

Revenues from shipping and chartering services are recognized upon performance of services as stipulated in the underlying contract.

Revenues from inland transportation management services are recognized when commodities are being released from the customer's warehouse.

Revenues from ship management services are recognized when the related contractual services are rendered.

**(d) Translation of Foreign Currency**

The accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, including Sino-China and each of its branches are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is the US dollars ("USD") while Sino-China reports its financial position and results of operations in Renminbi ("RMB"). The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in US dollars. Foreign currency transactions are translated into USD using fixed exchange rates in effect at the time of the transaction. Generally foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company translates foreign currency financial statements of Sino-China, Sino-Global Shipping Australia, Sino-Global Shipping Hong Kong, Sino-Global Shipping Canada and Trans Pacific Beijing in accordance with ASC 830-10, "Foreign Currency Matters". Assets and liabilities are translated at current exchange rates quoted by the People's Bank of China at the balance sheet dates and revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates in effect during the year. Resulting translation adjustments are recorded as other comprehensive income (loss) and accumulated as a separate component of equity of the Company and also included in non-controlling interest.

The exchange rates as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014 and for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

September 30,      June 30,

| Foreign currency | Three months ended |        |        |        |
|------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
|                  | 2014               | 2014   | 2014   | 2013   |
|                  | BS                 | BS     | PL     | PL     |
| RMB:1USD         | 6.1502             | 6.2043 | 6.1646 | 6.1266 |
| 1AUD:USD         | 1.1451             | 1.0609 | 1.0813 | 0.9154 |
| 1HKD:USD         | 7.7649             | 7.7503 | 7.7509 | 0.1289 |
| 1CAD:USD         | 1.1154             | 1.0672 | 1.0888 | 0.9625 |

**(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, and other highly liquid investments which are unrestricted as to withdrawal or use, and which have maturities of three months or less when purchased. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with various financial institutions mainly in the PRC, Australia, Hong Kong and the United States. As of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014, the Company's uninsured bank balance was mainly maintained at financial institutions located in the PRC, totaled \$1,757,201 and \$262,885 respectively.

**(f) Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are presented at net realizable value. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses. The Company reviews the accounts receivable on a periodic basis and makes general and specific allowances when there is doubt as to the collectability of individual balances. In evaluating the collectability of individual receivable balances, the Company considers many factors, including the age of the balances, customers' historical payment history, their current credit-worthiness and current economic trends. Receivables are considered past due after 365 days. Accounts are written off after exhaustive efforts at collection.

**(g) Earnings per Share ("EPS")**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to holders of common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the applicable period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted into common shares. Common share equivalents are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if their effects would be anti-dilutive.

The effect of 66,000 stock options and 139,032 warrants for all periods presented were not included in the calculation of diluted EPS because they would be anti-dilutive as the exercise prices for such options and warrants were higher than the average market price for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

**(h) Risks and Uncertainties**

The operations of the Company are primarily located in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic, and legal environments in the PRC, as well as by the general state of the PRC economy. The Company's operations in the PRC are subject to special considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America and Western Europe. These include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environment and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by exchanges in the political, regulatory and social conditions in the PRC, and by changes in governmental policies or interpretations with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion, remittances abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things. In addition, the Company only controls Sino-China through a series of agreements. If such agreements were cancelled, modified or otherwise not complied with, the Company may not be able to retain control of this consolidated entity and the impact could be material to the Company's operations. Moreover, the Company's ability to grow its business and maintain its profitability could be negatively affected by the nature and extent of

services provided to its major customer, Tianjin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (“Zhiyuan Investment Group”).

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**(i) Business Combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method, assets and liabilities of the business acquired are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date of acquisition with any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. Results of operations of the acquired business are included in the income statement from the date of acquisition.

**(j) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation: Topic 718. This amendment requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. This ASU is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance will have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, "Disclosure of Uncertainties About an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern" ("ASU 2014-15"), which requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date the financial statements are issued and provides guidance on determining when and how to disclose going concern uncertainties in the financial statements. Certain disclosures will be required if conditions give rise to substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. ASU 2014-15 applies to all entities and is effective for annual and interim reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In November 2014, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-16, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity* (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force). The amendments permit the use of the Fed Funds Effective Swap Rate (also referred to as the Overnight Index Swap Rate, or OIS) as a benchmark interest rate for hedge accounting purposes. Public business entities are required to implement the new requirements in fiscal years (and interim periods within those fiscal years) beginning after December 15, 2015. All other types of entities are required to implement the new requirements in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-16 to have material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statement.

### 3. ACQUISITION OF LONGHE SHIP MANAGEMENT COMPANY

On August 8, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire all of the equity of Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”) from Mr. Deming Wang to further broaden its service platform. Mr. Deming Wang is a shareholder of the Company who held approximately 3.6% of the shares of common stock of the Company at the time of the acquisition agreement. Under the terms of the acquisition agreement, the purchase price for the equity of LSM will be between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of common stock of the Company, depending on the net income of LSM from July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014. The first payment due under the agreement was an escrow payment of 50,000 shares of common stock of the Company. On August 22, 2014, the Company issued such 50,000 shares to be held in escrow to Mr. Deming Wang, in connection with the acquisition of LSM. The purchase price is estimated using the net equity of LSM as of the closing date and it will be adjusted when the earnout payment has been finalized.

On September 8, 2014, the closing date, LSM’s total assets were \$199,482, or 2.6% of the Company’s consolidated total assets; and its total liabilities were \$26,655, or 2.3% of the Company’s consolidated total liabilities. The assets acquired consisted of cash of \$23,289, account receivable of \$47,409 and other receivable of \$128,784, the liabilities consisted of accounts payable of \$24,054, other accounts payable of \$2,022 and accrued expenses of \$579. The revenue was \$47,587, or 1.8% of the Company’s consolidated total revenue reported since the closing date to September 30, 2014. LSM reported a net income of \$23,178, or 7.0% of the net income attributable to Sino-Global from the closing date to September 30, 2014. No pro forma information was disclosed in the footnotes due to the immateriality of assets and liabilities acquired.

### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

The Company’s net accounts receivable is as follows:

|  | September<br>30, 2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| Trade accounts receivable              | \$ 1,402,744          | \$ 925,743       |
| Less: allowances for doubtful accounts | (443,711 )            | (443,858 )       |
| Accounts receivables, net              | \$ 959,033            | \$ 481,885       |

### 5. OTHER RECEIVABLES / OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other receivables represent mainly travel and business advances to employees; as well as guarantee deposit for ship owners. Other current liabilities represent mainly advance payments received from customers for reimbursable port agent charges to be incurred and other miscellaneous accrued liabilities.

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**6. PREPAID EXPENSES**

Prepaid expenses are as follows:

|                                      | September<br>30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Prepaid consultant fees (See note 8) | \$ 1,068,311             | \$ 468,000       |
| Prepaid legal fees                   | 85,000                   | 24,802           |
| Prepaid other                        | 57,589                   | 4,727            |
| Total                                | 1,210,900                | 497,529          |
| Less current portion                 | 461,462                  | 216,729          |
| Total noncurrent portion             | \$ 749,438               | \$ 280,800       |

**7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST**

Property and equipment are as follows:

|   | September 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|
| Land and building                               | \$ 218,860            | \$ 216,951       |
| Motor vehicles                                  | 716,609               | 710,148          |
| Computer equipment                              | 135,837               | 133,145          |
| Office equipment                                | 64,618                | 50,790           |
| Furniture and fixtures                          | 100,739               | 100,021          |
| System software                                 | 129,258               | 128,178          |
| Leasehold improvement                           | 69,301                | 68,697           |
| Total   | 1,435,222             | 1,407,930        |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization | 1,168,768             | 1,113,208        |
| Property and equipment, net                     | \$ 266,454            | \$ 294,722       |

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$55,560 and \$27,575, respectively.

