

Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
September 14, 2010

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- ☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2010

- ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 000-50956

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

20-0653570  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

Pharma-Bio Serv Building,  
# 6 Road 696  
Dorado, Puerto Rico  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

00646  
(Zip Code)

787-278-2709  
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Edgar Filing: Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Non-accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of September 10, 2010 was 20,751,215.

---

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
FORM 10-Q  
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JULY 31, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1 – Financial Statements	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of July 31, 2010 and October 31, 2009 (unaudited)	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)	5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	6
Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12
Item 4 – Controls and Procedures	17
PART II OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1 – Legal Proceedings	18
Item 6 – Exhibits	18
SIGNATURES	19

## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(Unaudited)

	July 31, 2010 *	October 31, 2009 **
<b>ASSETS:</b>		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,929,126	\$ 2,051,874
Accounts receivable	2,711,208	2,034,963
Other	284,950	298,830
Total current assets	4,925,284	4,385,667
Property and equipment	1,377,819	1,567,145
Other assets	41,724	69,469
Total assets	\$ 6,344,827	\$ 6,022,281
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities		
Current portion-obligations under capital leases	\$ 17,873	\$ 43,737
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,193,525	1,112,739
Income taxes payable	226,439	140,443
Total current liabilities	1,437,837	1,296,919
Obligations under capital leases, less current portion	58,529	62,385
Total liabilities	1,496,366	1,359,304
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; none outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized 50,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 20,751,215 shares	2,075	2,075
Additional paid-in capital	636,056	602,508
Retained earnings	4,257,565	4,068,817
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(47,235)	(10,423)
Total stockholders' equity	4,848,461	4,662,977
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 6,344,827	\$ 6,022,281

\*

Unaudited.

\*\*

Condensed from audited financial statements.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income  
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
REVENUES	\$ 2,926,207	\$ 2,626,531	\$ 8,256,550	\$ 8,659,944
COST OF SERVICES	2,037,708	1,753,351	5,860,133	5,732,323
GROSS PROFIT	888,499	873,180	2,396,417	2,927,621
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	683,740	710,050	2,064,029	2,208,698
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	204,759	163,130	332,388	718,923
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest expense	(1,497)	(4,484)	(4,194)	(50,811)
Interest income	2,969	4,988	11,933	20,971
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	-	-	1,920	6,081
	1,472	504	9,659	(23,759)
INCOME BEFORE TAXES	206,231	163,634	342,047	695,164
INCOME TAXES	84,822	110,345	153,299	354,478
NET INCOME	\$ 121,409	\$ 53,289	\$ 188,748	\$ 340,686
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.006	\$ 0.003	\$ 0.009	\$ 0.016
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.005	\$ 0.002	\$ 0.008	\$ 0.015
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – BASIC	20,751,215	20,751,215	20,751,215	20,751,215
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – DILUTED	22,442,800	22,461,517	22,371,847	22,287,638

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Net income	\$ 121,409	\$ 53,289	\$ 188,748	\$ 340,686
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	-	-	(1,920)	(6,081)
Stock-based compensation	4,830	11,290	33,548	47,256
Depreciation and amortization	79,523	71,370	242,312	236,900
Imputed interest expense	-	-	-	43,108
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(849,220)	45,065	(701,547)	1,078,501
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(65,840)	(99,726)	26,759	(63,329)
Increase in liabilities	123,108	208,442	186,656	8,578
<b>NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(586,190)</b>	<b>289,730</b>	<b>(25,444)</b>	<b>1,685,619</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Acquisition of property and equipment	(7,562)	(115,745)	(27,617)	(211,556)
Payments for business assets acquisition	-	-	-	(150,394)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	-	-	-	12,400
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(7,562)</b>	<b>(115,745)</b>	<b>(27,617)</b>	<b>(349,550)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Payments on obligations under capital lease	(11,751)	(5,691)	(38,378)	(25,978)
Payments to affiliate	-	-	-	(2,250,000)
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(11,751)</b>	<b>(5,691)</b>	<b>(38,378)</b>	<b>(2,275,978)</b>
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH</b>	<b>(14,653)</b>	<b>2,128</b>	<b>(31,309)</b>	<b>2,331</b>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(620,156)</b>	<b>170,422</b>	<b>(122,748)</b>	<b>(937,578)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>2,549,282</b>	<b>1,979,990</b>	<b>2,051,874</b>	<b>3,087,990</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 1,929,126</b>	<b>\$ 2,150,412</b>	<b>\$ 1,929,126</b>	<b>\$ 2,150,412</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:</b>				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Income taxes	\$ 52,200	\$ 99,897	\$ 67,668	\$ 289,904
Interest	\$ 1,497	\$ 4,485	\$ 4,194	\$ 7,703
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
	\$ 576	\$ -	\$ 4,030	\$ 18,924

