

UREX ENERGY CORP.
Form 10QSB
November 17, 2006
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2006**

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number **000-501191**

UREX ENERGY CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0201259

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**10580 N. McCarran Blvd., Building 115-208
Reno, Nevada 89503**

(Address of principal executive offices)

775.747.0667

(Issuer's telephone number)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

There are 94,425,600 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of October 31, 2006.

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Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one):

Yes No

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

It is the opinion of management that the interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 include all adjustments necessary in order to ensure that the interim consolidated financial statements are not misleading.

Our interim consolidated financial statements are stated in United States dollars and are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

UREX ENERGY CORP

(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES INC.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

UREX ENERGY CORP.**(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES, INC.)**

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2006 and March 31, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	September 30, 2006	March 31, 2006
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current		
Cash	\$ 107,871	\$ 34,572
Prepaid and other current assets	9,573	136
Due from related party	2,366	-
Accounts receivable	-	15,000
	119,810	49,708
Advance on assignment agreement	-	50,000
	-	50,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 119,810	\$ 99,708
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 75,836	\$ 50,138
Note payable to related party	22,500	22,500
Note payables	468,082	204,577
	566,418	277,215
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
<u>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</u>		
Capital stock		
Authorized:		
300,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001		
10,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of \$0.001		
Issued and outstanding:		
94,425,600 common shares (March 31, 2006 78,425,600)	94,425	39,213
NIL preferred shares	-	-
Additional paid-in capital	5,547,574	2,787
Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage	(6,087,908)	(219,507)
	(318)	
Total stockholders' deficit	(446,248)	(177,507)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 119,810	\$ 99,708

UREX ENERGY CORP.**(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURE S, INC.)**

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three and six months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and

For the period February 6, 2002 (Date of Inception) to September 30, 2006

	Three months ended		Six months ended		February 6,
	September 30,	2005	September 30,	2005	2002 (Date of
	2006		2006		Inception) to
					September 30,
					2006
Expenses					
Management fees	\$ 35,226	\$	\$ 65,936	\$	\$ 125,226
Professional fees	39,121		56,207		119,738
Consulting fees	11,631		21,631		21,631
Exploration costs	33,730	-	34,842	-	89,006
Donated services	-	-	-	-	11,577
Interest on loans	6,062		8,802		
Goodwill	-	-	5,662,012	-	5,662,012
General and administrative	17,945	2,518	19,421	7,636	58,718
	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	\$ (143,715)	\$ (2,518)	\$ (5,868,851)	\$ (7,636)	\$ (6,087,908)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	
Weighted average number of					
shares outstanding	94,425,600		94,425,600		

UREX ENERGY CORP.**(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES, INC.)**

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and

For the period February 6, 2002 (Date of Inception) to September 30, 2006

	Six months ended		February 6, 2002
	September 30,	2005	February 6, 2002
	2006		(Date of Inception)
			to September 30,
			2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Net loss for the period	\$ (5,868,851)	\$ (7,636)	\$ (6,087,908)
Amortization	-	100	2,500
Impairment of goodwill	5,662,012		5,662,012
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in			
operating activities:			
Accounts receivable	15,000	-	-
Prepays	(9,437)	-	(9,573)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13,436	37,500	52,624
Net cash used in operating activities	(187,840)	29,964	(380,345)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Option agreement	-	(30,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(30,000)	-
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from line of credit	-	-	-
Shares issued for cash	-	-	-
Payments to related party	(2,366)		(2,366)
Notes payable	263,505	-	468,082
Notes payable to related party	-	-	22,500
Net cash provided by financing activities	261,139	-	488,216
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period	73,299	(36)	107,871
Cash, beginning of the period	34,572	492	-
Cash, end of the period	\$ 107,871	\$ 456	\$ 107,871

UREX ENERGY CORP.**(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES, INC.)**

(An Exploration Stage Company)

STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDER S EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)