## **8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS**

On June 27, 2014, the Company entered into an Underwriting Agreement (the “Underwriting Agreement”) with National Securities Corporation (the “Underwriter”) relating to the registered offering of 572,000 shares of common stock, without par value per share. The price to the public in the offering was \$1.76 per share. Under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriter an option, exercisable for 30 days, to purchase up to an additional 85,800 shares of common stock from the Company at the same price to cover over- allotments, if any. The Company closed the public offering on July 2, 2014 and the Underwriter purchased an additional 75,000 shares. The offering was made pursuant to our effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration Statement No. 333-194211) declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 15, 2014, as supplemented by an applicable prospectus supplement. The total number of shares sold in the offering was 647,000. The Company received total cash proceeds of approximately \$1 million from this public offering.

The Company entered into management consulting and advisory services agreements with two consultants on June 6, 2014. In return for their services, as approved by the Company’s Board of Directors, a total of 600,000 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to these two consultants. During June 2014, a total of 200,000 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the consultants as prepayment for their services. The value of their consulting services was determined using the fair value of the Company’s common stock of \$2.34 per share when the shares were issued to the consultants. The remaining 400,000 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the consultants on August 29, 2014 at \$1.68 per share. Their service agreements are for the period July 1, 2014 to December 31, 2016; the related consulting fees have been and will be ratably charged to expense over the term of the agreements.

On August 22, 2014, the Company issued 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock to be held in escrow to Mr. Deming Wang, in connection with the acquisition of LSM (see Note 3, Acquisition of Longhe Ship Management Company).

## 9. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

Non-controlling interest consists of the following:

|                                       | September 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Sino-China:                           |                       |                  |
| Original paid-in capital              | \$ 356,400            | \$ 356,400       |
| Additional paid-in capital            | 1,044                 | 1,044            |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (93,631 )             | (64,872 )        |
| Accumulated deficit                   | (5,115,588 )          | (5,006,843 )     |
|                                       | (4,851,775 )          | (4,714,271 )     |
| Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Ltd. | 22,520                | 20,240           |
| Total                                 | \$ (4,829,255 )       | \$ (4,694,031 )  |

## 10. COMMITMENTS

The Company leases certain office premises under operating leases through August 31, 2019. Future minimum lease payments under operating leases agreements are as follows:

|                                    | Amount     |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Twelve months ending September 30, |            |
| 2015                               | \$ 155,463 |
| 2016                               | 77,506     |
| 2017                               | 64,122     |
| 2018                               | 65,856     |
| 2019                               | 67,641     |
| Thereafter                         | 5,649      |
|                                    | \$ 436,237 |

Rent expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$60,951 and \$46,525, respectively.

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**11. INCOME TAXES**

Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 varied from the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to income before taxes. A reconciliation between the expected federal income tax rate using the federal statutory tax rate of 35% to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

|   | For the three<br>months ended<br>September 30, |         |
|---|--|---------|
|   | 2014   | 2013    |
|   | %  | %       |
| U.S. expected federal income tax benefit        | (35.0 )  | (35.0 ) |
| U.S. state, local tax net of federal benefit    | (10.9 )  | (10.9 ) |
| U.S. permanent difference                       | 0.1  | 0.6     |
| U.S. temporary difference                       | 45.7   | 45.3    |
| Permanent difference related to other countries | 14.9   | 347.6   |
| Hong Kong statutory income tax rate             | 16.5   | 16.5    |
| Hong Kong income tax benefit                    | (11.6 )  | (16.5 ) |
| Total tax expense                               | 19.7   | 347.6   |

The U.S. temporary difference consisted mainly of unearned compensation amortization and provision for allowance for doubtful accounts.

The income tax benefit for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

|           | For the three months ended<br>September 30, |           |
|-----------|---|-----------|
|           | 2014  | 2013      |
| Current   |   |           |
| USA       | \$ -  | \$ -      |
| Hong Kong | 1,645                                       | -         |
| China     | -   | -         |
|           | 1,645                                       | -         |
| Deferred  |   |           |
| USA       | (28,900 )                                   | (22,500 ) |
| China     | -   | -         |
|           | (28,900 )                                   | (22,500 ) |



Total        \$ (27,255 )    \$ (22,500 )

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Deferred tax assets are comprised of the following:

|                                      | September 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2014 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Allowance for doubtful accounts      | \$ 224,000            | \$ 224,000       |
| Stock-based compensation             | 411,000               | 411,000          |
| Net operating loss                   | 1,293,000             | 1,004,000        |
| Total deferred tax assets            | 1,928,000             | 1,639,000        |
| Valuation allowance                  | (1,735,200 )          | (1,475,100 )     |
| Deferred tax assets, net - long-term | \$ 192,800            | \$ 163,900       |

Operations in the USA have incurred a cumulative net operating loss of \$4,159,442 as of September 30, 2014, which may be available to reduce future taxable income. This carry-forward will expire if not utilized by 2034. Deferred tax assets relating to the allowance for doubtful accounts, stock compensation expenses and net operating loss amounting to \$224,000, \$411,000 and \$1,293,000 have been recorded respectively. 90% of the deferred tax assets balance has been provided as valuation allowance as of September 30, 2014 based on management's estimate.

## 12. CONCENTRATIONS

### *Major Customers*

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, three customers accounted for 23%, 20% and 14% of the Company's revenues. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, two customers accounted for 57% and 21% of the Company's revenues.

### *Major Suppliers*

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, three suppliers accounted for 47%, 18% and 13% of the total cost of revenues. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, two suppliers accounted for 53% and 40% of the total cost of revenues.



**13. SEGMENT REPORTING**

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting", establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments on a basis consistent with the Company's internal organizational structure as well as information about geographical areas, business segments and major customers in financial statements for details on the Company's business segments.

The Company's chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer who reviews the financial information of separate operating segments when making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance of the group. Based on management's assessment, the Company has determined that it has three operating segments: shipping agency and ship management services, shipping and chartering services, and in land transportation management services.

The following tables present summary information by segment for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively:

|                               | <b>For the three months Ended September 30, 2014</b> |                                      |  | Total        |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|
|                               | Shipping Agency<br>Management Services               | Shipping &<br>Chartering<br>Services | Inland Transportation<br>Management Services |              |
| Revenues                      | \$ 1,659,291   | \$                                   | \$ 946,634                                   | \$ 2,605,925 |
| Cost of revenues              | \$ 1,283,505   | \$                                   | \$ 125,648                                   | \$ 1,409,153 |
| Gross profit                  | \$ 375,786   | \$                                   | \$ 820,986                                   | \$ 1,196,772 |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 52,744  | \$                                   | \$ 2,816                                     | \$ 55,560    |
| Total capital expenditures    | \$ 15,339  | \$                                   | \$ -   | \$ 15,339    |
| Total assets                  | \$ 5,300,982   | \$                                   | \$ 2,290,392                                 | \$ 7,591,374 |

|                               | <b>For the three months Ended September 30, 2013</b> |                                      |  | Total        |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|
|                               | Shipping Agency<br>Management Services               | Shipping &<br>Chartering<br>Services | Inland Transportation<br>Management Services |              |
| Revenues                      | \$ 1,430,661   | \$ 1,887,000                         | \$   | \$ 3,317,661 |
| Cost of revenues              | \$ 1,112,803   | \$ 1,275,000                         | \$   | \$ 2,387,803 |
| Gross profit                  | \$ 317,858   | \$ 612,000                           | \$   | \$ 929,858   |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 27,342  | \$ 233                               | \$   | \$ 27,575    |
| Total capital expenditures    | \$ 3,399   | \$ -                                 | \$   | \$ 3,399     |
| Total assets                  | \$ 6,024,155   | \$ 1,102,185                         | \$   | \$ 7,126,340 |