Edgar Filing: Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Income tax withheld by clients to be used as a credit in the Company's income tax return

Obligations under capital lease incurred for the acquisition of a vehicle

\$ - \$ - \$ 31,918 \$ 58,970

Property and equipment with accumulated depreciation of \$12,355 and \$98,334 disposed during the nine month periods ended in July 31, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

\$ - \$ - \$ 33,695 \$ 138,180

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.  
Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements  
July 31, 2010  
(Unaudited)

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. ("Pharma-Bio") is a Delaware corporation organized on January 14, 2004. Pharma-Bio is the parent company of Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. ("Pharma-PR"), Pharma Serv, Inc. ("Pharma-Serv"), both Puerto Rico corporations, Pharma-Bio Serv US, Inc. ("Pharma-US"), a Delaware corporation, and Pharma-Bio Serv Validation & Compliance Limited ("Pharma-IR"), a majority owned Irish corporation. Pharma-Bio, Pharma-PR, Pharma Serv, Pharma-US and Pharma-IR are collectively referred to as the "Company." The Company operates in Puerto Rico, the United States and in Ireland under the name of Pharma-Bio Serv and is engaged in providing technical compliance consulting service, and microbiological and chemical laboratory testing services primarily to the pharmaceutical, chemical, medical device and biotechnology industries.

Pharma-US is a wholly owned subsidiary. As of July 31, 2010, it was in development stage and has not incurred significant revenues or expenses.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of October 31, 2009 is derived from audited consolidated financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. The results of operations for the nine months ended July 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of expected results for the full 2010 fiscal year.

The accompanying financial data as of July 31, 2010, and for the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, has been prepared by us, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally contained in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes contained in our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2009.

Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed



consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments (excluding obligations under capital leases): cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are considered reasonable estimates of fair value due to their liquidity or short-term nature. Management believes, based on current rates, that the fair value of its obligations under capital leases approximates the carrying amount.

## Revenues Recognition

Revenues are primarily derived from: (1) time and materials contracts (representing over 80% of total revenues), which is recognized by applying the proportional performance model, whereby revenue is recognized as performance occurs, (2) short-term fixed-fee contracts or "not to exceed" contracts, which revenue is recognized similarly, except that certain milestones also have to be reached before revenue is recognized, and (3) laboratory testing which is mainly recognized as the testing is completed and certified (normally within days of sample receipt from customer). If the Company determines that a contract will result in a loss, the Company recognizes the estimated loss in the period in which such determination is made.

## Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash equivalents include investments in a money market obligations trust that is registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

## Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at their estimated realizable value. Accounts are deemed past due when payment has not been received within the stated time period. The Company's policy is to review individual past due amounts periodically and write-off amounts for which all collection efforts are deemed to have been exhausted. Due to the nature of the Company's customers, bad debts are mainly accounted for using the direct write-off method whereby an expense is recognized only when a specific account is determined to be uncollectible. The effect of using this method approximates that of the allowance method.

## Income Taxes

The Company follows an asset and liability approach method of accounting for income taxes. This method measures deferred income taxes by applying enacted statutory rates in effect at the balance sheet date to the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts on the financial statements. The resulting deferred tax assets or liabilities are adjusted to reflect changes in tax laws as they occur. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

## Property and equipment

Owned property and equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Equipment and vehicles under capital leases are stated at the lower of fair market value or net present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases.

Depreciation and amortization of owned assets are provided for, when placed in service, in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, using straight-line basis. Assets under capital leases and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or initial lease term. Major renewals and betterments that extend the life of the assets are capitalized, while expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred. As of July 31, 2010 and October 31, 2009, the accumulated depreciation and amortization amounted to \$875,706 and \$660,750, respectively.

The Company evaluates for impairment its long-lived assets to be held and used, and long-lived assets to be disposed of, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Based on management estimates, no impairment of the operating properties was present.

