

Aeterna Zentaris Inc.  
Form SUPPL  
October 28, 2016

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*This prospectus supplement, together with the accompanying short form base shelf prospectus dated January 12, 2016 to which it relates, as amended or supplemented, and each document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, constitutes a public offering of these securities only in those jurisdictions where such securities may be lawfully offered for sale and therein only by persons permitted to sell such securities. No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these securities and it is an offense to claim otherwise.*

*Information has been incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the short form base shelf prospectus dated January 12, 2016 from documents filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and with securities commissions or similar authorities in Canada. Copies of the documents incorporated herein by reference may be obtained on request without charge from the secretary of Aeterna Zentaris Inc. at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29486, tel. (843) 900-3223 and are also available electronically at [www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml](http://www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml) or [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).*

[New Issue](#)

**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT NO. 1  
(TO SHORT FORM BASE SHELF PROSPECTUS DATED JANUARY 12, 2016)**

**US\$7,560,000**

**Units Consisting of either One Common Share or One  
Pre-Funded Warrant to Purchase One Common Share  
and 0.45 of a Warrant to Purchase One Common Share**

**US\$3.60 per Unit**

Aeterna Zentaris Inc. ("we", "us" or the "Company") is hereby offering to a single purchaser in the United States 2,100,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$3.60 per Unit, with each Unit being comprised of one common share of our capital (the "Common Shares") and 0.45 of a warrant to purchase one Common Share (each whole warrant, a "Warrant", which term excludes, for greater certainty, the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Call Pre-Funded Warrants (each as defined below)), pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying short form base shelf prospectus dated January 12, 2016. Each Warrant will have an exercise price of \$4.70 per share, subject to adjustment. The Warrants will be exercisable six months after their date of issuance and will expire three years after their initial exercise date.

We are also offering to the purchaser, if the purchase of Units in this offering would result in the purchaser, together with its affiliates and certain related parties, beneficially owning more than the initial beneficial ownership limitation following the consummation of this offering, the opportunity to purchase, in lieu of Common Shares forming part of the Units that would result in ownership in excess of the initial beneficial ownership limitation, one pre-funded warrant to purchase one Common Share (the "Pre-Funded Warrants", which term includes, unless specifically stated otherwise or unless the context otherwise requires, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants). The Pre-Funded Warrants will have an exercise price of \$3.60 per share, which will be pre-paid in its entirety upon issuance of the Pre-Funded Warrants in lieu of Common Shares and, consequently, no additional consideration will be required to be paid and no additional payment will be required to be made to the Company by the holder upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants. In addition, in certain circumstances described under the section titled "Details of the

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Offering "Call Pre-Funded Warrants" in which the holder exercises Warrants following the delivery by the Company of a notice calling for their cancellation, which exercise of Warrants would result in the holder (together with its affiliates and certain related parties) owning more than the applicable beneficial ownership limitation, the holder will receive, upon exercise of such Warrants, pre-funded warrants (the "Call Pre-Funded Warrants") to purchase Common Shares. The Call Pre-Funded Warrants will be in substantially the same form as the Pre-Funded Warrants (with limited exceptions).

The Units will not be certificated and the Common Shares, the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) and the Warrants will be issued separately but will be purchased together in this offering. This offering of Units is being conducted pursuant to the Company's effective shelf registration statement on Form F-10 dated January 12, 2016, its corresponding Canadian base shelf prospectus dated January 12, 2016 and an exemption from the *Autorité des marchés financiers* permitting the Company to offer common shares and warrants in the United States ("U.S."). See "Exemptive Relief Granted by the *Autorité des marchés financiers*" on page S-48 of this prospectus supplement. The distribution of the Warrants, the Pre-Funded Warrants (including, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) and the Common Shares issuable upon the exercise of the Warrants and the Pre-Funded Warrants (including, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) is qualified and registered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We have retained Maxim Group LLC to act as our exclusive placement agent (the "Placement Agent") in connection with this offering to use its best efforts to solicit offers to purchase our Units. The market price of the Units and the exercise price and other terms of the Warrants was determined by negotiation among us, the Placement Agent and the purchasers of the Units with reference to the prevailing market price of the Common Shares. We have agreed to pay the Placement Agent the placement agent fee set forth in the table below. The Placement Agent is not purchasing or selling any of our Units offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. See "Plan of Distribution" beginning on page S-38 of this prospectus supplement for more information regarding these arrangements.

**Unless otherwise stated, currency amounts in this prospectus supplement are presented in U.S. dollars, or "\$" or "US\$".**

Our Common Shares are listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market ("NASDAQ") under the symbol "AEZS" and on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "AEZ". On October 26, 2016, the last reported sales price of our Common Shares on NASDAQ was \$4.18 per share and on TSX was C\$5.56 per share.

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Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. There is no established public trading market for the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants, we do not expect a market to develop, and purchasers may not be able to resell the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants purchased under this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants on any national securities exchange or other nationally recognized trading system. This may affect the pricing of the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants in the secondary market, the transparency and availability of trading prices, the liquidity of the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants, and the extent of issuer regulation. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement and the risk factors described in the documents incorporated by reference herein for information that should be considered before investing in our securities.

	Per Unit	Total
Public offering price <sup>(1)</sup>	\$3.60	\$7,560,000
Placement Agent's Fee <sup>(2)</sup>	\$0.252	\$529,200
Proceeds, before expenses, to us <sup>(3)</sup>	\$3.348	\$7,030,800

- (1) The proceeds shown exclude proceeds that we may receive upon exercise of the Warrants, and includes the pre-payment in full of the exercise price of the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) issued to purchasers who elect to receive Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) in lieu of Common Shares.
- (2) We have agreed to pay the Placement Agent an aggregate cash placement fee equal to 7% of the gross proceeds in this offering. For additional information on the Placement Agent's fees and expense reimbursement, see "Plan of Distribution" beginning on page S-38 of this prospectus supplement.
- (3) We estimate the total expenses of this offering will be approximately \$350,000 excluding the Placement Agent's fee.

Delivery of the Units, comprised of Common Shares or Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants), as the case may be, and Warrants, is expected to be made on or about November 1, 2016.

We are a foreign private issuer under the securities laws of the U.S. and are permitted, under a multi-jurisdictional disclosure system ("MJDS") adopted in the U.S. and Canada, to prepare this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in accordance with Canadian regulatory disclosure requirements. You should be aware that such requirements are different from those in the U.S. The financial statements included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and thus may not be comparable to financial statements of U.S. companies. Our consolidated financial statements are subject to Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and auditor independence standards, in addition to the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.) and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") independence standards.

The Units offered hereby are not being offered for sale to the public in Canada under this prospectus supplement. See "Exemptive Relief Granted by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers" on page S-48 of this prospectus supplement and "Plan of Distribution" beginning on page S-38 of this prospectus supplement.

The acquisition of the securities described herein may subject you to tax consequences both in the U.S. and Canada. See "Certain Income Tax Considerations" beginning on page S-39 of this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may not describe these tax consequences fully. You should read the tax discussion in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus fully and consult with your own tax advisors.

The enforcement of civil liabilities under U.S. federal securities laws may be adversely affected by the fact that we are incorporated under the laws of Canada, a number of our officers and directors and some of the experts named in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are residents of Canada or elsewhere outside of the U.S., and a substantial portion of our assets and the assets of such persons are located outside of the U.S.

Certain of our directors reside outside of Canada. Such directors, namely David A. Dodd, Juergen Ernst and Carolyn Egbert, have each appointed Norton Rose Fullbright Canada LLP, at 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, as their agent for service of process in Canada.

**NEITHER THE SEC NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.**

Our registered address is 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, c/o Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP; our head office is located at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29486; and our telephone number is (843) 900-3223.

*Placement Agent*

**Maxim Group LLC**

The date of this prospectus supplement is October 27, 2016.

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*This prospectus supplement is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is illegal.*

**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of Units, and supplements information contained in the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information about us and the securities we may offer from time to time under our base shelf prospectus and our shelf registration statement.

We have not authorized any dealer, salesperson or other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and any related free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you. You should not rely upon any information or representation not contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or any free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you. If information in this prospectus supplement is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus or the information incorporated by reference, you should rely on this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and any related free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you do not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy Units, in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and any related free writing prospectus that we may

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authorize to be provided to you is accurate on any date other than the date set forth on the front cover of the document or that any information we have incorporated by reference is correct on any date subsequent to the date of the document incorporated by reference regardless of the date of delivery of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and any related free writing

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prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you or any sale of Units. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

We further note that the representations, warranties and covenants made by us in any agreement that is filed as an exhibit to any document that is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus were made solely for the benefit of the parties to such agreement, including, in some cases, for the purpose of allocating risk among the parties to such agreements, and should not be deemed to be a representation, warranty or covenant to you. Moreover, such representations, warranties or covenants were accurate only as of the date when made. Accordingly, such representations, warranties and covenants should not be relied on as accurately representing the current state of our affairs.

The financial statements included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Our consolidated financial statements are subject to Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and auditor independence standards, in addition to the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.) and the SEC independence standards.

Except as otherwise indicated, all historical share, warrant and option data, including number of securities issued and outstanding and applicable exercise prices, in this prospectus supplement have been retroactively adjusted to reflect and give effect to the share consolidation (reverse stock split) we effected on November 17, 2015 on a 100-for-1 basis (the "Share Consolidation"). Our Common Shares commenced trading on a consolidated and adjusted basis on both NASDAQ and TSX on November 20, 2015.

In this prospectus supplement, unless otherwise indicated, references to "we", "us", "our", "Aeterna Zentaris" or the "Company" are to Aeterna Zentaris Inc., a Canadian corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless it is clear that such terms refer only to Aeterna Zentaris Inc. excluding its subsidiaries.

## **CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATES**

The following table sets out the high and low exchange rates for one U.S. dollar expressed in Canadian dollars, for the period indicated and the average of such exchange rates, as well as the exchange rate at the end of such period, in each case, based upon the noon rates as quoted by the Bank of Canada:

	<b>Nine-month period ended September 30,</b>		<b>Year ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
High	1.4589	1.3413	1.3990	1.1643	1.0697
Low	1.2544	1.1728	1.1728	1.0614	0.9839
Rate at end of period	1.3117	1.3394	1.3840	1.1601	1.0636
Average rate per period	1.3218	1.2600	1.2787	1.1045	1.0299

On October 26, 2016, the exchange rate for one U.S. dollar expressed in Canadian dollars based upon the noon rate of the Bank of Canada was C\$1.3360.

