PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL GROUP INC Form 10-Q October 31, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

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TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

1-16725

(Commission file number)

PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

42-1520346

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

711 High Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50392

(Address of principal executive offices)

(515) 247-5111

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer x Accelerated Filer o Non-accelerated Filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The total number of shares of the registrant s Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding as of October 24, 2007 was 261,595,670.

PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements	3
	Consolidated Statements of Financial Position at September 30, 2007 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2006	3
	<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended</u> September 30, 2007 and 2006	4
	<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Stockholders</u> Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006	5
	Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006	6
	Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements September 30, 2007	8
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	35
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	74
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	79
Part II OTHER INFORMATION		
<u>Item 1.</u>	Legal Proceedings	80
<u>Item 2.</u>	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	80
<u>Item 6.</u>	Exhibits	81
Signature		82



Page

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)			ecember 31, 2006
		(in mi	llions)	
Assets				
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$	45,868.5	\$	44,403.5
Fixed maturities, trading		485.4		323.4
Equity securities, available-for-sale		380.3		666.6
Equity securities, trading		244.0		181.0
Mortgage loans		12,290.8		11,663.9
Real estate		908.2		867.0
Policy loans		844.3		850.7
Other investments		1,879.7		1,410.7
Total investments		62,901.2		60,366.8
Cash and cash equivalents		2,558.7		1,590.8
Accrued investment income		761.5		723.5
Premiums due and other receivables		904.7		1,252.3
Deferred policy acquisition costs		2,687.7		2,418.9
Property and equipment		450.8		422.5
Goodwill		370.9		361.9
Other intangibles		1,013.3		981.0
Separate account assets		82,280.5		73,779.6
Other assets		1,688.6		1,760.8
Total assets	\$	155,617.9	\$	143,658.1
Liabilities				
Contractholder funds	\$	39,086.3	\$	36,799.0
Future policy benefits and claims		18,091.6		17,332.6
Other policyholder funds		537.4		619.4
Short-term debt		56.7		84.1
Long-term debt		1,523.3		1,553.8
Income taxes currently payable		2.0		4.2
Deferred income taxes		687.7		917.2
Separate account liabilities		82,280.5		73,779.6
Other liabilities		5,484.1		4,707.4
Total liabilities		147,749.6		135,797.3
Stockholders equity		1,		100,77710
Series A preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share with liquidation preference of \$100 per				
share - 3.0 million shares authorized, issued and outstanding in 2007 and 2006				
Series B preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share with liquidation preference of \$25 per share				
- 10.0 million shares authorized, issued and outstanding in 2007 and 2006		0.1		0.1
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share - 2,500.0 million shares authorized, 385.2 million and		0.1		0.1
383.6 million shares issued, and 262.5 million and 268.4 million shares outstanding in 2007				
and 2006, respectively		3.8		3.8
Additional paid-in capital		8,250.8		8,141.8
Retained earnings		3,617.3		2,824.1
Accumulated other comprehensive income		3,017.5		2,824.1 846.9
Treasury stock, at cost (122.7 million and 115.2 million shares in 2007 and 2006, respectively)		(4,392.1)		(3,955.9)
Total stockholders equity	¢	7,868.3	¢	7,860.8
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	155,617.9	\$	143,658.1

See accompanying notes.

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2006					months ended nber 30, 2006		
	(in millions, excep						2000	
Revenues			· · ·	•				
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 1,171.4	\$	1,060.0	\$	3,456.0	\$	3,206.4	
Fees and other revenues	738.5		465.3		1,953.9		1,387.5	
Net investment income	1,028.9		931.0		2,928.4		2,694.6	
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses)	(89.3)		(6.7)		3.7		23.1	
Total revenues	2,849.5		2,449.6		8,342.0		7,311.6	
Expenses								
Benefits, claims, and settlement expenses	1,643.2		1,426.2		4,725.9		4,227.6	
Dividends to policyholders	73.9		73.0		221.9		217.4	
Operating expenses	800.9		619.5		2,316.0		1,865.8	
Total expenses	2,518.0		2,118.7		7,263.8		6,310.8	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	331.5		330.9		1,078.2		1,000.8	
Income taxes	91.0		72.1		260.3		229.4	
Income from continuing operations, net of related income taxes	240.5		258.8		817.9		771.4	
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income taxes			0.4				0.5	
Net income	240.5		259.2		817.9		771.9	
Preferred stock dividends	8.2		8.2		24.7		24.7	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 232.3	\$	251.0	\$	793.2	\$	747.2	
Earnings per common share								
Basic earnings per common share:								
Income from continuing operations, net of related income taxes	\$ 0.88	\$	0.93	\$	2.97	\$	2.73	
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income taxes								
Net income	\$ 0.88	\$	0.93	\$	2.97	\$	2.73	
Diluted earnings per common share:								
Income from continuing operations, net of related income taxes	\$ 0.87	\$	0.92	\$	2.94	\$	2.70	
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income taxes								
Net income	\$ 0.87	\$	0.92	\$	2.94	\$	2.70	

See accompanying notes.

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity (Unaudited)

	Series A preferred stock	pref	ies B erred ock	 nmon ock	I	dditional paid-in capital (i	e	Retained arnings illions)	com	cumulated other prehensive income	ſ	Treasury stock	Total ckholders equity
Balances at January 1, 2006	\$	\$	0.1	\$ 3.8	\$	8,000.0	\$	2,008.6	\$	994.8	\$	(3,200.1)	\$ 7,807.2
Common stock issued						51.6							51.6
Capital transactions of equity method													
investee, net of related income taxes						1.4							1.4
Stock-based compensation and													
additional related tax benefits						53.6							53.6
Treasury stock acquired, common												(755.7)	(755.7)
Dividends to preferred stockholders								(24.7)					(24.7)
Comprehensive income:													
Net income								771.9					771.9
Net unrealized losses, net										(207.4)			(207.4)
Foreign currency translation										(2.2)			(2.2)
adjustment, net of related income taxes										(9.8)			(9.8)
Comprehensive income													554.7
Balances at September 30, 2006	\$	\$	0.1	\$ 3.8	\$	8,106.6	\$	2,755.8	\$	777.6	\$	(3,955.8)	\$ 7,688.1
				• •								(* * * * *	
Balances at January 1, 2007	\$	\$	0.1	\$ 3.8	\$	8,141.8	\$	2,824.1	\$	846.9	\$	(3,955.9)	\$ 7,860.8
Common stock issued						49.5							49.5
Capital transactions of equity method						0.0							0.0
investee, net of related income taxes						0.8							0.8
Stock-based compensation and													
additional related tax benefits						58.7						(12(2)	58.7
Treasury stock acquired, common												(436.2)	(436.2)
Dividends to preferred stockholders								(24.7)					(24.7)
Comprehensive income:								817.9					817.9
Net income								817.9		(402.2)			
Net unrealized losses, net										(492.3)			(492.3)
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of related income taxes										35.2			35.2
5										35.2			35.2
Unrecognized post-retirement benefit										(1.4)			(1.4)
obligation, net of related income taxes Comprehensive income										(1.4)			(1.4) 359.4
Balances at September 30, 2007	\$	\$	0.1	\$ 3.8	\$	8,250.8	\$	3,617.3	\$	388.4	\$	(4,392.1)	\$ 559.4 7,868.3

See accompanying notes.

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	For the nine Septer			
	2007 (in m	nillions)	2006	
Operating activities	(III II)	innons)		
Net income	\$ 817.9	\$	771.9	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income taxes			(0.5)	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	292.2		184.6	
Additions to deferred policy acquisition costs	(416.6)		(364.2)	
Accrued investment income	(38.0)		(19.5)	
Net cash flows from trading securities	(196.6)		(161.7)	
Premiums due and other receivables	234.4		(40.9)	
Contractholder and policyholder liabilities and dividends	1,681.4		1,311.5	
Current and deferred income taxes	96.0		13.9	
Net realized/unrealized capital gains	(3.7)		(23.1)	
Depreciation and amortization expense	88.3		79.9	
Mortgage loans held for sale, acquired or originated	(67.6)		(398.4)	
Mortgage loans held for sale, sold or repaid, net of gain	142.7		706.9	
Real estate acquired through operating activities	(36.7)		(19.7)	
Real estate sold through operating activities	49.6		31.3	
Stock-based compensation	52.5		52.6	
Other	349.5		(74.7)	
Net adjustments	2,227.4		1,278.0	
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,045.3		2,049.9	
Investing activities				
Available-for-sale securities:				
Purchases	(8,024.7)		(6,287.6)	
Sales	2,727.2		1,101.0	
Maturities	3,430.1		2,656.7	
Mortgage loans acquired or originated	(2,119.3)		(1,798.7)	
Mortgage loans sold or repaid	1,476.3		1,588.6	
Real estate acquired	(89.1)		(21.4)	
Real estate sold	6.2		22.9	
Net purchases of property and equipment	(64.2)		(34.4)	
Purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(69.1)		(37.2)	
Net change in other investments	(106.6)		16.1	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (2,833.2)	\$	(2,794.0)	

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) (Unaudited)

	For the nine n Septem 2007	nded, 2006	
	2007 (in mi	lions)	2000
Financing activities	(
Issuance of common stock	\$ 49.5	\$	51.6
Acquisition of treasury stock	(436.2)		(755.7)
Proceeds from financing element derivatives	122.7		126.3
Payments for financing element derivatives	(107.0)		(110.0)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	6.6		5.9
Dividends to preferred stockholders	(24.7)		(16.5)
Issuance of long-term debt	8.5		1.3
Principal repayments of long-term debt	(42.7)		(20.2)
Net repayments of short-term borrowings	(29.4)		(359.7)
Investment contract deposits	6,824.8		6,691.7
Investment contract withdrawals	(6,427.5)		(5,247.5)
Net banking operation deposits	811.2		131.7
Net cash provided by financing activities	755.8		498.9
Discontinued operations			
Net cash provided by operating activities			1.4
Net cash used in investing activities			(0.9)
Net cash provided by discontinued operations			0.5
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	967.9		(244.7)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,590.8		1,641.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,558.7	\$	1,396.6
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations included above			
At beginning of period	\$	\$	2.0
At end of period	\$	\$	2.5

See accompanying notes.

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Principal Financial Group, Inc. (PFG), its majority-owned subsidiaries and its consolidated variable interest entities (VIEs), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2007. These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our annual audited financial statements as of December 31, 2006, included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The accompanying consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2006, has been derived from the audited consolidated statement of financial position but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

Reclassifications have been made to the September 30, 2006, financial statements to conform to the September 30, 2007, presentation.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On June 11, 2007, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the AICPA) issued Statement of Position (SOP) 07-1, *Clarification of the Scope of the Audit and Accounting Guide Investment Companies and Accounting by Parent Companies and Equity Method Investors for Investments in Investment Companies.* This SOP provides guidance for determining whether an entity is within the scope of the AICPA *Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies* (the Guide). This SOP also addresses whether the specialized industry accounting principles of the Guide should be retained by a parent company in consolidation or by an investor that has the ability to exercise significant influence over the investment company and applies the equity method of accounting to its investment in the entity. In addition, this SOP includes certain disclosure requirements for parent company s consolidated financial statements or the financial statements of an equity method investor. The provisions of this SOP were effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2007, with earlier application encouraged. On October 17, 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) agreed to issue an exposure draft that would indefinitely delay the effective date of SOP 07-1 until the FASB can reassess its provisions.

On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option is elected shall be reported in net income. The decision about whether to elect the fair value option (1) is applied instrument by instrument, with certain exceptions; (2) is irrevocable; and (3) is applied to an entire instrument and not only to specified risks, specific cash flows, or portions of that instrument. SFAS 159 also requires additional disclosures that are intended to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar assets and liabilities. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. At the effective date, the fair value option may be elected for eligible items that exist at that date and the effect of the first remeasurement to fair value for those items should be reported as a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

On July 13, 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48, which is an interpretation of SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken, or expected to be taken, in a tax return. FIN 48 requires the affirmative evaluation that it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits of a tax position, that an enterprise is entitled to economic benefits resulting from positions taken in income tax returns. If a tax position does not meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the benefit of that position is not recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 also requires companies to disclose additional quantitative and qualitative information in their financial statements about uncertain tax positions. We adopted FIN 48 on January 1, 2007, which did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. See Note 3, Federal Income Taxes, for further details.

On March 17, 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, *Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets* (SFAS 156), which amends SFAS No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities* (SFAS 140). This Statement (1) requires an entity to recognize a servicing asset or liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract in specified situations, (2) requires all separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities to be initially measured at fair value, (3) for subsequent measurement of each class of separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities, an entity can elect either the amortization or fair value measurement method, (4) permits a one-time reclassification of available-for-sale (AFS) securities to trading securities by an entity with recognized servicing rights, without calling into question the treatment of other AFS securities, provided the AFS securities are identified in some manner as offsetting the entity s exposure to changes in fair value of servicing assets or liabilities that a servicer elects to subsequently measure at fair value, and (5) requires separate presentation of servicing assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position and also requires additional disclosures. The initial measurement requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively to all transactions entered into after the fiscal year beginning after September 15, 2006. We adopted SFAS 156 on January 1, 2007, and have not elected to subsequently measure any of our servicing rights at fair value or reclassify any AFS securities to trading. The prospective aspects of SFAS 156 are not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

On February 16, 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments* an amendment of FASB *Statements No. 133 and 140* (SFAS 155), which amends SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 133) and SFAS 140. SFAS 155 (1) permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, (2) clarifies which interest-only and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of SFAS 133, (3) establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, (4) clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives, and (5) amends SFAS 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. This Statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity s fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. At adoption, the fair value election may also be applied to hybrid financial instruments that have been bifurcated under SFAS 133 prior to adoption of this Statement. Any changes resulting from the adoption of this Statement should be recognized as a cumulative effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings. We adopted SFAS 155 on January 1, 2007, and did not apply the fair value election to any existing hybrid financial instruments that had been bifurcated under SFAS 133 prior to adoption of SFAS 155. The prospective aspects of SFAS 155 are not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

On September 19, 2005, the AICPA issued SOP 05-1, *Accounting by Insurance Enterprises for Deferred Acquisition Costs in Connection With Modifications or Exchanges of Insurance Contracts* (SOP 05-1). AICPA defines an internal replacement as a modification in product benefits, features, rights, or coverages that occurs by the exchange of a contract for a new contract, or by amendment, endorsement, or rider to a contract, or by the election of a feature or coverage within a contract. An internal replacement that is determined to result in a replacement contract that is substantially unchanged from the replaced contract should be accounted for as a continuation of the replaced contract. Contract modifications resulting in a replacement contract that is substantially changed from the replaced contract should be accounted for as an extinguishment of the replaced contract and any unamortized deferred policy acquisition costs (DPAC), unearned revenue liabilities, and deferred sales inducement costs from the replaced contract should be written off and acquisition costs on the new contract capitalized as appropriate. This SOP is effective for internal replacements occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. As of January 1, 2007, we adopted SOP 05-1, which did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Separate Accounts

As of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, the separate accounts include a separate account valued at \$713.1 million and \$768.4 million, respectively, which primarily includes shares of our stock that were allocated and issued to eligible participants of qualified employee benefit plans administered by us as part of the policy credits issued under our 2001 demutualization. These shares are included in both basic and diluted earnings per share calculations. The separate account shares are recorded at fair value and are reported as separate account assets and separate account liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position. Changes in fair value of the separate account shares are reflected in both the separate account assets and separate account liabilities and do not impact our results of operations.

2. Significant Unconsolidated Variable Interest Entities

Synthetic Collateralized Debt Obligation. On June 14, 2007, we invested \$100.0 million in a secured limited recourse note issued by a segregated portfolio company. The note represents Class B-1 notes. Class A notes are senior and Class C through Class E notes are subordinated to Class B notes. The entity entered into a credit default swap with a third party providing credit protection in exchange for a fee. Defaults in an underlying reference portfolio will only affect the note if cumulative losses of a synthetic reference portfolio exceed the loss attachment point on the portfolio. We have determined we are not the primary beneficiary, as we do not hold the majority of the risk of loss. Our maximum exposure to loss as a result of our involvement with this entity is our recorded investment of \$100.0 million as of September 30, 2007.

3. Federal Income Taxes

The effective income tax rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, were lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received, tax refinements in Mexico and interest exclusion from taxable income. The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the prevailing corporate federal income tax rate due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received, a favorable court ruling on a contested Internal Revenue Service (the Service) issue for 1991 and later years and interest exclusion from taxable income.

We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. The application of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. As of January 1, 2007, the total unrecognized benefits were \$60.0 million. Of this amount, \$20.3 million, if recognized, would reduce the 2007 effective tax rate.

3. Federal Income Taxes (continued)

We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in operating expenses. As of January 1, 2007, we had recognized \$15.7 million of accumulated pre-tax interest related to unrecognized tax benefits existing at the date of adoption.

The Service has completed examinations of the U.S. consolidated federal income tax returns for 2003 and prior years. The Service has commenced the audit of our federal income tax returns for the years 2004 and 2005. We do not expect the results of these audits to significantly increase or decrease the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits in the next twelve months, but the outcome of tax reviews is uncertain, and unforeseen results can occur.

4. Employee and Agent Benefits

Components of net periodic benefit cost (income):

		Pension benefits For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2006				Other post bene For the three Septem 2007	ended	
	A	44.0	¢	(in mil				2.4
Service cost	\$	11.8	\$	11.7	\$	2.0	\$	2.4
Interest cost		22.4		20.4		3.9		4.0
Expected return on plan assets		(28.6)		(26.3)		(8.4)		(8.1)
Amortization of prior service benefit		(2.1)		(2.2)		(0.7)		(0.7)
Recognized net actuarial loss (gain)		2.5		5.1		(0.5)		0.1
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$	6.0	\$	8.7	\$	(3.7)	\$	(2.3)

	Pension For the nine 1 Septem			Other postretirement benefits For the nine months ended September 30,			
	2007		2006	• •	2007		2006
			(in mi	lions)			
Service cost	\$ 35.3	\$	35.2	\$	6.0	\$	7.1
Interest cost	67.1		61.2		11.6		12.1
Expected return on plan assets	(85.6)		(79.0)		(25.2)		(24.2)
Amortization of prior service benefit	(6.3)		(6.7)		(2.0)		(2.0)
Recognized net actuarial loss (gain)	7.5		15.3		(1.4)		0.2
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$ 18.0	\$	26.0	\$	(11.0)	\$	(6.8)

Contributions

Our funding policy for our qualified pension plan is to fund the plan annually in an amount at least equal to the minimum annual contribution required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) and, generally, not greater than the maximum amount that can be deducted for federal income tax purposes. The minimum annual contribution for 2007 will be zero so we will not be required to fund our qualified pension plan during 2007. However, it is possible that we may fund the qualified and nonqualified pension plans in 2007 in the range of \$20.0 million to \$50.0 million, in total. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, \$9.5 million and \$15.9 million were contributed to the nonqualified pension plan, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2007, no contributions were made to the other postretirement benefit plans. We contributed \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. We anticipate no additional contributions to the other postretirement benefit plans in 2007.

5. Contingencies, Guarantees and Indemnifications

Litigation and Regulatory Contingencies

We are regularly involved in litigation, both as a defendant and as a plaintiff, but primarily as a defendant. Litigation naming us as a defendant ordinarily arises out of our business operations as a provider of asset management and accumulation products and services, life, health and disability insurance. Some of the lawsuits are class actions, or purport to be, and some include claims for punitive damages. In addition, regulatory bodies, such as state insurance departments, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Department of Labor and other regulatory bodies regularly make inquiries and conduct examinations or investigations concerning our compliance with, among other things, insurance laws, securities laws, ERISA and laws governing the activities of broker-dealers.

Several lawsuits have been filed against other insurance companies and insurance brokers alleging improper conduct relating to the payment and non-disclosure of contingent compensation and bid-rigging activity. Several of these suits were filed as purported class actions. Several state attorneys general and insurance regulators have initiated industry-wide inquiries or other actions relating to compensation arrangements between insurance brokers and insurance companies and other industry issues. Beginning in March of 2005, we have received subpoenas and interrogatories from the offices of the Attorneys General of New York and Connecticut seeking information related to compensation agreements with brokers and agents and the sale of retirement products and services. We are cooperating with these inquiries. To date, none of these Attorneys General investigations has resulted in any action against us. We are, however, engaged in discussions with the Connecticut and New York Attorneys General Offices with respect to broker payments relating to sales of our single premium group annuity products, which primarily fund terminating defined benefit plans. We do not anticipate any potential resolution of these discussions to materially affect net income in a particular quarter or annual period. We have received other requests from regulators and other governmental authorities relating to other industry issues and may receive additional such requests, including subpoenas and interrogatories, in the future.