Intangible assets

Definite-lived intangible assets, such as customer lists and covenants not to compete, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The Company continually evaluates the reasonableness of the useful lives of these assets.

-7-

---

### Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on the fair value of the awards granted. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally represents the vesting period, and includes an estimate of awards that will be forfeited. The Company calculates the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model at grant date. Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation are reflected as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating activities. The Company has not recognized such cash flow from financing activities since there has been no tax benefit related to the stock-based compensation.

### Income Per Share of Common Stock

Basic income per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted income per share includes the dilution of common stock equivalents.

The diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding were calculated using the treasury stock method for the respective periods.

### Foreign Operations

The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiary is its local currency. The assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiary are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The cumulative translation effect for subsidiaries using a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar is included as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income or loss.

The Company's intercompany accounts are typically denominated in the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary. Gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables that the Company considers to be of a long-term investment nature are recorded as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income or loss, while gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables from those international subsidiaries for which the Company anticipates settlement in the foreseeable future are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. The net gains and losses recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of income were not significant for the periods presented.

### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the July 31, 2009 condensed consolidated financial statements to conform them to the July 31, 2010 condensed consolidated financial statements presentation. Such reclassifications do not affect net income as previously reported.

### NOTE B - RECENTLY ISSUED AND ADOPTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

1. In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") approved the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification") as the single source of authoritative non-governmental generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). All existing accounting standard documents, such as FASB, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Emerging Issues Task Force and other related literature, excluding guidance from the SEC, have been superseded by the Codification. All other non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification has become nonauthoritative. The Codification did not change GAAP, but instead introduced a new

structure that combines all authoritative standards into a comprehensive, topically organized online database. The Codification is effective for interim or annual periods ending after September 15, 2009, and impacts the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, as all future references to authoritative accounting literature will be referenced in accordance with the Codification. As a result of the Company's implementation of the Codification, previous references to new accounting standards and literature are no longer applicable.

2. The FASB issued guidance related to the accounting for business combinations and related disclosures which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. This new guidance addresses the recognition and accounting for identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and noncontrolling interests in business combinations. The guidance also establishes expanded disclosure requirements for business combinations. Accordingly, the Company will apply this new guidance prospectively to all business combinations subsequent to November 1, 2009. The nature and magnitude of the specific effects of this standard will depend upon the nature, terms and size of the acquisitions the Company completes after the effective date, if any.

3. The FASB issued guidance related to the accounting for noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements which is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. This guidance establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. This guidance requires that noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries be reported in the equity section of the controlling company's balance sheet. It also changes the manner in which the net income of the subsidiary is reported and disclosed in the controlling company's income statement. Accordingly, the Company adopted this new standard effective November 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

4. Other recently issued FASB guidance and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletins have either been implemented or are not applicable to the Company.

#### NOTE C - INCOME TAXES

The Company adopted guidance from the FASB related to Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes which includes a two-step approach to recognizing, de-recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. As of July 31, 2010, the Company had no significant uncertain tax positions that would be reduced as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations.

On July 2008, Pharma-Bio and Pharma-PR obtained a Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption ("the Grant") from the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 135 of December 2, 1997, as amended. The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, mostly for the Company's microbiological and chemical laboratory testing facility and service activities outside of Puerto Rico. For the nine months ended in July 31, 2010 and 2009, these activities had no taxable income. The Grant is effective as of September 1, 2007 and covers a ten year period. Activities covered by the Grant are subject to a reduced income tax rate of 7%.

The operations carried out in the United States by the Company's subsidiary are taxed in the United States. With certain limitations, the Company receives a credit on its Puerto Rico tax for the federal income tax paid. Also, upon distribution of earnings by the Puerto Rican subsidiary to its parent those dividends are taxed at the federal level, however, the parent is able to receive a credit for the taxes paid by the subsidiary on its operations in Puerto Rico, to the extent of the federal taxes that result from those earnings (determined at rates which are normally lower than in Puerto Rico). As a result, the income tax expense of the Company, under its present corporate structure, would normally be the Puerto Rico taxes on operations in Puerto Rico, plus 10% withholding in Puerto Rico from dividends paid to the Puerto Rican subsidiary's parent, plus federal taxes on operations in the United States.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the consolidated financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income.

The Company has not recognized deferred income taxes on undistributed earnings of its Puerto Rican subsidiary, since such earnings are considered to be reinvested indefinitely. If the earnings were distributed in the form of dividends, the Company would be subject to a tollgate tax.