**14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In June 2013, the Company signed a 5-year global logistic service agreement with TEWOO Chemical & Light Industry Zhiyuan Trade Co., Ltd. and TianJin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (together “Zhiyuan”). TianJin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (“Zhiyuan Investment Group”) is owned by Mr. Zhong Zhang, the largest shareholder of the Company. During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the Company executed a shipping and chartering services agreement with Zhiyuan Investment Group whereby it assisted in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China. In September 2013, the Company executed an inland transportation management service contract with Zhiyuan Investment Group whereby it would provide certain advisory services and help control its potential commodities loss during the transportation process. In addition, the Company executed a one-year short-term loan agreement with the Zhiyuan Investment Group, effective January 1, 2014, to facilitate the working capital needs of the Zhiyuan Investment Group on an as-needed basis. As at June 30, 2014, the net amount due from the Zhiyuan Investment Group was \$2,920,950. In September 2014, the Company collected approximately \$2.7 million from the Zhiyuan Investment Group, representing full repayment of the short-term loan and payment of approximately \$1.6 million of outstanding trade receivable. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company continued to provide inland transportation management services to the Zhiyuan Investment Group. The net amount due from the Zhiyuan Investment Group at September 30, 2014 was \$627,951. In October 2014, the Company collected approximately \$384,000 from the Zhiyuan Investment Group to reduce the outstanding trade receivable.

As at September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014, the Company is owed \$252,339 and \$252,815, respectively, from Sino-G Trading Inc. (“Sino-G”), an entity that is owned by the brother-in-law of the Company’s CEO. Sino-G used to act as a funds transfer agent for the Company’s services in Tianjin, PRC. In accordance with a repayment agreement between the Company and Sino-G, the amount is expected to be repaid during fiscal year 2015.

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd. and Affiliates (the “Company”) as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended June 30, 2014. The Company’s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended June 30, 2014 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Friedman LLP

New York, New York

September 15, 2014

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**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

|  | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013               |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Assets   |                    |                    |
| Current assets   |                    |                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$902,531          | \$3,048,831        |
| Advances to suppliers  | 8,482              | 231,772            |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$443,858 and \$690,065 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively  | 481,885            | 3,142,203          |
| Other receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$250,100 and \$233,950 as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively   | 174,406            | 142,206            |
| Deferred expense and other current assets  | 497,529            | 12,488             |
| Prepaid taxes  | -                  | 26,288             |
| Due from related parties   | 3,173,765          | 541,377            |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>  | <b>5,238,598</b>   | <b>7,145,165</b>   |
| Property and equipment, net  | 294,722            | 267,662            |
| Other long-term assets   | 16,734             | 18,278             |
| Deferred tax assets  | 163,900            | 105,100            |
| <b>Total Assets</b>  | <b>\$5,713,954</b> | <b>\$7,536,205</b> |
| Liabilities and Equity   |                    |                    |
| Current liabilities  |                    |                    |
| Advances from customers  | \$88,477           | \$710,172          |
| Accounts payable   | 398,756            | 3,219,240          |
| Accrued expenses   | 177,877            | 51,352             |
| Other current liabilities  | 565,685            | 424,141            |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>   | <b>1,230,795</b>   | <b>4,404,905</b>   |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>   | <b>1,230,795</b>   | <b>4,404,905</b>   |
| Commitments and Contingency  |                    |                    |
| Equity   |                    |                    |
| Preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares authorized, no par value, none issued.   | -                  | -                  |
| Common stock, 50,000,000 shares authorized, no par value; 5,229,032 and 4,829,032 shares issued as of June 30, 2014 and 2013; 5,103,841 and 4,703,841 outstanding as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 | 11,662,157         | 10,750,157         |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 1,144,842          | 1,144,842          |



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|  |               |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Treasury stock, at cost - 125,191 shares                         | (372,527 )    | (372,527 )    |
| Accumulated deficit  | (3,270,260 )  | (4,856,613 )  |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income                           | 24,618        | 54,791        |
| Unearned Stock-based Compensation                                | (11,640 )     | (15,520 )     |
| <br>Total Sino-Global Shipping America Ltd. Stockholders' equity | <br>9,177,190 | <br>6,705,130 |
| Non-controlling Interest   | (4,694,031 )  | (3,573,830 )  |
| Total Equity   | 4,483,159     | 3,131,300     |
| Total Liabilities and Equity                                     | \$5,713,954   | \$7,536,205   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

|   | For the years ended June 30, |                |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|
|   | 2014                         | 2013           |
| Net revenues  | \$11,644,392                 | \$17,331,759   |
| Cost of revenues  | (7,613,459 )                 | (15,402,743 )  |
| Gross profit  | 4,030,933                    | 1,929,016      |
| General and administrative expenses   | (3,470,669 )                 | (3,878,569 )   |
| Selling expenses  | (260,134 )                   | (253,987 )     |
|   | (3,730,803 )                 | (4,132,556 )   |
| Operating income (loss)   | 300,130                      | (2,203,540 )   |
| Financial expense, net  | (50,170 )                    | (15,520 )      |
| Other income, net   | 264,349                      | 52,253         |
|   | 214,179                      | 36,733         |
| Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes                           | 514,309                      | (2,166,807 )   |
| Income tax expense  | (79,823 )                    | (410,089 )     |
| Net income (loss)   | 434,486                      | (2,576,896 )   |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest                             | (1,151,867 )                 | (777,141 )     |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.          | \$1,586,353                  | \$(1,799,755 ) |
| Comprehensive income (loss)   |                              |                |
| Net income (loss)   | \$434,486                    | \$(2,576,896 ) |
| Foreign currency translation gain (loss)                                      | 1,493                        | (15,934 )      |
| Comprehensive income (loss)   | 435,979                      | (2,592,830 )   |
| Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest             | (1,120,201 )                 | (831,157 )     |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Sino-Global Shipping America Ltd. | \$1,556,180                  | \$(1,761,673 ) |
| Earnings (loss) per share   |                              |                |
| -Basic and diluted  | \$0.34                       | \$(0.38 )      |
| Weighted average number of common shares used in computation                  |                              |                |
| -Basic and diluted  | 4,721,923                    | 4,703,841      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA LTD. AND AFFILIATES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

|  | For the years ended June 30, |                |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|
|  | 2014                         | 2013           |
| <b>Operating Activities</b>  |                              |                |
| Net income (loss)  | \$434,486                    | \$(2,576,896 ) |
| Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities |                              |                |
| Amortization of stock option expense   | 3,880                        | 139,615        |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 155,657                      | 198,825        |
| (Recovery of) provision for doubtful accounts                                      | (246,206 )                   | 518,835        |
| Deferred tax (benefit) expense   | (50,445 )                    | 413,900        |
| Gain on disposition of property and equipment                                      | (385 )                       | (3,448 )       |
| Changes in assets and liabilities  |                              |                |
| Decrease in advances to suppliers  | 223,290                      | 128,505        |
| Decrease in accounts receivable  | 201,155                      | 127,928        |
| Decrease in other receivables  | 16,154                       | 235,629        |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets  | (17,041 )                    | 74,984         |
| Decrease in prepaid taxes  | 26,288                       | 1,068          |
| Decrease in other long-term assets   | 1,544                        | 6,964          |
| Increase in due from related parties   | (1,473,752 )                 | -              |
| (Decrease) increase in advances from customers                                     | (506,066 )                   | 406,735        |
| Decrease in accounts payable   | (230,745 )                   | (4,247,905 )   |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses  | 126,525                      | (40,865 )      |
| Increase in other current liabilities  | 93,190                       | 254,513        |
| Net cash used in operating activities  | (1,242,471 )                 | (4,361,613 )   |
| <b>Investing Activities</b>  |                              |                |
| Acquisitions of property and equipment   | (203,252 )                   | (67,116 )      |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets   | 854                          | 16,185         |
| Loan to related party  | (1,158,636 )                 | -              |
| Net cash used in investing activities  | (1,361,034 )                 | (50,931 )      |
| <b>Financing Activities</b>  |                              |                |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock   | 444,000                      | 3,040,412      |
| Decrease in non-controlling interest in majority-owned subsidiary                  | -                            | (13,876 )      |
| Net cash provided by financing activities  | 444,000                      | 3,026,536      |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents                  | 13,205                       | 1,506          |