## **SPECIAL NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference contain forward-looking statements concerning the business, operations, financial performance and condition of the Company. When used in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference, words such as "may", "will", "should", "could", "expects", "plans", "seeks", "anticipates", "intends", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such words. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and are naturally subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such statements, based

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as they are on the current expectations of management, inherently involve numerous risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, many of which are beyond our control. Such risks include but are not limited to:

investments in biopharmaceutical companies are generally considered to be speculative;

we may not be able to continue as a going concern, if we are unsuccessful in generating new revenue, increasing our revenues and/or raising additional funding;

fluctuations in our revenues and expenses may disappoint securities analysts and investors, causing the price of our securities to decline;

our clinical trials may not yield results that will enable us to obtain regulatory approval for our products and a setback in any of our clinical trials would likely cause a drop in the price of our securities;

we may not be able to successfully complete our clinical trial programs, or such clinical trials could take longer to complete than we project;

we may not be able to realize any profit from our commercial operation;

we may not be able to acquire, in-license or otherwise obtain the right to sell other products;

we will require significant additional financing, and we may not have access to sufficient capital;

we may breach or fail to maintain a necessary license;

the impact of the stringent ongoing government regulations to which our product candidates are subject;

the impact of restrictions on, or withdrawals of, any product approvals and changes in regulatory requirements;

the impact of healthcare reform measures on the commercial success of our product candidates and on our business prospects or future financial condition;

the impact of healthcare fraud and abuse laws on our ability to market products;

we may not be able to generate significant revenues if our products do not gain market acceptance;

we may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product candidate or indication and fail to capitalize on product candidates or indications for which there may be a greater likelihood of success;



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the failure to achieve our projected development goals in the time-frames we announce and expect;

the impact of any failure on our part to obtain acceptable prices or adequate reimbursement for our products on our ability to generate revenues;

the impact of competition in our targeted markets;

we may not obtain adequate protection for our products through our intellectual property;

the impact of the expiration of certain of our patents in the near future, including for certain patents in respect of Zoptrex by the end of 2016;

we may infringe the intellectual property rights of others;

we may incur liabilities from our involvement in any patent litigation;

we may not obtain trademark registrations in connection with our product candidates;

current and future collaborations for the development of our product candidates may not provide the benefits we expect;

the failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we rely to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials;

our ability to obtain a stable and consistent supply of ingredients and raw materials;

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the failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we expect to rely to manufacture and supply products;

our ability to retain or attract key personnel;

we use hazardous materials and are subject to environmental and occupational safety laws;

the impact of securities class action litigation or other litigation on our cash flow, results of operations and financial position;

risks relating to product liability and other claims;

risks relating to our holding company structure and inter-company funding agreements;

it may be difficult for U.S. investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us;

we may not be able to maintain effective internal controls;

we believe we were a passive foreign investment company for the 2015 taxable year and we may be a passive foreign investment company for the 2016 taxable year and future taxable years, which could result in adverse tax consequences to U.S. investors;

fluctuations in currency exchange rates;

the impact of legislative actions, new accounting pronouncements and higher insurance costs on our future financial position or results of operations;

security breaches may disrupt our operations and adversely affect our operating results;

the possibility that our Common Shares may be delisted from the stock exchanges on which they currently trade;

our share price is volatile;

we do not intend to pay dividends;

future issuances of securities and hedging activities may depress the price of our securities;

our status as a foreign private issuer status could be lost in future periods which could increase certain legal, financial and accounting compliance costs;

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we are permitted to issue "blank check" preferred shares; and

our business could be negatively affected as a result of the actions of activist shareholders.

More detailed information about these and other factors is included under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus as well as in other documents incorporated herein by reference. Many of these factors are beyond our control. Future events may vary substantially from what we currently foresee. You should not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Company disavows and is under no obligation to update or alter such forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable securities legislation.

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**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY**

*This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The summary may not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our securities. You should read this entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including "Risk Factors" contained in this prospectus supplement and the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before making an investment decision. This prospectus supplement may add to, update or change information in the accompanying prospectus.*

**Our Business**

*Overview.* We are a specialty biopharmaceutical company engaged in developing and commercializing novel treatments in oncology, endocrinology and women's health. We are engaged in drug development activities and in the promotion of products for others. The focus of our business development efforts is the acquisition or license of products that are relevant to our therapeutic areas of focus. We also intend to license out certain commercial rights of internally developed products to licensees in territories where such out-licensing would enable us to ensure development, registration and launch of our product candidates. Our goal is to become a growth oriented specialty biopharmaceutical company by pursuing successful development and commercialization of our product portfolio and by achieving successful commercial presence and growth, while consistently delivering value to our shareholders, employees and the medical providers and patients who will benefit from our products.

*Our Strategy.* Our primary business strategy is to pursue the development of our principal product candidates Zoptrex (zoptarelin doxorubicin) and Macrilen (macimorelin) in oncology and endocrinology, respectively and to commercialize oncology, endocrinology and women's health products that we may acquire, in-license or promote. Our vision is to become a growth-oriented specialty biopharmaceutical company.

*Drug Development.* Our drug development efforts are focused currently on two lead, clinical-stage development compounds: Zoptrex , which has the potential to become the first U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA")-approved medical therapy for advanced, recurrent endometrial cancer, and Macrilen (macimorelin), an orally-active ghrelin agonist for use in evaluating adult growth hormone deficiency ("AGHD"). Additionally, our luteinizing hormone releasing hormone ("LHRH") Disorazol Z compounds, potential oncology-indication product candidates, are in pre-clinical development.

**Zoptrex** is a complex molecule that combines a synthetic peptide carrier with doxorubicin, a well-known chemotherapy agent and, as such, it represents a new targeting concept in oncology. The synthetic peptide carrier is an LHRH agonist, a modified natural hormone with affinity for the LHRH receptor. We believe that the design of the compound allows for the specific binding and selective uptake of the cytotoxic conjugate by LHRH receptor-positive tumors. Potential benefits of this targeted approach include better efficacy with lower incidence and severity of side effects as compared to doxorubicin alone. Zoptrex is currently in a pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial in women with advanced, recurrent or metastatic endometrial cancer. In October 2015, we announced that the independent Data and Safety Monitoring Board ("DSMB") had recommended that the pivotal Phase 3 ZoptEC (Zoptarelin Doxorubicin in Endometrial Cancer) study continue as planned. The DSMB's decision followed completion of its pre-specified final interim analysis on efficacy and safety at approximately 192 events. A final analysis of the data is expected at approximately 384 events, which we expect to occur by the end of 2016. Out of the total of approximately 12,500 oncologists practicing in the U.S., there are approximately 2,000 specializing in gynecological oncology.

Although we terminated early clinical trials of the compound as a treatment for triple-negative breast cancer and bladder cancer as part of our ongoing review of our development activities to ensure the most effective use of our resources, we believe that Zoptrex may be useful in treating other cancers, including breast cancer, bladder cancer, ovarian cancer and prostate cancer.

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We have opportunistically pursued out-licensing arrangements for Zoptrex for particular indications in various territories, as summarized below:

on December 1, 2014, we entered into a Master Collaboration Agreement and related License and Technology Transfer and Technical Assistance Agreements with Sinopharm A-Think Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. ("Sinopharm") for the initial indication of endometrial cancer (subject to potential expansion in other indications), in the People's Republic of China, including Hong Kong and Macau (collectively, the "Territory") in consideration for the payment to us of a non-refundable \$1 million fee. Sinopharm has also agreed to make additional payments to us upon achieving certain pre-established regulatory and commercial milestones. Furthermore, we will receive royalties on future net sales of Zoptrex in the Territory. Sinopharm will be responsible for the development, production, registration and commercialization of the product in the Territory;

on July 1, 2016, we entered into an exclusive license agreement with Cyntec Co., Ltd. ("Cyntec"), an affiliate of Orient EuroPharma Co., Ltd. ("OEP") for the initial indication of endometrial cancer (subject to potential expansion in other indications). Under the terms of the license agreement, we were paid a non-refundable upfront cash payment in consideration for the license to Cyntec of our intellectual property related to Zoptrex and the grant to Cyntec of the right to commercialize Zoptrex in a territory consisting of Taiwan and nine countries in southeast Asia (the "OEP Territory"). Cyntec has also agreed to make additional payments to us upon achieving certain pre-established regulatory and commercial milestones. Furthermore, we will receive royalties based on future net sales of Zoptrex in the OEP Territory. Cyntec will be responsible for the development, registration, reimbursement and commercialization of the product in the OEP Territory. We entered into related Technology Transfer and Supply Agreements with another affiliate of OEP, pursuant to which we will transfer to such affiliate the technology necessary to permit the affiliate to manufacture finished Zoptrex using quantities of the active pharmaceutical ingredient purchased from us pursuant to the Supply Agreement;

on July 31, 2016, we entered into an exclusive license agreement with Rafa Laboratories Ltd ("Rafa") for the initial indication of endometrial cancer (subject to potential expansion in other indications). Under the terms of the license agreement, we were paid a non-refundable upfront cash payment in consideration for the license to Rafa of our intellectual property related to Zoptrex and the grant to Rafa of the right to commercialize Zoptrex in a territory consisting of Israel and the Palestinian territories (the "Rafa Territory"). Rafa has also agreed to make additional payments to us upon achieving certain pre-established regulatory and commercial milestones. Furthermore, we will receive royalties based on future net sales of Zoptrex in the Rafa Territory. Rafa will be responsible for the development, registration, reimbursement and commercialization of the product in the Rafa Territory. We entered into a related Supply Agreement with Rafa pursuant to which we will sell finished Zoptrex to Rafa; and

on October 12, 2016, we announced that we had entered into an exclusive license agreement with Specialised Therapeutics Asia Pte Ltd ("STA") for the initial indication of endometrial cancer (subject to potential expansion in other indications). Under the terms of the license agreement, we were paid a non-refundable upfront payment in consideration for the license to STA of our intellectual property related to Zoptrex and the grant to STA of the right to commercialize Zoptrex in a territory consisting of Australia and New Zealand (the "STA Territory"). STA has also agreed to make additional payments to the Company upon achieving certain pre-established regulatory and commercial milestones, as well as double-digit royalties on future net sales of Zoptrex in the STA Territory. STA will be responsible for the development, registration, reimbursement and commercialization of the product in the STA Territory. We also entered into a supply agreement with STA, pursuant to which we will supply Zoptrex to STA for the duration of the license agreement.

**Macrilen** (macimorelin acetate) is an orally available peptidomimetic ghrelin receptor agonist that stimulates the secretion of growth hormone by binding to the ghrelin receptor (GHSR-1a) and that has potential uses in both endocrinology and oncology indications. Macrilen has been granted orphan-drug designation by the FDA for use in evaluating growth hormone deficiency ("GHD"). See below under



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" Recent Developments Completion of Patient Recruitment in Macrilen Confirmatory Clinical Trial" for further details regarding Macrilen .