On November 8, 2006, a trustee of Fairmount Park Inc. Retirement Savings Plan filed a putative class action lawsuit in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Illinois against Principal Life Insurance Company (Principal Life). The complaint alleges, among other things, that Principal Life breached its alleged fiduciary duties while performing services to 401(k) plans by failing to disclose, or adequately disclose, to employers or plan participants the fact that Principal Life receives revenue sharing fees from mutual funds that are included in its pre-packaged 401(k) plans and allegedly failed to use the revenue to defray the expenses of the services provided to the plans. Plaintiff further alleges that these acts constitute prohibited transactions under ERISA. Plaintiff seeks to certify a class of all retirement plans to which Principal Life was a service provider and for which Principal Life received and retained revenue sharing fees from mutual funds. Plaintiff seeks declaratory, injunctive and monetary relief. Principal Life s Motion to Transfer Venue to the Southern District of Iowa was granted and Principal Life is aggressively defending the lawsuit.

On August 28, 2007, two plaintiffs filed two putative class action lawsuits in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Iowa against us and Princor Financial Services Corporation (the Principal Defendants). One of the lawsuits alleges that the Principal Defendants breached alleged fiduciary duties to participants in employer-sponsored 401(k) plans who were retiring or leaving their respective plans, including providing misleading information and failing to act solely in the interests of the participants, resulting in alleged violations of ERISA. The second suit is based upon the same facts and alleges violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933. The

allegations of the second suit include alleged omissions and misrepresentations by the Principal Defendants related to mutual fund shares purchased by plan participants rolling out of employer-sponsored retirement plans. The Principal Defendants are aggressively defending these lawsuits.

While the outcome of any pending or future litigation or regulatory matter cannot be predicted, management does not believe that any pending litigation or regulatory matter will have a material adverse effect on our business or financial position. The outcome of such matters is always uncertain, and unforeseen results can occur. It is possible that such outcomes could materially affect net income in a particular quarter or annual period.

5. Contingencies, Guarantees and Indemnifications (continued)

Guarantees and Indemnifications

In the normal course of business, we have provided guarantees to third parties primarily related to a former subsidiary, joint ventures and industrial revenue bonds. These agreements generally expire through 2019. The maximum exposure under these agreements as of September 30, 2007, was approximately \$191.0 million; however, we believe the likelihood is remote that material payments will be required and therefore have not accrued for a liability on our consolidated statements of financial position. Should we be required to perform under these guarantees, we generally could recover a portion of the loss from third parties through recourse provisions included in agreements with such parties, the sale of assets held as collateral that can be liquidated in the event that performance is required under the guarantees or other recourse generally available to us; therefore, such guarantees would not result in a material adverse effect on our business or financial position. It is possible that such outcomes could materially affect net income in a particular quarter or annual period. The fair value of such guarantees is not material.

We are also subject to various other indemnification obligations issued in conjunction with certain transactions, primarily the sale of Principal Residential Mortgage, Inc. and other divestitures, acquisitions and financing transactions whose terms range in duration and often are not explicitly defined. Certain portions of these indemnifications may be capped, while other portions are not subject to such limitations; therefore, the overall maximum amount of the obligation under the indemnifications cannot be reasonably estimated. While we are unable to estimate with certainty the ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to these indemnifications, we believe the likelihood is remote that material payments would be required under such indemnifications and therefore such indemnifications would not result in a material adverse effect on our business or financial position. It is possible that such outcomes could materially affect net income in a particular quarter or annual period. The fair value of such indemnifications was determined to be insignificant.

6. Stockholders Equity

Reconciliation of Outstanding Shares

	Series A preferred stock	Series B preferred stock (in millions)	Common stock
Outstanding shares at January 1, 2006	3.0	10.0	280.6
Shares issued			1.8
Treasury stock acquired			(12.8)
Outstanding shares at September 30, 2006	3.0	10.0	269.6
Outstanding shares at January 1, 2007	3.0	10.0	268.4
Shares issued			1.6
Treasury stock acquired			(7.5)
Outstanding shares at September 30, 2007	3.0	10.0	262.5

6. Stockholders Equity (continued)

Comprehensive income

	For the three months ended September 30,					For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2007		2006		2007		2006	
				(in mil	lions)				
Net income	\$	240.5	\$	259.2	\$	817.9	\$	771.9	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on fixed maturities,									
available-for-sale		(209.8)		975.1		(923.4)		(393.2)	
Net change in unrealized losses on equity securities,									
available-for-sale		(2.8)		(0.3)		(8.2)		(9.9)	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on equity method									
subsidiaries and minority interest adjustments		(43.4)		(6.1)		53.2		12.2	
Adjustments for assumed changes in amortization patterns		11.3		(151.3)		129.8		29.9	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments		(20.2)		(33.3)		8.6		(1.6)	
Adjustments to unrealized gains for Closed Block policyholder									
dividend obligation								33.7	
Change in net foreign currency translation adjustment		(2.2)		24.5		36.1		(5.7)	
Change in unrecognized post-retirement benefit obligation		(0.8)				(2.2)			
Provision for deferred income tax benefits (taxes)		102.3		(249.5)		247.6		117.4	
Comprehensive income	\$	74.9	\$	818.3	\$	359.4	\$	554.7	

7. Segment Information

We provide financial products and services through the following segments: U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation, International Asset Management and Accumulation and Life and Health Insurance. In addition, there is a Corporate and Other segment. The segments are managed and reported separately because they provide different products and services, have different strategies or have different markets and distribution channels.

The U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment provides retirement and related financial products and services primarily to businesses, their employees and other individuals and provides asset management services to our asset accumulation business, the life and health insurance operations, the Corporate and Other segment and third-party clients.

The International Asset Management and Accumulation segment consists of Principal International operations in Brazil, Chile, China, Hong Kong, India, Malaysia and Mexico. We focus on countries with favorable demographics and a trend toward private sector defined contribution pension systems. We entered these countries through acquisitions, start-up operations and joint ventures.

The Life and Health insurance segment provides individual life insurance, group health insurance and specialty benefits, which consists of group dental and vision insurance, individual and group disability insurance and group life insurance, throughout the United States.

The Corporate and Other segment manages the assets representing capital that has not been allocated to any other segment. Financial results of the Corporate and Other segment primarily reflect our financing activities (including interest expense), income on capital not allocated to other segments, inter-segment eliminations, income tax risks and certain income, expenses and other after-tax adjustments not allocated to the segments based on the nature of such items.

Management uses segment operating earnings in goal setting, as a basis in determining employee compensation and in evaluating performance on a basis comparable to that used by securities analysts. We determine segment operating earnings by adjusting U.S. GAAP net income available to common stockholders for net realized/unrealized capital gains and losses, as adjusted, and other after-tax adjustments which management believes are not indicative of overall operating trends. Net realized/unrealized capital gains and losses, as adjusted, are net of income taxes, related changes in the amortization pattern of DPAC and sales inducements, recognition of deferred front-end fee revenues for sales charges on retirement products and services, net realized capital gains and losses distributed, minority interest capital gains and losses and certain market value adjustments to fee revenues. Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as adjusted, exclude periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments. Segment operating revenues exclude net realized/unrealized capital gains (except periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivatives) and their impact on recognition of front-end fee revenues and certain market value adjustments to fee revenues and include operating revenues from real estate properties that qualify for discontinued operations. While these items may be significant components in understanding and assessing the consolidated financial performance, management believes the presentation of segment operating earnings enhances the understanding of our results of operations by highlighting earnings attributable to the normal, ongoing operations of the business.

The accounting policies of the segments are consistent with the accounting policies for the consolidated financial statements, with the exception of income tax allocation. The Corporate and Other segment functions to absorb the risk inherent in interpreting and applying tax law. The segments are allocated tax adjustments consistent with the positions we took on tax returns. The Corporate and Other segment results reflect any differences between the tax returns and the estimated resolution of any disputes.

7. Segment Information (continued)

The following tables summarize selected financial information by segment and reconcile segment totals to those reported in the consolidated financial statements:

	Ser	llions)	December 31, 2006	
Assets:				
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation	\$	129,120.8	\$	117,950.0
International Asset Management and Accumulation		9,021.3		8,101.0
Life and Health Insurance		14,910.1		14,364.5
Corporate and Other		2,565.7		3,242.6
Total consolidated assets	\$	155,617.9	\$	143,658.1

		For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2007		2006		2007		2006	
				(in mil	lions))			
Operating revenues by segment:	¢	1 500 0	¢	1 1 1 1 2	đ	4 150 0	Φ	2 200 4	
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation	\$	1,509.8	\$	1,111.3	\$	4,178.0	\$	3,299.4	
International Asset Management and Accumulation		224.6		169.2		540.9		476.8	
Life and Health Insurance		1,211.6		1,183.4		3,635.5		3,526.1	
Corporate and Other		(7.2)		(7.6)		(6.4)		(13.5)	
Total segment operating revenues		2,938.8		2,456.3		8,348.0		7,288.8	
Add:									
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses) (except periodic									
settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivatives), including									
recognition of front-end fee revenues and certain market value									
adjustments to fee revenues		(89.3)		(6.1)		(6.0)		23.6	
Subtract:									
Operating revenues from a discontinued real estate investment				0.6				0.8	
Total revenues per consolidated statements of operations	\$	2,849.5	\$	2,449.6	\$	8,342.0	\$	7,311.6	
Operating earnings (loss) by segment, net of related income									
taxes:									
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation	\$	211.9	\$	157.4	\$	587.0	\$	466.4	
International Asset Management and Accumulation		39.3		23.2		85.3		56.9	
Life and Health Insurance		73.4		82.0		179.0		217.6	
Corporate and Other		(11.7)		(7.9)		(18.7)		(20.8)	
Total segment operating earnings, net of related income taxes		312.9		254.7		832.6		720.1	
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as adjusted		(59.4)		(3.7)		(18.2)		8.3	
Other after-tax adjustments (1)		(21.2)				(21.2)		18.8	
Net income available to common stockholders per consolidated									
statements of operations	\$	232.3	\$	251.0	\$	793.2	\$	747.2	

(1) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, other after-tax adjustments of \$21.2 million included the negative effect of tax refinements related to prior years.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, other after-tax adjustments of \$18.8 million included the positive effect of a favorable court ruling on a contested Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") issue for 1991 and later years.

8. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

As of September 30, 2007, we have the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan, the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, the 2005 Directors Stock Plan, the Stock Incentive Plan, the Directors Stock Plan and the Long-Term Performance Plan (Stock-Based Compensation Plans). As of May 17, 2005, no new grants will be made under the Stock Incentive Plan, the Directors Stock Plan or the Long-Term Performance Plan.

As of September 30, 2007, the maximum number of new shares of common stock that were available for grant under the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan and the 2005 Directors Stock Plan was 19.2 million.

The compensation cost that was charged against income for the Stock-Based Compensation Plans is as follows:

		For the nine months ended September 30,					
	2007		2006				
	(in	(in millions)					
Compensation cost	\$ 48.2	\$	47.3				
Related income tax benefit	15.7		15.3				
Capitalized as part of an asset	2.8		2.4				

Nonqualified Stock Options

Nonqualified stock options were granted to certain employees under the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. Total options granted were 1.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The fair value of these options was determined assuming a weighted average dividend yield of 1.3 percent, a weighted average expected volatility of 23.6 percent, a weighted average risk-free interest rate of 4.6 percent, and a weighted average expected life of 6 years. Using the Black-Scholes option valuation model, the weighted-average estimated fair value of stock options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, was \$17.98 per share.

We previously determined expected volatility for stock options granted based on, among other factors, historical volatility using monthly price observations. Beginning with stock options granted in 2007, we determine expected volatility based on, among other factors, historical volatility using daily price observations. We believe that daily price observations provide a better estimate of expected fluctuations in our stock price over the expected term of stock options granted.

As of September 30, 2007, there were \$20.1 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested stock options. The costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average service period of approximately 2.1 years.

Performance Share Awards

Performance share awards were granted to certain employees under the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. Total performance share awards granted were 0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The performance share awards granted represent initial target awards and do not reflect potential increases or decreases resulting from the final performance objectives to be determined at the end of the respective performance period. The actual number of shares to be awarded at the end of each performance period will range between 0% and 200% of the initial target awards. The fair value of performance share awards is determined based on the closing stock price of our shares on the grant date. The weighted-average grant date fair value of these performance share awards granted was \$62.61 per common share.

As of September 30, 2007, there were \$19.7 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested performance share awards granted. The costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average service period of approximately 1.5 years.

Principal Financial Group, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

8. Stock-Based Compensation Plans (continued)

Restricted Stock Units

Restricted stock units were issued to certain employees and agents pursuant to the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. Total restricted stock units granted were 0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined based on the closing stock price of our common shares on the grant date. The weighted-average grant date fair value of these restricted stock units granted was \$61.01 per share.

As of September 30, 2007, there were \$17.0 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested restricted stock unit awards granted. The costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.0 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, employees purchased 0.5 million shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The weighted-average fair value of the discount on the stock purchased was \$9.79 per share.

The maximum number of shares of common stock that we may issue under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan is 2% of the number of shares outstanding immediately following the completion of the Initial Public Offering. As of September 30, 2007, a total of 2.8 million of new shares are available to be made issuable by us for this plan.

9. Earnings Per Common Share

The computations of the basic and diluted per share amounts for our continuing operations were as follows:

	For the three Septem 2007	ber 30,		Septem 2007	months ended nber 30, 2006	
Income from continuing operations, net of related income						
taxes	\$ 240.5	\$	258.8	\$ 817.9	\$	771.4
Subtract:						
Preferred stock dividends	8.2		8.2	24.7		24.7
Income from continuing operations available to common						
stockholders, net of related income taxes	\$ 232.3	\$	250.6	\$ 793.2	\$	746.7
Weighted-average shares outstanding						
Basic	264.7		269.5	266.8		274.1
Dilutive effects:						
Stock options	2.1		2.0	2.2		2.0
Restricted stock units	0.5		0.6	0.5		0.6
Diluted	267.3		272.1	269.5		276.7
Income from continuing operations per common share:						
Basic	\$ 0.88	\$	0.93	\$ 2.97	\$	2.73
Diluted	\$ 0.87	\$	0.92	\$ 2.94	\$	2.70

Principal Financial Group, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

Principal Life has established special purpose entities to issue secured medium-term notes. Under the program, the payment obligations of principal and interest on the notes are secured by funding agreements issued by Principal Life. Principal Life s payment obligations on the funding agreements are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by PFG. All of the outstanding stock of Principal Life is indirectly owned by PFG and PFG is the only guarantor of the payment obligations of the funding agreements.

The following tables set forth condensed consolidating financial information of Principal Life and PFG as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

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10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Financial Position September 30, 2007

	F Gr	rincipal inancial roup, Inc. rent Only	Principal Life Insurance Company Only		Principal Financial Services, Inc. and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)		Eliminations		(Principal Financial Group, Inc. onsolidated
Assets										
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$		\$	41,355.7	\$	5,299.5	\$	(786.7)	\$	45,868.5
Fixed maturities, trading				261.1		224.3		—		485.4
Equity securities, available-for-sale				360.5		19.8		_		380.3
Equity securities, trading				10.5		233.5				244.0
Mortgage loans				9,979.1		2,608.8		(297.1)		12,290.8
Real estate				15.8		892.4				908.2
Policy loans				844.3						844.3
Investment in unconsolidated entities		8,167.3		646.6		3,827.0		(12,204.4)		436.5
Other investments		8.6		3,608.0		343.1		(2,516.5)		1,443.2
Cash and cash equivalents		111.3		1,377.6		1,473.5		(403.7)		2,558.7
Accrued investment income				706.2		61.5		(6.2)		761.5
Premiums due and other receivables				717.7		176.7		10.3		904.7
Deferred policy acquisition costs				2,514.1		173.6				2,687.7
Property and equipment				405.3		45.5				450.8
Goodwill				77.2		293.7				370.9
Other intangibles				36.3		977.0				1,013.3
Separate account assets				77,600.8		4,679.7				82,280.5
Other assets		206.2		1,215.1		432.2		(164.9)		1,688.6
Total assets	\$	8,493.4	\$	141,731.9	\$	21,761.8	\$	(16,369.2)	\$	155,617.9
Liabilities										
Contractholder funds	\$		\$	39,301.2	\$	19.5	\$	(234.4)	\$	39,086.3
Future policy benefits and claims				15,456.0		2,641.4		(5.8)		18,091.6
Other policyholder funds				524.5		12.9				537.4
Short-term debt						138.9		(82.2)		56.7
Long-term debt		601.8		99.2		1,461.5		(639.2)		1,523.3
Income taxes currently payable						, i				
(receivable)		(5.8)		(201.9)		39.1		170.6		2.0
Deferred income taxes		2.7		376.3		318.4		(9.7)		687.7
Separate account liabilities				77,600.8		4,679.7		_		82,280.5
Other liabilities		26.4		1,973.2		4,283.1		(798.6)		5,484.1
Total liabilities		625.1		135,129.3		13,594.5		(1,599.3)		147,749.6
Stockholders equity				,						
Series A preferred stock										
Series B preferred stock		0.1								0.1
Common stock		3.8		2.5				(2.5)		3.8
		010		2.0				(210)		2.5

Additional paid-in capital	8,250.8	5,558.7	7,740.6	(13,299.3)	8,250.8
Retained earnings	3,617.3	941.8	46.0	(987.8)	3,617.3
Accumulated other comprehensive					
income	388.4	99.6	380.7	(480.3)	388.4
Treasury stock, at cost	(4,392.1)				(4,392.1)
Total stockholders equity	7,868.3	6,602.6	8,167.3	(14,769.9)	7,868.3
Total liabilities and stockholders equity \$	8,493.4	\$ 141,731.9	\$ 21,761.8	\$ (16,369.2)	\$ 155,617.9
Total liabilities and stockholders equity \$	8,493.4	\$ 141,731.9	\$ 21,761.8	\$ (16,369.2)	\$ 155,617.9

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2006

	Princ Finar Group Parent	ncial 9, Inc.	rincipal Life Insurance Company Only	Se	incipal Financial rvices, Inc. and her Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)	E	iminations	(Principal Financial Group, Inc. onsolidated
Assets									
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$		\$ 40,330.8	\$	4,858.5	\$	(785.8)	\$	44,403.5
Fixed maturities, trading			90.4		233.0				323.4
Equity securities, available-for-sale			640.7		25.9				666.6
Equity securities, trading			10.2		170.8				181.0
Mortgage loans			9,661.6		2,237.7		(235.4)		11,663.9
Real estate			308.7		558.3				867.0
Policy loans			850.7						850.7
Investment in unconsolidated entities	1	8,191.4	235.0		4,480.5		(12,608.8)		298.1
Other investments		3.6	3,057.1		235.5		(2,183.6)		1,112.6
Cash and cash equivalents		30.9	1,399.8		261.1		(101.0)		1,590.8
Accrued investment income			677.0		51.6		(5.1)		723.5
Premiums due and other receivables			857.7		512.8		(118.2)		1,252.3
Deferred policy acquisition costs			2,265.9		153.0				2,418.9
Property and equipment			394.2		28.3				422.5
Goodwill			77.2		284.7				361.9
Other intangibles			38.4		942.6				981.0
Separate account assets			69,451.7		4,327.9				73,779.6
Other assets		256.1	1,327.0		382.9		(205.2)		1,760.8
Total assets	\$	8,482.0	\$ 131,674.1	\$	19,745.1	\$	(16,243.1)	\$	143,658.1
Liabilities									
Contractholder funds	\$		\$ 37,001.4	\$	16.3	\$	(218.7)	\$	36,799.0
Future policy benefits and claims			15,005.3		2,328.4		(1.1)		17,332.6
Other policyholder funds			613.0		6.4				619.4
Short-term debt					199.1		(115.0)		84.1
Long-term debt		601.9	143.9		1,350.1		(542.1)		1,553.8
Income taxes currently payable									
(receivable)		(1.2)	(270.7)		23.3		252.8		4.2
Deferred income taxes		1.1	629.5		292.1		(5.5)		917.2
Separate account liabilities			69,451.7		4,327.9				73,779.6
Other liabilities		19.4	2,298.7		3,010.1		(620.8)		4,707.4
Total liabilities		621.2	124,872.8		11,553.7		(1,250.4)		135,797.3
Stockholders equity									
Series A preferred stock									
Series B preferred stock		0.1							0.1
Common stock		3.8	2.5				(2.5)		3.8