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|   |              |              |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents                 | (2,146,300 ) | (1,384,502 ) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year            | 3,048,831    | 4,433,333    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year                  | \$ 902,531   | \$ 3,048,831 |
| Supplemental information:                                 |              |              |
| Income taxes paid   | \$ 24,841    | \$ 26,400    |
| Non-cash transactions of operating activities:            |              |              |
| Settlement of related accounts receivable and payable     | \$ 2,589,739 | \$ -         |
| Common stock issued for unearned stock-based compensation | \$ 468,000   | \$ -         |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

|                               | Common stock |              | Additional paid-in capital | Treasury stock | Accumulated deficit | Accumulated other comprehensive income | Unearned stock-based compensation | Total stockholders' Equity | Non-controlling interest |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
|                               | Shares       | Amount       |                            |                |                     |  |                                   |                            |                          |
| Balance as of June 30, 2012   | 3,029,032    | 7,709,745    | 1,191,796                  | (372,527)      | (3,056,858)         | 16,709                                 | (202,089)                         | 5,286,776                  | (2,740,000)              |
| Issuance of common stock      | 1,800,000    | 3,040,412    |                            |                |                     |  |                                   | 3,040,412                  |                          |
| Stock options forfeited       |              |              | (46,954)                   |                |                     |  | 46,954                            | -                          |                          |
| Amortization of stock options |              |              |                            |                |                     |  | 139,615                           | 139,615                    |                          |
| Foreign currency translation  |              |              |                            |                |                     | 38,082                                 |                                   | 38,082                     | (54,000)                 |
| Net loss                      |              |              |                            |                | (1,799,755)         |  |                                   | (1,799,755)                | (777,000)                |
| Balance as of June 30, 2013   | 4,829,032    | \$10,750,157 | \$1,144,842                | \$(372,527)    | \$(4,856,613)       | \$54,791                               | \$(15,520)                        | \$6,705,130                | \$(3,570,000)            |
| Issuance of common stock      | 400,000      | 912,000      |                            |                |                     |  |                                   | 912,000                    |                          |
| Amortization of stock options |              |              |                            |                |                     |  | 3,880                             | 3,880                      |                          |
| Foreign currency translation  |              |              |                            |                |                     | (30,173)                               |                                   | (30,173)                   | 31,600                   |
| Net income (loss)             |              |              |                            |                | 1,586,353           |  |                                   | 1,586,353                  | (1,150,000)              |

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|                                   |           |              |             |             |               |          |             |             |         |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| Balance as<br>of June 30,<br>2014 | 5,229,032 | \$11,662,157 | \$1,144,842 | \$(372,527) | \$(3,270,260) | \$24,618 | \$(11,640 ) | \$9,177,190 | \$(4,69 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------|---------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## **SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD. AND AFFILIATES**

### **NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Founded in the United States of America (“US”) in 2001, Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd. (“Sino-Global” or the “Company”) is a Virginia corporation with its primary US operations in New York. Historically, the Company has been in the business of providing shipping agency services, but during fiscal year 2014, it reorganized its shipping agency business and expanded its service platform to include shipping and chartering services (launched during the quarter ended September 30, 2013) and inland transportation management services (launched during the quarter ended December 31, 2013). These new services are part of the Company’s strategic initiatives to diversify its service offering, broaden its service platform, and improve its operating profit.

Sino-Global’s principal geographic market is in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). The Company conducts its business primarily through its wholly-owned subsidiaries in China, Hong Kong, Australia, Canada and New York. The Company’s subsidiary in China, Trans Pacific Shipping Limited (“Trans Pacific Beijing”), a wholly owned foreign enterprise, invested in one 90%-owned subsidiary, Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Limited (“Trans Pacific Shanghai”. Trans Pacific Beijing and Trans Pacific Shanghai are referred to collectively as “Trans Pacific”).

As PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign ownership of shipping agency service businesses, the Company provides its shipping agency services in the PRC through Sino-Global Shipping Agency Ltd. (“Sino-China”), a Chinese legal entity, which holds the licenses and permits necessary to operate shipping services in the PRC. Sino-China is headquartered in Beijing with branches in Qingdao, Xiamen and Fangchenggang. Trans Pacific Beijing and Sino-China do not have a parent-subsidiary relationship. Trans Pacific Beijing has contractual arrangements with Sino-China and its shareholders that enable the Company to substantially control Sino-China. Through Sino-China, the Company has the ability to provide shipping agency services in all commercial ports in the PRC.

During fiscal year 2014, the Company completed a number of cost reduction initiatives and reorganized its shipping agency business in the PRC. As a result of the business reorganization to improve its operating margin, the Company does not provide shipping agency services through Sino-China as of June 30, 2014. The Company’s shipping agency business is operated by its subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Australia. As a general shipping agent, the Company serves ships coming to and departing from a number of countries, including China, Australia, South Africa, Brazil, New Zealand and Canada. The shipping and chartering services are operated by the Company’s HK subsidiary; the inland transportation management services are operated by Trans Pacific Beijing.



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## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). Certain prior year balances were reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications have no material impact on the previously reported financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### (b) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its subsidiaries, and its affiliates. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation. Sino-China is considered a variable interest entity ("VIE"), and the Company is the primary beneficiary. The Company through Trans Pacific Beijing entered into agreements with Sino-China, pursuant to which the Company receives 90% of Sino-China's net income. Sino-China was designed to operate in China for the benefit of the Company. The Company does not receive any payment from Sino-China unless Sino-China recognizes net income during its fiscal year. These agreements do not entitle the Company to any consideration if Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year. If Sino-China incurs a net loss during its fiscal year, the Company is not required to absorb such net loss.

As a VIE, Sino-China's revenues are included in the Company's total revenues, and its income (loss) from operations is consolidated with the Company's. Because of the contractual arrangements, the Company had a pecuniary interest in Sino-China that requires consolidation of the Company's and Sino-China's financial statements.

The Company has consolidated Sino-China's operating results because the entities are under common control in accordance with ASC 805-10, "Business Combinations". The agency relationship between the Company and Sino-China and its branches is governed by a series of contractual arrangements pursuant to which the Company has substantial control over Sino-China. Management makes ongoing reassessments of whether the Company is the primary beneficiary of Sino-China. .

The carrying amount and classification of Sino-China's assets and liabilities included in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

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June 30,    June 30,  
2014        2013

|                           |            |            |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Total current assets      | \$ 173,273 | \$ 145,307 |
| Total assets              | 419,048    | 326,480    |
| Total current liabilities | 312,521    | 324,334    |
| Total liabilities         | 312,521    | 324,334    |

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**(c) Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

We follow the provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which clarifies the definition of fair value, prescribes methods for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1 - Observable inputs such as unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that reflect management's assumptions based on the best available information.