*Commercial Operations.* Our commercial operations consist of approximately 20 full-time sales representatives, who provide services pursuant to our agreement with a contract sales organization, and a sales-management staff. Our sales representatives are currently promoting two products:

**Saizen®** (somatropin (rDNA origin) for injection): In May 2015, we entered into a promotional services agreement with EMD Serono, Inc. to detail Saizen®, a recombinant human growth hormone registered in the U.S. for the treatment of growth hormone deficiency in children and adults, to designated medical professionals across specified U.S. territories in exchange for a commission based on new, eligible patient starts on Saizen® above an agreed upon baseline; and

**APIFINY®**: On December 1, 2015, we entered into a co-marketing agreement with Armune BioScience, Inc. ("Armune") to promote Armune's APIFINY®, the only cancer specific, non-PSA (prostate-specific antigen) blood test for the detection of prostate cancer, in exchange for a commission for each test performed resulting from our targeted promotion of the product. As of June 1, 2016, we acquired the exclusive right to promote APIFINY® throughout the entire U.S.

Our sales force will also be available for the launch of our own potential product candidates (i.e., Zoptrex and Macrilen ) in the U.S., in the event the products are approved for sale in the U.S.

We also continue to pursue opportunities to in-license or acquire additional commercial products that are relevant to our therapeutic areas of focus. Our preference is to in-license or acquire additional commercial products because we wish to control all aspects of the commercialization of the products and to record the sales revenue from the products.

**Recent Developments**

*Expiration of Final Series B Warrants*

On September 14, 2016, we announced that the remaining 8,064 Series B Common Share Purchase Warrants (the "Series B Warrants") issued in connection with our offering of units for gross proceeds of \$37.0 million in March 2015 (the "March 2015 Offering") expired on September 12, 2016 without being exercised.

*License Agreement with Specialised Therapeutics Australia for Zoptrex*

On October 12, 2016, we announced that we had entered into an exclusive license agreement with STA for the initial indication of endometrial cancer (subject to potential expansion in other indications). Under the terms of the license agreement, we were paid a non-refundable upfront payment in consideration for the license to STA of our intellectual property related to Zoptrex and the grant to STA of the right to commercialize Zoptrex in the STA Territory. STA has also agreed to make additional payments to the Company upon achieving certain pre-established regulatory and commercial milestones, as well as double-digit royalties on future net sales of Zoptrex in the STA Territory. STA will be responsible for the development, registration, reimbursement and commercialization of the product in the STA Territory. We also entered into a supply agreement with STA, pursuant to which we will supply Zoptrex to STA for the duration of the license agreement.

*Completion of Patient Recruitment in Macrilen Confirmatory Clinical Trial*

On October 26, 2016, we announced that we successfully completed patient recruitment for the confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial of Macrilen as a growth hormone stimulation test for the evaluation AGHD, and we also confirmed that we expect to file a New Drug Application ("NDA") for Macrilen with the FDA during the first half of 2017, if the results of the trial warrant doing so. Macrilen is the Company's proposed trade name for macimorelin, subject to approval by the FDA.

We believe that, in the U.S. alone, there are approximately 2,500 endocrinologists that we could target as potential prescribers of Macrilen and that approximately 40,000 confirmatory tests for AGHD will be

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conducted each year after the introduction of Macrilen , if it is approved by the FDA, which represents the target market for Macrilen at the time of its anticipated commercialization. Furthermore, we believe that Macrilen , if it is approved, is likely to be rapidly adopted by physicians as the preferred means of evaluating AGHD for the following reasons: it is safer than the insulin tolerance test (the "ITT"), which is the historical "gold standard" for the evaluation of AGHD, because Macrilen does not require the patient to become hypoglycemic and thus avoids the symptoms and potential complications of hypoglycemia; Macrilen is administered orally, while the ITT requires an intravenous infusion of insulin; the evaluation of AGHD using Macrilen is significantly less time-consuming and labor-intensive than the ITT and, therefore, it is less expensive to conduct; and the evaluation can be conducted in a physician's office rather than in a hospital setting.

**Corporate Information**

We were incorporated on September 12, 1990 under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the "CBCA") and continue to be governed by the CBCA. Our registered address is 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, c/o Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP. Our executive offices are located at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29486; our telephone number is (843) 900-3223 and our website is [www.aezsinc.com](http://www.aezsinc.com). None of the documents or information found on our website shall be deemed to be included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, unless such document is specifically incorporated herein or therein by reference.

We currently have three wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries, Aeterna Zentaris GmbH ("AEZS Germany"), based in Frankfurt, Germany, Zentaris IVF GmbH, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of AEZS Germany, based in Frankfurt, Germany, and Aeterna Zentaris, Inc., an entity incorporated in the State of Delaware based in the Charleston, South Carolina area in the U.S.



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**THE OFFERING**

<b>Issuer:</b>	Aeterna Zentaris Inc.
<b>Units offered by us:</b>	<p>We are offering 2,100,000 Units. Each Unit is comprised of one Common Share and 0.45 of a Warrant to a single purchaser in the United States to purchase one Common Share.</p> <p>We are also offering to the purchaser, if the purchase of Units in this offering would result in the purchaser, together with its affiliates and certain related parties, beneficially owning more than the initial beneficial ownership limitation, the opportunity to purchase, in lieu of Common Shares forming part of the Units that would result in ownership in excess of the initial beneficial ownership limitation one Pre-Funded Warrant to purchase one Common Share.</p>
<b>Price per Unit:</b>	\$3.60
<b>Common Shares outstanding before this offering:</b>	10,520,775 Common Shares as of the date of this prospectus supplement (9,939,863 as of June 30, 2016).
<b>Common Shares to be outstanding immediately after this offering:</b>	11,670,775 Common Shares without giving effect to the exercise of any of the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Warrants, 12,620,775 Common Shares without giving effect to the exercise of the Warrants but assuming and after giving effect to the exercise of all the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants), and 13,565,775 Common Shares assuming and after giving effect to the exercise of all the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding, for greater certainty, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) and the Warrants offered under this prospectus supplement.
<b>Warrants we are offering:</b>	<p>Each Unit will include 0.45 of a Warrant to purchase one Common Share. Warrants to purchase an aggregate of up to 945,000 Common Shares will be issued in this offering.</p> <p>The Warrants will be exercisable six months after their date of issuance and will expire three years after their initial exercise date. They will have an exercise price of \$4.70 per Common Share, subject to adjustment.</p> <p>The Pre-Funded Warrants will be exercisable immediately and will expire on the date that such Pre-Funded Warrants are exercised in full. They will have an exercise price of \$3.60 per Common Share, which is the same price at which the Units are being offered and sold. Despite having an exercise price of \$3.60 per share, the exercise price will be pre-paid in its entirety upon issuance of the Pre-Funded Warrants in lieu of Common Shares and, consequently, no additional consideration will be required to be paid and no additional payment will be required to be made to the Company by the holder upon exercise.</p> <p>The Call Pre-Funded Warrants will be issued in certain circumstances as described under "Details of the Offering Call Pre-Funded Warrants" and be in substantially the same form as the Pre-Funded Warrant (with limited exceptions).</p> <p>This prospectus supplement also relates to the offering of the Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants. There is no established public trading market for the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants on any national securities exchange or other nationally recognized trading system.</p>

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**Use of Proceeds**

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities under this prospectus supplement to fund the preparation and submission of NDAs for Macrilen and Zoptrex, if the results of our ongoing clinical trials of such products warrant doing so, for general corporate and working capital purposes and to fund our negative cash flow. See "Use of Proceeds" on page S-32 of this prospectus supplement.

**NASDAQ and TSX symbols:**

NASDAQ: AEZS; TSX: AEZ

**Risk Factors:**

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement as well as the other information included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors that you should consider carefully before making an investment decision.

**Additional Information:**

The number of our outstanding Common Shares described in this prospectus supplement excludes as of June 30, 2016:

2,842,309 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in a registered direct offering in July 2013, in an underwritten public offering in October 2012, as well as in the March 2015 Offering, which had a weighted average exercise price as of June 30, 2016 of \$11.80 per Common Share (of which 8,064 of our Series B Warrants expired on September 12, 2016. See "Prospectus Supplement Summary Recent Developments" on page S-3 of this prospectus supplement.);

328,442 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of \$16.61 per Common Share, and an additional 2,403 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of C\$808.27 per Common Share; and

an aggregate of 802,299 additional Common Shares available for future grants under our stock option plan, which provides that the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the plan may equal 11.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares at any given time.

The number of our outstanding Common Shares described in this prospectus supplement also excludes:

580,912 Common Shares issued under the April 2016 ATM Program (as defined below) between July 1, 2016 and the date of this prospectus supplement; and

up to an additional 2,407,922 Common Shares that may be issued from time to time under the remainder of the April 2016 ATM Program (as defined below).

In connection with the offering of Units under this prospectus supplement, the exercise prices of outstanding Series A Common Share Purchase Warrants (the "Series A Warrants") issued by us in the March 2015 Offering are required, in accordance with their existing terms, to be adjusted downwards upon the closing of this offering. The exercise price of our Series A Warrants, of which there are 447,574 outstanding as of the date of this prospectus supplement, are subject to a potential adjustment to a price equal to the lower of (A) the issuance price of the Units under this prospectus supplement, and (B) the volume weighted average price of our Common Shares on NASDAQ as of the trading day immediately following the public announcement of this offering. There are no longer any outstanding Series B Warrants originally issued by us in the March 2015 Offering. See "Prospectus Supplement Summary Recent Developments" on page S-3 of this prospectus supplement.

Except as otherwise indicated, all historical share, warrant and option data, including number of securities issued and outstanding and applicable exercise prices, in this prospectus supplement have been retroactively adjusted to reflect and give effect to the Share Consolidation.



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**RISK FACTORS**

*Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider the risks described in this prospectus supplement, together with all of the other information incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including the risks described in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F and subsequent consolidated financial statements and corresponding management's discussion and analysis filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and our Reports on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC, including our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and corresponding management's discussion and analysis. The risks mentioned below are presented as of the date of this prospectus supplement and we expect that these will be updated from time to time in our various continuous disclosure documents filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and our periodic and current reports filed with or furnished to the SEC, as applicable, which will be incorporated herein by reference. Please refer to these subsequent reports for additional information relating to the risks associated with investing in our securities.*

*Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. The trading price of our Common Shares and the value of our Pre-Funded Warrants and our Warrants could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose part or all of your investment. This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the incorporated documents also contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks mentioned below. Forward-looking statements included in this prospectus supplement are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and all forward-looking statements in documents incorporated by reference are based on information available to us as of the date of each such document. The Company disavows and is under no obligation to update or alter such forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable securities legislation.*

**Risks Relating to Us and Our Business**

*Investments in biopharmaceutical companies are generally considered to be speculative.*

The prospects for companies operating in the biopharmaceutical industry are uncertain, given the very nature of the industry, and, accordingly, investments in biopharmaceutical companies should be considered to be speculative assets.

