BIO KEY INTERNATIONAL INC Form 10KSB March 30, 2006

# U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549** 

# FORM 10-KSB

**Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)** 

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2005

Commission File Number 1-13463

# **BIO-KEY INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)

41-1741861

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

## 3349 HIGHWAY 138, BUILDING D, SUITE B, WALL, NJ 07719

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(732) 359-1100

Issuer s telephone number, including area code.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

**Title of Each Class**Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share

Name of Exchange on which Registered None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act

N	0	n	(

Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. O
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\circ$ No o
Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrants knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this form 10-KSB. $\acute{y}$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes o No ý
State issuer s revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$14,226,095
The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant based on the closing sale price of the registrant common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on March 15, 2006 was \$23,132,637. The information provided shall in no way be construed as an admission that any person whose holdings are excluded from the figure is an affiliate or that any person whose holdings are included in the figure is not an affiliate, and any such admission is hereby disclaimed. The information provided is solely for the record keeping purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
As of March 15, 2006, 48,036,983 shares of the registrant s common stock were outstanding.
Transitional Small Business Disclosure Formats (check one):
Yes o No ý

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None.

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## PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT

All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, including statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words anticipate, believe, estimate, will, may, future, plan, intend and expect and similar expressions generally identify forward-statements. Although we believe our plans, intentions and expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot be sure they will be achieved. Actual results may differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein due to a number of factors. Many of these factors are set forth under the caption Risk Factors in Item I of this Annual Report and other filings with the Securities and

Exchange Commission. These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the general or specific factors that may affect us. It should be recognized that other factors, including general economic factors and business strategies, may be significant, presently or in the future. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the Company, BIO-key, we, or us), was founded in 1993 to develop and market proprietary biometric technology and software solutions. Biometric technology is the science of analyzing specific human characteristics which are unique to each individual in order to identify a specific person from a broader population.

On March 30, 2004, BIO-key acquired Public Safety Group, Inc. (PSG), a privately held company that is a leader in wireless solutions for law enforcement and public safety markets. PSG s primary technology is PocketCop, a handheld solution that provides mobile officers, such as detectives who are not typically in their vehicles, a hand-held mobile information software solution.

On September 30, 2004, BIO-key completed a transaction with Aether Systems, Inc. to purchase its Mobil Government Division (Mobile Government or AMG), a leading provider of wireless data solutions for use by public safety organizations, primarily state, local police, fire and rescue and emergency medical services organizations. The PacketCluster mobile information software is integrated with 50 separate State/NCIC databases, as well as other state, local and federal databases. Its open architecture and its published Application Programming Interface (API) make it easy to interface with a wide range of information sources. PacketCluster products deliver real-time information in seconds, freeing dispatchers to handle more pressing emergencies.

Effective January 1, 2005, BIO-key International, Inc., a Minnesota corporation ( Old BIO-key ), reincorporated in the State of Delware. The reincorporation was effected pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement ) whereby Old BIO-key was merged with and into the Company, its wholly owned subsidiary, in order to reincorporate in the State of Delaware (the Reincorporation ). As a result of the Reincorporation, the legal domicile of the Company is now Delaware.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, at the effective time of the Reincorporation: (i) each outstanding share of Common Stock of Old BIO-key, \$0.01 par value per share, was automatically converted into one share of Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of the Company; (ii) each outstanding share of Series C 7% Convertible Preferred Stock of Old BIO-key, \$0.01 par value per share, was automatically converted into one share of Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of the Company, with such Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock containing substantially identical terms and conditions as the Series C 7% Convertible Preferred Stock of Old BIO-key; (iii) each option to purchase shares of Old BIO-key s Common Stock granted by Old BIO-key under any warrant, stock option plan or similar plan of Old BIO-key outstanding immediately before the Reincorporation was, by virtue of the Merger Agreement and without any action on the part of the holder thereof, converted into and become an option to purchase, upon the same terms and conditions, the same number of shares of the Company s Common Stock at an exercise price per

share equal to the exercise price per share thereunder immediately before the Reincorporation; and (iv) each warrant, option or stock option plan of Old BIO-key was assumed by, and continues to be, a warrant, option or plan of the Company. Accordingly, as a result of the Reincorporation, the shareholders of Old BIO-key became shareholders of the Company, and Old BIO-key has been merged out of existence by operation of law. Each certificate representing shares of capital stock of Old BIO-key outstanding immediately before the Reincorporation, is deemed from and after the Reincorporation for all corporate purposes to represent the same number of shares of capital stock of the Company.

As a result of the recent mergers, and as discussed in Note M to the Consolidated Financial Statements, we have organized BIO-key International, Inc. into three reporting segments: Law Enforcement, Fire Safety and Biometrics. During 2005, the Company continued to integrate the products, operations and technologies acquired from Public Safety Group, Inc. and Aether Systems, Inc.

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Products
BIO-key® operates in three major segments biometrics, law enforcement and fire safety. These segments are described below and a list of products in each line is noted.
Biometrics

 $BIO\text{-}key \ \ s \ finger \ identification \ algorithm \ \ Vector \ Segment \ Technology \ (VST\ \ ) \ is \ the \ core \ intellectual \ property \ behind \ its \ full \ suite \ of \ biometric \ products \ that \ include:$ 

**Vector Segment Technology SDK (VST)** BIO-key s biometric development kit that provides developers the ability to take advantage of a highly accurate, device interoperable algorithm. VST is available as a low level SDK for incorporation into many complex application systems. VST runs in Windows, Linux or Solaris systems.

**True User Identification** ® BIO-key s biometric identification solution that offers large scale one to many user lookup with nothing but a single fingerprint. This solution leverages the power of Oracle for large scale solutions in the millions of users, or uses smaller databases for more modest applications to 100,000 users.

**WEB-key** ® BIO-key s biometric platform that offers an enhanced level of security by securing the user s authentication with trusted communications and simple use. WEB-key runs on Windows or Linux systems.

**Biometric Service Provider** BIO-key provides support for the BioAPI (a standards based solution meeting worldwide needs, see *www.bioapi.org* for details) for a compliant interface to applications using biometrics for verification and identification. BIO-key enhances the traditional use of the BioAPI by adding support for CE devices, supporting identification calls and also providing a single user interface for multiple fingerprint readers.

**ID Director** BIO-key s solution for single sign on integration with Computer Associates SiteMinder, Oracle s Fusion Middleware SSO, and other solutions, utilizing the power and security of WEB-key. This solution provides a simple to implement, custom authentication scheme for companies looking to enhance authentication and add a level of security and audit through re-authentication of a user at the transaction level.

The Company s biometric identification technology improves both the accuracy and speed of finger-based biometrics. The Company s proprietary biometric technology scans a fingerprint and identifies a person, typically within a few seconds or less, in databases of a million people or more.

BIO-key can accomplish this without using any other identifying data a key differentiator for BIO-key since other biometric solutions may also require traditional token/card identification. BIO-key s core technology supports user enrollment on over 40 different commercially available readers and in turn can offer compatibility among those readers through a single fingerprint template. We have also added INCITS 378-2004 support to our software development kits which makes our products compatible with all of the Registered Traveler projects, PIV initiatives, and FIXS consortium solutions. We believe our fingerprint identification technology has a broad range of possible information security and access control applications, including:

Securing Internet sites and electronic transactions
Securing access to logical networks and applications
Securing access to buildings and restricted areas
Providing fast, accurate member identification services
Securing mobile devices such as cell phones and PDA s
Preventing identity theft with positive identification and false alias validation
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Law Enforcement

**MobileCop** A complete wireless query and messaging application that puts the power of mobile and wireless technology to work for agencies of every size, MobileCop sets the standard for mobile law enforcement. Providing real-time retrieval of motor vehicle, warrant and criminal history information, powerful mobile integration capabilities, and an intuitive user interface, MobileCop delivers the most in performance and it s easy to see why over 1,200 law enforcement agencies around the country have deployed MobileCop for fast and secure access to critical information in the field.

**PocketCop®** PocketCop® is a software solution that provides police officers and other security personnel instantaneous access to important criminal, civil, and private database information in a wireless environment. PocketCop® is a handheld application that allows law enforcement officers to access state and federal databases over the wireless network for Palm OS, Windows CE, and Pocket PC. Using a portable wireless handheld device and the PocketCop® application software, an authorized user can access suspect information such as wanted status, warrant status, vehicle registration and driver license status. PocketCop® technology has been deployed in numerous police departments in the United States, including the deployment for the Massachusetts State Police.

**IdentityMatch** - a web-based system that allows law enforcement agencies to capture and store fingerprints online and to identify subjects by matching their fingerprint against those stored in the database, securely and in real time. Fingerprints can be captured using a live scan device from existing 10-print cards or through a wide variety of inexpensive commercially available fingerprint readers. This is an AFIS companion, not a replacement, product designed to maximize the value of fingerprint data and also to provide a new level of safety for the law enforcement personnel.

BIO-key also provides a number of optional features designed to augment the core Law Enforcement products. These include:

**Field Interview Tracker** - enables personnel to capture field contact information. The data is stored in a searchable database where it can be located quickly. Police agencies can create online contact forms that meet their specific needs and multiple agencies can share information while using their own forms and procedures.

**TStop** - was developed to enable law enforcement agencies to comply with state mandated and voluntary traffic stop reporting. Law enforcement personnel can capture the required information on their mobile computer and transmit it to the server where it is stored and can generate reports.

**State Crash Report** - enables personnel to use their mobile computer to collect data needed for their state s crash report. This data can be wirelessly transmitted to a server so a supervisor can review and approve it. Once

complete the report can be printed in the state s format. Only selected states are supported.

Multiple Application Programming Interface (API) - allows an agency to have multiple ports to the server to accommodate disparate interfaces. These multiple API ports are in addition to the one port that is inherent in the server as well as the State/NCIC interface.

**Incident Command -** using FieldSoft s PDonScene, this solution is used by both patrol and tactical teams, such as a SWAT, to manage people and resources at the scene of an incident or at a central location such as an emergency operations center. It can also be used for general event management.

**InfoServer** - BIO-key s solution for an agency s central messaging switch for application software service, State/NCIC interfaces, Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) and Records Management Software (RMS) interfaces, data sharing and other applications.

Fire Safety

In addition to law enforcement/fire service mobile data solutions, BIO-key offers its Sunpro fire service/EMS records management software, FireRMS , that helps large and small agencies manage operations, track incidents and support fire prevention initiatives. FireRMS Mobile provides wireless query and messaging solutions that extend computer aided dispatch, fire records, and other in-house data sources to a mobile environment and provide mission-critical information to emergency response personnel where and when they need it.

**PacketCluster® Rescue** BIO-key s mobile information solution for fire and EMS, runs off the same server as MobileCop. It provides much of MobileCop functionality without the State/NCIC interface not required by fire service and EMS. Rescue provides mission-critical data such as HAZMAT information and building plans that fire service officers need to know while at a fire scene.

**FireRMS Records Management Software** this NFIRS 5.0-compliant fire records system helps manage operations, track incidents and support fire prevention initiatives. It is designed to speed data entry and reduce completion time for front-line personnel.

**CAD Interfaces** CAD interfaces provide a connection between BIO-key records and all major CAD systems with the most comprehensive real time integration. Incident reports are opened as soon as CAD dispatches a call. Incidents are current and ready to complete when the crew returns to the station, streamlining and improving the accuracy of incident reporting.

**RMS Interfaces** RMS interfaces provide a mechanism to integrate patient care reports collected in the field with the NIBRS report. Patient data is populated in the appropriate fields, eliminating redundant data entry.

**Other Interfaces** BIO-key provides interfaces to other third party solutions including EMS billing, EMS county/state interfaces, professional staffing solutions and others.

BIO-key also offers the following Fire/EMS Partner solutions:

**EMS Field Data Collection** Regist\*r Express from MedDataSolutions enables EMS field data collection for efficient collection of patent data where it is generated.

**Geographic Data Analysis** FireView from the Omega Group allows Fire and EMS agencies to analyze their deployment strategies.

**Personnel Staffing** Telestaff from PDSI automates and manages complex Fire/RMS agency staffing needs and is integrated with FireRMS s Personnel and Roster modules.

**Incident Command Module** FDonScene by FieldSoft provides incident management, responder accountability, and tactical survey or preplan browser software solutions. FDonScene interfaces with PacketCluster Rescue to support incident management-en route or on scene.

#### **Current Business Plan**

BIO-key s current business plan is to:

**License its core technology VST and True User Identification**® to original equipment manufacturers, systems integrators, and application developers who develop products and applications that utilize its biometric finger matching solutions.

License WEB-key®, the Company s security centric web-based biometric authentication solution.

**Provide for device independent finger identification matching** for virtually any application by using the latest advances in scanning technology.

**License its wireless software solutions for the public safety market** directly to counties, cities and towns across North America as well as through systems integrators and resellers.

**Leverage its FireRMS suite of products** for the growing Emergency Medical Service data collection and reporting market.

**Integrate its core technology competencies** to leverage new business opportunities and develop new markets for its innovative products.

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#### Markets

Law Enforcement

BIO-key s InfoServer , MobileCop and PocketCop® Law Enforcement products are the leading wireless mobile data communications client/server solution, implemented in more than 1,200 agencies nationwide. Providing immediate access to mission-critical data and enabling in-field reporting, BIO-key software keeps officers on the street, improving their productivity and enhances officer safety. BIO-key solutions are able to run across any and all wireless infrastructures and integrate with virtually all computer-aided dispatch (CAD) and records management systems. This makes us a proven leader in multi-agency cooperation and interoperability, which are absolutely critical in times of large-scale natural and terrorist threats.

Growth potential BIO-key s large base of more than 1,200 law enforcement agencies continues to be a strength that helps leverage additional sales from both existing customers and new customers. A key opportunity is the growing awareness of the need for multi-agency interoperability. In these situations, BIO-key offers:

BIO-key s LE products can run on any and all wireless infrastructures. BIO-key also has proven success implementing seamless roaming across multiple infrastructures for multi-agency consortiums.

BIO-key s open architecture.

BIO-key has experience in large, complex and multi-agency implementations such as Hamilton County, Ohio, Sheriff s Office and Pennsylvania State Police.

These capabilities position BIO-key well to work with leading CAD vendors, even with vendors that have mobile data solutions but do not have the depth of interoperability capability that BIO-key offers.

An additional growth area is the introduction of BIO-key's finger-based biometric identification to law enforcement. In addition to now offering biometric login to our traditional InfoServer product, we have introduced the IdentityMatch fingerprint identification solution, which lets law enforcement personnel capture fingerprints in the field and, using BIO-key's patented Vector Segment Technology®, then analyzes and categorizes fingerprints the same way a fingerprint expert would only faster. IdentityMatch also enables multiple law enforcement agencies to share fingerprint data with other agencies. This powerful tool, built on BIO-key's understanding of law enforcement requirements and its fingerprint technology, present opportunities for the law enforcement business segment in the coming year.

Fire Safety

BIO-key s FireRMS fire records management software is a flexible solution available for Fire Service and EMS agencies. It is a comprehensive collection of modules that manage a range of activities from daily scheduling to vehicle maintenance. FireRMS streamlines data collection across all areas of department operations, and integrates with other department systems to provide a seamless solution for data access, whether in the station or on the scene of an incident. In addition to helping first responders efficiently deliver traditional fire safety and services and respond to massive emergency situations, it enables adherence to NFIRS, NEMSIS, HIPAA, and ISO requirements. The solutions also bring the station into the field with mobile data communications solutions, and most recently, FireRMS Mobile, which brings the capabilities of FireRMS to first responders where and when they most need to report and access critical information.

Growth potential a growth opportunity for the fire business segment is in the mobile market with the RMS mobile products. BIO-key s FireRMS Mobile solutions extend the power of our FireRMS product to the field. Inspectors, for example, can now perform occupancy inspections over a wireless or synched connection using a pen tablet. This approach eliminates redundant data entry, and provides immediate updates of critical information and notification of violations. Likewise, EMS workers can collect critical patient data and relay the data to medical personnel. This new mobile approach to fire and EMS data collection and access offers great potential among both new and existing FireRMS customers.

Finger-based Biometric Identification

Finally, BIO-key is a leader in finger-based biometric identification. In partnerships with OEMs, integrators, and solution providers, we provide biometric software solutions to private and public sector customers. BIO-key s patented vector segment technology is the foundation for these solutions.

BIO-key s WEB-key ® is a cost-effective, easy-to-deploy, fingerprint-based strong authentication system. This unique solution allows users to positively identify themselves to any application with the simple scan of their finger. This capability is a significant improvement in both convenience and security over other alternatives and provides companies with a cost-effective solution to thwart phishing attacks and comply with government regulations and legislation such as FFIEC compliance, HIPAA, Sarbanes-Oxley, and the Electronic Signatures Act. BIO-key couples these capabilities with device interoperability and system flexibility and scalability. BIO-key enables the use of about 40 different fingerprint sensor technologies to enroll and identify employees, customers or business partners. Most recently, BIO-key integrated its biometric capabilities with its public safety mission with the introduction of IdentityMatch , a real-time, in-station solution that allows law enforcement professionals to capture fingerprints from a suspect or captured from a crime scene and compare them to fingerprints. BIO-key has also formed relationships with providers of biometric logon software like IdentiPHI, Softex, and Computer Associates to provide enterprise-ready SingleSignOn systems to many large companies in the US and abroad. Also, BIO-key has integrated to a pure physical access solution in NextGenID, which has been deployed at BIO-key facilities.

Growth potential As the provider of the core technology, BIO-key s greatest growth potential for this market is as a partner with companies that offer cutting-edge applications that address growing concerns particularly about identity theft and terrorism.

For example, BIO-key has implemented programs that will enable biometric access. These include a national pilot with a large fitness center chain to provide finger-based membership and access to its locations around the country; with IdentiPHI to provide strong network based authentication on BIO-key technology; and with the Pegasus Program to authenticate users accessing a nationwide information-sharing system designed by and for the nation sheriffs. These represent the kind of partnership-based opportunities BIO-key may see in the finger-based biometric market.

In parallel, BIO-key is both strengthening security and improving user and system administrator convenience by integrating biometric log-in, as well as two-factor authentication, with its law enforcement and fire safety products. This is a true differentiator to potential new customers, and creates add-on opportunities with existing customers.

#### Competition

The markets for BIO-key products and technologies are developing and are characterized by intense competition and rapid technological change. No assurance can be given that our competitors will not develop new or enhanced technologies that will offer superior price, performance, or features, or render BIO-key products or technologies obsolete.

**Biometrics** 

In addition to companies that provide existing commonplace methods of restricting access to facilities and logical access points such as pass cards, PIN numbers, passwords, locks and keys, there are numerous companies involved in the development, manufacturing and marketing of fingerprint biometrics products to commercial, government, law enforcement and prison markets. These companies include, but are not limited to, Cogent, NEC, IDENTIX, Sagem-Morpho, and Bioscrypt.

The most recent automated fingerprint identification product sales in the market have been deployed for government and law enforcement applications, typically at more cost than BIO-key s products and licensing arrangements. Although most companies that target consumer application markets have completed development of their biometric products, such technologies have not been widely accepted in the commercial markets to date. Most companies competing for commercial opportunities are in the business of selling scanning devices and tie their algorithm to a specific device. BIO-key has created a device independent algorithm that provides flexibility in choosing the correct device and optical or tactile sense to fit the application served.

BIO-key has found that commercial markets have been slow to widely purchase biometrics as a viable alternative to their current security methods. As a result, the primary competition for biometric technology consists of traditional security methods such as passwords, PINs, cards, and tokens.

With respect to competing biometrics technologies, each has its strength and weaknesses and none has emerged as a market leader:

Fingerprint identification is generally viewed as inexpensive and non-intrusive.

*Iris scanning* is viewed as accurate, but can be expensive and inconvenient to use.

*Facial recognition* has recently received substantial attention; however, it can have accuracy limitations and be highly dependent on ambient lighting conditions, angle of view and other factors.

The market for biometric technology is evolving. Computer breaches, identity theft, phishing and other events in the recent past are driving a large-scale shift to biometric deployments. In addition, companies such as IBM, Dell, Gateway, MPC, Samsung and HP have all introduced computers with integrated finger scanning devices to complement the conventional username/password technique since it is highly susceptible to hackers and security breaches. BIO-key supports these integrated devices for broader enterprise level security solutions.

Law Enforcement

Law Enforcement 19

The public safety market comprises agencies at all government levels, with a range of users, from a few to many hundreds. BIO-key competitors in the mobile data market include Computer Aided Dispatch/Records Management companies such as Printrak, InfoCop and Motorola. Each has comprehensive CAD and/or RMS offerings and has augmented those with their own mobile data and field reporting solutions. While these solutions may not be as functionally rich as the BIO-key suite of products, they are sometimes less expensive. They also provide a complete solution from one vendor.

Fire	Cafaty
гırе	Safety

The fire records management market includes a large number of RMS vendors including Firehouse, FDM and ETI. These and other competing companies represent a wide range of organizations, from large integration companies, to small garage companies, and offer products similar in scope to BIO-key s FireRMS. The functionality and price of these products also encompass wide ranges of features and costs.

#### **Marketing and Distribution**

BIO-key s marketing and distribution efforts comprise the following major initiatives:

During the past year, BIO-key has strengthened its alliance with Oracle and has been recognized as a Certified Partner in the Oracle Partner Network. BIO-key supports the Oracle e-business suite of applications and provides the biometric enabler for the Oracle Single Sign on product. As an Oracle development partner, BIO-key provides the underlying database used for true user identification and on demand alias checking. As a development partner, BIO-key participates in Oracle Trade Shows such as Oracle Open World and Oracle Apps World.

BIO-key has strategic alliances with technology leaders including Oracle, Netegrity, Hewlett Packard, Dell, Verizon, Sprint/Nextel, Cingular and others.

BIO-key is also promoting biometric technology and its offerings through industry trade shows, public speaking engagements, press activities and partner marketing programs

BIO-key is directing licensing efforts to original equipment manufacturers, application developers and system integrators.

BIO-key is building a reseller, integrator and partner network as well as a direct sales team.

Following are the specific marketing/sales programs in place:

Direct Selling Efforts BIO-key now has a base of area sales directors who are responsible for both the law enforcement and fire safety markets. This team of sales professionals brings extensive experience in technical solution and relationship-based selling. They are supported by a pre-sales team that includes system engineering and proposal management and a post-sales program management, implementation and training professionals. Included in this team are individuals who are themselves former police officers and firefighters.

BIO-key s direct sales force also includes area sales directors for the OEM and Federal Government markets, each of whom brings not only extensive sales experience but also expertise in emerging biometric technologies. The BIO-key sales force is rounded out by Inside Sales, which is responsible for maintaining and supporting our existing install base, acting as a front-line support for any inquiries on our product line, and facilitating activities that make the field team more productive.

Conferences and Trade Shows BIO-key attends and actively participates in various product-related conferences and trade shows in the technology and security industries to generate market awareness of biometric and wireless mobile data technology generally and our offerings specifically. BIO-key s public safety software often is featured at our business partners booths at these events, showcasing the interoperability of the two products.

Strategic Alliance BIO-key s strategic alliances and reseller agreements with other vendors play a significant role in our overall sales efforts. In the past year, BIO-key has initiated and bolstered numerous important and promising long-term relationships. Just a few examples include:

BIO-key is partnering with Cingular, the largest wireless carrier in the country, to first responders in a seven-county Tennessee consortium of fire, police and EMS agencies in access to mission critical information using MobileCOP solution in conjunction with Cingular s nationwide\* EDGE wireless data network

The Omega Group continues to provide FireView software mapping tools that help review existing deployment policies and develop new strategies, to complement BIO-key s range of solutions for Fire/EMS agencies.

BIO-key now resells solutions from ThreatScreen that provide an exposure-diagnostic/identification, data collection, and reporting tool to first responders so they can quickly assess victims to determine chemical, biological, or nuclear agent exposure.

Silex Technology America, Inc., which develops fingerprint reader products designed to support a variety of secure computing options, utilizes BIO-key s VST and WEB-key technology.

Strategic Marketing Alliance BIO-key has established a strategic marketing alliance with Hewlett Packard to provide BIO-key handheld technology for the Massachusetts State Police.

*Reseller Relationships* BIO-key has established reseller relationships with companies that resell BIO-key public safety software.

#### Licensing

BIO-key targets both Internet infrastructure companies and large portal providers as possible licensees for its WEB-key ® solution. On the Internet infrastructure side, BIO-key seeks to partner with Internet server manufacturers, providers of database and data warehouse engine software, horizontally positioned application engines, firewall solution providers and peripheral equipment manufacturers. On the portal side, BIO-key is targeting financial service providers such as credit and debit card authorization and issuing institutions, Internet retailers, business-to-business application service providers (ASPs) and corporate intranets. In the past three years, BIO-key has undertaken a WEB-key ® and VST direct selling effort, and entered into license agreements with OEMs and system integrators to develop applications for distribution to their respective customers.

BIO-key is also addressing the security needs of application providers in the following vertical markets:

Government Using BIO-key s technology, Northup Grumman deployed an application within the Department of Defense to cross-credential visitors and contractors to certain military bases.

*Education* Educational Biometric Technologies, Lunch Byte Systems and Identimetrics have incorporated BIO-key technology to enable school children to pay for school lunch programs and checkout library books using their fingerprints. VST technology enables schools to enroll these children and reduces the administrative costs of managing passwords and collecting payments.

Commerce: ChoicePoint has implemented a check cashing solution using BIO-key s VST technology to reduce fraud and identity theft.

Patient Records and Information Management: HBOC, one of the largest healthcare patient records and information management companies, has integrated BIO-key technology into their portal and has deployed their solution in a pilot for the Baptist Hospital System.

Financial: BIO-key is working with several companies focusing on financial applications such as point of sale systems and employee trusted identification cards, as well as customer facing applications over the Internet. BIO-key has also begun work with several financial institutions to incorporate its technology for secure access to money transfers for institutional customers.

#### **Intellectual Property Rights**

We believe that our intellectual property is important to our biometric, law enforcement and fire information management segments:

Patents our biometrics segment uses patented technology and trade secrets developed or acquired by us. In May 2005, the U.S. Patent Office issued us a patent for our Vector Segment fingerprint technology (VST), BIO-key s core biometric analysis and identification technology. Additionally, we have a number of U.S. and foreign patent applications in process related to this intellectual property.

Trademarks We have registered our trademarks (BIO-key , SACman , SACcat , SACremote , True User Identification , WEB-key , Packet PacketCluster Patrol , PacketWriter , PacketBlue , SunPro and the design mark for Ceurulean with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. We also applied for trademarks for PocketCop and Cerulean .

Copyrights and trade secrets We take measures to ensure copyright and license protection for our software releases prior to distribution. When possible, the software is licensed in an attempt to ensure that only licensed and activated software functions to its full potential. We also take measures to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets.

#### **Research and Development**

Our research and development efforts are concentrated on enhancing the functionality, reliability and integration of our current products as well as developing new and innovative products for the biometrics, law enforcement and fire markets. Although BIO-key believes that its identification technology is one of the most advanced and discriminating fingerprint technologies available today, the markets in which BIO-key compete are characterized by rapid technological change and evolving standards. In order to maintain its position in the market, BIO-key will continue to upgrade and refine its existing technologies.

In 2005, BIO-key announced the launch of IdentityMatch, our fingerprint identification system. IdentityMatch offers a tool for agencies to store and search fingerprints and the associated demographic data, the ability to compare new prints with those previously captured as a low-cost AFIS alternative or to be used for a wide variety of routine identification transactions not supported by AFIS. IdentityMatch is currently being tested by a number of customers.

During fiscal years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, BIO-key spent approximately \$2,980,000 and \$6,846,000 respectively, on research and development. BIO-key s limited customer base during that time did not directly bear these costs, which were principally funded through outside sources of equity and debt financing.

#### **Government Regulations**

BIO-key is not currently subject to direct regulation by any government agency, other than regulations generally applicable to businesses or related to specific project requirements. In the event of any international sales, the company would be subject to various domestic and foreign laws regulating such exports and export activities.

### **Environmental Regulations**

As of the date of this report, BIO-key has not incurred any material expenses relating to our compliance with federal, state, or local environmental laws and does not expect to incur any material expenses in the foreseeable future.

## **Employees and Consultants**

BIO-key currently employs one-hundred (100) individuals on a full-time basis: fifty-one (51) in engineering, customer support, research and development; Thirteen (13) in finance and administration; and twenty-six (26) in sales and marketing. BIO-key also uses the services of ten (10) consultants who provide engineering and technical services.

### RISK FACTORS

The following material risk factors, among others, may affect the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

#### **Business and Financial Risks**

Based on our lack of significant revenue since inception and recurring losses from operations, our auditors have included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion as to the substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Due to, among other factors, our history of losses (excluding gains from valuation changes in embedded derivatives) and limited revenue, our independent auditors have included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion for the year ended December 31, 2005 as to the substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States, which contemplate that we will continue to operate as a going concern. Our financial statements do not contain any adjustments that might result if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

Since our formation, we have historically generated minimal revenue and have sustained substantial operating losses.

As of December 31, 2005, we had negative working capital of approximately \$3,600,000 and an accumulated deficit of approximately \$42,226,000. Since our inception, we have focused almost exclusively on developing our core technologies and, until the fourth quarter of 2004 have not generated any significant revenue. In order to increase revenue, we have developed a direct sales force and anticipate the need to retain additional sales, marketing and technical support personnel and may need to incur substantial expenses. We cannot assure you that we will be able to secure these necessary resources, that a significant market for our technologies will develop or that we will be able to achieve our targeted revenue.

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and have failed to maintain an effective system of disclosure controls and procedures. If we are unable to successfully address such material weaknesses or if we continue to maintain an ineffective system of disclosure controls and procedures, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results or prevent fraud. As a result, current and potential stockholders could lose confidence in our financial reporting; this would harm our business and the trading price of our common stock.

After a review of our March 31, 2005, June 30, 2005 and September 30, 2005 quarterly operating results, as well as our 2005 annual operating results, conducted pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), our Co-Chief Executive Officers and our Chief Financial Officer have determined that, as of each such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to provide reasonable assurance that information that we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. Our management reached this conclusion after identifying our system to capture disclosure items, our internal process of review for account reconciliations, our documentation of internal controls and our internal process for preparing our annual report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 as being inadequate to provide such assistance.

In addition, our independent auditors, DS&B, Ltd., notified the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors on April 18, 2005 that they believed there were reportable conditions during 2004 and 2005 which constituted a material weakness in our internal controls. These weaknesses concerned deficiencies in the design and implementation of our internal controls and the fact that, due to two recent acquisitions, we were not staffed properly in our accounting and reporting department and may not have had appropriate accounting and reporting software. For these reasons, we were not able to meet our schedule for preparing our audit and for filing our annual report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 in a timely manner.

Effective internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and effectively prevent fraud and to operate successfully as a public company. We have in the past discovered, as described above, and may in the future discover, areas of our disclosure and internal controls that need improvement. We are in the process of addressing these issues to ensure that our internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures are improved so as to provide reasonable assurance that the information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange rules and forms. If, however, we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our reputation and operating results would be harmed.

We cannot be certain that our efforts to improve the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and the ineffectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures will be successful or that we will be able to maintain adequate controls over our financial processes and reporting in the future. We will need to commit substantial resources, including substantial time from our management team s accounting personnel and from external consultants, to implement and integrate into our organization improved disclosure controls and additional procedures generally and to improve systems to report financial information on a timely basis. Any failure or delay to develop or maintain effective controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation or in other effective improvement of our internal and disclosure controls could materially harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. If we are unable to adequately establish or improve our internal controls over financial reporting, our external auditors may not be able to issue an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of our internal controls. Ineffective internal and disclosure controls could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which would likely have a significant negative effect on the trading price of our securities.

Our biometric technology has yet to gain widespread market acceptance and we do not know how large of a market will develop for our technology.

Biometric technology has received only limited market acceptance, particularly in the private sector. Our technology represents a novel security solution and we have not yet generated significant sales. Although recent security concerns relating to identification of individuals has increased interest in biometrics generally, it remains an undeveloped, evolving market. Biometric based solutions compete with more traditional security methods including keys, cards, personal identification numbers and security personnel. Acceptance of biometrics as an alternative to such traditional methods depends upon a number of factors including:

the reliability of biometric solutions
public perception regarding privacy concerns
costs involved in adopting and integrating biometric solutions
For these reasons, we are uncertain whether our biometric technology will gain widespread acceptance in any commercial markets or that demand will be sufficient to create a market large enough to produce significant revenue or earnings. Our future success depends, in part, upon business customers adopting biometrics generally, and our solution specifically.
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Biometric technology is a new approach to Internet security which must be accepted in order for our WEB-key ® solution to generate significant revenue.

Our WEB-key ® authentication initiative represents a new approach to Internet security which has been adopted on a limited basis by companies which distribute goods, content or software applications over the Internet. The implementation of our WEB-key ® solution requires the distribution and use of a finger scanning device and integration of database and server side software. Although we believe our solutions provides a higher level of security for information transmitted over the Internet than existing traditional methods, unless business and consumer markets embrace the use of a scanning device and believe the benefits of increased accuracy outweigh implementation costs, our solution will not gain market acceptance.

Our software products may contain defects which will make it more difficult for us to establish and maintain customers.

Although we have completed the development of our core biometric technology, it has only been used by a limited number of business customers. Despite extensive testing during development, our software may contain undetected design faults and software errors, or bugs that are discovered only after it has been installed and used by a greater number of customers. Any such default or error in new or existing software or applications could cause delays in delivering our technology or require design modifications. These could adversely affect our competitive position and cause us to lose potential customers or opportunities. Since our technologies are intended to be utilized to secure physical and electronic access, the effect of any such bugs or delays will likely have a detrimental impact on us. In addition, given that biometric technology generally, and our biometric technology specifically, has yet to gain widespread acceptance in the market, any delays would likely have a more detrimental impact on our business than if we were a more established company.

While we have commenced a significant sales and marketing effort, we have only begun to develop a significant distribution channel and may not have the resources or ability to sustain these efforts or generate any meaningful sales.

In order to generate revenue from our biometric products, we are dependent upon independent original equipment manufacturers, system integrators and application developers, which we do not control. As a result, it may be more difficult to generate sales.

We market our technology through licensing arrangements with:

Original equipment manufacturers, system integrators and application developers which develop and market products and applications which can then be sold to end users

Companies which distribute goods, services or software applications over the Internet

As a technology licensing company, our success will depend upon the ability of these manufacturers and developers to effectively integrate our technology into products and services which they market and sell. We have no control over these licensees and can not assure you that they have the financial, marketing or technical resources to successfully develop and distribute products or applications acceptable to end users or generate any meaningful revenue for us. These third parties may also offer the products of our competitors to end users.

We derive nearly all of our revenue from government contracts, which are often non-standard, involve competitive bidding, may be subject to cancellation with or without penalty and may produce volatility in earnings and revenue.

Most of our business involves providing products and services under contracts with U.S. federal, state and local government agencies. Obtaining contracts from government agencies is challenging, and government contracts often include provisions that are not standard in private commercial transactions. For example, government contracts may:

include provisions that allow the government agency to terminate the contract without penalty under some circumstances;

be subject to purchasing decisions of agencies that are subject to political influence;

contain onerous procurement procedures; and

be subject to cancellation if government funding becomes unavailable.

Securing government contracts can be a protracted process involving competitive bidding. In many cases, unsuccessful bidders may challenge contract awards, which can lead to increased costs, delays and possible loss of the contract for the winning bidder.

We face intense competition and may not have the financial and human resources necessary to keep up with rapid technological changes, which may result in our technology becoming obsolete.

The Internet, facility access control and information security markets are subject to rapid technological change and intense competition. We compete with both established biometric companies and a significant number of startup enterprises as well as providers of more traditional methods of access control. Most of our competitors have substantially greater financial and marketing resources than we do and may independently develop superior technologies, which may result in our technology becoming less competitive or obsolete. We may not be able to keep pace with this change. If we are unable to develop new applications or enhance our existing technology in a timely manner in response to technological changes, we will be unable to compete in our chosen markets. In addition, if one or more other biometric technologies such as voice, face, iris, hand geometry or blood vessel recognition are widely adopted, it would significantly reduce the potential market for our fingerprint identification technology.

We depend on key employees and members of our management team, including our Chairman of the Board and Co-Chief Executive Officer, in order to achieve our goals. We cannot assure you that we will be able to retain or attract such persons.

A loss of our current Chairman of the Board of Directors or Co-Chief Executive Officer could severely and negatively impact our operations. We have had an employment contract with Michael W. DePasquale, our Co-Chief Executive Officer through March 28, 2008. Although the contract does not prevent him from resigning, it does contain confidentiality and non-compete clauses which are intended to prevent him from working for a competitor within one year after leaving our Company. Our success depends on our ability to attract, train and retain employees with expertise in developing, marketing and selling software solutions. In order to successfully market our technology, we will need to retain additional engineering, technical support and marketing personnel. The market for such persons remains highly competitive and our limited financial resources will make it more difficult for us to recruit and retain qualified persons.

We can not assure you that the limited intellectual property protection for our core technology provides a meaningful competitive advantage or barrier to entry against our competitors.

Our success and ability to compete is dependent in part upon proprietary rights to our technology. We rely primarily on a combination of patent, copyright and trademark laws, trade secrets and technical measures to protect our propriety rights. We have filed a patent application relating to both the optic technology and biometrics solution components of our technology wherein several claims have been allowed. In May 2005, the U.S. Patent Office issued us a patent for our Vector Segment fingerprint technology (VST), BIO-key s core biometric analysis and identification technology. We cannot assure you that any additional patents will be issued that we will have the resources to protect any patent from infringement. Although we believe our technology does not currently infringe upon patents held by others, we can not assure you that such infringements do not exist or will not exist in the future, particularly as the number of products and competitors in the biometric industry segment grows.

We may need to obtain additional financing to execute our business plan, which may not be available. If we are unable to raise additional capital or generate significant revenue, we may not be able to continue operations.

Since our inception, we have not generated any significant revenue (other than revenue from acquired businesses) and have experienced substantial losses, including approximately \$11,499,000 during 2005, excluding the impact related to embedded derivatives. In March 2004, we completed a private placement equity offering that resulted in approximately \$12,000,000 in gross proceeds to the Company and a private placement convertible debt offering in September 2004 that resulted in approximately \$10,000,000 in gross proceeds to the Company (a portion

of which was used to finance the acquisition of Aether Mobile Government). In June 2005, we raised approximately \$5,000,000 in gross proceeds through a private placement convertible debt offering and in January 2006 we received approximately \$1,000,000 in another a private placement convertible debt offering. To the extent that we will require additional capital to support our operations, expand our marketing and sales efforts and to execute our business plan to substantially increase revenue, we may need to obtain additional financing through the issuance of debt or equity securities. Our long-term viability and growth will depend upon the successful commercialization of our technologies and our ability to obtain adequate financing. We have not and cannot assure you that we will ever be able to secure any such financing on terms acceptable to us. If we cannot obtain such financing or generate such revenues, we may not be able to execute our business plan or continue operations.

We may not be able to successfully complete the integration of PSG and AMG into our operations.
The integration of PSG and AMG into our operations involves a number of risks, including:
difficulty integrating operations and personnel;
diversion of management attention;
potential disruption of ongoing business;
inability to retain key personnel;
inability to successfully incorporate the acquired products and services into our product and service offerings and to develop new products and services; and
impairment of relationships with employees, customers or vendors.
Failure to overcome these risks or any other problems encountered in connection with the acquisitions of PSG and AMG could slow our growth or lower the quality of our services, which could reduce customer demand. The result could be a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.
We may not achieve profitability with respect to the law enforcement and public safety components of our business if we are unable to maintain, improve and develop the wireless data services we offer.

We believe that our future business prospects depend in part on our ability to maintain and improve our current services and to develop new ones on a timely basis. Our services will have to achieve market acceptance, maintain technological competitiveness and meet an expanding range of

customer requirements. As a result of the complexities inherent in our service offerings, major new wireless data services and service enhancements require long development and testing periods. We may experience difficulties that could delay or prevent the successful development, introduction or marketing of new services and service enhancements. Additionally, our new services and service enhancements may not achieve market acceptance. If we cannot effectively develop and improve services we may not be able to recover our fixed costs or

otherwise become profitable.

Our law enforcement and public safety division depends upon wireless networks owned and controlled by others.

If we do not have continued access to sufficient capacity on reliable networks, we may be unable to deliver services and our sales could decrease. Our ability to grow and achieve profitability partly depends on our ability to buy sufficient capacity on the networks of wireless carriers such as Verizon Wireless, Bell South Corporation, Metrocall, Motient and AT&T Wireless and on the reliability and security of their systems. All of our services are delivered using airtime purchased from third parties. We depend on these companies to provide uninterrupted and bug free service and would not be able to satisfy our customers needs if they failed to provide the required capacity or needed level of service. In addition, our expenses would increase and our profitability could be materially adversely affected if wireless carriers were to increase the prices of their services. Our existing agreements with the wireless carriers generally have one-year terms. Some of these wireless carriers are, or could become, our competitors and if they compete with us they may refuse to provide us with their services.

New laws and regulations that impact our law enforcement and public safety division could increase our costs or reduce our opportunities to earn revenue.

We are not currently subject to direct regulation by the Federal Communications Commission or any other governmental agency, other than regulations applicable to businesses in general. However, in the future, we may become subject to regulation by the FCC or another regulatory agency. In addition, the wireless carriers who supply us airtime and certain of our hardware suppliers are subject to regulation by the FCC and regulations that affect them could increase our costs or reduce our ability to continue selling and supporting our services.

If we fail to adequately manage our resources, it could have a severe negative impact on our financial results or stock price.

We could be subject to fluctuations in technology spending by existing and potential customers. Accordingly, we will have to actively manage expenses in a rapidly changing economic environment. This could require reducing costs during economic downturns and selectively growing in periods of economic expansion. If we do not properly manage our resources in response to these conditions, our results of operations could be negatively impacted.

We granted a blanket security interest in all of our assets to the holders of our secured debt. If we are unable to make our required monthly payments on such debt, or any other event of default occurs, it could have a material adverse effect on our business and operations, and the debt holders may foreclose on our assets.

As part of our secured convertible debt financing transactions, we granted to Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. and another holder of such secured debt a blanket security interest in all of our assets, including assets of our subsidiary. See the Management s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation section of this report. In the event we default in payment on such debt, or any other event of default occurs under the relevant financing documents, and the default is not cured, 120% of the outstanding principal amount of the secured notes, plus accrued interest and fees will accelerate and be due and payable in full. See the Long Term Obligations footnote to this report for a list of such potential events of default.

The cash required to pay such accelerated amounts on the secured notes following an event of default would most likely come out of our working capital. As we rely on our working capital for our day to day operations, such a default could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, or financial condition to such extent that we are forced to restructure, file for bankruptcy, sell assets or cease operations. In addition, upon an event of default, the holder of the secured debt could foreclose on our assets or exercise any other remedies available to them. If our assets were foreclosed upon, we were forced to file for bankruptcy or cease operations; stockholders may not receive any proceeds from disposition of our assets and may lose their entire investment in our stock.

Our obligations under our debt securities may adversely affect our ability to enter into potential significant transactions with other parties.

As a result of our debt financing transactions with Laurus Master Fund, Ltd., the Shaar Fund, Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors, we incurred significant repayment obligations, and we agreed to certain restrictive covenants. In particular, for so long as 25% of the aggregate principal amount of the convertible term notes remains outstanding, we will need the consent of the holders of such notes before we can take certain actions, including the following:

pay any dividends;

merge, effect a material reorganization, liquidate or dissolve;

materially change the scope of our business; or

create, incur or assume any debt (other than certain trade debt, equipment financings and debt for the purchase of assets in the ordinary course of business).

Accordingly, unless we obtain the noteholders consent, we may not be able to enter into certain transactions. In addition, in connection with any potential significant transaction (such as a merger, sale of substantially all our assets, joint venture, or similar transaction), it is likely that we would have to pay off such debt obligations and have the applicable security interests released. Although we have the right at any time to prepay our debt obligations, we can only do so upon payment of either 110% or 120% of the then principal balance, plus all other amounts owing under the notes. See the Long Term Obligations footnote of this report. Based on an aggregate principal balance of \$11.3 million at December 31, 2005, a complete prepayment would require a cash payment of approximately \$12.7 million. These provisions could have the practical effect of increasing the costs of any potential significant transaction, and restrict our ability to enter into any such transaction.

Our obligations to the holders of our outstanding preferred stock may further affect our ability to enter into potential significant
ransactions with other parties.