Additional paid-in capital	8,141.8	5,515.3	7,688.1	(13,203.4)	8,141.8
Retained earnings (deficit)	2,824.1	670.9	(339.5)	(331.4)	2,824.1
Accumulated other comprehensive					
income	846.9	612.6	842.8	(1,455.4)	846.9
Treasury stock, at cost	(3,955.9)				(3,955.9)
Total stockholders equity	7,860.8	6,801.3	8,191.4	(14,992.7)	7,860.8
Total liabilities and stockholders equity \$	8,482.0	\$ 131,674.1	\$ 19,745.1	\$ (16,243.1)	\$ 143,658.1

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the nine months ended September 30, 2007

Revenues	Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only		Principal Life Insurance Company Only		Principal Financial Services,Inc. and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)		Eliminations		Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated	
Premiums and other considerations	\$		\$	3,275.5	\$	180.5	\$		\$	3,456.0
Fees and other revenues	Ψ		Ψ	1.212.7	Ψ	1.043.8	Ψ	(302.6)	Ψ	1.953.9
Net investment income	(5.2		2,447.6		476.7		(302.0)		2,928.4
Net realized/unrealized capital gains				2,117.0		1,01,		(211)		_,>_ 0(1
(losses)				(59.6)		56.3		7.0		3.7
Total revenues	(5.2		6,876.2		1,757.3		(297.7)		8,342.0
Expenses				,		,				,
Benefits, claims, and settlement										
expenses				4,379.2		358.3		(11.6)		4,725.9
Dividends to policyholders				221.9						221.9
Operating expenses	36	5.2		1,596.3		952.7		(269.2)		2,316.0
Total expenses	36	5.2		6,197.4		1,311.0		(280.8)		7,263.8
Income (loss) from continuing										
operations before income taxes	(30).0)		678.8		446.3		(16.9)		1,078.2
Income taxes (benefits)		2.4)		170.6		101.7		0.4		260.3
Equity in the net income of subsidiaries	835	5.5		212.7		490.9		(1,539.1)		
Net income	817			720.9		835.5		(1,556.4)		817.9
Preferred stock dividends	24	1.7								24.7
Net income available to common			.		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
stockholders	\$ 793	5.2	\$	720.9	\$	835.5	\$	(1,556.4)	\$	793.2

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006

	Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only	Р	Principal Life Insurance Company Only	S	Principal Financial Services, Inc. and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)	Eli	minations	(Principal Financial Group, Inc. onsolidated
Revenues									
Premiums and other considerations	\$	\$	3,001.4	\$	205.0	\$		\$	3,206.4
Fees and other revenues			973.6		680.8		(266.9)		1,387.5
Net investment income	4.2		2,358.9		345.7		(14.2)		2,694.6
Net realized/unrealized capital gains									
(losses)			(28.7)		54.8		(3.0)		23.1
Total revenues	4.2		6,305.2		1,286.3		(284.1)		7,311.6
Expenses									
Benefits, claims, and settlement									
expenses			3,911.7		327.8		(11.9)		4,227.6
Dividends to policyholders			217.4						217.4
Operating expenses	8.7		1,428.2		657.6		(228.7)		1,865.8
Total expenses	8.7		5,557.3		985.4		(240.6)		6,310.8
Income (loss) from continuing									
operations before income taxes	(4.5)		747.9		300.9		(43.5)		1,000.8
operations before medine taxes	(4.5)		/+/./		500.9		(43.3)		1,000.0
Income taxes (benefits)	(1.5)		166.1		63.3		1.5		229.4
Equity in the net income of									
subsidiaries, excluding discontinued	7744		122.0		526.0		(1, 4, 4, 4, 0)		
operations	774.4		132.8		536.8		(1,444.0)		
Income from continuing operations,	771.4		714.6		774.4		(1, 490, 0)		771 4
net of related income taxes	//1.4		/14.0		//4.4		(1,489.0)		771.4
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income taxes	0.5		0.5		0.5		(1,0)		0.5
net of related income taxes	0.5		0.5		0.5		(1.0)		0.5
Net income	771.9		715.1		774.9		(1,490.0)		771.9
Preferred stock dividends	24.7						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		24.7
Net income available to common									
stockholders	\$ 747.2	\$	715.1	\$	774.9	\$	(1,490.0)	\$	747.2

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2007

	Fina Grou	ncipal ancial up, Inc. nt Only	Principal Life Insurance Company Only		Principal Financial Services, Inc. and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)		Eliminations		Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated	
Operating activities										
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities	\$	(14.5)	\$	2,417.9	\$	1,137.5	\$	(495.6)	\$	3,045.3
Investing activities										
Available-for-sale securities:										
Purchases				(7,448.6)		(590.1)		14.0		(8,024.7)
Sales				2,499.9		227.3				2,727.2
Maturities				3,204.8		225.3				3,430.1
Mortgage loans acquired or originated				(1,636.7)		(567.3)		84.7		(2,119.3)
Mortgage loans sold or repaid				1,317.3		182.0		(23.0)		1,476.3
Real estate acquired				(70.8)		(18.3)				(89.1)
Real estate sold				4.6		1.6				6.2
Net purchases of property and										
equipment				(36.5)		(27.7)				(64.2)
Purchases of interests in subsidiaries,										
net of cash acquired						(69.1)				(69.1)
Dividends received from						, í				
(contributions to) unconsolidated										
entities		506.3		(86.0)		456.3		(876.6)		
Net change in other investments		_		(159.7)		(128.4)		181.5		(106.6)
Net cash provided by (used in)										
investing activities		506.3		(2,411.7)		(308.4)		(619.4)		(2,833.2)
Financing activities						()				())
Issuance of common stock		49.5								49.5
Acquisition of treasury stock		(436.2)								(436.2)
Proceeds from financing element										
derivatives				122.7						122.7
Payments for financing element										
derivatives				(107.0)						(107.0)
Excess tax benefits from share-based				()						()
payment arrangements				4.5		2.1				6.6
Dividends to preferred stockholders		(24.7)				_,1				(24.7)
Issuance of long-term debt		(- •••)		10.4		95.3		(97.2)		8.5
				1001		(42.7)		(,,,,,)		(42.7)

Principal repayments of long-term debt					
Net repayments of short-term					
borrowings			(62.3)	32.9	(29.4)
Dividends paid to parent		(456.3)	(420.3)	876.6	
Investment contract deposits		6,824.8			6,824.8
Investment contract withdrawals		(6,427.5)			(6,427.5)
Net increase in banking operation					
deposits			811.2		811.2
Net cash provided by (used in)					
financing activities	(411.4)	(28.4)	383.3	812.3	755.8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					
cash equivalents	80.4	(22.2)	1,212.4	(302.7)	967.9
Cash and cash equivalents at					
beginning of period	30.9	1,399.8	261.1	(101.0)	1,590.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of					
period	\$ 111.3	\$ 1.377.6	\$ 1.473.5	\$ (403.7)	\$ 2,558.7

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2006

	Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only		Principal Life Insurance Company Only		Principal Financial Services, Inc. and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)	Eli	minations	(Principal Financial Group, Inc. onsolidated
Operating activities									
Net cash provided by (used in)									
operating activities	\$	(0.7)	\$	1,685.5	\$ 433.0	\$	(67.9)	\$	2,049.9
Investing activities									
Available-for-sale securities:									
Purchases				(5,518.0)	(782.8)		13.2		(6,287.6)
Sales				786.2	314.8				1,101.0
Maturities				2,527.7	129.0				2,656.7
Mortgage loans acquired or originated				(1,538.8)	(313.5)		53.6		(1,798.7)
Mortgage loans sold or repaid				1,451.9	194.4		(57.7)		1,588.6
Real estate acquired				(11.9)	(9.5)				(21.4)
Real estate sold				0.3	22.6				22.9
Net purchases of property and									
equipment				(21.6)	(12.8)				(34.4)
Purchases of interest in subsidiaries,									
net of cash acquired					(37.2)				(37.2)
Dividends received from									
(contributions to) unconsolidated									
entities		880.8		(314.1)	980.8		(1,547.5)		
Net change in other investments				(76.4)	(12.7)		105.2		16.1
Net cash provided by (used in)									
investing activities	\$	880.8	\$	(2,714.7)	\$ 473.1	\$	(1,433.2)	\$	(2,794.0)

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows (continued) For the nine months ended September 30, 2006

	Fi Gr	rincipal inancial oup, Inc. rent Only	In Co	cipal Life surance ompany Only	I Ser Su C	Principal Financial rvices, Inc. and Other Ubsidiaries Combined n millions)	Eliminations	l G	Principal Financial Troup, Inc. Disolidated
Financing activities									
Issuance of common stock	\$	51.6	\$		\$		\$	\$	51.6
Acquisition of treasury stock		(755.7)							(755.7)
Proceeds from financing element derivatives				126.3					126.3
Payments for financing element derivatives				(110.0)					(110.0)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment									
arrangements				4.1		1.8			5.9
Dividends to preferred stockholders		(16.5)							(16.5)
Issuance of long-term debt				5.8		84.9	(89.4)		1.3
Principal repayments of long-term debt				(13.6)		(6.6)			(20.2)
Net repayments of short-term borrowings						(362.5)	2.8		(359.7)
Dividends paid to parent				(980.8)		(566.7)	1,547.5		
Investment contract deposits				6,691.7					6,691.7
Investment contract withdrawals				(5,247.5)					(5,247.5)
Net increase in banking operation deposits						131.7			131.7
Net cash provided by (used in) financing									
activities		(720.6)		476.0		(717.4)	1,460.9		498.9
Discontinued operations									
Net cash provided by operating activities				1.4					1.4
Net cash used in investing activities				(0.9)					(0.9)
Net cash provided by discontinued operations				0.5					0.5
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash									
equivalents		159.5		(552.7)		188.7	(40.2)		(244.7)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of									
period		21.6		1,261.9		542.3	(184.5)		1,641.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	181.1	\$	709.2	\$	731.0	\$ (224.7)	\$	1,396.6
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued									
operations included above									
At beginning of period	\$		\$	2.0	\$		\$	\$	2.0
At end of period	\$		\$	2.5	\$		\$	\$	2.5

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

We filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which became effective on June 30, 2004. Following our 2006 issuances of debt securities under the shelf registration, we now have the ability to issue up to \$1.85 billion of debt securities, preferred stock, common stock, warrants, stock purchase contracts and stock purchase units of PFG and trust preferred securities of three subsidiary trusts. If we issue additional securities, we intend to use the proceeds from the sale of the securities for general corporate purposes, including working capital, capital expenditures, investments in subsidiaries, share repurchase, acquisitions and refinancing of debt, including commercial paper and other short-term indebtedness. Our wholly owned subsidiary, Principal Financial Services, Inc., unconditionally guarantees our obligations with respect to one or more series of debt securities described in the shelf registration statement.

The following tables set forth condensed consolidating financial information of Principal Financial Services, Inc. and PFG as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, and 2006.

	Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only	Principal Financial Services, Inc. Only	C	Principal Life Insurance Company and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)	Eliminations		Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated
Assets	ф	<i>ф</i>	¢	45.070 5	ф.	¢	45.040.5
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$	\$	\$	45,868.5	\$	\$	45,868.5
Fixed maturities, trading				485.4			485.4
Equity securities, available-for-sale				380.3			380.3
Equity securities, trading				244.0			244.0
Mortgage loans				12,290.8			12,290.8
Real estate				908.2			908.2
Policy loans				844.3			844.3
Investment in unconsolidated	0.1/7.2	0.005.0		1265	(1 (072 1)		126 5
entities	8,167.3	8,805.8		436.5	(16,973.1)		436.5
Other investments	8.6	29.3		1,413.5	(8.2)		1,443.2
Cash and cash equivalents	111.3	748.9		2,722.1	(1,023.6)		2,558.7
Accrued investment income				761.5			761.5
Premiums due and other		1 7		002.0	0.1		0047
receivables		1.7		902.9	0.1		904.7
Deferred policy acquisition costs				2,687.7 450.8			2,687.7
Property and equipment							450.8
Goodwill Others interesibles				370.9			370.9
Other intangibles				1,013.3			1,013.3
Separate account assets				82,280.5			82,280.5

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Financial Position September 30, 2007

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Other assets Total assets	\$ 206.2 8,493.4	\$ 9.0 9,594.7	\$ 1,680.1 155,741.3	\$ (206.7) (18,211.5)	\$ 1,688.6 155,617.9

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Financial Position (continued) September 30, 2007

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only Principal Financial Services, Inc. Only Principal Life Insurance Company and Other Subsidiaries Combined Eliminations

Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated

			(in millions)		
Liabilities					
Contractholder funds	\$	\$	\$ 39,086.3	\$	\$ 39,086.3
Future policy benefits and claims			18,091.6		18,091.6
Other policyholder funds			537.4		537.4
Short-term debt			423.1	(366.4)	56.7
Long-term debt	601.8	454.6	466.9		1,523.3
Income taxes currently payable					
(receivable)	(5.8)	(1.0)	3.2	5.6	2.0
Deferred income taxes	2.7	11.1	683.5	(9.6)	687.7
Separate account liabilities			82,280.5		82,280.5
Other liabilities	26.4	962.7	5,363.0	(868.0)	5,484.1
Total liabilities	625.1	1,427.4	146,935.5	(1,238.4)	147,749.6
Stockholders equity					
Series A preferred stock					
Series B preferred stock	0.1				0.1
Common stock	3.8		23.6	(23.6)	3.8
Additional paid-in capital	8,250.8	7,740.6	7,106.0	(14,846.6)	8,250.8
Retained earnings	3,617.3	46.0	1,291.7	(1,337.7)	3,617.3
Accumulated other comprehensive					
income	388.4	380.7	386.5	(767.2)	388.4
Treasury stock, at cost	(4,392.1)		(2.0)	2.0	(4,392.1)
Total stockholders equity	7,868.3	8,167.3	8,805.8	(16,973.1)	7,868.3
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 8,493.4	\$ 9,594.7	\$ 155,741.3	\$ (18,211.5)	\$ 155,617.9

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2006

	Fir Gro	incipal nancial up, Inc. ent Only	F	rincipal inancial vices, Inc. Only	I Co Su (incipal Life (nsurance mpany and Other ubsidiaries Combined in millions)	Eli	iminations	l G	Principal Financial roup, Inc. nsolidated
Assets										
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$		\$	14.1	\$	44,389.4	\$		\$	44,403.5
Fixed maturities, trading				1.2		322.2				323.4
Equity securities, available-for-sale				0.9		665.7				666.6
Equity securities, trading				1.3		179.7				181.0
Mortgage loans						11,663.9				11,663.9
Real estate						867.0				867.0
Policy loans						850.7				850.7
Investment in unconsolidated entities		8,191.4		8,701.7		298.1		(16,893.1)		298.1
Other investments		3.6		4.4		1,109.0		(4.4)		1,112.6
Cash and cash equivalents		30.9		129.2		2,031.3		(600.6)		1,590.8
Accrued investment income				0.3		723.2				723.5
Premiums due and other receivables				353.5		898.8				1,252.3
Deferred policy acquisition costs						2,418.9				2,418.9
Property and equipment						422.5				422.5
Goodwill						361.9				361.9
Other intangibles						981.0				981.0
Separate account assets						73,779.6				73,779.6
Other assets		256.1		9.2		1,749.3		(253.8)		1,760.8
Total assets	\$	8,482.0	\$	9,215.8	\$	143,712.2	\$	(17,751.9)	\$	143,658.1
Liabilities										
Contractholder funds	\$		\$		\$	36,799.0	\$		\$	36,799.0
Future policy benefits and claims						17,332.6				17,332.6
Other policyholder funds						619.4				619.4
Short-term debt						435.3		(351.2)		84.1
Long-term debt		601.9		464.5		487.4				1,553.8
Income taxes currently payable (receivable)		(1.2)		(2.0)		2.4		5.0		4.2
Deferred income taxes		(1.2)		(2.0)		2.4 909.7		(5.9)		4.2 917.2
Separate account liabilities		1.1		12.3		73.779.6		(3.9)		73,779.6
Other liabilities		19.4		549.6		4,645.1		(506.7)		4,707.4
Total liabilities		621.2		1,024.4		135,010.5		(858.8)		135,797.3
Stockholders equity		021.2		1,024.4		155,010.5		(0.0.0)		155,191.5
Series A preferred stock										
Series B preferred stock		0.1								0.1
Common stock		3.8				17.1		(17.1)		3.8
Additional paid-in capital		3.8 8.141.8		7.688.2		6.918.2		(14,606.4)		5.8 8.141.8
Retained earnings (deficit)		8,141.8 2,824.1		(339.5)		924.2		(14,000.4) (584.7)		2,824.1
Retained earnings (deficit)		2,024.1		(339.3)		924.2		(384.7)		2,024.1

Accumulated other comprehensive					
income	846.9	842.7	844.2	(1,686.9)	846.9
Treasury stock, at cost	(3,955.9)		(2.0)	2.0	(3,955.9)
Total stockholders equity	7,860.8	8,191.4	8,701.7	(16,893.1)	7,860.8
Total liabilities and stockholders equity \$	8,482.0	\$ 9,215.8	\$ 143,712.2	\$ (17,751.9)	\$ 143,658.1

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10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the nine months ended September 30, 2007

	Fin Grou	ncipal ancial up, Inc. nt Only	Fi Serv	rincipal nancial vices, Inc. Only	Iı Cor Su C	ncipal Life nsurance npany and Other bsidiaries ombined 1 millions)	Elin	minations	Fi Gr	rincipal nancial oup, Inc. ssolidated
Revenues	¢				¢	2 454 0	<i>ф</i>		¢	2 456 0
Premiums and other considerations	\$		\$		\$	3,456.0	\$		\$	3,456.0
Fees and other revenues		<i>(</i>)				1,962.8		(8.9)		1,953.9
Net investment income		6.2		2.1		2,919.8		0.3		2,928.4
Net realized/unrealized capital gains				2.5		1.2		(0.0		3.7
Total revenues		6.2		4.6		8,339.8		(8.6)		8,342.0
Expenses										
Benefits, claims, and settlement expenses						4,725.9				4,725.9
Dividends to policyholders						221.9				221.9
Operating expenses		36.2		30.3		2,258.1		(8.6)		2,316.0
Total expenses		36.2		30.3		7,205.9		(8.6)		7,263.8
Income (loss) from continuing operations before										
income taxes		(30.0)		(25.7)		1,133.9				1,078.2
Income taxes (benefits)		(12.4)		(8.5)		281.2				260.3
Equity in the net income of subsidiaries		835.5		852.7				(1,688.2)		
Net income		817.9		835.5		852.7		(1,688.2)		817.9
Preferred stock dividends		24.7						., ,		24.7
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	793.2	\$	835.5	\$	852.7	\$	(1,688.2)	\$	793.2
								., ,		

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the nine months ended September 30, 2006

	Fina Grou	cipal ncial p, Inc. t Only	F	Principal Ynancial Pvices, Inc. Only	l Co Si	incipal Life (nsurance ompany and Other ubsidiaries Combined in millions)	Elin	ninations	F Gr	rincipal inancial oup, Inc. isolidated
Revenues										
Premiums and other considerations	\$		\$		\$	3,206.4	\$		\$	3,206.4
Fees and other revenues						1,388.9		(1.4)		1,387.5
Net investment income		4.2		9.2		2,681.2				2,694.6
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses)				(0.5)		23.6		<i>4</i> A		23.1
Total revenues		4.2		8.7		7,300.1		(1.4)		7,311.6
Expenses						4 227 (4 007 (
Benefits, claims, and settlement expenses						4,227.6 217.4				4,227.6 217.4
Dividends to policyholders		8.7		32.8		1,825.7		(1.4)		1.865.8
Operating expenses Total expenses		8.7		32.8		6,270.7		(1.4)		6,310.8
Total expenses		0.7		32.0		0,270.7		(1.4)		0,510.8
Income (loss) from continuing operations before										
income taxes		(4.5)		(24.1)		1,029.4				1.000.8
		()		(2)		1,02711				1,00010
Income taxes (benefits)		(1.5)		(8.4)		239.3				229.4
Equity in the net income of subsidiaries,		(110)		(011)						
excluding discontinued operations		774.4		790.1				(1,564.5)		
Income from continuing operations, net of related										
income taxes		771.4		774.4		790.1		(1,564.5)		771.4
Income from discontinued operations, net of										
related income taxes		0.5		0.5		0.5		(1.0)		0.5
Net income		771.9		774.9		790.6		(1,565.5)		771.9
Preferred stock dividends		24.7								24.7
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	747.2	\$	774.9	\$	790.6	\$	(1,565.5)	\$	747.2