For the period February 6, 2002 (Date of Inception) to September 30, 2006

	Common Stock			Deficit	
	Number of <u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Accumulated	
				During the Exploration <u>Stage</u>	
Balance, February 2, 2002	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Shares issued at \$0.001	33,420,000	33,420	(31,920)	-	1,500
Shares issued at \$0.01	34,534,000	34,534	(19,034)	-	15,500
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2002	67,954,000	\$ 67,954	\$ (50,954)	\$ -	\$ 17,000
Shares issued at \$0.05	5,458,600	5,459	6,791	-	12,250
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(25,559)	(25,559)
Balance, March 31, 2003	73,412,600	\$ 73,413	\$ (44,163)	\$ (25,559)	\$ 3,691
Shares issued at \$0.05	5,681,400	5,681	7,069	-	12,750
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(3,076)	(3,076)
Balance, March 31, 2004	79,094,000	\$ 79,094	\$ (37,094)	\$ (28,635)	\$ 13,365
Cancellation of stock	(668,400)	(668)	668	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(35,689)	(35,689)
Balance, March 31, 2005	78,425,600	\$ 78,426	\$ (36,426)	\$ (64,324)	\$ (22,324)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(155,183)	(155,183)
Balance, March 31, 2006	78,425,600	\$ 78,426	\$ (36,426)	\$ (219,507)	\$ (177,507)
Shares issued for acquisition	16,000,000	16,000	5,584,000	-	5,600,000
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(5,868,851)	(5,868,851)
Balance, September 30, 2006	94,425,600	\$ 94,426	\$ 5,547,574	\$ (6,087,908)	\$ (446,358)

UREX ENERGY CORP.

(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES, INC.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

Note 1 Interim Reporting

While the information presented in the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements is unaudited, it includes all adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the March 31, 2006 annual financial statements of Urex Energy Corp. f/k/a Lakefield Ventures, Inc. (Company). All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. It is suggested that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the Company's March 31, 2006 audited financial statements.

Operating results for the six months ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the year ended March 31, 2007.

Note 2 Going Concern

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for its next twelve months. Realization values may be substantially different from carrying values as shown and these interim consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2006, the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$6,087,908 since its inception, and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. These factors cast substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management has no formal plan in place to address this concern but considers that the Company will be able to obtain additional funds by equity financing and/or related party advances, however there is no assurance of additional funding being available.

Note 3 Summary of significant accounting policies
Basis of consolidation and presentation

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of all subsidiaries over which the Company holds a majority interest. The results of operations of these companies are accounted for using the consolidated method of accounting. All material inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

UREX ENERGY CORP.

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(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company is located and operates outside of the United States of America. It maintains its accounting records in Argentinean Pesos as follows:

At the transaction date, each asset, liability, revenue and expense is recorded into Argentinean Pesos using the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the year end, monetary assets and liabilities are translated into US dollars using the exchange rate in effect at that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are included in operations.

Note 4 Mineral Properties

On April 15, 2002, the Company entered into an Option Agreement to acquire 90% interest in a total of six mineral claims located in the Levy Township in Quebec, Canada. In order to earn its interests, the Company made a cash payment totaling \$2,500 upon consummating the agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is required to incur exploration expenditures totaling \$150,000, of which \$15,000 was required to be expended by December 31, 2004 and \$135,000 was required to be expended by December 31, 2005. The properties are subject to 1% net smelter return royalty fees. During December 2004, \$15,000 was expensed in accordance with the requirements of the option agreement. The Company has abandoned its interest on this option agreement.

In December 2005, the Company acquired 100% interest in the La Jara Mesa Extension uranium property consisting of 137 unpatented mining claims of approximately 2,740 acres through staking, in the Grants Mining District of Cibola County in New Mexico, USA. The Company plans to commence a drilling exploration program as soon as financing is arranged.

Note 5 Merger and acquisition

Urex Energy Corp.

The Company established a wholly owned subsidiary in the State of Nevada named Urex Energy Corp. (Urex) on June 8, 2006. Concurrently, the Company and Urex entered into an agreement and plan of merger whereby Urex and Lakefield agreed to be merged with and into Lakefield, with Lakefield remaining as the surviving company under the name "Urex Energy Corp."

The Company's authorized capital was increased due to the merger from 150,000,000 common shares to 300,000,000 common shares, and included an additional authorized 10,000,000 preferred shares with par value of \$0.001 per share.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

United Energy Metals, SA

On September 22, 2005, the Company entered into an Assignment Agreement with International Mineral Resources Ltd. (IMR), whereby IMR assigned its right, title and interest in the Option Agreement entered between IMR and United Energy Metals, SA (UEM) to the Company. The Option Agreement allows for the holder of the option to acquire 99.8% of UEM, an Argentina company which in turn holds a 100% interest in a commanding property position of 170,000 hectares adjacent to the Cerro Solo Uranium deposit known as the Rio Chubut property. As consideration for the assignment of the Option from IMR to the Company, the Company is required to issue to IMR 8,000,000 common shares of the Company and pay IMR \$50,000. Furthermore, IMR will retain a 5% net smelter royalty.