The carrying value of accounts receivable, other receivables, other current assets, and current liabilities approximate their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

**(d) Use of Estimates and Assumptions**

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Estimates are adjusted to reflect actual experience when necessary. Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements include revenue recognition, fair value of stock options, cost of revenues, allowance for doubtful accounts, deferred income taxes, and the useful lives of property and equipment.

Since the use of estimates is an integral component of the financial reporting process, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**(e) Translation of Foreign Currency**

The accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, including Sino-China and each of its branches are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The Company’s functional currency is the US dollars (“USD”) while Sino-China reports its financial position and results of operations in Renminbi (“RMB”). The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in US dollars. Foreign currency transactions are translated into US dollars using the fixed exchange rates in effect at the time of the transaction. Generally foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company translates foreign currency financial statements of Sino-China, Sino-Global Shipping Australia, Sino-Global Shipping Hong Kong, Sino-Global Shipping Canada and Trans Pacific Beijing in accordance with ASC 830-10, “Foreign Currency Matters”. Assets and liabilities are translated at current exchange rates quoted by the People’s Bank of China at the balance sheet dates and revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates in effect during the year. Resulting translation adjustments are recorded as other comprehensive income (loss) and accumulated as a separate component of equity of the Company and also included in non-controlling interest.

The exchange rates for the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 are as follows:

| Foreign currency | June 30,<br>2014 |              | 2013          |              |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
|                  | Balance Sheet    | Profits/Loss | Balance Sheet | Profits/Loss |
| RMB:1USD         | 6.2043           | 6.1374       | 6.1787        | 6.2458       |
| 1AUD:USD         | 1.0609           | 1.0898       | 0.9143        | 1.0266       |
| 1HKD:USD         | 7.7503           | 7.7552       | 0.1289        | 0.1289       |
| 1CAD:USD         | 1.0672           | 1.0704       | 0.9506        | 0.9956       |

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, and other highly liquid investments which are unrestricted as to withdrawal or use, and which have maturities of three months or less when purchased. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with various financial institutions mainly in the PRC, Australia, Hong Kong and the United States. Cash balances of \$262,885 are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other programs.

#### (g) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are presented at net realizable value. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses. The Company reviews the accounts receivable on a periodic basis and makes general and specific allowances when there is doubt as to the collectability of individual balances. In evaluating the collectability of individual receivable balances, the Company considers many factors, including the age of the balances, customers' historical payment history, their current credit-worthiness and current economic trends. Receivables are considered past due after 365 days. Accounts are written off after exhaustive efforts at collection. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the allowance for doubtful accounts totaled \$443,858 and \$690,065, respectively.

#### (h) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

|                                |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Buildings                      | 20 years   |
| Motor vehicles                 | 5-10 years |
| Furniture and office equipment | 3-5 years  |

The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired by the Company when the anticipated undiscounted cash flows from such asset is less than its carrying value. If impairment is identified, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the long-lived asset. Fair value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved or based on independent appraisals. Management has determined that there were no impairments at the balance sheet dates.

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**(i) Revenue Recognition**

Revenues from shipping agency services are recognized upon completion of services, which coincides with the date of departure of the relevant vessel from port. Advance payments and deposits received from customers prior to the provision of services and recognition of the related revenues are presented as advances from customers.

Revenues from shipping and chartering services are recognized upon performance of services as stipulated in the underlying contract.

Revenues from inland transportation management services are recognized when commodities are being released from the customer's warehouse.

**(j) Taxation**

Because the Company and its subsidiaries and Sino-China are incorporated in different jurisdictions, they file separate income tax returns. The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with US GAAP. Deferred taxes, if any, are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that the asset will not be utilized in the future.

The Company recognizes the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. The Company had no uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Income tax returns for the years prior to 2011 are no longer subject to examination by US tax authorities.

***PRC Enterprise Income Tax***

PRC enterprise income tax is calculated based on taxable income determined under PRC GAAP at 25%. Sino-China and Trans Pacific are registered in PRC and governed by the Enterprise Income Tax Laws of the PRC.



***PRC Business Tax and Surcharges***

Revenues from services provided by Sino-China and Trans Pacific are subject to the PRC business tax of 5%. Business tax and surcharges are paid on gross revenues generated from shipping agency services minus the costs of services which are paid on behalf of the customers.

In addition, under the PRC regulations, Sino-China is required to pay the city construction tax (7%) and education surcharges (3%) based on the calculated business tax payments.

Sino-China reports its revenues net of PRC's business tax and surcharges for all the periods presented in the consolidated statements of operations.

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**(k) Earnings (Loss) per Share (“EPS”)**

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to holders of common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the years. Diluted earnings (loss) per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted into common shares. Common share equivalents are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share if their effects would be anti-dilutive as the exercise prices for such options and warrants were at least equal to the closing price of our common stock on June 30, 2014.

The effect of 66,000 stock options and 139,032 warrants for all periods presented were not included in the calculation of diluted EPS because they would be anti-dilutive as the exercise prices for such options and warrants were at least equal to the closing price of our common stock on June 30, 2014.

**(l) Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

The Company reports comprehensive income (loss) in accordance with the FASB issued authoritative guidance which establishes standards for reporting comprehensive income (loss) and its component in financial statements. Comprehensive income (loss), as defined, includes all changes in equity during a period from non-owner sources.

**(m) Stock-based Compensation**

Valuations are based upon highly subjective assumptions about the future, including stock price volatility and exercise patterns. The fair value of share-based payment awards was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of the Company’s stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and employee terminations. The expected term of options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate for periods within the expected life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.

**(n) Risks and Uncertainties**

The operations of the Company are primarily located in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company’s business, financial condition, and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic, and legal environments in the PRC,

as well as by the general state of the PRC economy. The Company's operations in the PRC are subject to special considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America and Western Europe. These include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environment and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by exchanges in the political, regulatory and social conditions in the PRC, and by changes in governmental policies or interpretations with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion, remittances abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things. In addition, the Company only controls Sino-China through a series of agreements. If such agreements were cancelled, modified or otherwise not complied with, the Company may not be able to retain control of this consolidated entity and the impact could be material to the Company's operations.

**(o) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) has issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations should be presented as discontinued operations. The new guidance also requires disclosure of the pre-tax income attributable to a disposal of a significant part of an organization that does not qualify for discontinued operations reporting. The amendments in the ASU are effective in the first quarter of 2015 for public organizations with calendar year ends. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance will have a significant impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606. This Update affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets, unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards. The guidance in this Update supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, Revenue Recognition and most industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to illustrate the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new guidance also includes a cohesive set of disclosure requirements that will provide users of financial statements with comprehensive information about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a reporting organization’s contracts with customers. This ASU is effective retrospectively for the Company for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2016. Management is evaluating the effect, if any, on the Company’s financial position and results of operations.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation: Topic 718. This amendment requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. This ASU is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance will have a significant impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

**3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE / ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

In July and December 2013, the Company executed a total of four agreements (the “settlement agreements”) with a major customer to settle the related accounts receivable and payable that were associated with the Company’s shipping agency business. In connection with the settlement agreements, the Company will reduce the amount of receivable from this major customer based on payments made by such customer directly to the respective local shipping agents. For the year ended June 30, 2014, such customer made a total payment of \$2,589,739 to the respective local shipping

agents; and the Company reduced its reported accounts receivable and payable accordingly.