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2007

	Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only		Principal Financial Services, Inc. Only		Principal Life Insurance Company and Other Subsidiaries Combined (in millions)		Eliminations		Fi Gre	rincipal nancial oup, Inc. ssolidated
Operating activities										
Net cash provided by (used in) operating										
activities	\$	(14.5)	\$	740.9	\$ 2,7	05.2	\$	(386.3)	\$	3,045.3
Investing activities										
Available-for-sale securities:										
Purchases				49.6	(8,0	74.3)				(8,024.7)
Sales				13.4	2,7	13.8				2,727.2
Maturities					3,4	30.1				3,430.1
Mortgage loans acquired or originated					(2,1	19.3)				(2,119.3)
Mortgage loans sold or repaid					1,4	76.3				1,476.3
Real estate acquired						(89.1)				(89.1)
Real estate sold						6.2				6.2
Net purchases of property and equipment						(64.2)				(64.2)
Purchases of interests in subsidiaries, net of cash										
acquired				(75.0)		5.9				(69.1)
Dividends received from unconsolidated entities		506.3		403.3				(909.6)		
Net change in other investments		_		4.3		(89.3)		(21.6)		(106.6)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing										
activities		506.3		395.6	(2.8	603.9)		(931.2)		(2,833.2)
Financing activities						,				())
Issuance of common stock		49.5								49.5
Acquisition of treasury stock	((436.2)								(436.2)
Proceeds from financing element derivatives	,	()			1	22.7				122.7
Payments for financing element derivatives					(1	.07.0)				(107.0)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment					(-	,				()
arrangements						6.6				6.6
Dividends to preferred stockholders		(24.7)								(24.7)
Issuance of long-term debt		()				8.5				8.5
Principal repayments of long-term debt				(10.5)		(32.2)				(42.7)
Net repayments of short-term borrowings				(1000)		14.3)		(15.1)		(29.4)
Dividends paid to parent				(506.3)		03.3)		909.6		()
Investment contract deposits				(20012)	(24.8		,,,,,		6,824.8
Investment contract withdrawals					/	27.5)				(6,427.5)
Net increase in banking operation deposits						11.2				811.2
Net cash provided by (used in) financing										011.2
activities	((411.4)		(516.8)	7	89.5		894.5		755.8
	,			()						
		80.4		619.7	6	90.8		(423.0)		967.9

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	30.9	129.2	2,031.3	(600.6)	1,590.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 111.3	\$ 748.9	\$ 2,722.1	\$ (1,023.6)	\$ 2,558.7

10. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2006

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities S (0.7) S 20.94 S (2.061.3) S (2.00.1) S 2.049 Investing activities		Principal Financial Group, Inc. Parent Only		I	Principal Financial Services, Inc. Only		Principal Life Insurance Company and Other Subsidiaries Combined in millions)	Eliminations		Principal Financial Group, Inc. Consolidated	
scrivities S (0,7) S 209.4 S 2,061.3 S (220.1) S 2,049.9 Available-for-sale securities:	Operating activities										
Investing activities 48.2 (6.335 g.8) (6.287 f.6) Purchases 3.1 1.097 9 1.101.0 Maurities 2.656 7 2.656 7 2.656 7 Morgage loans acquired or originated 1.588.6 1.588.6 1.588.6 Real estare acquired 2.138.6 1.588.6 1.588.6 Real estare acquired 2.2.9 22.9 22.9 Nerthases of property and equipment 2.3.9 (37.2) (37.2) Purchases of investimentics, net of cash acquired from unconsolidated entities 880.8 984.7 (1.865.5) Net cash provided by (used in) investime activities 880.8 1.055.4 (2.853.8) (1.865.5) Financing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.865.5) Foreceds from monostock 5.16 5.16 5.9 5.9 Susance of common stock 5.16 5.9 5.9 Dividends to prefered stockholders (16.5) (110.0) (110.0) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements franancing element derivatives 5.9 5.9	1 1 1 2										
Available-for-sale securities: 48.2 (6,33.5) (6,287.6) Sales 3.1 1.097.9 1.101.0 Marrities 2,656.7 2,656.7 Mortgage loans sold or repaid (1,798.7) (1,798.7) Mortgage loans sold or repaid (21.4) (21.4) Real estate acquired (21.4) (21.4) Purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired (34.4) (34.4) Purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired (32.5) (1,865.5) Net change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (20.9) 16.1 Net change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (20.9) 16.1 Net change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (20.9) 16.1 Stard or formon stock 51.6 (10.0) (10.0) (10.0) Stard or forman stock 51.6 5.9 5.9 Acquisition of treasury stock (16.5) (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Dividends to prefer dockholders (16.5) (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>(0.7)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>209.4</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,061.3</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(220.1)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,049.9</td>		\$	(0.7)	\$	209.4	\$	2,061.3	\$	(220.1)	\$	2,049.9
Purchases 48.2 (6,335.8) (6,237.6) Sales 3.1 1.0979 1.01.0 Murrities 2,656.7 2,656.7 Morage loans acquired originated 1,588.6 1.388.6 Real estate acquired 2,29 22.9 Nortgase loans sold or repaid 22.9 22.9 Net guerchases of property and equipment 22.9 22.9 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 880.8 984.7 (1.865.5) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.86.5) Financing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.86.5) Financing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.86.5) Financing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.86.4) (2.794.0) Financing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.86.5) (1.65) Surance of common stock 5.6 5.9 5.9 5.9 Dividends to prefered stockholders (16.5)	8										
Sales 3.1 1,097.9 1,101.0 Maturities 2,656.7 2,656.7 Mortgage loans acquired or originated (1,798.7) (1,798.7) Mortgage loans acquired (21,4) (21,4) Real estate acquired (21,4) (21,4) Real estate sold 22.9 22.9 Net purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash (34,4) (34,4) acquired (37,2) (1,865.5) (37,2) Dividends received from unconsolidated entities 880.8 984.7 (1,865.5) (37,2) Ret change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (2,0.9) 16.1 Net change in other investments 880.8 1,065.4 (2,853.8) (1,886.4) (2,794.0) Issuance of common stock 51.6 59 59 59 Sustance of financing element derivatives 126.3 120.3 120.3 Providends to prefered stockholders (16.5) 59 59 59 Sustance of long-term debt (20,0) (16.5) 50 50 50 Sustance of long-term debt derivatives 50 50											
Manutiss 2,656.7 2,656.7 Mortgage loans acquired or repaid (1,798.7) (1,798.7) Mortgage loans acquired or repaid 1,588.6 1,588.6 Real estate acquired (21.4) (21.4) Real estate acquired (21.4) (21.4) Purchases of property and equipment (22.9) (22.9) Net purchases of property and equipment (37.2) (37.2) Purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired (37.2) (37.2) Dividends received from unconsolidated entities 880.8 984.7 (1.865.5) Net change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (20.9) 16.1 Acquisition of treasary stock (75.7) (75.7) (75.7) Proceeds from financing element derivatives (110.0) (110.0) (10.0) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements 5.9 5.9 5.9 Dividends to preferred stockholders (16.5) (10.0) (20.2) Issuance of long-term debt (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Principal Repayments of indiversal							,				
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Mortgage loans sold or repaid 1.588.6 1.588.6 1.588.6 Real estate acquired (21.4) (21.4) (21.4) Real estate sold 22.9 22.9 Net purchases of property and equipment (34.4) (34.4) acquired (37.2) (1.565.5) Dividends received from unconsolidated entities 880.8 984.7 (1.565.5) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 880.8 1.065.4 (2.853.8) (1.866.4) (2.79.4) Issuance of common stock 51.6 51.6 51.6 51.6 71.6 (20.9) 16.1 Acquisition of treasary stock (10.0) (110.0) (110.0) (110.0) (10.0) (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Exaces tax benefits from share-based payment 5.9 5.9 5.9 5.9 5.9 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.65 10.7 6.691.7 6.691.7 10.65 10.7 10.65 10.7 10.65											
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Purchases of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired(37.2)(37.2)(37.2)acquired(37.2)(37.2)(1.865.5)Net change in other investments29.47.6(20.9)(6.1)Net cash provided by (used in investing activities880.81.065.4(2.853.8)(1.866.4)(2.794.0)Financing activities880.81.065.4(2.853.8)(1.886.4)(2.794.0)Issuance of common stock51.651.651.651.6Acquisition of treasury stock(755.7)(755.7)(755.7)Proceeds from financing element derivatives126.3126.3126.3Payments for financing element derivatives1.065.95.95.9Dividends to prefered stockholders(16.5)(10.0)(10.0)10.1Excass provided by (used in preprint debt(20.3)0.1(20.2)Principal repayments of short-term borrowings(350.0)(287.8)278.1(359.7)Dividends patt to parent(5.947.5)(5.247.5)(5.247.5)(5.247.5)Investment contract withdrawals(720.6)(1.230.8)306.72.143.6498.9Discontinued operations0.50.50.50.5Net cash provided by operating activities1.41.41.4At cash used in investing activities(720.6)(1.230.8)306.72.143.6498.9Discontinued operations0.50.50.50.50.50.5Net ca											
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Dividends received from unconsolidated entities 880.8 984.7 (1,865.5) Net change in other investments 29.4 7.6 (20.9) 16.1 Financing activities 80.8 1,065.4 (2,853.8) (1,886.4) (2,794.0) Issuance of common stock 51.6 51.6 51.6 51.6 Acquisition of treasury stock (755.7) (110.0) (110.0) (110.0) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment 126.3 126.3 5.9 5.9 Dividends to preferred stockholders (16.5) (16.5) (10.0) (10.0) (10.0) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment 1.4 (0.1) 1.3 (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Dividends to preferred stockholders (16.5) (350.0) (287.8) 278.1 (359.7) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) (5.247.5) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(25.0)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							(25.0)				
Net change in other investments29.47.6(20.9)16.1Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities880.81,065.4(2,853.8)(1,886.4)(2,794.0)Issuance of common stock51.6	1		000.0		0047		(37.2)		(1.9(5.5)		(37.2)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 880.8 1,065.4 (2,853.8) (1,886.4) (2,794.0) Financing activities 51.6 <td></td> <td></td> <td>880.8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>16.1</td>			880.8								16.1
Financing activities 51.6 51.6 51.6 Issuance of common stock 51.6 51.6 51.6 Acquisition of treasury stock (755.7) (755.7) (755.7) Proceeds from financing element derivatives 126.3 126.3 Payments for financing element derivatives (110.0) (110.0) Excess tas benefits from share-based payment 5.9 5.9 arrangements 5.9 5.9 Dividends to preferred stockholders (16.5) (16.5) Susance of long-term debt 1.4 0.1 1.3 Principal repayments of long-term debt (20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Net repayments of short-term borrowings (350.0) (287.8) 278.1 (359.7) Dividends parent (80.8) (984.7) 1.865.5 (10.5)			000.0						· · · · ·		
Issuance of common stock 51.6 51.6 Acquisition of treasury stock (755.7) (755.7) Proceeds from financing element derivatives 126.3 126.3 Payments for financing element derivatives (110.0) (110.0) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment 5.9 5.9 Dividends to preferred stockholders (16.5) 1.4 (0.1) 1.3 Incident repayments of long-term debt 20.3) 0.1 (20.2) Participal repayments of short-term borrowings (350.0) (287.8) 278.1 (359.7) Dividends paid to parent (880.8) (984.7) 1,865.5 11.7 131.7 Investment contract dyposits (5,247.5) (5,247.5) (5,247.5) 5.247.5 Net cash provided by used in financing 30.67 2,143.6 498.9 Discontinued operation deposits 1.4 1.4 1.4 Net cash provided by used in financing 0.5 0.5 0.5 Net cash provided by operating activities (0.9) (0.9) 0.9 Net cash provided by discontinued operations 159.5 44.0 (485.3) 37.1 <td></td> <td></td> <td>880.8</td> <td></td> <td>1,065.4</td> <td></td> <td>(2,853.8)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,886.4)</td> <td></td> <td>(2,794.0)</td>			880.8		1,065.4		(2,853.8)		(1,886.4)		(2,794.0)
Acquisition of treasury stock(755.7)(755.7)Proceeds from financing element derivatives126.3126.3Payments for financing element derivatives(110.0)(110.0)Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements5.95.9Dividends to preferred stockholders(16.5)(16.5)(16.5)Issuance of long-term debt(20.3)0.1(20.2)Principal repayments of long-term debt(20.3)0.1(20.2)Net repayments of short-term borrowings(350.0)(287.8)278.1(359.7)Dividends paid to parent(880.8)(984.7)1,865.5(6.91.7)Investment contract withdrawals(720.6)(1,230.8)306.72,143.6498.9Discontinued operation(720.6)(1,230.8)306.72,143.6498.9Discontinued operating activities(0.9)(0.9)(0.9)Net cash provided by operating activities159.544.0(485.3)37.1(244.7)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period21.6701.31,822.4(904.0)1,641.3Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$181.1\$745.3\$1,337.1\$(866.9)\$1,396.7Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$5.944.0(485.3)37.1(244.7)(244.7)Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$181.1\$745.3\$1,337.1\$(866.9)\$1,396.6Cash and cash equiva			51.6								51 (
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	At end of period	\$				\$	2.5	\$			2.5

11. Subsequent Event

On October 29, 2007, our Board of Directors declared an annual common stock dividend of approximately \$235.5 million, equal to \$0.90 per share, payable on December 7, 2007, to common stockholders of record as of November 16, 2007.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following analysis discusses our financial condition as of September 30, 2007, compared with December 31, 2006, and our consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The discussion and analysis includes, where appropriate, factors that may affect our future financial performance. The discussion should be read in conjunction with our Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the SEC and the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the related notes to the financial statements and the other financial information included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Information

Our narrative analysis below contains forward-looking statements intended to enhance the reader s ability to assess our future financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that represent our beliefs concerning future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments, and contain words and phrases such as anticipate, believe, plan, estimate, expect, intend similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are made based upon management s current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance.

Actual results may differ materially from those included in the forward-looking statements as a result of risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to the following: (1) a decline or increased volatility in the securities markets could result in investors withdrawing from the markets or decreasing their rates of investment, either of which could reduce our net income, revenues and assets under management; (2) our investment portfolio is subject to several risks which may diminish the value of our invested assets and the investment returns credited to our customers, which could reduce our sales, revenues, assets under management, and net income; (3) competition from companies that may have greater financial resources, broader arrays of products, higher ratings and stronger financial performance may impair our ability to retain existing customers, attract new customers and maintain our profitability; (4) a downgrade in any of our ratings may increase policy surrenders and withdrawals, reduce new sales and terminate relationships with distributors, and impact existing liabilities, any of which could adversely affect our profitability and financial condition; (5) our efforts to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on our profitability and surplus may not be effective; (6) if we are unable to attract and retain sales representatives and develop new distribution sources, sales of our products and services may be reduced; (7) our international businesses face political, legal, operational and other risks that could reduce our profitability in those businesses; (8) our reserves established for future policy benefits and claims may prove inadequate, requiring us to increase liabilities; (9) our ability to pay stockholder dividends and meet our obligations may be constrained by the limitations on dividends Iowa insurance laws impose on Principal Life; (10) the pattern of amortizing our DPAC and other related actuarial balances on our SFAS No. 97 Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises for Certain Long-Duration Contracts and for Realized Gains and Losses from the Sale of Investments products may change, impacting both the level of the asset and the timing of our operating earnings; (11) we may need to fund deficiencies in our Closed Block assets; (12) a pandemic, terrorist attack, or other catastrophic event could adversely affect our earnings; (13) our reinsurers could default on their obligations or increase their rates, which could adversely impact our earnings and profitability; (14) we may encounter difficulty integrating WM Advisors, Inc. and may incur substantial costs in connection with the integration; (15) changes in laws, regulations or accounting standards may reduce our profitability; (16) results of litigation and regulatory investigations may affect our financial strength or reduce our profitability; (17) fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could reduce our profitability; and (18) applicable laws and our stockholder rights plan, certificate of incorporation and by-laws may discourage takeovers and business combinations that our stockholders might consider in their best interests.

Overview

We provide financial products and services through the following segments:

U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation, which consists of our asset accumulation operations that provide retirement savings and related investment products and services, and our asset management operations conducted through Principal Global Investors. We provide a comprehensive portfolio of asset accumulation products and services to businesses and individuals in the U.S., with a concentration on small and medium-sized businesses, which

we define as businesses with fewer than 1,000 employees. We offer businesses products and services for defined contribution pension plans, including 401(k) and 403(b) plans, defined benefit pension plans, non-qualified executive benefit plans, and employee stock ownership plan consulting services. We also offer annuities, mutual funds and bank products and services to the employees of our business customers and other individuals. Principal Global Investors offers an extensive range of equity, fixed

income and real estate investments as well as specialized overlay and advisory services to institutional investors.

International Asset Management and Accumulation, which consists of Principal International, offers retirement products and services, annuities, mutual funds, life insurance, and institutional asset management. We have operations in Brazil, Chile, China, Hong Kong, India, Malaysia, and Mexico.

Life and Health Insurance, which provides individual life insurance, group health insurance as well as specialty benefits in the U.S. Our individual life insurance products include universal and variable universal life insurance and traditional life insurance. Our health insurance products include group medical insurance and fee-for-service claims administration and wellness services. Our specialty benefits products include group dental and vision insurance, individual and group disability insurance, and group life insurance.

Corporate and Other, which manages the assets representing capital that has not been allocated to any other segment. Financial results of the Corporate and Other segment primarily reflect our financing activities (including interest expense), income on capital not allocated to other segments, inter-segment eliminations, income tax risks and certain income, expenses and other after-tax adjustments not allocated to the segments based on the nature of such items.

Recent Event

Common Stockholder Dividend

On October 29, 2007, our Board of Directors declared an annual common stock dividend of approximately \$235.5 million, equal to \$0.90 per share, payable on December 7, 2007, to common stockholders of record as of November 16, 2007.

Transactions Affecting Comparability of Results of Operations

Acquisitions

We acquired the following businesses, among others, during 2007 and 2006:

Morley Financial Services, Inc. On August 31, 2007, we acquired Morley Financial Services, Inc. (Morley Financial) from Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company, for \$75.0 million in cash, subject to closing adjustments. Morley Financial is a stable value asset manager with approximately \$14.0 billion in institutional assets under management. The operations of Morley Financial are reported and consolidated in our U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment.

WM Advisors, Inc. On December 31, 2006, we acquired WM Advisors, Inc. and its subsidiaries from Washington Mutual, Inc. for a total cost of \$741.1 million in cash, subject to closing adjustments. As of December 31, 2006, WM Advisors, Inc. had approximately \$28.0 billion in assets under management and provided investment advisory services to mutual funds, variable trust funds and asset allocation portfolios to approximately 800,000 shareholder accounts nationwide. The operations of WM Advisors, Inc. are reported and consolidated in our U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment.

Principal Global Services Private Limited. In December 2005, we formed Principal Global Services Private Limited (PGS), which began operations in Pune, India, as of August 2006. PGS employees perform services for our U.S. operations including claims data entry, 401(k) processing, IT coding/application development, and IT quality assurance. PGS start up costs were reported in our Corporate and Other segment through 2006. Beginning in 2007, expenses are allocated to the segments for which services are performed.

Principal Commercial Funding II. On October 24, 2005, Principal Real Estate Investors and U.S. Bank National Association announced that they agreed to create Principal Commercial Funding II, a jointly-owned business that competes in the commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) market. Principal Real Estate Investors is the real estate investment arm of Principal Global Investors. U.S. Bank National Association is the principal banking subsidiary of U.S. Bancorp. The new company is the CMBS platform for both Principal Real Estate Investors and U.S. Bank National Association and focuses on securitizing commercial mortgages originated by both Principal Real Estate Investors and U.S. Bank National Association on its behalf. Principal Commercial Funding II began operations immediately, and began contributing collateral to securitizations during the first quarter of 2006. The operations of Principal Commercial Funding II are reported in our U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment using the equity method of accounting.

Dispositions

We entered into disposition agreements or disposed of the following businesses, among others, during 2007 and 2006:

Principal Dental Services, Inc. Effective July 1, 2006, we sold five dental offices which were substantially all of the assets of Dental Net Group, one component of Principal Dental Services, Inc. The realized gain was reported in our Life and Health segment.

Real Estate Investments. In 2006, we sold a certain real estate property previously held for investment purposes. This property qualified for discontinued operations treatment. Therefore, the results of operations have been removed from our results of continuing operations for all periods presented. We have separately disclosed the operating, investing and financing portions of the cash flows attributable to our discontinued operations in our consolidated statements of cash flows.