***We have a history of operating losses and we may never achieve or maintain operating profitability. In addition, if we are unsuccessful in generating new revenue, increasing our revenues and/or raising additional funding, we may not be able to continue as a going concern.***

We have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses in our efforts to develop and market products. Consequently, we have incurred operating losses historically and, as disclosed in our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2016 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$284.5 million as at June 30, 2016. Our operating losses have adversely impacted, and will continue to adversely impact, our working capital, total assets, operating cash flow and shareholders' equity. We do not expect to reach operating profitability in the immediate future, and our operating expenses are likely to continue to represent a significant component of our overall cost profile as we seek regulatory approval for our product candidates and carry out commercial activities. Even if we succeed in developing, acquiring or in-licensing new commercial products, we could incur additional operating losses for at least the next several years. If we do not ultimately generate sufficient revenue from commercialized products and achieve or maintain operating profitability, an investment in our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants could result in a significant or total loss.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the successful execution of our business plan, which will require an increase in revenue and/or additional funding to be provided by potential investors and/or non-traditional sources of financing. We stated in our most recent Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations that the Company did not have, as at June 30, 2016, sufficient liquidity and financial resources to fund planned expenditures and other working capital needs for the 12-month

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period following such date. Therefore, our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2016 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 include a footnote disclosing material uncertainties related to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for at least twelve months from June 30, 2016.

Additional funding may be in the form of debt or equity or a hybrid instrument depending on our needs, the demands of investors and market conditions. Depending on the prevailing global economic and credit market conditions, we may not be able to raise additional cash through these traditional sources of financing. Although we may also pursue non-traditional sources of financing with third parties, the global equity and credit markets may adversely affect the ability of potential third parties to pursue such transactions with us. Accordingly, as a result of the foregoing, we continue to review traditional sources of financing, such as private and public debt or various equity financing alternatives, as well as other alternatives to enhance shareholder value, including, but not limited to, non-traditional sources of financing, such as strategic alliances with third parties, the sale of assets or licensing of our technology or intellectual property, a combination of operating and related initiatives or a substantial reorganization of our business.

There can be no assurance that we will achieve profitability or positive cash flows or be able to obtain additional funding or that, if obtained, the additional funding will be sufficient, or whether any other initiatives will be successful such that we may continue as a going concern. There could also be material uncertainties related to certain adverse conditions and events that could impact our ability to remain a going concern. If the going concern assumptions were deemed no longer appropriate for our consolidated financial statements, adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, reported expenses and consolidated statement of financial position classifications would be necessary. Such adjustments could be material.

***Our revenues and expenses may fluctuate significantly, and any failure to meet financial expectations may disappoint securities analysts or investors and result in a decline in the price of our Common Shares.***

We have a history of operating losses. Our revenues and expenses have fluctuated in the past and may continue to do so in the future. These fluctuations could cause our share price to decline. Some of the factors that could cause our revenues and expenses to fluctuate include but are not limited to:

the inability to complete product development in a timely manner that results in a failure or delay in receiving the required regulatory approvals to commercialize our product candidates;

the timing of regulatory submissions and approvals;

the timing and willingness of any current or future collaborators to invest the resources necessary to commercialize our product candidates;

the nature and timing of licensing fee revenues;

the outcome of litigation, including the securities class-action litigation pending against us that is described elsewhere in this prospectus supplement;

foreign currency fluctuations;

the timing of the achievement and the receipt of milestone payments from current or future collaborators; and

failure to enter into new or the expiration or termination of current agreements with collaborators.

Due to fluctuations in our revenues and expenses, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not necessarily indicative of our future performance. It is possible that in some future periods, our revenues and expenses will be above or below the

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expectations of securities analysts or investors. In this case, the price of our Common Shares could fluctuate significantly or decline.

*Our clinical trials may not yield results that will enable us to obtain regulatory approval for our products, and a setback in any of our clinical trials would likely cause a drop in the price of our Common Shares.*

We will only receive regulatory approval for a product candidate if we can demonstrate, in carefully designed and conducted clinical trials, that the product candidate is both safe and effective. We do not know

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whether our pending or any future clinical trials will demonstrate sufficient safety and efficacy to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals or will result in marketable products.

Unfavorable data from those studies could result in the withdrawal of marketing approval for approved products or an extension of the review period for developmental products. Preclinical testing and clinical development are inherently lengthy, complex, expensive and uncertain processes and have a high risk of failure. It typically takes many years to complete testing, and failure can occur at any stage of testing. Results attained in preclinical testing and early clinical studies, or trials, may not be indicative of results that are obtained in later studies. In addition, we have limited experience in conducting and managing the clinical trials necessary to obtain regulatory approval and, accordingly, may encounter unforeseen problems and delays in the approval process. Furthermore, errors in the conduct, monitoring and/or auditing of a clinical trial, whether made by us or by a contract research organization (a "CRO") that we retain, could invalidate the results from a regulatory perspective.

None of our current product candidates has to date received regulatory approval for their intended commercial sale. We cannot market a pharmaceutical product in any jurisdiction until it has completed rigorous preclinical testing and clinical trials and passed such jurisdiction's extensive regulatory approval process. In general, significant research and development ("R&D") and clinical studies are required to demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our product candidates before we can submit regulatory applications. Even if a product candidate is approved by the applicable regulatory authority, we may not obtain approval for an indication whose market is large enough to recover our investment in that product candidate. In addition, there can be no assurance that we will ever obtain all or any required regulatory approvals for any of our product candidates.

We are currently developing our product candidates based on R&D activities, preclinical testing and clinical trials conducted to date, and we may not be successful in developing or introducing to the market these or any other new products or technology. If we fail to develop and deploy new products successfully and on a timely basis, we may become non-competitive and unable to recover the R&D and other expenses we incur to develop and test new products.

Interim results of preclinical or clinical studies do not necessarily predict their final results, and acceptable results in early studies might not be obtained in later studies. Safety signals detected during clinical studies and preclinical animal studies may require us to perform additional studies, which could delay the development of the drug or lead to a decision to discontinue development of the drug. Product candidates in the later stages of clinical development may fail to show the desired safety and efficacy traits despite positive results in initial clinical testing. Results from earlier studies may not be indicative of results from future clinical trials and the risk remains that a pivotal program may generate efficacy data that will be insufficient for the approval of the drug, or may raise safety concerns that may prevent approval of the drug. Interpretation of the prior preclinical and clinical safety and efficacy data of our product candidates may be flawed and there can be no assurance that safety and/or efficacy concerns from the prior data were overlooked or misinterpreted, which in subsequent, larger studies appear and prevent approval of such product candidates.

Furthermore, we may suffer significant setbacks in advanced clinical trials, even after promising results in earlier studies. Based on results at any stage of clinical trials, we may decide to repeat or redesign a trial or discontinue development of one or more of our product candidates. Further, actual results may vary once the final and quality-controlled verification of data and analyses has been completed. If we fail to adequately demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our products under development, we will not be able to obtain the required regulatory approvals to commercialize our product candidates.

A failure in the development of any one of our programs or product candidates could have a negative impact on the development of the others. Setbacks in any phase of the clinical development of our product candidates would have an adverse financial impact (including with respect to any agreements and partnerships that may exist between us and other entities), could jeopardize regulatory approval and would likely cause a drop in the price of our Common Shares.

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***If we are unable to successfully complete our clinical trial programs, or if such clinical trials take longer to complete than we project, our ability to execute our current business strategy will be adversely affected.***

Whether or not and how quickly we complete our pending clinical trials of Zoptrex and Macrilen, which are the only clinical trials that we are conducting, is dependent in part upon the rate at which we are able to collect, clean, lock and analyze the clinical trial database. Certain clinical trials are designed to continue until a pre-determined number of events have occurred to the patients enrolled. Such trials are subject to delays stemming from patient withdrawal and from lower than expected event rates. If we experience delays in identifying and contracting with sites and/or in patient enrollment in our clinical trial programs, we may incur additional costs and delays in our development programs, and may not be able to complete our clinical trials on a cost-effective or timely basis. In addition, conducting multi-national studies adds another level of complexity and risk as we are subject to events affecting countries other than Canada and the U.S. Moreover, negative or inconclusive results from the clinical trials we conduct or adverse medical events could cause us to have to repeat or terminate the clinical trials. Accordingly, we may not be able to complete the clinical trials within an acceptable time-frame, if at all. If we or our CRO have difficulty enrolling a sufficient number of patients to conduct our clinical trials as planned, we may need to delay or terminate ongoing clinical trials.

Clinical trials are subject to continuing oversight by governmental regulatory authorities and institutional review boards and must:

meet the requirements of these authorities;

meet the requirements for informed consent; and

meet the requirements for good clinical practices.

We may not be able to comply with these requirements in respect of one or more of our product candidates. Additionally, we have limited experience in filing an NDA or similar application for approval in the U.S. or in any other country for our current product candidates, which may result in a delay in, or the rejection of, our filing of an NDA or similar application. During the drug development process, regulatory agencies will typically ask questions of drug sponsors. While we endeavor to answer all such questions in a timely fashion, some questions may not be answered in time to prevent the delay of acceptance of an NDA or the rejection of an NDA.

***We have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses, and we have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial financial commitments to establish a commercial operation. There can be no assurance how quickly, if ever, we will realize a profit from our commercial operation.***

Our business strategy is to become a specialty biopharmaceutical company with commercial operations to market and sell products that we may either develop internally, acquire or in-license. To that end, our commercial operations consist of approximately 20 full-time sales representatives, who provide services to us pursuant to our agreement with a contract sales organization, and our sales-management staff. We have to date incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses, and we have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial financial commitments to maintain our commercial operations. Establishing a commercial operation is expensive and time-consuming, and there can be no assurance how quickly, if ever, we will realize a profit from our commercial operations. Factors that may inhibit our efforts to realize a profit from our commercial operations include:

our inability to recruit, train and retain adequate numbers of effective sales and marketing personnel and representatives;

the inability of our sales personnel to obtain access to or to persuade adequate numbers of physicians to prescribe our products or the products that we in-license or co-promote;

the lack of complementary products to be offered by sales personnel, which may put us at a competitive disadvantage relative to companies with more extensive product lines; and

unforeseen costs and expenses associated with creating an independent sales and marketing organization.