The Company paid IMR \$50,000 in January 2006 and, subsequent to its year end, the Company also issued 8,000,000 common shares of the Company to IMR in June 2006. This acquisition was recorded as a purchase of UEM. The value of UEM was determined as the consideration paid plus the fair market value of the shares issued. The purchase price was then allocated against the fair market value of the assets and liabilities assumed, with the balance recorded as goodwill. Because UEM has no proven mineral reserves, the amount allocated toward goodwill was considered 100% impaired and written off at the date of acquisition.

Note 4 Related Party Transactions

On December 10, 2004, the Company issued a note payable in the amount of \$25,000 to the former President of the Company for the purpose of funding exploration activities. The note bears no interest and is due and payable on demand. As of September 30, 2006, the balance of the loan is \$22,500.

Effective October 1, 2005, the Company began paying a management consulting agreement with Minera Teles Pires Inc., a company controlled by the President and director of the Company. The agreement provides a fixed fee of \$10,000 per month of which \$5,000 is paid and the other \$5,000 deferred until financing is obtained by the Company. During the six months ended September 30, 2006, \$60,000 in management fees were due to Minera Teles Pires Inc., of which \$30,000 has been paid and \$30,000 has been accrued in accordance with the agreement noted above.

UREX ENERGY CORP.**(f/k/a LAKEFIELD VENTURES, INC.)**

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

Note 5 Promissory Notes Payable

The promissory notes payable are unsecured and bear interest at 5% per annum. They are due on demand.

	September 30, 2006	March 31, 2006
November 15, 2005	\$ 85,349	\$ 84,317
December 01, 2005	19,343	19,109
January 06, 2006	102,398	101,151
	\$ 207,090	\$ 204,577

The promissory note payable is unsecured and bear interest at 6% per annum. It is due on demand.

	September 30, <u>2006</u>	March 31, <u>2006</u>
August 31, 2006	\$ 150,000	\$ 814

Note 6 Stock Dividend

The Company effected a forward stock split of 2 common shares for each 1 common share issued and outstanding. The merger and forward stock split became effective as of July 3, 2006. The total issued and outstanding common shares (post-split) is 94,425,600. All references in the accompanying financial statements to the number of common shares and the per share amounts have been restated to reflect the forward stock split.

UREX ENERGY CORP.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2006

Note 7 Subsequent Events

The former President and former Director of the Company entered into an agreement with the Company to return 20 million common shares which he beneficially owns back to treasury for cancellation.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks in the section entitled "Risk Factors", that may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our interim consolidated financial statements are stated in United States dollars and are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our interim consolidated financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this quarterly report. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and elsewhere in this quarterly report, particularly in the section entitled "Risk Factors" of this quarterly report.

In this quarterly report, unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars. All references to "common shares" refer to the common shares in our capital stock. As used in this quarterly report, the terms "we", "us", "our" and "Urex" mean Urex Energy Corp., unless otherwise indicated.

Corporate History

We were incorporated in Nevada on February 6, 2002 under the name of Lakefield Ventures Inc. Effective June 2, 2006, we increased our authorized common stock from 50,000,000 shares, par value \$0.001, to 150,000,000 shares, par value \$0.001, and we effected a 11.4 for one (1) forward stock split of our issued and outstanding common stock. Effective July 3, 2006, we changed our name from Lakefield Ventures Inc. to Urex Energy Corp. as a result of a merger with Urex Energy Corp., our wholly-owned subsidiary that was incorporated solely to effect the name change. In addition, on July 3, 2006, we effected a two (2) for one (1) forward stock split of our authorized, issued and outstanding common stock.

Our principal executive office is located at 10580 N. McCarran Blvd., Building 115-208, Reno, Nevada. The telephone number of our principal executive office is 775.747.0667.