Selected financial information for the discontinued operations is as follows:

For the three	months ended	For the nine	For the nine months ended					
Septer	nber 30,	Septen	ıber 30,					
2007	2006	2007	2006					
	(in mil	llions)						

Total revenues	\$ \$	0.6	\$ \$	0.8
Income from discontinued				
operations:				
Income before income taxes	\$ \$	0.6	\$ \$	0.8
Income taxes		0.2		0.3
Net income	\$ \$	0.4	\$ \$	0.5

Other

Principal Reinsurance Company of Vermont. In November 2006, Principal Life established a wholly owned reinsurance subsidiary, Principal Reinsurance Company of Vermont (PVT), which reinsures a portion of our universal life secondary or no-lapse guarantee provisions through an intercompany reinsurance agreement with Principal Life. Effective June 30, 2007, we amended our reinsurance agreement with PVT to include inforce and future policy issuances of a current term insurance product. The reinsurance agreement, which was accompanied by a third party letter of credit issued to PVT and guaranteed by PFG, allowed us to redeploy capital for other general corporate purposes.

Senior Note Issuance. During the fourth quarter 2006, we issued \$600.0 million of senior notes from our shelf registration, which became effective on June 30, 2004. The notes bear interest at a rate of 6.05% per year. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15, and began on April 15, 2007. The notes will mature on October 15, 2036. A portion of the proceeds was used to fund the acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc., with the remaining proceeds being used for general corporate purposes.

SBB Mutual Berhad and SBB Asset Management Sdn Bhd. On February 5, 2007, we invested an additional RM\$192.4 million Malaysian ringgits (RM\$) (approximately U.S. \$55.1 million) to retain our 40% ownership interest in CIMB-Principal, our joint venture company in Malaysia, as a result of its decision to purchase the mutual fund and asset management companies of the former Southern Bank Bhd (SBB) Mutual Berhad and SBB Asset Management Sdn Bhd.

Fluctuations in Foreign Currency to U.S. Dollar Exchange Rates

Fluctuations in foreign currency to U.S. dollar exchange rates for countries in which we have operations can affect reported financial results. In years when foreign currencies weaken against the U.S. dollar, translating foreign currencies into U.S. dollars results in fewer U.S. dollars to be reported. When foreign currencies strengthen, translating foreign currencies into U.S. dollars results in more U.S. dollars to be reported.

Foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations create variances in our financial statement line items but have not had a material impact on our consolidated income from continuing operations. Our consolidated income from continuing operations was positively impacted by \$2.0 million and \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and positively impacted \$3.4 million and \$4.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, as a result of fluctuations in foreign currency to U.S. dollar exchange rates. For a discussion of our approaches to managing foreign currency exchange rate risk, see Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures

about Market Risk.

Stock-Based Compensation Plans

Under the terms of our Stock-Based Compensation Plans, we currently grant nonqualified stock options, restricted stock units, and performance shares. Additionally, we have an employee stock purchase plan.

The compensation cost that was charged against income for the Stock-Based Compensation Plans was \$14.2 million and \$19.8 million, and the related income tax benefit recognized in the income statement was \$4.7 million and \$6.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The compensation cost that was charged against income for the Stock-Based Compensation Plans was \$48.2 million and \$47.3 million, and the related income tax benefit recognized in the income statement was \$15.7 million and \$15.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. For awards with graded vesting, we use an accelerated expense attribution method. The total compensation cost capitalized as part of the cost of an asset was \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The total compensation cost capitalized as part of the cost of an asset was \$2.8 million and \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The total compensation cost related to nonvested awards not yet recognized is \$56.8 million. This compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years.

Defined Benefit Pension Expense

The 2007 annual pension benefit expense for substantially all of our employees and certain agents is expected to be \$24.0 million pre-tax, which is a \$10.6 million decrease from the 2006 pre-tax pension expense of \$34.6 million. This decrease is primarily due to the increase in discount rate. Approximately \$6.0 million and \$18.0 million of pre-tax pension expense were reflected in the determination of net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. In addition, approximately \$6.0 million of pre-tax pension expense was raised to 6.15%, up from the 5.75% discount rate used to develop the 2007 expense was raised to 6.15%, up from the 5.75% discount rate used to develop the 2006 expense. The expected long-term return on plan assets assumption remained at 8.25%.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For recent accounting changes, see Item 1. Financial Statements, Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 1, Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies.

Results of Operations

The following table presents summary consolidated financial information for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended September 30,					For the nine I Septem	,	
		2007		2006 (in mi	liona)	2007		2006
Revenues:				(111 111)	mons)			
Premiums and other considerations	\$	1,171.4	\$	1,060.0	\$	3,456.0	\$	3,206.4
Fees and other revenues		738.5		465.3		1,953.9		1,387.5
Net investment income		1,028.9		931.0		2,928.4		2,694.6
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses)		(89.3)		(6.7)		3.7		23.1
Total revenues		2,849.5		2,449.6		8,342.0		7,311.6
Expenses:								
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses		1,643.2		1,426.2		4,725.9		4,227.6
Dividends to policyholders		73.9		73.0		221.9		217.4
Operating expenses		800.9		619.5		2,316.0		1,865.8
Total expenses		2,518.0		2,118.7		7,263.8		6,310.8
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		331.5		330.9		1,078.2		1,000.8
Income taxes		91.0		72.1		260.3		229.4
Income from continuing operations, net of related income								
taxes		240.5		258.8		817.9		771.4
Income from discontinued operations, net of related income								
taxes				0.4				0.5
Net income		240.5		259.2		817.9		771.9
Preferred stock dividends		8.2		8.2		24.7		24.7
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	232.3	\$	251.0	\$	793.2	\$	747.2

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$111.4 million, or 11%, to \$1,171.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,060.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to a \$107.4 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily a result of an increase in full-service payout sales of annuities with life contingencies and an increase in individual payout sales of annuities with life contingencies from certain distribution channels.

Fees and other revenues increased \$273.2 million, or 59%, to \$738.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$465.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to a \$248.6 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment resulting from higher management and distribution fees stemming from an increase in average assets under management primarily resulting from our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. This increase was also driven by our full-service accumulation business. A comprehensive assumption study was completed during the quarter that resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred revenue.

Net investment income increased \$97.9 million, or 11%, to \$1,028.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$931.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily related to a \$4,051.9 million, or 7%, increase in average invested assets and cash and an increase in the average annualized yield on invested assets and cash. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 6.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2007, and 6.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital losses increased \$82.6 million to \$89.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$6.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to higher mark to market losses on derivative activities and losses versus gains on the mark to market of trading equity securities.

The following table highlights the contributors to net realized/unrealized capital gains and losses for the three months ended September 30, 2007.

	For the three months ended September 30, 2007							
	Impairmer credit lo			Other gains (losses) (in m	Hedging adjustments n millions)			Net realized/ unrealized capital gains (losses)
Fixed maturity securities(1)	\$	(24.3)	\$	1.3	\$	105.2	\$	82.2
Fixed maturity securities, trading				3.3				3.3
Equity securities(2)		(0.8)		0.1				(0.7)
Equity securities, trading				(0.3)				(0.3)
Mortgage loans on real estate(3)		1.9						1.9
Derivatives						(172.4)		(172.4)
Other(4)				(1.0)		(2.3)		(3.3)
Total	\$	(23.2)	\$	3.4	\$	(69.5)(5)	\$	(89.3)

⁽¹⁾ Impairments include \$4.8 million of credit impairment write-downs and \$0.3 million in realized credit recoveries on the sale of previously impaired assets. Credit losses include \$19.7 million in realized losses and \$0.6 million in realized gains related to credit triggered sales.

(2) Impairments include \$1.1 million of credit impairment write-downs and \$0.3 million in realized credit recoveries on the sale of previously impaired assets.

(3) Impairments include \$2.7 million in realized gains that resulted from the sale of a commercial mortgage loan for which we had credit concerns and a \$0.8 million increase in the commercial mortgage valuation allowance.

(4) Other gains (losses) include mark to market of net realized/unrealized gains on certain seed money investments.

(5) The net impact relates primarily to the mark to market on derivative contracts for which we do not seek hedge accounting and the mark to market of credit default swaps.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$217.0 million, or 15%, to \$1,643.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,426.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to a \$149.7 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily reflecting an increase in reserves resulting from higher sales of our payout annuities with life contingencies in our individual annuities and full-service payout businesses. The increase also reflected a \$39.5 million increase from the International Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily due to higher interest credited to customers.

Dividends to policyholders increased \$0.9 million, or 1%, to \$73.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$73.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to a \$0.7 million increase in the Life and Health segment due to a 2007 dividend scale change for our individual life insurance business.

Operating expenses increased \$181.4 million, or 29%, to \$800.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$619.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase reflected a \$169.7 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily due to a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred expenses and due to increased operating expenses as a result of our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc.

Income taxes increased \$18.9 million, or 26%, to \$91.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$72.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate was 27% for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 22% for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2007, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received. The increase in the effective income tax rate of a sective income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax refinements in Mexico, and interest exclusion from taxable income. The increase in the effective income tax rate to

27% for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from 22% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was primarily due to tax refinements related to prior years.

As a result of the foregoing factors and the inclusion of income from discontinued operations for 2006, net of related income taxes, net income decreased \$18.7 million, or 7%, to \$240.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$259.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net income available to common stockholders decreased \$18.7 million, or 7%, to \$232.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$251.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$249.6 million, or 8%, to \$3,456.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$3,206.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to a \$199.2 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily a result of an increase in full-service payout sales of annuities with life contingencies and an increase in individual payout sales of annuities with life contingencies from certain distribution channels. The increase also reflected a \$79.2 million increase from the Life and Health Insurance segment, primarily related to solid sales and retention in our specialty benefits business.

Fees and other revenues increased \$566.4 million, or 41%, to \$1,953.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,387.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to a \$527.9 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment primarily related to higher management and distribution fees stemming from an increase in average assets under management primarily resulting from our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. This increase was also driven by our full-service accumulation business. A comprehensive assumption study was completed during the quarter that resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred revenue.

Net investment income increased \$233.8 million, or 9%, to \$2,928.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$2,694.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily related to a \$3,698.6 million, or 6%, increase in average invested assets and cash and an increase in the average annualized yield on invested assets and cash. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 6.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, and 6.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital gains decreased \$19.4 million to \$3.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$23.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to lower gains in 2007 compared to 2006 on sales of an equity method investment.

The following table highlights the contributors to net realized/unrealized capital gains and losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2007										
		airments and redit losses		Other gains (losses) (in mill		Hedging adjustments		Net realized/ unrealized capital gains (losses)			
Fixed maturity securities(1)	\$	(52.8)	\$	15.2	\$	30.9	\$	(6.7)			
Fixed maturity securities, trading		, <i>,</i> ,		(3.0)				(3.0)			
Equity securities(2)		0.2		5.3				5.5			
Equity securities, trading				16.2				16.2			
Mortgage loans on real estate(3)		0.7						0.7			
Derivatives						(76.3)		(76.3)			
Other(4)				41.9		25.4		67.3			
Total	\$	(51.9)	\$	75.6	\$	(20.0)	\$	3.7			

⁽¹⁾ Impairments include \$8.2 million of credit impairment write-downs and \$8.1 million in realized credit recoveries on the sale of previously impaired assets. Certain fixed maturity securities moved into a loss position during the second quarter of 2007, and we determined that we did not have the ability and intent to hold these securities. As a result, we

recognized impairment losses on these securities of \$24.5 million, net of recoveries on the subsequent sale, primarily due to a change in interest rates. Credit losses include \$29.7 million in realized losses and \$2.0 million in realized gains related to credit triggered sales.

(2) Impairments include \$1.1 million of credit impairment write-downs and \$1.3 million in realized credit recoveries on the sale of previously impaired assets.

(3) Impairments include \$2.7 million in realized gains that resulted from the sale of a commercial mortgage loan for which we had credit concerns and a \$2.0 million increase in the commercial mortgage valuation allowance.

(4) Other gains (losses) include a \$24.6 million realized gain on the sale of stock of an equity method investment and mark to market of net realized/unrealized gains on certain seed money investments.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$498.3 million, or 12%, to \$4,725.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$4,227.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to a \$315.1 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily reflecting an increase in reserves resulting from higher sales of our payout annuities with life contingencies in our individual annuities and full-service payout businesses. The increase also reflected a \$156.2 million increase from the Life and Health Insurance segment, primarily due to growth and increased loss ratios in our specialty benefits business and higher claim costs in our health insurance business.

Dividends to policyholders increased \$4.5 million, or 2%, to \$221.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$217.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to a \$2.4 million increase from the Life and Health segment due to a 2007 dividend scale change for our individual life insurance business. The increase was also due to a \$2.1 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment primarily due to an increase in dividends for our participating pension full-service accumulation products.

Operating expenses increased \$450.2 million, or 24%, to \$2,316.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,865.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase reflected a \$402.7 million increase from the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment, primarily due to our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. and a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred expenses. The increase was also due to an increase in staff and infrastructure needed to support the growth within Principal Global Investors.

Income taxes increased \$30.9 million, or 13%, to \$260.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$229.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate was 24% and 23% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax atte for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received. The effective income tax atte for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received, a favorable court ruling on a contested IRS issue for 1991 and later years, and interest exclusion from taxable income.

As a result of the foregoing factors and the inclusion of income from discontinued operations for 2006, net of related income taxes, net income increased \$46.0 million, or 6%, to \$817.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$771.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net income available to common stockholders increased \$46.0 million, or 6%, to \$793.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$747.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Results of Operations by Segment

We use segment operating earnings in goal setting, as a basis in determining employee compensation, and in evaluating performance on a basis comparable to that used by securities analysts. Segment operating earnings are determined by adjusting U.S. GAAP net income available to common stockholders for net realized/unrealized capital gains and losses, as adjusted, and other after-tax adjustments we believe are not indicative of overall operating trends. Note that other after-tax adjustments have occurred in the past and could recur in future reporting periods. While these items may be significant components in understanding and assessing our consolidated financial performance, we believe the presentation of segment operating earnings enhances the understanding of our results of operations by highlighting earnings attributable to the normal, ongoing operations of our businesses.

The following table presents segment information as of or for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2006 (in millions)			lions)	For the nine more ended September 2007			
Operating revenues by segment:								
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation	\$ 1,509.8	\$	1,111.3	\$	4,178.0	\$	3,299.4	
International Asset Management and Accumulation	224.6		169.2		540.9		476.8	
Life and Health Insurance	1,211.6		1,183.4		3,635.5		3,526.1	
Corporate and Other(1)	(7.2)		(7.6)		(6.4)		(13.5)	
Total segment operating revenues	2,938.8		2,456.3		8,348.0		7,288.8	
Add:								
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), net of related revenue adjustments(2)	(89.3)		(6.1)		(6.0)		23.6	
Subtract:								
Operating revenues from a discontinued real estate investment			0.6				0.8	
Total revenues per consolidated statements of operations	\$ 2,849.5	\$	2,449.6	\$	8,342.0	\$	7,311.6	
Operating earnings (loss) by segment, net of related income taxes:								
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation	\$ 211.9	\$	157.4	\$	587.0	\$	466.4	
International Asset Management and Accumulation	39.3		23.2		85.3		56.9	
Life and Health Insurance	73.4		82.0		179.0		217.6	
Corporate and Other	(11.7)		(7.9)		(18.7)		(20.8)	
Total segment operating earnings, net of related income taxes	312.9		254.7		832.6		720.1	
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as adjusted(2)	(59.4)		(3.7)		(18.2)		8.3	
Other after-tax adjustments(3)	(21.2)				(21.2)		18.8	
Net income available to common stockholders per								
consolidated statements of operations	\$ 232.3	\$	251.0	\$	793.2	\$	747.2	

	September 30, 2007 (in millions)			December 31, 2006	
Assets by segment:		(111 1111)	ons)		
U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation(4)	\$	129,120.8	\$	117,950.0	
International Asset Management and Accumulation		9,021.3		8,101.0	
Life and Health Insurance		14,910.1		14,364.5	
Corporate and Other(5)		2,565.7		3,242.6	
Total consolidated assets	\$	155,617.9	\$	143,658.1	

Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as adjusted, is derived as follows:

(2)

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations primarily related to internal investment management fee revenues and commission fee revenues paid to U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation agents for selling Life and Health Insurance segment insurance products.

	For the three n Septeml			For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2007		2006	2007		2006
			(in millio	,		
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses)	\$ (89.3)	\$	(6.7)	\$ 3.7	\$	23.1
Periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivatives(6)	(5.4)			(14.9)		
Certain market value adjustments to fee revenues	(2.5)		0.1	(3.5)		(1.1)
Recognition of front-end fee revenues	7.9		0.5	8.7		1.6
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), net of related						
revenue adjustments	(89.3)		(6.1)	(6.0)		23.6
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition and sales						
inducement costs related to net realized capital gains (losses)	(6.0)		5.1	(4.9)		3.9
Capital (gains) losses distributed	2.9		(2.2)	(7.7)		(5.8)
Minority interest capital (gains) losses	0.2		(3.0)	(6.7)		(4.8)
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), including						
recognition of front-end fee revenues and certain market value						
adjustments to fee revenues, net of related amortization of						
deferred policy acquisition costs and sales inducement costs,						
capital (gains) losses distributed, and minority interest capital						
(gains) losses	(92.2)		(6.2)	(25.3)		16.9
Income tax effect	32.8		2.5	7.1		(8.6)
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as adjusted	\$ (59.4)	\$	(3.7)	\$ (18.2)	\$	8.3

(3) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, other after-tax adjustments of \$21.2 million included the negative effect of tax refinements related to prior years.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, other after-tax adjustments of \$18.8 million included the positive effect of a favorable court ruling on a contested IRS issue for 1991 and later years.

(4) U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation separate account assets include shares of our stock allocated to a separate account, a result of our demutualization. The value of the separate account was \$713.1 million and \$768.4 million as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, respectively. Changes in the fair value of the separate account are reflected in both separate account assets and separate account liabilities.

(5) Includes inter-segment elimination amounts related to an internal line of credit and internally generated mortgage loans. The Corporate and Other segment managed a revolving line of credit used by other segments. The U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment and Life and Health Insurance segment reported mortgage loan assets issued for real estate joint ventures. These mortgage loans were reported as liabilities in the Corporate and Other segment.

(6)

The amounts in periods prior to June 30, 2007, were not material.

U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation Segment

U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation Segment Summary Financial Data

The following table presents certain summary financial data relating to the U.S. Asset Management and Accumulation segment for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
			(in mi	lions)				
Operating Earnings Data:								
Operating revenues:								
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 203.6	\$	96.2	\$	534.9	\$	335.7	
Fees and other revenues	589.7		345.9		1,542.2		1,019.0	
Net investment income	716.5		669.2		2,100.9		1,944.7	
Total operating revenues	1,509.8		1,111.3		4,178.0		3,299.4	
Expenses:								
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses, including								
dividends to policyholders	745.3		594.9		2,079.8		1,762.0	
Operating expenses	481.6		312.7		1,333.3		937.1	
Total expenses	1,226.9		907.6		3,413.1		2,699.1	
Operating earnings before income taxes	282.9		203.7		764.9		600.3	
Income taxes	71.0		46.3		177.9		133.9	
Operating earnings	211.9		157.4		587.0		466.4	
Net realized/unrealized capital losses, as adjusted	(63.1)		(14.0)		(45.1)		(18.5)	
U.S. GAAP Reported:								
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 148.8	\$	143.4	\$	541.9	\$	447.9	

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$107.4 million to \$203.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$96.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$60.7 million increase in full-service payout sales of annuities with life contingencies. In addition, our individual payout annuity premiums and other considerations increased \$46.7 million primarily due to increased sales of annuities with life contingencies from certain distribution channels.

Fees and other revenues increased \$243.8 million, or 70%, to \$589.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$345.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$133.5 million increase in our full-service accumulation business due to a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred revenue. In addition, fees and other revenues in Principal Funds, our mutual fund business, increased \$84.1 million primarily due to higher management and distribution fees stemming from an increase in average assets under management resulting from our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. Furthermore, Principal Global Investors fees and other revenues increased \$34.5 million primarily due to an increase in management fees resulting from growth in assets under management across all asset classes including the impact from the WM Advisors, Inc. acquisition.