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***Our financial viability depends, in part, on our ability to acquire, in-license or otherwise obtain the right to sell other products. If we are unable to do so, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.***

In connection with our strategy to further transform the Company into a commercially operating specialty biopharmaceutical organization, we may enter into commercial arrangements with third parties, including but not limited to promotion, co-promotion, acquisition or in-licensing agreements, in efforts to establish and expand our commercial revenue base. These business activities entail numerous operational and financial risks, including:

the difficulty or inability to secure financing to acquire or in-license products;

the incurrence of substantial debt or dilutive issuances of securities to pay for the acquisition or in-licensing of new products;

the disruption of our business and diversion of our management's time and attention;

higher than expected development, acquisition or in-license and integration costs;

exposure to unknown liabilities; and

the difficulty in locating products that are in our targeted therapeutic areas and that are compatible with other products in our portfolio.

We can provide no assurance that we will be able to identify potential product candidates or strategic commercial partners or, if we identify such product candidates or partners, that any related commercial arrangements will be consummated on terms that are favorable to us. To the extent that we are successful in entering into any strategic commercial arrangements, including promotional, co-promotional or marketing agreements, or acquisition or in-licensing agreements with third parties, we cannot provide any assurance that any resulting initiatives or activities will be successful. To the extent that any related investments in such arrangements do not yield the expected benefits, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

We have limited resources to identify and execute the procurement of additional products and to integrate them into our current commercial operations. The failure to successfully integrate the personnel and operations of businesses that we may acquire or of products that we may in-license in the future with our existing operations, business and products could have a material adverse effect on our operations and results. We compete with larger pharmaceutical companies and other competitors in our efforts to acquire, in-license, and/or obtain the right to market and/or detail new products. Our competitors likely will have access to greater financial resources than us and may have greater expertise in identifying and evaluating new opportunities. Moreover, we may devote resources to potential acquisition, in-licensing, promotion or co-promotion opportunities that are never completed, or we may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of such efforts.

***We will require significant additional financing, and we may not have access to sufficient capital.***

We will require significant additional capital to fund our commercial operations and may require additional capital to pursue planned clinical trials and regulatory approvals, as well as further R&D and marketing efforts for our product candidates and potential products. We do not anticipate generating significant revenues from operations in the near future, and we currently have no committed sources of capital.

We may attempt to raise additional funds through public or private financings, collaborations with other pharmaceutical companies or from other sources, including, without limitation, through at-the-market offerings and issuances of Common Shares. Additional funding may not be available on terms that are acceptable to us. If adequate funding is not available to us on reasonable terms, we may need to delay, reduce or eliminate one or more of our product development programs or obtain funds on terms less favorable than we would otherwise accept. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for equity securities, the issuance of those securities would result in dilution to our shareholders. Moreover, the incurrence of debt financing or the issuance of dividend-paying preferred shares, could result in a substantial portion of our future operating cash flow, if any, being dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on such indebtedness or the payment of dividends on such preferred shares.



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and could impose restrictions on our operations and on our ability to make certain expenditures and/or to incur additional indebtedness, which could render us more vulnerable to competitive pressures and economic downturns.

Our future capital requirements are substantial and may increase beyond our current expectations depending on many factors, including:

the duration of, changes to and results of our clinical trials for our various product candidates going forward;

unexpected delays or developments in seeking regulatory approvals;

the time and cost involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims;

unexpected developments encountered in implementing our business development and commercialization strategies;

the potential addition of commercialized products to our portfolio;

the outcome of litigation, including the securities class-action litigation pending against us that is described elsewhere in this prospectus supplement; and

further arrangements, if any, with collaborators.

In addition, global economic and market conditions as well as future developments in the credit and capital markets may make it even more difficult for us to raise additional financing in the future.

***We are and will be subject to stringent ongoing government regulation for our products and our product candidates, even if we obtain regulatory approvals for the latter.***

The manufacture, marketing and sale of our products and product candidates are and will be subject to strict and ongoing regulation, even if regulatory authorities approve any of the latter. Compliance with such regulation will be expensive and consume substantial financial and management resources. For example, an approval for a product may be conditioned on our agreement to conduct costly post-marketing follow-up studies to monitor the safety or efficacy of the products. In addition, as clinical experience with a drug expands after approval because the drug is used by a greater number and more diverse group of patients than during clinical trials, side effects or other problems may be observed after approval that were not observed or anticipated during pre-approval clinical trials. In such a case, a regulatory authority could restrict the indications for which the product may be sold or revoke the product's regulatory approval.

We and our contract manufacturers will be required to comply with applicable current Good Manufacturing Practice regulations for the manufacture of our products. These regulations include requirements relating to quality assurance, as well as the corresponding maintenance of rigorous records and documentation. Manufacturing facilities must be approved before we can use them in the commercial manufacturing of our products and are subject to subsequent periodic inspection by regulatory authorities. In addition, material changes in the methods of manufacturing or changes in the suppliers of raw materials are subject to further regulatory review and approval.

If we, or if any future marketing collaborators or contract manufacturers, fail to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, we may be subject to sanctions including fines, product recalls or seizures and related publicity requirements, injunctions, total or partial suspension of production, civil penalties, suspension or withdrawals of previously granted regulatory approvals, warning or untitled letters, refusal to approve pending applications for marketing approval of new products or of supplements to approved applications, import or export bans or restrictions, and criminal prosecution and penalties. Any of these penalties could delay or prevent the promotion, marketing or sale of our products and product candidates.

***Even if we receive marketing approval for our product candidates, such product approvals could be subject to restrictions or withdrawals. Regulatory requirements are subject to change.***

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Regulatory authorities generally approve products for particular indications. If an approval is for a limited indication, this limitation reduces the size of the potential market for that product. Product approvals, once

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granted, are subject to continual review and periodic inspections by regulatory authorities. Our operations and practices are subject to regulation and scrutiny by the U.S. government, as well as governments of any other countries in which we do business or conduct activities. Later discovery of previously unknown problems or safety issues and/or failure to comply with domestic or foreign laws, knowingly or unknowingly, can result in various adverse consequences, including, among other things, a possible delay in the approval or refusal to approve a product, warning letters, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, recalls or seizures of products, total or partial suspension of production, refusal of the government to renew marketing applications, complete withdrawal of a marketing application, criminal prosecution, withdrawal of an approved product from the market and/or exclusion from government healthcare programs. Such regulatory enforcement could have a direct and negative impact on the product for which approval is granted, but also could have a negative impact on the approval of any pending applications for marketing approval of new drugs or supplements to approved applications.

Because we operate in a highly regulated industry, regulatory authorities could take enforcement action against us in connection with our, or our licensees' or collaborators', business and marketing activities for various reasons.

From time to time, new legislation is passed into law that could significantly change the statutory provisions governing the approval, manufacturing, and marketing of products regulated by the FDA and other health authorities. Additionally, regulations and guidance are often revised or reinterpreted by health agencies in ways that may significantly affect our business and our products. It is impossible to predict whether further legislative changes will be enacted, or whether regulations, guidance, or interpretations will change and what the impact of such changes, if any, may be.

***Healthcare reform measures could hinder or prevent the commercial success of our product candidates and adversely affect our business.***

The business prospects and financial condition of pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies are affected by the efforts of governmental and third-party payers to contain or reduce the costs of healthcare. In the U.S. and in other jurisdictions there have been, and we expect that there will continue to be, a number of legislative and regulatory proposals aimed at changing the healthcare system, such as proposals relating to the pricing of healthcare products and services in the U.S. or internationally, the re-importation of drugs into the U.S. from other countries (where they are then sold at a lower price), and the amount of reimbursement available from governmental agencies or other third party payers. For example, drug manufacturers are required to have a national rebate agreement with the Department of Health and Human Services in order to obtain state Medicaid coverage, which requires manufacturers to pay a rebate on drugs dispensed to Medicaid patients.

The *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act* and the *Healthcare and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010* (collectively, the "ACA") may have far-reaching consequences for most healthcare companies, including specialty biopharmaceutical companies like us. For example, if reimbursement for our product candidates is substantially less than we expect, our revenue prospects could be materially and adversely impacted.

Regardless of the impact of the ACA on us, the U.S. government and other governments have shown significant interest in pursuing healthcare reform and reducing healthcare costs. Any government-adopted reform measures could cause significant pressure on the pricing of healthcare products and services, including our product candidates, in the U.S. and internationally, as well as the amount of reimbursement available from governmental agencies and other third-party payers.

In addition, the *Food and Drug Administration Amendments Act of 2007* gives the FDA enhanced post-market authority, including the authority to require post-marketing studies and clinical trials, labeling changes based on new safety information, and compliance with risk evaluations and mitigation strategies approved by the FDA. The FDA's exercise of this authority may result in delays or increased costs during the period of product development, clinical trials and regulatory review and approval, which may also increase costs related to complying with new post-approval regulatory requirements, and increase potential FDA restrictions on the sale or distribution of approved products.

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***If we market products in a manner that violates healthcare fraud and abuse laws, we may be subject to civil or criminal penalties, including exclusion from participation in government healthcare programs.***

As a pharmaceutical company, even though we do not provide healthcare services or receive payments directly from or bill directly to Medicare, Medicaid or other third-party payers for our products, certain federal and state healthcare laws and regulations pertaining to fraud and abuse are and will be applicable to our business. We are subject to healthcare fraud and abuse regulation by both the federal government and the states in which we conduct our business.

The laws that may affect our ability to operate include the federal healthcare program anti-kickback statute, which prohibits, among other things, knowingly and willfully offering, paying, soliciting, or receiving remuneration to induce, or in return for, the purchase, lease, order, or arrangement for the purchase, lease or order of any healthcare item or service reimbursable under Medicare, Medicaid or other federally financed healthcare programs. This statute applies to arrangements between pharmaceutical manufacturers and prescribers, purchasers and formulary managers. Although there are a number of statutory exceptions and regulatory safe harbors protecting certain common activities, the exceptions and safe harbors are drawn narrowly, and practices that involve remuneration intended to induce prescribing, purchases or recommendations may be subject to scrutiny if they do not qualify for an exception or safe harbor.

Federal false claims laws prohibit any person from knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented, a false claim for payment to the federal government, or knowingly making, or causing to be made, a false statement to get a false claim paid. Pharmaceutical companies have been prosecuted under these laws for a variety of alleged promotional and marketing activities, such as providing free product to customers with the expectation that the customers would bill federal programs for the product; reporting to pricing services inflated average wholesale prices that were then used by federal programs to set reimbursement rates; engaging in off-label promotion that caused claims to be submitted to Medicaid for non-covered off-label uses; and submitting inflated best price information to the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program.