We are also registered as a foreign company in Argentina, and our legal address in Argentina is 1052 San Martin Avenue, 3rd Floor, Office 17, Ciudad Mendoza, Province of Mendoza, Argentina.

We have one majority-owned subsidiary, United Energy Metals S.A., an Argentina company, of which we own 99.8% of the issued and outstanding capital stock.

Since inception, we have been primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of uranium mining properties, but have not yet realized any revenues from our planned operations. Currently, we have two uranium prospects, the Rio Chubut Property located in the Chubut Province of Patagonia, Southern Argentina and the La Jara Mesa Property located in Cibola County, New Mexico.

Plan Of Operations And Cash Requirements

During the next twelve month period, we plan to complete a Phase 1 initial exploration program on the La Jara Mesa Property and the Rio Chubut Property. We anticipate that this program will cost \$1.1 million as set forth below:

La Jara Mesa Extension: Proposed Exploration Expenditures (\$USD)

Salaries & Wages	\$	40,000
Consulting and Technical Services	\$	50,000
Surface work	\$	265,000
Environmental	\$	10,000
Property Costs	\$	24,000
Administrative & General	\$	34,000
Machinery expense	\$	24,000
TOTAL	\$	447,000

Rio Chubut: Proposed Exploration Expenditures (\$USD)

Salaries & Wages	\$	40,000
Consulting and Technical Services	\$	170,000
Surface work	\$	360,000
Environmental	\$	10,000
Property Costs	\$	15,000
Administrative & General	\$	34,000
Machinery expense	\$	24,000
TOTAL	\$	663,000

In addition, we anticipate incurring the following costs during the next twelve month period: \$60,000 on professional fees; \$60,000 on salaries and wages; \$30,000 on travel costs; \$50,000 on promotional expenses; \$60,000 on other administrative expenses; and an additional \$630,000 in surface work and drilling. As a result, we anticipate that we will incur approximately \$2,000,000 in operating expenses during the next twelve month period.

We incurred a loss of \$5,868,851 for the six month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to a loss of \$7,636 for the six month period ended September 30, 2005. As of September 30, 2006 we had a working capital deficiency of \$446,608 compared to a working capital deficiency of \$177,507 as of March 31, 2006. As indicated above, our estimated working capital requirements and projected operating expenses for the next twelve month period total \$2,000,000. As our current working capital will likely not be sufficient to cover our estimated capital requirements during the next twelve month period, we will be required to raise additional funds through the issuance of equity securities or through debt financing. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in raising the required capital or that actual cash requirements will not exceed our estimates. We intend to fulfil any additional cash requirement through the sale of our equity securities.

Given that we are an exploration stage company and have not generated revenues to date, our cash flow projections are subject to numerous contingencies and risk factors beyond our control, including exploration and development risks, competition from well-funded competitors, and our ability to manage growth. We can offer no assurance that our expenses will not exceed our projections. If our expenses exceed estimates, we will require additional monies during the next twelve months to execute our business plan.

There are no assurances that we will be able to obtain funds required for our continued operation. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to us when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to obtain additional financing on a timely basis, we will not be able to meet our other obligations as they become due and we will be forced to scale down or perhaps even cease the operation of our business.

There is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern as the continuation of our business is dependent upon obtaining further long-term financing, successful exploration and development of our property interests and, finally, achieving a profitable level of operations. The issuance of additional equity securities by us could result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of our current stockholders. Obtaining commercial loans, assuming those loans would be available, will increase our liabilities and future cash commitments.

Exploration and Development Costs

We have applied for a permit to start an exploration program in regards to our La Jara Mesa Property consisting of approximately 3200 metres (10,000 feet) of drilling planned (10 holes) that should start in late November 2006. The drill program is designed to test for the extension of uranium mineralization defined at Laramide Resources La Jara Meza Deposit located on the south-western corner of the property. Depending on the results from the initial round of drilling, a second phase drilling program may follow in early 2007.

Our proposed budget is also expected to support a seismic refraction geophysical survey followed by a 5,000 meter (15,000 foot) drill program (40 drill holes) in regards to our Rio Chubut Property, which is designed to test for new uranium ore bodies in the central Chubut Province, Argentina which is adjacent to the Cerro Solo uranium deposit.

Capital Expenditures

As of September 30, 2006, our company did not have any material commitments for capital expenditures and management does not anticipate that our company will spend additional material amounts on capital expenditures during the next twelve month period.