Net investment income increased \$47.3 million, or 7%, to \$716.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$669.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase reflects a \$2,947.6 million, or 7%, increase in average invested assets and cash for the segment. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 5.9% for both the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses, including dividends to policyholders, increased \$150.4 million, or 25%, to \$745.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$594.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$68.7 million increase in our individual annuities business due to an increase in reserves resulting from higher sales of our payout annuities with life contingencies and, to a lesser extent, an increase in cost of

interest credited resulting from a growing block of fixed deferred annuities. In addition, full-service payout benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$62.0 million primarily due to an increase in reserves resulting from an increase in sales of annuities with life contingencies.

Operating expenses increased \$168.9 million, or 54%, to \$481.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$312.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$79.8 million increase in our full-service accumulation business primarily due to a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred expenses. In addition, operating expenses in Principal Funds, our mutual fund business, increased \$63.5 million primarily due to our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. Furthermore, Principal Global Investors operating expenses increased \$20.5 million primarily due to higher costs associated with an increase in staff and infrastructure needed to support the growth in the business and the impact from the WM Advisors, Inc. acquisition.

Income taxes increased \$24.7 million, or 53%, to \$71.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$46.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate for this segment was 25% for the three months ended September 30, 2007, and 23% for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35%, as a result of income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received and interest exclusion from taxable income.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings increased \$54.5 million, or 35%, to \$211.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$157.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital losses, as adjusted, increased \$49.1 million to \$63.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$14.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase is primarily due to higher mark to market losses on derivative activities.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders increased \$5.4 million, or 4%, to \$148.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$143.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$199.2 million, or 59%, to \$534.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$335.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$122.6 million increase in full-service payout sales of annuities with life contingencies. In addition, our individual payout annuity premiums and other considerations increased \$76.6 million primarily due to increase of annuities with life contingencies from certain distribution channels.

Fees and other revenues increased \$523.2 million, or 51%, to \$1,542.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,019.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$262.3 million increase in Principal Funds, our mutual fund business, due to higher management and distribution fees stemming from an increase in average assets under management resulting from our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. In addition, full-service accumulation fees and other revenues increased \$188.3 million primarily due to a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our

unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred revenue. Furthermore, Principal Global Investors fees and other revenues increased \$97.0 million primarily due to an increase in management fees resulting from growth in assets under management across all asset classes including the impact of the WM Advisors, Inc. acquisition.

Net investment income increased \$156.2 million, or 8%, to \$2,100.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,944.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase reflects a \$3,111.8 million, or 7%, increase in average invested assets and cash for the segment. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 5.8% for both the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses, including dividends to policyholders, increased \$317.8 million, or 18%, to \$2,079.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1,762.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$125.6 million increase in our individual annuities business primarily due to an increase in reserves resulting from higher sales related to our payout annuities with life contingencies and, to a lesser extent,

an increase in cost of interest credited resulting from a growing block of fixed deferred annuities. In addition, full-service payout benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$119.7 million due to an increase in reserves resulting from an increase in sales of payout annuities with life contingencies. Furthermore, investment only benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$64.5 million due to an increase in cost of interest credited on this block of business resulting from an increase in account values as well as higher crediting rates.

Operating expenses increased \$396.2 million, or 42%, to \$1,333.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$937.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily resulted from a \$202.0 million increase in Principal Funds, our mutual fund business, due to our December 31, 2006, acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc. In addition, full-service accumulation operating expenses increased \$104.9 million primarily due to a comprehensive assumption study that was completed during the quarter which resulted in the unlocking of our unearned revenue and DPAC assumptions and led to the recognition of previously deferred expenses. Furthermore, Principal Global Investors operating expenses increased \$72.7 million primarily due to higher costs associated with an increase in staff and infrastructure needed to support the growth in the business and the impact from the WM Advisors, Inc. acquisition.

Income taxes increased \$44.0 million, or 33%, to \$177.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$133.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate for this segment was 23% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, and 22% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35%, as a result of income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received and interest exclusion from taxable income.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings increased \$120.6 million, or 26%, to \$587.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$466.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital losses, as adjusted, increased \$26.6 million to \$45.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$18.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase is primarily due to higher mark to market losses on derivative activities.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders increased \$94.0 million, or 21%, to \$541.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$447.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

International Asset Management and Accumulation Segment

International Asset Management and Accumulation Segment Summary Financial Data

The following table presents certain summary financial data of the International Asset Management and Accumulation segment for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2007		2006		2007		2006
			(in milli	ons)			
Operating Earnings Data:							
Operating revenues:							
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 56.1	\$	57.0	\$	159.3	\$	188.3
Fees and other revenues	35.1		29.3		97.9		85.0
Net investment income	133.4		82.9		283.7		203.5
Total operating revenues	224.6		169.2		540.9		476.8
Expenses:							
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses	153.5		114.0		348.7		320.1
Operating expenses	25.1		39.8		96.9		102.3
Total expenses	178.6		153.8		445.6		422.4
Operating earnings before income taxes	46.0		15.4		95.3		54.4
Income taxes (benefits)	6.7		(7.8)		10.0		(2.5)
Operating earnings	39.3		23.2		85.3		56.9
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as							
adjusted	3.2		2.5		3.7		(1.4)
U.S. GAAP Reported:							
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 42.5	\$	25.7	\$	89.0	\$	55.5

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations decreased \$0.9 million, or 2%, to \$56.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$57.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease primarily resulted from a \$7.4 million decrease in Mexico due to decreased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies. Partially offsetting the decrease was an increase of \$4.6 million in Chile due to increased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies, as well as an increase of \$1.9 million due to the strengthening of the Chilean peso versus the U.S. dollar.

Fees and other revenues increased \$5.8 million, or 20%, to \$35.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$29.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Fees and other revenues in Hong Kong, India, and Chile increased \$4.7 million primarily due to growth in assets under management.

Net investment income increased \$50.5 million, or 61%, to \$133.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$82.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to an increase in the annualized yield on average invested assets and cash excluding our equity method investments, which was 14.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2007, compared to 10.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2006. This reflects higher yields on fixed maturity securities and residential mortgage loans in Chile. In addition, the increase was related to a \$467.8 million, or 16%, increase in average invested assets and cash, excluding our equity method investments.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$39.5 million, or 35%, to \$153.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$114.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. In Chile, an increase of \$42.3 million was primarily due to higher interest credited to customers, as well as a \$3.6 million increase due to the strengthening of the Chilean peso versus the U.S. dollar. Partially offsetting the increase was a decrease of \$6.8 million in Mexico due to a lower reserve expense due to decreased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies.

Operating expenses decreased \$14.7 million, or 37%, to \$25.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$39.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Mexico operating expenses decreased \$20.2 million primarily due to net unlocking adjustments of DPAC and present value of future profits (PVFP) related to newly enacted

legislation and lower staff related costs. Partially offsetting this decrease was an increase of \$3.0 million in Chile operating expense primarily due to higher DPAC and PVFP amortization coupled with higher compensation costs. In addition, Hong Kong operating expenses increased \$1.6 million primarily due to higher compensation costs, advertising expenses, and increases in commissions and other fee expense.

Income taxes increased \$14.5 million to \$6.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from a tax benefit of \$7.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective tax rate for this segment was 14% and negative 50% for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2007, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to taxes on our share of earnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income and due to the lower tax rate of 35% primarily due to tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to tax refinements in Mexico and taxes on our share of earnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings increased \$16.1 million, or 69%, to \$39.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$23.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital gains, as adjusted, increased \$0.7 million, or 28%, to \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$2.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase is primarily due to higher mark-to-market gains on derivatives in Chile that are held to more effectively match the invested asset portfolio to our policyholder liability risks.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders increased \$16.8 million, or 65%, to \$42.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$25.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations decreased \$29.0 million, or 15%, to \$159.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$188.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. A decrease of \$29.7 million primarily resulted from decreased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies in Chile and Mexico.

Fees and other revenues increased \$12.9 million, or 15%, to \$97.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$85.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Fees and other revenues in Hong Kong, India, and Chile increased \$10.2 million primarily due to growth in assets under management.

Net investment income increased \$80.2 million, or 39%, to \$283.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$203.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to an increase in the annualized yield on average invested assets and cash excluding our equity method investments, which was 9.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to 7.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In addition, the increase was related to a \$370.5 million, or 13%, increase in average invested assets and cash, excluding our equity method investments.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$28.6 million, or 9%, to \$348.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$320.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In Chile, an increase of \$44.3 million was primarily due to higher interest credited to customers which was partially offset by a lower increase in reserves due to decreased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies. The increase in benefits, claims, and settlement expenses was partially offset by a \$17.5 million decrease in Mexico due to a lower reserve expense due to decreased sales of single premium annuities with life contingencies.

Operating expenses decreased \$5.4 million, or 5%, to \$96.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$102.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Mexico operating expenses decreased \$16.9 million primarily due to net unlocking adjustments of DPAC and PVFP related to newly enacted legislation and lower staff related costs in 2007. Partially offsetting the decrease was a \$4.7 million increase in Chile due to higher amortization of DPAC and PVFP, higher interest expense due in part to increased short-term debt outstanding. In addition, Hong Kong operating expenses increased \$3.4 million primarily due to increases in staff related costs, commissions and other fee expense, and advertising expenses.

Income taxes increased \$12.5 million to \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from a \$2.5 million tax benefit for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The effective tax rates for this segment were 10% and negative 5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, was lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of earnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income and due to the lower tax rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of arnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income tax rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of a rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of a rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of earnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income and tax rate of 35% primarily as a result of taxes on our share of earnings generated from our equity method investments that are included in net investment income and tax refinements in Mexico.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings increased \$28.4 million, or 50%, to \$85.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$56.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital gains, as adjusted, increased \$5.1 million to \$3.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1.4 million of net realized/unrealized capital losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase in net realized/unrealized capital gains is due to higher net realized gains on sales of fixed maturities. In addition, net realized/unrealized gains on derivatives increased in Chile. These derivatives are held to more effectively match the invested asset portfolio to our policyholder liability risks.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders increased \$33.5 million, or 60%, to \$89.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$55.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Life and Health Insurance Segment

Life and Health Insurance Segment Summary Financial Data

The following table presents certain summary financial data relating to the Life and Health Insurance segment for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2006 (in million			llions)	For the nine 1 Septem 2007			
Operating Earnings Data:								
Operating revenues:								
Premiums and other considerations	\$	910.3	\$	905.6	\$	2,757.8	\$	2,678.6
Fees and other revenues		126.3		106.7		362.7		331.5
Net investment income		175.0		171.1		515.0		516.0
Total operating revenues		1,211.6		1,183.4		3,635.5		3,526.1
Expenses:								
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses		748.3		719.9		2,308.0		2,151.8
Dividends to policyholders		73.3		72.6		219.9		217.5
Operating expenses		280.4		267.8		841.5		829.2
Total expenses		1,102.0		1,060.3		3,369.4		3,198.5
Operating earnings before income taxes		109.6		123.1		266.1		327.6
Income taxes		36.2		41.1		87.1		110.0

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Operating earnings		73.4	82.0	179.0	217.6
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as					
adjusted		0.8	0.9	(3.1)	(4.1)
U.S. CAAD Deported.					
U.S. GAAP Reported:	¢	540 ¢	82.0	φ 1750 φ	012.5
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	74.2 \$	82.9	\$ 175.9 \$	213.5
		50			
		50			

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$4.7 million, or 1%, to \$910.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$905.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Specialty benefits insurance premiums increased \$35.4 million due to solid sales and retention. Partially offsetting this increase was a \$26.8 million decrease from our health insurance division due to a decrease in average covered medical members offset in part by higher premium per member. In addition, there was a \$3.9 million decrease in premiums from our individual life insurance business, primarily resulting from the continuation of a shift in marketing emphasis to universal and variable universal life insurance products from traditional life insurance products. Unlike traditional premium-based products, individual universal and variable universal life insurance premiums are not reported as U.S. GAAP revenue.

Fees and other revenues increased \$19.6 million, or 18%, to \$126.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$106.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Fee revenues from our individual life insurance business increased \$17.6 million primarily due to growth in our fee-based universal and variable universal life insurance business.

Net investment income increased \$3.9 million, or 2%, to \$175.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$171.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase primarily relates to a \$212.8 million, or 2%, increase in average invested assets and cash, primarily due to growth in our individual life insurance and specialty benefits businesses, which was partially offset by lower assets resulting from lower capital requirements. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 6.4% for both the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$28.4 million, or 4%, to \$748.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$719.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Specialty benefits insurance benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$28.8 million due to a combination of growth in the business and a slight increase in the division-wide loss ratio that was driven primarily by unfavorable group disability claims experience.

Dividends to policyholders increased \$0.7 million, or 1%, to \$73.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$72.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase is primarily related to a 2007 dividend scale change for our individual life insurance business.

Operating expenses increased \$12.6 million, or 5%, to \$280.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$267.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Individual life insurance operating expenses increased \$19.5 million, primarily related to higher DPAC amortization largely due to favorable unlocking in 2006 and due to higher non-deferrable sales-related expenses in 2007. In addition, there was a \$3.7 million increase in specialty benefits insurance operating expenses due to growth in the business. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$10.6 million decrease in the health insurance division due to staff and other reductions associated with the reduction in business.

Income taxes decreased \$4.9 million, or 12%, to \$36.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$41.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rate for the segment was 33% for both the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The effective income tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to the interest exclusion from taxable income and income tax deductions allowed for corporate dividends received.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings decreased \$8.6 million, or 10%, to \$73.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$82.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital gains, as adjusted, decreased \$0.1 million, or 11%, to \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to higher DPAC amortization partially offset by higher mark to market gains on derivative activities.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders decreased \$8.7 million, or 10%, to \$74.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$82.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Premiums and other considerations increased \$79.2 million, or 3%, to \$2,757.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$2,678.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Specialty benefits insurance premiums increased \$113.2 million due to solid sales and retention. Partially offsetting this increase was a \$17.2 million decrease in the individual life insurance division related to the shift in marketing focus from traditional life insurance products to universal and variable universal life insurance products. In addition, a \$16.8 million decrease in the health insurance business resulted from a decrease in average covered medical members offset in part by an increase in premium per member.

Fees and other revenues increased \$31.2 million, or 9%, to \$362.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$331.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Fee revenues from our individual life insurance business increased \$38.8 million primarily due to growth in our fee-based universal and variable universal life insurance business. Partially offsetting this increase was a \$4.9 million decrease in fee revenues from our health insurance business, primarily due to a decrease in fee-for-service medical members.

Net investment income decreased \$1.0 million to \$515.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$516.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease primarily relates to a \$55.0 million, or 1%, decrease in average invested assets and cash primarily due to lower assets resulting from lower capital requirements, partially offset by growth in our individual life insurance and specialty benefits businesses. The average annualized yield on invested assets and cash was 6.3% for both the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$156.2 million, or 7%, to \$2,308.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$2,151.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Specialty benefits insurance benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$103.6 million due to a combination of growth in the business; unfavorable group disability claims experience; and higher, yet normal, loss ratios in the other specialty benefits lines of business. Health insurance benefits, claims and settlement expenses increased \$42.5 million, primarily due to higher claims costs per member and unfavorable prior year claim development, which were partially offset by a decrease in average covered medical members.

Dividends to policyholders increased \$2.4 million, or 1%, to \$219.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$217.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase is primarily related to a 2007 dividend scale change for our individual life insurance business.

Operating expenses increased \$12.3 million or 1% to \$841.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$829.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Individual life insurance operating expenses increased \$24.9 million, primarily related to higher DPAC amortization largely due to favorable unlocking in 2006 and due to higher non-deferrable sales-related expenses. In addition, there was a \$12.3 million increase in specialty benefits insurance operating expenses due to growth in the business. Partially offsetting the increases was a \$24.9 million decrease in health insurance operating expenses, primarily due to staff and other reductions associated with the decline in both the fee-for-service and medical businesses, as well as lower premium taxes related to a lower effective premium tax rate.

Income taxes decreased \$22.9 million, or 21%, to \$87.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$110.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The effective income tax rates for the segment were 33% and 34% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The effective income tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were lower than the corporate income tax rate of 35% primarily due to the interest exclusion from taxable income and income tax deductions allowed for corporate

dividends received.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating earnings decreased \$38.6 million, or 18%, to \$179.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$217.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital losses, as adjusted, decreased \$1.0 million, or 24%, to \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$4.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to gains versus losses on the mark to market of derivative activities and fewer losses on certain fixed maturity securities for which we determined that we did not have the ability or intent to hold partially offset by higher DPAC amortization.

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income available to common stockholders decreased \$37.6 million, or 18%, to \$175.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$213.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Corporate and Other Segment

Corporate and Other Segment Summary Financial Data

The following table presents certain summary financial data relating to the Corporate and Other segment for the periods indicated:

	For the three i Septem 2007	 	For the nine 1 Septem 2007	
Operating Earnings Data:				
Operating revenues:				
Total operating revenues	\$ (7.2)	\$ (7.6) \$	(6.4)	\$ (13.5)
Expenses:				
Total expenses	5.9	(3.1)	14.7	(6.5)
Operating loss before income taxes	(13.1)	(4.5)	(21.1)	(7.0)
Income taxes benefits	(9.6)	(4.8)	(27.1)	(10.9)
Preferred stock dividends	8.2	8.2	24.7	24.7
Operating loss	(11.7)	(7.9)	(18.7)	(20.8)
Net realized/unrealized capital gains (losses), as				
adjusted	(0.3)	6.9	26.3	32.3
Other after-tax adjustments	(21.2)		(21.2)	18.8
U.S. GAAP Reported:				
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (33.2)	\$ (1.0) \$	(13.6)	\$ 30.3

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Total operating revenues increased \$0.4 million, or 5%, to negative \$7.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from negative \$7.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Net investment income increased \$4.5 million primarily due to an increase in average invested assets for the segment, as well as an increase in annualized investment yields. Partially offsetting the increase in total revenues was a \$3.1 million increase in inter-segment eliminations included in this segment, which is offset by a corresponding change in total expenses.

Total expenses increased \$9.0 million to \$5.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from a negative \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase in total expenses was primarily the result of a \$9.4 million increase in interest expense largely related to the issuance of corporate debt in the fourth quarter of 2006. In addition, the increase was due to an \$8.0 million increase in interest related to federal income tax audit activities. Partially offsetting the increase in total expenses was a \$4.1 million decrease in corporate funded initiatives as well as a \$3.1 million increase in inter-segment eliminations included in this segment, which is offset by a corresponding change in total revenues.

Income tax benefits increased \$4.8 million to \$9.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$4.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was primarily due to an increase in operating loss before income taxes.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating loss increased \$3.8 million, or 48%, to \$11.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$7.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital losses, as adjusted, increased \$7.2 million to \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$6.9 million of net realized/unrealized capital gains for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to lower gains on sales of invested assets.

As a result of the foregoing factors and the inclusion of other after-tax adjustments, net loss available to common stockholders increased \$32.2 million to \$33.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, from \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007, net loss included the negative effect of other after-tax adjustments totaling \$21.2 million due to tax refinements related to prior years.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Total operating revenues increased \$7.1 million, or 53%, to negative \$6.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from a negative \$13.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Net investment income increased \$14.9 million, primarily due to an increase in average annualized investment yields driven by the joint venture real estate portfolio. This amount also includes the negative impact of increased investment expenses related to a significant variable interest in a synthetic fuel production facility, which largely corresponds to a decrease in income taxes due to increased estimated synthetic fuel tax credits. In addition, total revenues decreased \$6.6 million due to an increase in inter-segment eliminations included in this segment, which is offset by a corresponding change in total expenses.

Total expenses increased \$21.2 million to \$14.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from a negative \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase in total expenses was primarily the result of a \$22.9 million increase in interest expense largely related to the issuance of corporate debt in the fourth quarter of 2006. In addition, the increase was due to a \$10.0 million increase in interest related to federal income tax audit activities. Partially offsetting the increase in total expenses was a \$4.8 million decrease in corporate funded initiatives as well as a \$6.6 million increase in inter-segment eliminations included in this segment, which is offset by a corresponding change in total revenues.

Income tax benefits increased \$16.2 million to \$27.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$10.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase was due to an increase in estimated synthetic fuel tax credits as well as an increase in operating loss before income taxes.

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating loss decreased \$2.1 million, or 10%, to \$18.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$20.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Net realized/unrealized capital gains, as adjusted, decreased \$6.0 million, or 19%, to \$26.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$32.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to lower gains on sales of invested assets largely due to lower gains on the sale of an equity method investment. Partially offsetting this decrease was the recovery of a previously impaired fixed maturity securities compared to the prior year.