Pharma-Bio and Pharma-IR have unused operating losses which result in a potential deferred tax asset. However, an allowance has been provided covering the total amount of such balance since it is uncertain whether the net operating losses can be used to offset future taxable income before their expiration dates. Realization of future tax benefits related to a deferred tax asset is dependent on many factors, including the company's ability to generate taxable income. Accordingly, the income tax benefit will be recognized when realization is determined to be more probable than not. These net operating losses are available to offset future taxable income which expires for Pharma-Bio in 2027 while for Pharma-IR are available indefinitely.

The statutory income tax rate differs from the effective rate mainly due to income tax permanent differences between financial and tax books income.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States (federal and various states jurisdictions), Puerto Rico and Ireland. The 2004 through 2009 tax years are open and may be subject to potential examination in one or more jurisdictions. The Company is not currently under income tax examination.

#### NOTE D - DUE TO AFFILIATE

Pursuant to a plan and agreement of merger dated January 25, 2006, the Company agreed to pay its then sole stockholder of Pharma-PR three installments of \$2,750,000 on January 25, 2007, 2008 and 2009, including imputed interest of 6.72%. The last installment was paid in full during fiscal year 2009.

#### NOTE E – WARRANTS

At July 31, 2010 and October 31, 2009 the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase 10,079,991 and 11,053,216 shares of the Company's common stock, respectively, at prices ranging from \$0.06 to \$1.65 per share. The warrants became exercisable at various dates commencing in 2004 and expire at various dates through 2014. An aggregate of 973,225 of Series C Common Stock Purchase Warrants of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.7344 expired on January 24, 2010.

#### NOTE F – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following data shows the amounts used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income available to common equity holders - used to compute basic and diluted earning per share	\$ 121,409	\$ 53,289	\$ 188,748	\$ 340,686
Weighted average number of common shares - used to compute basic earning per share	20,751,215	20,751,215	20,751,215	20,751,215
Effect of warrants to purchase common stock	1,691,585	1,710,302	1,620,632	1,536,423
Effect of options to purchase common stock	-	-	-	-
Weighted average number of shares - used to compute diluted earnings per share	22,442,800	22,461,517	22,371,847	22,287,638

Warrants for the purchase of 7,999,400 shares of common stock for the three-month and nine-month periods ended in July 31, 2010, and 8,972,625 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended in July 31, 2009, were not included in computing diluted earnings per share because their effects were antidilutive. In addition, options for the purchase of 1,267,882 shares of common stock for the three-month and nine-month periods ended in July 31, 2010, and 1,347,913 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended in July 31, 2009, were not included in computing diluted earnings per share because their effects were also antidilutive.



**NOTE G - CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK****Cash and cash equivalents**

The Company maintains cash deposits in an FDIC insured bank and in a money market obligations trust, registered under the US Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The bank deposit balances frequently exceed federally insured limits. No losses have been experienced or are expected on these accounts.

**Accounts receivable and revenues**

Management deems all of its accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and, as such, does not maintain any allowances for uncollectible receivables.

The Company's revenues, and the related receivables, are concentrated in the pharmaceutical industry in Puerto Rico, the United States of America and Ireland. Although a few customers represent a significant source of revenue, the Company's functions are not a continuous process, accordingly, the client base for which the services are typically rendered, on a project-by-project basis, changes regularly.

The Company provided a substantial portion of its services to three customers, which accounted for 10% or more of its revenues in either of the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 or 2009. During the three months ended July 31, 2010, revenues from these customers were 21%, 16% and 6%, or a total of 43%, as compared to the same period last year for 11%, 19% and 8%, or a total of 38%, respectively. For the nine months ended July 31, 2010 revenues from these customers were 21%, 14% and 10%, or a total of 45%, as compared to the same period last year for 7%, 23% and 8%, or a total of 38%, respectively. At July 31, 2010 amounts due from these customers represented 39% of the Company's total accounts receivable balance.

**NOTE H - SEGMENT DISCLOSURES**

The Company's segments are based on the organizational structure for which financial results are regularly evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to determine resource allocation and assess performance. Each reportable segment is managed by its own management team and reports to executive management. The Company has two reportable segments: (i) Puerto Rico and United States consulting, and (ii) Ireland consulting. Both reportable segments provide technical compliance consulting service primarily to the pharmaceutical, chemical, medical device and biotechnology industries in their respective markets.