Employees

Currently our only employees are our executive officers. We do not expect any material changes in the number of employees over the next twelve month period. Given the early stage of our development and exploration properties, we intend to continue to outsource our professional and personnel requirements by retaining consultants on an as needed basis. However, if we are successful in our initial and any subsequent drilling programs, we may retain additional employees.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As at September 30, 2006, we had a working capital deficiency of \$446,608. Our interim consolidated financial statements report a net loss of \$5,868,851 for the six month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to a net loss of \$7,636 for the six month period ended September 30, 2005. Our accumulated losses for the period from February 6, 2002, our date of inception, to September 30, 2006 was \$6,087,908.

Our total liabilities as of September 30, 2006 were \$566,418, as compared to total liabilities of \$277,215 as at March 31, 2006. The change was due to increases in notes payable and increased business activity.

Cash Flow Used in Operating Activities

Operating activities used cash of \$187,840 for the six months ended September 30, 2006 compared to generating \$29,964 for the six months ended September 30, 2005. The increase in cash used during the six months ended September 30, 2006 was commensurate with our increase in net loss.

Cash Flow Used in Investing Activities

Investing activities used cash of \$nil during the six months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$30,000 for the six months ended September 30, 2005. The decrease in cash used during the six months ended September 30, 2006 resulted from a decrease in investing activities.

Cash Flow Provided by Financing Activities

Financing activities provided cash of \$261,139 for the six months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$nil for the six months ended September 30, 2005. The increase in cash provided from financing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2006 resulted from increases in notes payable.

Trends and Uncertainties

Our ability to generate revenues in the future is dependent on whether we successfully explore and develop our current property interests or any property interests that we may acquire in the future. We cannot predict whether or when this may happen and this causes uncertainty with respect to the growth of our company and our ability to generate revenues.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our company has no outstanding derivative financial instruments, off-balance sheet guarantees, interest rate swap transactions or foreign currency contracts. Neither our company nor our operating subsidiary engages in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying disclosures of our company. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions that our company may undertake in the future, actual results may differ from such estimates.

Going Concern

The audited financial statements included with our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2006 have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that adequate sources of financing will be obtained as required and that our assets will be realized and liabilities settled in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, the audited financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern. Due to the uncertainty of our ability to meet our current operating expenses and the capital expenses noted above, in their report on the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2006, our independent auditors included an explanatory paragraph regarding concerns about our ability to continue as a going concern.

In order to continue as a going concern, we require additional financing. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to us when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to continue as a going concern, we would likely be unable to realize the carrying value of our assets reflected in the balances set out in our financial statements.

Mining Properties

Mineral property acquisition, exploration and development costs are expensed as incurred until such time as economic reserves are quantified. From that time forward, we will capitalize all costs to the extent that future cash flows from mineral reserves equal or exceed the costs deferred. The deferred costs will be amortized over the recoverable reserves when a property reaches commercial production. Costs related to site restoration programs will be accrued over the life of the project. To date, we have not established any proven reserves on our mineral properties. As at September 30, 2006, we do not have any proven reserves.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS 123(R) establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. This Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS 123(R) requires that the fair value of such equity instruments be recognized as expense in the historical financial statements as services are performed. Prior to SFAS 123(R), only certain pro-forma disclosures of fair value were required. SFAS 123(R) shall be effective for us as of the beginning of the first interim or annual reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. The adoption of this new accounting pronouncement does not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2005, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 47, Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143 (FIN 47). FIN 47 requires the recognition of a liability for the fair value of a legally-required conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred, if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. FIN 47 also clarifies when an entity would have sufficient information to reasonably estimate the fair value of an asset retirement obligation. FIN 47 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. The adoption of FIN 47 did not have an impact on our financial statements.

RISK FACTORS

Much of the information included in this quarterly report includes or is based upon estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements include any projections or estimates made by us and our management in connection with our business operations. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions, or other future performance suggested herein. We undertake no obligation to update such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

Such estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements" involve various risks and uncertainties as outlined below. We caution readers of this quarterly report that important factors in some cases have affected and, in the future, could materially affect actual results and cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in any such estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements". In evaluating us, our business and any investment in our business, readers should carefully consider the following factors.