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**4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST.**

Property and equipment are as follows:

|   | June 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2013 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Land and building                               | \$216,951        | \$80,461         |
| Motor vehicles                                  | 710,148          | 731,372          |
| Computer equipment                              | 133,145          | 122,002          |
| Office equipment                                | 50,790           | 46,319           |
| Furniture and fixtures                          | 100,021          | 52,687           |
| System software                                 | 128,178          | 123,391          |
| Leasehold improvement                           | 68,697           | 68,981           |
| <br>Total                                       | <br>1,407,930    | <br>1,225,213    |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization | 1,113,208        | 957,551          |
| <br>Property and equipment, net                 | <br>\$294,722    | <br>\$267,662    |

**5. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

On January 31, 2013, the Company issued options to a member of the audit committee, to purchase 10,000 shares of the Company's common stock. On January 1, 2013, options to purchase 46,000 shares of common stock were cancelled due to resignation of one employee and one member of the audit committee from the Company. Accordingly, the Company reversed the unvested amount of \$46,954 from unearned stock-based compensation. On January 31, 2014, options to purchase 36,000 shares of common stock were cancelled due to resignation of one officer and director from the Company. As the options were fully vested, this did not result in any reversal of stock-based compensation.

A summary of the options is presented in the table below:

| June 30, 2014 |                                       | June 30, 2013 |                                       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Shares        | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price | Shares        | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price |

|  |           |         |           |         |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Options outstanding, beginning of year | 102,000   | \$ 6.90 | 138,000   | \$ 7.43 |
| Granted                                | -         | -       | 10,000    | 2.01    |
| Canceled, forfeited or expired         | (36,000 ) | \$ 7.75 | (46,000 ) | 7.43    |
| Options outstanding, end of year       | 66,000    | \$ 6.88 | 102,000   | \$ 6.90 |
| Options exercisable, end of year       | 58,000    | \$ 7.55 | 92,000    | \$ 7.75 |

Following is a summary of the status of options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2014:

| Outstanding Options |        |                                    | Exercisable Options    |        |                                    |
|---------------------|--------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| Exercise Price      | Number | Average Remaining Contractual Life | Average Exercise Price | Number | Average Remaining Contractual Life |
| \$7.75              | 56,000 | 4.0 years                          | \$7.75                 | 56,000 | 4.0 years                          |
| \$2.01              | 10,000 | 3.6 years                          | \$2.01                 | 2,000  | 3.6 years                          |
|                     | 66,000 |                                    |                        | 58,000 |                                    |

The issuance of the Options is exempted from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Act”). The Options will vest at a rate of 20% per year, with 20% vesting initially when granted. The Common Stock underlying the Options granted may be sold in compliance with Rule 144 under the Act. The term of the Options is 10 years and the exercise price of the 2013 options is \$2.01 (10,000 options). Each Option may be exercised to purchase one share of Common Stock. Payment for the Options may be made in cash or by exchanging shares of Common Stock at their Fair Market Value. The Fair Market Value will be equal to the average of the highest and lowest registered sales prices of Company Stock on the date of exercise.

The fair value of share-based compensation was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The aggregate fair value of \$11,640 and \$15,520 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, is presented as “Unearned Stock-based Compensation”. The Company amortized stock option expenses of \$3,880 and \$139,615 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 respectively.

The fair value of 10,000 stock options granted in 2013 was calculated at the grant date using the Black–Scholes option–pricing model with the following assumptions:

Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for 2008 options

Assumptions:

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| Stock Price       | \$7.75   |
| Strike Price      | \$7.75   |
| Volatility        | 173.84 % |
| Risk-free Rate    | 3.02 %   |
| Expected life     | 5 yrs    |
| Dividend Yield    | 0.00 %   |
| Number of Options | 66,000   |

Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for 2013 options

Assumptions:

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| Stock Price       | \$1.94   |
| Strike Price      | \$2.01   |
| Volatility        | 452.04 % |
| Risk-free Rate    | 0.88 %   |
| Expected life     | 5 yrs    |
| Dividend Yield    | 0.00 %   |
| Number of Options | 10,000   |

In connection with the initial public offering of the Company’s common stock on May 20, 2008, 139,032 warrants were issued to the underwriter as part of their compensation. Each warrant has the right to purchase one share of common stock for an exercise price of \$9.30 per share with a term of 10 years.



Following is a summary of the status of warrants outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2014:

| Warrants Outstanding | Warrants Exercisable | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price | Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual Life |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 139,032              | 139,032              | \$ 9.30                               | 4.0 years                                |

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## 6. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

On April 19, 2013, the Company's shareholders at the 2013 Annual Meeting of Shareholders voted and approved the issuance of 1,800,000 shares at price \$1.71 per share to Mr. Zhang, a 90% shareholder in Tianjin Zhiyuan Investment Group Ltd.

At the 2014 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on January 21, 2014, the Company's shareholders voted to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 10 million to 50 million shares and the number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock from 1 million to 2 million shares. The Company filed its First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation with the Commonwealth of Virginia State Corporation Commission on February 10, 2014.

To strengthen the Company's efforts in business reorganization, development and acquisitions as well as enterprise risk management and process flow enhancements, the Company entered into management consulting and advisory services agreements with two consultants on June 6, 2014. In return for their services, a total of 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock have been issued to these two consultants. During June 2014, a total of 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock were issued to the consultants as prepayment for their services. The value of their consulting services is determined using the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$2.34 per share when the shares were issued to the consultants. The remaining 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock were issued to the consultants on August 29, 2014. The service agreements are for the period July 1, 2014 to December 31, 2016.

On June 23, 2014, the Company sold 200,000 shares of its common stock at a price per share at \$2.22 to Crystal Spring Holdings Limited, a company owned by Mr. Deming Wang, a major shareholder of Zhenghe Shipping Group Limited. Subsequent to June 30, 2014, the Company entered into another agreement with Mr. Wang. Please see Note 13, Subsequent Events.

## 7. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

Non-controlling interest consists of the following:

|                          | June 30,<br>2014 | June 30,<br>2013 |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Sino-China:              |                  |                  |
| Original paid-in capital | \$356,400        | \$356,400        |

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|                                       |               |               |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Additional paid-in capital            | 1,044         | 1,044         |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (64,872 )     | (85,653 )     |
| Accumulated deficit                   | (5,006,843)   | (3,849,640)   |
|                                       | (4,714,271)   | (3,577,849)   |
| Trans Pacific Logistics Shanghai Ltd. | 20,240        | 4,019         |
| Total                                 | \$(4,694,031) | \$(3,573,830) |

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## 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY

### (a) Office leases

The Company leases certain office premises and apartments for employees under operating leases through August 31, 2019. Future minimum lease payments under operating leases agreements are as follows:

|                               | Amount     |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Twelve months ending June 30, |            |
| 2015                          | \$ 162,229 |
| 2016                          | 92,569     |
| 2017                          | 63,981     |
| 2018                          | 65,711     |
| 2019                          | 67,492     |
| Thereafter                    | 11,298     |
|                               | \$463,280  |

Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$205,753 and \$214,066, respectively.

### (b) Contingency

The Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China requires employers to insure the liability of the severance payments if employees are terminated and have been working for the employers for at least two years prior to January 1, 2008. The employers will be liable for one month for severance pay for each year of the service provided by the employees. As of June 30, 2014, the Company has estimated its severance payments of approximately \$84,600, which has not been reflected in its consolidated financial statements, because management cannot predict what the actual payment, if any, will be in the future.