We will need to obtain the consent of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of our convertible preferred stock before we can take certain actions, including the following:
a sale or other disposition of any material assets;
an acquisition of a material amount of assets;
engaging in a merger, reorganization or consolidation; or
incur or guaranty any indebtedness in excess of \$50,000.
Accordingly, unless we obtain such consent, we may not be able to enter into certain transactions.

#### Risks Related To Our Common Stock

We have issued a substantial number of securities that are convertible into shares of our common stock which will result in substantial dilution to the ownership interests of our existing shareholders.

As of March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2006, approximately 45,764,000 shares of our common stock were reserved for issuance upon exercise or conversion of the following securities:

15,273,000 shares upon conversion of outstanding convertible term notes;

20,729,000 shares upon exercise of outstanding stock options and warrants;

1,878,000 shares upon exercise of options available for future grant under our existing option plans; and

7,884,000 shares or more upon conversion of our outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock and cumulative dividends in arrears.

The exercise or conversion of these securities will result in a significant increase in the number of outstanding shares and substantially dilute the ownership interests of our existing shareholders.

A substantial number of our convertible securities are convertible into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$.70 per share. Most of these shares are eligible for public resale. The trading price of our common stock and our ability to raise additional financing may be adversely affected by the influx into the market of such a substantial number of shares.

Our outstanding Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and cumulative dividends in arrears are convertible into 7,287,987 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2005 at a per share conversion price of \$.70. Although many of the shares issuable upon conversion of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock are eligible for public resale under Securities Exchange Commission Rule 144, we have agreed to file a registration statement to cover the public resale of all of these shares. This significant increase in the number of shares available for public sale may have a negative impact on the trading price of our shares and substantially dilute the ownership interests of our existing shareholders. In the event that our stock trades below \$.70 per share, in order to raise additional financing we would likely be required to issue additional shares of common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a purchase or conversion price, as applicable, of less than \$.70 per share. Any issuance of shares at a purchase price of less than \$.70 per share would reduce the conversion price of our Series A Convertible Preferred Shares to such lower price. This would require us to issue additional shares upon conversion of our Series A Shares and further dilute the ownership interests of our existing shareholders. To the extent these factors are viewed negatively by the market, it may provide an incentive for persons to execute short sales of our common stock that could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

In January 2006, the Company issued Convertible Term Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000 to certain investors. The Convertible Notes are convertible into 1,000,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company, which shares are convertible into shares of the Common Stock of the Company at an initial fixed conversion of \$0.70 per share for an aggregate amount of 1,428,571 shares. Although many of the shares issuable upon conversion of our Series B Convertible Preferred Stock are eligible for public resale under Securities Exchange Commission Rule 144, we have agreed to file a registration statement to cover the public resale of all of these shares. This significant increase in the number of shares available for public sale may have a negative impact on the trading price of our shares and substantially dilute the ownership interests of our existing shareholders. In the event that our stock trades below \$.70 per share, in order to raise additional financing we would likely be required to issue additional shares of common stock or securities convertible into common stock at a purchase or conversion price, as applicable, of less than \$.70 per share. Any issuance of shares at a purchase price of less than \$.70 per share would reduce the conversion price of our Series B Convertible Preferred Shares to such lower price. This would require us to issue additional shares upon conversion of our Series B Shares and further dilute the ownership interests of our existing shareholders. To the extent these factors are viewed negatively by the market, it may provide an incentive for persons to execute short sales of our common stock that could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

Applicable SEC Rules governing the trading of penny stocks limits the trading and liquidity of our common stock, which may affect the trading price of our common stock.

Our common stock currently trades on the OTC Bulletin Board. Since our common stock continues to trade below \$5.00 per share, our common stock is considered a penny stock and is subject to SEC rules and regulations, which impose limitations upon the manner in which our shares can be publicly traded. These regulations require the delivery, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule explaining the penny stock market and the associated risks. Under these regulations, certain brokers who recommend such securities to persons other than established customers or certain accredited investors must make a special written suitability determination regarding such a purchaser and receive such purchaser s written agreement to a transaction prior to sale. These regulations have the effect of limiting the trading activity of our common stock and reducing the liquidity of an investment in our common stock.

#### We do not intend to pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

We have never declared or paid a dividend on our common stock. In addition, the terms of our outstanding Convertible Preferred Shares preclude us from declaring or paying a dividend on our common stock unless a dividend is also declared or paid, as applicable, on our Convertible Preferred Shares. We intend to retain earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business and, therefore, do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

## The trading price of our common stock may be volatile.

The trading price of our shares has from time to time fluctuated widely and in the future may be subject to similar fluctuations. The trading price may be affected by a number of factors including the risk factors set forth in this Report as well as our operating results, financial condition, announcements of innovations or new products by us or our competitors, general conditions in the biometrics and access control industries, and other events or factors. Although we believe that approximately 15 registered broker dealers currently make a market in our common stock, we can not assure you that any of these firms will continue to serve as market makers or have the financial capability to stabilize or support our common stock. A reduction in the number of market makers or the financial capability of any of these market makers could also result in a decrease in the trading volume of and price of our shares. In recent years broad stock market indices, in general, and the securities of technology companies, in particular, have experienced substantial price fluctuations. Such broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the future-trading price of our common stock.

#### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

We do not own any real estate. We conduct operations from leased premises in Marlborough, Massachusetts (38,000 square feet), Eagan, Minnesota (6,800 square feet), Wall, New Jersey (2,180 square feet) and Winter Park, Florida (900 square feet). We believe that our current facilities are adequate for the foreseeable future.

#### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Prior to our acquisition of PSG in March 2004, PSG had been named as a defendant in a civil action initiated in the Superior Court Department in Hampden County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts by The Vince Group, Inc. ( TVG ). The case has since been removed to the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts at the request of the Parties. The complaint claims that PSG is obligated to pay a percentage of certain of its revenues to TVG in consideration for a strategic business introduction allegedly made by an agent of TVG. PSG has denied the allegations and filed an answer in the litigation, and as of the date of this report the outcome of the litigation is pending. The claim is for an unspecified amount including actual damages, interest, and attorney s fees. Management believes the claim is without merit and will settle out of court for an amount, which will not have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders in the fourth quarter of 2005.

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#### **PART II**

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our common stock currently trades on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol BKYI . The following table sets forth the range of high and low bid prices per share of our common stock for each of the calendar quarters identified below as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board. These quotations represent inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commission, and may not represent actual transactions.

2005:	High	Low
Quarter ended December 31, 2005	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.50
Quarter ended September 30, 2005	1.21	0.74
Quarter ended June 30, 2005	1.39	0.99
Quarter ended March 31, 2005	1.63	1.13
2004:	High	Low
Quarter ended December 31, 2004	\$ 1.61	\$ 0.74
Quarter ended September 30, 2004	1.43	0.60
Quarter ended June 30, 2004	3.00	1.26
Quarter ended March 31, 2004	1.85	1.03
2003:	High	Low
Quarter ended December 31, 2004	\$ 1.40	\$ 0.53
Quarter ended September 30, 2004	.59	0.38
Quarter ended June 30, 2004	.64	0.30
Quarter ended March 31, 2004	.73	0.35

The last price of our common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on March 15, 2006 was \$0.62 per share.

#### Holders

As of March 15, 2006, the number of stockholders of record of our common stock was 192. Based on broker inquiry conducted in connection with the distribution of proxy solicitation materials in connection with the Company s special meeting of shareholders in February 2005, we believe that there are approximately 4,816 beneficial owners of our common stock.

#### **Dividends**

We have not paid any cash dividends to date, and have no intention of paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. The terms of our outstanding Convertible Preferred Stock preclude us from declaring or paying a dividend on our common stock unless a dividend is also declared or paid, as applicable, on our Convertible Preferred Stock. The declaration and payment of dividends is also subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and certain limitations imposed under the Delaware General Corporation Law. The timing, amount and form of dividends, if any, will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

#### Recent Sales Of Unregistered Securities.

- (a) Between December 11, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Company issued an aggregate of 4,120,345 shares of common stock upon conversion of \$2,538,938 principal amount and \$551,321 of accrued interest due under our Secured Convertible Note dated November 26, 2001. The shares were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereunder without payment of underwriting discounts or commission to any person.
- On March 3, 2004, the Company issued 65,000 shares of Series C convertible preferred stock to The Shaar Fund Ltd. in exchange for the cancellation of \$5,736,232 principal amount of outstanding convertible promissory notes and \$763,768 of accrued interest due thereunder. The Series C convertible preferred is convertible at the option of the holder into common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. The securities were issued to one accredited investor in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereunder, without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.

- On March 30, 2004, the Company issued 5,257 shares of Series C convertible preferred stock to The Shaar Fund Ltd. in exchange for the cancellation of all of our issued and outstanding shares of Series B preferred stock. The Series C convertible preferred are convertible at the option of the holder into common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. The securities were issued to one accredited investor in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereunder, without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On March 30, 2004, the Company issued 18,275 shares of Series C convertible preferred stock to The Shaar Fund Ltd. in exchange for the cancellation of \$1,777,500 principal amount of outstanding convertible promissory notes and \$49,963 of accrued interest due thereunder. The Series C convertible preferred are convertible at the option of the holder into common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. The securities were issued to one accredited investor in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereunder, without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- (e) On March 30, 2004, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,422,108 shares of common stock to ten (10) individuals and Harward Investments, Inc. in connection with the Company s acquisition of Public Safety Group, Inc. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On March 31, 2004, the Company issued an aggregate of 8,888,928 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase 4,444,464 shares of common stock to forty-nine (49) accredited investors for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$12,000,000 in cash. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On April 29, 2004, the Company issued 3,750 shares of Series C convertible preferred stock to Thomas J. Colatosti in exchange for the cancellation of \$375,000 principal amount of outstanding convertible promissory notes. The Series C convertible preferred are convertible at the option of the holder into common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. The securities were issued to one accredited investor in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereunder, without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- (h) On September 29, 2004, the Company issued secured convertible term notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,050,000 and warrants to purchase 1,122,222 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.35 per share to Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof

directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.

- On September 29, 2004, the Company issued secured convertible term notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,950,000 and warrants to purchase 1,099,997 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.35 per share to The Shaar Fund Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- (j) In September 2004, the Company issued consultants warrants to purchase 620,667 shares of the Company s common stock at an exercise price of \$1.55 per share. The warrants have a term of five (5) years and vest immediately. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- (k) On May 31, 2005, the Company issued secured convertible term notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,794,723 and warrants to purchase 828,066 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share to The Shaar Fund Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On June 8, 2005, the Company issued secured convertible term notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 and warrants to purchase 444,444 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.55 per share to Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.

- (m) On August 31, 2005, the Company entered into an Amendment and Waiver with Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.( Laurus ) pursuant to which Laurus allowed the Company to defer certain payments of monthly principal due under the Secured Convertible Term Note dated September 29, 2004. The Company issued 612,166 shares of its Common Stock to Laurus as consideration for this principal payment deferral. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- (n) On August 31, 2005, the Company entered into an Amendment and Waiver with The Shaar Fund Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors pursuant to which these investors allowed the Company to defer certain payments of monthly principal due under the Secured Convertible Term Note dated September 29, 2004. The Company issued 263,706 shares of its Common Stock to these investors as consideration for this principal payment deferral. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On January 23, 2006, BIO-key International, Inc. entered into an Amendment and Waiver with Laurus pursuant to which Laurus allowed the Company to extend the maturity of the Secured Convertible Term Notes dated September 29, 2004 and June 7, 2005. The fixed conversion price under each of the Secured Notes was reset from \$1.35 to \$0.85 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Laurus was reset to \$1.00 per share. The Company issued 150,000 shares of the Company s Common Stock to Laurus as consideration for this payment deferral. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.
- On January 23, 2006, the Company entered into an Amendment and Waiver with The Shaar Fund Ltd. and other institutional and accredited investors pursuant to which these investors allowed the Company to extend the maturity of the Subordinated Notes issued by the Company on September 29, 2004 and on May 31, 2005. Additionally, the interest rate was fixed at fifteen percent (15%) and all principal amounts are due at the maturity date and shall be paid in shares of Common Stock priced at \$0.70 per share if the average closing price of the Common Stock for the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the maturity date is greater than \$1.10. Interest shall be paid, at the Company s election, in cash or shares of Common Stock, with the Common Stock priced at the average closing price of the Common Stock for the ten (10) trading days immediately preceding the repayment date. The currently applicable fixed conversion price was amended to \$0.70 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock held by the Subordinated Note Holders that currently have an exercise price greater than \$1.00 per share was reset to\$1.00 per share. In connection with this financing, we also reduced the conversion price of the Series A Convertible Preferred shares held by the Shaar Fund Ltd. to \$0.70 per share.
- (q) On January 23, 2006, the Company issued Convertible Term Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000 to certain investors. The Convertible Notes are convertible into 1,000,000 shares of Shares of Series B

Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company at an initial fixed conversion of \$0.70 per share for an aggregate amount of 1,428,571 shares. These securities were issued in a private placement transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Section 4(2) thereof directly by the Company without engaging in any advertising or general solicitation of any kind and without payment of underwriting discounts or commissions to any person.

#### **Convertible Preferred Stock**

In March 2004, we designated 100,000 shares of preferred stock as Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares ). When the Company reincorporated in Delaware, the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares were re-named as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of which 44,557 are issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2005. The following describes the material provisions of the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares which are more fully set forth in the Certificate of Designation on file with the Delaware Secretary of State.

The Series A Convertible Preferred Shares accrue a cumulative annual dividend of 7% on the \$100 face amount of such shares payable June 15 and December 15 each year in shares of common stock. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$100 per share (plus all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon) prior to any payment or distribution to holders of our common stock. The Series A Convertible Preferred Shares are convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$.70 per share. The conversion price is subject to proportional adjustment in the event of stock splits, stock dividends or reclassifications. Subject to certain exceptions, in the event we issue additional shares of common stock at a purchase price less than the conversion price of the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares, the conversion price shall be lowered to such lesser price. In the event that the average closing bid price of our common stock is less than \$1.00 per share for thirty (30) consecutive trading days at any time after March 3, 2007, we will be required to redeem the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares by payment of \$100 per share plus all accrued and unpaid dividends due thereon.

We are required to obtain the consent of the holders of a majority of the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares in order to, among other things, issue any shares of preferred stock that are equal to or have a preference over the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares or issue any shares of preferred stock, rights, options, warrants, or any other securities convertible into common stock of the Company, other than those issued to employees of the Company in the ordinary course of their employment or to consultants or other persons providing services to the Company so long as such issuances do not exceed 500,000 shares of common stock. We are also required to obtain such consent in order to, among other things, complete a sale or other disposition of any material assets, complete an acquisition of a material amount of assets, engage in a merger, reorganization or consolidation, or incur or guaranty any indebtedness in excess of \$50,000.

In January 2006, the Company designated 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock as Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, all of which are issued and outstanding. The following describes the material provisions of the Series B Convertible Preferred Shares which are more fully set forth in the Certificate of Designation on file with the Delaware Secretary of State.

The Series B Convertible Preferred Shares accrue a cumulative annual dividend of 15% on the \$1 face amount of such shares payable January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 each year in shares of common stock. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the Series B Convertible Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$1 per share (plus all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon) prior to any payment or distribution to holders of our common stock. The Series B Convertible Preferred Shares are convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$.70 per share. The conversion price is subject to proportional adjustment in the event of stock splits, stock dividends or reclassifications. Subject to certain exceptions, in the event we issue additional shares of common stock at a purchase price less than the conversion price of the Series B Convertible Preferred Shares, the conversion price shall be lowered to such lesser price.

If during the thirty (30) consecutive trading day period occurring prior to January 1, 2009, the average closing bid price for one share of Common Stock, as reported by Bloomberg, L.P. is at least \$1.10, all outstanding Series B shares shall automatically be converted into Common Stock, at the then effective conversion rate. Upon conversion, all accrued or declared but unpaid dividends on the Series B shares shall be paid in shares of Common Stock. In the event that the average closing bid price of our common stock is less than \$1.10 per share for thirty (30) consecutive trading days at any time after January 1, 2009, we will be required to redeem the Series A Convertible Preferred Shares by payment of \$1 per share plus all accrued and unpaid dividends due thereon.

For as long as twenty-five percent (25%) of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock are outstanding, we are required to obtain the consent of the holders of a majority of the Series B Convertible Preferred Shares in order to, among other things, issue any shares of preferred stock that are equal to or have a preference over the Series B Convertible Preferred Shares or issue any shares of preferred stock, rights, options, warrants, or any other securities convertible into common stock of the Company, other than those issued to employees of the Company in the ordinary course of their employment or to consultants or other persons providing services to the Company. We are also required to obtain such consent in order to, among other things, complete a sale or other disposition of any material assets, complete an acquisition of a material amount of assets, engage in a merger, reorganization or consolidation, or incur or guaranty any indebtedness in excess of \$50,000

#### ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

This Management s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation and other parts of this Report contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. All forward-looking statements included in this Report are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth in the section captioned **RISK FACTORS** in Item 1 and elsewhere in this Report. The following should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements included elsewhere herein.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation (MD&A) is intended to help you understand BIO-key International (the Company, we, us or our). MD&A is provided as a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the accompanying notes. The results included in this MD&A have been restated. Our MD&A includes the following sections:

OVERVIEW provides a description of our business, the major items that affected our business, and how we analyze our business. It then provides an analysis of our overall 2005 performance and a description of the significant events impacting 2005 and thereafter.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS provides an analysis of the consolidated and segment results of operations for 2005 compared to 2004 and 2004 compared to 2003.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES provides an overview of our cash flows, financing, contractual obligations and embedded derivatives activities.

RESTATEMENT provides a description and reconciliation of the restatement. For additional information, see Item 8, Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note B, Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES provides a discussion of our accounting policies that require critical judgment, assumptions and estimates.

OTHER MATTERS provides a discussion of our significant non-operational items which impact our financial statements, such as the SEC comment letter.

RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS by reference to Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements provides a description of accounting standards which we have not yet been required to implement and may be applicable to our operations, as well as those significant accounting standards which were adopted during 2005.

#### **OVERVIEW**

Our Business

We develop and market proprietary fingerprint identification biometric technology and software solutions. We also deliver advanced identification solutions and information services to law enforcement departments, public safety agencies and other government and private sector customers. Our mobile wireless technology provides first responders with critical, reliable, real-time data and images from local, state and national databases.

We pioneered the development of automated, finger identification technology that can be used without the aid of non-automated methods of identification such as a personal identification, password, token, smart card, ID card, credit card, passport, driver s license or other form of possession or knowledge based identification. This advanced BIO-key identification technology improves both the accuracy and speed of finger-based biometrics and is the only finger identification algorithm that has been certified by the International Computer Security Association (ICSA).

Since our inception in 1993, we have spent substantial time and effort in completing the development of what we believe is the most discriminating and effective finger biometric technology available. During the past two years, our focus has shifted to marketing and selling this technology and completing strategic acquisitions that can help us leverage our capability to deliver identification solutions. We have built a direct sale force of professionals with substantial experience in selling technology solutions to government and corporate customers. We expect to continue to add additional qualified personnel beyond 2005.

On March 30, 2004, we acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Public Safety Group, Inc., a privately-held provider of wireless solutions for law enforcement and public safety markets based in Winter Park, Florida, in exchange for an aggregate of 2,422,108 shares of our common stock, \$500,000 in cash, and our assumption of \$600,000 in aggregate net liabilities of PSG. The acquisition was completed pursuant to the terms of an agreement and plan of merger by and among the Company, BIO-key Acquisition Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, PSG and all of the shareholders of PSG. As a result of this transaction, PSG became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

On September 30, 2004, we completed our acquisition of the Mobile Government Division from Aether Systems Inc. Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of August 16, 2004 by and among the Company, Aether, Cerulean Technology, Inc. and SunPro, Inc., the Company paid Aether a purchase price of \$10,000,000 in cash, subject to post-closing adjustments to reflect changes in Aether Mobile Government s working capital and cash flows since June 30, 2004. Post-closing working capital adjustments resulted in an additional payment by the Company of \$341,878 in December 2004. In connection with this acquisition, the Company issued a subordinated secured promissory note to Aether in the face amount of \$6,884,588 (the Aether Note ). The Aether Note evidences a contingent reimbursement obligation of the Company to Aether and a surety fee payable by the Company to Aether, in each case with respect to a letter of credit maintained by Aether for the Company s benefit in connection with the acquisition. The Company s obligations under the Aether Note are secured by a security interest granted to Aether in all or substantially all of the Company s assets, subordinate to the security interest described in the Long-Term Obligations footnote to this annual report.

Aether Mobile Government provides wireless data solutions for use by public safety organizations, primarily state and local police, fire and rescue and emergency medical services organizations that enable such organizations to access law enforcement databases to validate identities and obtain suspect information. Its public safety solutions are integrated into fifty (50) different state databases, as well as local and federal databases, and its products deliver real-time information in seconds, without the need for human dispatchers or other resources.

#### INTRODUCTION

During 2005, the Company continued to integrate the products, operations and technology of the Mobile Government business, acquired from Aether Systems in September 2004, in an effort to leverage new business opportunities. Our financial objective is to increase revenue, manage expenses and attain profitability. While total expenses have increased in dollars, they have declined as a percentage of revenue in 2005 and 2004. In the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company restructured its operations into three business segments: Biometrics, Law Enforcement and Fire Safety. Each segment will be headed by a General Manager and organized to quickly respond to market needs as well as to drive down costs to achieve profitability. Management believes that this initiative will lead to increased opportunities in 2006 as the General Managers develop their organizations. A detailed analysis of each segment can be found below.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Consolidated Results of Operations**

#### Three Year % trend

	Years ended December 31,					
	2005	2004	2003			
		(Restated)	(Restated)			
Revenues						
Services	76%	59%	5%			
License fees and other	24%	41%	95%			
	100%	100%	100%			
Costs and other expenses						
Services	20%	21%	1%			
Cost of license fees and other	7%	16%	41%			

83%	124%	975%
48%	52%	481%
158%	213%	1498%
-58%	-113%	-1398%
61%	-139%	-486%
3%	-252%	-1884%
	48% 158% -58%	48% 52% 158% 213% -58% -113%

As discussed in Note M to the Consolidated Financial Statements, we have three reporting segments: Law Enforcement, Fire Safety and Biometrics. The Law Enforcement and Fire Safety segments were purchased during 2004. As noted earlier, in the fourth quarter of 2005 the Company restructured its operations into three business segments, prior to this segmentation of the business management evaluated the business as one consolidated operation. For presentation and comparability purposes the allocation of costs between segments for prior periods have been estimated.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources based on revenues and operating income (loss). Operating income (loss) for each segment includes selling, general and administrative expenses directly attributable to the segment in addition to those allocated as a percentage based on the segments revenues. The segmentation of operating income as noted above and detailed below reflects how management now evaluates its business. Assets for the company are commingled and are related to all operating segments. Management does not evaluate or identify the operating assets of the segments separately.

					2005 - 2004			2004 - 2003			
		2005	2004 Restated		2003 Restated		\$ Chg	% Chg	\$ Chg	%	Chg
Revenues											
Law Enforcement											
Service	\$	7,886,000 \$	2,562,136	\$		\$	5,323,863	208% \$	2,562,136		n/a
License & other		2,638,938	1,920,642				718,297	37%	1,920,642		n/a
		10,524,938	4,482,778				6,042,160	135%	4,482,778		n/a
Fire Safety											
Service		2,814,616	693,967				2,120,649	306%	693,967		n/a
License & other		406,470	187,229				219,241	117%	187,229		n/a
		3,221,086	881,196				2,339,890	266%	881,196		n/a
Biometrics											
Service		161,033	95,303		10,694		65,730	69%	84,610		791%
License & other		319.038	261,674		204,787		57,364	22%	56,887		28%
		480,071	356,977		215,481		123,094	34%	141,497		66%
		,			-, -		- ,		,		
Total Revenue	\$	14,226,095 \$	5,720,951	\$	215,481	\$	8,505,144	149% \$	5,505,471		2555%
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- , ,		-, -		-,,		- , ,		
Cost of goods sold											
Law Enforcement											
Service	\$	2,260,845 \$	902,794	\$		\$	1,358,051	150% \$	902,794		n/a
License & other		679,170	686,806				(7,636)	-1%	686,806		n/a
		2,940,015	1,589,600				1,350,415	85%	1,589,600		n/a
Fire Safety		,,	, ,				,===,		, ,		
Service		602,317	253,913				348,404	137%	253,913		n/a
License & other		165,074	96.081				68,993	72%	96.081		n/a
		767,391	349,994				417,397	119%	349,994		n/a
Biometrics		,	- 7,7				.,				
Service		42,980	17,617		1,694		25,363	144%	15,923		940%
License & other		93,247	107,009		87,387		(13,762)	13%	19,622		22%
		136,227	124,626		89,081		11,601	9%	35,545		40%
		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,				
Total COGS	\$	3,843,633 \$	2,064,220	\$	89,081	\$	1,779,413	86% \$	1,975,139		2217%
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					23						
					23						

<u>Revenues</u>
Law Enforcement
The increase in these revenue components from 2004 is primarily attributable to the fact that the business was acquired in the third quarter of 2004. Therefore 2004 represents only one quarter of revenue, whereas 2005 reflects four quarters of revenue. The increase was partially offset with a reduction of revenues related to long-term project work, which during 2005 has diminished as a result of the Company focusing the business to more of a licensing model.
Fire Safety
The increase in these revenue components from 2004 is primarily attributable to the fact that the business was acquired in the third quarter of 2004. Therefore 2004 represents only one quarter of revenue, whereas 2005 reflects four quarters of revenue. This was compounded by a general increase in overall revenue that can be attributed to a strengthened market presence through concerted efforts toward penetrating new markets by actively pursuing and marketing our Fire Safety products. Additionally revenue growth can be also attributable to functionality that was added across the entire Fire Safety product suite as well as the release of new FireRMS mobile product which was released in the middle of 2005.
Biometrics
During 2004 and 2005 Biometric segment continues to show strong revenue growth year over year. This is reflective of continued market acceptance of the product and strategic channel relationships that have been developed. Additionally, the product has been a proven solution in the educational industry as well has shown continued commercial integration and acceptance of the product.
Costs of goods sold
<u>Law Enforcement</u>
License and other costs are attributable primarily to revenues derived from product sales for which we are required to pay a royalty. The slight decrease in cost is primarily driven by the sales mix and is solely dependent specifically on what products were sold.
Service costs increased primarily because of personnel related costs that have increased over the prior year primarily from the inclusion of a full year of costs as compared to only one quarter in 2004. This was offset by reductions related to a reduced concentration of project related

revenues which are heavily burdened with labor costs, both employees and contracted labor. As significant project revenues declined after the first two quarters of 2005, this reduction offset the increase that would have occurred related to maintaining a full twelve months of expense.

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Fire	Sat	etv

License and other costs are attributable primarily to revenues derived from product sales for which we are required to pay a royalty. The slight increase in cost is primarily driven by the sales volume in addition to product mix. These costs are solely dependent specifically on what products were sold.

Services costs have increased over the prior year primarily from the inclusion of a full year of costs as compared to only one quarter as well as contractors and related costs that have been incurred related to project and service related revenues. There was a significant growth in service revenues for which additional outside contractors were used in providing some of those services.

#### **Biometrics**

License and other costs are primarily related to the hardware costs related to sales of biometric fingerprint readers. The change in cost of goods sold is directly attributable to the product mix between types of readers sold and the volume of readers sold. During 2004 and 2003 the volume attributable to readers remained fairly constant whereas in 2005 volume decreased resulting in a reduction of related product cost.

Service cost has increased during 2005 related primarily to a higher percentage of revenue requiring software customization and integration costs as compared to 2004 and 2003.

#### Selling, general and administrative

				2005 - 200	4	2004 - 2003		
	2005	2004 Restated		2003 Restated	\$ Chg	% Chg	\$ Chg	% Chg
Law Enforcement	\$ 7,471,524 \$	3,047,247	\$		\$ 4,424,277	145% \$	3,047,247	n/a
Fire Safety	2,802,220	783,948			2,018,272	257%	783,948	n/a
Biometrics	1,550,865	3,283,093		2,099,922	(1,732,228)	-53%	1,183,171	56%
Total	\$ 11,824,609 \$	7,114,288	\$	2,099,922	\$ 4,710,321	66% \$	5,014,366	238%

SG&A costs increased during the year as a result of 2005 representing a full 12 months worth of expenses as compared to 2004 which included only 3 months of expenses of the Law and Fire segments. As noted above, these costs are allocated based on the Segment s percentage of revenue. Changes in SG&A costs between business segments are the result of the change in their respective percentage of BIO-key s total revenue.

During 2004 the increase in SG&A was primarily attributable to the acquisition of Mobile Government. The additional costs incurred were the result of legal and audit costs surrounding both the acquisition of Mobile Government as well as Public Safety Group. Additionally, the increase was due to an increased workforce in sales and administration functions as well as the associated overhead which results from fully loaded labor charges associated with supporting larger operations. This increase was offset slightly by the elimination of non essential functions done in order to align the business with its revised model of focusing sales through channel partners and creating a model focused on licensing as oppose to integration projects.

#### Research, development and engineering

				2005 - 2004			2004 - 2003		
	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated		\$ Chg	% Chg	\$ Chg	% Chg	
Law Enforcement	\$ 3,931,265	\$ 1,309,026	\$	\$	2,622,239	200% \$	1,309,026	n/a	
Fire Safety	1,207,263	337,310			869,953	258%	337,310	n/a	
Biometrics	1,707,507	1,333,568	1,037,330		373,939	28%	296,238	29%	
Total	\$ 6,846,035	\$ 2,979,904	\$ 1,037,330	\$	3,866,131	130% \$	1,942,574	187%	

Law Enforcement

R & D costs have increased over 2004 primarily related to the acquisition of Mobile Government in Q3 of 2004. During 2005 the Company spent significant R&D resources in sustaining engineering related to the large customer base as well as developing new version releases that incorporated these changes. While remaining focused on achieving these operational objectives the Company also undertook cost reduction initiatives which resulted in an approximately 25-30% reduction of the fourth quarter 2004 run rate for R&D costs in the Law Enforcement segment.

Fire Safety

R & D costs have increased over 2004 primarily related to the acquisition of Mobile Government in Q3 of 2004. Additionally, subsequent to the acquisition, the company had several engineering initiatives in the Fire segment. As noted above a number of product enhancements were made to functionality across the entire software suite in addition to focused development of the new FireRMS mobile solution delivered to the market mid 2005. While remaining focused on achieving these product objectives, in conjunction with the Company wide cost reduction initiatives, Fire Safety was able to realize an approximate reduction of 10% the fourth quarter 2004 run rate for R&D costs.

**Biometrics** 

R & D costs have increased sequentially from 2003 to 2005. This is representative of the increased spending to enhance the interoperability and functionality of the software. The company continues to spend in R&D to enhance the products usability in different markets as well as to develop the product for integration with products from BIO-key s other segments. During 2005, BIO-key released IdentityMatch, a product which integrates BIO-key s advanced biometric offerings with BIO-key s mobile data and fire records management solutions. BIO-key continues to develop further integration of its Biometric software solutions in other products with in Company as well as partnering with other solutions in the marketplace. Additionally, in May of 2005 the Company was awarded a patent for its award-winning leadership Vector Segment fingerprint technology or Image Identification System.

#### Other income and expense

				2005 - 2004	ļ	2004 - 2003	}
	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated	\$ Chg	% Chg	\$ Chg	%Chg
Interest expense	\$ (6,548,130)\$	(1,916,558)\$	(1,909,788)\$	(4,631,572)	242% \$	(6,770)	0.4%
Ineterest income	35,958	66,824		(30,866)	-46%	66,824	n/a
Gain on sale of							
marketable securities	(20,000)			(20,000)	n/a		n/a
Non-cash interest							
income (expense)	15,213,186	(6,003,137)	857,545	21,216,323	-353%	(6,860,682)	-800.0%
Other income (expense)	(34,767)	(55,300)	4,145	20,533	-37%	(59,445)	-1434.1%
	\$ 8,646,247 \$	(7,908,171)\$	(1,048,098)\$	16,554,418	-209% \$	(6,860,073)	655%

For the year ended December 31, 2005, consolidated interest expense increased \$4,631,572 or 242% as compared to 2004, which was attributable to the increase in long term debt from issuance of the 2004 and 2005 Senior and Subordinated notes. For the year ended December 31, 2004, consolidated interest expense increase \$6,770 or .4% from 2003.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, consolidated interest income decreased \$30,866 or 46% as compared to 2004, which was attributable to the average amount of cash held on hand in interest bearing accounts. For the year ended December 31, 2004, consolidated interest income increased \$66,824 as compared to 2003, which was attributable to deposits held in interest bearing accounts in 2004. No deposits were held in interest bearing accounts in 2003.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, consolidated non-cash interest income (expense) increased \$21,216,323 or 353% as compared to 2004, which was attributable to changes in the fair market value of embedded derivatives and detachable warrants issued with convertible debt. The fair value of the derivatives will fluctuate based on; our stock price at particular points in time, the debt conversion price, the volatility of our stock price over a period of time, changes in the value of the risk free interest rate, and the time to maturity of the outstanding debt at different points in time. The major factor contributing to this change was due to the decline in the market price of our stock from \$1.60 as of December 31, 2004 to \$.69 as of December 31, 2005. For the year ended December 31, 2004, consolidated non-cash interest income decreased \$6,860,682 or 800% as compared to 2003, which was also attributable to changes in the fair value of embedded derivatives and detachable warrants issued with convertible debt. The major factor contributing to the large fluctuation in the fair value was due to the net increase in the market price of our stock from \$1.03 as of September 29, 2004 to \$1.60 as of December 31, 2004.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### **OPERATING ACTIVITIES OVERVIEW**

The net cash used in operating activities during 2005 was \$4,513,497, as compared to \$5,644,759 and \$2,857,145 in 2004 and 2003, respectively. Some of the major drivers of this change are discussed in more detail below.

The Company s income statement includes four non-cash items which made the most significant contributions to the net cash used in operating activities in 2004 and 2005.

The Company issued notes in 2004 and 2005 which contained embedded derivatives. In 2004, the company recorded a loss of approximately \$6,003,000 related to the increase in value of the derivatives. The increase in value was caused by the increase in the value of the underlying BIO-key stock. In 2005, the company recorded a gain of approximately \$15,213,000 related to the decrease in value of the derivatives. The decrease in value is the result of the decline in value of the underlying BIO-key stock.

A debt discount was recorded when the notes were initially recorded to reflect the FMV of derivatives and warrants related to the debt. The discount is amortized ratably into earnings over the life of the related debt. In 2004 and 2005, the company recorded non-cash interest expense related to the amortization of the debt discount of approximately \$1,258,341 and \$4,124,759 respectively.

The Company recorded a \$55,150 and \$664,043 charge in 2004 and 2005, respectively, for the non-cash expense of issuing options and warrants to non employees for services.

Finally, the Company recorded \$550,421 and \$1,509,880 in 2004 and 2005, respectively, for the non-cash expense related to the amortization of intangibles assets.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company reported positive cash flows related to a decrease in costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts of \$2,468,770. Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts represent services which have been performed on long term contracts but have not been invoiced at year end due to milestones contained within the contracts. In 2005, the Company was able to bill the customer due to the fact that the milestones have been reached.

The Company experienced positive cash flows of \$1,029,404 in 2005 due to increased accrued liabilities related to interest on the 2005 debt as well as contract related costs not being invoiced by vendors. In 2004, the Company experienced positive cash flows of \$955,050 related to interest on the 2004 debt as well as liabilities assumed through acquisitions.

The Company also experienced a positive cash flow from an increase of \$1,191,958 in deferred revenue from 2004 to 2005 due to customers who had purchased and paid for maintenance agreements which the company had to earn typically over a one year period.

The overall major drivers in operating cash flow are the current operating costs which are greater than the current revenues. The company has
experienced improvements related to the ratio of operating expenses to revenues and expects this trend to continue to improve until such time as
the Company is able to generate sustained profitability.

#### FINANCING ACTIVITIES OVERVIEW

Financing Activities

#### 2005 Senior and Subordinate Term Notes

On June 8, 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the Senior Purchase Agreement ) with an institutional investor. Under the Senior Purchase Agreement, the Company issued a Secured Convertible Term Note (the Senior Convertible Note ) in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000, convertible into Common Stock of the Company in certain circumstances at \$0.85 per share, and issued a warrant (the Senior Warrant ) to purchase an aggregate of 444,444 shares of the Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.00. The aggregate consideration received by the Company, net of all fees and expenses, for the Senior Convertible Note and the Senior Warrant was approximately \$1,841,000. The proceeds from this transaction are to be used for working capital purposes. The Company s obligations under the Senior Purchase Agreement and the Senior Convertible Notes are secured by a security interest in all or substantially all of the Company s assets.

Under the terms of the Senior Convertible Note, we are required to make monthly payments of accrued interest only beginning on July 1, 2005. In addition, the Senior Convertible Note provides for monthly payments of principal in equal 1/32 increments thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing October 1, 2005.

We entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, (the Subordinated Purchase Agreement) with existing shareholders of the Company and other accredited investors (collectively, the Subordinated Investors). Under the Subordinated Purchase Agreement, the Company issued Convertible Term Notes (the Subordinated Convertible Notes) in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,794,723, respectively convertible into Common Stock of the Company in certain circumstances at \$0.70 per share, and issued warrants (the Subordinated Warrants) to purchase an aggregate of \$28,066 shares of the Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.00. The aggregate consideration received by the Company, net of all fees and expenses, for such Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants was approximately \$2,411,000. The proceeds from this transaction are to be used for working capital purposes. The Subordinated Convertible Notes were issued at a purchase price equal to \$900 for each \$1,000 of principal amount of the Note.

Certain Subordinated Investors purchased additional Subordinated Convertible Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$450,000 and received additional Subordinated Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 133,333 shares of Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.00. The aggregate consideration received by the Company net of all fees and expenses for such Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants was \$404,500, which was paid by the Subordinated Investors on July 8, 2005.

Under the terms of the Subordinated Convertible Notes, we are required to make quarterly payments of accrued interest only beginning on September 1, 2005. In addition, the Subordinated Convertible Notes provide for quarterly payments of principal in equal increments thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing September 1, 2006 through May 31, 2008, which payments may be made in shares of common stock at the option of each note holder.

#### 2005 Amendment and Waivers

The Company entered into an Amendment and Waiver with Laurus, dated as of August 31, 2005, pursuant to which the Company was permitted to defer the payment of the monthly principal amounts due and payable for the months of September, October, November and December 2005 under both (a) the Secured Convertible Term Note in the original principal amount of \$5,000,000 issued by the Company to Laurus on September 29,2004 (the September 2004 Note), and (b) the Secured Convertible Term Note in the original principal amount of \$2,000,000 issued by the Company to Laurus on June 8, 2005 (the June 2005 Note), such aggregate deferred principal amounts being equal to \$625,000 and \$187,500, respectively. The deferred principal amount under the September 2004 Note is now due on September 29,2007, the maturity date of that note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to that note upon maturity. The deferred principal amount under the June 2005 Note is now due on June 7, 2008, the maturity date of that note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to that note upon maturity. The Company will remain obligated to pay all monthly interest amounts under these notes as they are currently due.

The Company also entered into Amendment and Waivers, dated as of August 31, 2005, pursuant to which certain Subordinated Investors allowed the Company to defer the payment of the monthly principal amounts due and payable for the months of September, October, November and December 2005 under the Convertible Term Notes in the aggregate original principal amount of \$2,800,000 issued by the Company to the Subordinated Investors on September 29, 2004 (the Subordinated Notes), such aggregate deferred principal amount being equal to \$350,004. The deferred principal amount under each Subordinated Note is now due on September 29, 2007, the maturity date of each such note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to each such note upon maturity. The Company will remain obligated to pay all monthly interest amounts under these notes as they are currently due.

### 2006 Amendment and Waiver

The Company entered into an Amendment No. 1 to its Subordinated Secured Promissory Note, dated as of January 23, 2006, with Aether Systems, Inc. Pursuant to the Aether Note Amendment, the Subordinated Secured Promissory Note issued by the Company to Aether on September 30, 2004 in the aggregate maximum principal amount of \$6,884,588 was amended to increase such aggregate maximum principal amount to \$7,884,588.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of January 23, 2006, with The Shaar Fund, Ltd., Longview Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance. Under the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the Purchasers Convertible Term Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000. The Convertible Notes converted into shares of the Series B Preferred Stock of the Company, which shares are convertible into shares of the Common Stock of the Company at an initial fixed conversion price of \$0.70 per share.

Effective as of January 23, 2006, BIO-key International, Inc. entered into an Amendment and Waiver with Laurus Master Fund Ltd. in connection with the Secured Convertible Notes currently held by Laurus. Under the Secured Notes Amendment and Waiver, the Secured Notes issued by the Company to Laurus on September 29, 2004 in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000 and on June 7, 2008 in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 were amended as follows: (i) the maturity date of the September 2004 Note was extended to January 1, 2008; (ii) the maturity date of the June 2005Note was extended to December 1, 2008, and (iii) the fixed conversion price under each of the Secured Notes was reset from \$1.35 to \$0.85 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Laurus was reset to \$1.00 per share.

Effective as of January 23, 2006, the Company also entered into an Amendment and Waiver with certain holders of its Subordinated Convertible Promissory Notes. Under the Subordinated Notes Amendment and Waiver, the Subordinated Notes issued by the Company on September 29, 2004 in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,288,221 and on May 31, 2005 in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,244,723 were amended as follows: (i) the maturity dates were extended from September 29,2007 and May 31, 2008, respectively, to January 1, 2009; (ii) the interest rate was fixed at fifteen percent (15%); (iii) all principal amounts are due at the maturity date and shall be paid in shares of Common Stock priced at \$0.70 per share if the average closing price of the Common Stock for the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the maturity date is greater than \$1.10; (iv) interest shall be paid, at the Company s election, in cash or shares of Common Stock, with the Common Stock priced at the average closing price of the Common Stock for the ten (10) trading days immediately preceding the repayment date; and (v) the currently applicable fixed conversion price was amended to \$0.70 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock held by the Subordinated Note Holders that currently have an exercise price greater than \$1.00 per share was reset to \$1.00 per share. In connection with this financing, we also reduced the conversion price of the Series A convertible Preferred shares held by the Shaar Fund Ltd. to \$0.70 per share.

#### Liquidity outlook

At December 31, 2005 our total of cash and cash equivalents was \$1,422,827. The total was \$956,230 and \$1,012,790 at December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. We have financed ourselves through access to the capital markets by issuing debt securities, convertible preferred stock and common stock.

As of March 23, 2006, we had cash resources of approximately \$1,830,000 and \$11,277,000 of convertible debt as described in the Long-Term Obligations footnote of this report below. We currently require approximately \$1,700,000 per month to conduct our operations. During the fourth quarter of 2005, we generated approximately \$3,368,000 of revenue and expect to increase quarterly revenue in 2006.

The Company has undertaken strategic steps to position itself to realize positive cash flows from operations in the future by increasing revenues and better managing expenses. These steps include the acquisition of two enterprises in 2004. Although the acquisitions inherently produced a greater demand for cash than we would have liked, we are confident that many of the initial costs are isolated in nature and will not be recurring year after year. The Company has also taken strategic steps to downsize the workforce in areas that we felt were either non essential or not in line with where we wanted the Company to develop in the near future. The Company has also recently experienced additional costs associated with various compliance related activities.

We may need to obtain additional funding to (i) conduct the sales, marketing and technical support necessary to execute our plan to substantially grow operations, increase revenue and serve a significant customer base; and (ii) provide working capital. Due to, among other factors, our history of losses and limited revenue, our independent auditors have included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion for the year ended December 31, 2005 as to the substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our long-term viability and growth will depend upon the successful commercialization of our technologies and our ability to obtain adequate financing. To the extent that we require such additional financing, no assurance can be given that any form of additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to us, that adequate financing will be obtained to meet our needs, or that such financing would not be dilutive to existing stockholders. If available financing is insufficient or unavailable or we fail to continue to generate meaningful revenue, we may be required to further reduce operating expenses, delay the expansion of operations, or be unable to pursue merger or acquisition candidates.

#### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We have various contractual obligations impacting our liquidity. The following represents some of our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2005:

	Total	2006	2007	2008	2009
Non-cancelable operating leases	\$ 3,427,000 \$	1,260,000 \$	1,278,000 \$	866,000 \$	23,000
Senior secured convertible term					
notes	5,599,999	1,524,211	3,048,421	1,027,367	
Subordinated unsecured					
convertible term notes	5,677,028	18,750	14,063		5,644,215
Total	\$ 14,704,027 \$	2,802,961 \$	4,340,484 \$	1,893,367 \$	5,667,215

The Company does not own any real estate but conducts operations from four leased premises. These non-cancelable operating leases expire a various dates through 2009. In addition to base rent, the Company pays for property taxes, maintenance, insurance and other occupancy expenses according to the terms of the individual leases.

#### RESTATEMENT

In the process of reviewing our registration statement for the securities issued in our June 2005 financing, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) raised questions with regard to our convertible term notes suggesting that we consider EITF 00-19. Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company s Own Stock to evaluate whether there were any embedded derivative instruments and if so, whether they should be accounted for as an equity or liability classification. The SEC staff also commented that the Company should review the convertible notes issued in fiscal 2003 and 2004. The SEC staff also asked us to review adjustments to revenue made in the fourth quarter of 2004. The SEC staff raised the question of whether the transactions had a material impact on previously filed Exchange Act reports and would be better characterized as restatements.

There were several items that were identified as requiring restatement, these items were:

### Revenue Recognition

The Company reviewed contracts and purchase agreements related to certain non-governmental customers and identified specific contracts for which the initial accounting inflated annual and quarterly revenues and earnings in violation of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These practices were primarily the result of recognizing revenue on transactions with customers that were not creditworthy and recognizing revenue when the earnings process had not been completed. The revenue and related cost has been adjusted on the income statement as well as the related balance sheet accounts.

## Accounting for Convertible Financing Arrangements

The Company reviewed the initial accounting for the 7% Convertible Notes issued in 2003, the Senior and Subordinated Convertible Term Notes issued in 2004 and the Senior and Subordinated Convertible Term Notes issued in 2005. During the review the company identified that EITF 00-19 should be applied to evaluate whether any embedded derivative instruments qualify as equity instruments or as liabilities. As such certain embedded derivatives were identified that met the conditions set forth under paragraph 12 of SFAS No. 133. These embedded derivative instruments have been evaluated using EITF 00-19 paragraphs 12 to 32 and determined that these instruments would not be classified as components of stockholders equity. The instruments have been deemed liabilities, and as such will be subject to SFAS 133 and should be recorded at fair value. Features that have been evaluated and determined to require such treatment include:

The month	ly paymer	nts conve	rsion o	ption

The principal conversion option

The interest rate adjustment provisions.

Additionally, it was identified that certain other components of the related financings were also incorrectly accounted for. This includes the warrants issued with the above financing and the costs incurred by Company in obtaining the above financings. The correction of prior errors affected the subsequent accounting for debt conversions to equity as well as the amortization of related discounts and deferred finance charges associated with the above financings.

The Company reviewed the earnout calculations performed in the prior year for the PSG acquisition and identified an error in the calculation. As a result the Company has restated the prior year s impact relating to this error. At December 31, 2004 the Company had accrued \$43,635 for the earnout provision. The corrected calculation resulted in no accrual being required, and as such the related accrual and goodwill balances have been reduced by \$43,635.

Management believes the scope and process of its internal review of previously reported financial information was sufficient to identify issues of a material nature that could affect our Consolidated Financial Statements and all dates and periods presented herein have been restated to fairly present the results of our operations.

The errors in our previously reported financial information, and the failure to prevent them or detect them in our financial reporting process, were largely attributable to weak internal controls and an inadequate staff of competent accounting personnel with an appropriate level of knowledge of GAAP.

As a result of our review and communications with the SEC, we determined that a restatement of previously reported financial information was required. Our previously reported financial information should no longer be relied upon. Accordingly, we have restated our previously reported financial information for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2004 and our previously reported unaudited financial statements for the first, second and third quarters of 2003, 2004 and 2005 (the restatement). The restatement covers a number of separate matters, each of which is described above.

For the quarterly impact of the restatement and the restated financial results for the first, second and third quarters of 2003, 2004 and 2005 see Note X, Results by Quarter.

The following tables summarize the impact of all of these adjustments on previously reported revenue and assets, liabilities, and stockholders equity (deficit) for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

	Impact of Adjustn For the Years End 2004	
As previously reported	\$ 5,558,231	\$ 524,101
Revenue recognition	162,720	(308,620)
As restated	\$ 5,720,951	\$ 215,481

	Impact of Adjustments on Consolidated Balance Sheet Accounts													
	As of December 31, 2004							As of December 31, 2003						
	Stockholders Total Equity			Stockholders Equity	Total Total					Stockholders Equity				
		Assets		Liabilities		(Deficit)		Assets		Liabilities		(Deficit)		
As previously	Ф	20.044.601	Ф	20, 222, 202	Ф	10 (21 200	Ф	1.064.740	ф.	11 000 721	ф	(0.125.000)		
reported	\$	30,844,681	\$	20,223,283	\$	10,621,398	\$	1,864,742	\$	11,000,731	\$	(9,135,989)		
Revenue recognition and related SG&A														
expense		(122,090)		23,810		(145,900)		(308,620)		(18,200)		(290,420)		
Debt financing		816,501		5,340,573		(4,524,072)				(57,543)		57,543		
Total														
Adjustments		694,411		5,364,383		(4,669,972)		(308,620)		(75,743)		(232,877)		
As restated	\$	31,539,092	\$	25,587,666	\$	5,951,426	\$	1,556,122	\$	10,924,988	\$	(9,368,866)		

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The following tables present the effect of the restatement adjustments on the consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

	I	As Previously Reported		led December 31, 200 Effect of Restatement	)4	As Restated
Revenues						
Services	\$	3,351,406	\$		\$	3,351,406
License fees and other		2,206,825		162,720		2,369,545
		5,558,231		162,720		5,720,951
Costs and other expenses						
Services		1,174,324				1,174,324
Cost of license fees and other		889,896				889,896
Selling, general and administrative		7,096,088		18,200		7,114,288
Research, development and engineering		2,979,904				2,979,904
		12,140,212		18,200		12,158,412
Operating loss		(6,581,981)		144,520		(6,437,461)
Other income (deductions)						
Interest income		66,824				66,824
Interest expense		(667,008)		(1,249,550)		(1,916,558)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(6,003,137)		(6,003,137)
Other expense		(55,300)				(55,300)
Total other income (deductions)		(655,484)		(7,252,687)		(7,908,171)
NET LOSS	\$	(7,237,465)	\$	(7,108,167)	\$	(14,345,632)
Basic Loss per Share:						
Numerator			_		_	
Net loss	\$	(7,237,465)	\$	(7,108,167)	\$	(14,345,632)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(414,240)		28,885		(385,355)
Net Loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(7,651,705)	\$	(7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding		34,806,201		34,806,201		34,806,201
Basic Loss per Share	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.42)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(7,651,705)	\$	(7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Effect of Dilutive Securities: Convertible Debentures						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed						
conversions	\$	(7,651,705)	\$	(7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		34,806,201		34,806,201		34,806,201
Effect of Dilutive Securities: Convertible Debentures						
Diluted weighted average common shares and common						
equivalents outstanding		34,806,201		34,806,201		34,806,201
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.42)

		Previously Reported	Year End	ded December 31, 200 Effect of Restatement	3	As Restated
Revenues						
Services	\$	10,694	\$		\$	10,694
License fees and other		513,407		(308,620)		204,787
		524,101		(308,620)		215,481
Costs and other expenses						
Cost of services		1,694				1,694
Cost of license fees and other		87,387				87,387
Selling, general and administrative		2,118,122		(18,200)		2,099,922
Research, development and engineering		1,037,330				1,037,330
		3,244,533		(18,200)		3,226,333
Operating loss		(2,720,432)		(290,420)		(3,010,852)
Other income (deductions)		=				===
Interest expense		(1,109,786)		(800,002)		(1,909,788)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				857,545		857,545
Other income		4,145		55.540		4,145
Total other income (deductions)	Φ.	(1,105,641)	Φ.	57,543	Φ.	(1,048,098)
NET LOSS	\$	(3,826,073)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,058,950)
Basic Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss	\$	(3,826,073)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,058,950)
1401 1055	Ψ	(3,020,073)	Ψ	(232,011)	Ψ	(4,030,730)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(136,755)				(136,755)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding		17,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
Basic Loss per Share	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.24)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
Effect of Dilutive Securities: Convertible Debentures						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed						
conversions	\$	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		17,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
Effect of Dilutive Securities: Convertible Debentures						
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents						
outstanding		17,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
			_		_	
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.24)
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The following tables present the effect of the restatement adjustments on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2004 and 2003.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	As Previously Reported	As of December 31, 2004 Effect of Restatement			As Restated
ASSETS	•				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 956,230	\$		\$	956,230
Marketable debt securities	1,000,000				1,000,000
Receivables					
Billed less allowance for doubtful receivables as of					
\$422,393	1,698,144		(90,090)		1,608,054
Unbilled	310,523				310,523
Due from selling stockholders and other	60,793		(32,000)		28,793
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on					
uncompleted contracts	6,292,603				6,292,603
Inventory	29,599				29,599
Prepaid expenses	113,130				113,130
Total current assets	10,461,022		(122,090)		10,338,932
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	644,101				644,101
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on					
uncompleted contracts	657,000				657,000
Deposits	2,838,031				2,838,031
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization	4,177,279		860,136		5,037,415
Goodwill	12,067,248		(43,635)		12,023,613
Total non-current assets	20,383,659		816,501		21,200,160
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,844,681	\$	694,411	\$	31,539,092
LIABILITIES					
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$ 3,255,182	\$	(177,145)	\$	3,078,037
Advances from stockholders	12,753				12,753
Accounts payable	1,325,282		23,810		1,349,092
Billing in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted					
contracts	760,807				760,807
Accrued liabilities	4,639,619		(43,635)		4,595,984
Deferred rent	393,676				393,676
Deferred revenue	3,166,356				3,166,356
Total current liabilities	13,553,675		(196,970)		13,356,705
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current					
maturities	5,286,951		5,561,353		10,848,304
Deferred rent	1,311,454				1,311,454
Deferred revenue	71,203				71,203
Total non-current liabilities	6,669,608		5,561,353		12,230,961
TOTAL LIABILITIES	20,223,283		5,364,383		25,587,666
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)					
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares					
(liquidation preference of \$100 per share)					
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding,					
62,182 shares of \$.01 par value	623				623
Common stock-authorized, 85,000,000 shares,					
40,680,691 issued and outstanding of \$.01 par value	406,808				406,808
Additional paid-in capital	45,325,172		2,671,071		47,996,243
Accumulated deficit	(35,111,205)		(7,341,043)		(42,452,248)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	10,621,398		(4,669,972)		5,951,426

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 30,844,681	\$ 694,411	\$ 31,539,092
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## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		As Previously Reported	As of	December 31, 2003 Effect of Restatement	As Restated
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,012,790	\$		\$ 1,012,790
Receivables billed		409,803		(308,620)	101,183
Inventory		65,857			65,857
Prepaid expenses		165,929			165,929
Total current assets		1,654,379		(308,620)	1,345,759
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		60,157			60,157
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		150,206			150,206
Total non-current assets		210,363			210,363
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,864,742	\$	(308,620)	\$ 1,556,122
LIABILITIES:					
Advances from stockholders	\$	34,030	\$		\$ 34,030
Accounts payable		351,742			351,742
Accrued liabilities		173,736		(18,200)	155,536
Deferred revenue		10,000			10,000
Total current liabilities		569,508		(18,200)	551,308
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		10,431,223		(57,543)	10,373,680
Total non-current liabilities		10,431,223		(57,543)	10,373,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,000,731		(75,743)	10,924,988
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)					
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares (liquidation preference					
of \$100 per share) Series B 9% Convertible; issued and					
outstanding, 4,180 shares of \$.01 par value		42			42
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and					
outstanding 21,222,990 of \$.01 par value		212,229			212,229
Additional paid-in capital		18,327,992			18,327,992
Accumulated deficit		(27,676,252)		(232,877)	(27,909,129)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		(9,135,989)		(232,877)	(9,368,866)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					( ) , , ,
(DEFICIT)	\$	1,864,742	\$	(308,620)	\$ 1,556,122
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#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Basis of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BIO-key International, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary (collectively, the Company) and are stated in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenues from software licensing are recognized in accordance with Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, as amended by SOP No. 98-9. Accordingly, revenue from software licensing is recognized when all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable.

The Company intends to enter into arrangements with end users for items which may include software license fees, usage fees and services or various combinations thereof. For each arrangement, revenues will be recognized when evidence of an agreement has been documented, the fees are fixed or determinable, collection of fees is probable, delivery of the product has occurred and no other significant obligations remain.

Multiple-Element Arrangements: For multiple-element arrangements, each element of the arrangement will be analyzed and the Company will allocate a portion of the total fee under the arrangement to the elements using vendor specific objective evidence of fair value of the element, regardless of any separate prices stated within the contract for each element. Vendor specific objective evidence is based on the price the customer is required to pay when the element is sold separately (i.e., software license fees charged when consulting or other services are not provided, hourly rates charged for consulting services when sold separately from a software license or usage fees). If vendor specific objective evidence of fair value does not exist for any undelivered elements, all revenue is deferred and recognized ratably over the service period if the undelivered element is services, or until sufficient objective evidence of fair value exists or all elements have been delivered.

License Revenues: Amounts allocated to license revenues are recognized at the time of delivery of the software and all other revenue recognition criteria discussed above have been met.

Revenue from licensing software, which requires significant customization and modification, is recognized using the percentage of completion method, based on the hours of effort incurred by the company in relation to the total estimated hours to complete. In instances where third party hardware, software or services form a significant portion of a customer—s contract, the company recognizes revenue for the element of software customization by the percentage of completion method described above. Third party hardware, software, and services are recognized upon shipment or acceptance as appropriate. If the company makes different judgments or utilizes different estimates of the total amount of work expected to be required to customize or modify the software, the timing and revenue recognition, from period to period, and the margins on the project in the reporting period, may differ materially from amounts reported. Revenues earned but not yet billed are shown as an asset in Costs and Earnings in Excess of Billings in the balance sheet. Billings in excess of cost and earnings are reflected as a liability in the balance sheet. Anticipated contract losses are recognized as soon as they become known and are estimable.

Service Revenues: Revenues from services are comprised of maintenance and consulting and implementation services. Maintenance revenues include providing for unspecified when-and-if available product updates and customer telephone support services, and are recognized ratably over the term of the service period. Consulting services are generally sold on a time-and-materials basis and include a range of services including installation of software and assisting in the design of interfaces to allow the software to operate in customized environments. Services are generally separable from other elements under the arrangement since performance of the services are not essential to the functionality of any other element of the transaction and are described in the contract such that the total price of the arrangement would be expected to vary as the result of the inclusion or exclusion of the services. Revenues from services are generally recognized as the services are performed.

Usage Fees: Usage fees are charged on certain applications based on the customer s volume of use. Usage revenue is recognized based on the actual level of activity used by the customer or, in the case of fixed-fee arrangements, ratably over the arranged time period.

The Company provides customers, free of charge or at a minimal cost, testing kits which potential licensing customers may use to test compatibility/acceptance of the Company s technology with the customer s intended applications.

## 3. Accounting for Acquisitions

We have completed our acquisitions of PSG and AMG. These acquisitions have been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, which has resulted in recording significant goodwill and other intangible asset balances. The purchase prices have been allocated to

assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated fair values on the date of the acquisitions, as determined by management, and by appraisals with respect to identifiable intangible assets. Our accounting for these acquisitions involves significant judgments and estimates regarding fair values of acquired intangible assets, which are based on projections of future revenues and cash flows, assumptions regarding discount factors, royalty rates, tax rates, amortization methodologies and related useful lives. The developed technology (software), copyrighted software, marketing agreements, customer relationships and trademarks were valued using the income approach and are being amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives, which range from 5 to 7 years.

#### 4. Marketable Debt Securities

The Company accounts for marketable securities pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115 Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities (SFAS 115). SFAS 115 requires classification of debt and equity securities in three categories: trading securities, available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities. Debt and equity securities classified as trading securities are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included in income. Debt and equity securities designated as available-for-sale, whose fair values are readily determinable, are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes. Debt securities that are expected to be held-to-maturity are carried at amortized cost. On December 31, 2004, the Company s investments were all classified as available-for-sale. In January 2005 the Company sold these investments and did not purchase any additional Marketable Debt Securities as of December 31, 2005.

#### 5. Derivative and Warrant financial instruments

In connection with the sale of debt or equity instruments, we may sell options or warrants to purchase our common stock. In certain circumstances, these options or warrants may be classified as derivative liabilities, rather than as equity. Additionally, the debt or equity instruments may contain embedded derivative instruments, such as conversion options, which in certain circumstances may be required to be bifurcated from the associated host instrument and accounted for separately as a derivative instrument asset or liability.

The identification of, and accounting for, derivative instruments is complex. Our derivative instrument liability is re-valued at the end of each reporting period, with changes in the fair value of the derivative liability recorded as charges or credits to income, in the period in which the changes occur. For options, warrants and bifurcated conversion options that are accounted for as derivative instrument liabilities, we determine the fair value of these instruments using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. That model requires assumptions related to the remaining term of the instruments and risk-free rates of return, our current common stock price and expected dividend yield, and the expected volatility of our common stock price over the life of the option. The identification of, and accounting for, derivative instruments and the assumptions used to value them can significantly affect our financial statements.

#### 6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of costs of an acquired entity over the net of the amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets., which requires the Company to test goodwill for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable, rather than amortize. Accordingly, the Company has not amortized goodwill. As provided by SFAS No. 142, the Company has elected to perform the annual assessment of the carrying value of all goodwill as of September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year using a number of criteria, including the value of the overall enterprise. As of December 31, 2005, the Company believes that no material impairment exists. Future

impairment charges from previous or future acquisitions, if any, will be reflected as an operating expense in the statement of operations.

### 7. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes customer advances and amounts that have been billed per the contractual terms but have not been recognized as revenue. The majority of these amounts are related to maintenance contracts for which the revenue is recognized ratably over the applicable term, which generally is 12 months from the date the customer accepts the products.

### 8. Research and Development Expenditures

Research and development expenses include costs directly attributable to the conduct of research and development programs primarily related to the development of our software products and improving the efficiency and capabilities of our existing software. Such costs include salaries, payroll taxes, employee benefit costs, materials, supplies, depreciation on research equipment, services provided by outside contractors, and the allocable portions of facility costs, such as rent, utilities, insurance, repairs and maintenance, depreciation and general support services. All costs associated with research and development is expensed as incurred.

#### 9. Earnings Per Share Common Stock

Earnings per share of common stock-basic is computed by dividing Net Income applicable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Earnings per share of common stock-assuming dilution reflects the maximum

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potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock and would then share in the net income of the company. See note U. Earnings Per Share of Common Stock, for additional information.

#### 10. Income Taxes

The provision for, or benefit from, income taxes includes deferred taxes resulting from the temporary differences in income for financial and tax purposes using the liability method. Such temporary differences result primarily from the differences in the carrying value of assets and liabilities. Future realization of deferred income tax assets requires sufficient taxable income within the carry back, carry forward period available under tax law. The Company evaluates, on a quarterly basis whether, based on all available evidence, if it is probable that the deferred income tax assets are realizable. Valuation allowances are established when it is more likely than not that the tax benefit of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The evaluation, as prescribed by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, includes the consideration of all available evidence, both positive and negative, regarding historical operating results including recent years with reported losses, the estimated timing of future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, estimated future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, and potential tax planning strategies which may be employed to prevent an operating loss or tax credit carry forward from expiring unused. Because of the Companies historical performance and estimated future taxable income a full valuation allowance has been established.

### 11. Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company s employee stock compensation plans are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25) and related interpretations. Under this method, no compensation expense is recognized as long as the exercise price equals or exceeds the market price of the underlying stock on the date of the grant. The Company elected the disclosure-only alternative permitted under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (FAS 123), as amended by FAS 148, for fixed stock-based awards to employees. All non-employee stock-based awards are accounted for at fair value and recorded as compensation expense over the period of service in accordance with FAS 123 and related interpretations.

On December 31, 2005, the Company accelerated the vesting of certain of the outstanding options to purchase shares of the Company s common stock with option exercise prices greater than the fair market value of the Company s common stock on such date. The acceleration applies to all such options outstanding as of December 31, 2005 under the Company s 1996 Stock Option Plan, 1999 Stock Option Plan and 2004 Stock Option Plan, except for options held by the Company s executive officers subject to Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the members of the Company s Board of Directors. Options to purchase up to 897,614 shares of the Company s common stock, or 14% of the total shares of the Company s common stock subject to outstanding options, with a weighted average exercise price of approximately \$1.09 and varying remaining vesting schedules, are subject to this acceleration and become immediately vested and exercisable as of December 31, 2005. The number of shares, exercise prices and other terms of the options subject to the acceleration remain unchanged.

As a result of this acceleration, the Company expects to reduce its exposure to the effects of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (FAS 123R), which requires companies to recognize stock-based compensation expense associated with stock options based on the fair value method. The Company currently expects a reduction in stock-based compensation expense associated with this acceleration of approximately \$330,000 for fiscal year 2006 and approximately \$225,000 for fiscal year 2007.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFASB No.148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary charge to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 149 requires expanded more prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method on reported results.

The Company has not adopted a method under SFAS No. 148 to expense stock options but rather continues to apply the recognition and measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock issued to Employees, and related interpretations in accounting for those plans. No stock-based employee compensation expense for options is reflected in net income or loss for the fiscal periods presented as all options granted under those plans had an exercise price equal to or lower than the market price of the underlying common stock at the date of grant.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and assumptions which, in the opinion of management are used in accounting for, among other things, long-term contracts, allowances for uncollectible receivables, recoverability of goodwill and other long-lived assets, depreciation and amortization, valuation of deferred income taxes, convertible notes and related preferred stock, and stock options, discounts, embedded derivatives, and warrants outstanding.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

Not Applicable

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In November 2005, FASB issued FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1, The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments (FSP FAS 115-1), which provides guidance on determining when investments in certain debt and equity securities are considered impaired, whether that impairment is other-than-temporary, and on measuring such impairment loss. FSP FAS 115-1 also includes accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of an other-than temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. FSP FAS 115-1 is required to be applied to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. We are required to adopt FSP FAS 115-1 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006. We do not expect that the adoption of the statement will have a material impact on our consolidated results or financial condition.

In May 2005, FASB issued SFAS 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3 . SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle, and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. It also applies to changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that the pronouncement does not include specific transition provisions. This statement requires retrospective application to prior periods financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We do not expect that adoption of this statement will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143* (FIN 47), which requires companies to recognize a liability for the fair value of a legal obligation to perform asset retirement activities that are conditional on a future event if the amount can be reasonably estimated. We adopted the provisions of FIN 47 on December 31, 2005. No conditional asset retirement obligations were recognized and, accordingly, the adoption of FIN 47 had no effect on our financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R). This statement replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes *APB Opinion No. 25*, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. SFAS 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair value. The pro-forma disclosures previously permitted under SFAS 123 no longer will be an alternative to financial statement recognition. For the Company, SFAS 123R is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2005. We plan to adopt SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective application method described in the statement. Under the modified prospective application method, we will apply the standard to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the required effective date. Additionally, compensation cost for the unvested portion of awards outstanding as of the required effective date will be recognized as compensation expense as the requisite service is rendered after the required effective date. We are evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 123R and expect that we will record substantial non-cash stock compensation expenses. The adoption of SFAS 123R is not expected to have a significant effect on our cash flows but is expected to have a significant adverse effect on our results of operations. The future impact of the adoption of SFAS 123R cannot be predicted at this time because it will depend upon the levels of share-based payments granted in the future. However, had we adopted SFAS 123R in prior periods, the impact would have approximated the impact of SFAS 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net loss attributable to common stockholders included in the Stock-Based Compensation footnote.

In November 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 151, *Inventory Costs an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4*, which amends and clarifies existing accounting literature regarding abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage). This statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005, with earlier application permitted. The provisions of this statement are to be applied prospectively. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

#### ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

See financial statements appearing at pages 52-141 of this report

ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE
Not applicable.
ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Remediation of Previously Reported Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In Item 3 (Controls and Procedures) of our 10-QSB filings for the periods ended March 31, 2005, June 30, 2005 and September 30, 2005, we noted that our independent auditors, in a letter to the Audit Committee of the Company s Board of Directors dated April 18, 2005, had identified material weaknesses in the Company s internal control systems.

In order to ensure that the Company adequately addresses all existing internal control issues, the Company initiated follow-up discussions with its auditors to better determine what constituted these material weaknesses. During these discussions the auditors noted the following weaknesses in the Company s internal controls: inadequate system to capture disclosure items, inadequate internal process of review for account reconciliations, inadequate documentation of internal controls and inadequate internal processes around drafting of periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In response, the Company has addressed, or is in the process of addressing, each item as follows:

Inadequate System to capture Disclosure Items

In order to address this issue, the Company has hired a number of senior members of its finance team, including a Corporate Controller, a Manager of Finance, a Manager of Accounting Operations as well as several staff accountants. In addition, the Company has retained the services of several financial consultants.

Inadequate Internal Process of Review for Account Reconciliations

In order to address this issue, the Company has hired a number of senior members of its finance team as described above. As a result of these additional resources, the Company has instituted a more formal general ledger close process which includes the preparation and review of reconciliations with material activity.

Inadequate Documentation of Internal Controls

In conjunction with the assistance of certain consultants, the Company is in the process of identifying its key internal controls. These controls will then be documented and used as a starting point to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Inadequate Internal Process Around Drafting of periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission

In order to address this issue, the Company, in addition to hiring the senior members of its finance team above, has increased certain responsibilities of its Audit Committee including oversight of disclosure and reporting processes and is now using a formal disclosure checklist.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures as of December 31, 2005

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) as of December 31, 2005,was carried out by the Company under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s Co-Chief Executive Officers ( Co-CEOs ) and Chief Financial Officer ( CFO ).

As noted above, the Company has identified four areas of material weakness in its internal controls systems. While significant progress was made in 2005 to correct these weaknesses, we believe that all four areas still constitute material weaknesses. Based upon their evaluation of these conditions, the Company s CO-CEOs and CFO concluded that, as of December 31, 2005, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to provide reasonable assurance that information the Company is required to disclose in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

The Company intends to continue to implement changes to its internal control system in 2006 to remediate the material weaknesses that have previously been identified. Also, we will continue to make additions to our finance organization and related processes in an effort to strengthen our internal controls.

#### ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

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#### **PART III**

# ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

The following sets forth certain information about each director and executive officer of the Company.

NAME	AGE	POSITIONS HELD
Thomas J. Colatosti	58 Co-Cl	ief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors
Michael W. DePasquale	51 Co-Cl	ief Executive Officer and Director
Jeffrey J. May	46 Direct	or
Charles P. Romeo(a)	64 Direct	or
John Schoenherr	53 Direct	or
Francis J. Cusick	51 Chief	Financial Officer
Randy Fodero	47 Vice l	President of Sales
Kenneth S. Souza	51 Gener	al Manager, Law Enforcement and Chief Technology Officer

<sup>(</sup>a) From April 2004 to February 2005, Mr.Romeo was employed by the Company.

The following is a brief summary of the business experience of each of the above-named individuals:

THOMAS J. COLATOSTI has served as a Director of the Company since September 2002 and as Chairman of the Board since January 3, 2003. He has served as Co-Chief Executive Officer since July 2005. Mr. Colatosti also currently serves as the Chief Executive Officer of American Security Ventures, a Lexington, Massachusetts based consulting firm he founded which specializes in providing strategic management consulting services to emerging and developing companies in the homeland security industry. From 1997 through June 2002, Mr. Colatosti served as the Chief Executive Officer of Viisage Technology, Inc., a publicly traded biometric technology company focusing on biometric face-recognition technology and delivering highly secure identification documents and systems. Between 1995 and 1997, Mr. Colatosti served as President and Chief Executive Officer of CIS Corporation, a higher education industry leader that designed and implemented integrated and flexible systems solutions to manage entire university administrative operations. Prior to CIS, Mr. Colatosti had a 20-year career with Digital Equipment Corporation. His most recent responsibility was Vice President and General Manager, Northeast Area, where he was responsible for a business unit with annual revenues of more than \$1.2 billion and 3,000 people. Mr. Colatosti is an active industry security spokesperson testifying before Congressional Committees and advising the White House and other Federal security agencies on homeland security issues. Since August 18, 2005, Mr. Colatosti has served as a Director and Chief Financial Officer of Good Harbor Partners Acquisition Corp., a publicly-traded blank check company formed to acquire businesses in the security sectors. Mr. Colatosti earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Management and Finance as well as a Masters degree in Business Administration from Suffolk University.

MICHAEL W. DEPASQUALE has served as the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of the Company since January 3, 2003. He has served as Co-Chief Executive Officer since July 2005. Mr. DePasquale brings more than 20 years of executive management, sales and marketing experience to the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. DePasquale served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Prism eSolutions, Inc., a Pennsylvania based provider of professional consulting services and online solutions for ISO-9001/14000 certification for customers in manufacturing, healthcare and government markets, since February 2001. From December 1999 through December 2000, Mr. DePasquale served as Group Vice President for WRC Media, a New York based distributor of supplemental education products and software. From January 1996 until December 1999, Mr. DePasquale served as Senior Vice President of Jostens Learning Corp., a California based provider of multi media curriculum. Prior to Jostes, Mr. DePasquale held sales and marketing management positions with McGraw-Hill and Digital Equipment Corporation. Mr. DePasquale earned a Bachelor of Science degree from the New Jersey Institute of Technology.

JEFFREY J. MAY has served as a Director of the Company since October 29, 2001. Since 1997, Mr. May has served as the President of Gideons Point Capital, a Tonka Bay Minnesota based financial consulting firm and angel investor focusing on assisting and investing in start-up technology companies. In 1983, Mr. May co-found Advantek, Inc., a manufacturer of equipment and materials which facilitate the automatic handling of semi-conductors and other electrical components which was sold in 1993. Mr. May continued to serve as a director and Vice-President of Operations of Advantek until 1997, at which time it had over 600 employees and sales in excess of \$100 million. Mr. May earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Minnesota in 1983.

CHARLES P. ROMEO has served as a director of the Company since February 28, 2005 and from January 29, 2003 to April 19, 2004. From April 2004 until February 2005, he served as Vice President of Sales, Public Safety Division of the Company. From September 2002 until April 2004 Mr. Romeo has served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of FreedomBridge Technologies, Inc., a Rhode Island based consulting firm to technology companies in the homeland security industry specializing in implementing direct and channel selling programs, strategic alliances and partnerships in the law enforcement market. Prior to founding FreedomBridge, Mr. Romeo had a 33 year sales and marketing management career with Digital Equipment Corporation, Compaq Computer Corporation and Hewlett Packard. During his career, Mr. Romeo served as Vice President of Service Sales for a \$500 million business unit, and Director of Public Sector Sales, a \$275 million division of Hewlett Packard. Mr. Romeo authored *The Sales Manager s Troubleshooter*, Prentice Hall 1998, which was named as one of the top 10 must reads by Sales and Marketing Magazine. Mr. Romeo earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics and Economics from the University of Massachusetts and an Executive MBA from Babson College.

**JOHN SCHOENHERR** has served as a Director of the Company since December 30, 2004. Mr. Schoenherr serves as Vice President of Corporate Performance Management for Oracle Corporation, and has served as an Oracle Vice President for over five years. Mr. Schoenherr has over 25 years of experience in the area of business intelligence. His career includes a number of product development and management positions.

FRANCIS J. CUSICK has served as the Chief Financial of the Company since February 28, 2005. Mr. Cusick joined the Company as the Corporate Controller in September 2004. Mr. Cusick served as an independent business consultant to public and private companies in a variety of strategic and financial executive roles from March 2002 until September 2004. From January 2001 through February 2002, Mr. Cusick was Chief Financial Officer for SANgate Systems, a multi-national provider of storage hardware and software. Between November 1999 and December 2000, Mr. Cusick served as Corporate Controller for Equipe Communications Corporation and was responsible for all accounting and finance functions. Prior to Equipe, Mr. Cusick held senior financial management positions at Parametric Technology Corp., Cascade Communications Corp. and Synernetics Inc.

RANDY FODERO has served as the Vice President of Sales since February 1, 2006. From July 22, 2005 until February 1, 2006, he was a sales consultant to the Company. Between July 18, 2003 and July 22, 2005, Mr. Fodero was the Vice President of Sales and Marketing of the Company. Mr. Fodero joined the Company as a member of the sales organization in March 2003. Mr. Fodero brings more than 20 years of successful executive and sales management experience to the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Fodero served as director of Global Accounts from Veritas Software from February 2002 until January 2003. Between 1999 and February 2002, Mr. Fodero served in executive sales capacities with both companies in the enterprise software industry, including Agile Software. From 1998 to 1999, Mr. Fodero served as Regional Vice President of Sales for Memco Software, a leading provider of information security software to Fortune 1000 companies, where he was instrumental in increasing sales and enhancing shareholder value in connection with the sale of Memco to Platinum Technology. From 1990 through 1998, Mr. Fodero served as Vice President of Sales of AT&T CommVault Systems, where he grew sales from startup to over \$36 million and participated in a management buyout.

KENNETH S. SOUZA has served as Chief Technology Officer of the Company since October 4, 2004 and the General Manager, Law Enforcement since October 18, 2005. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Souza was Vice President of Industry Solutions for EMC Corporation. Prior to joining EMC, he was Vice President for e-Commerce Enterprise Systems Solutions for Compaq Computer Corporation. His 25-year technology and market career includes serving in a number of executive positions with Digital Equipment Corporation including Vice President Worldwide Solutions Services and Training, and Director of Workstations Marketing. In the early 1980 s, Mr. Souza held technical sales management positions with Hewlett Packard and Burroughs. Mr. Souza also held executive positions with a venture funded MRP software company.

#### **Directors Terms of Office**

Mr. May was initially elected to serve as a director in 2001, and was re-elected in 2004. Mr. Colatosti was initially elected to serve as a director in 2002, and was re-elected in 2004. Mr. DePasquale was initially elected as a director in 2003, and was re-elected in 2004. Mr. Schoenherr was initially elected as a director in 2005. Each such director was elected to serve until the Company s next annual meeting or until his successor is duly elected and qualified in accordance with the By-laws of the Company.

#### **Board of Directors and Audit Committee Financial Expert**

All directors hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders and the election and qualification of their successors. Officers are elected annually by the Board of Directors and serve at the discretion of the Board.

The Audit Committee is comprised of John Schoenherr and Jeffrey J. May, who may not qualify as financial experts under the rule adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission. However, the Board believes that each Audit Committee member has sufficient knowledge in financial and auditing matters to serve on the Audit Committee. Additionally, the Audit Committee has the ability on its own to retain independent accountants or consultants whenever it deems appropriate.

#### **Directors Compensation**

Directors who are also officers of the Company receive no additional compensation for serving on the Board of Directors, other than reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in attending meetings. The Company s 1996 stock incentive plan provides for the grant of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock to each non-employee director upon first being elected or appointed to the Board of Directors. The Company s current policy is to issue options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock to each non-employee director on an annual basis.

#### Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), requires the Company s officers and directors and persons who own more than ten percent (10%) of the Company s Common Stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of the Company s Common Stock. Such officers, directors and ten percent (10%) stockholders are also required by applicable SEC rules to furnish the Company with copies of all forms filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act. Based solely on its review of the copies of such forms received by it, or written representations from such persons that no other reports were required for such persons, the Company believes that during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to the Company s officers, directors and ten percent (10%) stockholders were satisfied in a timely fashion.

#### ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth a summary of the compensation paid to or accrued by our chief executive officer and all of our other executive officers as of December 31, 2005 (the named executive officers) for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2003, 2004 and 2005:

#### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

		<b>Annual Compensation</b>			Long Term Compensation Payouts			
	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$ )	Bonus (\$ )	Other Annual Compensation (\$ )	Restricted Stock Award	Awards Securities Underlying Options/SARs	LTIP Payouts	All Other
Michael W.						_		
DePasquale (1)	2005	250,000						
Chief Executive Officer	2004	210,000	35,000					
	2003	148,943	25,000			1,080,000		
Francis J. Cusick (2)	2005	168,333				155,000		
Chief Financial Officer	2004	36,196				45,000		
	2003							
Randy Fodero (3)	2005	237,681(4)				600,000		
Vice President Sales	2004	197,674						
	2003	125,986	10,000			600,000(5)		
Kenneth S. Souza (6)	2005	200,000						

General Manager, Law Enforcement and Chief Technology Officer

2004 2003 50,000

19,000

300,000

(1) Mr. DePasquale became employed as	our Chief Executive Of	fficer on January 3, 2003.				
(2) Mr. Cusick became our Chief Financi	al Officer on February 2	28, 2005.				
(3) Mr. Fodero became Vice President of February 1, 2006. Between July 18, 2003						
(4) Includes \$48,176, \$47,674 and \$10,28	32 of commission incom	ne in 2005, 2004 and 2003	3, respectiv	ely.		
(5) These options expired unexercised on	October 20, 2005.					
(6) Mr. Souza became an executive office	er of the Company on O	october 4, 2004.				
O	PTION GRANTS IN Y	YEAR ENDED DECEM	IBER 31, 2	2005		
The following table sets forth all options g	granted during the year	ended December 31, 2005	5 to each o	f the nai	med executive of	fficers.
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Options Granted	Percent of Total Options Granted to Employees in Fiscal Year	Exerci Prico \$/Sha	e	Expiration Date	
Francis J. Cusick (1)	155,000	10.0%	\$	1.33	02/27/2012	
Randy Fodero	600 000	38.7%		0.60	11/10/12	

### AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES IN THE YEAR ENDED

<sup>(1)</sup> Options vested in three (3) annual installments commencing February 28, 2006.

<sup>(2)</sup> Options vest 33.3% upon grant and thereafter at 22.2222% in three (3) annual installments commencing November 11, 2006.

## DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND FISCAL YEAR-END OPTION VALUE

The following table sets forth for each named executive officer, information regarding stock options exercised by such officer during the year ended December 31, 2005, together with the number and value of stock options held at December 31, 2005, each on an aggregated basis.

Name	Number Of Shares Acquired On Exercise	Value Realized	Number Of Unexercised Options At Fiscal Year-End Exercisable/ Unexercisable(#)	Value Of Unexercised In-The-Money Options At Fiscal Year-End Exercisable/ Unexercisable(\$)(1)
Michael W. DePasquale			1,080,000	92,800/0
Francis J. Cusick			15,000/185,000	0/0
Randy Fodero			200,000/400,000	18,000/36,000
Kenneth S. Souza			100,000/200,000	0/0

<sup>(1)</sup> The last sales price of the Company s Common Stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on December 30, 2005 was \$0.69.

#### **Employment Agreements**

MICHAEL W. DEPASQUALE. On March 28, 2006, the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement with Michael W. DePasquale to serve as the Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company at an annual base salary of \$250,000 subject to adjustment by the Board of Directors as well as \$1,000 per month in lieu of participating in the Company s medical plan. In addition to the Base Salary and Stock Options, a Discretionary Bonus may be awarded to Mr. DePasquale on the basis of merit performance on an annual basis in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. The employment agreement also provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 400,000 shares of Company common stock payable at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

In the event that Mr. DePasquale is terminated without cause, Mr. DePasquale will receive severance payment equal to his base salary for the 6 months. The employment agreement contains standard and customary confidentiality, non-solicitation and work made for hire provisions as well as a covenant not to compete which prohibits Mr. DePasquale from doing business with any current or prospective customer of the Company or engaging in a business competitive with that of the Company during the term of his employment and for the one year period thereafter. The Company may terminate the agreement at any time with or without cause. In the event of termination without cause, Mr. DePasquale shall continue to be paid his then current base salary for the greater of six months from the date of such termination or the number of months remaining until the end of the term of the employment agreement.

**KENNETH S. SOUZA.** In connection with his appointment as Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer of the Company on October 4, 2004, we entered into a one (1) year employment agreement with Kenneth S. Souza. The employment agreement provides for an annual base salary of \$200,000 and a performance bonus in the amount of up to \$76,000 payable upon achievement of certain performance criteria. Unless notice of non-renewal is provided to Mr. Souza at least two months prior to the end of the term, the employment agreement automatically renews for successive one year terms. In the event that Mr. Souza is terminated without cause, Mr. Souza will receive severance payment equal to his base salary for the greater of 6 months and that number of months remaining until the end of the term. The employment agreement contains standard and customary confidentiality, non-compete and work made for hire provisions.

Upon execution of the employment agreement, we issued to Mr. Souza a stock option to purchase 300,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$1.11 per share, the last sale price of our common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of grant. The option has a term of seven (7) years and vests in three equal annual installments commencing on October 4, 2005. Upon completion of one (1) year of service, Mr. Souza shall be eligible to receive a stock option to purchase up to an additional 300,000 shares of Company stock based upon his performance as determined by the Company in its sole discretion.

#### **Change in Control Provisions**

The Company s 1996 Stock Option Plan (as amended to date, the 1996 Plan ), 1999 Stock Option Plan and 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (the 1999 Plan and together with the 1996 Plan and 2004 Plan, the Plans ) provide for the acceleration of the vesting of unvested options upon a Change in Control of the Company. A Change in Control is defined in the Plans to include (i) a sale or transfer of substantially all of the Company s assets; (ii) the dissolution or liquidation of the Company; (iii) a merger or consolidation to which the Company is a party and after which the prior shareholders of the Company hold less than 50% of the combined voting power of the surviving corporation s outstanding securities; (iv) the incumbent directors cease to constitute at least a majority of the Board of Directors; or (v) a change in control of the Company which would otherwise be reportable under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

In the event of a Change In Control each Plan provides for the immediate vesting of all options issued thereunder. The 1999 Plan provides for the Company to deliver written notice to each optionee under the 1999 Plan fifteen (15) days prior to the occurrence of a Change In Control during which all options issued under the 1999 Plan may be exercised. Thereafter, all options issued under the 1999 Plan which are neither assumed or substituted in connection with such transaction, automatically expire unless otherwise determined by the Board. The 1996 Plan provides for all options to remain exercisable for the remainder of their respective terms and permits the Company to make a cash payment to any or all optionees equal to the difference between the exercise price of any or all such options and the fair market value of the Company s common stock immediately prior to the Change In Control. The 2004 Plan enables the Board to provide that all outstanding options be assumed, or equivalent options be substituted by the acquiring or succeeding corporation upon the occurrence of a Reorganization Event as defined. If such Reorganization Event also constitutes a Change in Control, then such assumed or substituted options shall be immediately exercisable in full. If the acquiring or succeeding corporation does not agree to assume, or substitute for such options, then the Board, upon written notice to the Participants, may provide that all unexercised options become exercisable in full as of a specified time prior to the Reorganization Event and terminate prior to the consummation of the Reorganization Event. Alternatively, if under the terms and conditions of the Reorganization Event, holders of common stock will receive a cash payment for their shares, then the Board may provide that all Participants receive a cash payment equal to the difference between the Acquisition Price and the Option Price multiplied by the number of options held by such Participants.

Options issued to executive officers outside of the Plans contain change in control provisions substantially similar to those contained in the 1999 Plan.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. Our Code of Ethics is designed to deter wrongdoing and promote: (i) honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships; (ii) full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with, or submit to, the SEC and in our other public communications; (iii) compliance with applicable governmental laws, rules, and regulations; (iv) the prompt internal reporting of violations of the code to an appropriate person or persons identified in the code; and (v) accountability for adherence to the code. Any person may obtain a copy of our Code of Ethics free of charge by sending a written request for such to the attention of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

# ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth, as of March 15, 2006, information with respect to the securities holdings of all persons which the Company, pursuant to filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, has reason to believe may be deemed the beneficial owners of more than five percent (5%) of the Company s outstanding common stock. The following table also sets forth, as of such date, the beneficial ownership of the Company s common stock by all officers and directors, individually and as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each person listed below is c/o BIO-key International, Inc., 3349 Highway 138, Building D, Suite B, Wall, NJ 07719

	Amount and Nature	
	of Beneficial	Percentage of
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Ownership(1)	Class(1)
Thomas J. Colatosti	905,000(2)	1.9%
Michael W. DePasquale	1,100,000(3)	2.3%
Francis J. Cusick	66,666(4)	*
Jeffrey May	250,000(5)	*
Charles P. Romeo	300,000(6)	*
John Schoenherr	25,000(7)	*
Randy Fodero	200,000(8)	*
Kenneth S. Souza	100,000(9)	*
Kingdon Capital Management, LLC	2,696,112	5.6%
152 West 57 <sup>th</sup> Street		
50 <sup>th</sup> Floor		
New York, NY 10019		
Trellus Mangement Company, LLC	5,083,500	10.6%
350 Madison Avenue		
9 <sup>th</sup> Floor		
New York, NY 10017		
All officers and directors as a group (8) persons	2,946,666	6.1%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1%

- (2) Includes 550,000 shares assumable upon exercise of options and 350,000 shares issuable upon conversion of series A preferred stock.
- (3) Includes 1,080,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options.