As a result of the foregoing factors and the inclusion of other after-tax adjustments, net loss available to common stockholders increased \$43.9 million to \$13.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, from \$30.3 million of net income available to common stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, net loss included the negative effect of other after-tax adjustments totaling \$21.2 million due to tax refinements related to prior years. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, net income included the positive effect of other after-tax adjustments totaling \$18.8 million related to a favorable court ruling on a contested IRS issue for 1991 and later years.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our legal entity organizational structure has an impact on our ability to meet cash flow needs as an organization. Following is a simplified organizational structure.

Dividends from Principal Life

The payment of stockholder dividends by Principal Life to its parent company is limited by Iowa laws. Under Iowa laws, Principal Life may pay dividends only from the earned surplus arising from its business and must receive the prior approval of the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Iowa (the Commissioner) to pay a stockholder dividend if such a stockholder dividend would exceed certain statutory limitations. The current statutory limitation is the greater of:

10% of Principal Life s statutory policyholder surplus as of the previous year-end; or

the statutory net gain from operations from the previous calendar year.

Iowa law gives the Commissioner discretion to disapprove requests for dividends in excess of these limits. Based on this limitation and 2006 statutory results, Principal Life could pay approximately \$660.4 million in stockholder dividends in 2007 without exceeding the statutory limitation.

On May 22, 2007, Principal Life declared a common stock dividend to its parent company of up to \$450.0 million, the entire amount of which was paid in June 2007.

Shelf Registration

Registration Statement. Although we generate adequate cash flow to meet the needs of our normal operations, periodically the need may arise to issue debt to fund internal expansion, acquisitions, investment opportunities and retirement of existing debt and equity. We filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which became effective on June 30, 2004. The shelf registration provides us the ability to issue on a cumulative basis up to \$3.0 billion worth of debt securities, preferred stock, common stock, warrants, stock purchase contracts and stock purchase units of PFG and trust preferred securities for general corporate purposes, including working capital, capital expenditures, investments in subsidiaries, share repurchase, acquisitions and refinancing of debt, including commercial paper and other short-term indebtedness. Principal Financial Services, Inc. unconditionally guarantees our obligations with respect to one or more series of debt securities described in the shelf registration statement. As of September 30, 2007, we have the ability to issue up to \$1.85 billion of debt securities, preferred stock, warrants, stock purchase units of PFG and trust preferred stock, unconditionally guarantees of three subsidiary trusts, under the shelf registration statement.

Senior Note Issuance. During the fourth quarter 2006, we issued \$600.0 million of senior notes from our shelf registration, for net proceeds of \$597.5 million. The notes bear interest at a rate of 6.05% per year. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15, and began on April 15, 2007. The notes will mature on October 15, 2036. A portion of the proceeds was used to fund the acquisition of WM Advisors, Inc., with the remaining proceeds being used for general corporate purposes.

Preferred Stock Dividend Restrictions and Payments. The certificates of designations for the preferred stock restrict the declaration of preferred dividends if we fail to meet specified capital adequacy, net income or stockholders equity levels. As of September 30, 2007, we have no preferred dividend restrictions.

As of September 30, 2007, we paid dividends of \$24.7 million related to dividends declared in fourth quarter 2006 and first and second quarter 2007 on our Series A and Series B non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock. On August 21, 2007, we declared an \$8.2 million dividend which was paid on October 1, 2007.

On October 29, 2007, our Board of Directors declared a preferred stock dividend of approximately \$8.2 million, to stockholders of record as of December 13, 2007. The preferred stock dividend is expected to be paid on December 31, 2007.

Common Stock Issued and Treasury Stock Acquired

Our Board of Directors has authorized various repurchase programs under which we are allowed to purchase shares of our outstanding common stock. Shares repurchased under these programs are accounted for as treasury stock, carried at cost and reflected as a reduction to stockholders equity. The repurchases are made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, from time to time, depending on market conditions.

On May 22, 2007, our Board of Directors authorized a repurchase program of up to \$250.0 million of our outstanding common stock. As of September 30, 2007, we repurchased 3.2 million shares in the open market at an aggregate cost of \$180.0 million under this program.

In November 2006, our Board of Directors authorized a repurchase program of up to \$250.0 million of our outstanding common stock. This program was completed in July 2007. Under this program, we acquired 4.2 million shares in the open market at an aggregate cost of \$250.0 million.

International Asset Management and Accumulation Operations

Our Brazilian, Chilean, Mexican, and Hong Kong operations produced positive cash flow from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our Brazilian, Chilean, Hong Kong, Mexican, and Indian operations produced positive cash flow from operations. These cash flows have been historically maintained at the local country level for strategic expansion purposes and local capital requirements. Our international operations may require infusions of capital primarily to fund acquisitions, and to a lesser extent, to meet the cash flow and capital requirements of certain operations. Our capital funding of these operations is consistent with our long-term strategy to establish viable companies that can sustain future growth from internally generated sources. Based on reviews of our current capital needs and strategic opportunities within our foreign operations, we are able to meet our capital needs.

Activity, as reported in our consolidated statements of cash flows, provides relevant information regarding our sources and uses of cash. The following discussion of our operating, investing and financing portions of the cash flows excludes cash flows attributable to our discontinued operations, which were as follows:

	F	For the nine months ended September 30,				
	2007	(in millions)	2006			
Cash flows attributable to discontinued operations:						
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	\$	1.4			
Net cash used in investing activities			(0.9)			
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	\$	\$	0.5			

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$3,045.3 million and \$2,049.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in cash provided by operations was primarily related to fluctuations in operational receivables and payables.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$2,833.2 million and \$2,794.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in cash used in investing activities between periods was primarily related to an increase in net purchases of mortgage loans and real estate as well as an additional contribution in 2007 to an equity method investment with no corresponding activity in 2006. This increase was partially offset by a reduction in net purchases of available for sale securities.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$755.8 million and \$498.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in cash provided by financing activities is primarily due to an increase in bank deposits, a reduction in the repayments of short term borrowings as well as a reduction in treasury stock acquired in 2007, compared to 2006. Partially offsetting these increases was a reduction in net cash flows of investment contracts.

On October 29, 2007, our Board of Directors declared an annual common stock dividend of approximately \$235.5 million, equal to \$0.90 per share, payable on December 7, 2007, to common stockholders of record as of November 16, 2007.

Given the historical cash flow of our subsidiaries and the financial results of these subsidiaries, we believe the cash flow from our consolidated operating activities over the next year will provide sufficient liquidity for our operations, as well as satisfy interest payments and any payments related to debt servicing.

Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges is a measure of our ability to cover fixed costs with current period earnings. A high ratio indicates that earnings are sufficiently covering committed expenses. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, our ratios of:

earnings to fixed charges before interest credited on investment products; and

earnings to fixed charges.

We calculate the ratio of earnings to fixed charges before interest credited on investment products by dividing the sum of income from continuing operations before income taxes (BT), interest expense, which includes interest expense incurred on uncertain tax positions (I), interest factor of rental expense (IF) less undistributed income from equity investees (E) by the sum of interest expense, which includes interest expense incurred on uncertain tax positions (I), interest factor of rental expense (IF), preferred stock dividends by the registrant (PD) and dividends on majority-owned subsidiary redeemable preferred securities (non-intercompany) (D). The formula for this ratio is: (BT+I+IF-E)/(I+IF+PD+D).

We calculate the ratio of earnings to fixed charges by dividing the sum of income from continuing operations before income taxes (BT), interest expense, which includes interest expense incurred on uncertain tax positions (I), interest factor of rental expense (IF) less undistributed income from equity investees (E) and the addition of interest credited on investment products (IC) by interest expense, which includes interest expense

incurred on uncertain tax positions (I), interest factor of rental expense (IF), preferred stock dividends by the registrant (PD), dividends on majority-owned subsidiary redeemable preferred securities (non-intercompany) (D) and interest credited on investment products (IC). The formula for this calculation is: (BT+I+IF-E+IC)/(I+IF+PD+D+IC). Interest credited on investment products includes interest paid on guaranteed investment contracts, funding agreements and other investment-only pension products. Similar to debt, these products have a total fixed return and a fixed maturity date.

	For the nine mor September				
	2007	2006	2006	2005	2004
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges before					
interest credited on investment products	9.2	10.9	10.2	11.1	9.5
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

As of September 30, 2007, there have been no significant changes to contractual obligations and commitments since December 31, 2006.

Short-Term Debt

As of September 30, 2007, we had credit facilities with various financial institutions in an aggregate amount of \$826.9 million. As of September 30, 2007 we had \$56.7 million of outstanding borrowings related to our credit facilities with \$33.1 million of assets pledged as support, compared to \$84.1 million of outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2006 with \$74.5 million of assets pledged as support. Assets pledged consisted primarily of commercial mortgages and securities. Our credit facilities also include a \$600.0 million back-stop facility to provide 100% support for our commercial paper program, of which there were no outstanding balances as of September 30, 2007.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Variable Interest Entities

For variable interest entity information, see Item 1. Financial Statements, Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 2, Significant Unconsolidated Variable Interest Entities.

Guarantees and Indemnifications

For guarantee and indemnification information, see Item 1. Financial Statements, Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 5, Contingencies, Guarantees and Indemnifications under the caption, Guarantees and Indemnifications.

Investments

We had total consolidated assets as of September 30, 2007, of \$155.6 billion, of which \$62.9 billion were invested assets. The rest of our total consolidated assets are comprised primarily of separate account assets for which we do not bear investment risk. Because we generally do not bear any investment risk on assets held in separate accounts, the discussion and financial information below does not include such assets. Of our invested assets, \$59.1 billion were held by our U.S. operations and the remaining \$3.8 billion were held by our International Asset Management and Accumulation segment.

U.S. Investment Operations

Our U.S. invested assets are managed by Principal Global Investors, a subsidiary of Principal Life. Our primary investment objective is to maximize after-tax returns consistent with acceptable risk parameters. We seek to protect policyholders benefits by optimizing the risk/return relationship on an ongoing basis, through asset/liability matching, reducing the credit risk, avoiding high levels of investments that may be redeemed by the issuer, maintaining sufficiently liquid investments and avoiding undue asset concentrations through diversification. We are exposed to three primary sources of investment risk:

credit risk, relating to the uncertainty associated with the continued ability of a given obligor to make timely payments of principal and interest;

interest rate risk, relating to the market price and/or cash flow variability associated with changes in market yield curves; and

equity risk, relating to adverse fluctuations in a particular common stock.

Our ability to manage credit risk is essential to our business and our profitability. We devote considerable resources to the credit analysis of each new investment. We manage credit risk through industry, issuer and asset class diversification. Our Investment Committee, appointed by our Board of Directors, is responsible for establishing all investment policies and approving or authorizing all investments, except the Executive Committee of the Board must approve any investment transaction exceeding \$500.0 million. As of September 30, 2007, there are ten members on the Investment Committee, two of whom are members of our Board of Directors. The remaining members are senior management members representing various areas of our company.

We also seek to reduce call or prepayment risk arising from changes in interest rates in individual investments. We limit our exposure to investments that are prepayable without penalty prior to maturity at the option of the issuer, and we require additional yield on these investments to compensate for the risk that the issuer will exercise such option. We assess option risk in all investments we make and, when we take that risk, we price for it accordingly.

Our Fixed Income Securities Committee, consisting of fixed income securities senior management members, approves the credit rating for the fixed maturity securities we purchase. Teams of security analysts, organized by industry, focus either on the public or private markets and analyze and monitor these investments. In addition, we have teams who specialize in residential mortgage-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and public below investment grade securities. We establish a credit reviewed list of approved public issuers to provide an efficient way for our portfolio managers to purchase liquid bonds for which credit review has already been completed. Issuers remain on the list for one year unless removed by our analysts. Our analysts monitor issuers on the list on a continuous basis with a formal review documented annually or more frequently if material events affect the issuer. The analysis includes both fundamental and technical factors. The fundamental analysis encompasses both quantitative and qualitative analysis of the issuer.

The qualitative analysis includes an assessment of both accounting and management aggressiveness. In addition, technical indicators such as stock price volatility and credit default swap levels are monitored.

Our Fixed Income Securities Committee also reviews private transactions on a continuous basis to assess the quality ratings of our privately placed investments. We regularly review our investments to determine whether we should re-rate them, employing the following criteria:

material declines in the issuer s revenues or margins;

significant management or organizational changes;

significant uncertainty regarding the issuer s industry;

debt service coverage or cash flow ratios that fall below industry-specific thresholds;

violation of financial covenants; and

other business factors that relate to the issuer.

A dedicated risk management team is responsible for centralized monitoring of the commercial mortgage portfolio. We apply a variety of strategies to minimize credit risk in our commercial mortgage loan portfolio. When considering the origination of new commercial mortgage loans, we review the cash flow fundamentals of the property, make a physical assessment of the underlying security, conduct a comprehensive market analysis and compare against industry lending practices. We use a proprietary risk rating model to evaluate all new and a majority of existing loans within the portfolio. The proprietary risk model is designed to stress projected cash flows under simulated economic and market downturns. Our lending guidelines are designed to encourage 75% or less loan-to-value ratios and a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times. We analyze investments outside of these guidelines based on cash flow quality, tenancy and other factors. The weighted average loan-to-value ratio at origination for brick and mortar commercial mortgages in our portfolio was 67% and the debt service coverage ratio at loan inception was 1.6 times as of September 30, 2007.

We have limited exposure to equity risk in our common stock portfolio. Equity securities accounted for only 1% of our U.S. invested assets as of September 30, 2007.

Our investment decisions and objectives are a function of the underlying risks and product profiles of each primary business operation. In addition, we diversify our product portfolio offerings to include products that contain features that will protect us against fluctuations in interest rates. Those features include adjustable crediting rates, policy surrender charges and market value adjustments on liquidations. For further information on our management of interest rate risk, see Item 3, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Overall Composition of U.S. Invested Assets

U.S. invested assets as of September 30, 2007, were predominantly of high quality and broadly diversified across asset class, individual credit, industry and geographic location. Asset allocation is determined based on cash flow and the risk/return requirements of our products. As shown in the following table, the major categories of U.S. invested assets are fixed maturity securities and commercial mortgages. The remainder is invested in real estate, residential mortgage loans, equity securities and other assets. In addition, policy loans are included in our invested assets. The following discussion analyzes the composition of U.S. invested assets, but excludes invested assets of the participating separate accounts.

U.S. Invested Assets

		September 30, 2007			December 31,	2006
	Carı	rying amount	% of total		Carrying amount	% of total
			(\$ in mi	llions)		
Fixed maturity securities:						
Public	\$	28,979.1	49%	\$	28,772.4	51%
Private		14,774.5	25		13,651.4	24
Equity securities		566.4	1		795.7	1
Mortgage loans:						
Commercial		10,502.7	18		10,090.3	18
Residential		1,250.6	3		1,051.6	2
Real estate held for sale		106.4			118.2	
Real estate held for investment		799.0	1		736.6	1
Policy loans		844.3	1		850.7	1
Other investments		1,249.9	2		972.6	2
Total invested assets		59,072.9	100%		57,039.5	100%
Cash and cash equivalents		2,479.8			1,535.8	
Total invested assets and cash	\$	61,552.7		\$	58,575.3	

U.S. Investment Results

The following tables present the yield and investment income, excluding net realized/unrealized gains and losses for our U.S. invested assets. The annualized yield on U.S. invested assets and on cash and cash equivalents was 5.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2007, compared to 6.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The annualized yield on U.S. invested assets and on cash and cash equivalents was 5.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to 5.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. We calculate annualized yields using a simple average of asset classes at the beginning and end of the reporting period.

U.S. Invested Assets Investment Income Yields by Asset Type

For the three months ended September 30,								
	2007		2006					
Yield	Amount	Yield	Amount					
	(\$ in 1	nillions)						

Fixed maturity securities	6.2%	\$ 669.2	6.1%	\$ 629.8
Equity securities	3.4	4.8	5.7	11.1
Mortgage loans commercial	6.5	172.1	6.5	160.1
Mortgage loans residential	6.4	18.4	5.2	13.8
Real estate	6.7	15.0	7.6	16.5
Policy loans	6.2	13.1	6.1	12.9
Cash and cash equivalents	5.6	29.8	4.5	13.9
Other investments	3.5	10.4	9.1	21.3
Total before investment expenses	6.2	932.8	6.2	879.4
Investment expenses	0.3	37.2	0.2	31.3
Net investment income	5.9%	\$ 895.6	6.0%	\$ 848.1

U.S. Invested Assets Investment Income Yields by Asset Type

	For the nine months ended September 30,							
	200)7	2006					
	Yield	Amount	Yield A	Amount				
		(\$ in mill	lions)					
Fixed maturity securities	6.0% \$	5 1,947.0	6.0% \$	1,841.5				
Equity securities	3.0	15.5	6.0	35.2				
Mortgage loans commercial	6.7	516.6	6.6	486.6				
Mortgage loans residential	5.4	46.9	5.0	40.3				
Real estate	9.1	60.5	7.9	51.7				
Policy loans	6.1	39.0	6.0	37.6				
Cash and cash equivalents	5.2	78.9	3.3	36.3				
Other investments	5.8	48.2	9.2	56.4				
Total before investment expenses	6.1	2,752.6	6.0	2,585.6				
Investment expenses	0.2	107.8	0.2	94.5				
Net investment income	5.9% \$	6 2,644.8	5.8% \$	2,491.1				

Fixed Maturity Securities

Fixed maturity securities consist of short-term investments, publicly traded debt securities, privately placed debt securities and redeemable preferred stock, and represented 74% and 75% of total U.S. invested assets as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, respectively. The fixed maturity securities portfolio was comprised, based on carrying amount, of 66% in publicly traded fixed maturity securities and 34% in privately placed fixed maturity securities as of September 30, 2007, and 68% in publicly traded fixed maturity securities and 32% in privately placed fixed maturity securities as of December 31, 2006. Included in the privately placed category as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, were \$8.3 billion and \$7.6 billion, respectively, of securities eligible for resale to qualified institutional buyers under Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933. Fixed maturity securities were diversified by category of issuer as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, as shown in the following table:

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities by Type of Issuer

		September 30, 20	007	December 31, 2006			
	Ca	rrying amount	% of total	Car	rrying amount	% of total	
			(\$ in n	nillions)			
U.S. Government and agencies	\$	684.0	1%	\$	551.6	1%	
States and political subdivisions		2,020.4	5		1,663.5	4	
Non-U.S. governments		417.8	1		420.7	1	
Corporate public		19,549.7	45		19,791.1	47	
Corporate private		11,269.1	26		10,596.5	25	
Residential pass-through securities		1,334.8	3		1,557.6	4	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		4,697.2	11		4,499.6	11	
Residential collateralized mortgage obligations		969.2	2		940.4	2	
Asset-backed securities		2,811.4	6		2,402.8	5	
Total fixed maturities	\$	43,753.6	100%	\$	42,423.8	100%	

We held \$9,812.6 million of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities as of September 30, 2007, and \$9,400.4 million as of December 31, 2006.

We believe that it is desirable to hold residential mortgage-backed pass-through securities due to their credit quality and liquidity as well as portfolio diversification characteristics. Our portfolio is comprised of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC pass-through securities. In addition, our residential collateralized mortgage obligation portfolio offers structural features that allow cash flows to be matched to our liabilities.

Commercial mortgage-backed securities provide high levels of credit protection, diversification, reduced event risk and enhanced liquidity. Commercial mortgage-backed securities are predominantly comprised of rated large pool securitizations that are individually and collectively diverse by property type, borrower and geographic dispersion.

We purchase asset-backed securities (ABS) to diversify the overall credit risks of the fixed maturity securities portfolio and to provide attractive returns. The principal risks in holding asset-backed securities are structural and credit risks. Structural risks include the security s priority in the issuer s capital structure, the adequacy of and ability to realize proceeds from the collateral and the potential for prepayments. Credit risks involve issuer/servicer risk where collateral values can become impaired in the event of servicer credit deterioration.

Our ABS portfolio is diversified both by type of asset and by issuer. We actively monitor holdings of asset-backed securities to ensure that the risk profile of each security improves or remains consistent. Prepayments in the ABS portfolio are, in general, insensitive to changes in interest rates or are insulated to such changes by call protection features. In the event that we are subject to prepayment risk, we monitor the factors that impact the level of prepayment and prepayment speed for those asset-backed securities. In addition, we diversify the risks of asset-backed securities by holding a diverse class of securities, which limits our exposure to any one security.