The *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996* also created prohibitions against healthcare fraud and false statements relating to healthcare matters. The healthcare fraud statute prohibits knowingly and willfully executing a scheme to defraud any healthcare benefit program, including private payers. The false statements statute prohibits knowingly and willfully falsifying, concealing or covering up a material fact or making any materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statement in connection with the delivery of or payment for healthcare benefits, items or services.

In addition, there has been a recent trend of increased federal and state regulation of payments made to physicians. The ACA imposed new requirements on manufacturers of drugs, devices, biologics and medical supplies for which payment is available under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (with certain exceptions) to report annually to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") information related to payments or other "transfers of value" made to physicians (defined to include doctors, dentists, optometrists, podiatrists and chiropractors) and teaching hospitals, and applicable manufacturers and group purchasing organizations to report annually to CMS ownership and investment interests held by physicians (as defined above) and their immediate family members and payments or other "transfers of value" to such physician owners and their immediate family members. Manufacturers are required to report such data to the government by the 90<sup>th</sup> calendar day of each year.

The majority of states also have statutes or regulations similar to these federal laws, which apply to items and services reimbursed under Medicaid and other state programs, or, in several states, apply regardless of the payer. In addition, some states have laws that require pharmaceutical companies to adopt comprehensive compliance programs. For example, under California law, pharmaceutical companies must comply with both the April 2003 Office of Inspector General Compliance Program Guidance for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers and the PhRMA Code on Interactions with Healthcare Professionals, as amended. Certain states also mandate the tracking and reporting of gifts, compensation, and other remuneration paid by us to physicians and other healthcare providers.

Although compliance programs can mitigate the risk of investigation and prosecution for violations of these laws, the risks cannot be entirely eliminated. Any action against us for violation of these laws, even if we

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successfully defend against it, could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and divert our management's attention from the operation of our business. Moreover, achieving and sustaining compliance with applicable federal and state laws may prove costly.

Because of the breadth of these laws and the narrowness of the safe harbors, it is possible that some of our business activities could be subject to challenge under one or more of such laws. The ACA also made several important changes to the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, false claims laws, and healthcare fraud statute by weakening the intent requirement under the anti-kickback and healthcare fraud statutes that may make it easier for the government or whistleblowers to charge such fraud and abuse violations. A person or entity no longer needs to have actual knowledge of this statute or specific intent to violate it. In addition, the ACA provides that the government may assert that a claim including items or services resulting from a violation of the federal anti-kickback statute constitutes a false or fraudulent claim for purposes of the false claims statutes. In addition, the ACA increases penalties for fraud and abuse violations. If our past, present or future operations are found to be in violation of any of the laws described above or other similar governmental regulations to which we are subject, we may be subject to significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, fines, imprisonment, exclusion from government funded healthcare programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid, and the curtailment or restructuring of our operations, any of which could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and negatively impact our financial results.

***If our products do not gain market acceptance, we may be unable to generate significant revenues.***

Even if our products are approved for commercialization, they may not be successful in the marketplace. Market acceptance of any of our products will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to:

demonstration of clinical efficacy and safety;

the prevalence and severity of any adverse side effects;

limitations or warnings contained in the product's approved labeling;

availability of alternative treatments for the indications we target;

the advantages and disadvantages of our products relative to current or alternative treatments;

the availability of acceptable pricing and adequate third-party reimbursement; and

the effectiveness of marketing and distribution methods for the products.

If our products do not gain market acceptance among physicians, patients, healthcare payers and others in the medical community, who may not accept or utilize our products, our ability to generate significant revenues from our products would be limited and our financial condition could be materially adversely affected. In addition, if we fail to further penetrate our core markets and existing geographic markets or to successfully expand our business into new markets, the growth in sales of our products, along with our operating results, could be negatively impacted.

Our ability to further penetrate our core markets and existing geographic markets in which we compete or to successfully expand our business into additional countries in Europe, Asia or elsewhere is subject to numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control. Our products, if successfully developed, may compete with a number of drugs, therapies, products and tests currently manufactured and marketed by major pharmaceutical and other biotechnology companies. Our products may also compete with new products currently under development by others or with products which may be less expensive than our products. There can be no assurance that our efforts to increase market penetration in our core markets and existing geographic markets will be successful. Our failure to do so could have an adverse effect on our operating results and would likely cause a drop in the price of our Common Shares.

***We may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product candidate or indication and fail to capitalize on product candidates or indications for which there may be a greater likelihood of success.***



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Because we have limited financial and managerial resources, we are currently focusing our efforts on our lead, clinical-stage development compounds, Zoptrex and Macrilen , and we are doing so for specific

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indications. As a result, we may forego or delay pursuit of opportunities with other product candidates or for other indications for which there may be a greater likelihood of success or may prove to have greater commercial potential. Notwithstanding our investment to date and anticipated future expenditures on Zoptrex, Macrilen and any earlier-stage programs, we have not yet developed, and may never successfully develop, any marketed treatments using these products. Research programs to identify new product candidates or pursue alternative indications for current product candidates require substantial technical, financial and human resources. These activities may initially show promise in identifying potential product candidates or indications, yet fail to yield product candidates or indications for further clinical development.

***We may not achieve our projected development goals in the time-frames we announce and expect.***

We set goals and make public statements regarding the timing of the accomplishment of objectives material to our success, such as the commencement, enrollment and anticipated completion of clinical trials, anticipated regulatory submission and approval dates and time of product launch. The actual timing of these events can vary dramatically due to factors such as delays or failures in our clinical trials, the uncertainties inherent in the regulatory approval process and delays in achieving manufacturing or marketing arrangements sufficient to commercialize our products. There can be no assurance that our clinical trials will be completed, that we will make regulatory submissions or receive regulatory approvals as planned or that we will be able to adhere to our current schedule for the launch of any of our products. If we fail to achieve one or more of these milestones as planned, the price of our Common Shares would likely decline.

***If we fail to obtain acceptable prices or adequate reimbursement for our products, our ability to generate revenues will be diminished.***

Our ability to successfully commercialize our products will depend significantly on our ability to obtain acceptable prices and the availability of reimbursement to the patient from third-party payers, such as governmental and private insurance plans. These third-party payers frequently require companies to provide predetermined discounts from list prices, and they are increasingly challenging the prices charged for pharmaceuticals and other medical products. Our products may not be considered cost-effective, and reimbursement to the patient may not be available or sufficient to allow us to sell our products on a competitive basis. It may not be possible to negotiate favorable reimbursement rates for our products. Adverse pricing and reimbursement conditions would also likely diminish our ability to induce third parties to co-promote our products.

In addition, the continuing efforts of third-party payers to contain or reduce the costs of healthcare through various means may limit our commercial opportunity and reduce any associated revenue and profits. We expect proposals to implement similar government controls to continue. In addition, increasing emphasis on managed care will continue to put pressure on the pricing of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical products. Cost control initiatives could decrease the price that we or any current or potential collaborators could receive for any of our products and could adversely affect our profitability. In addition, in the U.S., in Canada and in many other countries, pricing and/or profitability of some or all prescription pharmaceuticals and biopharmaceuticals are subject to government control.

If we fail to obtain acceptable prices or an adequate level of reimbursement for our products, the sales of our products would be adversely affected or there may be no commercially viable market for our products.

***Competition in our targeted markets is intense, and development by other companies could render our products or technologies non-competitive.***

The biopharmaceutical field is highly competitive. New products developed by other companies in the industry could render our products or technologies non-competitive. Competitors are developing and testing products and technologies that would compete with the products that we are developing. Some of these products may be more effective or have an entirely different approach or means of accomplishing the desired effect than our products. We expect competition from pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical companies and academic research institutions to continue to increase over time. Many of our competitors and potential competitors have substantially greater product development capabilities and financial, scientific, marketing and human resources

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than we do. Our competitors may succeed in developing products earlier and in obtaining regulatory approvals and patent protection for such products more rapidly than we can or at a lower price.

***We may not obtain adequate protection for our products through our intellectual property.***

We rely heavily on our proprietary information in developing and manufacturing our product candidates. Our success depends, in large part, on our ability to protect our competitive position through patents, trade secrets, trademarks and other intellectual property rights. The patent positions of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical firms, including us, are uncertain and involve complex questions of law and fact for which important legal issues remain unresolved. We have filed and are pursuing applications for patents and trademarks in many countries. Pending patent applications may not result in the issuance of patents and we may not be able to obtain additional issued patents relating to our technology or products.

The laws of some countries do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the U.S and Canada. Many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting and defending such rights in foreign jurisdictions. Many countries, including certain countries in Europe, have compulsory licensing laws under which a patent owner may be compelled to grant licenses to third parties. In addition, many countries limit the enforceability of patents against government agencies or government contractors. In these countries, the patent owner may have limited remedies, which could materially diminish the value of the patent. Compulsory licensing of life-saving drugs is also becoming increasingly popular in developing countries either through direct legislation or international initiatives. Such compulsory licenses could be extended to include some of our product candidates, which could limit our potential revenue opportunities. Moreover, the legal systems of certain countries, particularly certain developing countries, do not favor the aggressive enforcement of patent and other intellectual property protection, which makes it difficult to stop infringement.

Our patents and/or the patents that we license from others may be challenged, narrowed, invalidated, held to be unenforceable or circumvented, which could limit our ability to stop competitors from marketing similar products or limit the length of term of patent protection we may have for our products. Changes in either patent laws or in interpretations of patent laws in the U.S. and other countries may diminish the value of our intellectual property or narrow the scope of our patent protection. The patents issued or to be issued to us may not provide us with any competitive advantage or protect us against competitors with similar technology. In addition, it is possible that third parties with products that are very similar to ours will circumvent our patents by means of alternate designs or processes. We may have to rely on method-of-use, methods of manufacture and/or new-formulation protection for our compounds in development, and any resulting products, which may not confer the same protection as claims to compounds *per se*.

In addition, our patents may be challenged by third parties in patent litigation, which is becoming widespread in the biopharmaceutical industry. There may be prior art of which we are not aware that may affect the validity or enforceability of a patent claim. There may also be prior art of which we are aware, but which we do not believe affects the validity or enforceability of a claim, which may, nonetheless, ultimately be found to affect the validity or enforceability of a claim. No assurance can be given that our patents would, if challenged, be held by a court to be valid or enforceable or that a competitor's technology or product would be found by a court to infringe our patents. Our granted patents could also be challenged and revoked in U.S. post-grant proceedings as well as in opposition or nullity proceedings in certain countries outside the U.S. In addition, we may be required to disclaim part of the term of certain patents.