<sup>(1)</sup> The securities beneficially owned by an individual are determined in accordance with the definition of beneficial ownership set forth in the regulations promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and, accordingly, may include securities owned by or for, among others, the spouse and/or minor children of an individual and any other relative who has the same home as such individual, as well as, other securities as to which the individual has or shares voting or investment power or which each person has the right to acquire within 60 days through the exercise of options or otherwise. Beneficial ownership may be disclaimed as to certain of the securities. This table has been prepared based on 48,036,983 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 15, 2006.

(4) Includes 66,666 shares issuable upon exercise of options. Does not include 133,334 shares issuable upon exercise of options subject to vesting.
(5) Consists of shares issuable upon exercise of options.
(6) Includes 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options. Does not include 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options subject to vesting.
(7) Includes 25,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options. Does not include 25,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options subject to vesting.
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- (8) Includes 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options. Does not include 400,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options subject to vesting.
- (9) Includes 100,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options. Does not include 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options subject to vesting.

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2005, information with respect to securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans.

#### **EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION**

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	150,000	\$ 0.45	
Equity compensation plans not approved by	150,000	<b>V</b> 0.10	
security holders	6,197,385	\$ 0.93	2,594,272
Total	6,347,835	\$ 0.92	2,594,272

During 1996, the Board of Directors and stockholders of the Company adopted the 1996 Stock Option Plan (the 1996 Plan). Under the 1996 Plan, 750,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company at exercise prices which may not be below 100% of fair market value for incentive stock options and 50% for all others. The term of stock options granted may not exceed ten years. Options issued under the Plan vest pursuant to the terms of stock option agreements with the recipients. In the event of a change in control, as defined, all options outstanding vest immediately. The Plan terminates in May 2005.

The Company s 1999 Stock Option Plan (the 1999 Plan ) was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on or about August 31, 1999. The material terms of the 1999 Plan are summarized below.

The 1999 Plan is currently administered by the Board of Directors of the Company (the Plan Administrator ). The Plan Administrator is authorized to construe the 1999 Plan and any option issued under the 1999 Plan, select the persons to whom options may be granted, and determine the number of shares to be covered by any option, the exercise price, vesting schedule and other material terms of such option.

The 1999 Plan provides for the issuance of options to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock to officers, employees, directors and consultants of the Company at exercise prices not less than 85% of the last sale price of the Company s common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of grant. Options have terms of not more than 10 years from the date of grant, are subject to vesting as determined by

the Plan Administrator and are not transferable without the permission of the Company except by will or the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to a domestic relations order. Options terminate three (3) months after termination of employment or other association with the Company or one (1) year after termination due to disability, death or retirement. In the event that termination of employment or association is for a cause, as that term is defined in the 1999 Plan, options terminate immediately upon such termination. The Plan Administrator has the discretion to extend options for up to three years from the date of termination or disassociation with the Company.

The 1999 Plan provides for the immediate vesting of all options in the event of a Change In Control of the Company. In the event of a Change In Control, the Company is required to deliver written notice to each optionee under the 1999 Plan fifteen (15) days prior to the occurrence of a Change in Control, during which time all options issued under 1999 Plan may be exercised. Thereafter, all options issued under the 1999 Plan which are neither assumed or substituted in connection with such transaction, automatically expire, unless otherwise determined by the Board. Under the 1999 Plan, a Change In Control is defined to include (i) a sale or transfer of substantially all of the Company s assets; (ii) the dissolution or liquidation of the Company; (iii) a merger or consolidation to which the Company is a party and after which the prior shareholders of the Company hold less than 50% of the combined voting power of the surviving corporation s outstanding securities; (iv) the incumbent directors cease to constitute at least a majority of the Board of Directors; or (v) a change in control of the Company which would otherwise be reportable under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

As of December 31, 2005, there were outstanding options under the 1996 Plan to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock, and no shares were available for future grants.

As of December 31, 2005, there were outstanding options under the 1999 Plan to purchase 1,062,125 shares of common stock, and options to purchase an aggregate of 647,132 shares were available for future grants.

On October 12, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the 2004 Stock Option Plan (the 2004 Plan). The 2004 Plan has not yet been presented to stockholders for approval and thus incentive stock options are not available under this plan. Under the terms of this plan, 4,000,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company at exercise prices which may not be below 85% of fair market value. The term of stock options granted may not exceed ten years. Options issued under the 2004 Plan vest pursuant to the terms of stock option agreements with the recipients. In the event of a change in control, as defined, all options outstanding vest immediately. The 2004 Plan terminates in October 2014.

As of December 31, 2005, there were outstanding options under the 2004 Plan to purchase 2,052,860 shares of common stock, and options to purchase an aggregate of 1,947,140 shares were available for future grants.

In addition to options issued under the 1996, 1999 and 2004 Plans, the Company has issued options to employees, officers, directors and consultants to purchase common stock under the non plan. As of December 2005, there were outstanding options under the non plan to purchase 3,082,850 shares of common stock. The terms of these options are substantially similar to the provisions of the 1999 Plan and options issued thereunder.

#### ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

#### **Employment Arrangements**

The Company has entered into an employment agreements with Michael W. DePasquale and Kenneth S. Souza. See **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Employment Agreements.** 

#### **Options Granted to Executive Officers and Directors**

During 2002, the Company issued options to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock to Thomas J. Colatosti upon his appointment as a director of the Company. During 2003, 2004 and 2005, the Company issued options to purchase an aggregate of 2,180,000, 400,000 and 1,155,000 shares, respectively of common stock to its officers and directors. The options were issued at exercise prices equal to the last sales price of the Company s common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of grant, have terms of three (3) to seven (7) years, and vest over a one to three year period.

#### Consulting Arrangement with Thomas J. Colatosti

In connection with his appointment to the Board of Directors in September 2002, the Company entered into a consulting arrangement with Thomas J. Colatosti. Under the arrangement, the Company paid Mr. Colatosti \$4,000 per month through December 2003 and issued him options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.31 per share, the closing price of the Company s common stock on the date of grant. In December 2003, a committee of independent directors renewed this arrangement through December 31, 2004. The committee also issued options to Mr. Colatosti to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.32 per share, the closing price of the Company s common stock on the date of grant, for serving as Chairman. Effective November 1, 2004, Mr. Colatosti s monthly consulting fee was increased to \$14,500. Mr. Colatosti has substantial experience in the biometric industry and in addition to his role as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, provides extensive service to the Company in the areas of strategic planning and corporate finance.

In March 2004, Mr. Colatosti entered into a three year consulting arrangement with the Shaar Fund Ltd., a principal creditor and shareholder of the Company. Under the terms of the arrangement, The Shaar Fund transferred \$375,000 principal amount of our secured convertible notes due October 1, 2005 to Mr. Colatosti. On April 28, 2004 the Company issued 3,750 shares of the Company s Series A 7% convertible preferred stock to Mr. Colatosti in conversion of the \$375,000 secured convertible note.

On February 7, 2006, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Mr. Colatosti, the current Chairman of the Board of Directors and Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to the Agreement, Mr. Colatosti will provide services to the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates for the year ending December 31, 2006, at a rate of \$14,500 per month.

#### **ITEM 13. EXHIBITS**

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report. Portions of Item 13 are submitted as separate sections of this Report:
(1) Financial statements filed as part of this Report:
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants
Balance Sheets at December 31, 2005 and 2004 and 2003
Statements of Operations Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003
Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit) Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003
Statements of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003
Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003

## ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following table presents fees for professional audit services by DS&B, Ltd. for the audit of the Company  $\,$ s annual financial statements for 2005 and 2004, and fees billed for other services rendered by DS&B, Ltd.

(2) The exhibits listed in the Exhibits Index immediately preceding such exhibits are filed as part of this Report

	2005	2004
Audit Fees:	\$ 471,140	\$ 213,175
Tax Fees:	25,428	3,356
Total Fees	\$ 496,568	\$ 216,531

Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our financial statements and review of the interim financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by DS&B, Ltd. in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. Audit fees also include fees for services provided in connection with business acquisitions and registration of securities.

Tax Fees consists of fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal and state tax compliance, tax audit defense, customs and duties, and mergers and acquisitions.

#### **Audit Committee Pre-Approval Procedures**

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, which consists of John Schoenherr and Jeffrey J. May, serves as our audit committee. Our Board of Directors approves the engagement of our independent auditors to render audit and non-audit services before they are engaged. All of the services performed by DS & B, Ltd. for us were pre-approved by our the Audit Committee.

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## ITEM 7 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following financial statements of BIO-key International, Inc. are included herein at the indicated page numbers:

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	52
Balance Sheets at December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	53
Statements of Operations Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	54
Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit) Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	55
Statements of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	56
Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	57-14

## **Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants**

Board of Directors and Stockholders

BIO-key International, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, and the related statements of operations, stockholders equity (deficit) and cash flows for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note B to the consolidated financial statements, the Company restated its 2004 and 2003 consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, as discussed in note A to the financial statements, the Company has only recently begun to generate significant revenues, has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a working capital deficit. These aforementioned issues, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company s ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result front this uncertainty. Management s plans in regard to these matters are also discussed in Note A.

/s/ DS&B, Ltd.

Minneapolis Minnesota March 29, 2006

## **BIO-key International, Inc and Subsidiary**

## **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	2005	December 31, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,422,827	\$ 956,230	\$ 1,012,790
Marketable debt securities		1,000,000	
Receivables			
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$160,000,			
\$422,393 and \$2,000, respectively	1,635,371	1,608,054	101,183
Unbilled	201,942	310,523	
Due from selling stockholders and other		28,793	
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	4,321,392	6,292,603	
Inventory	8,760	29,599	65,857
Prepaid expenses	137,000	113,130	165,929
Total current assets	7,727,292	10,338,932	1,345,759
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	548,267	644,101	60,157
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		657,000	
Deposits	1,828,560	2,838,031	
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization	4,864,161	5,037,415	150,206
Goodwill	11,389,654	12,023,613	
Total non-current assets	18,630,642	21,200,160	210,363
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26,357,934	\$ 31,539,092	\$ 1,556,122
LIABILITIES:			
Current maturities of long-term obligations, net of discount	\$ 1,201,207	\$ 3,078,037	\$
Advances from stockholders		12,753	34,030
Accounts payable	833,608	1,349,092	351,742
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts	32,385	760,807	
Accrued liabilities	5,520,515	4,595,984	155,536
Deferred rent	443,603	393,676	77,77
Deferred revenue	3,264,283	3,166,356	10,000
Total current liabilities	11,295,601	13,356,705	551,308
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities	3,723,017	10,848,304	10,373,680
Deferred rent	867,850	1,311,454	1,2 . 1 , 1 . 1
Deferred revenue	1,163,738	71,203	
Total non-current liabilities	5,754,605	12,230,961	10,373,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,050,206	25,587,666	10,924,988
Commitments and contingencies	17,000,200	20,007,000	10,22.,500
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):			
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares (liquidation			
preference of \$100 per share)			
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding 44,557 Shares of			
\$.0001 par value	4		
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 4,180 shares of	·		
\$.01 par value			42
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 62,182 shares of			72
\$.01 par value		623	
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares; issued and		023	
outstanding; 46,306,589 shares of \$.0001 par value in 2005 and			
40,680,691 and 21,222,889 shares of \$.0001 par value in 2004 and			
2003, respectively	4,632	406,808	212,229
Additional paid-in capital	51,529,332	47,996,243	18,327,992
Accumulated deficit			
Accumulated deficit	(42,226,240)	(42,452,248)	(27,909,129)

TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	9,307,728	5,951,426	(9,368,866)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			
(DEFICIT)	\$ 26,357,934	\$ 31,539,092	\$ 1,556,122

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# **BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary**

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	2005	Years o	ended December 31, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)
Revenues				
Services	\$ 10,861,649	\$	3,351,406	\$ 10,694
License fees and other	3,364,446		2,369,545	204,787
	14,226,095		5,720,951	215,481
Costs and other expenses				
Services	2,906,142		1,174,324	1,694
Cost of license fees and other	937,491		889,896	87,387
Selling, general and administrative	11,824,609		7,114,288	2,099,922
Research, development and engineering	6,846,035		2,979,904	1,037,330
	22,514,277		12,158,412	3,226,333
Operating loss	(8,288,182)		(6,437,461)	(3,010,852)
Other income (deductions)				
Interest income	35,958		66,824	
Interest expense	(6,548,130)		(1,916,558)	(1,909,788)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	15,213,186		(6,003,137)	857,545
Gain (Loss) on sale of marketable securities	(20,000)		33,125	
Other income (expense)	(34,767)		(88,425)	4,145
Total other income (deductions)	8,646,247		(7,908,171)	(1,048,098)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 358,065	\$	(14,345,632)	\$ (4,058,950)
Earnings (Loss) Per Share:				
Basic	\$ 0.00	\$	(0.42)	\$ (0.24)
Diluted	\$ (0.17)	\$	(0.42)	\$ (0.24)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:				
Basic	44,787,807		24 806 201	17 5/2 506
Diluted	52.046.303		34,806,201 34,806,201	17,543,586 17,543,586
Diluteu	32,040,303		34,600,201	17,343,380

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# **BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary**

# STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY(DEFICIT)

	Series Conve Preferre Shares	ertible	Series Conve Preferre Shares	ertib ed St	le	Conv	C 7% ertible ed Stock Amount	Commo Shares		tock Amount	Additional Contributed Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2002		\$	18,430	\$	184		\$	14,377,406	\$	143.774	\$ 16,284,399	\$ (23,605,404) \$	(7.177.047)
Conversion of series B preferred stock and cumulative dividends in arrears		Ψ	10,100	Ψ	101		Ψ	1,077,100	Ψ	110,771	ψ 10 <b>,2</b> 0 <b>,</b> ,	ψ (25,000,10 f) ψ	((,177,017)
into common stock			(14,250)		(142)			4,239,206		42,392	202,525	(244,775)	
Coversion of note,			(14,230)		(142)			4,239,200		42,392	202,323	(244,773)	
debenture and accrued interest													
into common stock								2,097,953		20,980	1,552,486		1,573,466
Exercise of options										,			
into common stock								308,324		3,083	58,582		61,665
Options and													
warrants issued for													
services and other											156,000		156,000
Common stock													
issued in exchange													
for services and													
other								200,000		2,000	74,000		76,000
Net loss												(4,058,950)	(4,058,950)
Balance as of													
December 31,									_				
2003 (Restated)		\$	4,180	\$	42		\$	21,222,889	\$	212,229	\$ 18,327,992	\$ (27,909,129) \$	(9,368,866)
Issuance of series C													
preferred stock for													
Series B preferred													
stock and cumulative													
dividends in arrears			(4,180)		(42)	5,257	53				107,682	(107,693)	
Issuance of series C			(4,100)		(42)	3,237	33				107,062	(107,093)	
preferred stock in													
exchange for debt						83,275	833				8,326,630		8,327,463
Sale in March 2004						63,273	033				6,320,030		0,327,403
of common stock													
and warrants at													
\$1.35 per unit, less													
offering costs of													
\$743,895								24,221		88,889	11,330,117		11,419,006
Issuance of								,		,			
common stock in													
conjunction with													
PSG acquisition								2,422,108		24,221	3,584,719		3,608,940
Conversion of													
debentures, bridge													
notes, convertible													
notes, accrued													
interest and related													
discounts and													
derivatives into													
common stock								3,455,725		34,558	2,513,086		2,547,644

Conversion of series C preferred stock and cumulative dividends in arrears											
into common stock				(30,100)	(301)	4,133,060		41,331	48,764	(89,794)	
Issuance of series C preferred stock in											
exchange for note				2.750	20				274.062		275 000
payable to officer Exercise of options				3,750	38				374,962		375,000
and warrants into											
common stock Repurchase						557,982		5,580	92,554		98,134
warrants									(221,183)		(221,183)
Options and warrants issued for											
services and other									129,700		129,700
Issuance of warrants in											
conjunction with											
convertible notes									524 201		524 201
offering Reclassification of									534,201		534,201
Warrants from									2 0 47 0 10		2 0 47 0 10
liability to equity Net loss									2,847,019	(14,345,632)	2,847,019 (14,345,632)
Balance as of											
December 31, 2004 (Restated)		\$	\$	62,182	\$ 623	40,680,692	\$	406,808 \$	47,996,243	\$ (42,452,248) \$	5,951,426
Conversion of											
series C preferred stock to series A											
preferred stock	62,182	6		(62,182)	(623)				617		
Adjust par values to \$0.0001							(	(402,739)	402,739		
Costs incurred in								( , , , , , , ,	,,,,,		
conjunction with issuance of debt									(56,642)		(56,642)
Issuance of shares									(= 0,0 1=)		(= 0,0 1=)
in exchange for debt payment delay						875,871		88	788,196		788,284
Conversion of						075,071		00	700,170		700,201
debentures, bridge notes, convertible											
notes, accrued											
interest and related discounts and											
derivatives into											
common stock Conversion of						1,575,135		158	889,845		890,003
series A preferred											
stock and cumulative											
dividends in arrears											
into common stock	(17,625)	(2)				2,512,426		251	121,569	(132,057)	(10,239)
Exercise of options and warrants into											
common stock						662,465		66	558,722		558,788
Issuance of warrants in											
conjunction with											
convertible notes offering									234,150		234,150
Options and											
warrants issued for services and other									593,893		593,893
Net income	4		Φ.			1. 00		4	·	358,065	358,065
Balance as of December 31,	44,557	\$ 4	\$		\$	46,306,589	\$	4,632 \$	51,529,332	\$ (42,226,240) \$	9,307,728

2005

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# **BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary**

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	2005	Years	ended December 31, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 358,065	\$	(14,345,632)	\$ (4,058,950)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used				
in operating activities:				
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	(15,213,186)		6,003,137	(857,545)
Depreciation	244,450		77,912	6,386
Amortization				
Intangible assets	1,509,880		550,421	
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial				
conversion features	4,124,759		1,258,341	1,215,636
Allowance for doubtful receivables	48,148		71,384	
(Gain) Loss on sale of marketable debt securities	20,000		(33,125)	
Write down of investment			50,000	
Non-cash interest				1,131,053
Deferred rent	(393,677)		(91,291)	
Options and warrants issued for services and other	664,043		55,150	156,000
Common stock issued for services and other				76,000
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable trade	345,050		1,268,791	(33,185)
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	2,468,770		(906,649)	
Inventories	20,839		36,258	(65,857)
Prepaid expenses and other	(65,227)		273,588	(115,032)
Accounts payable	(549,036)		(362,505)	(2,951)
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts	(317,737)		899,857	
Accrued liabilities	1,029,404		955,050	(318,700)
Deferred revenue	1,191,958		(1,405,446)	10,000
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,513,497)		(5,644,759)	(2,857,145)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of PSG			(498,937)	
Acquisition of AMG			(10,431,878)	
Capital expenditures	(148,616)		(275,193)	(66,543)
Purchases of marketable debt securities			(5,887,500)	
Proceeds from sale of marketable debt securities	980,000		4,920,625	
Deposits	1,009,471		(2,760,583)	
Patents and patents pending	(65,786)		(149,687)	
Other	50,000		(46,552)	(28,215)
Net cash provided by (used in)investing activities	1,825,069		(15,129,705)	(94,758)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net advance from (to)stockholders	(12,753)		(54,437)	34,030
Issuance of convertible bridge notes	250,000			
Repayment of convertible bridge notes	(250,000)			
Issuance of long-term obligations	4,822,250		10,601,839	3,852,250
Repayment of long term obligations	(1,908,212)		(401,563)	
Financing costs	(248,406)		(522,000)	
Sale of common stock			11,248,803	61,665
Exercise of warrants	558,788		1,950	
Repurchase of warrants and other			(125,000)	
Payment of offering costs	(56,642)		(31,688)	

Net cash provided by financing activities	3,155,025	20,717,904	3,947,945
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	466,597	(56,560)	996,042
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	956,230	1,012,790	16,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,422,827	\$ 956,230	\$ 1,012,790

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

#### BIO-key International, Inc. and Subsidiary

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003

#### NOTE A THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Change in Name of Company	and State of Incorporation
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Effective January 1, 2005, BIO-key International, Inc., a Minnesota corporation (Old BIO-key), reincorporated as BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the Company, BIO-key). The reincorporation was effected pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement); whereby Old BIO-key was merged with and into the Company, its wholly owned subsidiary, in order to reincorporate in the State of Delaware (the Reincorporation). As a result of the Reincorporation, the legal domicile of the registrant is now Delaware.

Nature of Business

The Company, founded in 1993, made two strategic acquisitions in 2004. The Company acquired Public Safety Group Inc. ( PSG ) in March, 2004, and the Mobile Government division of Aether Systems, Inc. ( AMG or Mobile Government ) in September, 2004. The Company is now focused on delivering advanced finger based biometric identification and security solutions and information services to law enforcement, fire service and emergence medical service agencies as well as other government and private sector customers. The Company s mobile wireless technology provides first responders throughout North America with critical, reliable, real-time data and images from local, state and national databases.

Basis of Presentation

Broad commercial acceptance of the Company s technology is critical to the Company s success and ability to generate revenues. As a result of two acquisitions, the Company s only significant revenues to date have began in the fourth quarter of 2004. The Company recorded approximately \$14,226,000 in revenues in 2005. The Company has accumulated losses during 2003 and 2004 of approximately \$18,405,000, of which approximately \$14,346,000 was incurred during 2004. The Company reported a profit of approximately \$358,000 in 2005. As of December 31, 2005, there was a working capital deficit of approximately \$3,600,000.

The Company issued notes in 2004 as well as 2005 in amount of approximately \$10,101,000 and \$5,300,000, respectively. The Company is also currently considering various alternatives to improve its operating results. No assurance can be given that the Company s operating results will improve as a result of this additional funding or that such funding would not be dilutive to existing stockholders.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. The matters described in the preceding paragraphs raise substantial doubt about the Company s ability to continue as a going concern. Recoverability of a major portion of the recorded asset amounts shown in the accompanying balance sheet is dependent upon the Company s ability to obtain additional funding, meet its funding requirements on a continuing basis, and succeed in its future operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements follows:

## 1. Basis of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BIO-key International, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary (collectively, the Company) and are stated in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenues from software licensing are recognized in accordance with Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, as amended by SOP No. 98-9. Accordingly, revenue from software licensing is recognized when all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable.

The Company intends to enter into arrangements with end users for items which may include software license fees, usage fees and services or various combinations thereof. For each arrangement, revenues will be recognized when evidence of an agreement has been documented, the fees are fixed or determinable, collection of fees is probable, delivery of the product has occurred and no other significant obligations remain.

Multiple-Element Arrangements: For multiple-element arrangements, each element of the arrangement will be analyzed and the Company will allocate a portion of the total fee under the arrangement to the elements using vendor specific objective evidence of fair value of the element, regardless of any separate prices stated within the contract for each element. Vendor specific objective evidence is based on the price the customer is required to pay when the element is sold separately (i.e., software license fees charged when consulting or other services are not provided, hourly rates charged for consulting services when sold separately from a software license or usage fees). If vendor specific objective evidence of fair value does not exist for any undelivered elements, all revenue is deferred and recognized ratably over the service period if the undelivered element is services, or until sufficient objective evidence of fair value exists or all elements have been delivered.

License Revenues: Amounts allocated to license revenues are recognized at the time of delivery of the software and all other revenue recognition criteria discussed above have been met.

Revenue from licensing software, which requires significant customization and modification, is recognized using the percentage of completion method, based on the hours of effort incurred by the company in relation to the total estimated hours to complete. In instances where third party hardware, software or services form a significant portion of a customer—s contract, the company recognizes revenue for the element of software customization by the percentage of completion method described above. Third party hardware, software, and services are recognized upon shipment or acceptance as appropriate. If the company makes different judgments or utilizes different estimates of the total amount of work expected to be required to customize or modify the software, the timing and revenue recognition, from period to period, and the margins on the project in the reporting period, may differ materially from amounts reported. Revenues earned but not yet billed are shown as an asset in Costs and Earnings in Excess of Billings in the balance sheet. Billings in excess of cost and earnings are reflected as a liability in the balance sheet. Anticipated contract losses are recognized as soon as they become known and are estimable.

Service Revenues: Revenues from services are comprised of maintenance and consulting and implementation services. Maintenance revenues include providing for unspecified when-and-if available product updates and customer telephone support services, and are recognized ratably over the term of the service period. Consulting services are generally sold on a time-and-materials basis and include a range of services including installation of software and assisting in the design of interfaces to allow the software to operate in customized environments. Services are generally separable from other elements under the arrangement since performance of the services are not essential to the functionality of any other element of the transaction and are described in the contract such that the total price of the arrangement would be expected to vary as the result of the inclusion or exclusion of the services. Revenues from services are generally recognized as the services are performed.

Usage Fees: Usage fees are charged on certain applications based on the customer s volume of use. Usage revenue is recognized based on the actual level of activity used by the customer or, in the case of fixed-fee arrangements, ratably over the arranged time period.

The Company provides customers, free of charge or at a minimal cost, testing kits which potential licensing customers may use to test compatibility/acceptance of the Company s technology with the customer s intended applications.

### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of certificates of deposit and all other liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company maintains its cash balances in a financial institution in Nevada. These balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000.

#### 4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable billed and unbilled are carried at original amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful receivables by regularly evaluating individual customer receivables and considering a customer s financial condition, credit history, and current economic conditions. Accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received.

#### 5. Accounting for Acquisitions

The Company completed the acquisitions of PSG and AMG. These acquisitions have been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, which has resulted in recording significant goodwill and other intangible asset balances. The purchase prices have been allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated fair values on the date of the acquisitions, as determined by management, and by appraisals with respect to identifiable intangible assets. Our accounting for these acquisitions involves significant judgments and estimates regarding fair values of acquired intangible assets, which are based on projections of future revenues and cash flows, assumptions regarding discount factors, royalty rates, tax rates, amortization methodologies and related useful lives. The developed technology (software), copyrighted software, marketing agreements, customer relationships and trademarks were valued using the income approach and are being amortized on a straight line basis over five years, their estimated useful lives.

#### 6. Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over the estimated service lives, principally using straight-line methods. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the life of the improvement or the lease term, using the straight-line method. Intangible assets other than financing fees are amortized on the straight-line method over their expected useful lives. Financing fees related to the issuance of long-term obligations are capitalized and amortized to interest expense over the lives of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Patent costs are capitalized until patents are awarded. Upon award, such costs are amortized over their respective lives. If a patent is denied, all costs are charged to operations in that year.

The estimated useful lives used to compute depreciation and amortization for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

Equipment and leasehold improvements	
Equipment	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Software	3 years
Leasehold improvements	life or lease term
Intangible assets	
Copyrighted software	5 years
Customer relationships	5 years
Trademarks	5 years
Developed technology	5 years
Marketing agreements	5 years
Financing fees	3 years
Patents	life

The estimated aggregate amortization expense of intangible assets for the five years following December 31, 2005 is approximately as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2006	\$ 1,826,000

2007	\$ 1,384,000
2008	\$ 931,000
2009	\$ 430,000
2110	\$

#### 7. Marketable Debt Securities

The Company accounts for marketable securities pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115 Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities (SFAS 115). SFAS 115 requires classification of debt and equity securities in three categories: trading securities, available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities. Debt and equity securities classified as trading securities are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included in income. Debt and equity securities designated as available-for-sale, whose fair values are readily determinable, are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes. Debt securities that are expected to be held-to-maturity are carried at amortized cost. On December 31, 2004, the Company s investments were all classified as available-for-sale. In January 2005, the Company sold these investments and did not purchase any additional Marketable Debt Securities as of December 31, 2005.

#### 8. Derivative and Warrant Financial Instruments

In connection with the sale of debt or equity instruments, we may sell options or warrants to purchase our common stock. In certain circumstances, these options or warrants may be classified as derivative liabilities, rather than as equity. Additionally, the debt or equity instruments may contain embedded derivative instruments, such as conversion options, which in certain circumstances may be required to be bifurcated from the associated host instrument and accounted for separately as a derivative instrument asset or liability.

The identification of, and accounting for, derivative instruments is complex. Our derivative instrument liability is re-valued at the end of each reporting period, with changes in the fair value of the derivative liability recorded as charges or credits to income, in the period in which the changes occur. For options, warrants and bifurcated conversion options that are accounted for as derivative instrument liabilities, we determine the fair value of these instruments using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. That model requires assumptions related to the remaining term of the instruments and risk-free rates of return, our current common stock price and expected dividend yield, and the expected volatility of our common stock price over the life of the option. The identification of, and accounting for, derivative instruments and the assumptions used to value them can significantly affect our financial statements.

#### 9. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of costs of an acquired entity over the net of the amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets., which requires the Company to test goodwill for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable, rather than amortize. Accordingly, the Company has not amortized goodwill. As provided by SFAS No. 142, the Company has elected to perform the annual assessment of the carrying value of all goodwill as of September 30th of each year using a number of criteria, including the value of the overall enterprise. As of December 31, 2005, the Company believes that no material impairment exists. Future impairment charges from previous or future acquisitions, if any, will be reflected as an operating expense in the statement of operations.

#### 10. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, long-lived assets subject to depreciation and amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company s long-lived assets consist primarily of its equipment and leasehold improvements and its intangible assets. Upon indication of possible impairment, the Company evaluates the recovery of held-for-use long-lived assets by measuring the carrying value of the assets against the related estimated undiscounted future cash flows. When an evaluation indicates that the future undiscounted cash flows are not sufficient to recover the carrying value of the asset, the asset is adjusted to its estimated fair value. The following circumstances would be considered important and could lead to an impairment review; significant changes in the manner of our using the asset, negative industry or economic trends and underperformance relative to projected operating results.

#### 11. *Advertising Expense*

The Company expenses the costs of advertising as incurred. Advertising expenses for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were approximately \$108,000, \$146,000, and \$18,000, respectively.

#### 12. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes customer advances and amounts that have been billed per the contractual terms but have not been recognized as revenue. The majority of these amounts are related to maintenance contracts for which the revenue is recognized ratably over the applicable term, which generally is 12 months from the date the customer accepts the products.

#### 13. Research and Development Expenditures

Research and development expenses include costs directly attributable to the conduct of research and development programs primarily related to the development of our software products and improving the efficiency and capabilities of our existing software. Such costs include salaries, payroll taxes, employee benefit costs, materials, supplies, depreciation on research equipment, services provided by outside contractors, and the allocable portions of facility costs, such as rent, utilities, insurance, repairs and maintenance, depreciation and general support services. All costs associated with research and development is expensed as incurred.

#### 14. Earnings Per Share Common Stock

Earnings per share of common stock-basic is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Earnings per share of common stock-assuming dilution reflects the maximum potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock and would then share in the net income of the company. See Note U, Earnings Per Share of Common Stock, for additional information.

#### 15. Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company s employee stock compensation plans are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25) and related interpretations. Under this method, no compensation expense is recognized as long as the exercise price equals or exceeds the market price of the underlying stock on the date of the grant. The Company elected the disclosure-only alternative permitted under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (FAS 123), as amended by FAS 148, for fixed stock-based awards to employees. All non-employee stock-based awards are accounted for at fair value and recorded as compensation expense over the period of service in accordance with FAS 123 and related interpretations.

On December 31, 2005, the Company accelerated the vesting of certain of the outstanding options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock with option exercise prices greater than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on such date. The acceleration applies to all such options outstanding as of December 31, 2005 under the Company's 1996 Stock Option Plan, 1999 Stock Option Plan and 2004 Stock Option Plan, except for options held by the Company's executive officers subject to Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the members of the Company's Board of Directors. Options to purchase up to 897,614 shares of the Company's common stock, or 14% of the total shares of the Company's common stock subject to outstanding options, with a weighted average exercise price of approximately \$1.09 and varying remaining vesting schedules, are subject to this acceleration and become immediately vested and exercisable as of December 31, 2005. The number of shares, exercise prices and other terms of the options subject to the acceleration remain unchanged.

As a result of this acceleration, the Company expects to reduce its exposure to the effects of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (FAS 123R), which requires companies to recognize stock-based compensation expense associated with stock options based on the fair value method. The Company currently expects reductions in stock-based compensation expense associated with this acceleration of approximately \$330,000 for fiscal year 2006 and approximately \$225,000 for fiscal year 2007.

Proforma Compensation Disclosure

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No.148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 149 requires expanded, more prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method on reported results.

The Company has not adopted a method under SFAS No. 148 to expense stock options, but rather continues to apply the recognition and measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock issued to Employees, and related interpretations in accounting for those plans. No stock-based employee compensation expense for options is reflected in net income or losses for the fiscal periods presented as all options granted under those plans had an exercise price equal to or lower than the market price of the underlying common stock at the date of grant.

If compensation expense for the stock options granted had been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates consistent with the method of SFAS No. 123, the Company s proforma net income (loss) available to common shareholders and proforma income (loss) available to common shareholders per share would have been as follows:

	2005	Years ended December 31, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)
Net income (loss) available to common			
shareholders	44,548	(14,730,987)	(4,195,705)
Stock-based compensation expense if the fair			
value method had been adopted	(1,496,086)	(268,000)	(136,000)
Pro forma net loss available to common			
shareholders	(1,451,538)	(14,998,987)	(4,331,705)
Basic income (loss) per common shares	0.00	(0.42)	(0.24)
Basic loss per common shares - pro forma	(0.03)	(0.43)	(0.25)
Diluted loss per comon shares	(0.17)	(0.42)	(0.24)
Diluted loss per comon shares - pro forma	(0.20)	(0.43)	(0.25)

In determining the proforma compensation cost of the options granted, the fair value of each grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The assumptions used to determine the fair value of each grant included the following weighted average assumptions:

	2005	2004	2003
Risk free interest rate	3.95-4.51%	3.00%	1.90%
Expected life of options (in years)	7.00	3.00	3.00
Expected dividends			
Volatility of stock price	132%	90%	120%

#### 16. Income Taxes

The provision for, or benefit from, income taxes includes deferred taxes resulting from the temporary differences in income for financial and tax purposes using the liability method. Such temporary differences result primarily from the differences in the carrying value of assets and liabilities. Future realization of deferred income tax assets requires sufficient taxable income within the carryback, carryforward period available under tax law. The Company evaluates, on a quarterly basis whether, based on all available evidence, if it is probable that the deferred income tax assets are realizable. Valuation allowances are established when it is more likely than not that the tax benefit of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The evaluation, as prescribed by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, includes the consideration of all available evidence, both positive and negative, regarding historical operating results including recent years with reported losses, the estimated timing of future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, estimated future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, and potential tax planning strategies which may be employed to prevent an operating loss or tax credit carryforward from expiring unused. Because of the Company s historical performance and estimated future taxable income a full valuation allowance has been established.

#### 17. *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and assumptions, in the opinion of management are used in accounting for, among other things, long-term contracts, allowances for uncollectible receivables, recoverability of goodwill and other long-lived assets, depreciation and amortization, valuation of deferred income taxes, convertible notes and related discounts, embedded derivates, preferred stock, stock options, and warrants outstanding.

#### 18. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2005, FASB issued FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1, The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments (FSP FAS 115-1), which provides guidance on determining when investments in certain debt and equity securities are considered impaired, whether that impairment is other-than-temporary, and on measuring such impairment loss. FSP FAS 115-1 also includes accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of an other-than temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. FSP FAS 115-1 is required to be applied to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. We are required to adopt FSP FAS 115-1 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006. We do not expect that the adoption of the statement will have a material impact on our consolidated results or financial condition.

In May 2005, FASB issued SFAS 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3 . SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle, and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. It also applies to changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that the pronouncement does not include specific transition provisions. This statement requires retrospective application to prior periods financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We do not expect that adoption of this statement will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143* (FIN 47), which requires companies to recognize a liability for the fair value of a legal obligation to perform asset retirement activities that are conditional on a future event if the amount can be reasonably estimated. We adopted the provisions of FIN 47 on December 31, 2005. No conditional asset retirement obligations were recognized and, accordingly, the adoption of FIN 47 had no effect on our financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R). This statement replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes *APB Opinion No. 25*, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. SFAS 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair value. The pro-forma disclosures previously permitted under SFAS 123 no longer will be an alternative to financial statement recognition. For the Company, SFAS 123R is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2005. We plan to adopt SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective application method described in the statement. Under the modified prospective application method, we will apply the standard to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the required effective date. Additionally, compensation cost for the unvested portion of awards outstanding as of the required effective date will be recognized as compensation expense as the requisite service is rendered after the required effective date. We are evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 123R and expect that we will record substantial non-cash stock compensation expenses. The adoption of SFAS 123R is not expected to have a significant effect on our cash flows but is expected to have a significant adverse effect on our results of operations. The future impact of the adoption of SFAS 123R cannot be predicted at this time because it will depend upon the levels of share-based payments granted in the future. However, had we adopted SFAS 123R in prior periods, the impact would have approximated the impact of SFAS 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net loss attributable to common stockholders included in the Stock-Based Compensation footnote.

In November 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 151, *Inventory Costs an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4*, which amends and clarifies existing accounting literature regarding abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage). This statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005, with earlier application permitted. The provisions of this statement are to be applied prospectively. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

NOTE B Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements
RESTATEMENT
In the process of reviewing our registration statement for the securities issued in our June 2005 financing, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) raised questions with regard to our convertible term notes suggesting that we consider EITF 00-19. Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company s Own Stock to evaluate whether there were any embedded derivative instruments and if so, whether they should be accounted for as an equity or liability classification. The SEC staff also commented that the Company should review the convertible notes issued in fiscal 2003 and 2004. The SEC staff also asked us to review adjustments to revenue made in the fourth quarter of 2004. The SEC staff raised the question of whether the transactions had a material impact on previously filed Exchange Act reports and would be better characterized as restatements.
There were several items that were identified as requiring restatement, these items were:
Revenue Recognition
The Company reviewed contracts and purchase agreements related to certain non-governmental customers and identified specific contracts for which the initial accounting inflated annual and quarterly revenues and earnings in violation of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These practices were primarily the result of recognizing revenue on transactions with customers that were not creditworthy and recognizing revenue when the earnings process had not been completed. The revenue and related cost has been adjusted on the income statement as well as the related balance sheet accounts.
Accounting for Convertible Financing Arrangements
The Company reviewed the initial accounting for the 7% Convertible Notes issued in 2003, the Senior and Subordinated Convertible Term Notes issued in 2004 and the Senior and Subordinated Convertible Term Notes issued in 2005. During the review the company identified that EITF 00-19 should be applied to evaluate whether any embedded derivative instruments qualify as equity instruments or as liabilities. As such certain embedded derivatives were identified that met the conditions set forth under paragraph 12 of SFAS No. 133. These embedded derivative instruments have been evaluated using EITF 00-19 paragraphs 12 to 32 and determined that these instruments would not be classified as components of stockholders equity. The instruments have been deemed liabilities, and as such will be subject to SFAS 133 and should be recorded at fair value. Features that have been evaluated and determined to require such treatment include:
The principal conversion option
The monthly payments conversion option
The interest rate adjustment provisions.

Additionally, it was identified that certain other components of the related financings were also incorrectly accounted for. This includes the warrants issued with the above financing and the costs incurred by Company in obtaining the above financings. The correction of prior errors affected the subsequent accounting for debt conversions to equity as well as the amortization of related discounts and deferred finance charges associated with the above financings.

The Company reviewed the earnout calculations performed in the prior year for the PSG acquisition and identified an error in the calculation. As a result, the Company has restated the prior year s impact relating to this error. At December 31, 2004 the Company had accrued \$43,635 for the earnout provision. The corrected calculation resulted in no accrual being required, and as such the related accrual and goodwill balances have been reduced by \$43,635.

Management believes the scope and process of its internal review of previously reported financial information was sufficient to identify issues of a material nature that could affect our Consolidated Financial Statements and all dates and periods presented herein have been restated to fairly present the results of our operations.

The errors in our previously reported financial information, and the failure to prevent them or detect them in our financial reporting process, were largely attributable to weak internal controls and an inadequate staff of competent accounting personnel with an appropriate level of knowledge of GAAP.

As a result of our review and communications with the SEC, we determined that a restatement of previously reported financial information was required. Our previously reported financial information should no longer be relied upon. Accordingly, we have restated our previously reported financial information for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2004 and our previously reported unaudited financial statements for the first, second and third quarters of 2003, 2004 and 2005 (the restatement). The restatement covers a number of separate matters, each of which is described above.

For the quarterly impact of the restatement and the restated financial results for the first, second and third quarters of 2003, 2004, and 2005, see Note X, Results by Quarter.

The following tables summarize the impact of all of these adjustments on previously reported revenue, and assets, liabilities, and retained stockholders equity (deficit) for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

	Impact of Adjustments on Revenue For the Years Ended December 31,					
	2004		2003			
As previously reported	\$ 5,558,231	\$	524,101			
Revenue recognition	162,720		(308,620)			
As restated	\$ 5 720 951	\$	215 481			

	Impact of Adjustments on Consolidated Balance Sheet Accounts As of December 31, 2004 As of December 31, 2003										3	
		Total Assets		Liabilities	\$	Stockholders Equity (Deficit)		Total Assets		Total Liabilities	S	stockholders Equity (Deficit)
As previously reported	\$	30,844,681	\$	20,223,283	\$	10,621,398	\$	1.864.742	\$	11.000.731	\$	(9,135,989)
Revenue recognition and related SG&A	Ψ	30,044,061	Ψ	20,223,263	Ψ	10,021,376	Ψ	1,004,742	Ψ	11,000,731	Ψ	(9,133,969)
expense		(122,090)		23,810		(145,900)		(308,620)		(18,200)		(290,420)
Debt financing Total		816,501		5,340,573		(4,524,072)				(57,543)		57,543
Adjustments		694,411		5,364,383		(4,669,972)		(308,620)		(75,743)		(232,877)
As restated	\$	31,539,092	\$	25,587,666	\$	5,951,426	\$	1,556,122	\$	10,924,988	\$	(9,368,866)

The following tables present the effect of the restatement adjustments on the consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

	As Previously Reported	ed December 31, 200 Effect of Restatement	)4	As Restated
Revenues				
Services	\$ 3,351,406	\$	\$	3,351,406
License fees and other	2,206,825	162,720		2,369,545
	5,558,231	162,720		5,720,951
Costs and other expenses				
Services	1,174,324			1,174,324
Cost of license fees and other	889,896			889,896
Selling, general and administrative	7,096,088	18,200		7,114,288
Research, development and engineering	2,979,904			2,979,904
	12,140,212	18,200		12,158,412
Operating loss	(6,581,981)	144,520		(6,437,461)
Other income (deductions)				
Interest income	66,824			66,824
Interest expense	(667,008)	(1,249,550)		(1,916,558)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(6,003,137)		(6,003,137)
Gain on sale of marketable securities				
Other expense	(55,300)			(55,300)
Total other income (deductions)	(655,484)	(7,252,687)		(7,908,171)
NET LOSS	\$ (7,237,465)	\$ (7,108,167)	\$	(14,345,632)
Basic Loss per Share:				
Numerator				
Net loss	\$ (7,237,465)	\$ (7,108,167)	\$	(14,345,632)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion	(414,240)	28,885		(385,355)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (7,651,705)	\$ (7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Denominator				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	34,806,201	34,806,201		34,806,201
Basic Loss per Share	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.20)	\$	(0.42)
Pil 4. J.L. and and Change				
Diluted Loss per Share: Numerator				
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (7,651,705)	\$ (7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Effect of Dilutive Securities:				
Convertible Debentures				
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed				
conversions	\$ (7,651,705)	\$ (7,079,282)	\$	(14,730,987)
Denominator				
Weighted average shares Outstanding	34,806,201	34,806,201		34,806,201
Effect of Dilutive Securities:				
Convertible Debentures				
	34,806,201	34,806,201		34,806,201

Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents outstanding *Diluted Loss per Share* 

**Diluted Loss per Share** \$ (0.22) \$ (0.20) \$ (0.42)

	As Prev Repo	viously		ed December 31, 20 Effect of Restatement	03	As Restated
Revenues						
	\$	10,694	\$		\$	10,694
License fees and other		513,407		(308,620)		204,787
		524,101		(308,620)		215,481
Costs and other expenses						1 (0.1
Cost of services		1,694				1,694
Cost of license fees and other		87,387		(10.200)		87,387
Selling, general and administrative		2,118,122		(18,200)		2,099,922
Research, development and engineering		1,037,330 3,244,533		(18,200)		1,037,330 3,226,333
Operating loss		(2,720,432)		(290,420)		(3,010,852)
Other income (deductions)	(	2,720,132)		(250, 120)		(5,010,032)
Interest expense	(	(1,109,786)		(800,002)		(1,909,788)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	`	. , , ,		857,545		857,545
Other income		4,145		,		4,145
Total other income (deductions)	(	1,105,641)		57,543		(1,048,098)
NET LOSS	\$ (	(3,826,073)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,058,950)
Basic Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss	\$ (	(3,826,073)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,058,950)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(136,755)				(136,755)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding	1	7,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
Basic Loss per Share	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.24)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net Loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed						
	\$ (	(3,962,828)	\$	(232,877)	\$	(4,195,705)
D						
Denominator Weighted average shares outstanding	1	7,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
weighted average shares outstanding	1	7,343,380		17,545,580		17,343,380
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures						
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents						
outstanding	1	7,543,586		17,543,586		17,543,586
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.24)
pv	-	(0.23)	Ψ	(0.01)	Ψ	(0.21)

The following tables present the effect of the restatement adjustments on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2004 and 2003.