The following table presents information about the reported revenue from services and earnings from operations of the Company for the three and nine month periods ended in July 31, 2010 and 2009. There is no intersegment revenue for the mentioned periods. Corporate expenses that support the operating units have been allocated to the segments. Asset information by reportable segment is not presented, since the Company does not produce such information internally, nor does it use such data to manage its business.

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Puerto Rico and United States consulting	\$ 2,043,428	\$ 2,040,676	\$ 5,829,619	\$ 7,175,171
Ireland consulting	600,616	287,198	1,723,188	613,916
Other segments <sup>1</sup>	282,163	298,657	703,743	870,857
Total consolidated revenues	\$ 2,926,207	\$ 2,626,531	\$ 8,256,550	\$ 8,659,944

**INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES:**

Puerto Rico and United States consulting	\$ 236,656	\$ 261,309	\$ 618,846	\$ 956,193
Ireland consulting	16,607	(44,989)	4,358	(113,717)
Other segments <sup>1</sup>	(47,032)	(52,686)	(281,157)	(147,312)
Total consolidated income before taxes	\$ 206,231	\$ 163,634	\$ 342,047	\$ 695,164

<sup>1</sup> Other segments represent activities that fall below the reportable threshold and are carried out in Puerto and United States. These activities include a microbiological and chemical laboratory testing division, a technical seminars/training division, an information technology services and consulting division, and corporate headquarters, as applicable.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes included under Part I Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. See Note H "Segment Disclosures" in the financial statements included under Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for information regarding our two reportable segments. In addition, reference should be made to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto and related Management's Discussion and Analysis appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2009. The following discussion includes forward-looking statements. For a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ from results discussed in the forward-looking statements, see "Forward Looking Statements" below and the "Risk Factors" section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2009.

### Overview

We are a compliance and technology transfer services consulting firm with a laboratory testing facility with headquarters in Puerto Rico, servicing the Puerto Rico, United States and Europe markets. The compliance consulting service sector in those markets consists of local compliance and validation consulting firms, United States dedicated validation and compliance consulting firms and large publicly traded and private domestic and foreign engineering and consulting firms. We provide a broad range of compliance related consulting services. We also provide microbiological testing services and recently commenced providing chemical testing services through our laboratory testing facility ("Lab") in Puerto Rico. We also provide information technology consulting services and technical trainings/seminars, which services are not currently significant to our operating results. We market our services to pharmaceutical, chemical, biotechnology and medical devices, and allied products companies in Puerto Rico, the United States and Europe. Our staff includes more than 125 experienced engineering and life science professionals, and includes former quality assurance managers or directors, and experienced and trained professionals with bachelors, masters and doctorate degrees in health sciences and engineering.

During fiscal 2006 and 2008, respectively, we expanded the markets we serve from Puerto Rico to the United States and Ireland. Our Ireland operation, with an Ireland-based management team reporting to our headquarters, has established a network of potential key customers and contacts that serve as the base for our sales target and opportunities. We are also actively pursuing to further expand our United States market.

We have plans to further penetrate the markets we currently serve. We market our services with an active presence in industry trade shows, professional conventions, industry publications and company provided seminars to the industry. Our senior management is also actively involved in the marketing process, especially in marketing to major accounts. Our senior management and staff also concentrate on developing new business opportunities and focus on the larger customer accounts (by number of professionals or dollar volume) and responding to prospective customers' requests for proposals.

While our core business is US Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and international agencies regulatory compliance related services, we feel that our clients are in need of other services that we can provide and allow us to present the company as a global solution provider with a portfolio of integrated services that will bring value added solutions to our customers. Accordingly, we expanded our portfolio of services to include a laboratory testing facility, an information technology consulting practice and a training center that provides seminars/trainings to the industry.

Our Lab, located in Puerto Rico, with an investment of \$1.25 million for microbiology testing, commenced operations in early fiscal 2009. The Lab incorporates the latest technology and test methodologies meeting pharmacopoeia industry standards and regulations. It currently offers microbiological testing and related services to our core

industries already serviced, as well as the cosmetic and food industries. The Lab is expanding its services to include chemical and environmental testing at an approximate investment of \$280,000, which was partially incurred during fiscal year 2009 and will be further incurred in fiscal year 2010.