We have had negative cash flows from operations and if we are not able to continue to obtain further financing our business operations may fail.

To date we have had negative cash flows from operations and we have been dependent on sales of our equity securities and debt financing to meet our cash requirements and have incurred a net loss of \$5,868,851 for the six month period ended September 30, 2006, and cumulative losses of \$6,087,908 to September 30, 2006. As of September 30, 2006 we had a working capital deficiency of \$446,608. We do not expect to generate positive cash flow from operations in the near future. There is no assurance that actual cash requirements will not exceed our estimates. Any decision to further expand our company's operations or our exploration properties is anticipated to involve consideration and evaluation of several significant factors including, but not limited to:

- costs to bring each property into production, including exploration work, preparation of production feasibility studies, and construction of production facilities;
- availability and costs of financing;
- ongoing costs of production;

market prices for the minerals to be produced;
environmental compliance regulations and restraints; and
political climate and/or governmental regulation and control.

The occurrence of any of the aforementioned events could adversely affect our ability to meet our business plans.

We depend almost exclusively on outside capital to pay for the continued exploration and development of our properties. Such outside capital may include the sale of additional stock and/or commercial borrowing. Capital may not continue to be available if necessary to meet these continuing development costs or, if the capital is available, that it will be on terms acceptable to us. The issuance of additional equity securities by us would result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of our current stockholders. Obtaining commercial loans, assuming those loans would be available, will increase our liabilities and future cash commitments.

If we are unable to obtain financing in the amounts and on terms deemed acceptable to us, we may be unable to continue our business and, as a result, we may be required to scale back or cease our business operations, the result of which would be that our stockholders would lose some or all of their investment.

A decline in the price of our common stock could affect our ability to raise further working capital and adversely impact our operations.

A prolonged decline in the price of our common stock could result in a reduction in the liquidity of our common stock and a reduction in our ability to raise capital. Because our operations have been primarily financed through the sale of equity securities, a decline in the price of our common stock could be especially detrimental to our liquidity and our continued operations. Any reduction in our ability to raise equity capital in the future would force us to reallocate funds from other planned uses and would have a significant negative effect on our business plans and operations, including our ability to develop new products and continue our current operations. If our stock price declines, we may not be able to raise additional capital or generate funds from operations sufficient to meet our obligations.

We have a history of losses and fluctuating operating results which raises doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

From inception through to September 30, 2006, we have incurred aggregate losses of approximately \$6,087,908. Our loss from operations for the six month period ended September 30, 2006 was \$5,868,851. There is no assurance that we will operate profitably or will generate positive cash flow in the future. In addition, our operating results in the future may be subject to significant fluctuations due to many factors not within our control, such as general economic conditions, market price of minerals and exploration and development costs. If we cannot generate positive cash flows in the future, or raise sufficient financing to continue our operations, then we may be forced to scale down or even close our operations. Until such time as we generate revenues, we expect an increase in development costs and operating costs. Consequently, we expect to incur operating losses and negative cash flow until our properties enter commercial production.

We have a limited operating history and if we are not successful in continuing to grow our business, then we may have to scale back or even cease our ongoing business operations.

We have no history of revenues from operations and have no significant tangible assets. We have yet to generate positive earnings and there can be no assurance that we will ever operate profitably. Our company has a limited operating history and must be considered in the development stage. The success of our company is significantly dependent on a successful acquisition, drilling, completion and production program. Our company's operations will be subject to all the risks inherent in the establishment of a developing enterprise and the uncertainties arising from the absence of a significant operating history. We may be unable to locate recoverable reserves or operate on a profitable basis. We are in the development stage and potential investors should be aware of

the difficulties normally encountered by enterprises in the development stage. If our business plan is not successful, and we are not able to operate profitably, investors may lose some or all of their investment in our company.

Trading in our common shares on the OTC Bulletin Board is limited and sporadic making it difficult for our shareholders to sell their shares or liquidate their investments.

Our common shares are currently quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board. The trading price of our common shares has been subject to wide fluctuations. Trading prices of our common shares may fluctuate in response to a number of factors, many of which will be beyond our control. The stock market has generally experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of companies with no current business operation. There can be no assurance that trading prices and price earnings ratios previously experienced by our common shares will be matched or maintained. These broad market and industry factors may adversely affect the market price of our common shares, regardless of our operating performance.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class-action litigation has often been instituted. Such litigation, if instituted, could result in substantial costs for us and a diversion of management's attention and resources.