Patent applications relating to or affecting our business have been filed by a number of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical companies and academic institutions. A number of the technologies in these applications or patents may conflict with our technologies, patents or patent applications, and any such conflict could reduce the scope of patent protection that we could otherwise obtain. Because patent applications in the U.S. and many other jurisdictions are typically not published until eighteen months after their first effective filing date, or in some cases not at all, and because publications of discoveries in the scientific literature often lag behind actual discoveries, we cannot be certain that we were the first to make the inventions claimed in issued patents or pending patent applications, or that we were the first to file for protection of the inventions set forth in the patent applications. If a third party has also filed a patent application in the U.S. covering our product candidates or a similar invention, we may have to participate in adversarial proceedings, such as interferences

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and deviation proceedings, before the United States Patent and Trademark Office to determine which party is entitled to a U.S. patent claiming the disputed invention. The costs of these proceedings could be substantial and it is possible that our efforts could be unsuccessful, resulting in a loss of our U.S. patent position.

We also rely on trade secrets and proprietary know-how to protect our intellectual property. If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information and know-how, the value of our technology and products could be adversely affected. We seek to protect our unpatented proprietary information in part by requiring our employees, consultants, outside scientific collaborators and sponsored researchers and other advisors to enter into confidentiality agreements. These agreements provide that all confidential information developed or made known to the individual during the course of the individual's relationship with us is to be kept confidential and not disclosed to third parties except in specific circumstances. In the case of our employees, the agreements provide that all of the technology that is conceived by the individual during the course of employment is our exclusive property.

These agreements may not provide meaningful protection or adequate remedies in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of our proprietary information. In addition, it is possible that third parties could independently develop proprietary information and techniques substantially similar to ours or otherwise gain access to our trade secrets. If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information and know-how, competitors may be able to use this information to develop products that compete with our products and technologies, which could adversely impact our business.

We currently have the right to use certain patents and technologies under license agreements with third parties. Our failure to comply with the requirements of one or more of our license agreements could result in the termination of such agreements, which could cause us to terminate the related development program and cause a complete loss of our investment in that program. Inventions claimed in certain in-licensed patents may have been made with funding from the U.S. government and may be subject to the rights of the U.S. government and we may be subject to additional requirements in the event we seek to commercialize or manufacture product candidates incorporating such in-licensed technology.

As a result of the foregoing factors, we may not be able to rely on our intellectual property to protect our products in the marketplace.

***Some of our patents have expired or will expire by the end of 2016.***

The product development timeline for our products is lengthy and it is possible that our issued patents covering our product candidates in the U.S and other jurisdictions may expire prior to commercial launch of the products. The patent that covers Zoptrex and other related targeted cytotoxic anthracycline analogues, pharmaceutical compositions comprising the compounds as well as their medical use for the treatment of cancer expired in the U.S. in November 2015 and will expire in the European Union, Japan, China and Hong Kong in November 2016. We did not apply for patent-term extension for this U.S. patent. As a result, our ability to protect this compound from competition will be based on the protections provided in the U.S. for new chemical entities and similar protections, if any, provided in other countries. We cannot assure you that Zoptrex or any of our other drug candidates will obtain new chemical entity exclusivity or any other market exclusivity in the U.S., the European Union or any other territory or that we will be the first to receive the respective regulatory approval for such drugs so as to be eligible for any market exclusivity protection.

***We may infringe the intellectual property rights of others.***

Our commercial success depends significantly on our ability to operate without infringing the patents and other intellectual property rights of third parties. There could be issued patents of which we are not aware that our products or methods may be found to infringe, or patents of which we are aware and believe we do not infringe but which we may ultimately be found to infringe. Moreover, patent applications and their underlying discoveries are in some cases maintained in secrecy until patents are issued. Because patents can take many years to issue, there may be currently pending applications of which we are unaware that may later result in issued patents that our products or technologies are found to infringe. Moreover, there may be published pending applications that do not currently include a claim covering our products or technologies but which

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nonetheless provide support for a later drafted claim that, if issued, our products or technologies could be found to infringe.

If we infringe or are alleged to infringe intellectual property rights of third parties, it will adversely affect our business. Our research, development and commercialization activities, as well as any product candidates or products resulting from these activities, may infringe or be accused of infringing one or more claims of an issued patent or may fall within the scope of one or more claims in a published patent application that may subsequently be issued and to which we do not hold a license or other rights. Third parties may own or control these patents or patent applications in the U.S. and abroad. These third parties could bring claims against us or our collaborators that would cause us to incur substantial expenses and, if successful against us, could cause us to pay substantial damages. Further, if a patent infringement suit were brought against us or our collaborators, we or they could be forced to stop or delay research, development, manufacturing or sales of the product or product candidate that is the subject of the suit.

The biopharmaceutical industry has produced a proliferation of patents, and it is not always clear to industry participants, including us, which patents cover various types of products. The coverage of patents is subject to interpretation by the courts, and the interpretation is not always uniform. In the event of infringement or violation of another party's patent or other intellectual property rights, we may not be able to enter into licensing arrangements or make other arrangements at a reasonable cost. Any inability to secure licenses or alternative technology could result in delays in the introduction of our products or lead to prohibition of the manufacture or sale of products by us or our partners and collaborators.

***Patent litigation is costly and time consuming and may subject us to liabilities.***

If we become involved in any patent litigation, interference, opposition or other administrative proceedings we will likely incur substantial expenses in connection therewith, and the efforts of our technical and management personnel will be significantly diverted. In addition, an adverse determination in litigation could subject us to significant liabilities.

***We may not obtain trademark registrations for our product candidates.***

We have filed applications for trademark registrations of Zoptrex and Macrilen in various jurisdictions, including the U.S. We may file applications for other possible trademarks for our product candidates in the future. No assurance can be given that any of our trademarks will be registered in the U.S. or elsewhere, or that the use of any registered or unregistered trademarks will confer a competitive advantage in the marketplace. Furthermore, even if we are successful in our trademark registrations, the FDA and regulatory authorities in other countries have their own process for drug nomenclature and their own views concerning appropriate proprietary names. The FDA and other regulatory authorities also have the power, even after granting market approval, to request a company to reconsider the name for a product because of evidence of confusion in the marketplace. No assurance can be given that the FDA or any other regulatory authority will approve of any of our trademarks or will not request reconsideration of one of our trademarks at some time in the future. The loss, abandonment, or cancellation of any of our trademarks or trademark applications could negatively affect the success of the product candidates to which they relate.

***We are currently dependent on certain strategic relationships with third parties and we may enter into future collaborations for the development of our product candidates.***

We are currently dependent on certain strategic relationships with third parties and may enter into future collaborations for the development of our product candidates. Our arrangements with these third parties may not provide us with the benefits we expect and may expose us to a number of risks.

We are dependent on, and rely upon, third parties to perform various functions related to our business, including, but not limited to, development of some of our product candidates. Our reliance on these relationships poses a number of risks. We may not realize the contemplated benefits of such agreements nor can we be certain that any of these parties will fulfill their obligations in a manner which maximizes our revenue. These arrangements may also require us to transfer certain material rights or to issue our equity, voting or other securities to third parties. Any license or sublicense of our commercial rights may reduce our product revenue.

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These agreements create certain additional risks. The occurrence of any of the following or other events may delay product development or impair commercialization of our products:

not all of the third parties are contractually prohibited from developing or commercializing, either alone or with others, products and services that are similar to or competitive with our product candidates and, with respect to our contracts that do contain such contractual prohibitions or restrictions, prohibitions or restrictions do not always apply to the affiliates of the third parties and they may elect to pursue the development of any additional product candidates and pursue technologies or products either on their own or in collaboration with other parties, including our competitors, whose technologies or products may be competitive with ours;

the third parties may under-fund or fail to commit sufficient resources to marketing, distribution or other development of our products;

the third parties may cease to conduct business for financial or other reasons;

we may not be able to renew such agreements;

the third parties may not properly maintain or defend certain intellectual property rights that may be important to the commercialization of our products;

the third parties may encounter conflicts of interest, changes in business strategy or other issues which could adversely affect their willingness or ability to fulfill their obligations to us (for example, pharmaceutical companies historically have re-evaluated their priorities following mergers and consolidations, which have been common in recent years in this industry);

delays in, or failures to achieve, scale-up to commercial quantities, or changes to current raw material suppliers or product manufacturers (whether the change is attributable to us or the supplier or manufacturer) could delay clinical studies, regulatory submissions and commercialization of our product candidates; and

disputes may arise between us and the third parties that could result in the delay or termination of the development or commercialization of our product candidates, resulting in litigation or arbitration that could be time-consuming and expensive, or causing the third parties to act in their own self-interest and not in our interest or those of our shareholders or other stakeholders.

In addition, the third parties can terminate our agreements with them for a number of reasons based on the terms of the individual agreements that we have entered into with them. If one or more of these agreements were to be terminated, we would be required to devote additional resources to developing and commercializing our product candidates, seek a new third party with which to contract or abandon the product candidate, which would likely cause a drop in the price of our Common Shares.

***We rely on third parties to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials, and those third parties may not perform satisfactorily.***

We rely on third parties such as CROs, medical institutions and clinical investigators to enroll qualified patients and to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials. Our reliance on these third parties for clinical development activities reduces our control over these activities. Our reliance on these third parties, however, does not relieve us of our regulatory responsibilities, including ensuring that our clinical trials are conducted in accordance with Good Clinical Practice guidelines and the investigational plan and protocols contained in an Investigational New Drug application, or a comparable foreign regulatory submission. Furthermore, these third parties may also have relationships with other entities, some of which may be our competitors. In addition, they may not complete activities on schedule, or may not conduct our preclinical studies or clinical trials in accordance with regulatory requirements or our trial design. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or meet expected deadlines, our efforts to obtain regulatory approvals for, and to commercialize, our product candidates may

be delayed or prevented.

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***In carrying out our operations, we are dependent on a stable and consistent supply of ingredients and raw materials.***

There can be no assurance that we, our contract manufacturers or our licensees, will be able, in the future, to continue to purchase products from our current suppliers or any other supplier on terms similar to current terms or at all. An interruption in the availability of certain raw materials or ingredients, or significant increases in the prices we pay for them, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and operating results.