The international exposure in our U.S. fixed maturity securities totaled \$9,798.6 million, or 22% of total fixed maturity securities, as of September 30, 2007, comprised of corporate and foreign government fixed maturity securities. Of the \$9,798.6 million as of September 30, 2007, investments totaled \$2,674.9 million in the continental European Union, \$2,546.7 million in the United Kingdom, \$1,055.1 million in Asia, \$905.0 million in Australia, \$630.6 million in South America, \$354.3 million in Mexico and \$58.8 million in Japan. The remaining \$1,573.2 million is invested in 21 other countries. All international fixed maturity securities held by our U.S. operations are either denominated in U.S. dollars or have been swapped into U.S. dollar equivalents. Our international investments are analyzed internally by country and industry credit investment professionals. We control concentrations using issuer and country level exposure benchmarks, which are based on the credit quality of the issuer and the country. Our investment policy limits total international fixed maturity securities investments to 18% of total statutory general account assets with a 4% limit in emerging markets. Exposure to Canada is not included in our international exposure. As of September 30, 2007, our investments in Canada totaled \$1,545.5 million.

The following tables present the amortized cost of our top ten exposures including approved counterparty exposure limits as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

	September 30, 2007 Amortized cost (in millions)
Bank of America Corp.(1)	\$ 343.9
MBIA Inc.(2)	301.9
American International Group Inc.(1)	292.9
Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC(1)	249.4
JP Morgan Chase & Co.(1)	242.9
Citigroup Inc.(1)	239.3
AT&T Inc.	235.7
Deutsche Bank AG(1)	232.0
General Electric Co	226.0
UBS AG(1)	194.9
Total top ten exposures	\$ 2,558.9

(1) Includes approved counterparty limit. The actual and the stressed potential exposures are less than the approved limit.

(2) MBIA Inc. exposure is predominately comprised of the guarantee of underlying securities that are rated A- equivalent or better by the rating agencies on a stand alone basis. The MBIA wrap guarantees performance in the event of default of the underlying securities bringing the combined rating to AAA.

	Amort	er 31, 2006 tized cost nillions)
HSBC Holdings PLC(1)	\$	387.1
American International Group Inc.(2)		329.5
Bank of America Corp.(2)		328.3
MBIA Inc.(3)		311.5
AT&T Inc.		272.9
JP Morgan Chase & Co.(2)		271.7
Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC(2)		255.6
Deutsche Bank AG(2)		255.0
General Electric Co		239.2
ABN AMRO Holding NV(2)		229.6
Total top ten exposures	\$	2,880.4

(1) Includes a \$238.0 million investment classified as an equity security for U.S. GAAP. The investment issuer engages in managing investment grade third party bond investments and HSBC paper. All non-HSBC paper has the ultimate benefit of price support protection provided by HSBC Bank, PLC. Since Principal Life Insurance Company has senior priority in the issuer, we believe many third party bonds could be liquidated to satisfy our claim. While we calculate our exposure on a gross basis, the value we attribute to the underlying collateral is \$125.0 million.

(2) Includes approved counterparty limit. The actual and the stressed potential exposures are less than the approved limit.

(3) MBIA Inc. exposure is predominately comprised of the guarantee of underlying securities which are rated A- equivalent or better by the rating agencies on a stand alone basis. The MBIA wrap guarantees performance in the event of a default of the underlying securities bringing the combined rating to AAA.

Our top ten exposures were rated an A equivalent or better by the rating agencies as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006. As of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, no individual non-government issuer represented more than 1% of U.S. invested assets. HSBC Holdings PLC is no longer included in our top ten exposures due to the redemption of a \$238.0 million investment in January 2007.

Valuation techniques for the fixed maturity securities portfolio vary by security type and the availability of market data. Pricing models and their underlying assumptions impact the amount and timing of unrealized gains and losses recognized, and the use of different pricing models or assumptions could produce different financial results. Interactive Data Corporation (IDC) or direct broker quotes are our sources for external prices for our public bonds and those private placement securities that are actively traded in the secondary market. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, a matrix pricing valuation approach is used. Securities are grouped into pricing categories that vary by asset class, sector, rating, and average life. Each pricing category is assigned a risk spread based on studies of observable public market data or market clearing data from the investment professionals assigned to specific security classes. The expected cash flows of the security are then discounted back at the current Treasury curve plus the appropriate risk spread. Although the matrix valuation approach provides a fair valuation of each pricing category, the valuation of an individual security within each pricing category may actually be impacted by company specific factors. Certain market events that could impact the valuation of securities include issuer credit ratings, business climate, management changes, litigation, and government actions among others. The resulting prices are then reviewed by pricing analysts. All loans placed on the watch list are valued individually by the investment analysts or the analysts that focus on troubled securities (Workout Group). Although we believe our estimates reasonably reflect the fair value of those securities, the key assumptions about risk premiums, performance of underlying collateral (if any) and other factors involve significant assumptions and may not reflect those of an active market. To the extent that bonds have longer

maturity dates, management s estimate of fair value may involve greater subjectivity since they involve judgment about events well into the future. Every month, there is a comprehensive review of all impaired securities and problem loans by a group consisting of the Chief Investment Officer, the Portfolio Managers, and the Workout Group. The valuation of impaired bonds for which there is no quoted price is typically based on the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received. If the company is likely to continue operations, the estimate of future cash flows is typically based on the expected operating cash flows of the company that are available to make payments on the bonds. If the company is likely to liquidate, the estimate of future cash flows is based on an estimate of the liquidation value of its net assets.

The Securities Valuation Office (SVO) of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) evaluates most of the fixed maturity securities that we and other U.S. insurance companies hold. The SVO evaluates the bond investments of insurers for regulatory reporting purposes and assigns securities to one of six investment categories. The NAIC designations closely mirror the nationally recognized securities rating organizations credit ratings for marketable bonds. NAIC designations 1 and 2 include bonds considered investment grade by such rating organizations. Bonds are considered investment grade when rated Baa3 or higher by Moody s, or BBB- or higher by Standard & Poor s. NAIC designations 3 through 6 are referred to as below investment grade. Bonds are considered below investment grade when rated Ba1 or lower by Moody s, or BB+ or lower by Standard & Poor s. As of September 30, 2007, the percentage, based on estimated fair value, of total publicly traded and privately placed fixed maturity securities that were investment grade with an NAIC designation 1 or 2 was 96%.

We also monitor the credit drift of our corporate fixed maturity securities portfolio. Credit drift is defined as the ratio of the percentage of rating downgrades, including defaults, divided by the percentage of rating upgrades. We measure credit drift once each fiscal year, assessing the changes in our internally developed credit ratings that have occurred during the year. Standard & Poor s annual credit ratings drift ratio measures the credit rating change, within a specific year, of companies that have been assigned ratings by Standard & Poor s. The annual internal credit drift ratio on corporate fixed maturity securities we held in our general account was a more favorable ratio at 0.55 times compared to the Standard & Poor s drift ratio of 0.74 times, as of December 31, 2006.

The following table presents our total fixed maturity securities by NAIC designation and the equivalent ratings of the nationally recognized securities rating organizations as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, as well as the percentage, based on estimated fair value, that each designation comprises:

	September 30, 2007						December 31, 2006					
NAIC rating	Rating agency equivalent	A	amortized cost		Carrying amount	% of total carrying amount (\$ in m	mortized cost		Carrying amount	% of total carrying amount		
1	Aaa/Aa/A	\$	25,207.9	\$	25,166.2	58%	\$ 23,716.0	\$	24,231.9	57%		
2	Baa		16,590.2		16,742.3	38	15,769.9		16,205.5	38		
3	Ва		1,596.2		1,602.5	4	1,586.8		1,657.1	4		
4	В		203.5		205.2		290.5		302.6	1		
5	Caa and lower		29.2		30.7		19.1		19.5			
6	In or near default		6.8		6.7		5.5		7.2			
	Total fixed maturities	\$	43,633.8	\$	43,753.6	100%	\$ 41,387.8	\$	42,423.8	100%		

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities by Credit Quality(1)

⁽¹⁾ Includes 63 securities with an amortized cost of \$922.4 million, gross gains of \$19.3 million, gross losses of \$11.9 million and a carrying amount of \$929.8 million as of September 30, 2007, that are still pending a review and assignment of a rating by the SVO. Due to the timing of when fixed maturity securities are purchased, legal documents are filed, and the review by the SVO, there will always be securities in our portfolio that are unrated over a reporting period. In these instances, an equivalent rating is assigned based on our fixed income analyst s assessment.

We believe that our long-term fixed maturity securities portfolio is well diversified among industry types and between publicly traded and privately placed securities. Each year, we direct the majority of our net cash inflows into investment grade fixed maturity securities. Our current policy is to limit the percentage of cash flow invested in below investment grade assets to 7% of cash flow. As of September 30, 2007, we had invested 2.2% of new cash flow for the year in below investment grade assets. While the general account investment returns have improved due to the below investment grade asset class, we manage its growth strategically by limiting it to 10% of the total fixed maturity securities portfolios.

We invest in privately placed fixed maturity securities to enhance the overall value of the portfolio, increase diversification and obtain higher yields than are possible with comparable quality public market securities. Generally, private placements provide broader access to management information, strengthened negotiated protective covenants, call protection features and, where applicable, a higher level of collateral. They are, however, generally not freely tradable because of restrictions imposed by federal and state securities laws and illiquid trading markets.

The following table shows the carrying amount of our corporate fixed maturity securities by Salomon industry category, as well as the percentage of the total corporate portfolio that each Salomon industry category comprises as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

U.S. Invested Assets Corporate Fixed Maturity Securities by Salomon Industry

		September 3	0, 2007	December 31, 2006			
	Carr	Carrying amount % of		Car	rying amount	% of total	
			(\$ in mill	ions)			
Industry class							
Finance Bank	\$	4,158.9	13%	\$	3,659.2	12%	
Finance Insurance		2,972.9	10		3,119.1	10	
Finance Other		4,949.8	16		4,792.2	16	
Industrial Consumer		1,169.5	4		1,100.0	4	
Industrial Energy		2,978.3	10		2,683.2	9	
Industrial Manufacturing		5,338.0	17		5,518.4	18	
Industrial Other		179.0	1		105.3		
Industrial Service		4,186.2	14		4,462.3	15	
Industrial Transport		945.7	3		836.9	3	
Utility Electric		2,296.7	7		2,417.9	8	
Utility Other		45.8			47.6		
Utility Telecom		1,598.0	5		1,645.5	5	
Total	\$	30,818.8	100%	\$	30,387.6	100%	

We monitor any decline in the credit quality of fixed maturity securities through the designation of problem securities , potential problem securities and restructured securities . We define problem securities in our fixed maturity portfolio as securities: (i) as to which principal and/or interest payments are in default or where default is perceived to be imminent in the near term, or (ii) issued by a company that went into bankruptcy subsequent to the acquisition of such securities. We define potential problem securities in our fixed maturity portfolio as securities included on an internal watch list for which management has concerns as to the ability of the issuer to comply with the present debt payment terms and which may result in the security becoming a problem or being restructured. The decision whether to classify a performing fixed maturity security as a potential problem involves significant subjective judgments by our management as to the likely future industry conditions and developments with respect to the issuer. We define restructured securities in our fixed maturity portfolio as securities where a concession has been granted to the borrower related to the borrower s financial difficulties that would not have otherwise been considered. We determine that restructures should occur in those instances where greater economic value will be realized under the new terms than through liquidation or other disposition and may involve a change in contractual cash flows. If at the time of restructure, the present value of the new future cash flows is less than the current cost of the asset being restructured, a realized capital loss is recorded in net income and a new cost basis is established.

We have a process in place to identify securities that could potentially have a credit impairment that is other than temporary. This process involves monitoring market events that could impact issuers credit ratings, business climate, management changes, litigation and government actions, and other similar factors. This process also involves monitoring late payments, pricing levels, downgrades by rating agencies, key financial ratios, financial statements, revenue forecasts and cash flow projections as indicators of credit issues.

Every month, a group of individuals including the Chief Investment Officer, our Portfolio Managers, members of our Workout Group, and representatives from Investment Accounting review all securities to determine whether an other than temporary decline in value exists and whether losses should be recognized. The analysis focuses on each issuer s ability to service its debts in a timely fashion and the length of time the security has been trading below cost. Formal documentation of the analysis and the Company s decision is prepared and approved by management.

We consider relevant facts and circumstances in evaluating whether the credit impairment of a security is other than temporary. Relevant facts and circumstances considered include: (1) the length of time the fair value has been below cost; (2) the financial position and access to capital of the issuer, including the current and future impact of any specific events; and (3) our ability and intent to hold the security to maturity or until it recovers in value. To the extent we determine that a security is deemed to be other than temporarily impaired, the difference between amortized cost and fair value would be charged to earnings.

There are a number of significant risks and uncertainties inherent in the process of monitoring credit impairments and determining if an impairment is other than temporary. These risks and uncertainties include: (1) the risk that our assessment of an issuer s ability to meet all of its contractual obligations will change based on changes in the credit characteristics of that issuer, (2) the risk that the economic outlook will be worse than expected or have more of an impact on the issuer than anticipated, (3) the risk that our investment professionals are making decisions based on fraudulent or misstated information in the financial statements provided by issuers and (4) the risk that new information obtained by us or changes in other facts and circumstances lead us to change our intent to hold the security to maturity or until it recovers in value. Any of these situations could result in a charge to earnings in a future period.

The net realized loss relating to other than temporary credit impairments of fixed maturity securities was \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The single largest other than temporary credit impairment represented less than 0.2% of U.S. fixed maturity securities as of September 30, 2007. Certain fixed maturity securities moved into a loss position during the second quarter of 2007, and we determined that we did not have the ability and intent to hold these securities. As a result, we recognized impairment losses on these securities of \$24.5 million, net of recoveries on the subsequent sale, primarily due to a change in interest rates.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we realized \$31.4 million of gross losses upon disposal of bonds excluding hedging adjustments. Included in this \$31.4 million is \$29.7 million related to sales of thirty-eight credit impaired and credit related names. We generally intend to hold securities in unrealized loss positions until they mature or recover. However, we do sell bonds under certain circumstances such as when we have evidence of a significant deterioration in the issuer s creditworthiness, when a change in regulatory requirements modifies what constitutes a permissible investment or the maximum level of investments held or when there is an increase in capital requirements or a change in risk weights of debt securities. Sales generate both gains and losses.

Due to the credit disruption in third quarter 2007 that led to reduced liquidity and wider credit spreads, we saw an increase in unrealized losses in our securities portfolio. The unrealized losses were more pronounced in structured products such as collateralized debt obligations and asset-backed securities. The following tables present our fixed maturity securities available-for-sale by industry category and the associated gross unrealized gains and losses as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Industry Category

	September 30, 2007 Gross Gross Amortized unrealized cost gains losses							Carrying amount
Finance Bank	\$	4,191.1	\$	(in mil 49.3	lions) \$	111.8	\$	4,128.6
Finance Insurance	Ψ	2,966.1	Ψ	56.7	Ψ	50.2	Ψ	2,972.6
Finance Other		4,956.9		131.2		138.8		4,949.3
Industrial Consumer		1,160.4		26.2		17.3		1,169.3
Industrial Energy		2,879.1		120.5		21.6		2,978.0
Industrial Manufacturing		5,312.9		114.5		90.1		5,337.3
Industrial Other		179.2		1.2		1.4		179.0
Industrial Service		4,117.1		113.4		44.8		4,185.7
Industrial Transport		924.8		35.7		14.8		945.7
Utility Electric		2,250.4		70.1		24.2		2,296.3
Utility Other		41.0		4.8				45.8
Utility Telecom		1,537.4		77.2		16.7		1,597.9
Total corporate securities		30,516.4		800.8		531.7		30,785.5

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U.S. Government and agencies	647.6	14.1	0.6	661.1
States and political subdivisions	1,826.7	34.3	9.4	1,851.6
Non-U.S. governments	385.8	33.1	1.1	417.8
Mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities	9,946.4	155.1	374.9	9,726.6
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 43,322.9	\$ 1,037.4	\$ 917.7	\$ 43,442.6

	December 31, 2006							
	1	Amortized		Gross unrealized	u	Gross Inrealized		Carrying
		cost		gains		losses		amount
				(in mil	lions)			
Finance Bank	\$	3,592.1	\$	78.3	\$	21.9	\$	3,648.5
Finance Insurance		3,057.4		83.0		21.8		3,118.6
Finance Other		4,661.3		166.9		36.5		4,791.7
Industrial Consumer		1,082.1		29.1		11.3		1,099.9
Industrial Energy		2,552.2		145.5		15.7		2,682.0
Industrial Manufacturing		5,406.1		155.8		44.0		5,517.9
Industrial Other		104.7		1.3		0.7		105.3
Industrial Service		4,344.3		143.9		26.9		4,461.3
Industrial Transport		796.0		46.2		5.3		836.9
Utility Electric		2,343.5		91.9		17.7		2,417.7
Utility Other		41.0		6.6				47.6
Utility Telecom		1,569.0		87.6		11.3		1,645.3
Total corporate securities		29,549.7		1,036.1		213.1		30,372.7
U.S. Government and agencies		530.8		0.8		3.8		527.8
States and political subdivisions		1,557.7		45.4		4.9		1,598.2
Non-U.S. governments		384.9		36.1		0.3		420.7
Mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities		9,165.6		217.4		77.8		9,305.2
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	41,188.7	\$	1,335.8	\$	299.9	\$	42,224.6

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Industry Category

The total unrealized losses on our fixed maturity securities available-for-sale were \$917.7 million and \$299.9 million as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, respectively. Of the \$917.7 million in gross unrealized losses as of September 30, 2007, there were \$3.4 million in losses attributed to securities scheduled to mature in one year or less, \$84.3 million attributed to securities scheduled to mature between one to five years, \$199.1 million attributed to securities scheduled to mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities. The gross unrealized losses as of September 30, 2007 were concentrated primarily in the Mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities, Financial Other, Financial Bank, Industrial Manufacturing, and Financial Insurance sectors. The gross unrealized losses as of December 31, 2006 were concentrated primarily in the Mortgage-backed and other, and Industrial Services sectors.

The following tables present our fixed maturity securities available-for-sale by investment grade and below investment grade and the associated gross unrealized gains and losses as of September 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Quality

	September 30, 2007								
	A	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains (in mi		Gross unrealized losses millions)		Carrying amount		
Investment grade: Public	\$	\$ 27,530.1 \$		629.1	\$	449.5	\$	27,709.7	

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Private	13,957.8	348.1	417.4	13,888.5
Below investment grade:				
Public	1,035.5	28.0	42.0	1,021.5
Private	799.5	32.2	8.8	822.9
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 43,322.9	\$ 1,037.4	\$ 917.7	\$ 43,442.6

U.S. Invested Assets Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Quality

	December 31, 2006							
	A	Amortized cost	u	Gross inrealized gains (in mi	u llions)	Gross nrealized losses		Carrying amount
Investment grade:								
Public	\$	26,995.7	\$	770.7	\$	201.5	\$	27,564.9
Private		12,292.4		469.5		87.3		12,674.6
Below investment grade:								
Public		1,070.5		44.2		6.0		1,108.7
Private		830.1		51.4		5.1		876.4
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	41,188.7	\$	1,335.8	\$	299.9	\$	42,224.6

U.S. Invested Assets Unrealized Losses on Investment Grade Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Aging Category

	September 30, 2007 Public Private									Total				
		Carrying amount	un	Gross realized losses		Gross Carrying unrealize amount losses (in millions)		unrealized Carrying losses amount		. 8	Gross unrealize losses			
Three months or less	\$	2,419.1	\$	78.3	\$	1,805.8	\$	102.9	\$	4,224.9	\$	181.2		
Greater than three to six months		2,618.0		76.7		1,980.6		114.3		4,598.6		191.0		
Greater than six to nine months		1,271.1		59.7		852.1		80.2		2,123.2		139.9		
Greater than nine to twelve months		872.3		32.1		350.5		15.9		1,222.8		48.0		
Greater than twelve to twenty-four months		1,836.9		78.1		763.5		40.7		2,600.4		118.8		
Greater than twenty-four to thirty-six		,								,				
months		3,933.3		110.9		1,351.4		51.4		5,284.7		162.3		
Greater than thirty-six months		413.5		13.7		315.9		12.0		729.4		25.7		
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale	\$	13,364.2	\$	449.5	\$	7,419.8	\$	417.4	\$	20,784.0	\$	866.9		

U.S. Invested Assets Unrealized Losses on Investment Grade Fixed Maturity Securities Available-for-Sale by Aging Category

		December 31, 2006	
Pu	blic	Private	Total
Carrying amount	Gross unrealized losses	Carrying amount	