Because of the early stage of development and the nature of our business, our securities are considered highly speculative.

Resource exploration and development is a speculative business, characterized by a number of significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits but from finding mineral deposits which, though present, are insufficient in quantity and quality to return a profit from production. The marketability of minerals acquired or discovered by our company may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond the control of our company and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations, the proximity and capacity of milling facilities, mineral markets and processing equipment and such other factors as government regulation, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection, the combination of which factors may result in our company not receiving an adequate return of investment capital.

As our properties are in the exploration and development stage, there can be no assurance that we will establish commercial discoveries on our properties.

The mining and exploration business relies upon the accuracy of determinations as to whether a given deposit has significant mineral reserves and resources. This reliance is important in that reported mineral reserves and resources are only estimates and do not represent with certainty that estimated mineral reserves and resources will be recovered or that they will be recovered at the rates estimated. Mineral reserve and resource estimates are based on limited sampling, and inherently carry the uncertainty that samples may not be representative. Mineral reserve and resource estimates may require revision (either upward or downward) based on actual production experience. Market fluctuations in the price of metals, as well as increased production costs or reduced recovery rates, may render certain mineral resources uneconomic. Inaccurate estimates may result in a misallocation of resources such that an excess amount could be allocated to a less than economic deposit or, conversely, failure to develop a significant deposit.

Our company will be subject to operating hazards and risks which may adversely affect our company's financial condition.

Mineral exploration involves many risks, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Our operations will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration, development and production of metals, such as unusual or unexpected formations, cave-ins or pollution, all of which could result in work stoppages, damage to property and possible environmental damage. We do not have general liability insurance covering our operations and do not presently intend to obtain liability

insurance as to such hazards and liabilities. Payment of any liabilities as a result could have a materially adverse effect upon our company's financial condition.

Our company's activities will be subject to environmental and other industry regulations which could have an adverse effect on the financial condition of our company.

Our activities are subject to environmental regulations promulgated by government agencies from time to time. Environmental legislation generally provides for restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with certain mining industry operations, such as seepage from tailing disposal areas, which may result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in imposition of fines and penalties. In addition, certain types of operations require the submission and approval of environmental impact assessments. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which means stricter standards and enforcement, and more stringent fines and penalties for non-compliance. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations could have an adverse effect on the financial condition of our company.

Our operations, including exploration and development activities and commencement of production on our properties, which will require permits from various federal, state, provincial and local governmental authorities, are and will be governed by laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labor standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, mine safety and other matters. Companies engaged in the development and operation of mines and related facilities generally experience increased costs and delays in production and other schedules as a result of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits.

Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities. Such actions may cause operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations and, in particular, environmental laws.

Our current property interests are located in North and South America, and the current and future economic, political and social conditions, as well as the governmental policies of the respective jurisdictions, could have an adverse effect on our company's overall financial condition and ability to generate revenues.

We expect that a substantial portion of our business, including future assets and operations of our company, will be located and conducted in North and South America, including Argentina and New Mexico. The economy of such countries differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects. While the economies of such countries, including Argentina and Mexico, have experienced significant growth in the past twenty years, growth has been uneven, both geographically and among various sectors of the economy. The governments of such countries have implemented various measures to encourage economic growth and guide the allocation of resources. While some of these measures benefit the overall economy of such countries, they may have a negative effect on our operations. For example, our operating results and financial condition may be adversely affected by government control over capital investments or changes in tax regulations applicable to us. If there are any changes in any policies by such governments and our proposed business is negatively affected as a result, then our financial results, including our ability to generate revenues and profits, will also be negatively affected.

Competition may have an adverse impact on our company's ability to acquire suitable mineral properties, which may have an adverse impact on our company's operations.

Significant and increasing competition exists for the limited number of mineral acquisition opportunities available. As a result of this competition, some of which is with large established mining companies with substantial capabilities and greater financial and technical resources than our company, we may be unable to acquire attractive mineral properties on terms we consider acceptable. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that any proposed exploration and development program will yield any reserves or result in any commercial mining operation.

We currently rely on certain key individuals and the loss of one of these certain key individuals could have an adverse effect on our company.