We identified the industry need for, and the opportunity to provide, technical seminars/trainings that will incorporate the latest regulatory trends and standards as well as other related areas. A network of leading industry professional experts in their field, which includes resources of our own, were identified and teamed to provide these seminars/training to the industry through our "Pharma Serv Academy" division. Our goal is to provide these services and market our company in the markets we currently serve, as well as others.

In December 2008, we acquired the operations and assets of Integratek Corp. ("Integratek"), an information technology services and consulting firm based in Puerto Rico. Integratek provides a variety of information technology services such as web pages and portals development, digital art design, intranets, extranets, software development including database integration, Windows and web applications development, software technical training and learning management systems, technology project management, and compliance consulting services, among others. Integratek is a Microsoft Certified Partner and a reseller for technology products from leading vendors in the market. Although this operation is not currently significant to our operating results, our goal is to broaden the portfolio of services that we can provide to our customer base and also target other potential customers in other industries.

In line with the strategy to penetrate the US market, on September 1, 2010, we obtained the renewal of the certification as a "minority-controlled company" as defined by the National Minority Supplier Development Council and Growth Initiative ("NMSDC"). The certification allows us to participate in corporate diversity programs available from various potential customers in the United States and Puerto Rico.

On July 2008, Pharma-Bio and Pharma-PR obtained a Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption ("the Grant") from the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 135 of December 2, 1997, as amended. The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, mostly for our new Lab and service activities outside of Puerto Rico. The Grant is effective as of September 1, 2007 and covers a ten year period. Activities covered by the Grant are subject to a reduced income tax rate of 7%.

Although we believe we have instituted the right strategies to be profitable and seek growth, we cannot control the fact that the industry and the local and global economies have undergone a recession and that has affected our operation and business growth.

The reduction in operations of some of our clients, mostly triggered by the global economic recession and the industry worldwide consolidation, continues to affect our revenues and our growth plans for fiscal 2010. For the nine-month period ended July 31, 2010 our total net revenues decreased by approximately \$0.4 million or 4.7%, when compared to the same period last year. In order to maintain volume in the markets we serve and ensure we are price competitive, we continue to adjust our pricing and gross margin structure accordingly. In addition, since fiscal year 2009 we implemented cost containment measures and have refocused the overall operations strategy to reduce our overhead costs. These factors have led our nine-month period ended July 31, 2010 net income to be approximately \$189,000, a decline of \$152,000 when compared with the same period last year.

The following table sets forth information as to our revenue for the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, by geographic regions (dollars in thousands).

Revenues by Region:	Three months ended July 31,				Nine months ended July 31,			
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
Puerto Rico	\$ 1,940	66.3%	\$ 1,934	73.6%	\$ 5,567	67.4%	\$ 6,388	73.8%
United States	386	13.2%	405	15.5%	966	11.7%	1,658	19.1%
Ireland	600	20.5%	287	10.9%	1,723	20.9%	614	7.1%
	\$ 2,926		\$ 2,626		\$ 8,256		\$ 8,660	

Weak economies where we do business and worldwide industry consolidations continue to be unfavorable factors affecting fiscal year 2010. These factors and the impact over the industry, if any, of the recently enacted US health care reform (Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act) remain as industry uncertainties that might adversely affect our future performance. We believe that our future profitability and liquidity will be highly dependent on the effect the global economy, changes in tax laws and worldwide industry consolidations will have over our operations, and our ability to seek service opportunities and adapt to the then current industry trends.



## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our statements of operations for the three-month and nine-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, (dollars in thousands) and as a percentage of revenue:

	Three months ended July 31,				Nine months ended July 31,			
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
Revenues	\$ 2,926	100.0%	\$ 2,626	100.0%	\$ 8,256	100.0%	\$ 8,660	100.0%
Cost of services	2,038	69.7%	1,753	66.8%	5,860	71.0%	5,732	66.2%
Gross profit	888	30.3%	873	33.2%	2,396	29.0%	2,928	33.8%
Selling, general and administrative costs	683	23.3%	710	27.0%	2,064	25.0%	2,209	25.5%
Interest expense	2	0.1%	5	0.2%	4	0.0%	51	0.6%
Interest income	3	-0.1%	5	-0.2%	12	-0.1%	21	-0.2%
Gain on disposition of property	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	2	0.0%	6	-0.1%
Income before income taxes	206	7.0%	163	6.2%	342	4.1%	695	8.0%
Income tax expense	85	2.9%	110	4.2%	153	1.9%	354	4.1%
Net income	121	4.1%	53	2.0%	189	2.2%	341	3.9%

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended July 31, 2010 were \$2.9 million, a net increase of approximately \$0.3 million or 11.4%, when compared to the same period last year. The improvement is mainly attributable to the increase of approximately \$0.3 million in consulting service revenue from the Ireland operation. All other divisions sustained no significant variance when compared to the same period last year.