## 9. INCOME TAXES

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Income tax expense for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 varied from the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to income before taxes. A reconciliation between the expected federal income tax rate using the federal statutory tax rate of 35% to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

|  | For the years ended June 30, |         |
|--|------------------------------|---------|
|  | 2014                         | 2013    |
|  | %                            | %       |
| U.S. expected federal income tax benefit         | (35.0 )                      | (35.0 ) |
| U.S. state, local tax net of federal benefit     | (10.9 )                      | (10.9 ) |
| U.S. permanent difference                        | 0.3                          | 1.2     |
| U.S. temporary difference                        | 45.5                         | 44.7    |
| Permanent differences related to other countries | (0.9 )                       | 19.3    |
| Other  | 0.0                          | (0.4 )  |
| Hong Kong statutory income tax rate              | 16.5                         | 0.0     |
| Total tax expense                                | 15.5                         | 18.9    |

The U.S. temporary difference was mainly comprised of unearned compensation amortization and provision for allowance for doubtful accounts.

The income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

|                 | For the years ended<br>June 30, |            |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------|
|                 | 2014                            | 2013       |
| Current         |                                 |            |
| USA             | \$-                             | \$(3,811 ) |
| Hong Kong       | 130,268                         | -          |
| Other countries | -                               | -          |
| China           | -                               | -          |
|                 | 130,268                         | (3,811 )   |
| Deferred        |                                 |            |
| USA             | (50,330 )                       | 413,900    |
| Hong Kong       | -                               | -          |
| Other countries | (115 )                          | -          |
| China           | -                               | -          |
|                 | (50,445 )                       | 413,900    |
| Total           | \$79,823                        | \$410,089  |

Deferred tax assets are comprised of the following:

|                                      | For the years ended June 30, |            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
|                                      | 2014                         | 2013       |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts      | \$ 224,000                   | \$ 301,000 |
| Stock-based compensation             | 411,000                      | 307,000    |
| Net operating loss                   | 1,004,000                    | 443,000    |
| Total deferred tax assets            | 1,639,000                    | 1,051,000  |
| Valuation allowance                  | (1,475,100 )                 | (945,900 ) |
| Deferred tax assets, net - long-term | \$ 163,900                   | \$ 105,100 |

Operations in the USA have incurred a cumulative net operating loss of approximately \$3,465,850 as of June 30, 2014, which may be available to reduce future taxable income. This carry-forward will expire if not utilized by 2034. Other deferred tax assets relating to the allowance for doubtful accounts, stock compensation expenses and net operating loss amounting to \$224,000, \$411,000 and \$1,004,000 have been recorded respectively. 90% of the deferred tax assets balance has been provided as valuation allowance as of June 30, 2014 based on management's estimate.

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## 10. CONCENTRATIONS

### *Major Customer*

For the year ended June 30, 2014, two customers accounted for approximately 35% and 18% of the Company's revenues. For the year ended June 30, 2013, approximately 63% of the Company's revenues were from one customer.

### *Major Suppliers*

For the year ended June 30, 2014, two suppliers accounted for 21% and 12% of the total cost of revenues, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2013, two suppliers accounted for 22% and 10% of the cost of revenues, respectively.

## 11. SEGMENT REPORTING

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting", establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments on a basis consistent with the Company's internal organizational structure as well as information about geographical areas, business segments and major customers in financial statements for details on the Company's business segments.

The Company's chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer who reviews the financial information of separate operating segments when making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance of the group. Based on management's assessment, the Company has determined that it has three operating segments: shipping agency service, shipping and chartering services, and inland transportation management services.

Historically, the Company engages primarily in the delivery of shipping agency services but during fiscal 2014, it has expanded its service delivery platform to include shipping and chartering services (launched during the quarter ended September 30, 2013) and inland transportation management services (launched during the quarter ended December 31, 2013). These new services are part of the Company's strategic initiatives to diversify its service offering, broaden its service platform, and improve its operating profit.



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The following tables present summary information by segment for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively:

|                               | For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 |                                |   | Total        |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------|
|                               | Shipping Agency Service          | Shipping & Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services |              |
| Revenues                      | \$7,523,983                      | \$ 1,937,196                   | \$ 2,183,213                              | \$11,644,392 |
| Cost of revenues              | \$6,010,058                      | \$ 1,291,048                   | \$ 312,353                                | \$7,613,459  |
| Gross profit                  | \$1,513,925                      | \$ 646,148                     | \$ 1,870,860                              | \$4,030,933  |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$120,095                        | \$ 875                         | \$ 34,687                                 | \$155,657    |
| Total capital expenditures    | \$192,434                        | \$ -                           | \$ 10,818                                 | \$203,252    |
| Total assets                  | \$3,094,804                      | \$ 425,410                     | \$ 2,193,740                              | \$5,713,954  |

|                               | For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 |                                |   | Total        |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------|
|                               | Shipping Agency Service          | Shipping & Chartering Services | Inland Transportation Management Services |              |
| Revenues                      | \$17,331,759                     | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$17,331,759 |
| Cost of revenues              | \$15,402,743                     | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$15,402,743 |
| Gross profit                  | \$1,929,016                      | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$1,929,016  |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$198,825                        | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$198,825    |
| Total capital expenditures    | \$67,116                         | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$67,116     |
| Total assets                  | \$7,536,205                      | \$ -                           | \$ -                                      | \$7,536,205  |

## 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In June 2013, the Company signed a 5-year global logistic service agreement with TEWOO Chemical & Light Industry Zhiyuan Trade Co., Ltd. and TianJin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. (together “Zhiyuan”). TianJin Zhi Yuan Investment Group Co., Ltd. is owned by Mr. Zhong Zhang, the largest shareholder of the Company. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company had no business transaction with Zhiyuan. During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the Company executed a shipping and chartering services agreement with Zhiyuan whereby it assisted in the transportation of approximately 51,000 tons of chromite ore from South Africa to China. In September 2013, the Company executed an inland transportation management service contract with Zhiyuan whereby it would provide certain advisory services and help control its potential commodities loss during the transportation process. In addition, the Company executed a one-year short-term loan agreement with Zhiyuan, effective January 1, 2014, to facilitate the working capital needs of Zhiyuan on an as-needed basis. As of June 30, 2014, the net amount due from Zhiyuan was \$2,920,950, inclusive of a non-interest bearing short-term loan of \$1,801,709.

As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company is owed \$252,815 and \$541,400, respectively, from Sino-G Trading Inc. (“Sino-G”), an entity that is owned by the brother-in-law of the Company’s CEO. Sino-G previously served as a funds transfer agent for the Company’s services in Tianjin, PRC. The Company expects the entire amount to be repaid without interest during fiscal year 2015.

## 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 27, 2014, the Company entered into an Underwriting Agreement (the “Underwriting Agreement”) with National Securities Corporation (the “Underwriter”) relating to the registered offering of 572,000 shares of common stock, without par value per share. The price to the public in the offering was \$1.76 per share. Under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriter an option, exercisable for 30 days, to purchase up to an additional 85,800 shares of common stock from the Company at the same price to cover over-allotments, if any. The Company closed the public offering on July 2, 2014 and the Underwriter subsequently purchased an additional 75,000 shares. The offering was made pursuant to our effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration Statement No. 333-194211) declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 15, 2014, as supplemented by an applicable prospectus supplement. The total number of shares sold in the offering was 647,000 shares of common stock.

On August 8, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire all of the equity of Longhe Ship Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (“LSM”) from Mr. Deming Wang to further broaden its service platform and ship management business. Mr. Deming Wang is a shareholder of the Company who held approximately 3.6% of the shares of common stock of the Company at the time of the acquisition agreement. Under the terms of the acquisition agreement, the purchase price for the equity of LSM will be between 20,000 and 200,000 shares of common stock of the Company, depending on the net income of LSM from July 4, 2014 through December 31, 2014. The first payment

due under the agreement is an escrow payment of 50,000 shares of common stock of the Company. On August 22, 2014, the Company issued such 50,000 shares to be held in escrow to Mr. Deming Wang, in connection with the acquisition of LSM.