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	As Previously Reported	As of	December 31, 2004 Effect of Restatement	As Restated
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 956,230	\$		\$ 956,230
Marketable debt securities	1,000,000			1,000,000
Receivables				
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$422,393	1,698,144		(90,090)	1,608,054
Unbilled	310,523			310,523
Due from selling stockholders and other	60,793		(32,000)	28,793
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	6,292,603			6,292,603
Inventory	29,599			29,599
Prepaid expenses	113,130			113,130
Total current assets	10,461,022		(122,090)	10,338,932
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	644,101			644,101
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	657,000			657,000
Deposits	2,838,031			2,838,031
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization	4,177,279		860,136	5,037,415
Goodwill	12,067,248		(43,635)	12,023,613
Total non-current assets	20,383,659		816,501	21,200,160
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,844,681	\$	694,411	\$ 31,539,092
LIABILITIES:				
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$ 3,255,182	\$	(177,145)	\$ 3,078,037
Advances from stockholders	12,753			12,753
Accounts payable	1,325,282		23,810	1,349,092
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts	760,807			760,807
Accrued liabilities	4,639,619		(43,635)	4,595,984
Deferred rent	393,676			393,676
Deferred revenue	3,166,356			3,166,356
Total current liabilities	13,553,675		(196,970)	13,356,705
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities	5,286,951		5,561,353	10,848,304
Deferred rent	1,311,454			1,311,454
Deferred revenue	71,203			71,203
Total non-current liabilities	6,669,608		5,561,353	12,230,961
TOTAL LIABILITIES	20,223,283		5,364,383	25,587,666
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares (liquidation				
preference of \$100 per share) Series C 7% Convertible; issued and				
outstanding, 62,182 shares of \$.01 par value	623			623
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, 40,680,691 issued				
and outstanding of \$.01 par value	406,808			406,808
Additional paid-in capital	45,325,172		2,671,071	47,996,243
Accumulated deficit	(35,111,205)		(7,341,043)	(42,452,248)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	10,621,398		(4,669,972)	5,951,426
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	,,->0		( -, ,)	2,522,120
(DEFICIT)	\$ 30,844,681	\$	694,411	\$ 31,539,092
	, ,	-	,	. ,,

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	As Previously Reported	As o	f December 31, 2003 Effect of Restatement	As Restated
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,012,790	\$		\$ 1,012,790
Receivables				
Billed	409,803		(308,620)	101,183
Inventory	65,857			65,857
Prepaid expenses	165,929			165,929
Total current assets	1,654,379		(308,620)	1,345,759
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	60,157			60,157
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization	150,206			150,206
Total non-current assets	210,363			210,363
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,864,742	\$	(308,620)	\$ 1,556,122
LIABILITIES:				
Advances from stockholders	\$ 34,030	\$		\$ 34,030
Accounts payable	351,742			351,742
Accrued liabilities	173,736		(18,200)	155,536
Deferred revenue	10,000			10,000
Total current liabilities	569,508		(18,200)	551,308
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities	10,431,223		(57,543)	10,373,680
Total non-current liabilities	10,431,223		(57,543)	10,373,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,000,731		(75,743)	10,924,988
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares (liquidation preference				
of \$100 per share) Series B 9% Convertible; issued and				
outstanding, 4,180 shares of \$.01 par value	42			42
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and				
outstanding 21,222,990 of \$.01 par value	212,229			212,229
Additional paid-in capital	18,327,992			18,327,992
Accumulated deficit	(27,676,252)		(232,877)	(27,909,129)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	(9,135,989)		(232,877)	(9,368,866)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	,		, ,	
(DEFICIT)	\$ 1,864,742	\$	(308,620)	\$ 1,556,122

#### NOTE C ACQUISITIONS

Acquisition of Public Safety Group, Inc.

On March 30, 2004, we acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Public Safety Group, Inc. (PSG), a privately-held leader in wireless solutions for law enforcement and public safety markets based in Winter Park, Florida. The acquisition was completed pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) by and among the Company, BIO-Key Acquisition Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, PSG and all of the shareholders of PSG. As a result of this transaction PSG became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and now constitutes a division of our business specializing in the law enforcement and public safety markets (the Public Safety Division). The business combination was accounted for using the purchase method.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, we purchased all of the outstanding capital stock of PSG from the former shareholders of PSG in exchange for an aggregate of 2,416,108 shares of our common stock issued to the former shareholders of PSG, 6,000 shares of our common stock issued to Harward Investments, Inc. (Harward) pursuant to an arrangement involving the discharge of certain outstanding debt obligations of PSG to Harward as of March 30, 2004, \$500,000 in cash, and our assumption of \$600,000 in aggregate net liabilities of PSG. The Merger Agreement provides any liability or obligation of PSG in excess of such \$600,000 limitation, whether arising before or after the effective date of the merger, will be solely the responsibility of the former shareholders of PSG. Additional earnout consideration, determined as a proportion of revenues attained by the Public Safety Division over fiscal years 2004 and 2005, may be paid to the former shareholders of PSG. The Company will make payments of such additional consideration on the last day of the month following each month in which the Public Safety Division achieves specified revenue milestones during fiscal years 2004 and 2005. Such payments will be made in cash, unless the aggregate amount of earnout consideration exceeds sixty percent (60%) of the aggregate consideration paid by the Company in the merger transaction. Any such excess amounts will be paid in shares of our common stock priced as of two (2) days prior to the date on which any earnout payment becomes due. No earn out was paid in 2004 and 2005, nor does the Company expect to pay any in 2006. In connection with this acquisition, three former employees of PSG, who were also shareholders of PSG, entered into two-year employment agreements with the Company to serve within the Public Safety Division.

The 2,416,108 shares issued to the PSG shareholders (the Merger Shares) are subject to escrow provisions contained in the Merger Agreement and a related escrow agreement, which provide for periodic releases of the shares from escrow on a schedule determined by the revenues achieved by the Public Safety Division during fiscal years 2004 and 2005. The owners of such escrowed shares, however, will continue to enjoy all the rights and privileges attributable to the shares, including, without limitation, the right to vote and receive dividends. The principal terms of the escrow arrangement are as follows:

One-twelfth  $(^{1}/_{12})$  of the Merger Shares were held in escrow for the purpose of securing certain prior obligations of PSG to Harward.

The remaining eleven-twelfths  $(^{11}/_{12})$  of the Merger Shares will be released to the former shareholders of PSG at quarterly intervals, on a distribution schedule determined by the revenues achieved by the Public Safety Division during 2004. According to the distribution schedule, all of the Merger Shares will be released as early as September 30, 2006 but no later than December 31, 2007.

Of the remaining eleven-twelfths  $(^{11}/_{12})$  of the Merger Shares, those shares owned by former employees of PSG who became our employees by virtue of the merger transaction are subject to repurchase by us under certain circumstances involving the termination of such employee s employment. Shares remaining in escrow may also be used to fund indemnification obligations of the former PSG shareholders pursuant to the Merger Agreement.

Through March 15, 2006, 1,298,541 Merger Shares have been released from escrow under the Merger Agreement. The Company did not finalize the purchase price until March 31, 2005.

A summary of the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired and liabilities assumed, pertaining to PSG, is as follows:

Current Assets	\$ 8,573
Goodwill	2,660,242
Copyrighted software	1,181,429
Marketing agreements	605,340
Trademarks	379,807
Other assets	5,857
Total assets acquired	4,841,248
Current Liabilites	(332,307)
Long-term obligations	(400,000)
Purchase price	\$ 4,108,941

Acquisition of Mobile Government

On September 30, 2004, we acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of the Mobile Government division of Aether Systems, Inc (Aether). The aggregate purchase price of the acquisition was \$12,198,171, which includes a \$311,537 post closing reduction in deferred rent and a working capital adjustment payment of \$341,878 made to Aether during December 2004. The Company did not finalize the purchase price of Aether Mobile Government until September 30, 2005.

A summary of the adjusted estimated fair value of the net assets acquired and liabilities assumed is as follows:

Current assets	9,706,935
Goodwill	8,729,412
Developed Technology	710,000
Customer relationships	1,009,000
Trademarks	428,065
Fixed Assets	381,358
Total assets acquired	20,964,770
Current liabilities assumed	(8,766,599)
Total purchase price	12,198,171

The components of the adjusted purchase price are as follows:

Cash paid	10,341,878
Deferred rent as a result of a sub-lease with Aether	1,766,293
Acquisition costs	90,000
Total purchase price	12,198,171

In connection with this acquisition, the Company issued a subordinated secured promissory note to Aether in the face amount of \$6,884,588 (the Aether Note ). The Aether Note evidences a contingent reimbursement obligation of the Company to Aether and a surety fee payable by the Company to Aether, in each case with respect to a letter of credit maintained by Aether for the Company s benefit in connection with the acquisition. The Company s obligations under the Aether Note are secured by a security interest granted to Aether in all or substantially all of the Company s assets subordinate to the security interest described in the Long-Term Obligations footnote.

In conjunction with the acquisition of the Mobile Government division, the company was required to place approximately \$2,750,000 in escrow as of September 30, 2004, for the following:

\$1,000,000 in escrow deposit supporting a \$6,884,588 subordinated secured promissory note issued to Aether to secure performance obligations assumed under a contract with Hamilton County, Ohio. The obligation is expected to extend for one year after final acceptance of the system by the customer. Acceptance is expected to occur in 2006.

\$1,000,000 in escrow available to Lockheed Martin in the event of non-payment of liabilities for work performed on a contract with the Pennsylvania State Police. The escrow is available to Lockheed Martin until conditional acceptance of certain defined milestones. During 2005, the entire escrow was returned to the Company upon successful completion of a project milestone.

There is approximately \$750,000 in escrow which is available to the landlord of a subleased facility in the event the company defaults on a lease. The funds will not be available for use by the company until the termination of the lease in August 2008.

The acquisitions of the Mobile Government Division from Aether Systems, Inc., (Mobile Government) and of Public Safety Group (PSG) required a significant increase in accounting operations on the part of the Company. At the time of the acquisitions the Company received some detailed information, however the period that was required to identify and measure the fair value of all of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed through the acquisition was not feasible given the existing staffing constraints of the organization. In order to comply with the fair value requirement noted in paragraph 6 of EITF 01-03, the Company conducted it is review of the acquired net assets of both PSG and Mobile Government as of the dates of acquisition, March 30, 2004 and September 30, 2004 respectively, and determined an initial price allocation. The Company, subsequent to this initial price allocation and through the course of ongoing reviews and assessments of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed through the acquisition, determined that there were several adjustments that were required. The information that helped determine these adjustments became available and obtainable subsequent to the acquisition date. Thus, the Company has made adjustments accordingly subsequent to the acquisition date in accordance with the definition of allocation period in Appendix F of FAS 141. These adjustments consisted of deferred revenue adjustments, recalculation of deferred rent, working capital adjustments, and contingent purchase prices adjustments and project related adjustments. The Company finalized the allocation of purchase price for PSG and Mobile Government as of March 30, 2005 and September 30, 2005, respectively.

Liquidated Damages

The Company may have to pay liquidated damages to customers in certain circumstance, including instances where its sub-contractors do not perform on time. In addition, the Company sometimes indemnifies certain of its customers against damages, if any, they might incur as a result of a claim brought against them related to third party software imbedded in the Company's products.

The Company's most significant exposure to liquidated and other damages is with its two largest uncompleted contracts with the Pennsylvania State Police (PSP) and Hamilton County, Ohio (Hamilton). The PSP and Hamilton contracts limit the Company's liability for damage to approximately \$7,000,000 and \$10,000,000, respectively. The Company's management believes both contracts will be completed within contract terms including defined specification for performance, and accordingly, payments of damages under the contracts are not likely. However, the projects are not complete and there can be no assurances damages will not be incurred in the future. If damages are incurred there can be no assurance that any amounts required to be paid will not be material to the financial statements.

Warranty Reserve

In some instances the Company may make commitments to provide additional products or services to customers beyond those obligations specified in the contract or those provided in standard maintenance agreements or ordinary upgrades. These commitments usually arise in complex customer installations and are granted to help ensure customer satisfaction. As of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 there was no material requirement for an accrued warranty liability reserve.

Summary of Operations

A summary of the aggregate operating results of the two acquired businesses for the year ended December 31, 2003 is as follows:

\$ 21,833,661
25,072,263
(3,238,602)
(13,142)
(3,251,744)
(3,251,744)
\$ (3,251,744)

Pro Forma Information

The following unaudited financial data reflects revenue, loss from continuing operations, net loss and loss applicable per common share of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 as though the PSG and Mobile Government transactions had occurred as of January 1, 2003.

	Years ended December 31,						
		2004		2003			
Revenue	\$	19,251,001	\$	22,357,762			
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(11,817,800)	\$	(5,873,834)			
Net loss	\$	(11,817,800)	\$	(5,873,834)			
Loss applicable per common share	\$	(0.32)	\$	(0.30)			

#### NOTE D CONCENTRATION OF RISK

Financial instruments and long-term contracts, which potentially subject the Company to risk, primarily consist of receivables and costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts. The company extends credit to customers on an unsecured basis in the normal course of business. The company's policy is to perform an analysis of the recoverability of its accounts receivable and costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts at the end of each reporting period and to establish allowances where appropriate. The company analyzes historical bad debts and contract losses, customer concentrations, and customer credit-worthiness when evaluating the adequacy of the allowances.

As of December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, one, two, and three customers accounted for approximately 11%, 27%, and 82% of the company's outstanding accounts receivable balance, respectively. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004 one customer accounted for approximately 86% of the costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, two, one, and one customer(s) accounted for approximately 16%, 21% and 46% of the Company's revenue, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 the customers generating 16% and 21% of the Company's revenue, respectively, were customers of the Law Enforcement segment. For the year ended December 31, 2003, the customer generating 46% of the companies revenue was a customer of the Biometrics segment.

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 sales to governmental entities amounted to approximately 79% and 89% of total revenue. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004 governmental customers amounted to approximately 74% and 62% of total accounts receivable.

#### NOTE E COSTS AND EARNINGS IN EXCESS OF BILLINGS ON UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS

The components of uncompleted contracts consisted of the following as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003:

	2005	2004 Restated
Cost and Earnings incured on uncompleted		
contracts	\$ 17,505,796	\$ 20,610,050
Less billings to date	(13,216,789)	(14,421,254)
	\$ 4,289,007	\$ 6,188,796
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on		
uncompleted contracts	\$ 4,321,392	\$ 6,949,603
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on		
uncompleted contracts	(32,385)	(760,807)
	\$ 4,289,007	\$ 6,188,796

#### NOTE F PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated		2003 Restated
Consulting fees	\$	\$		\$ 90,000
Insurance and other	137,000		113,130	75,929
Total	\$ 137,000	\$	113,130	\$ 165,929

In October 2003, the Company entered into a twelve-month consulting agreement with a financial advisory services company. The terms of the consulting agreement required \$108,000 to be paid in fees over the term of the agreement. The consulting fees were amortized to expense over the term of the agreement, which expired October 31, 2004.

# NOTE G EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Equipment and leasehold improvements consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
Equipment	\$ 458,847	\$ 348,298	\$ 66,543
Furniture and fixtures	179,349	162,593	36,550
Software	104,414	88,302	
Leasehold			
improvements	170,955	165,756	
•	913,565	764,949	103,093
Less accumulated depreciation and			
amortization	(365,298)	(120,848)	(42,936)
Total	\$ 548 267	\$ 644 101	\$ 60.157

#### NOTE H OTHER ASSETS

Intangible Assets and Deferred Charges

Intangible assets and deferred changes consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
Copyrighted software	\$ 1,181,429 \$	1,181,429	\$
Customer relationships	1,009,000	1,009,000	
Trademarks	807,872	807,872	
Developed technology	710,000	710,000	
Marketing agreements	605,340	605,340	
Patents and patents			
pending	283,779	217,994	68,306
Finance fees and other	2,327,042	1,056,201	81,900
	6,924,462	5,587,836	150,206
Less Accumulated			
Amortization	(2,060,301)	(550,421)	
Total	\$ 4,864,161 \$	5,037,415	\$ 150,206

#### Goodwill

	Mobile Government	Public Safety Group	Total
Initial allocation	\$ 9,636,186	•	\$ 12,171,631
Recalculation of deferred rent	(311,537)		(311,537)
Working capital purchase price adjustment	341,878		341,878
Allocation adjustment	(303,156)	124,797	(178,359)
December 31, 2004	\$ 9,363,371	\$ 2,660,242	\$ 12,023,613
Adjustment to allowance for doubtful accounts	(310,541)		(310,541)
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted			
contracts	(410,684)		(410,684)
Working capital purchase price adjustment	87,266		87,266
December 31, 2005 (Final Price Allocation)	\$ 8,729,412	\$ 2,660,242	\$ 11,389,654

Deferred Offering Costs

In March 2002, the Company engaged an investment banking firm to advise the Company regarding raising additional capital through the potential future issuance of the Company's equity, debt or convertible securities. The firm received a nonrefundable retainer fee of \$50,000, out of pocket costs of \$14,900 and has been granted a warrant to purchase 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share through March 22, 2006. The estimated value of the warrant is \$17,000. These deferred costs were charged to operations in 2004 when this engagement terminated.

The Company also engaged the services of an investment banking firm in connection with the issuance of the Company s debt securities in 2004 and 2005. The Company issued the firm warrants to purchase the Company s common stock on three separate occasions. On September 29, 2004, the investment banking firm was issued 620,667 warrants with a fair market value of \$534,201. These warrants have an exercise price of \$1.55 and are exercisable through September 29, 2009. On June 8, 2005, the Company issued the investment firm 248,615 warrants with a fair market value of \$211,310. The warrants have an exercise price of \$1.35 and are exercisable through June 8, 2009. Finally, on July 14, 2005 the Company issued the investment firm 23,333 warrants with a fair market value of \$22,839. These warrants have an exercise price of \$1.35 and are exercisable through July 14, 2009. The fair market value of the warrants is amortized over the life of the associated debt. As of December 31, 2004, the 2004 warrants have a fair market value \$474,478 and \$59,723 has been charged to non cash interest expense in 2004. As of December 31, 2005, the 2004 and 2005 warrants have a combined fair market value of \$442,248 and \$266,379 has been charged to non cash interest expense in 2005.

Deposits

Deposits consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 estated	2003 Restated
Contract performance deposit with			
Lockheed Martin	\$	\$ 1,000,000	\$
Deposit securing a promissory note with			
Aether	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Lease deposit with Aether	750,000	750,000	
Other	78,560	88,031	
Total	\$ 1,828,560	\$ 2,838,031	\$

#### NOTE I ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
Contract costs not yet invoiced by vendors \$	3,654,440	\$ 3,301,442	\$
Compensation	614,934	634,894	149,659
Royalties	294,512	254,055	
Interest	684,253	227,680	
Other	272,376	177,913	5,877
Total \$	5,520,515	\$ 4,595,984	\$ 155,536

#### NOTE J - RELATED PARTY

#### Consulting Arrangement with Thomas J. Colatosti

In connection with his appointment to the Board of Directors in September 2002, the Company entered into a consulting arrangement with Thomas J. Colatosti. Under the arrangement, the Company paid Mr. Colatosti \$4,000 per month through December 2003 and issued him options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.31 per share, the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. In December 2003, a committee of independent directors renewed this arrangement through December 31, 2004. The committee also issued options to Mr. Colatosti to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.32 per share, the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, for serving as Chairman. Effective November 1, 2004, Mr. Colatosti's monthly consulting fee

was increased to \$14,500. Mr. Colatosti has substantial experience in the biometric industry and in addition to his role as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, provides extensive service to the Company in the areas of strategic planning and corporate finance. During the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, approximately \$102,000 and \$69,000 was paid, respectively. Mr. Colatosti agreed to waive his fees for five months in 2005.

In March 2004, Mr. Colatosti entered into a three year consulting arrangement with the Shaar Fund Ltd., a principal creditor of the Company. Under the terms of the arrangement, The Shaar Fund transferred \$375,000 principal amount of our secured convertible notes due October 1, 2005 to Mr. Colatosti. On April 28, 2004 the Company issued 3,750 shares of the Company's Series A 7% convertible preferred stock to Mr. Colatosti in conversion of the \$375,000 secured convertible note.

#### NOTE K - DEFERRED REVENUE

The components of Deferred Revenue are as follows as of December 31,

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
<b>Current Portion</b>			
Maintenance Contracts	\$ 3,004,159 \$	3,012,205 \$	
Fully deferred systems, installation and			
acceptance revenue	260,124	154,151	10,000
	3,264,283	3,166,356	10,000
Long-Term Portion			
Maintenance Contracts on uncompleted			
Projects	1,091,151		
Maintenance Contracts	72,587	71,203	
	1,163,738	71,203	
Total	\$ 4,428,021 \$	3,237,559 \$	10,000

Maintenance contracts on uncompleted projects are recognized ratably over the applicable term. The term for these contracts begin upon the completion and acceptance of the long term projects, which can be delayed based on various criteria ranging from customer constraints to project change orders. Because of the uncertainty of the timing of acceptance on these long-term projects this deferred revenue has been classified as a long-term liability.

Fully deferred systems, installation and acceptance revenue relates to projects that have been billed per the contractual terms, however because of undelivered elements or acceptance criteria revenue has not yet been recognized. These amounts are expected to be completed within the next 12 months and are classified as current liabilities.

# NOTE L LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
2001			
10% secured convertible note	\$ \$		\$ 3,617,920
2002			
10% secured convertible note			1,080,000
7% convertible note			750,000
2003			
7% Secured convertible term notes			3,852,250
Discount			(368,146)
FMV of embedded derivatives			310,603
2004			
Convertible term notes	5,992,304	9,964,437	
Discount	(5,202,465)	(10,122,156)	
FMV of embedded derivatives	1,183,988	14,084,060	
2005			
Convertible term notes	5,284,723		
Discount	(4,613,507)		
FMV of embedded derivatives	1,623,765		
FMV of warrants	655,416		
Long-term accrued interest payable			1,131,053
	4,924,224	13,926,341	10,373,680
Less current portion (net of discount)	1,201,207	3,078,037	
Total	\$ 3,723,017 \$	10,848,304	\$ 10,373,680

Aggregate maturities of long-term obligations for the years following December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total
Senior secured convertible term notes	\$ 1,524,211 \$	3,048,421	\$ 1,027,367 \$	\$	5,599,999
Subordinated unsecured convertible term					
notes	18,750	14,063	\$	5,644,215	5,677,028
Total	\$ 1,542,961 \$	3,062,484	\$ 1,027,367 \$	5,644,215 \$	11,277,027

Senior Convertible Term Notes

**2004 Notes** 

On September 29, 2004, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Senior Purchase Agreement") with Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. ("Laurus") and certain other institutional and accredited investors (together with Laurus, the "Senior Investors"). Under the Senior Purchase Agreement, the Company issued secured convertible term notes (the "Senior Convertible Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,050,000, convertible into common stock of the Company at \$1.35 per share, and issued warrants (the "Senior Warrants") to purchase an aggregate of 1,122,222 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$1.55 per share.

The proceeds from this transaction were used in part to finance the Company's acquisition of Aether Mobile Government (the "Aether Acquisition"). The Company's obligations under the Senior Purchase Agreement, the Senior Convertible Notes and the Senior Warrants are secured by a security interest in all or substantially all of the Company's assets.

Under the terms of the Senior Convertible Notes, we are required to make monthly payments of accrued interest beginning on November 1, 2004. In addition, the Senior Convertible Notes provide for monthly payments of principal in equal monthly increments of \$157,813 thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing December 1, 2004. The Company made principal payments of \$1,563 in December 2004 and \$1,453,831 in 2005, \$67,500 was also converted into common stock during 2005. The Senior Convertible Notes bear interest at an initial rate equal to the prime rate plus two percent (2%), subject to a six percent (6%) floor. The interest rate on the Senior Convertible Notes is subject to reduction on a month-by-month basis if specified conditions are met. In particular, if (a) we register the common stock underlying the Senior Convertible Notes and Senior Warrants on a registration statement declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) our common stock is trading at a 25% or greater premium to the note conversion price, then the interest rate will be adjusted downward by 2.0% for each incremental 25% increase over the note conversion price.

Alternatively, if (x) we have not registered such common stock under an effective registration statement, but (y) our common stock is trading at a 25% or greater premium to the note conversion price, and then the interest rate will be adjusted downward by 1.0% for each incremental 25% increase over the note conversion price. The effective interest rate as of December 31, 2004 and 2005 was 7.25%.

For any cash payments we make on the Senior Convertible Notes (e.g., any amounts due that are not converted into common stock), we are required to pay an amount equal to 102% of the principal amount due. Accordingly, an additional principal amount of \$101,000 has been included in outstanding Senior Convertible Notes and in the related discounts on long-term obligations. In addition, we can prepay the note at any time upon payment of an amount equal to 110% of the then outstanding principal balance, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

The Senior Investors have the option at any time to convert any or all of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest on the Senior Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.35 per share. In addition, for each monthly payment under the note, the Senior Investors will be obligated to convert a portion of the monthly payment into common stock at the applicable conversion price, so long as:

the average closing price of our common stock (for the five trading days immediately preceding the payment date) is greater than \$1.48 per share (which represents 110% of the note conversion price, based on the initial conversion price of \$1.35),

Such amount being converted does not exceed 25% of the aggregate dollar trading volume for such immediately preceding twenty-two trading days, and

The shares of common stock underlying the note are registered under an effective registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission

The terms of the Senior Convertible Notes and Senior Warrants prohibit conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants to the extent that conversion of the notes and exercise of the warrants would result in any holder thereof, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning in excess of 4.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock. A holder may waive the 4.99% limitation upon 75 days' prior written notice to us. Also, this limitation does not preclude the holder from converting or exercising the note or warrant and selling shares underlying the note or warrant in stages over time where each stage does not cause the holder and its affiliates to beneficially own shares in excess of the limitation amount.

As security for our obligations to the Senior Investors, we, along with our wholly-owned subsidiary Public Safety Group, Inc. ("PSG"), granted to the Senior Investors a blanket security interest in all of our assets, and we entered into a stock pledge with the Senior Investors for the capital stock in PSG. If an event of default occurs under the Senior Convertible Notes or the other related investment agreements, 120% of the unpaid principal balance on the Senior Convertible Notes, plus accrued interest and fees, shall become immediately due and the Senior Investors shall be entitled to payment of a default interest rate of 1.5% per month on all amounts due under the Senior Convertible Notes. Such events of default include the following:

A failure to pay interest and principal payments under the Senior Convertible Notes within three days of when due;

a breach by us of any material covenant or term or condition of the Senior Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements, if not cured within 30 days of such breach;

A breach by us of any material representation or warranty made in the Senior Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements;

If we make an assignment for the benefit of our creditors, or a receiver or trustee is appointed for us, or any form of bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding is instituted by us, or any involuntary proceeding is instituted against us if not vacated within 60 days;

the filing of any money judgment or similar final process against us for more than \$50,000, which remains unvacated, unbonded or

unstayed	for a	period	of 3	0 days;
		F		·,

If our common stock is suspended for five consecutive days or for five days during any ten consecutive days from a principal market or pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission stop order; and

A failure by us to timely deliver shares of common stock when due upon conversions of the Senior Convertible Notes.

As of December 31, 2004 the Company was in default of one of its December 1 principal payments. The Company cured this default on January 5, 2005 and has received a waiver from the Senior Investors, thus avoiding any penalties.

Upon an event of default, the Senior Lenders will be entitled to specified remedies, including remedies under the Uniform Commercial Code.

We have registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission for resale the shares of common stock that are issuable upon conversion of the Senior Convertible Notes and upon exercise of the Senior Warrants. If we fail to comply with our registration obligations, the Senior Investors will be entitled to certain specified remedies, including monetary liquidated damages. In particular, for each 30 days (or such pro rated number of days) that we are out of compliance with our registration obligations, we will be subject to a liquidated damage assessment of 2% of the original principal amount of the Senior Convertible Notes.

Each Senior Investor has agreed, pursuant to the Senior Purchase Agreement, that neither it nor any of its affiliates and investment partners will (and will not cause any other person or entity, directly or indirectly or indirectly, to) engage in short sales of our common stock for as long as any Senior Convertible Notes held by it remain outstanding. Short sales are contracts for the sale of shares of stock that the seller does not own, or certificates which are not within the seller s control, so as to be available for delivery at the time when, under applicable rules, delivery must be made.

#### **2005 Notes**

On June 8, 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the Senior Purchase Agreement ) with Laurus Master Fund Ltd (Laurus). Under the Senior Purchase Agreement, the Company issued a Secured Convertible Term Note (the Senior Convertible Note) in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000, convertible into Common Stock of the Company in certain circumstances at \$1.35 per share, and issued a warrant (the Senior Warrant) to purchase an aggregate of 444,444 shares of the Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.55. The aggregate consideration received by the Company, net of all fees and expenses, for the Senior Convertible Note and the Senior Warrant was approximately \$1,841,000. The proceeds from this transaction are to be used for working capital purposes. The Company s obligations under the Senior Purchase Agreement and the Senior Convertible Notes are secured by a security interest in all or substantially all of the Company s assets.

Under the terms of the Senior Convertible Note, we are required to make monthly payments of accrued interest only beginning on July 1, 2005. In addition, the Senior Convertible Note provides for monthly payments of principal in equal  $^{1}/_{32}$  increments thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing October 1, 2005. The Senior Convertible Note bears interest at an initial rate equal to the prime rate plus two percent (2%), subject to a six percent (6%) floor. The interest rate on the Senior Convertible Note is subject to reduction on a month-by-month basis if the following specified conditions are met. If (a) we register the common stock underlying the Senior Convertible Note and Senior Warrant on a registration statement declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) our common stock is trading at a 25% or greater premium to the note conversion price, then the interest rate will be adjusted downward by 2.0% for each incremental 25% increase over the note conversion price. Alternatively, if (x) we have not registered such Common stock under an effective registration statement, but (y) our common stock is trading at a 25% or greater premium to the note conversion price, and then the interest rate will be adjusted downward by 1.0% for each incremental 25% increase over the note conversion price. In no event shall the interest rate be less than 0%.

For any cash payments we make on the Senior Convertible Note (e.g., any amounts due that are not converted into common stock), we are required to pay an amount equal to 102% of the principal amount due. In addition, we can prepay the note at any time upon payment of an amount equal to 110% of the then outstanding principal balance, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Laurus has the option at any time to convert any or all of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest on the Senior Convertible Note into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.35 per share. In addition, for each monthly payment under the note, Laurus will be obligated to convert a portion of the monthly payment into common stock at the applicable conversion price, so long as:

the average closing price of our common stock (for the five trading days immediately preceding the payment date) is greater than \$1.48 per share (which represents 110% of the note conversion price, based on the initial conversion price of \$1.35),

such amount being converted does not exceed 25% of the aggregate dollar trading volume for such immediately preceding twenty-two trading days, and

The shares of common stock underlying the note are registered under an effective registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The terms of the Senior Convertible Note and Senior Warrant prohibit conversion of the note or exercise of the warrant to the extent that conversion of the note and exercise of the warrant would result in any holder thereof, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning in excess of 4.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock. A holder may waive the 4.99% limitation upon 75 days prior written notice to us. Also, this limitation does not preclude the holder from converting or exercising the note or warrant and selling shares underlying the note or warrant in stages overtime where each stage does not cause the holder and its affiliates to beneficially own shares in excess of the limitation amount.

As security for our obligations to Laurus, we, along with our wholly-owned subsidiary Public Safety Group, Inc. (PSG), have granted to Laurus a blanket security interest in all of our assets, and we have entered into a stock pledge with Laurus for the capital stock in PSG. If an event of default occurs under the Senior Convertible Note or the other related investment agreements, 120% of the unpaid principal balance on the Senior Convertible Note, plus accrued interest and fees, shall become immediately due and Laurus shall be entitled to payment of a default interest rate of 1.5% per month on all amounts due under the Senior Convertible Note. Such events of default include the following:

A failure to pay interest and principal payments under the Senior Convertible Note within three days of when due;

a breach by us of any material covenant or term or condition of the Senior Convertible Note or in any of the investment agreements, if not cured within 30 days of such breach;

A breach by us of any material representation or warranty made in the Senior Convertible Note or in any of the investment agreements;

if we make an assignment for the benefit of our creditors, or a receiver or trustee is appointed for us, or any form of bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding is instituted by us, or any involuntary proceeding is instituted against us if not vacated within 60 days;

the filing of any money judgment or similar final process against us for more than \$50,000, which remains unvacated, unbonded or unstayed for a period of 30 days;

if our common stock is suspended for five consecutive days or for five days during any ten consecutive days from a principal market or pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission stop order; and

A failure by us to timely deliver shares of common stock when due upon conversions of the Senior Convertible Note.

Upon an event of default, Laurus will be entitled to specified remedies, including remedies under the Uniform Commercial Code.

We have agreed to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission for resale the shares of common stock that are issuable upon conversion of the Senior Convertible Note and upon exercise of the Senior Warrant. Under the registration rights agreement, we were obligated to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before July 8, 2005, and to use reasonable commercial efforts to have the registration statement declared effective not later than September 6, 2005. The resale registration statement was initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 8, 2005 for the shares underlying the Senior Convertible Note and Senior Warrant. If we fail to comply with our registration obligations, Laurus will be entitled to certain specified remedies, including monetary liquidated damages. In particular, for each 30 days (or such pro rated number of days) that we are out of compliance with our registration obligations, we will be subject to a liquidated damage assessment of 2% of the original principal amount of the Senior Convertible Note. As of December 31, 2005, this registration statement has not been declared effective, therefore, the Company has approximately \$113,000 reserved for payment of liquidating damages. These damages were limited by a portion that had been waived by Laurus during 2005.

Each Senior Investor has agreed, pursuant to the Senior Purchase Agreement, that neither it nor any of its affiliates and investment partners will (and will not cause any other person or entity, directly or indirectly, to) engage in "short sales" of our common stock for as long as any Senior Convertible Notes held by it remain outstanding. "Short sales" are contracts for the sale of shares of stock that the seller does not own, or certificates which are not within the seller's control, so as to be available for delivery at the time when, under applicable rules, delivery must be made.

Subordinated Convertible Term Notes

#### 2004 Notes

On September 29, 2004, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Subordinated Purchase Agreement") with The Shaar Fund, Ltd. ("Shaar") and other existing shareholders of the Company and accredited investors (collectively, the "Subordinated Investors") for \$4,950,000. Under the Subordinated Purchase Agreement, the Company issued unsecured convertible term notes (the "Subordinated Convertible Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,950,000, convertible into common stock of the Company in certain circumstances at \$1.35 per share, and issued warrants (the "Subordinated Warrants") to purchase an aggregate of 1,099,997 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$1.55 per share. The proceeds from this transaction were used in part to finance a portion of the Aether Acquisition and will be used in part for working capital purposes.

Under the terms of the Subordinated Convertible Notes, we are required to make monthly payments of accrued interest only beginning on November 1, 2004. In addition, the Subordinated Convertible Notes provide for monthly payments of principal in equal monthly increments of \$154,688 thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing February 1, 2005, which payments may be made in shares of common stock at the option of each note holder. The Subordinate Investors converted \$135,000 of these notes in 2004 and \$1,996,420 in 2005. They also made principal payments of \$454,380 in 2005. The Subordinated Convertible Notes bear interest at an initial rate equal to the prime rate plus seven and one-half percent (7.5%), subject to an eleven percent (11%) floor.

We may prepay the Subordinated Convertible Notes at any time upon payment of an amount equal to 110% of the then outstanding principal balance, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Upon any such prepayment, the Senior Convertible Notes must also be prepaid. The Subordinated Investors have the option at any time to convert any or all of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest on the Subordinated Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.35 per share. During 2004, certain subordinated investors converted an aggregate principal amount of \$135,000 into 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

The terms of the Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants prohibit conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants to the extent that conversion of the notes and exercise of the warrants would result in any holder thereof, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning in excess of 4.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock. A holder may waive the 4.99% limitation upon 75 days' prior written notice to us. Also, this limitation does not preclude the holder from converting or exercising the note or warrant and selling shares underlying the note or warrant in stages over time where each stage does not cause the holder and its affiliates to beneficially own shares in excess of the limitation amount.

If an event of default occurs under the Subordinated Convertible Notes or the other related investment agreements, the unpaid principal balance on the Subordinated Convertible Notes, plus accrued interest, shall, at the noteholder's option, become immediately due and the Subordinated Investors shall be entitled to payment of additional default interest at the rate of 2.0% per annum on all amounts due under the Subordinated Convertible Notes. Such events of default include the following:

A failure to pay interest and principal payments under the Subordinated Convertible Notes within three days of when due;

a breach by us of any covenant, term or condition in any material respect of the Subordinated Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements, if not cured within 30 days of such breach;

any representation or warranty made in the Subordinated Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements being false or misleading in any material respect;

If we make an assignment for the benefit of our creditors, or a receiver or trustee is appointed for us, or any form of bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding is instituted by us, or any involuntary proceeding is instituted against us;

the filing of any money judgment or similar final process against us for more than \$50,000, which remains unvacated, unbonded or unstayed for a period of 30 days;

if our common stock is suspended for five consecutive days or for five days during any ten consecutive days from a principal market or pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission stop order;

A failure by	us to timely delive	er shares of commo	on stock when du	ue upon convers	sions of the Subo	rdinated
Convertible Notes;	and					

A change in our controlling ownership.

Upon an event of default, the rights and remedies of the Subordinated Investors will be subordinate to those of the Senior Investors pursuant to Subordination and Intercreditor Agreement dated as of September 30, 2004 by and among Laurus, as Collateral Agent, Shaar, as Purchaser Agent, Aether Systems, Inc., PSG and the Company.

We have registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission for resale the shares of common stock that are issuable upon conversion of the Subordinated Convertible Notes and upon exercise of the Subordinated Warrants. If we fail to comply with our registration obligations, the Subordinated Investors will be entitled to certain specified remedies, including monetary liquidated damages. In particular, for each 30 days (or such pro rated number of days) that we are out of compliance with our registration obligations, we will be subject to a liquidated damage assessment of 2% of the original principal amount of the Subordinated Convertible Notes.

Each Subordinated Investor has agreed, pursuant to the Subordinated Purchase Agreement, that neither it nor any of its affiliates and investment partners will (and will not cause any other person or entity, directly or indirectly, to) engage in "short sales" of our common stock for as long as any Subordinated Convertible Notes held by it remain outstanding.

#### **2005 Notes**

We entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, (the Subordinated Purchase Agreement ) with existing shareholders of the Company and other accredited investors (collectively, the Subordinated Investors ). Under the Subordinated Purchase Agreement, the Company issued Convertible Term Notes (the Subordinated Convertible Notes ) in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,794,723,convertible into Common Stock of the Company in certain circumstances at \$1.35 per share, and issued warrants (the Subordinated Warrants ) to purchase an aggregate of \$28,066 shares of the Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.50. The aggregate consideration received by the Company, net of all fees and expenses, for such Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants was approximately \$2,411,000. The proceeds from this transaction are to be used for working capital purposes. The Subordinated Convertible Notes were issued at a purchase price equal to \$900 for each \$1,000 of principal amount of the Note.

Certain Subordinated Investors purchased additional Subordinated Convertible Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$450,000 and received additional Subordinated Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 133,333 shares of Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$1.50. The aggregate consideration received by the Company net of all fees and expenses for such Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants was \$404,500, which was paid by the Subordinated Investors on July 8, 2005.

Under the terms of the Subordinated Convertible Notes, we are required to make quarterly payments of accrued interest only beginning on September 1, 2005. In addition, the Subordinated Convertible Notes provide for quarterly payments of principal in equal increments thereof, plus accrued interest, commencing September 1, 2006 through May 31, 2008, which payments may be made in shares of common stock at the option of each note holder. The Subordinated Convertible Notes bear interest at nine percent (9%) per annum. Each Subordinated Convertible Note was issued at a purchase price equal to \$900 for each \$1,000 of principal amount of the Note.

We may prepay the Subordinated Convertible Notes at any time upon payment of an amount equal to 120% of the then outstanding principal balance, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Upon any such prepayment, the Senior Convertible Note must also be prepaid. The Subordinated Investors have the option at any time to convert any or all of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest on the Subordinated Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.35 per share.

The terms of the Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants prohibit conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants to the extent that conversion of the notes and exercise of the warrants would result in any holder thereof, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning in excess of 4.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock. A holder may waive the 4.99% limitation upon 75 days prior written notice to us. Also, this limitation does not preclude the holder from converting or exercising the note or warrant and selling shares underlying the note or warrant in stages over time where each stage does not cause the holder and its affiliates to beneficially own shares in excess of the limitation amount.

If an event of default occurs under the Subordinated Convertible Notes or the other related investment agreements, the unpaid principal balance on the Subordinated Convertible Notes, plus accrued interest, shall, at the note holder s option, become immediately due and the Subordinated Investors shall be entitled to payment of additional default interest at the rate of 2.0% per annum on all amounts due under the Subordinated Convertible Notes. Such events of default include the following:

Failure to pay interest and principal payments under the Subordinated Convertible Notes within three days of when due:

a breach by us of any covenant, term or condition in any material respect of the Subordinated Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements, if not cured within 30 days of such breach;

any representation or warranty made in the Subordinated Convertible Notes or in any of the investment agreements being false or misleading in any material respect;

If we make an assignment for the benefit of our creditors, or a receiver or trustee is appointed for us, or any form of bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding is instituted by us, or any involuntary proceeding is instituted against us;

the filing of any money judgment or similar final process against us for more than \$50,000, which remains unvacated, unbonded or unstayed for a period of 30 days;

if our common stock is suspended for five consecutive days or for five days during any ten consecutive days from a principal market or pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission stop order;

A failure by us to timely deliver shares of common stock when due upon conversions of the Subordinated Convertible Notes; and

A change in our controlling ownership.

Upon an event of default, the rights and remedies of the Subordinated Investors will be subordinate to those of the Senior Investors pursuant to a Subordination and Intercreditor Agreement dated as of September 30, 2004 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time) by and among Laurus, as Collateral Agent, Shaar, as Purchaser Agent, Aether Systems, Inc., PSG and the Company.

We have agreed to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission for resale the shares of common stock that are issuable upon conversion of the Subordinated Convertible Notes and upon exercise of the Subordinated Warrants. Under the registration rights agreement, we were obligated to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before July 8, 2005, and to use reasonable commercial efforts to have the registration statement declared effective not later than September 6, 2005. The resale registration statement was initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 8, 2005 for the shares underlying the Subordinated Convertible Notes and Subordinated Warrants. If we fail to comply with our registration obligations, the Subordinated Investors will be entitled to certain specified remedies, including monetary liquidated damages. In particular, for each 30 days (or such pro rated number of days) that we are out of compliance with our registration obligations, we will be subject to a liquidated damage assessment of 2% of the original principal amount of the Subordinated Convertible Notes. As of December 31, 2005, this registration statement has not been declared effective, therefore, the Company has approximately \$202,000 reserved for payment of liquidating damages. These damages were limited by a portion that had been waived by one of the Subordinated Investors during 2005.