For the nine-month period ended July 31, 2010 revenues were \$8.3 million, a net decrease of approximately \$0.4 million or 4.7% from the comparable nine-month period last year. The reduction is mainly attributable to the decrease in Puerto Rico and the United States market consulting service revenues of \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, decrease in Lab revenue for approximately \$0.1 million, partially offset by a net increase of \$1.1 million generated by the Ireland consulting operation.

Decreases in the Puerto Rico and United States revenue are mostly due to the global economic recession and the closing of, or decrease in, operations of some pharmaceutical plants, triggered by operations consolidation. The increase in the Ireland operation is mostly attributable to consulting volume acquired from one customer.

Cost of Services; gross margin. Although the aggregate dollar gross margin for the three-month period ended in July 31, 2010 reflected no significant variance, the gross margin had a net reduction of 2.9 percentage points when compared to the same period last year. The decrease is mainly attributable to the gross margin decline in the Ireland consulting business.

The gross margin for the nine-month period ended in July 31, 2010 reflected a net reduction of 4.8 percentage points when compared to the same period last year. The decline is mainly attributable to reduced margins attained by our Lab and consulting business by 3.1 and 1.7 percentage points, respectively.

The net decline in the gross margin ratio for the three-month and nine-month periods ended in July 31, 2010, as compared to last year, is mainly attributable to the Lab's low gross margin yield as a function of billings versus fixed costs of services, and low consulting margins mostly attained by our Ireland operation.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2010 were approximately \$0.7 and \$2.1 million, respectively, a net reduction in expenses of approximately \$27,000 and \$145,000, respectively, as compared to the same periods last year.

The reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses is mainly attributable to cost containment measures adopted since fiscal year 2009 affecting mostly our headquarter operations.

**Interest Expense.** The interest expense favorable variance for the nine month period ended in July 31, 2010 as compared to the same period last year was approximately \$47,000. Until January 2009 we recognized imputed interest expense incurred in connection with the long-term obligations originated pursuant to a plan and agreement of merger dated January 25, 2006 for the acquisition of Pharma-PR. This obligation ceased when the final installment related to this agreement was made in fiscal year 2009. The expense decreased as annual payments were made through fiscal year 2009.



**Income Taxes Expense.** The decrease in income taxes expense is attributable to the decrease of income before income tax. The statutory income tax rate differs to the effective rate mainly due to income tax permanent differences between financial and taxable books income.

**Net Income.** Our net income for the three months ended July 31, 2010 was approximately \$121,000, an improvement of \$68,000 or an increase in profit margin of 2.1 percentage points, when compared to the same period last year. The slight improvement is mainly attributable to small favorable variances in gross margin, selling general and administrative expenses and income tax expense.

**Net Income** for the nine months ended July 31, 2010 was approximately \$189,000, a decline of \$152,000, or a reduction in profit margin of 1.6 percentage points, when compared to the same period last year. Net income was affected by prior quarters decrease in overall gross margin, partially offset by cost containment measures, favorable variances in interest expense, and the reduction of income tax expense due to the decline in taxable income.

For the three months ended in July 31, 2010, earnings per common share basic and diluted were \$0.006 and \$0.005, respectively, an improvement of \$0.003 for each period when compared to the same period last year. For the nine months ended in July 31, 2010, earnings per common share basic and diluted were \$0.009 and \$0.008, respectively, a decline of \$0.007 for each period when compared to the same period last year.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measure of our ability to meet potential cash requirements, including planned capital expenditures. For the nine months ended July 31, 2010, we generated a working capital increase of approximately \$0.4 million.

Our primary cash needs consist of the payment of compensation to our professional staff, overhead expenses, and statutory taxes. Management believes that based on current level of operations and cash flows from operations, the collectability of high quality customer receivables will be sufficient to fund anticipated expenses and satisfy other possible long-term contractual commitments for the next twelve months.