Our company's success depends to a certain degree upon certain key members of our management. These individuals are a significant factor in our company's growth and success. We do not have key man insurance in place in respect of any of our senior officers or personnel and we do not anticipate obtaining such insurance in the near future. The loss of the service of members of our management and certain key employees could have a material adverse effect on our company. In particular, the success of our company is highly dependant upon the efforts of our president and director, Mr. Richard Bachman, the loss of whose services would have a material adverse effect on the success and development of our company.

We are an exploration stage company, and there is no assurance that a commercially viable deposit or reserve exists on any of our properties that we have, or might obtain, an interest.

We are an exploration stage company and cannot give assurance that a commercially viable deposit, or reserve, exists on any properties for which our company currently has or may have an interest. Therefore, determination of the existence of a reserve depends on appropriate and sufficient exploration work and the evaluation of legal, economic, and environmental factors. If we fail to find a commercially viable deposit on any of our properties, our financial condition and results of operations will be adversely affected in a material manner.

Investors' interests in our company will be diluted and investors may suffer dilution in their net book value per share if we issue additional shares or raise funds through the sale of equity securities.

Our constating documents authorize the issuance of 310,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001. In the event that we are required to issue any additional shares or enter into private placements to raise financing through the sale of equity securities, investors' interests in our company will be diluted and investors may suffer dilution in their net book value per share depending on the price at which such securities are sold. If we issue any such additional shares, such issuances will cause a reduction in the proportionate ownership and voting power of all other shareholders. Further, any such issuance may result in a change in our control.

Trading of our stock may be restricted by the Securities and Exchange Commissions "Penny Stock" regulations which may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our stock.

The United States Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted regulations which generally define "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price (as defined) less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Our securities are covered by the penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors." The term "accredited investor" refers generally to institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document in a form prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission which provides information about penny stocks and the nature and level of risks in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. The bid and offer quotations, and the broker-dealer and salesperson compensation information, must be given to the customer orally or in writing prior to effecting the transaction and must be given to the customer in writing before or with the customer's confirmation. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for the stock that is subject to these penny stock rules. Consequently, these penny stock rules may affect the ability of broker-dealers to trade our securities. We believe that the penny stock rules discourage investor interest in and limit the marketability of, our common stock.

NASD sales practice requirements may also limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our stock.

In addition to the penny stock rules described above, the NASD has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the NASD believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The NASD requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our stock and have an adverse effect on the market for our shares.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures.

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report, being September 30, 2006, we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our company's disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our company's management, including our company's President. Based upon that evaluation, our company's President concluded that our company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our company's reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our company's President, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We know of no material, active or pending legal proceedings against our company, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial shareholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports of Form 8-K.

Exhibit	Description
Number	
3.1	Articles and Bylaws incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form 10-SB filed on February 27, 2003
3.2*	<u>Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation dated June 2, 2005</u>
3.3*	<u>Certificate of Change dated June 2, 2005</u>
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
3.5	Certificate of Change incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
3.6	Articles of Incorporation of Urex Energy Corp. incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
3.7	Articles of Merger incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2006
3.8	Certificate of Change incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2006
3.9	Certificate of Correction with respect to the Certificate of Change incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2006
3.10	Certificate of Correction with respect to the Articles of Merger incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2006
10.1	Consulting Agreement between our company and Minera Teles Pires Inc., dated September 27, 2005 incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
10.2	Assignment Agreement between our company and International Mineral Resources Inc., dated September 22, 2005 incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2005
10.3	Option Agreement between International Mineral Resources Inc. and United Energy Metals S.A., dated September 21, 2005 incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
10.4	Agreement and Plan of Merger between Urex Energy Corp. and Lakefield Ventures Inc., dated June 8, 2006 incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006
31*	<u>Section 302 Certification of Richard Bachman, dated November 17, 2006</u>
32*	<u>Section 906 Certification of Richard Bachman, dated November 17, 2006</u>

99.2 Independent Review of the Rio Chubut Uranium Project prepared by Brian Cole, P.Geo., dated September 23, 2005 incorporated by reference from our annual report on Form 10-KSB filed on July 14, 2006

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UREX ENERGY CORP.

By: /s/ Richard Bachman

Richard Bachman

President and Director

Dated: November 17, 2006