Each Subordinated Investor has agreed, pursuant to the Subordinated Purchase Agreement, that neither it nor any of its affiliates and investment partners will (and will not cause any other person or entity, directly or indirectly, to) engage in "short sales" of our common stock for as long as any Subordinated Convertible Notes held by it remain outstanding.

#### 2004 and 2005 Senior and Subordinate Notes

The Senior Notes features discussed above; such as a variety of conversion options, a variable interest rate feature, events of default and a variable liquidated damages clause are considered embedded derivative financial instruments. These features are described below, as follows:

Principal s conversion option: The Notes are convertible at the Holder s option at any time at the fixed conversion price of \$1.35 per share. This conversion feature has been identified as an embedded derivative and has been bifurcated and recorded on the Company's balance sheet at its fair value using the Binomial Option Pricing Model;

Monthly Payments Conversion Option: Holders have the option to convert the Notes monthly payment at a \$1.35 per share conversion price if the common stock price is higher than 110% of the conversion price (\$1.49), as long as the amount converted is not higher than 25% of trading volume for the last 22 trading days. If the Notes monthly payments are not converted, the payments will be paid in cash at 102% of such amount. This conversion feature has been identified as an embedded derivative and has been bifurcated and recorded on the Company's balance sheet at its fair value using binomial models;

Interest Rate Adjustment provision: For every 25% increase in common stock value above \$1.35 per share, the interest will be reduced by 2%. The interest rate may never be reduced below 0%. This conversion feature has been identified as an embedded derivative and has been bifurcated and recorded on the Company's balance sheet at its fair value by measuring the impact of the derivative on the expected interest payment amount over the life of the Note;

The Subordinate Notes includes certain features that are considered embedded derivative financial instruments, such as a variety of conversion options, a variable interest rate feature, events of default and a variable liquidated damages clause. These features are described below, as follows:

Principal s conversion option: The Notes are convertible at the Holder s option at any time at the fixed conversion price of \$1.35 per share. This conversion feature has been identified as an embedded derivative and has been bifurcated and recorded on the Company's balance sheet at its fair value;

Monthly Payments Conversion Option: Holders have the option to convert the Notes monthly payment at a \$1.35 per share conversion price if the common stock price is higher than 110% of the conversion price (\$1.49), as long as the amount converted is not higher than 25% of trading volume for the last 22 trading days. If the Notes monthly payments are not converted, the payments will be paid in cash at 102% of such amount. This conversion feature has been identified as an embedded derivative and has been bifurcated and recorded on the Company's balance sheet at its fair value;

In conjunction with the Senior Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 1,566,666 shares of common stock. In conjunction with the Subordinate Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 2,061,396 shares of common stock. The Company also issued warrants to the Investment Banker to purchase 892,615 shares of common stock in connection with services rendered related to the 2004 and 2005 notes.

As of September 30, 2005, the Company had incorrectly calculated certain interest obligations on certain subordinated notes issued by the Company in September 2004. Accordingly, the Company has corrected the error, and as of December 31, 2005 is current with respect to its obligations under the September 2004 subordinated notes.

The Company entered into an Amendment and Waiver with Laurus, dated as of August 31, 2005, pursuant to which the Company was permitted to defer the payment of the monthly principal amounts due and payable for the months of September, October, November and December 2005 under both (a) the Secured Convertible Term Note in the original principal amount of \$5,000,000 issued by the Company to Laurus on September 29, 2004 (the September 2004 Note), and (b) the Secured Convertible Term Note in the original principal amount of \$2,000,000 issued by the Company to Laurus on June 8, 2005 (the June 2005 Note), such aggregate deferred principal amounts being equal to \$625,000 and \$187,500,respectively. The deferred principal amount under the September 2004 Note is now due on September 29, 2007, the maturity date of that note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to that note upon maturity. The deferred principal amount under the June 2005 Note is now due on June 7, 2008, the maturity date of that note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to that note upon maturity. The Company will remain obligated to pay all monthly interest amounts under these notes as they are currently due.

Pursuant to this Amendment and Waiver, the Company issued an aggregate of 612,166 shares of its Common Stock as consideration for this principal payment deferral. The Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement dated as of August 31, 2005(the Registration Rights Agreement) pursuant to which the Company has agreed to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission(the SEC) covering the resale of these shares of Common Stock on or before August 31, 2006.

The Company also entered into Amendment and Waivers, dated as of August 31, 2005, pursuant to which certain Subordinated Investors allowed the Company to defer the payment of the monthly principal amounts due and payable for the months of September, October, November and December 2005 under the Convertible Term Notes in the aggregate original principal amount of \$2,800,000 issued by the Company to the Subordinated Investors on September 29, 2004(the Subordinated Notes), such aggregate deferred principal amount being equal to \$350,004. The deferred principal amount under each Subordinated Note is now due on September 29, 2007, the maturity date of each such note, and will be paid at the same time the final payments due with respect to each such note upon maturity. The Company will remain obligated to pay all monthly interest amounts under these notes as they are currently due.

Pursuant to these Amendment and Waivers, the Company issued an aggregate of 263,705 shares of its Common Stock to the Subordinated Investors as consideration for this principal payment deferral. The Company entered into the Registration Rights Agreement with each of the Subordinated Investors, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC covering the resale of these shares of Common Stock on or before August 31, 2006.

On July 8, 2005, the Company made a payment of \$39,061 to a holder of a senior convertible note issued by the Company on September 29, 2004 to fully pay all principal and interest on the Note. In conjunction with this repayment, the holder surrendered a warrant to purchase 11,111 shares of the Company s \$0.0001 par value common stock.

Certain holders of convertible term notes issued by the Company on September 29, 2004 and May 31, 2005 did not permit the Company to defer such principal payments, but instead waived certain provisions of those notes, specifically regarding anti-dilution adjustments of the Fixed Conversion Price that would otherwise have been triggered as a result of the issuance of the above described shares in connection with the debt deferral. In consideration of these waivers, the warrants held by these note holders were modified to reflect an exercise price of \$1.35.

The accounting treatment of the derivatives and warrants requires that the Company record the derivatives and the warrant at their relative fair value as of the inception date of the agreement, and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in fair value will be recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense at each reporting date. If the fair value of the derivatives and warrants is higher at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record a non-operating, non-cash charge. If the fair value of the derivatives and warrants is lower at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record non-operating, non-cash income. As of December 31, 2004 and 2005, respectively, the derivatives were valued at \$14,084,060 and \$2,807,753 for the 2004 and 2005 notes. Conversion related derivatives were valued using the Binomial Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; annual volatility of 83% to 118%; and risk free interest rate of 2.89% to 4.4% as well as probability analysis related to trading volume restrictions. The remaining derivatives were valued using other binomial models and measuring the impact of the derivative on the expected interest payment amount over the life of the Note. The Warrants issued with the 2004 Notes were reclassified from a liability to equity in the fourth quarter of 2004 when the registration of the shares became effective. At the time of the reclassification, the Warrants had a fair market value of \$2,847,019. The 2005 Warrants classified as liabilities were valued at \$655,416 at December 31, 2005 using the Black Scholes Option Pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; annual volatility of 110% and risk-free interest rate of 4.4%. Both the derivatives and warrants, with the exception of the reclassified warrants discussed above, were classified as long-term liabilities.

At the time of issuance, the initial relative fair value assigned to the embedded derivatives was \$8,895,741 and \$4,653,425 for the 2004 and 2005 notes, respectively. The initial relative fair value assigned to the warrants was \$1,912,639 and \$1,233,153 for the 2004 and 2005 notes, respectively.

Both the derivatives and the warrants were recorded as discounts to the Notes and are being amortized to interest expense over the expected term of the debt, using the effective interest method. At December 31, 2005, the unamortized discount on the Notes was \$5,202,465 and \$4,613,507 for 2004 and 2005 notes, respectively. The effective interest rate on the Notes for the period ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 ranged between 45% and 180% based on the frequency of principal payments as well as actual payments made. At December 31, 2004, the unamortized discount on the Notes was \$10,122,156 for the 2004 and 2005 notes combined.

#### Other Debt

The key provisions of the Company's long-term notes and debentures issued prior to 2004 are as follows:

10% Secured Convertible Note Issued in 2001: During 2001, the Company had unsecured short-term notes from Shaar in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,770,000. Shaar converted this amount and associated accrued interest of \$257,920 together with additional financing of \$1,065,000 into a convertible note in the principal amount of \$4,092,920 (the Convertible Note). During 2003, Shaar converted \$475,000 of this note along with accrued interest of \$98,465 into 764,620 shares of the Company's common stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$0.75 per share. The note is collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets. During 2004, Shaar first converted \$2,063,938 of this note into shares of the Company's common stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$0.75 per share. During March 2004, the Company entered into a securities exchange agreement (the Agreement) with Shaar. Pursuant to the Agreement, Shaar converted the remaining \$1,553,982 of this note into shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$100 per share.

In conjunction with the issuance of the Convertible Note, the Company issued a warrant to the Shaar to purchase 4,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share through November 26, 2006. The Convertible Note was recorded along with a \$1,016,000 discount assigned to the fair

value of the warrant. The value assigned to the warrant was amortized as interest expense over the twenty-two month life of the Convertible Note. The fair value assigned to the warrant was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes pricing model. The assumptions used to determine the fair value of the grant included the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 3.5%, expected life of three years, stock price volatility of 175%, and expected dividends of zero.

10% Secured Convertible Notes Issued in 2002: As part of a recapitalization transaction, the Shaar agreed to provide additional financing in incremental monthly installments during the six-month period commencing March 1, 2002, subject to certain conditions. As of December 31, 2002, the Company has received \$1,080,000 and issued notes payable to Shaar. The notes are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share. The notes are collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets. Pursuant to the Agreement entered into in March 2004, Shaar converted this note into shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$100 per share.

7% Convertible Notes Issued in 2002: As part of an August 2002 bridge note agreement with Shaar, Shaar provided a total of \$750,000 of additional financing in incremental monthly installments during the four-month period commencing August 2002. The note, as amended, is due October 1, 2005 along with accrued interest at 7% per annum. The bridge notes are convertible at the option of Shaar into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share or into shares of the Company's series B preferred stock at a conversion price of \$100 per share. The note is collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets. Pursuant to the Agreement entered into in March 2004, Shaar converted this note into shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$100 per share.

7% Secured Convertible Notes Issued in 2003: In January 2003, Shaar agreed to provide up to \$2,350,000 of new debt financing. The agreement was amended in October 2003 to provide for up to \$2,500,000 of additional funding. As of December 31, 2003, the Company had received advances totaling \$3,852,250. Pursuant to this agreement, Shaar is to provide the additional monthly borrowings during 2004, subject to certain conditions. The terms of the notes, as amended December 31, 2003, required the principal and accrued interest at 7% to be repaid on October 1, 2005. In the event that the Company completed a private placement of equity securities resulting in gross proceeds of at least \$5,000,000 on or before June 30, 2004 the principal amount and accrued interest due under the note is convertible, at the option of Shaar, into the securities sold in such transaction at a conversion price equal to the sale price of such securities. Upon completion of such an equity transaction, Shaar also has the right to request repayment of the note. Shaar may, at any time, elect to convert some or all of the notes into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share or into shares of the Company's series B preferred stock at a conversion price of \$100 per share. The notes are collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets. The terms of a Registration Rights Agreement with Shaar, as amended, required the Company to file a registration statement with the SEC covering the resale of any shares of common stock issuable upon any conversion of these notes. This registration statement was filed in July 2004.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2004, the Company received the final advances totaling \$1,000,000, pursuant to this note agreement. In March 2004, at the request of Shaar, the Company issued Thomas J. Colatosti, the chairman of the Board, a \$375,000 note and Shaar a \$2,125,000 note (collectively the Investors) in exchange for the October 31, 2003, \$2,500,000 7% Secured Convertible Promissory Note due Shaar. The terms of the notes require the principal and accrued interest at 7% to be repaid on October 1, 2005. In the event that the Company completes a private placement of equity securities resulting in gross proceeds of at least \$5,000,000 on or before June 30, 2004 the principal amount and accrued interest due under the notes are convertible, at the option of the Investors, into the securities sold in such transaction at a conversion price equal to the sale price of such securities. Upon completion of such an equity transaction, the Investors also have the right to request repayment of the note. The Investors may, at any time, elect to convert some or all of the notes into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share or into shares of the Company's series C preferred stock at a conversion price of \$100 per share.

Pursuant to the Agreement entered into in March 2004, the Investors converted the remaining \$2,352,250 of these notes into shares of the Company's series C convertible preferred stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$100 per share. During March 2004, Shaar, in a separate transaction, converted \$1,777,500 of this note into shares of the Company's series C convertible preferred stock at the stipulated per share conversion price of \$100 per share. In March 2004, Shaar, in connection with a securities purchase agreement, paid for a portion of their purchased stock and warrants by canceling \$347,500 of this note.

In 2005, it was determined that the Convertible Notes contained an embedded derivative known as a Conversion Price Adjustment Provision which needed to be separated from the host contract and accounted for separately. The derivative is known as the Conversion Price Adjustment Provision and is described as follows:

If, prior to June 30, 2004, the Company completes a private placement of equity securities of the Company for an aggregate sale price of at least \$5 million, upon the closing of the transaction, the principal and the accrued interest of the Note, shall, at the option of the holder, either (i) be converted into shares of the current financing securities at a conversion price equal to the price per share at which the current financing securities are issued of (ii) immediately be paid in cash.

The accounting treatment of the derivative requires that the Company record the derivative at their relative fair value as of the inception date of the agreement, and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in fair value will be recorded as non-operating, non-cash

income or expense at each reporting date. If the fair value of the derivative is higher at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record a non-operating, non-cash charge. If the fair value of the derivatives and warrants is lower at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record non-operating, non-cash income. As of December 31, 2003, the derivative was valued at \$310,603 and was recorded as a liability. As of December 31, 2004 and 2005, the derivative was valued at \$0 and \$0 because the debt had been retired. The derivative was valued as of December 31, 2003 using the Binomial Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$.35 to \$1.61; exercise price of \$.75; annual volatility of 87% to 141%; and risk free interest rate of 0.96% to 1.51%. The derivative features are being accounted for properly as part of the current year restatement.

On April 28, 2005, The Shaar Fund Ltd. loaned \$250,000 to the Company. The loan allowed for interest at 10% per annum and was paid in full in June 2005 in conjunction with the Company s June financing activities.

As of December 31, 2003, all existing long-term obligations were amended to provide, among other things, that all accrued interest be repaid on October 1, 2005. In connection with the above conversions of notes during 2004, Shaar also converted all accrued interest due thereon into shares of the Company's common stock and series C convertible preferred stock at their respective stipulated per share conversion prices of \$0.75 and \$100 per share.

The conversion and exercise prices of the Company's convertible instruments, options and warrants discussed here and elsewhere were determined by individual negotiation between the Company and the individual security holders or grantees.

Primarily all of the Company's interest expense during 2005 and 2004 related to obligations due Shaar. During 2005 and 2004, interest expense to Shaar was approximately \$226,000 and \$176,000, respectively.

#### NOTE M SEGMENT INFORMATION

In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005, the Company s consolidated operations were divided into three segments: Law, Fire and Biometric. Prior to this segmentation of the business management evaluated the business as one consolidated operation. For presentation and comparability purposes the allocation of costs between segments for prior periods have been estimated.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources based on revenues and operating income (loss). Operating income (loss) for each segment includes selling, general and administrative expenses directly attributable to the segment in addition to those allocated as a percentage based on the segments revenues. The segmentation of operating Income as noted above and detailed below reflects how management now evaluates its business. Assets for the company are commingled and are related to all operating segments. Management does not evaluate or identify the operating assets of the segments separately.

Geographically North American sales accounted for approximately 100% of the Company s total sales for fiscal years 2005, 2004 and 2003.

Summarized financial information concerning our reportable segments is shown in the following table:

	For the Years Ended December 31,					
	2005		2004		2003	
				Restated		Restated
Revenue:						
Law	\$	10,524,938	\$	4,482,778	\$	
Fire		3,221,086		881,196		
Biometrics		480,071		356,977		215,481
Consolidated Revenue		14,226,095		5,720,951		215,481
Segment operating income						
Law		(3,817,866)		(1,463,095)		
Fire		(1,555,788)		(590,056)		
Biometrics		(2,914,528)		(4,384,310)		(3,010,852)
Total Segment Operaing Income		(8,288,182)		(6,437,461)		(3,010,852)
Reconciliation to net loss						
Interest expense		(6,548,130)		(1,916,558)		(1,909,788)
Ineterest income		35,958		66,824		
Non-cash interest income(expense)		15,213,186		(6,003,137)		857,545
Other expense		(54,767)		(55,300)		4,145
Net income (loss)	\$	358,065	\$	(14,345,632)	\$	(4,058,950)

#### NOTE N COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases

The Company does not own any real estate but conducts operations from four leased premises. These non-cancelable operating leases expire a various dates through 2009. In addition to base rent, the Company pays for property taxes, maintenance, insurance and other occupancy expenses according to the terms of the individual leases.

In connection with the Company's acquisition of AMG in 2004, the Company entered into a sub-lease with Aether, which requires monthly lease payments in excess of existing market rates. Rent expense is recorded at market rate and charged on a straight-line basis through August 31, 2008, the termination date of the lease. The company has accrued a liability to reflect the net present value of the excess of cash payments over rent expense for the remaining term of the lease.

Minimum rental commitments of non-cancelable operating leases are approximately as follows:

#### Year ending December 31,

2006	\$ 1,260,000
2007	1,278,000
2008	866,000
2009	23,000
	\$ 3,427,000

Rental expense was approximately \$753,000, \$258,000 and \$60,000 during 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

**Employment Agreements** 

The Company has employment agreements with five employees. These agreements allow the continuation of the employee's salary in the event of termination without cause. The agreements also acknowledge the employee's eligibility to participate in the Company's bonus and option plans, the terms of which have not yet been established. Upon completion of one year of service during 2005, one employee is eligible for options for up to 300,000 shares. As of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the aggregate commitment under these agreements is approximately \$275,000, \$930,000 and \$90,000, respectively.

Legal Proceeding

Prior to our acquisition of PSG in June 2003, PSG was named as a defendant in a civil action initiated in the Superior Court Department in Hampden County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts by The Vince Group, Inc. ("TVG"). The case has since been removed to the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts at the request of the Parties. The complaint claims that PSG is obligated to pay a percentage of certain of its revenues to TVG in consideration for a strategic business introduction allegedly made by an agent of TVG. PSG has denied the allegations and filed an answer in the litigation, and as of the date of this report the outcome of the litigation is pending. The claim is for an unspecified amount including actual damages, interest, and attorney's fees. Management believes the claim is without merit and will settle out of court for an amount which will not have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

Accrued Royalties

From time to time, the Company licenses or sells products which may include technology obtained from third parties under a royalty agreement. These agreements obligate the company to pay the third party a fixed fee, or in some instances, a percentage of the associated revenue. The fees are generally due and payable only when software has been installed and accepted by the customer. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, royalty expense was approximately \$178,000 and \$23,000, respectively.

#### NOTE O STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

In August 2004, the Company's shareholders approved amendments to its articles of incorporation which increased the number of authorized shares of common stock from 60,000,000 to 85,000,000.

During March 2004, the company entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain institutional and accredited investors pursuant to which the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 8,888,928 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,444,464 shares of common stock. The investors paid an aggregate purchase price of \$1.35 for each share of common stock and warrant to purchase 0.5 of a share of common stock, resulting in gross proceeds of approximately \$12,000,000. In connection with the securities purchase agreement, the Investor paid for a portion of their purchased stock and warrants by canceling \$347,500 of outstanding debt.

The Warrants issued in conjunction with the sale of common stock on March 31, 2004, may be exercised at any time prior to June 8, 2009. Each Warrant contains anti-dilution protection through March 31, 2005, which has resulted in a reduction of the exercise price from \$1.755 to \$1.35 per share. Fifty percent (50%) of any unexercised portions of the Warrants are callable by the Company if the volume weighted average trading price per share of our common stock exceeds \$4.3875 per share for ten (10) consecutive trading days and the Warrants have not been exercised after forty-five (45) days' prior notice from the Company.

Under the Purchase Agreement, in the event that (i) an investor is not permitted to sell its securities hereunder for any reason for five (5) or more trading days (whether or not consecutive), (ii) any securities covered hereunder are not listed on an eligible trading market or (iii) our common stock is not listed or quoted, or is suspended from trading, on an eligible trading market for a period of three (3) trading days (whether or not consecutive), the Company will be required to pay a cash amount to the investors equal to one percent (1%) of the aggregate purchase price paid by the investors pursuant to the Purchase Agreement for the first month that such event occurs and one percent (1%) for each month thereafter in which such event remains uncured, in each case prorated for any partial month. If the Company fails to make any such payment in a timely manner, such payment shall bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month (prorated for partial months) until paid in full.

Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock

On January 1, 2005, BIO-key International, Inc., a Minnesota corporation ( BIO-key Minnesota ), consummated a merger (the Reincorporation ) with and into its wholly owned subsidiary, BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation ( BIO-key Delaware ), in order to reincorporate in the State of Delaware. The Reincorporation was effected pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of December 30, 2004 (the Merger Agreement ) by and between BIO-key Minnesota and BIO-key Delaware. The Reincorporation was recommended was approved by the board of directors of both BIO-key Minnesota and BIO-key Delaware, Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, at the effective time of the Reincorporation: (i) each outstanding share of Common Stock of BIO-key Minnesota, \$0.01 par value per share, was automatically converted into one share of Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of BIO-key Delaware; (ii) each outstanding share of Series C 7% Convertible Preferred Stock of BIO-key Minnesota, \$0.01 par value per share, was automatically converted into one share of Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of BIO-key Delaware, with such Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock containing substantially identical terms and conditions as the Series C 7% Convertible Preferred Stock of BIO-key Minnesota; (iii) each option to purchase shares of BIO-key Minnesota s Common Stock granted by BIO-key Minnesota under any warrant, stock option plan or similar plan of BIO-key Minnesota outstanding immediately before the Reincorporation was, by virtue of the Merger Agreement and without any action on the part of the holder thereof, converted into and become an option to purchase, upon the same terms and conditions, the same number of shares of BIO-key Delaware common stock at an exercise price per share equal to the exercise price per share thereunder immediately before the Reincorporation; and (iv) each warrant, option or stock option plan of BIO-key Minnesota was assumed by, and continues to be, a warrant, option or plan of BIO-key Delaware.

The Series A Preferred Stock accrues dividends of 7% payable semi-annually on June 15<sup>th</sup>, December 15<sup>th</sup> and on such date that the preferred stockholder elects to convert preferred stock to common stock in additional shares of its common stock. As of December 31, 2005, cumulative dividends in arrears were approximately \$545,800.

Series B 9% Convertible Preferred Stock (BIO-key Minnesota)

The Series B Preferred Stock accrues dividends of 9% payable semi-annually on June 15, December 15, and on such date that the preferred stockholder elects to convert preferred stock to common stock, in cash, or at the option of the Company, in additional shares of its common stock. As of December 31, 2003, cumulative dividends in arrears were approximately \$86,000. The Series B shares are redeemable at the option of the Company, so long as the Company's common stock is eligible for quotation on the OTC Bulletin Board and the shares issuable upon conversion are subject to an effective registration statement. The Series B shares are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a

per share conversion price equal to the lesser of \$0.75 or a 22% discount to the average closing price of the common stock during the five trading days preceding conversion. The Series B shares have no voting rights.

During March 2004, the Investor converted the remaining 4,180 shares of Series B 9% convertible preferred stock and \$107,693 of dividends and accrued interest thereon into 5,257 shares of the Company's Series A preferred stock. All of the Company's Series A preferred stock is convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share.

Series C 7% Convertible Preferred Stock

In March 2004, we designated 100,000 shares of preferred stock as Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series C Shares"), of which 62,182 are issued and outstanding at December 31, 2004. The Series C Shares accrue a cumulative annual dividend of 7% on the \$100 face amount of such shares payable in shares of common stock on June 15 and December 15 each year, and on such date that the preferred stockholder elects to convert preferred stock to common stock. As of December 31, 2004, cumulative dividends in arrears were approximately \$308,900. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the Series C Shares have a liquidation preference of \$100 per share plus all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon prior to any payment or distribution to holders of our common stock. The Series C Shares are convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$.75 per share. The conversion price is subject to proportional adjustment in the event of stock splits, stock dividends or reclassifications. Subject to certain exceptions, in the event we issue additional shares of common stock at a purchase price less than the conversion price of the Series C Shares, the conversion price shall be lowered to such lesser price. In the event that the average closing bid price of our common stock is less than \$1.00 per share for thirty (30) consecutive trading days at any time after March 3, 2007, we will be required to redeem the Series C Shares by payment of \$100 per share plus all accrued and unpaid dividends due thereon.

We are required to obtain the consent of the holders of a majority of the Series C Shares in order to, among other things, issue any shares of preferred stock that are equal to or have a preference over the Series C shares or issue any shares of preferred stock, rights, options, warrants, or any other securities convertible into common stock of the Company, other than those issued to employees of the Company in the ordinary course of their employment or to consultants or other persons providing services to the Company so long as such issuances do not exceed the conversion rights for more than 500,000 shares of common stock. We are also required to obtain such consent in order to, among other things, complete a sale or other disposition of any material assets, complete an acquisition of a material amount of assets, engage in a merger, reorganization or consolidation, or incur or guaranty any indebtedness in excess of \$50,000.

#### Warrants

The Company has issued warrants to certain creditors, investors, investment bankers and consultants. A summary of warrant activity is as follows:

	Outstanding	Price per share	Expiration date	Exercisable at December 31,
Balance, December 31, 2002	5,857,682			5,723,682
Granted to consultants	200,000 \$	0.49	2006	200,000
Expired	(663,000) \$	0.86 - \$7.50		(529,000)
Balance, December 31, 2003	5,394,682			5,394,682
Sold in connection with private placement	4,444,464 \$	1.35	2009	4,444,464
Sold in connection with convertible notes	2,222,219 \$	1.55	2009	2,222,219
Granted to consultants and Investment bankers	1,214,667 \$	0.97 - \$1.35	2009	1,114,667
Exercised	(3,000) \$	0.65		(3,000)
Repurchased	(567,000) \$	0.38 - \$1.00		(567,000)
Expired or cancelled	(561,932) \$	0.45 - \$3.00		(561,932)
•				
Balance, December 31, 2004	12,144,100			12,044,100

Sold in connection with convertible notes	1,425,843 \$	0.90 - \$1.55	2010	1,425,843
Granted to consultants and Investment bankers	271,948 \$	1.35	2010	271,948
Exercised	(525,000) \$	1.00 - \$1.35		(525,000)
Expired or cancelled	(128,611) \$	0.90 - \$1.31		(128,611)
Vested during the year	\$	0.97 - \$1.35		75,000
Balance, December 31, 2005	13,188,280			13,163,280
	91			

The estimated fair value of the warrants granted during 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$1,467,302, \$2,466,839 and \$67,000, respectively. The estimated fair value of the warrants granted to consultants and investment bankers was \$234,148 and \$534,201 of the \$1,467,302 and \$2,466,839 for the years 2005 and 2004, respectively. The fair value of warrants is estimated as of the grant date using the Black-Scholes pricing model utilizing the same assumptions described in the Stock-Based Compensation footnote. The estimated fair value of warrants granted for goods and services is being amortized to expense over the terms of the consulting agreements.

#### NOTE P STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

1996 Stock Option Plan

During 1996, the Board of Directors and stockholders of the Company adopted the 1996 Stock Option Plan (the 1996 Plan). Under the 1996 Plan, 750,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company at exercise prices which may not be below 100% of fair market value for incentive stock options and 50% for all others. The term of stock options granted may not exceed ten years. Options issued under the Plan vest pursuant to the terms of stock option agreements with the recipients. In the event of a change in control, as defined, all options outstanding vest immediately. The Plan terminates in May 2005.

1999 Stock Option Plan

During 1999, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted the 1999 Stock Option Plan (the 1999 Plan). The 1999 Plan was not presented to stockholders for approval and thus incentive stock options are not available under the plan. Under the 1999 Plan, 2,000,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company at exercise prices which may not be below 85% of fair market value. The term of nonstatutory stock options granted may not exceed ten years. Options issued under the Plan vest pursuant to the terms of stock option agreements with the recipients. In the event of a change in control, as defined, all options outstanding vest immediately. The 1999 Plan terminates in August 2009.

2004 Stock Option Plan

On October 12, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the 2004 Stock Option Plan (the 2004 Plan). The 2004 Plan has not yet been presented to stockholders for approval and thus incentive stock options are not available under this plan. Under the terms of this plan, 4,000,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company at exercise prices which may not be below 85% of fair market value. The term of stock options granted may not exceed ten years. Options issued under the Plan vest pursuant to the terms of stock option agreements with the recipients. In the event of a change in control, as defined, all options outstanding vest immediately. The Plan terminates in October 2014.

Non-Plan Stock Options

Periodically, the Company has granted options outside of the 1996, 1999, and 2004 Plans to various employees and consultants. In the event of change in control, as defined, certain of the non-plan options outstanding vest immediately.

Summary of Option Information

Information summarizing option activity is as follows:

		Weighted					
	1996 Plan	1999 Plan	2004 Plan	Non Plan	Total	Range of exercise price	average exercise price
Balance, as of December	177011111	1,7,7 1 11111	200111111	11011 2 11111	1000	enerense price	cherense price
31, 2002	390,380	1,836,669		1,963,000	4,190,049	0.19-6.42	0.77
Granted	130,000	150,000		2,460,000	2,740,000	0.2-1.32	0.89
Exercised		(193,743)		(114,581)	(308,324)	0.20	0.20
Expired or cancelled	(33,000)	(616,257)		(1,040,419)	(1,689,676)	0.19-3.00	1.04
Balance, as of December							
31, 2003	487,380	1,176,669		3,268,000	4,932,049	0.19-6.42	0.79
Granted			1,960,000	930,000	2,890,000	0.93-1.62	1.14
Exercised	(251,000)				(251,000)	0.38	0.38
Expired or cancelled	(5,000)			(40,000)	(45,000)	0.50-3.22	0.80
Balance, as of December							
31, 2004	231,380	1,176,669	1,960,000	4,158,000	7,526,049	0.19-6.42	0.94
Granted	18,018		831,000	700,000	1,549,018	0.38-1.34	0.90
Exercised	(96,668)	(97,000)		(60,000)	(253,668)	0.38-0.91	0.77
Expired or cancelled	(2,730)	(17,544)	(738,140)	(1,715,150)	(2,473,564)	0.35-1.62	1.00
Balance, as of December	4.50.000			• • • • • • •	< <b>2.17</b> 007		
31, 2005	150,000	1,062,125	2,052,860	3,082,850	6,347,835		
Available for future							
grants,		CAE 122	1 045 140		2 504 252		
<b>December 31, 2005</b>		647,132	1,947,140		2,594,272		

Additional information regarding outstanding options as of December 31, 2005 is as follows:

		Shares under outsta	ınding	options		Shares exe outstand	 
Range of exercise prices		Number of shares		Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining life(in years)	Number exercisable	Weighted average exercise price
\$	0.19	60,000	\$	0.19	2.65	60,000	\$ 0.19
	0.2940	837,456		0.33	2.47	822,046	0.33
	0.4669	1,808,000		0.55	2.99	1,303,332	0.53
	0.86-1.05	646,519		0.97	5.47	396,519	0.95
	1.10-1.62	2,947,860		1.22	5.90	2,324,520	1.20
	6.42	48,000		6.42	2.12	48,000	6.42

The weighted average fair value of options granted to employees and directors during 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$0.85, \$0.68, and \$0.62 per share, respectively. The fair value of each option grant is estimated as of the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model utilizing the same assumptions presented in the proforma compensation disclosure section below.

Non-Plan options were granted to consultants during 2005 and 2004 totaling 700,000 and 45,000 shares, respectively. Six hundred thousand of the options issued in 2005 vest ratably over a three-year period commencing in November 2005. The remaining 100,000 shares issued in 2005 vest ratably over a two-year period commencing in November 2005. The options issued in 2004 vest annually over a three-year period commencing in July 2005. The estimated fair value of these Non-Plan options granted to consultants in 2005 and 2004 were approximately \$443,000 and \$27,000 respectively.

In February and March 2006, 1,798,000 Nonqualified Stock Options were granted to eligible employees

#### NOTE Q INCOME TAXES

Deferred taxes are due to income tax credits and net operating loss carryforwards and to the temporary differences between the carrying values of certain assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Significant components of deferred taxes are as follows at December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 Restated
Current asset:			
Accrued compensation	\$ 37,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 20,000
Accounts receivable allowance	63,000	29,000	
Non-current asset:			
Basis differences in fixed assets	14,000	12,000	(11,000)
Basis differences in intangible assets	(145,000)	39,000	
Accrued interest and other	269,000	89,000	407,000
Income tax credits	856,000	217,000	166,000
Net operating loss carryforwards	16,782,000	11,796,000	9,070,000
Valuation allowances	(17,876,000)	(12,241,000)	(9,652,000)
	\$	\$	\$

As of December 31, 2005 the Company has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$47,122,000 and \$16,491,000 respectively, subject to expiration between 2011 and 2025.

These net operating loss carryforwards are subject to the limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code due to changes in the equity ownership of the Company.

A valuation allowance equal to the full amount of the deferred tax assets has been recorded due to the uncertainty of realization of the deferred tax assets due to operating loss history of the Company. The valuation allowance could be reduced or eliminated based on future earnings and future estimates of taxable income. Similarly, income tax benefits related to stock options exercised have not been recognized in the financial statements.

A reconciliation of the effective income tax rate on operations reflected in the Statements of Operations to the US Federal statutory income tax rate is presented below.

	2005	2004	2003
		Restated	Resated
US Federal statutory income tax rate	34.0%	34.0%	34.0%

Federal income tax provision (benefit) at statutory rate	\$ 122,000 \$	(4,878,000) \$	(1,380,000)
Derivative and warrant valuation adjustments	(5,172,000)	2,041,000	
Other	(585,000)	248,000	55,000
Change in valuation allowance	5,635,000	2,589,000	1,325,000
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ \$	\$	
Effective rate on operations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

#### NOTE R FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's derivative financial instruments consist of embedded derivatives related to the \$7,050,000 Senior Secured Convertible Term Note and the \$8,194,723 Subordinate Unsecured Convertible Term Note ("Notes"). These embedded derivatives include certain conversion features and variable interest features. The Company also issued warrants to purchase shares of the Company s Common stock as part of the debt financing. The accounting treatment of derivatives and the warrants requires that the Company record the derivatives and the warrants as a liability at their relative fair values as of the inception date of the agreement, and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in fair value will be recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense at each reporting date. If the fair value of the derivatives or the warrant is higher at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record a non-operating, non-cash charge. If the fair value of the derivatives or warrant is lower at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record non-operating, non-cash income. As of December 31, 2005, the derivatives and warrants classified as liabilities were valued at \$2,807,753 and \$655,416 respectively. Conversion related derivatives were valued at each quarter end using the Binomial Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; annual volatility ranging from 141% to 87%; and risk free interest rate ranging from .96% to 1.51% as well as probability analysis related to subsequent financing. In accordance with EITF 00-19, the derivatives are classified as long-term liabilities due to the possible monetary penalties associated with conversion features embedded within the debt instruments.

The Company also issued warrants to Investment Bankers as part of the debt financing which were initially recorded as a liability. The FMV of these warrants were adjusted on a quarterly basis. The FMV was reclassified to additional paid in capital within the Equity section once the registration of shares underlying the warrants became effective. Once classified in equity, the fair market value remains fixed. At the time they were reclassified and as of December 31, 2005, the warrants classified as equity were valued at \$2,847,019.

#### NOTE S SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	2005	Years ended December 31, 2004	2003
Cash paid for:			
Interest	1,267,713	181,934	
Noncash Financing Activities:			
Conversion of convertible debentures and notes, bridge notes and			
accrued interest into common stock	890,003	2,547,644	1,573,466
Issuance of Series C preferred stock in exchange for Series B Preferred			
stock and cumulative dividends in arrears, thereon		525,668	
Issuance of Series C preferred stock in exchange for debt		8,702,463	
Issuance of common stock in exchange for options and warrants		99,222	
Issuance of common stock in conjunction with PSG acquisition		3,608,940	
Issuance of common stock and warrants in exchange for services		99,400	
Trade receivables assumed by prior Shareholders of AMG		54,552	
Offering costs		131,211	
Conversion of short-term notes and penalties into long-term notes			9,300,170
Issuance of common stock in exchange for Series A, Series B and			
Series C preferred stock and cumulative dividends in arrears, thereon	121,819	94,383	244,919
Issuance of warrants for reduction in payables			
Securities transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale		1,000,000	
Cashless excersize of options and warrants	164,075		
Goodwill allocation adjustment	633,959		
Issuance of warrants in exchange for financing fees	234,150	534,201	
Issuance of common stock for financing fees related to payment			
deferral	788,284		
Issuance of warrants in conjunction with convertible debt financing	1,233,153	1,912,639	
Reclassification of warrants due to activation of registration statement		2,847,019	
Origination of embedded derivaties with debt financing	4,653,425	8,895,741	
Origination of debt discounts with debt financing	6,540,109	11,749,540	

#### NOTE T PROFIT SHARING PLAN

The Company has established a savings plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees of the Company, after completing one day of service are eligible to enroll in the 401(k) plan. Participating employees may elect to defer a portion of their salary on a pre-tax basis up to the limits as provided by the IRS Code. The Company is not required to match employee contributions but may do so at its discretion. The Company made no contributions during the three years ended December 31, 2005.

#### NOTE U EARNINGS PER SHARE EPS

The Company s basic EPS is calculated using net earnings and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS includes the effect from potential issuance of common stock, such as stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options and warrants and the assumed conversion of convertible notes and preferred stock.

The reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS calculations was as follows for the following fiscal years ended December 31:

	2005	2004 Restated	2003 d Restated
Numerator:			
Net income (loss)	25	8,065 (14,3	345,632) (4,058,950)
Net meonie (1688)	33	0,003 (14,3	(4,038,930)
Dividends accumulated on cummulative preferred stock	(31	3,517) (3	385,355) (136,755)
Income available to common shareholders (basic eps)	4	4,548 (14,7	730,987) (4,195,705)
	40 <b>=</b> 0	7.00 th	
Adjustment for interest expense and debt conversion features		5,834)	
Net earnings, adjusted (diluted eps)	(8,75	1,286) (14,7	730,987) (4,195,705)
Denominator:			
Weighted-average shares used to compute basic EPS	44,78	7,807 34,8	306,201 17,543,586
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Convertible notes	7,25	8,496	
Weighted-average shares used to compute diluted EPS	52,04	6,303 34,8	306,201 17,543,586
Earnings per share			
Basic	\$	0.00 \$	(0.42) \$ (0.24)
Diluted	\$	(0.17) \$	(0.42) \$ (0.24)

The following table summarizes the potential weighted average shares of common stock that were excluded from the diluted per share calculation, because the effect of including these potential shares was anitdilutive.

	2005	ars ended December 31, 2004	2003
Preferred Stock	5,971,755	5,556,376	1,876,500
Convertible Debt		2,926,942	2,185,653
Stock Options	1,456,349	2,205,895	1,164,967
Warrants	188,009	1,034,070	155,533
Potentially dilutive shares	7,616,113	11,723,283	5,382,653

Items excluded from the diluted per share calculation because the exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares:

	Ye	ars ended December 31,	
	2005	2004	2003
Stock options	4,024,544	218,014	1,876,742
Warrants	8,565,442	4,365,829	4,767,932
Total	12,589,986	4,583,843	6,644,674

Had the 2006 Financing taken place prior to the year-ended December 31, 2005, potential common shares would have been increased by 1,428,571 shares. These shares would have been ant-dilutive and would have been excluded from the EPS calculation.

#### NOTE V RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the 2004 and 2003 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 and 2004 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net loss or stockholders equity (deficit).

#### NOTE W EVENTS OCCURRING SUBSEQUENT TO DECEMBER 31, 2005

Effective as of January 23, 2006, BIO-key International, Inc. (the Company) entered into an Amendment and Waiver (the Secured Notes Amendment and Waiver) with Laurus in connection with the Secured Convertible Notes (the Secured Notes) currently held by Laurus.

Under the Secured Notes Amendment and Waiver, the Secured Notes issued by the Company to Laurus on September 29, 2004 in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000 (the September 2004 Note) and on June 7, 2005 in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the June 2005 Note) were amended as follows: (i) the maturity date of the September 2004 Note was extended to January 1, 2008, (ii) the maturity date of the June 2005 Note was extended to December 1, 2008, and (iii) the fixed conversion price under each of the Secured Notes was reset from \$1.35 to \$0.85 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Laurus was reset to \$1.00 per share.

The Company also issued 150,000 shares (the Newly Issued Shares ) of the Company s Common Stock to Laurus in connection with the Secured Notes Amendment and Waiver. The Company granted Laurus registration rights with respect to these shares. In connection with the issuance of the Newly Issued Shares, Laurus agreed to waive the provisions of the Secured Notes regarding any adjustment of the fixed conversion price that would otherwise be triggered as a result of the issuance of the Newly Issued Shares and certain other securities which have a conversion price of \$0.70 per share.

Effective as of January 23, 2006, the Company also entered into an Amendment and Waiver (the Subordinated Notes Amendment and Waiver) with certain holders (the Subordinated Note Holders) of its Subordinated Convertible Promissory Notes (the Subordinated Notes).

Under the Subordinated Notes Amendment and Waiver, the Subordinated Notes issued by the Company on September 29, 2004 in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,288,221 (the September 2004 Notes) and on May 31, 2005 in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,244,723 (the May 2005 Notes) were amended as follows: (i) the maturity dates were extended from September 29, 2007 and May 31, 2008, respectively, to January 1, 2009; (ii) the interest rate was fixed at fifteen percent (15%); (iii) all principal amounts are due at the maturity date and shall be paid in shares of Common Stock priced at \$0.70 per share if the average closing price of the Common Stock for the thirty (30) trading days immediately preceding the maturity date is greater than \$1.10; (iv) interest shall be paid, at the Company s election, in cash or shares of Common Stock, with the Common Stock priced at the average closing price of the Common Stock for the ten (10) trading days immediately preceding the repayment date; and (v) the currently applicable fixed conversion price was amended to \$0.70 per share. In addition, the exercise price of all warrants to purchase Common Stock held by the Subordinated Note Holders that currently have an exercise price greater than \$1.00 per share was reset to \$1.00 per share.

The Company also entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the Securities Purchase Agreement), effective as of January 23,2006, with The Shaar Fund, Ltd., Longview Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance (collectively, the Purchasers).

Under the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the Purchasers Convertible Term Notes (the Convertible Notes) in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000. The Convertible Notes are convertible into shares of the Series B Preferred Stock of the Company, which shares are convertible into shares of the Company at an initial fixed conversion price of \$0.70 per share.

In connection with the Purchasers purchase of the Notes, the Company also issued warrants to the Purchasers (the Warrants ) to purchase up to an aggregate of 500,000 shares of the Company s Common Stock(subject to adjustment as set forth therein) at a per share exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The proceeds from this transaction will be used for general working capital purposes.

The Company entered into an Amendment No. 1 to Subordinated Secured Promissory Note, dated as of January 23, 2006 (the Amendment ), with Aether Systems, Inc. ( Aether ). Pursuant to the Aether Note Amendment, the Subordinated Secured

Promissory Note issued by the Company to Aether on September 30,2004 in the aggregate maximum principal amount of \$6,884,588 (the Aether Note ), was amended to increase such aggregate maximum principal amount to \$7,884,588. The Aether Note evidences a contingent reimbursement obligation of the Company to Aether and a surety fee payable by the Company to Aether, in each case with respect to a letter of credit maintained by Aether for the Company s benefit in connection with the Company s acquisition of the Mobile Government Division of Aether on September 30, 2004. The Company s obligations under the Aether Note remain secured by a security interest granted to Aether in all or substantially all of the Company s assets subordinate to the security interest of Laurus pursuant to the Secured Notes.

On February 7, 2006, BIO-key International, Inc. (the Company )entered into a Compensation Agreement (the Agreement ) with Thomas J. Colatosti (Mr. Colatosti), the current Chairman of the Board of Directors and Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to the Agreement, Mr. Colatosti will provide services to the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates for the year ending December 31, 2006 at a rate of \$14,500 per month.