To the extent that we pursue possible opportunities to expand our operations, either by acquisition or by the establishment of operations in a new locale, we will incur additional overhead, and there may be a delay between the period we commence operations and our generation of net cash flow from operations.

While uncertainties relating to the current local and global economic condition, competition, the industries and geographical regions served by us and other regulatory matters exist within the consulting services industry, management is not aware of any trends or events likely to have a material adverse effect on liquidity in the near term.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We were not involved in any significant off-balance sheet arrangement during the nine months ended July 31, 2010.

#### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There were no material changes during the nine months ended July 31, 2010 to the critical accounting policies reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2009.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

There were no new accounting standards, issued since our filing of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2009, which could have a significant effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

-15-

---

## Forward-Looking Statements

Our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and prospects, and the prevailing market price and performance of our common stock, may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the matters discussed below. Certain statements and information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as other written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized executive officers on our behalf, constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Federal Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include all statements other than those made solely with respect to historical fact and identified by words such as “believes”, “anticipates”, “expects”, “intends” and similar expressions, but such words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We intend for our forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and we set forth this statement and these risk factors in order to comply with such safe harbor provisions. You should note that our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or when made and we undertake no duty or obligation to update or revise our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although we believe that the expectations, plans, intentions and projections reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. The risks, uncertainties and other factors that our stockholders and prospective investors should consider include the following:

- Because our business is concentrated in the pharmaceutical industry, any changes in that industry could impair our ability to generate revenue and realize a profit.
- Because our business is dependent upon a small number of clients, the loss of a major client could impair our ability to operate profitably.
- Customer procurement and sourcing practices intended to reduce costs could have an adverse affect on our margins and profitability.
- Since our business is dependent upon the development and enhancement of patented pharmaceutical products or processes by our clients, the failure of our clients to obtain and maintain patents could impair our ability to operate profitably.
- We may be unable to pass on increased labor costs to our clients.
- Consolidation in the pharmaceutical industry may have a harmful effect on our business.
- Because the pharmaceutical industry is subject to government regulations and specialized laws, changes in government regulations and laws relating to this industry may affect the need for our services.
- Changes in tax benefits may affect the willingness of companies to continue or expand their operations where we do business.
- The economy and local governments’ financial status, may affect the willingness of businesses to commence or expand operations in the markets we serve.
- Other factors, including economic factors, may affect the decision of businesses to continue or expand their operations in the markets we serve.
- If we are unable to protect our clients’ intellectual property, our ability to generate business will be impaired.
- We may be subject to liability if our services or solutions for our clients infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others.
- We may be held liable for the actions of our employees or contractors when on assignment.
- To the extent that we perform services pursuant to fixed-price or incentive-based contracts, our cost of services may exceed our revenue on the contract.

- Because most of our contracts may be terminated on little or no advance notice, our failure to generate new business could impair our ability to operate profitably.
- Because we are dependent upon our management, our ability to develop our business may be impaired if we are not able to engage skilled personnel.
- We may not be able to continue to grow unless we consummate acquisitions or enter markets which we currently do not serve.
- If we identify a proposed acquisition, we may require substantial cash to fund the cost of the acquisition.
- If we make any acquisitions, they may disrupt or have a negative impact on our business.
- Because there is a limited market in our common stock, stockholders may have difficulty in selling our common stock and our common stock may be subject to significant price swings.
- Our quarterly revenues, operating results and profitability will vary from quarter to quarter, which may result in increased volatility of our stock price.
- The issuance of securities, whether in connection with an acquisition or otherwise, may result in significant dilution to our stockholders.
- Additional Sarbanes-Oxley requirements relating to our internal accounting control may affect us adversely if they are imposed in the future.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

##### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report.

##### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Based on an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our last fiscal quarter identified in connection with that evaluation that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II– OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

From time to time, we may be a party to legal proceedings incidental to our business. We do not believe that there are any proceedings threatened or pending against us, which, if determined adversely to us, would have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations and cash flows.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

10.1 Employment Agreement Amendment, effective as of July 1, 2010, by and between the Company and Elizabeth Plaza (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 8, 2010).\*

31.1 Certification of chief executive officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of chief financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certification of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

---

\* Management contract or compensatory plan contract or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.

/s/ Elizabeth Plaza  
Elizabeth Plaza  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Pedro J. Lasanta  
Pedro J. Lasanta  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal  
Accounting  
Officer)

Dated: September 14, 2010