On August 29, 2014, the Company issued in the aggregate 400,000 shares under the Company's incentive plan to two consultants, as more fully described above under Note 6, Equity Transactions.

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**4,000,000 Shares of Common Stock**

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD.**

**PROSPECTUS**

NATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

**Until \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.**

## **PART II - INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS**

### **ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION**

The expenses to be paid by the Registrant are as follows. All amounts, other than the SEC registration fee, the Nasdaq Capital Market fee and FINRA filing fee, are estimates.

|  | Amount to<br>Be Paid |
|--|----------------------|
| SEC registration fee                         | \$ 976               |
| Nasdaq Capital Market additional listing fee | \$ 5,000             |
| FINRA filing fee                             | \$ 1,760             |
| Printing and engraving expenses              | \$ 10,000            |
| Legal fees and expenses                      | \$ 300,000           |
| Accounting fees and expenses                 | \$ 70,000            |
| Transfer agent and registrar fees            | \$ 5,000             |
| Miscellaneous                                | \$ 50,000            |
| Total  | \$ 442,736           |

### **ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

Section 13.1-697 of the Virginia Stock Corporation Act permits corporations to indemnify an individual made a party to a proceeding because he is or was a director against liability incurred in the proceeding if the director:

1. Conducted himself in good faith; and
2. Believed:
  - a. In the case of conduct in his official capacity with the corporation, that his conduct was in its best interests; and
  - b. In all other cases, that his conduct was at least not opposed to its best interests; and
3. In the case of any criminal proceeding, he had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

Our First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation contain the following provision relating to indemnification of our officers and directors:

The Corporation shall indemnify (a) any person who was, is or may become a party to any proceeding, including a proceeding brought by a shareholder in the right of the Corporation or brought by or on behalf of shareholders of the Corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director or officer of the Corporation, or (b) any director or officer who is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, trustee, partner or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against any liability incurred by him in connection with such proceeding unless he engaged in willful misconduct or a knowing violation of criminal law. A person is considered to be serving an employee benefit plan at the Corporation's request if his duties to the Corporation also impose duties on, or otherwise involve securities by, him to the plan or to participants in or beneficiaries of the plan. The Board of Directors is hereby empowered, by a majority vote of a quorum of disinterested Directors, to enter into a contract to indemnify any Director or officer in respect of any proceedings arising from any act or omission, whether occurring before or after the execution of such contract.

Expenses incurred by a person who is otherwise entitled to be indemnified by us in defending or investigating a threatened or pending action, suit or proceeding shall be paid by us in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is not entitled to be indemnified by us.

Our Bylaws provide that we may indemnify every person who was or is a party or is or was threatened to be made a party to any action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was our employee or agent or, while our employee or agent, is or was serving at our request as an employee or agent or trustee or another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against expenses (including counsel fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers and controlling persons, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

## ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

Following are all issuances of securities by the registrant during the past three years which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for the following issuances. Unless noted otherwise, the proceeds were used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

On April 19, 2013, the Company sold 1,800,000 shares of its common stock for a purchase price of \$3,040,412 to Mr. Zhong Zhang, a majority shareholder in the Zhiyuan Investment Group.

On June 23, 2014, the Company sold 200,000 shares of its common stock for \$444,000 to Crystal Spring Holdings Limited, a company owned by Mr. Deming Wang, a major shareholder of Zhenghe.

In connection with our September 2014 acquisition of LSM, 50,000 shares of our common stock which may be issued to Mr. Wang as the purchase price based upon LSM achieving certain net income targets, are being held in escrow and are treated as being issued and outstanding. The exact number of our shares Mr. Wang will be entitled to receive will be determined subsequent to December 31, 2014.

## ITEM 16. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

| Number | Exhibit  |
|--------|--|
| 2.1    | Underwriting Agreement*  |
| 3.1    | First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd.(1)  |
| 3.2    | Bylaws of Sino-Global Shipping America, Ltd. (2)   |
| 4.1    | Specimen Certificate for Common Stock. (2)   |
| 5.1    | Opinion of Kaufman & Canoles*  |
| 10.1   | Exclusive Management Consulting and Technical Services Agreement by and between Trans Pacific and Sino-China. (2)                            |
| 10.2   | Exclusive Marketing Agreement by and between Trans Pacific and Sino-China. (2)   |
| 10.3   | Proxy Agreement by and among Lei Cao, Mingwei Zhang, the Company and Sino-China. (2)   |
| 10.4   | Equity Interest Pledge Agreement by and among Trans Pacific, Lei Cao and Mingwei Zhang. (2)  |
| 10.5   | Exclusive Equity Interest Purchase Agreement by and among the Company, Lei Cao, Mingwei Zhang and Sino-China. (2)                            |
| 10.6   | First Amended and Restated Exclusive Management Consulting and Technical Services Agreement by and between Trans Pacific and Sino-China. (2) |

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- 10.7 First Amended and Restated Exclusive Marketing Agreement by and between Trans Pacific and Sino-China. (2)
- 10.8 The Company's 2008 Stock Incentive Plan. (2)
- 10.9 The Company's 2014 Stock Incentive Plan. (3)
- 14.1 Code of Ethics of the Company.(4)
- 21.1 List of subsidiaries of the Company.(5)
- 23.1 Consent of Kaufman & Canoles (included in Exhibit 5.1.)\*
- 23.2 Consent of Gusrae Kaplan Nusbaum PLLC\*
- 23.3 Consent of Friedman LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting firm. +
- 24.1 Power of Attorney. (on signature page).

\* Previously filed

+ Filed herewith

- (1) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 27, 2014.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File Nos. 333-150858 and 333-148611).
- (3) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed with the SEC on April 23, 2014 (File No. 333-194211).
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on September 29, 2008 (File No. 001-34024).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on September 30, 2014.

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## ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS

The Registrant hereby undertakes:

(a) to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement to:

- (i) include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
- (ii) reflect in the prospectus any facts or events which, individually or together, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
- (iii) include any additional or changed information with respect to the plan of distribution.

(b) that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(c) to file a post-effective amendment to remove from registration any of the securities that remain unsold at the end of the offering.

(d) that insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person to the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being

registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question of whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(e) that, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned on December 3, 2014.

**SINO-GLOBAL SHIPPING AMERICA, LTD.**

By: /s/ Lei Cao  
Name: Lei Cao  
Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

**Power of Attorney**

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Lei Cao and Anthony S. Chan, and each of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, each with full power of substitution and re-substitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this Registration Statement and any and all related registration statements pursuant to Rule 462(b) of the Securities Act, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated have signed this Registration Statement or Amendment thereto on Form S-1.

| <b>SIGNATURE</b>                       | <b>TITLE</b>  | <b>DATE</b>         |
|--|---|---------------------|
| /s/ Lei Cao<br>Lei Cao                 | Chief Executive Officer and Director<br>(Principal Executive Officer)                       | December 3,<br>2014 |
| /s/ Anthony S. Chan<br>Anthony S. Chan | Acting Chief Financial Officer<br>(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer) and Director | December 3,<br>2014 |
| /s/ Jing Wang                          | Director  | December 3,<br>2014 |

Jing Wang

/s/ Ming Zhu

Director

December 3,  
2014

Ming Zhu

/s/ Tieliang Liu

Director

December 3,  
2014

Tieliang Liu

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## EXHIBIT INDEX

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| 23.3   | Consent of Friedman LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting firm. +  |
| 24.1   | Power of Attorney. (on signature page).  |

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