In February 2006, the Company s shareholders approved amendments to articles of incorporation which increased the number of authorized shares of common stock from 85,000,000 to 170,000,000

On March 28, 2006, the Company entered into a two-year employment agreement with Michael W. DePasquale to serve as the Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company at an annual base salary of \$250,000 subject to adjustment by the Board of Directors as well as \$1,000 per month in lieu of participating in the Company s medical plan. In addition to the Base Salary and Stock Options, a Discretionary Bonus may be awarded to Mr. DePasquale on the basis of merit performance on an annual basis in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. The employment agreement also provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 400,000 shares of Company common stock payable at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The employment agreement contains standard and customary confidentiality, non-solicitation and work made for hire provisions as well as a covenant not to compete which prohibits Mr. DePasquale from doing business with any current or prospective customer of the Company or engaging in a business competitive with that of the Company during the term of his employment and for the one year period thereafter. The Company may terminate the agreement at any time with or without cause. In the event of termination without cause, Mr. DePasquale shall continue to be paid his then current base salary for the greater of six months from the date of such termination or the number of months remaining until the end of the term of the employment agreement.

#### NOTE X Results by Quarter (Unaudited)

The first set of tables below presents unaudited quarterly financial information for 2005 and 2004. The amounts presented have been restated from those previously reported on Form 10-Q for the applicable periods and in our 2004 annual report on Form 10-K. The second set of tables below sets forth, for each of the quarters and for each of the interim balance sheet dates presented, the amounts of the restatement adjustments and a reconciliation from previously reported amounts to the restated amounts.

The restatement adjustments are attributable to the same matters that are discussed in depth in Note B, Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements, and we refer you to that discussion. The third set of tables below summarizes, for each of the quarters and for each of the interim balance sheet dates presented, the impact of each category of adjustment on previous reported revenue; net loss from continuing operations and earnings per share; and assets, liabilities and stockholders equity.

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### **Results by Quarter**

		T 2005 (Restated)	N	Months Ended March 31, 2004 (Restated)		2003 (Restated)	2005 (Restated)	Thre	ee Months Ended June 30, 2004 (Restated)	I	2003 (Restated)
Revenues											
Services	\$	3,059,854	\$	27,800	\$	\$		\$	103,439	\$	2,715
License fees and other		879,737		248,871		27,504	923,665		322,895		10,305
		3,939,591		276,671		27,504	3,685,552		426,334		13,020
Costs and other expenses											
Services		835,565					1,034,127				715
Cost of license fees and											
other		327,857		5,778		2,393	205,385		94,889		2,589
Selling, general and											
administrative		2,846,623		815,703		568,499	3,125,471		1,343,942		468,947
Research, development and											
engineering		2,075,070		262,761		221,107	1,670,471		351,814		253,770
		6,085,115		1,084,242		791,999	6,035,454		1,790,645		726,021
Operating loss		(2,145,524)		(807,571)		(764,495)	(2,349,902)		(1,364,311)		(713,001)
Other income											
(deductions)											
Interest income		26,062					2,988				
Interest expense		(1,318,373)		(367,044)		(410,964)	(1,357,964)		(852)		(484,733)
Derivative and warrant fair							, , , ,		` /		
value adjustments		6,554,565		323,128		(119,247)	2,226,485				27,359
Gain on sale of marketable		-,,-		,			, , , , ,				. ,
securities		(20,000)									
Other income (expense)		( ',''')		2,348		554	(532)		14,175		426
Total other income				_,			()		- 1,-12		.=-
(deductions)		5,242,254		(41,568)		(529,657)	870,977		13,323		(456,948)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	3,096,730	\$	(849,139)	\$	(1,294,152) \$	(1,478,925)	\$	(1,350,988)	\$	(1,169,949)
TET II (COME (2000)	Ψ	2,020,720	Ψ	(0.5,155)	Ψ.	(1,2) 1,102) 0	(1,170,720)	Ψ.	(1,550,500)	Ψ.	(1,10>,> .>)
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share: Numerator											
Net Income (loss)	\$	3,096,730	\$	(849,139)	\$	(1,294,152) \$	(1,478,925)	\$	(1,350,988)	\$	(1,169,949)
ret meome (1655)	Ψ	2,020,720	Ψ	(0.5,155)	Ψ.	(1,2) 1,102) 0	(1,170,520)	Ψ.	(1,550,500)	Ψ.	(1,10>,> .>)
Convertivble preferred stock dividends and accretion		(89,185)		(11,103)			(79,701)		(127,765)		
Net Income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	3,007,545	\$	(860,242)	\$	(1,294,152) \$	(1,558,626)	\$	(1,478,753)	\$	(1,169,949)
D.											
Denominator Weighted average common shares outstanding		42,662,253		23,845,247		14,286,154	44,663,981		37,693,849		14,886,809
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	0.07	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.09) \$	(0.03)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.08)
Diluted Loss per Share:											
Numerator											
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	3,007,545	\$	(860,242)	\$	(1,294,152) \$	(1,558,626)	\$	(1,478,753)	\$	(1,169,949)

Effect of Dilutive Securities: Convertible Debentures	(5,406,505)			(1,081,619)		
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed conversions	\$ (2,398,960)	\$ (860,242)	\$ (1,294,152) \$	(2,640,245)	\$ (1,478,753)	\$ (1,169,949)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding	42,662,253	23,845,247	14,286,154	44,663,981	37,693,849	14,886,809
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures	6,092,739			6,094,636		
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents						
_	48,754,992	23,845,247	14,286,154	50,758,617	37,693,849	14,886,809
Diluted Loss per Share	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.09) \$	(0.05)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.08)
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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

		2005 (Restated)	Se	e Months Ended ptember 30, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)				Three Months Ended December 31, 2004 (Restated)		2003 (Restated)
Revenues											
Services	\$	2,496,883	\$	10,640	\$	5,000 \$	2,543,025	\$	3,209,527	\$	2,979
License fees and other		735,588		254,763		141,987	825,456		1,543,016		24,991
		3,232,471		265,403		146,987	3,368,481		4,752,543		27,970
Costs and other expenses											
Services		503,843					532,607		1,174,324		979
Cost of license fees and other		125,633		25,465		2,641	278,616		763,764		79,764
Selling, general and											
administrative		2,836,875		1,636,260		511,297	3,015,640		3,318,383		551,179
Research, development and											
engineering		1,799,845		452,545		246,523	1,300,649		1,912,784		315,930
		5,266,196		2,114,270		760,461	5,127,512		7,169,255		947,852
Operating loss		(2,033,725)		(1,848,867)		(613,474)	(1,759,031)		(2,416,712)		(919,882)
Other income (deductions)											
Interest income		6,908							66,824		
Interest expense		(1,710,154)		82,937		(546,195)	(2,161,639)		(1,631,599)		(467,896)
Derivative and warrant fair						` ' '	, , , ,				, , ,
value adjustments		4,974,842		940,716		71,799	1,457,294		(7,266,981)		877,634
Gain on sale of marketable				,		,					ĺ
securities				33,125					(33,125)		
Other income (expense)		(24,816)		9,855		1,766	(9,420)		(81,678)		1,399
Total other income(deductions)		3,246,780		1,066,633		(472,630)	(713,765)		(8,946,559)		411,137
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	1,213,055	\$	(782,234)	\$	(1,086,104) \$	(2,472,796)	\$	(11,363,271)	\$	(508,745)
- 12 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 2 (2 3 2 3 )	-	-,=,	-	(10-,-01)	-	(1,000,100)	(=, =, , , , , )	-	(,,)	-	(000,710)
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:											
Numerator											
Net income (loss)	\$	1,213,055	\$	(782,234)	\$	(1,086,104) \$	(2,472,796)	\$	(11,363,271)	\$	(508,745)
ì í				, , , , ,							, , ,
Convertivble preferred stock											
dividends and accretion		(72,632)		(126,801)			(71,999)		(119,686)		(136,755)
		(* ,** )		( 1,11 )			(, ,,,,,		( 1,111,		(
Net income (loss) attributable											
to common shareholders	\$	1,140,423	\$	(909,035)	\$	(1,086,104) \$	(2,544,795)	\$	(11,482,957)	\$	(645,500)
	-	-,- :-, :	-	(202,022)	-	(2,000,200) +	(=,0 : 1,770)	-	(,,)	-	(0.10,000)
Denominator											
Weighted average common											
shares outstanding		45,476,802		38,624,196		16,389,475	46,306,589		39,270,676		19,117,761
g		,.,.,		,,		,,	,,,.		,,-,		,,
Basic Earnings (Loss) per											
Share	\$	0.03	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.07) \$	(0.05)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.03)
51141 0	Ψ.	0.02	Ψ.	(0.02)	Ψ	(0.07) \$	(0.05)	Ψ.	(0.25)	Ψ	(0.02)
Diluted Loss per Share:											
Numerator											
Net income (loss) attributable											
to common shareholders	\$	1,140,423	\$	(909,035)	\$	(1,086,104) \$	(2,544,795)	\$	(11,482,957)	\$	(645,500)
to common shareholders	Ψ	1,110,723	Ψ	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	(1,000,10π) ψ	(2,577,773)	Ψ	(11, 102,737)	Ψ	(0.15,500)
Effect of Dilutive Securities:											
Convertible Debentures		(2,954,793)		(797,814)							
Convertible Detellules		(4,734,173)		(171,014)							
Net loss attributable to											
common shareholders and											
assumed conversions	\$	(1,814,370)	\$	(1,706,849)	\$	(1,086,104) \$	(2,544,795)	\$	(11,482,957)	\$	(645,500)
assumed conversions	Φ	(1,014,370)	Ф	(1,700,849)	Ф	(1,000,104) \$	(2,344,193)	Þ	(11,402,937)	φ	(043,300)

Denominator											
Weighted average shares											
outstanding		45,476,802		38,624,196		16,389,475	46,306,589		39,270,676		19,117,761
Effect of Dilutive Securities:											
Convertible Debentures		8,384,793		73,751							
Diluted weighted average											
common shares and common											
equivalents		50.064.505		20 605 045		4 < 200 455	16 206 700		20.250 (5)		10.115.51
		53,861,595		38,697,947		16,389,475	46,306,589		39,270,676		19,117,761
Dil . II al	ф	(0.02)	ф	(0.04)	ф	(0.07) A	(0.05)	ф	(0.20)	ф	(0.02)
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.07) \$	(0.05)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.03)
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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

		2005 (Restated)		March 31, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)	
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,370,585	\$	478,419	\$	339,838
Receivables						
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$209,102, \$4,000						
and \$0, respectively		2,431,498		461,256		11,195
Unbilled		605,523				
Escrow				11,248,803		
Due from selling stockholders and other		28,793		153,988		
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		6,040,927				
Inventory		29,599		59,624		
Prepaid expenses		208,222		34,404		52,366
Total current assets		10,715,147		12,436,494		403,399
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		658,859		75,866		
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		657,000				
Deposits		2,258,191				
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		4,704,650				
Other				4,827,747		123,962
Goodwill		11,331,311				
Total non-current assets		19,610,011		4,903,613		123,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,325,158	\$	17,340,107	\$	527,361
LIABILITIES:	т	00,020,000	-	21,210,207	-	,
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	2,566,473	\$		\$	6,645,832
Note payable	т	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	400,000	-	0,010,000
Advances from stockholders				60,958		
Accounts payable		1,133,684		540,862		245,687
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		1,404,165		5 10,002		213,007
Accrued liabilities		5,404,872		118,480		732,175
Deferred rent		405,605		110,100		732,173
Deferred revenue		3,535,164		119,658		
Total current liabilities		14,449,963		1,239,958		7,623,694
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		4,247,968		375,000		1,218,866
Deferred rent		1,205,468		373,000		1,210,000
Deferred revenue		53,317		58,301		
Total non-current liabilities		5,506,753		433,301		1,218,866
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,956,716		1,673,259		8,842,560
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):		19,930,710		1,073,239		0,042,300
Preferred stock authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value						
(liquidation preference of \$100 per share)						
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding 51,182 shares of		5				
\$.0001 par value		3				104
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 18,430 shares				005		184
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 88,532 shares				885		
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares; issued and						
outstanding; 44,344,251 shares of \$.0001 par value in 2005,						
35,889,649 and 14,377,406 shares of \$.01 par value in 2004 and				250.005		
2003, respectively		4,434		358,897		143,774
Additional paid-in capital		49,791,707		44,173,027		16,440,399
Accumulated deficit		(39,427,704)		(28,865,961)		(24,899,556)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		10,368,442		15,666,848		(8,315,199)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)

(**DEFICIT**) \$ 30,325,158 \$ 17,340,107 \$ 527,361

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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

	June 30, 2005 2004 (Restated) (Restated)			2004	2003 (Restated)		
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,972,453	\$	3,837,147	\$	254,766	
Receivables							
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$166,853 and							
\$6,000 and \$0, respectively		1,812,413		775,755		7,428	
Unbilled		676,682					
Escrow				50,000			
Due from selling stockholders and other		28,342		154,515			
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		6,724,902					
Inventory		31,301		36,910			
Prepaid expenses		476,899		71,697		93,529	
Total current assets		11,722,992		4,926,024		355,723	
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		649,468		127,536		· ·	
Marketable debt securities		,		5,887,500			
Deposits		2,260,065		- / /			
Deferred offering costs		_,,					
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		4,856,214		4,593,692			
Other		.,000,21.		115,377		130,066	
Goodwill		11,139,046		113,377		150,000	
Total non-current assets		18,904,793		10,724,105		130,066	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,627,785	\$	15,650,129	\$	485,789	
LIABILITIES:	Ψ	30,027,763	Ψ	13,030,129	Ψ	405,709	
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	2,232,614	\$		\$	8,730,708	
Advances from stockholders	Ψ	2,232,014	Ψ	22,944	Ψ	0,730,700	
Accounts payable		971,333		574,783		332,384	
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		1,152,126		374,763		332,304	
Accrued liabilities		5,151,042		266,994		907,846	
Deferred rent		417,895		200,774		907,040	
Deferred revenue				226,236			
		3,007,272				0.070.029	
Total current liabilities		12,932,282		1,090,957		9,970,938	
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		6,896,228					
Deferred rent		1,096,271					
Deferred revenue		53,317					
Total non-current liabilities		8,045,816		1 000 055		0.070.020	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,978,098		1,090,957		9,970,938	
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):							
Preferred stock authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value							
(liquidation preference of \$100 per share)							
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding 47,557 shares of							
\$.0001 par value		5					
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 14,630 shares of							
\$.01 par value						146	
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 75,682 shares of							
\$.01 par value				757			
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares; issued and							
outstanding; 44,952,217 shares of \$.0001 par value in 2005,							
38,430,820 and 15,861,519 shares of \$.01 par value in 2004 and							
2003, respectively		4,495		384,308		158,615	
Additional paid-in capital		50,582,811		44,408,954		16,480,472	
•						,	

Accumulated deficit		(40,937,624)	(30,234,847)	(26,124,382)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		9,649,687	14,559,172	(9,485,149)
(DEFICIT)	\$	30,627,785	\$ 15,650,129	\$ 485,789
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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

	September 30,							
		2005		2004		2003		
		(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)		
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,497,188	\$	2,971,569	\$	58,774		
Receivables								
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$134,292,								
\$1,014,161 and \$0, respectively		2,980,298		3,156,808		147,378		
Unbilled		122,662						
Due from selling stockholders and other				164,714				
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		5,243,350		6,619,726				
Inventory		3,465		76,985				
Prepaid expenses		207,718		388,923		118,183		
Total current assets		10,054,681		13,378,725		324,335		
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		609,375		578,225		38,573		
Marketable debt securities				1,000,000				
Deposits		1,757,037		2,769,691				
Deferred offering costs								
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		5,322,028		17,324,815				
Other				194,665		144,703		
Goodwill		11,388,760						
Total non-current assets		19,077,200		21,867,396		183,276		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	29,131,881	\$	35,246,121	\$	507,611		
LIABILITIES:		-, - ,	·	, -,		, .		
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	1,185,407	\$	998,520	\$	9,625,287		
Advances from stockholders		,,	·	17,931	·	38,532		
Accounts payable		964,987		1,744,600		219,918		
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		61,402		2,7 1 1,000		22,,,20		
Accrued liabilities		5,175,101		4,434,162		1,109,126		
Deferred rent		430,558		441,732		1,105,120		
Deferred revenue		4,152,152		4,755,277		10,000		
Total current liabilities		11,969,607		12,392,222		11,002,863		
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		3,938,870		6,901,815		11,002,003		
Deferred rent		983,765		1,636,098				
Deferred revenue		570,136		59,707				
Total non-current liabilities		5,492,771		8,597,620				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,462,378		20,989,842		11,002,863		
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):		17,402,376		20,969,642		11,002,003		
Preferred stock authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value								
(liquidation preference of \$100 per share)								
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding 44,557 shares of								
\$.0001 par value		1						
		4				110		
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 11,930						119		
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 73,682 shares of				737				
.01 par value				131				
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares; issued and								
outstanding; 46,306,588 shares of \$.0001 par value in 2005,								
38,962,281 and 17,020,776 shares of \$.01 par value in 2004 and		1.606		200 (22		170.000		
2003, respectively		4,630		389,623		170,208		
Additional paid-in capital		51,418,314		44,891,088		16,590,140		
Accumulated deficit		(39,753,445)		(31,025,169)		(27,255,719)		
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		11,669,503		14,256,279		(10,495,252)		

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$	29,131,881	\$ 35,246,121	\$ 507,611
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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

	Three Months Ended March 2005 2004 (Restated) (Restated)				2003		
		(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Net Income (Loss)	\$	3,096,730	\$	(849,139)	\$	(1,294,152)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating		.,,		(1 1, 11,		( ) - , - ,	
activities:							
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(6,554,565)		(323,128)		119,247	
Depreciation		58,590		6,995			
Amortization		,		,			
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial							
conversion features		1,169,652				258,165	
Allowance for doubtful receivables		19,790		2,000			
Gain on sale of marketable debt securities		,,,,		,			
Write down of deferred oferring costs				81,900			
Non-cash interest				230,424			
Deferred rent		(94,057)		,			
Options and warrants issued for services and other		(- ,,				156,000	
Loss on sale of investment		20,000					
Change in assets and liabilities:		-,					
Accounts receivable trade		(655,593)		(299,077)		56,803	
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		92,235		( , ,			
Inventories		. ,		6,233			
Prepaid expenses and other		(18,195)		131,525		(1,469)	
Accounts payable		(238,721)		(124,191)		(109,007)	
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		1,054,043		( :,-> -)		(207,001)	
Accrued liabilities		776,864		98,244		159,474	
Deferred revenue		350,922		83,280			
Net cash used in operating activities		(922,305)		(954,934)		(654,939)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(- , )		( ) )		(11 ), 11 )	
Acquisition of PSG				(498,937)			
Capital expenditures		(73,348)		(17,399)			
Purchases of marketable debt securities		(, e, e , e )		(50,000)			
Proceeds from sale of marketable debt securities		980,000		(00,000)			
Deposits		502,943					
Proceeds from sale of trademark		50,000					
Other		2 0,000		(6,869)		(1,971)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,459,595		(573,205)		(1,971)	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		2,123,232		(0.0,200)		(-,,, -)	
Net advance from (to) stockholders		(12,753)		(6,232)			
Issuance of long-term obligations		( ,, = = )		1,000,000		980,000	
Repayment of long term obligations		(738,346)		,,			
Exercise of warrants		528,164					
Net refund of offering costs		100,000					
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(122,935)		993,768		980,000	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		414,355		(534,371)		323,090	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF		,		( )		3-2,220	
PERIOD		956,230		1,012,790		16,748	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	1,370,585	\$	478,419	\$	339,838	
		,= : - ; = 00		,		,	

### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

	2005 (Restated)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,617,805	\$ (2,200,127)	\$ (2,464,101)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating			
activities:			
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	(8,781,050)	(323,128)	91,888
Depreciation	115,618	17,015	
Amortization			
Intangible assets		108,329	
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial			
conversion features	2,362,690	230,424	578,534
Allowance for doubtful receivables	36,865	4,000	
Loss on sale of investment	20,000		
Deferred rent	(190,964)		
Options and warrants issued for services and other	529,968		156,000
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable trade	(86,981)	(560,293)	60,570
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	. , ,	(300,293)	00,570
Inventories	65,260	29.047	
Prepaid expenses and other	(1,702)	28,947	(42,622)
	(356,571)	155,351	(42,633)
Accounts payable	(411,986)	(90,270)	(22,310)
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts Accrued liabilities	802,004	246 759	225 145
Deferred revenue	659,932	246,758	335,145
	(133,335)	75,747	(1.20(.007)
Net cash used in operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(3,752,447)	(2,307,247)	(1,306,907)
		(408 027)	
Acquisition of PSG	501.060	(498,937)	
Deposits Conital organ ditures	501,069	(70.090)	
Capital expenditures Purchases of marketable debt securities	(120,985) 980,000	(79,089)	
Proceeds from sale of trademark	50,000	(5,887,500)	
	30,000	(50,000)	
Subscription	(21.252)	(50,000)	(0.075)
Other	(21,353)	(25,739)	(8,075)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,388,731	(6,541,265)	(8,075)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Net advance from (to) stockholders	(12,753)	(44.246)	
	. , ,	(44,246)	
Issuance of convertible bridge notes  Repayment of convertible bridge notes	250,000		
	(250,000)	1 000 000	1 552 000
Issuance of long-term obligations	4,515,249	1,000,000	1,553,000
Repayment of long term obligations	(1,404,568)	(400,000)	
Financing costs	(347,315)	11 240 002	
Sale of common stock	520 700	11,248,803	
Exercise of warrants	538,788	(100,000)	
Repurchase of warrants and other	00.500	(100,000)	
Net refund of offering costs	90,538	(21, (00)	
Other	0.050.000	(31,688)	1 550 000
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,379,939	11,672,869	1,553,000
NET INCREASE IN CASH	1,016,223	2,824,357	238,018

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		956,230	1,012,790	16,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	1,972,453	\$ 3,837,147	\$ 254,766
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### **Results by Quarter (Continued)**

		ne Months Ended September 30,			
	2005 (Restated)	2004 (Restated)	2003 (Restated)		
	(Restateu)	(Restated)	(Restateu)		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,830,860	\$ (2,982,361) \$	(3,550,205)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in					
operating activities:					
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	(13,755,892)	(1,263,844)	20,089		
Depreciation	179,642	31,617	38,819		
Amortization					
Intangible assets	1,504,600	216,658			
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial					
conversion features	2,461,638	230,424	945,662		
Allowance for doubtful receivables	22,440	106,000			
Gain on sale of marketable debt securities	20,000	(33,125)			
Deferred rent	(290,807)				
Options and warrants issued for services and other	542,758	24,850	156,000		
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable trade	(862,889)	(113,351)	(79,380)		
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	1,546,812				
Inventories	26,134	35,559			
Prepaid expenses and other	(221,842)	125,343	8,714		
Accounts payable	(418,332)	23,091	(134,776)		
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts	24,173				
Accrued liabilities	683,989	137,355	536,425		
Deferred revenue	1,174,224	70,598	10,000		
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,532,492)	(3,391,186)	(2,048,652)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of PSG		(498,937)			
Acquisition of AMG		(10,089,560)			
Proceeds from sale of trademarks	50,000				
Capital expenditures	(144,916)	(163,022)	(77,392)		
Purchases of marketable debt securities		(5,887,500)			
Proceeds from sale of marketable debt securities	980,000	4,920,625			
Deposits	1,004,097	(2,769,140)			
Other	(56,610)	(126,358)	(22,712)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,832,571	(14,613,892)	(100, 104)		
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Net advance from (to) stockholders	(12,753)	(49,259)	38,532		
Issuance of convertible bridge notes	250,000				
Repayment of convertible notes	(250,000)				
Issuance of long-term obligations	4,920,251	9,841,051	2,152,250		
Repayment of long term obligations	(1,894,148)	(400,000)			
Financing costs	(374,614)	(522,000)			
Net refund of offering costs	100,000				
Exercise of warrants	558,787	1,950			
Sale of common stock		11,248,803			
Repurchase of warrants and other		(125,000)			
Offering costs	(56,644)	(31,688)			
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,240,879	19,963,857	2,190,782		
NET INCREASE IN CASH	540,958	1,958,779	42,026		

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		956,230	1,012,790	16,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	1,497,188	\$ 2,971,569	\$ 58,774
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The following tables set forth, for each of the quarters and for each of the interim balance sheet dates presented, the amounts of the restatement adjustments and reconciliation from previously reported amounts to restated amounts.

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2005 (Unaudited)				
	As Previously		Effect of		As	
		Reported	]	Restatement		Restated
Revenues			_		_	
Services	\$	3,059,854	\$		\$	3,059,854
License fees and other		840,537		39,200		879,737
		3,900,391		39,200		3,939,591
Costs and other expenses						
Cost of services		835,565				835,565
Cost of license fees and other		327,857				327,857
Selling, general and administrative		2,846,623				2,846,623
Research, development and engineering		2,075,070				2,075,070
		6,085,115				6,085,115
Operating loss		(2,184,724)		39,200		(2,145,524)
Other income (deductions)						
Interest income		26,062				26,062
Interest expense		(505,055)		(813,318)		(1,318,373)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				6,554,565		6,554,565
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(20,000)				(20,000)
Total other income (deductions)		(498,993)		5,741,247		5,242,254
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(2,683,717)	\$	5,780,447	\$	3,096,730
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:						
Numerator						
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,683,717)	\$	5,780,447	\$	3,096,730
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(10,692)		(78,493)		(89,185)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(2,694,409)	\$	5,701,954	\$	3,007,545
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding		42,662,253		42,662,253		42,662,253
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.13	\$	0.07
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · ·				
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:						
Numerator						
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(2,694,409)	\$	5,701,954	\$	3,007,545
				, ,		, ,
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				(5,406,505)		(5,406,505)
				(-,,,-		(-,,,
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and						
assumed conversions	\$	(2,694,409)	\$	295,449	\$	(2,398,960)
		( ) , ,				( )===;
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		42,662,253		42,662,253		42,662,253
G		, <b>,</b>		, <b>,</b>		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				6,092,739		6,092,739
				0,002,100		0,072,737
Diluted weighted average common shares and common						
equivalents outstanding		42,662,253		48,754,992		48,754,992
-1		,002,200		, , , , , _		.0,101,772

Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.06)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)
	109			

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Una					
	A	Previously Effect of Reported Restatement			As Restated		
Revenues		Reported		restatement		Restated	
Services	\$	2,761,887	\$		\$	2,761,887	
License fees and other		902,645		21,020		923,665	
		3,664,532		21,020		3,685,552	
Costs and other expenses							
Cost of services		1,034,127				1,034,127	
Cost of license fees and other		205,385				205,385	
Selling, general and administrative		3,125,471				3,125,471	
Research, development and engineering		1,670,471				1,670,471	
		6,035,454				6,035,454	
Operating loss		(2,370,922)		21,020		(2,349,902)	
Other income (deductions)							
Interest income		2,988				2,988	
Interest expense		(575,760)		(782,204)		(1,357,964)	
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				2,226,485		2,226,485	
Other expense		(532)		1 444 201		(532)	
Total other income (deductions)	Φ.	(573,304)	Φ.	1,444,281	Φ.	870,977	
NET LOSS	\$	(2,944,226)	\$	1,465,301	\$	(1,478,925)	
Desir Fermina (Lean) and Change							
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:							
Numerator	ď	(2.044.226)	¢	1 465 201	ď	(1.479.005)	
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,944,226)	\$	1,465,301	\$	(1,478,925)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(176,600)		96,899		(70.701)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(170,000)		90,099		(79,701)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,120,826)	\$	1,562,200	\$	(1,558,626)	
Tet meone (1033) attributable to common shareholders	Ψ	(3,120,020)	Ψ	1,302,200	Ψ	(1,330,020)	
Denominator							
Weighted average common shares outstanding		44,663,981		44,663,981		44,663,981	
		,,.		,,.		. 1,000,500	
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.03	\$	(0.03)	
8 ( 137)		(1111)	•			(1111)	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:							
Numerator							
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,120,826)	\$	1,562,200	\$	(1,558,626)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures				(1,081,619)		(1,081,619)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and							
assumed conversions	\$	(3,120,826)	\$	480,581	\$	(2,640,245)	
Denominator							
Weighted average shares outstanding		44,663,981		44,663,981		44,663,981	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:				6.004.626		6.004.606	
Convertible Debentures				6,094,636		6,094,636	
Diluted and alternative designs and the state of the stat							
Diluted weighted average common shares and common		44 (02 001		50.750.717		50.750.617	
equivalents outstanding		44,683,981		50,758,617		50,758,617	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) non Chara	¢	(0.07)	•	0.01	¢	(0.05)	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.05)	

	A	Three Month As Previously Reported	s Ended September 30, 2005 Effect of Restatement		5 (Unaudited) As Restated	
Revenues		•				
Services	\$	2,496,883	\$		\$	2,496,883
License fees and other		705,718		29,870		735,588
		3,202,601		29,870		3,232,471
Costs and other expenses						
Cost of services		503,843				503,843
Cost of license fees and other		125,633				125,633
Selling, general and administrative		2,868,875		(32,000)		2,836,875
Research, development and engineering		1,799,845				1,799,845
		5,298,196		(32,000)		5,266,196
Operating loss		(2,095,595)		61,870		(2,033,725)
Other income (deductions)						6.000
Interest income		6,908		(0.66.11.6)		6,908
Interest expense		(844,038)		(866,116)		(1,710,154)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(24.016)		4,974,842		4,974,842
Other expense		(24,816)		4 100 706		(24,816)
Total other income (deductions)	¢	(861,946)	¢	4,108,726	¢	3,246,780
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(2,957,541)	\$	4,170,596	\$	1,213,055
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share: Numerator						
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,957,541)	\$	4,170,596	\$	1,213,055
Net income (loss)	Ф	(2,937,341)	Ф	4,170,390	Ф	1,213,033
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(1,500)		(71,132)		(72,632)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(2,959,041)	\$	4,099,464	\$	1,140,423
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding		45,476,802		45,476,802		45,476,802
weighted average common shares culturaling		10,170,002		.5, . , 6, 6 6 2		10,170,002
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.09	\$	0.03
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:						
Numerator						
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(2,959,041)	\$	4,099,464	\$	1,140,423
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				(2,954,793)		(2,954,793)
						, , ,
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and assumed conversions	\$	(2,959,041)	\$	1,144,671	\$	(1,814,370)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		45,476,802		45,476,802		45,476,802
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				8,384,793		8,384,793
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents outstanding		45,476,802		53,861,595		53,861,595
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.03)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2004 (U				Unaudi	naudited)	
		Previously		Effect of		As	
Revenues	J	Reported		Restatement		Restated	
Services	\$	27,800	\$		\$	27,800	
License fees and other	Ψ	284,086	Ψ	(35,215)	Ψ	248,871	
Electise rees and other		311,886		(35,215)		276,671	
Costs and other expenses		311,000		(55,215)		270,071	
Cost of services							
Cost of license fees and other		5,778				5,778	
Selling, general and administrative		820,953		(5,250)		815,703	
Research, development and engineering		262,761		(=,===)		262,761	
		1,089,492		(5,250)		1,084,242	
Operating loss		(777,606)		(29,965)		(807,571)	
Other income (deductions)		(777,000)		(2),500)		(007,071)	
Interest expense		(136,620)		(230,424)		(367,044)	
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(,)		323,128		323,128	
Other income		2,348		020,120		2,348	
Total other income (deductions)		(134,272)		92,704		(41,568)	
NET LOSS	\$	(911,878)	\$	62,739	\$	(849,139)	
NET BOOK	Ψ	()11,070)	Ψ	02,737	Ψ	(01),13))	
Basic Earnings per Share:							
Numerator	φ	(011.070)	¢	(2.720	φ	(940 120)	
Net income (loss)	\$	(911,878)	\$	62,739	\$	(849,139)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(13,348)		2,245		(11,103)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(925,226)	\$	64,984	\$	(860,242)	
Denominator							
		22 945 247		22 945 247		22 945 247	
Weighted average common shares outstanding		23,845,247		23,845,247		23,845,247	
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.00	\$	(0.04)	
Diluted Earnings per Share:							
Numerator							
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(925,226)	\$	64,984	\$	(860,242)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and							
assumed conversions	\$	(925,226)	\$	64,984	\$	(860,242)	
Daniel and an							
Denominator Victoria de la Constantina del Constantina del Constantina de la Constan		00.045.047		22 045 247		02.045.047	
Weighted average shares outstanding		23,845,247		23,845,247		23,845,247	
Effect of Diluting Securities							
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents							
		22 945 247		22 945 247		22 945 247	
outstanding		23,845,247		23,845,247		23,845,247	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.00	\$	(0.04)	
Zamon Zariningo (2000) per mare	Ψ	(0.04)	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	(0.04)	
	112						
	112						

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 (1				J <b>naudited</b> )		
		Previously Reported	]	Effect of Restatement		As Restated	
Revenues							
Services	\$	103,439	\$		\$	103,439	
License fees and other		415,675		(92,780)		322,895	
		519,114		(92,780)		426,334	
Costs and other expenses							
Cost of services Cost of license fees and other		94,889				94,889	
Selling, general and administrative		1,346,442		(2,500)		1,343,942	
Research, development and engineering		351,814		(2,300)		351,814	
research, development and engineering		1,793,145		(2,500)		1,790,645	
Operating loss		(1,274,031)		(90,280)		(1,364,311)	
Other income (deductions)		(1,271,001)		(50,200)		(1,001,011)	
Interest expense		(852)				(852)	
Other income		14,175				14,175	
Total other income (deductions)		13,323				13,323	
NET LOSS	\$	(1,260,708)	\$	(90,280)	\$	(1,350,988)	
Basic Loss per Share:							
Numerator							
Net loss	\$	(1,260,708)	\$	(90,280)	\$	(1,350,988)	
		(4.50.4.50)				(10=====	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(153,150)		25,385		(127,765)	
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,413,858)	\$	(64,895)	\$	(1,478,753)	
Describertos							
Denominator Weighted average common shares outstanding		37,693,849		37,693,849		37,693,849	
weighted average common shares outstanding		37,093,049		37,093,049		37,093,049	
Basic Loss per Share	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.04)	
Diluted Loss per Share:							
Numerator							
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,413,858)	\$	(64,895)	\$	(1,478,753)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed							
conversions	\$	(1,413,858)	\$	(64,895)	\$	(1,478,753)	
Denominator							
Weighted average shares outstanding		37,693,849		37,693,849		37,693,849	
Ties a CDII at a Government							
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents							
outstanding		37,693,849		37,693,849		37,693,849	
	_		_				
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.04)	
	112						
	113						

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2004 As Previously Effect of Reported Restatement			(Unaudited) As Restated	
Revenues		•				
Services	\$	10,640	\$		\$	10,640
License fees and other		298,178		(43,415)		254,763
		308,818		(43,415)		265,403
Costs and other expenses						
Cost of services						
Cost of license fees and other		25,465				25,465
Selling, general and administrative		1,733,260		(97,000)		1,636,260
Research, development and engineering		452,545				452,545
		2,211,270		(97,000)		2,114,270
Operating loss		(1,902,452)		53,585		(1,848,867)
Other income (deductions)		((0.0)		00 (00		00.00=
Interest expense		(692)		83,629		82,937
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		22.125		940,716		940,716
Loss on sale of marketable securities		33,125				33,125
Other income		9,855		1.004.245		9,855
Total other income (deductions)	¢	42,288	¢	1,024,345	¢.	1,066,633
NET LOSS	\$	(1,860,164)	\$	1,077,930	\$	(782,234)
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:						
Numerator	Ф	(1.060.164)	Ф	1.077.020	Ф	(702.224)
Net income (loss)	\$	(1,860,164)	\$	1,077,930	\$	(782,234)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(4,044)		(122,757)		(126,801)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,864,208)	\$	955,173	\$	(909,035)
Denominator		20 (24 10)		20 (24 10)		20 (24 10)
Weighted average common shares outstanding		38,624,196		38,624,196		38,624,196
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.02)
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:						
Numerator						
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,864,208)	\$	955,173	\$	(909,035)
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				(797,814)		(797,814)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and assumed conversions	\$	(1,864,208)	\$	157,359	\$	(1,706,849)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		38,624,196		38,624,196		38,624,196
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures				73,751		73,751
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents outstanding		38,624,196		38,697,947		38,697,947
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.00	\$	(0.04)

		Three Months Ended December 30, 2004				(Unaudited)		
	A	s Previously		Effect of		As		
		Reported		Restatement		Restated		
Revenues								
Services	\$	3,209,527	\$		\$	3,209,527		
License fees and other		1,208,886		334,130		1,543,016		
		4,418,413		334,130		4,752,543		
Costs and other expenses						4.474.004		
Cost of services		1,174,324				1,174,324		
Cost of license fees and other		763,764		122.050		763,764		
Selling, general and administrative		3,195,433		122,950		3,318,383		
Research, development and engineering		1,912,784		122.050		1,912,784		
0		7,046,305		122,950		7,169,255		
Operating loss		(2,627,892)		211,180		(2,416,712)		
Other income (deductions)		66.924				(( 004		
Interest income		66,824		(1.100.755)		66,824		
Interest expense		(528,844)		(1,102,755)		(1,631,599)		
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(22.125)		(7,266,981)		(7,266,981)		
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(33,125)				(33,125)		
Other expense		(81,678)		(9.260.726)		(81,678)		
Total other income (deductions)	σ	(576,823)	¢	(8,369,736)	¢	(8,946,559)		
NET LOSS	\$	(3,204,715)	\$	(8,158,556)	\$	(11,363,271)		
Pagia Laga non Chana								
Basic Loss per Share:								
Numerator Net loss	\$	(3,204,715)	¢	(8,158,556)	¢	(11 262 271)		
Net 1088	Ф	(3,204,713)	\$	(0,130,330)	\$	(11,363,271)		
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(243,698)		124,012		(119,686)		
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(243,098)		124,012		(119,080)		
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,448,413)	\$	(8,034,544)	\$	(11,482,957)		
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	Ψ	(3,440,413)	Ψ	(0,034,344)	Ψ	(11,402,737)		
Denominator								
Weighted average common shares outstanding		39,270,676		39,270,676		39,270,676		
weighted average common shares outstanding		37,270,070		37,210,010		37,270,070		
Basic Loss Per Share	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.29)		
Busic Loss I of Share	Ψ	(0.07)	Ψ	(0.20)	Ψ	(0.25)		
Diluted Loss per Share:								
Numerator								
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(3,448,413)	\$	(8,034,544)	\$	(11,482,957)		
Tee 1055 attributable to common shareholders	Ψ	(3,110,113)	Ψ	(0,031,311)	Ψ	(11,102,937)		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:								
Convertible Debentures								
Conference December								
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed								
conversions	\$	(3,448,413)	\$	(8,034,544)	\$	(11,482,957)		
	-	(0,110,110)	-	(0,00 1,0 1 1)	-	(==, ===, ==, )		
Denominator								
Weighted average shares outstanding		39,270,676		39,270,676		39,270,676		
g		27,273,070		,,-,-		27,2,0,0,0		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:								
Convertible Debentures								
Diluted weighted average common shares and common								
equivalents outstanding		39,270,676		39,270,676		39,270,676		
1				, ,		,		
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.29)		
r		(****)	-	(===)		(*.=>)		

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2			led March 31, 2003 (	003 (Unaudited)		
		Previously		Effect of		As	
n	I	Reported		Restatement		Restated	
Revenues License fees and other	\$	27,504	\$		\$	27.504	
License fees and other	Þ	27,504	Ф		Ф	27,504 27,504	
Costs and other expenses		27,304				27,304	
Cost of license fees and other		2,393				2,393	
Selling, general and administrative		568,499				568,499	
Research, development and engineering		221,107				221,107	
Research, development and engineering		791,999				791,999	
Operating loss		(764,495)				(764,495)	
Other income (deductions)		(704,475)				(704,473)	
Interest expense		(291,345)		(119,619)		(410,964)	
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments		(271,343)		(119,247)		(119,247)	
Other expense		554		(117,247)		554	
Total other income (deductions)		(290,791)		(238,866)		(529,657)	
NET LOSS	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)	
NET LOSS	φ	(1,033,280)	φ	(238,800)	φ	(1,294,132)	
Basic Loss per Share:							
Numerator							
Net loss	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)	
1401 1055	Ψ	(1,033,200)	Ψ	(230,000)	Ψ	(1,2)4,132)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion							
convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion							
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)	
1vet loss autibutable to common shareholders	Ψ	(1,033,200)	Ψ	(230,000)	Ψ	(1,2)+,132)	
Denominator							
Weighted average common shares outstanding		14,256,154		14,256,154		14,256,154	
weighted average common shares outstanding		14,230,134		14,230,134		14,230,134	
Basic Loss per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.09)	
Dusto 2000 per Situro	Ψ	(0.07)	Ψ	(0.02)	Ψ	(0.07)	
Diluted Loss per Share:							
Numerator							
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)	
The ross deliberation to common situationalis	Ψ	(1,033,200)	Ψ	(250,000)	Ψ	(1,2) 1,132)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Convenience Described							
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed							
conversions	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	(-,000,000)	-	(200,000)	-	(-,-,-,-,)	
Denominator							
Weighted average shares outstanding		14,256,154		14,256,154		14,256,154	
vergined average similar outstanding		1.,200,10.		1.,200,10.		1 .,20 0,10 .	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents							
outstanding		14,256,154		14,256,154		14,256,154	
<u> </u>		,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,	
Diluted Loss per Share	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.09)	
		(3.3.)		(***=)		(0.07)	
	116						
	110						

	Three Mo	Unaudite	audited)		
	As Previously	Effect of		As	
	Reported	Restatement		Restated	
Revenues	Φ 2.715	Φ.	Φ.	2.715	
	\$ 2,715	\$	\$	2,715	
License fees and other	10,305			10,305	
Contract Lather commen	13,020			13,020	
Costs and other expenses	715			715	
Cost of services Cost of license fees and other	715 2,589			715 2,589	
Selling, general and administrative	· ·			468,947	
	468,947 253,770			253,770	
Research, development and engineering	726,021			726,021	
Operating loss	(713,001)			(713,001)	
Other income (deductions)	(713,001)			(713,001)	
Interest income					
Interest expense	(302,910)	(181,823)		(484,733)	
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments	(302,910)	27,359		27,359	
Gain on sale of marketable securities		21,337		21,337	
Other income	426			426	
Total other income (deductions)	(302,484)	(154,464)		(456,948)	
	\$ (1,015,485)	\$ (154,464)	\$	(1,169,949)	
NET EOOD	ψ (1,015,105)	ψ (131,101)	Ψ	(1,10),)	
Basic Loss per Share:					
Numerator					
	\$ (1,015,485)	\$ (154,464)	\$	(1,169,949)	
	(1,010,100)	+ (== 1,1=1)	-	(=,==,,,,,,)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (1,015,485)	\$ (154,464)	\$	(1,169,949)	
Denominator					
Weighted average common shares outstanding	14,886,809	14,886,809		14,886,809	
c c					
Basic Loss per Share	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.08)	
Diluted Loss per Share:					
Numerator					
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (1,015,485)	\$ (154,464)	\$	(1,169,949)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:					
Convertible Debentures					
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed					
conversions	\$ (1,015,485)	\$ (154,464)	\$	(1,169,949)	
Denominator					
Weighted average shares outstanding	14,886,809	14,886,809		14,886,809	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:					
Convertible Debentures					
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents					
outstanding	14,886,809	14,886,809		14,886,809	
	Φ (0.6=)	Φ (0.01)	Φ.	(0.00)	
Diluted Loss per Share	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.08)	

		Three Months As Previously Reported	Ende	d September 30, 2003 Effect of Restatement	3 (Una	nudited) As Restated
Revenues						
Services	\$	5,000	\$		\$	5,000
License fees and other		141,987				141,987
		146,987				146,987
Costs and other expenses		2.641				2.641
Cost of license fees and other		2,641				2,641
Selling, general and administrative		511,297				511,297 246,523
Research, development and engineering		246,523 760,461				760,461
Operating loss		(613,474)				(613,474)
Other income (deductions)		(013,474)				(013,474)
Interest expense		(317,609)		(228,586)		(546,195)
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustment		(317,007)		71,799		71,799
Other income		1,766		, _,,,,,		1,766
Total other income (deductions)		(315,843)		(156,787)		(472,630)
NET LOSS	\$	(929,317)	\$	(156,787)	\$	(1,086,104)
Basic Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss	\$	(929,317)	\$	(156,787)	\$	(1,086,104)
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(929,317)	\$	(156,787)	\$	(1,086,104)
Denominator		16 200 475		16 200 475		16 200 475
Weighted average common shares outstanding		16,389,475		16,389,475		16,389,475
Pagia Logg non Chana	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.07)
Basic Loss per Share	ф	(0.00)	Ф	(0.01)	Ф	(0.07)
Diluted Loss per Share:						
Numerator						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(929,317)	\$	(156,787)	\$	(1,086,104)
	-	(>=>,==)	_	(===,,=,)	-	(2,000,201)
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures						
Net loss attributable to common shareholders and assumed conversions	\$	(929,317)	\$	(156,787)	\$	(1,086,104)
Denominator						
Weighted average shares outstanding		16,389,475		16,389,475		16,389,475
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Convertible Debentures						
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents		17 200 475		17 200 475		16 200 475
outstanding		16,389,475		16,389,475		16,389,475
Diluted Loss per Share	Ф	(0.06)	Ф	(0.01)	Ф	(0.07)
Dunien Loss per sinire	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.07)
1	18					
1	10					

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2003				3 (Unaudited)		
		Previously Reported		Effect of Restatement		As Restated	
Revenues							
Services	\$	2,979	\$		\$	2,979	
License fees and other		333,611		(308,620)		24,991	
		336,590		(308,620)		27,970	
Costs and other expenses							
Cost of services		979				979	
Cost of license fees and other		79,764				79,764	
Selling, general and administrative		569,379		(18,200)		551,179	
Research, development and engineering		315,930				315,930	
		966,052		(18,200)		947,852	
Operating loss		(629,462)		(290,420)		(919,882)	
Other income (deductions)							
Interest expense		(197,922)		(269,974)		(467,896)	
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				877,634		877,634	
Other income		1,399				1,399	
Total other income (deductions)		(196,523)		607,660		411,137	
NET LOSS	\$	(825,985)	\$	317,240	\$	(508,745)	
						, i	
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share: Numerator							
Net income (loss)	\$	(825,985)	\$	317,240	\$	(508,745)	
Net income (loss)	Ф	(823,983)	Ф	317,240	Ф	(308,743)	
Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion		(136,755)				(136,755)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(962,740)	\$	317,240	\$	(645,500)	
Denominator							
Weighted average common shares outstanding		19,117,761		19,117,761		19,117,761	
		, ,				, ,	
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.03)	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:							
Numerator							
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	(962,740)	\$	317,240	\$	(645,500)	
(1000) williamore to common similarion	Ψ	(302,7.10)	Ψ	017,2.0	Ψ	(0.0,000)	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Convertible Descritures							
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders and							
assumed conversions	\$	(962,740)	\$	317,240	\$	(645,500)	
assumed conversions	φ	(902,740)	φ	317,240	φ	(043,300)	
Denominator							
Weighted average shares outstanding		19,117,761		19,117,761		19,117,761	
weighted average shares outstanding		19,117,701		19,117,701		19,117,701	
Effect of Dilutive Securities:							
Convertible Debentures							
Convertible Debentures							
Diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalents							
		10 117 761		10 117 761		10 117 761	
outstanding		19,117,761		19,117,761		19,117,761	
Diluted Faminas (Loss) non Chan-	¢.	(0.05)	¢	0.02	¢	(0.02)	
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.03)	
	119						

		As s Previously Reported		a 31, 2005 (Unaudit Effect of destatement	red)	As Restated
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,370,585	\$		\$	1,370,585
Receivables						
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$209,102		2,482,388		(50,890)		2,431,498
Unbilled		605,523				605,523
Due from selling stockholders and other		60,793		(32,000)		28,793
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		6,040,927				6,040,927
Inventory		29,599				29,599
Prepaid expenses		208,222				208,222
Total current assets		10,798,037		(82,890)		10,715,147
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		658,859				658,859
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		657,000				657,000
Deposits		2,258,191				2,258,191
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		3,954,286		750,364		4,704,650
Goodwill		11,374,946		(43,635)		11,331,311
Total non-current assets		18,903,282		706,729		19,610,011
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	29,701,319	\$	623,839	\$	30,325,158
LIABILITIES:	-	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	320,000	-	20,020,000
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	3,254,511	\$	(688,038)	\$	2,566,473
Accounts payable	Ψ	1,109,874	Ψ	23,810	Ψ	1,133,684
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		1,404,165		20,010		1,404,165
Accrued liabilities		5,448,507		(43,635)		5,404,872
Deferred rent		405,605		(15,055)		405,605
Deferred revenue		3,535,164				3,535,164
Total current liabilities		15,157,826		(707,863)		14,449,963
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		2,696,322		1,551,646		4,247,968
Deferred rent		1,205,468		1,331,040		1,205,468
Deferred revenue		53,317				53,317
Total non-current liabilities		3,955,107		1,551,646		5,506,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,112,933		843,783		19,956,716
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):		19,112,933		043,703		19,930,710
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)		5				5
Series A7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 51,182 shares		3				3
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares issued and		4 42 4				4 42 4
outstanding 44,344,251 shares of \$.0001 par value		4,434		1 240 652		4,434
Additional paid-in capital		48,451,055		1,340,652		49,791,707
Accumulated deficit		(37,867,108)		(1,560,596)		(39,427,704)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		10,588,386		(219,944)		10,368,442
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	Φ.	20 501 215	<i>a</i> -	(22.020	<u></u>	20.007.155
(DEFICIT)	\$	29,701,319	\$	623,839	\$	30,325,158
	120					

	As Previously Reported	As of Ju	ne 30, 2005 (Unaudited Effect of Restatement	1)	As Restated
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,972,453	\$		\$	1,972,453
Receivables					
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$166,853	1,842,283		(29,870)		1,812,413
Unbilled	676,682				676,682
Due from selling stockholders and other	60,342		(32,000)		28,342
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	6,724,902				6,724,902
Inventory	31,301				31,301
Prepaid expenses	476,899				476,899
Total current assets	11,784,862		(61,870)		11,722,992
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	649,468				649,468
Deposits	2,260,065				2,260,065
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization	4,090,313		765,901		4,856,214
Goodwill	11,182,681		(43,635)		11,139,046
Total non-current assets	18,182,527		722,266		18,904,793
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 29,967,389	\$	660,396	\$	30,627,785
LIABILITIES:					
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$ 3,327,417	\$	(1,094,803)	\$	2,232,614
Accounts payable	947,523		23,810		971,333
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts	1,152,126				1,152,126
Accrued liabilities	5,151,042		(43,635)		5,107,406
Deferred rent	417,895				417,895
Deferred revenue	3,050,907				3,050,907
Total current liabilities	14,046,910		(1,114,628)		12,932,281
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities	5,347,335		1,548,893		6,896,228
Deferred rent	1,096,271				1,096,271
Deferred revenue	53,317				53,317
Total non-current liabilities	6,496,923		1,548,893		8,045,816
TOTAL LIABILITIES	20,543,833		434,265		20,978,097
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):					
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 (liquidation preference of \$100 per share)					
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 47,557 shares	5				5
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and					
outstanding 44,952,217 shares of .0001 par value	4,495				4,495
Additional paid-in capital	50,261,385		321,426		50,582,811
Accumulated deficit	(40,842,329)	)	(95,294)		(40,937,623)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	9,423,556		226,132		9,649,688
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					
(DEFICIT)	\$ 29,967,389	\$	660,396	\$	30,627,785

		As of As Previously Reported	Septer	nber 30, 2005 (Unaudi Effect of Restatement	ted)	As Restated
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,497,188	\$		\$	1,497,188
Marketable debt securities						
Receivables						
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$134,292		2,980,298				2,980,298
Unbilled		122,662				122,662
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		5,243,350				5,243,350
Inventory		3,465				3,465
Prepaid expenses		207,718				207,718
Total current assets		10,054,681				10,054,681
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		609,375				609,375
Deposits		1,757,037				1,757,037
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		4,752,050		569,978		5,322,028
Goodwill		11,120,395		268,365		11,388,760
Total non-current assets		18,238,857		838,343		19,077,200
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,293,538	\$	838,343	\$	29,131,881
LIABILITIES:						
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	2,236,901	\$	(1,051,494)	\$	1,185,407
Accounts payable		941,177		23,810		964,987
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		61,402				61,402
Accrued liabilities		5,175,101				5,175,101
Deferred rent		430,558				430,558
Deferred revenue		3,883,787		268,365		4,152,152
Total current liabilities		12,728,926		(759,319)		11,969,607
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		6,561,868		(2,622,998)		3,938,870
Deferred rent		983,765				983,765
Deferred revenue		570,136				570,136
Total non-current liabilities		8,115,769		(2,622,998)		5,492,771
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,844,695		(3,382,317)		17,462,378
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):						
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)						
Series A 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 44,557 shares		4				4
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and						
outstanding 46,306,588 shares of .0001 par value		4,630				4,630
Additional paid-in capital		51,560,705		(142,391)		51,418,314
Accumulated deficit		(44,116,496)		4,363,051		(39,753,445)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		7,448,843		4,220,660		11,669,503
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY						
(DEFICIT)	\$	28,293,538	\$	838,343	\$	29,131,881
	122					

		As o As Previously Reported	ch 31, 2004 (Unaudi Effect of Restatement	ted)	As Restated
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	478,419	\$	\$	478,419
Receivables		860,901	(399,645)		461,256
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$4,000					
Escrow		11,248,803			11,248,803
Due from selling stockholders and other		153,988			153,988
Inventory		59,624			59,624
Prepaid expenses		34,404			34,404
Total current assets		12,836,139	(399,645)		12,436,494
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		75,866			75,866
Other		4,827,747			4,827,747
Total non-current assets		4,903,613			4,903,613
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,739,752	\$ (399,645)	\$	17,340,107
LIABILITIES:					
Note Payable	\$	400,000	\$	\$	400,000
Advances from stockholders		60,958			60,958
Accounts payable		540,862			540,862
Accrued liabilities		141,930	(23,450)		118,480
Deferred revenue		175,467	(55,810)		119,657
Total current liabilities		1,319,217	(79,260)		1,239,957
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		375,000			375,000
Deferred revenue		58,301			58,301
Total non-current liabilities		433,301			433,301
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,752,518	(79,260)		1,673,258
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):					
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation					
preference of \$100 per share)					
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 88,532 shares		885			885
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and					
outstanding 35,889,649 shares of .01 par value		358,897			358,897
Additional paid-in capital		44,323,275	(150,248)		44,173,027
Accumulated deficit		(28,695,823)	(170,137)		(28,865,960)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		15,987,234	(320,385)		15,666,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					
(DEFICIT)	\$	17,739,752	\$ (399,645)	\$	17,340,107
	123				

	As of June 30, 2004 (Unaudited)					
	A	As Previously		Effect of		As
		Reported	R	estatement		Restated
ASSETS:			_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,837,147	\$		\$	3,837,147
Marketable debt securities						
Receivables		1,188,560		(412,805)		775,755
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$6,000						
Escrow		50,000				50,000
Due from selling stockholders and other		154,515				154,515
Inventory		36,910				36,910
Prepaid expenses		71,697				71,697
Total current assets		5,338,829		(412,805)		4,926,024
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		127,536				127,536
Marketable debt securities		5,887,500				5,887,500
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		4,593,692				4,593,692
Other		115,377				115,377
Total non-current assets		10,724,105				10,724,105
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	16,062,934	\$	(412,805)	\$	15,650,129
LIABILITIES:						
Advances from stockholders	\$	22,944	\$		\$	22,944
Accounts payable		550,973		23,810		574,783
Accrued liabilities		292,944		(25,950)		266,994
Deferred rent		226,235				226,235
Total current liabilities		1,093,096		(2,140)		1,090,956
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,093,096		(2,140)		1,090,956
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):						
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)		757				757
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 75,682 shares						
Common stock - authorized 85,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding						
38,430,829 shares of .01 par value		384,308				384,308
Additional paid-in capital		44,559,202		(150,248)		44,408,954
Accumulated deficit		(29,974,429)		(260,417)		(30,234,846)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		14,969,838		(410,665)		14,559,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY						
(DEFICIT)	\$	16,062,934	\$	(412,805)	\$	15,650,129

	A	As of a as Previously Reported	•	ber 30, 2004 (Unaud Effect of Restatement	dited)	As Restated
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,971,569	\$		\$	2,971,569
Receivables		3,489,028		(332,220)		3,156,808
Billed, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$1,014,161						
Due from selling stockholders and other		196,714		(32,000)		164,714
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		6,619,726				6,619,726
Inventory		76,985				76,985
Prepaid expenses		388,923				388,923
Total current assets		13,742,945		(364,220)		13,378,725
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net		578,225				578,225
Marketable debt securities		1,000,000				1,000,000
Deposits		2,769,691				2,769,691
Deferred offering costs		80,000		(80,000)		
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization		16,268,614		1,056,201		17,324,815
Other		194,665				194,665
Total non-current assets		20,891,195		976,201		21,867,396
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,634,140	\$	611,981	\$	35,246,121
LIABILITIES:						
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	2,159,129	\$	(1,160,609)	\$	998,520
Advances from stockholders		17,931				17,931
Accounts payable		1,720,790		23,810		1,744,600
Accrued liabilities		4,465,112		(30,950)		4,434,162
Deferred rent		441,732				441,732
Deferred revenue		4,755,277				4,755,277
Total current liabilities		13,559,971		(1,167,749)		12,392,222
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		5,880,871		1,020,944		6,901,815
Deferred rent		1,636,098				1,636,098
Deferred revenue		59,707				59,707
Total non-current liabilities		7,576,676		1,020,944		8,597,620
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,136,647		(146,805)		20,989,842
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):				, i		
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation value						
of \$100 per share)		737				737
Series C 7% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 73,682 shares						
Common stock - authorized 85,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding						
38,962,281 shares of .01 par value		389,623				389,623
Additional paid-in capital		44,949,815		(58,727)		44,891,088
Accumulated deficit		(31,842,682)		817,513		(31,025,169)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		13,497,493		758,786		14,256,279
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		, .,,				, , . ,
(DEFICIT)	\$	34,634,140	\$	611,981	\$	35,246,121

			March	31, 2003 (Unaudi	ited)	
	1	As Previously		Effect of		As
ASSETS:		Reported	K	Restatement		Restated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	339,838	\$		\$	339,838
Receivables	Ф	339,030	Ф		Ф	339,030
Billed		11,195				11,195
Prepaid expenses		52.366				52,366
Total current assets		403,399				403,399
Other		123,962				123,962
Total non-current assets		123,962				123,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	527,361	\$		\$	527,361
LIABILITIES:	Ф	327,301	Ф		Ф	527,501
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	6,645,832	\$		\$	6,645,832
Accounts payable	Ф	245,687	Ф		Ф	245,687
Accrued liabilities		732,175				732,175
Total current liabilities		7,623,694				7,623,694
Long-term obligations, net of discount and current maturities		980.000		238,866		1,218,866
Total non-current liabilities		980,000		238,866		1,218,866
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,603,694		238,866		8,842,560
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):		8,003,094		230,000		0,042,300
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)		184				184
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 18,430 shares		104				104
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding						
14,377,406 shares of .01 par value		143,774				143,774
Additional paid-in capital		16,440,399				16,440,399
Accumulated deficit		(24,660,690)		(238,866)		(24,899,556)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		(8,076,333)		(238,866)		(8,315,199)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)  TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		(0,070,555)		(230,000)		(0,313,199)
(DEFICIT)	\$	527,361	\$		\$	527,361

	As of June 30, 2003 (Unaudited)					
	A	s Previously	Effect of			As
		Reported	R	lestatement		Restated
ASSETS:					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254,766	\$		\$	254,766
Receivables						
Billed		7,428				7,428
Prepaid expenses		93,529				93,529
Total current assets		355,723				355,723
Other		130,066				130,066
Total non-current assets		130,066				130,066
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	485,789	\$		\$	485,789
LIABILITIES:						
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	8,337,378	\$	393,330	\$	8,730,708
Accounts payable		332,384				332,384
Accrued liabilities		907,846				907,846
Total current liabilities		9,577,608		393,330		9,970,938
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,577,608		393,330		9,970,938
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):						
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)		146				146
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 14,630 shares						
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding						
15,861,519 shares of .01 par value		158,615				158,615
Additional paid-in capital		16,480,472				16,480,472
Accumulated deficit		(25,731,052)		(393,330)		(26,124,382)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		(9,091,819)		(393,330)		(9,485,149)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY						
(DEFICIT)	\$	485,789	\$		\$	485,789

		<b>l</b> )				
	A	s Previously		Effect of	As	
		Reported	F	Restatement	Restated	
ASSETS:				_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,774	\$	\$	58,	774
Receivables						
Billed		147,378			147,	
Prepaid expenses		118,183			118,	
Total current assets		324,335			324,	
Equipment and leashold improvements, net		38,573				573
Other		144,703			144,	
Total non-current assets		183,276			183,	276
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	507,611	\$	\$	507,	611
LIABILITIES:						
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	9,075,170	\$	550,117 \$	9,625,	287
Advances from stockholders		38,532			38,	532
Accounts payable		219,918			219,	918
Accrued liabilities		1,109,126			1,109,	126
Deferred revenue		10,000			10,	000
Total current liabilities		10,452,746		550,117	11,002,	863
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,452,746		550,117	11,002,	863
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT):						
Preferred stock-authorized, 5,000,000 shares of \$.01 (liquidation						
preference of \$100 per share)		119				119
Series B 9% Convertible; issued and outstanding, 11,930 shares						
Common stock - authorized, 85,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding						
17,202,776 shares of \$.01 par value		170,208			170,	208
Additional paid-in capital		16,590,140			16,590,	140
Accumulated deficit		(26,705,602)		(550,117)	(27,255,	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)		(9,945,135)		(550,117)	(10,495,	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					,	
(DEFICIT)	\$	507,611	\$	\$	507,	611
(======)	,	201,022	Ť	•	,	
	30					
	28					

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2005 (U					U <b>naudited</b> )	
		s Previously	Effect of			As	
		Reported	R	lestatement		Restated	
Cash flow from operating activities							
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,683,717)	\$	5,780,447	\$	3,096,730	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in							
operating activities:							
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(6,554,565)		(6,554,565)	
Depreciation		58,590				58,590	
Amortization							
Intangible assets		222,993				222,993	
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial							
conversion features		133,341		813,318		946,659	
Allowance for doubtful receivables		19,790				19,790	
Deferred rent		(94,057)				(94,057)	
Loss on sale of investment		20,000				20,000	
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable trade		(616,393)		(39,200)		(655,593)	
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		92,235				92,235	
Prepaid expenses and other		(18,195)				(18,195)	
Accounts payable		(238,721)				(238,721)	
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		1,054,043				1,054,043	
Accrued liabilities		776,864				776,864	
Deferred revenue		350,922				350,922	
Net cash used in operating activities		(922,305)				(922,305)	
Cash flow from investing activities							
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,459,595				1,459,595	
Cash flow from financing activities							
Net cash used in financing activities		(122,935)				(122,935)	
Net increase in cash and equivalents		414,355				414,355	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		956,230				956,230	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,370,585	\$		\$	1,370,585	
•							

		Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Una						
	A	As Previously Reported	Į.	Effect of Restatement		As Restated		
Cash flow from operating activities		Reported	•	testatement		restated		
Net income (loss)	\$	(5,627,943)	\$	7,245,748	\$	1,617,805		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in								
operating activities:								
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(8,781,050)		(8,781,050)		
Depreciation		115,618				115,618		
Amortization								
Intangible assets		455,634				455,634		
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial								
conversion features		311,534		1,595,522		1,907,056		
Allowance for doubtful receivables		36,865				36,865		
Deferred rent		(190,964)				(190,964)		
Loss on sale of investment		20,000				20,000		
Options and warrants issued for service		529,968				529,968		
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable trade		(26,761)		(60,220)		(86,981)		
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		65,260				65,260		
Inventories		(1,702)				(1,702)		
Prepaid expenses and other		(356,571)				(356,571)		
Accounts payable		(411,986)				(411,986)		
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		802,004				802,004		
Accrued liabilities		659,932				659,932		
Deferred revenue		(133,335)				(133,335)		
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,752,447)				(3,752,447)		
•								
Cash flow from investing activities								
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,388,731				1,388,731		
Cash flow from financing activities								
Net cash provided by		3,379,939				3,379,939		
Net increase in cash and equivalents		1,016,223				1,016,223		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		956,230				956,230		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,972,453	\$		\$	1,972,453		
• • •		•				•		
	130							
	-00							

		Nine Months As Previously Reported		September 30, 2005 Effect of Restatement	(Unau	dited) As Restated
Cash flow from operating activities	ď	(0.71(.070)	¢.	11 5 47 120	d.	2.020.060
Net income (loss)	\$	(8,716,279)	\$	11,547,139	\$	2,830,860
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in operating activities:						
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(13,755,892)		(13,755,892)
Depreciation		179,642		(13,733,072)		179,642
Amortization		177,012				177,012
Intangible assets		1,504,600				1,504,600
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial		2,2 0 1,000				2,2 0 1,000
conversion features				2,408,338		2,408,338
Allowance for doubtful receivables		22,440		_,,		22,440
Deferred rent		(290,807)				(290,807)
Loss on sale of investment		20,000				20,000
Options and warrants issued for service		542,758				542,758
Change in assets and liabilities:		,				ĺ
Accounts receivable trade		(804,799)		(58,090)		(862,889)
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		1,546,812		` ' '		1,546,812
Inventories		26,134				26,134
Prepaid expenses and other		(27,047)		(194,795)		(221,842)
Accounts payable		(418,332)				(418,332)
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts		24,173				24,173
Accrued liabilities		683,989				683,989
Deferred revenue		1,174,224				1,174,224
Net cash used in operating activities		(4,532,492)		(53,300)		(4,585,792)
Cash flow from investing activities		1 022 571				1 022 571
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,832,571				1,832,571
Cash flow from financing activities						
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,240,879				3,240,879
The state of the s		., .,				, ,,,,,,,
Net increase in cash and equivalents		540,958				540,958
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		956,230				956,230
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,497,188	\$		\$	1,497,188
	131					

	A	Three Months Ended March 31, 2004 ( As Previously Effect of Reported Restatement			Unaudited) As Restated	
Cash flow from operating activities						
Net loss	\$	(911,878)	\$	62,739	\$	(849,139)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating						
activities:						
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(323,128)		(323,128)
Depreciation		6,995				6,995
Amortization						
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial						
conversion features				230,424		230,424
Allowance for doubtful receivables		2,000				2,000
Write off deferred offering costs		81,900				81,900
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable trade		(334,292)		35,215		(299,077)
Costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts						
Inventories		6,233				6,233
Prepaid expenses and other		131,525				131,525
Accounts payable		(124,191)				(124,191)
Accrued liabilities		103,494		(5,250)		98,244
Deferred revenue		83,280				83,280
Net cash used in operating activities		(954,934)				(954,934)
Cash flow from investing activities						
Net cash used in investing activities		(573,205)				(573,205)
Cash flow from financing activities						
Net cash provided by financing activities		993,768				993,768
Net decrease in cash and equivalents		(534,371)				(534,371)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,012,790				1,012,790
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	478,419			\$	478,419
	132					

	A	Six Montl As Previously Reported	June 30, 2004 (Un Effect of estatement	naudited) As Restated	
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(2,172,586)	\$ (27,541)	\$	(2,200,127)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating					
activities:					
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments			(323,128)		(323,128)
Depreciation		17,015			17,015
Amortization					
Intangible assets		108,329			108,329
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial					
conversion features			230,424		230,424
Allowance for doubtful receivables		4,000			4,000
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable trade		(664,478)	104,185		(560,293)
Inventories		28,947			28,947
Prepaid expenses and other		155,351			155,351
Accounts payable		(114,080)	23,810		(90,270)
Accrued liabilities		254,508	(7,750)		246,758
Deferred revenue		75,747			75,747
Net cash used in operating activities		(2,307,247)			(2,307,247)
Cash flow from investing activities					
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,541,265)			(6,541,265)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Net cash provided by financing activities		11,672,869			11,672,869
Net increase in cash and equivalents		2,824,357			2,824,357
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,012,790			1,012,790
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	3,837,147		\$	3,837,147
	133				

		Nine Months As Previously Reported	s Ended September 30, 2004 (Un Effect of Restatement			dited) As Restated
Cash flow from operating activities						
Net loss	\$	(4,032,750)	\$	1,050,389	\$	(2,982,361)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating						
activities:						
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				(1,263,844)		(1,263,844)
Depreciation		31,617				31,617
Amortization						
Intangible assets		216,658				216,658
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial						
conversion features				146,795		146,795
Allowance for doubtful receivables		106,000				106,000
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(33,125)				(33,125)
Options and warrants issued for services and other		24,850				24,850
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable trade		(260,951)		147,600		(113,351)
Inventories		35,559				35,559
Prepaid expenses and other		125,343				125,343
Accounts payable		(719)		23,810		23,091
Accrued liabilities		242,105		(104,750)		137,355
Deferred revenue		70,598				70,598
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,474,815)				(3,474,815)
Cash flow from investing activities						
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,613,892)				(14,613,892)
Cash flow from financing activities						
Net cash provided by financing activities		20,047,486				20,047,486
Net increase in cash and equivalents		1,958,779				1,958,779
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,012,790				1,012,790
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	2,971,569			\$	2,971,569
	134					
	134					

		Three Mon	ths Ende	d March 31, 2003 (U	<b>ed</b> )	
	A	As Previously Reported	Effect of Restatement			As Restated
Cash flow from operating activities		•				
Net loss	\$	(1,055,286)	\$	(238,866)	\$	(1,294,152)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating						
activities:						
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments				119,247		119,247
Amortization						
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial						
conversion features		138,546		119,619		258,165
Options and warrants issued for services and other		156,000				156,000
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable trade		56,803				56,803
Prepaid expenses and other		(1,469)				(1,469)
Accounts payable		(109,007)				(109,007)
Accrued liabilities		159,474				159,474
Net cash used in operating activities		(654,939)				(654,939)
Cash flow from investing activities						
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,971)				(1,971)
Cash flow from financing activities						
Net cash provided by financing activities		980,000				980,000
Net increase in cash and equivalents		323.090				323,090
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		16,748				16,748
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	339,838	\$		\$	339,838
Cash and Cash equivalents, end of period	Ψ	339,636	Ψ		Ψ	339,030
	10/	-				
	135	5				

	I	Six Mont As Previously Reported	ed June 30, 2003 (Una Effect of Restatement	udited)	As Restated
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(2,070,771)	\$ (393,330)	\$	(2,464,101)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:					
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments			91,888		91,888
Amortization					
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial					
conversion features		277,092	301,442		578,534
Options and warrants issued for services and other		156,000			156,000
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable trade		60,570			60,570
Prepaid expenses and other		(42,633)			(42,633)
Accounts payable		(22,310)			(22,310)
Accrued liabilities		335,145			335,145
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,306,907)			(1,306,907)
Cash flow from investing activities					
Net cash used ininvesting activities		(8,075)			(8,075)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,553,000			1,553,000
Net increase in cash and equivalents		238,018			238,018
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		16,748			16,748
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	254,766		\$	254,766
	13	6			
	13	U			

	A	Nine Months as Previously Reported	September 30, 2003 Effect of Restatement	3 (Unaudited) As Restated		
Cash flow from operating activities						
Net loss	\$	(3,000,088)	\$ (550,117)	\$	(3,550,205)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating						
activities:						
Derivative and warrant fair value adjustments			20,089		20,089	
Depreciation		38,819			38,819	
Amortization						
Discounts on convertible debt related to warrants and beneficial						
conversion features		415,634	530,028		945,662	
Options and warrants issued for services and other		156,000			156,000	
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable trade		(79,380)			(79,380)	
Prepaid expenses and other		8,714			8,714	
Accounts payable		(134,776)			(134,776)	
Accrued liabilities		536,425			536,425	
Deferred revenue		10,000			10,000	
Net cash used in operating activities		(2,048,652)			(2,048,652)	
Cash flow from investing activities						
Net cash used in investing activities		(100,104)			(100,104)	
Cash flow from financing activities						
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,190,782			2,190,782	
Net increase in cash and equivalents		42,026			42,026	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		16,748			16,748	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	58,774		\$	58,774	
	137					

The following tables summarize, for each of the quarters and for each of the interim balance sheet dates presented, the impact of each category of adjustment on previously reported revenue, and assets, liabilities and accumulated deficit.

#### Impact of Adjustments on Revenue (Unaudited)

	3/31/2005	6/30/2005	9/30/2005
As previously reported	\$ 3,900,391 \$	3,664,532 \$	3,202,601
Revenue recognition	39,200	21,020	29,870
As restated	\$ 3,939,591 \$	3,685,552 \$	3,232,471

	3/31/2004	6/30/2004	9/30/2004	12/31/2004
As previously reported	\$ 311,886 \$	519,114 \$	308,818 \$	4,418,413
Revenue recognition	(35,215)	(92,780)	(43,415)	334,130
As restated	\$ 276,671 \$	426,334 \$	265,403 \$	4,752,543

	3/31/2003	6/30/2003	9/30/2003	12/31/2003
As previously reported	\$ 27,504	\$ 13,020	\$ 146,987	\$ 336,590
Revenue recognition				(308,620)
As restated	\$ 27,504	\$ 13,020	\$ 146,987	\$ 27,970

#### Impact of Adjustments on Consolidated Balance Sheet Accounts (Unaudited)

		As of	March 31, 2005	;		As of March 31, 2004						
	Total Assets		Stockholders Equity Liabilities (Deficit)			Total Assets	Total Liabilities			stockholders Equity (Deficit)		
As previously reported	\$ 29,701,319	\$	19,112,933	\$	10,588,386 \$	17,739,752	\$	1,752,518	\$	15,987,234		
Revenue recognition and												
related SG&A expense	(82,890)		23,810		(106,700)	(399,645)		(79,260)		(320,386)		
Debt financing	706,729		819,973		(113,244)							
Total Adjustments	623,839		843,783		(219,944)	(399,645)		(79,260)		(320,386)		
As restated	\$ 30,325,158	\$	19,956,716	\$	10,368,442 \$	17,340,107	\$	1.673.258	\$	15,666,848		

	As of	March 31, 2003				
Total Assets		Liabilities	S	Stockholders Equity (Deficit)		
\$ 527,361	\$	8,603,694	\$	(8,076,333)		
		238,866		(238,866)		
		238,866		(238,866)		
\$ 527,361	\$	8,842,560	\$	(8,315,199)		
·	Assets \$ 527,361	Total	Assets Liabilities \$ 527,361 \$ 8,603,694  238,866 238,866	Total Assets Liabilities \$ 527,361 \$ 8,603,694 \$  238,866 238,866		

#### Impact of Adjustments on Consolidated Balance Sheet Accounts (Unaudited)

		As o	f June 30, 2005			As of June 30,2004						
	Total Assets		Liabilities	S	tockholders Equity (Deficit)	Total Assets		Total Liabilities	S	tockholders Equity (Deficit)		
As previously reported	\$ 29,967,389	\$	20,543,833	\$	9,423,556 \$	16,062,934	\$	1,093,096	\$	14,969,838		
Revenue recognition and												
related SG&A expense	(61,870)		23,810		(85,680)	(412,805)		(2,140)		(410,666)		
Debt financing	722,266		410,455		311,811							
Total Adjustments	660,396		434,265		226,131	(412,805)		(2,140)		(410,666)		
As restated	\$ 30.627.785	\$	20,978,098	\$	9.649.687 \$	15,650,129	\$	1,090,956	\$	14.559.172		

		Aso	of June 30, 2003			
	Total Assets		Liabilities	\$ Stockholders Equity (Deficit)		
As previously reported	\$ 485,789	\$	9,577,608	\$ (9,091,819)		
Revenue recognition and related SG&A expense						
Debt financing			393,330	(393,330)		
Total Adjustments			393,330	(393,330)		
As restated	\$ 485,789	\$	9,970,938	\$ (9,485,149)		

#### Impact of Adjustments on Consolidated Balance Sheet Accounts (Unaudited)

	A	s of S	eptember 30, 200	05		As of September 30,2004						
				S	tockholders				S	tockholders		
	Total		Equity			Total		Total		Equity		
	Assets		Liabilities	es (Deficit)		Assets		Liabilities		(Deficit)		
As previously reported	\$ 28,293,538	\$	20,844,695	\$	7,448,843 \$	34,634,140	\$	21,136,647	\$	13,497,493		
Revenue recognition and												
related SG&A expense			23,810		(23,810)	(364,220)		(7,140)		(357,080)		
Debt financing	838,343		(3,406,127)		4,244,470	976,201		(139,665)		1,115,866		
Total Adjustments	838,343		(3,382,317)		4,220,660	611,981		(146,805)		758,786		
As restated	\$ 29,131,881	\$	17,462,378	\$	11,669,503 \$	35,246,121	\$	20,989,842	\$	14,256,279		

		As of S	September 30, 2003	Stockholders		
	Total Assets		Liabilities	Equity (Deficit)		
As previously reported	\$ 507,611	\$	10,452,746	\$ (9,945,135)		
Revenue recognition and related SG&A expense						
Debt financing			550,117	(550,117)		
Total Adjustments			550,117	(550,117)		
As restated	\$ 507,611	\$	11,002,863	\$ (10,495,252)		

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BIO-KEY INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Date: March 30, 2006

Bv:

/s/ MICHAEL W.
DEPASQUALE
Michael W. DePasquale
Co-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ MICHAEL W. DEPASQUALE	Co-Chief Executive Officer and Director	March 30, 2006
Michael W. DePasquale		
/s/ FRANCIS J. CUSICK	Chief Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer	March 30, 2006
Francis J. Cusick		
/s/ THOMAS J. COLATOSTI	Co-Chairman of the Board of Directors	March 30, 2006
Thomas J. Colatosti		
/s/ JEFFREY J. MAY	Director	March 30, 2006
Jeffrey J. May		
/s/ CHARLES P. ROMEO	Director	March 30, 2006
Charles P. Romeo		
/s/ JOHN SCHOENHERR	Director	March 30, 2006
John Schoenherr		

#### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1(1)	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of March 30, 2004 by and among BIO-key International, Inc., BIO-key Acquisition Corp., Public Safety Group, Inc. (PSG) and each of the shareholders of PSG
2.2(2)	Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of August 16, 2004 by and among BIO-key
2.3(3)	International, Inc., Aether Systems, Inc., Cerulean Technologies, Inc. and SunPro, Inc. Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of December 30, 2004 by and among BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and BIO-key International, Inc., a Minnesota
	corporation
3.1(3)	Certificate of Incorporation of BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation
3.2(3)	Certificate of Designation of Series A 7% Convertible Preferred Stock of BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation
3.3(3)	By-Laws of BIO-key International, Inc., a Delaware corporation
3.4 (19)	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of BIO-key International, Inc., a
	Delaware corporation
3.5 (16)	Certificate of Designation of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company
4.1(4)	Specimen certificates for shares of BIO-key International, Inc. common stock
10.1(4)	SAC Technologies, Inc. 1996 Stock Option Plan
10.2(5)	Amendment No. 1 to the SAC Technologies, Inc. 1996 Stock Option Plan
10.3(5)	SAC Technologies, Inc. 1999 Stock Option Plan
10.4(6)	Warrant issued to The Shaar Fund Ltd.
10.5(6)	Security Interest Provisions
10.6(6)	Employment Agreement by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and Mira LaCous
10 = (0)	dated November 20, 2001
10.7(6)	Option to Purchase 140,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Mira LaCous
10.8(9)	Option to Purchase 150,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Thomas J. Colatosti
10.9(9)	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the registrant s 1999 Stock Incentive Plan to
10.10(9)	Purchase 200,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Thomas J. Colatosti
	Employment Agreement by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and Michael W. DePasquale dated January 3, 2003
10.11(9)	Option to Purchase 580,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Michael W. DePasquale
10.12(9)	Note Purchase Agreement dated January 27, 2003
10.13(9)	Secured Convertible Promissory due June 30, 2004
10.14(9)	Option to Purchase 200,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Charles P. Romeo
10.15(7)	Amendment No. 1 to Note Purchase Agreement dated October 31, 2003 by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and The Shaar Fund Ltd.
10.16(7)	Securities Exchange Agreement dated March 3, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and The Shaar Fund Ltd.
10.17(7)	Registration Rights Agreement dated March 3, 2004 by and between BIO-key
10 19(7)	International, Inc. and The Shaar Fund Ltd.
10.18(7)	Secured Convertible Promissory Note due October 31, 2005 in the principal amount of up to \$2,125,000
10.19(7)	Secured Convertible Promissory Note due October 31, 2005 in the principal amount of up to \$375,000 Option to Purchase 500,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Michael W. DePasquale
10.20(7) 10.21(7)	Option to Purchase 500,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Thomas J. Colatosti
10.21(7)	Option to Furchase 50,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Thomas J. Colatosti
10.22(7)	Option to Furchase 50,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Jeff May
10.24(7)	Option to Purchase 50,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Charles Romeo
10.25(7)	Option to Purchase 300,000 Shares of Common Stock issued to Randy Fodero
10.26(10)	Amendment Agreement dated March 30, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and The Shaar Fund Ltd.
10.27(11)	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of March 31, 2004 (the March Securities Purchase Agreement ) by and among BIO-key
()	International, Inc. and each of the Purchasers named therein
10.28(11)	Form of Warrant issued by BIO-key International, Inc. pursuant to the March Securities Purchase Agreement
10.29(2)	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 (the Laurus Securities Purchase Agreement ) by and between
	BIO-key International, Inc., Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. and the other Purchasers party thereto

10.30(2)	Form of Secured Convertible Term Note issued by BIO-key International, Inc. pursuant to the Laurus Securities Purchase
	Agreement
10.31(2)	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by BIO-key International, Inc. pursuant to the Laurus Securities Purchase
	Agreement
10.32(2)	Master Security Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc., Public Safety
	Group, Inc. and Laurus Master Fund, Ltd., as Collateral Agent
10.33(2)	Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of September 29, 2004 made by Public Safety Group, Inc. in favor of Laurus Master Fund, Ltd. and
	the other Purchasers party thereto
10.34(2)	Stock Pledge Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and Laurus Master Fund,
	Ltd. and the other Purchasers party thereto
10.35(2)	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc., Laurus Master Fund,
	Ltd. and the other Purchasers party thereto
10.36(2)	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 (the Shaar Securities Purchase Agreement ) by and between
	BIO-key International, Inc., The Shaar Fund, Ltd. and the other Purchasers party thereto
10.37(2)	Form of Convertible Term Note issued by BIO-key International, Inc. pursuant to the Shaar Securities Purchase Agreement
10.38(2)	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by BIO-key International, Inc. pursuant to the
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- Shaar Securities Purchase Agreement
- 10.39(2) Registration Rights Agreement dated as of September 29, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc., The Shaar Fund, Ltd. and the other Purchasers party thereto
- 10.40(2) Intercreditor Agreement dated as of September 30, 2004 by and among Laurus Master Fund, Ltd., individually and as Collateral Agent, Aether Systems, Inc., Public Safety Group, Inc. and BIO-key International, Inc.
- 10.41(2) Subordination and Intercreditor Agreement dated as of September 30, 2004 by and among Laurus Master Fund, Ltd., as Collateral Agent, The Shaar Fund, Ltd., as Purchaser Agent, Aether Systems, Inc., Public Safety Group, Inc. and BIO-key International, Inc.
- 10.42(2) Subordinated Secured Promissory Note dated September 30, 2004 issued by BIO-key International, Inc. and Public Safety Group, Inc. in favor of Aether Systems, Inc.
- 10.45(12) Option to Purchase 300,000 shares of common stock issued to Kenneth Souza
- 10.46(12) Employment Agreement dated as of October 4, 2004 by and between BIO-key International, Inc. and Kenneth Souza
- 10.47(12) Option to Purchase 50,000 shares of common stock issued to Richard Gaddy
- 10.48(12) BIO-key International, Inc. 2004 Stock Incentive Plan
- 10.49(12) Warrant to purchase 10,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Krieger & Prager LLP on November 26, 2001
- 10.50(12) Warrant to purchase 100,000 shares of Common Stock issued to The November Group Ltd. on July 14, 2004
- 10.51(12) Warrant to purchase 230,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Jesup & Lamont Securities Corp. on March 31, 2004
- 10.52(12) Warrant to purchase 105,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Douglass Bermingham on March 31, 2004
- 10.53(12) Warrant to purchase 60,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Mason Sexton on March 31, 2004
- 10.54(12) Warrant to purchase 22,000 shares of Common Stock issued to David Moss on March 31, 2004
- 10.55(12) Warrant to purchase 22,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Patrick Gaynes on March 31, 2004
- 10.56(12) Warrant to purchase 5,000 shares of Common Stock issued to Tom DuHamel on March 31, 2004
- 10.57(13) Option to Purchase 155,000 shares of common stock issued to Francis J Cusick
- 10.58(13) Option to Purchase 50,000 shares of common stock issued to Charles P. Romeo
- 10.59(14) Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2005, by and between the Company and Laurus Fund, Ltd.
- 10.60(14) Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2005, by and between the Company and the Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.
- 10.61(14) Secured Convertible Term Note issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2005, by and between the Company and Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.
- 10.62(14) Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2005, by and between the Company and Laurus Fund, Ltd.
- 10.63(14) Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund, Ltd. and the other pursuant that are a party thereto
- 10.64(14) Form of Common Stock Purchase warrant issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund, Ltd. and the other purchasers that are a party thereto
- 10.65(14) Form of Convertible Term Note issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund, Ltd. and the other purchasers that are a party thereto
- 10.66(14) Registration Rights Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2005, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund, Ltd., Jesup & Lamont and the other purchasers that are a party thereto
- 10.67(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.
- 10.68(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and The Shaar Fund, Ltd.
- 10.69(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and Longview Special Finance
- 10.70(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and Etienne Des Roys
- 10.71(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and Eric Haber
- 10.72(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and Investors Management Corporation
- 10.73(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and The Tocqueville Fund
- 10.74(15) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and between the Company and The Tocqueville Amerique Value Fund
- 10.75(15) Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2005, by and among the Company, Laurus Master Fund, Ltd., The Shaar Fund, Ltd., Longview Special Finance, Etienne Des Roys, Eric Haber, Investors Management Corporation, The Tocqueville Fund and The Tocqueville Amerique Value Fund.
- 10.76(16) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and between the Company and Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.
- 10.77(16) Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and between the Company and Laurus Master Fund, Ltd.
- 10.78(16) Amendment and Waiver, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and among the Company and the holders of Subordinated Convertible Promissory Notes of the Company
- 10.79(16) Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund Ltd., Longview Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance
- 10.80(16) Form of Convertible Term Note issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund Ltd., Longview Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance
- 10.81(16) Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund Ltd., Longview Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance

10.82(16)	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2006 by and among the Company, The Shaar Fund, Ltd., Longview
	Fund, L.P. and Longview Special Finance
10.83(16)	Amendment No. 1 to Subordinated Secured Promissory Note, dated as of January 23, 2006, by and between the Company and
	Aether Systems, Inc.
10.84(17)	Compensation Agreement by and between the Company and Thomas J. Colatosti dated February 7, 2006
10.85(18)	Employment Agreement by and between the Company and Michael DePasquale dated March 28, 2006
10.86(8)	Form of Option Agreement used to grant a total of 400,000 options to Purchase common stock to Francis J. Cusick, Michael W.
	DePasquale, Randy Fodero, and Kenneth S. Saiza
21.1(12)	List of subsidiaries of BIO-key International, Inc.
23.1(8)	Consent of DS&B, Ltd.
31.1(8)	Certificate of CEO of Registrant required under Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
31.2(8)	Certificate of CFO of Registrant required under Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
32.1(8)	Certificate of CEO of Registrant required under Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
32.2(8)	Certificate of CFO of Registrant required under Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 14, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.

- Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 5, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
- Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 5, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s registration statement on Form SB-2, File No. 333-16451 dated February 14, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.

(5) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s annual report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 14, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference.
(6) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 26, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s annual report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 26, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
(8) Filed herewith.
(9) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s annual report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s registration statement on Form SB-2, File No. 333-115037 dated April 30, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 5, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s registration statement on Form SB-2, File No. 333-120104 dated October 29, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 4, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.

Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 7, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.	
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 25, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.	
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 9, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.	
Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.	
(19) Filed as an exhibit to the registrant s proxy statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.	
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