***The failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we expect to rely to manufacture and supply products may lead to supply shortfalls.***

We expect to rely on third parties to manufacture and supply marketed products. We also have or may have certain supply obligations *vis-à-vis* our existing and potential licensees, who are or will be responsible for the marketing of the products. To be successful, our products have to be manufactured in commercial quantities in compliance with quality controls and regulatory requirements. Even though it is our objective to minimize such risk by introducing alternative suppliers to ensure a constant supply at all times, there are a limited number of contract manufacturers or suppliers that are capable of manufacturing our product candidates or the materials used in their manufacture. If we are unable to do so ourselves or to arrange for third-party manufacturing or supply of these product candidates or materials, or to do so on commercially reasonable terms, we may not be able to complete development of these product candidates or to commercialize them ourselves or through our licensees. Reliance on third-party manufacturers entails risks to which we would not be subject if we manufactured products ourselves, including reliance on the third party for regulatory compliance, the possibility of breach of the manufacturing agreement by the third party because of factors beyond our control, and the possibility of termination or non-renewal of the agreement by the third party, based on its own business priorities, at a time that is costly or inconvenient for us.

***We are subject to intense competition for our skilled personnel, and the loss of key personnel or the inability to attract additional personnel could impair our ability to conduct our operations.***

We are highly dependent on our management and our clinical, regulatory and scientific staff, the loss of whose services might adversely impact our ability to achieve our objectives. Recruiting and retaining qualified management and clinical, scientific and regulatory personnel is critical to our success. Reductions in our staffing levels have eliminated redundancies in key capabilities and skill sets among our full-time staff and required us to rely more heavily on outside consultants and third parties. We have been unable to increase the compensation of our associates to the extent required to remain fully competitive for their services, which increased our employee retention risk. The competition for qualified personnel in the biopharmaceutical field is intense, and if we are not able to continue to attract and retain qualified personnel and/or maintain positive relationships with our outside consultants, we may not be able to achieve our strategic and operational objectives.

***We are currently subject to securities class action litigation and we may be subject to similar or other litigation in the future.***

We and certain of our current and former officers are defendants in a purported class-action lawsuit pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey (the "Court"), brought on behalf of shareholders of the Company. The lawsuit alleges violations of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934's* (the "Exchange Act") in connection with allegedly false and misleading statements made by the defendants between April 2, 2012 and November 6, 2014, or the Class Period, regarding the safety and efficacy of Macrilen, a product we developed for use in the diagnosis of AGHD, and the prospects for the approval of the Company's NDA for the product by the FDA. The plaintiffs seek to represent a class comprised of purchasers of our Common Shares during the Class Period and seek damages, costs and expenses and such other relief as determined by the Court. On September 14, 2015, the Court dismissed the lawsuit stating that the plaintiffs failed to state a claim, but granted the plaintiffs leave to amend. On October 14, 2015, the plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint against us. We subsequently filed a motion to dismiss, because we believed that the Second Amended Complaint also failed to state a claim.

On March 2, 2016, the Court issued an order granting our motion to dismiss the complaint in part and denying it in part. The Court dismissed certain of our current and former officers from the lawsuit. The Court



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allowed the claim that we omitted material facts from our public statements during the Class Period to proceed against us and our former CEO, who departed in 2013, while dismissing such claims against other current and former officers. The Court also allowed a claim for "controlling person" liability to proceed against certain current and former officers. On March 16, 2016, we filed a motion for reconsideration of the Court's March 2, 2016 order and on April 6, 2016 we filed an answer to the second amended complaint. On June 30, 2016, the Court issued an order denying our motion for reconsideration. As a result, the lawsuit will proceed to the class certification phase and the discovery process has commenced.

While we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to continue to defend this lawsuit vigorously, we cannot predict the outcome. Furthermore, we may, from time to time, be a party to other litigation in the normal course of business. Monitoring and defending against legal actions, whether or not meritorious, is time-consuming for our management and detracts from our ability to fully focus our internal resources on our business activities. In addition, legal fees and costs incurred in connection with such activities may be significant and we could, in the future, be subject to judgments or enter into settlements of claims for significant monetary damages. A decision adverse to our interests could result in the payment of substantial damages and could have a material adverse effect on our cash flow, results of operations and financial position.

With respect to any litigation, our insurance may not reimburse us or may not be sufficient to reimburse us for the expenses or losses we may suffer in contesting and concluding such lawsuit. Substantial litigation costs, including the substantial self-insured retention that we were required to satisfy before any insurance applied to the claim, or an adverse result in any litigation may adversely impact our business, operating results or financial condition. We believe that our directors' and officers' liability insurance will cover our potential liability with respect to the securities class-action lawsuit described above; however, the insurer has reserved its rights to contest the applicability of the insurance to such claim, the limits of the insurance may be insufficient to cover our eventual liability.

***We are subject to the risk of product liability claims, for which we may not have or may not be able to obtain adequate insurance coverage.***

The use of Zoptrex and Macrilen on human participants in our clinical trials subjects us to the risk of liability to such participants, who may suffer unintended consequences. If Zoptrex and/or Macrilen are approved for commercialization or if we acquire a marketed product from a third party, the sale and use of such products will involve the risk of product liability claims and associated adverse publicity. Product liability claims might be made against us directly by patients, healthcare providers or pharmaceutical companies or others selling, buying or using our products. We attempt to manage our liability risks by means of insurance. We maintain insurance covering our liability for our preclinical and clinical studies. However, we may not have or be able to obtain or maintain sufficient and affordable insurance coverage, including coverage for potentially very significant legal expenses, and without sufficient coverage, any claim brought against us could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. We do not currently maintain product liability insurance because we do not currently market, sell, distribute or handle any products. We may not be able to obtain product liability insurance on reasonable terms, if at all, when we begin to market, sell, distribute or handle products.

***Our business involves the use of hazardous materials. We are required to comply with environmental and occupational safety laws regulating the use of such materials. If we violate these laws, we could be subject to significant fines, liabilities or other adverse consequences.***

Our discovery and development processes involve the controlled use of hazardous materials. We are subject to federal, provincial and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials and certain waste products. The risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials cannot be completely eliminated. In the event of an accident or a failure to comply with environmental or occupational safety laws, we could be held liable for any damages that result, and any such liability could exceed our resources. We may not be adequately insured against this type of liability. We may be required to incur significant costs to comply with environmental laws and regulations in the future, and our operations, business or assets may be materially adversely affected by current or future environmental laws or regulations.

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***We are a holding company, and claims of creditors of our subsidiaries will generally have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our claims and those of our creditors and shareholders. In addition, we may be required to fund obligations of AEZS Germany under a Letter of Comfort provided by us to AEZS Germany.***

Aeterna Zentaris Inc. is a holding company and a substantial portion of our non-cash assets is the share capital of our subsidiaries. AEZS Germany, our principal operating subsidiary, based in Frankfurt, Germany, holds most of our intellectual property rights, which represent the principal non-cash assets of our business. Because Aeterna Zentaris Inc. is a holding company, our obligations to our creditors are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries, which may incur additional or other liabilities and/or obligations. Therefore, our rights and the rights of our creditors to participate in any distribution of the assets of any subsidiary in the event that such subsidiary were to be liquidated or reorganized or in the event of any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding relating to or involving such subsidiary, and therefore the rights of the holders of our Common Shares to participate in those assets, are subject to the prior claims of such subsidiary's creditors. To the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against any such subsidiary, our claims would still be subject to the prior claims of our subsidiary's creditors to the extent that they are secured or senior to those held by us.

Holders of our Common Shares are not creditors of our subsidiaries. Claims to the assets of our subsidiaries will derive from our own ownership interest in those operating subsidiaries. Claims of our subsidiaries' creditors will generally have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our own ownership interest claims and will therefore have priority over the holders of our Common Shares. Our subsidiaries' creditors may from time to time include general creditors, trade creditors, employees, secured creditors, taxing authorities, and creditors holding guarantees. Accordingly, in the event of any foreclosure, dissolution, winding-up, liquidation or reorganization, or a bankruptcy, insolvency or creditor protection proceeding relating to us or our property, or any subsidiary, there can be no assurance as to the value, if any, that would be available to holders of our Common Shares. In addition, any distributions to us by our subsidiaries could be subject to monetary transfer restrictions in the jurisdictions in which our subsidiaries operate.

At the present time, AEZS Germany does not generate any revenue and, therefore, it depends on cash advances or contributions from Aeterna Zentaris Inc. to finance its operations. For the reasons described in the following paragraph, we issued a written undertaking, called a "Letter of Comfort", to AEZS Germany. The Letter of Comfort provides that we will furnish to AEZS Germany the necessary funds to ensure that it will always be able to fulfill all of its financial and economic obligations to its third party creditors. Our advances to AEZS Germany are characterized by the Letter of Comfort as loans that are subordinated to all present and future creditors of AEZS Germany.

We provided the Letter of Comfort to AEZS Germany because German law imposes an obligation on the managing director of AEZS Germany to institute insolvency proceedings if the managing director concludes that AEZS Germany is insolvent because it is either illiquid or "over-indebted". The purpose of the Letter of Comfort is to preclude the managing director from determining that AEZS Germany is illiquid or over-indebted. The Letter of Comfort will be sufficient for that purpose only as long as the managing director reasonably believes that we will be able to honor our obligations under the Letter of Comfort. If we fail to renew the Letter of Comfort or if the managing director concludes that we will be unable to honor our obligations under the Letter of Comfort, the managing director of AEZS Germany may determine that he or she is obligated to institute insolvency proceedings in Germany for AEZS Germany.

Because we are a holding company and because we have an obligation to advance funds to AEZS Germany to prevent it from becoming either illiquid or over-indebted, we may be required to use our cash, which may include a substantial portion of the proceeds of this offering, to fund payments by AEZS Germany to its creditors. Therefore, in the event of any winding-up, liquidation or reorganization, or a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding relating to us or our property, there can be no assurance as to the value or assets, if any, that would be available to holders of our Common Shares because we may be required to advance cash to AEZS Germany under the Letter of Comfort.

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***It may be difficult for U.S. investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us because of our Canadian incorporation and German presence.***

We are a company existing under the laws of Canada. A number of our directors and officers, and certain of the experts named herein, are residents of Canada or otherwise reside outside the U.S., and all or a substantial portion of their assets, and a substantial portion of our assets, are located outside the U.S. Consequently, although we have appointed an agent for service of process in the U.S., it may be difficult for investors in the U.S. to bring an action against such directors, officers or experts or to enforce against those persons or us a judgment obtained in a U.S. court predicated upon the civil liability provisions of federal securities laws or other laws of the U.S. Investors should not assume that foreign courts (1) would enforce judgments of U.S. courts obtained in actions against us or such directors, officers or experts predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws or the securities or "blue sky" laws of any state within the U.S. or (2) would enforce, in original actions, liabilities against us or such directors, officers or experts predicated upon the U.S. federal securities laws or any such state securities or "blue sky" laws. In addition, we have been advised by our Canadian counsel that in normal circumstances, only civil judgments and not other rights arising from U.S. securities legislation (for example, penal or similar awards made by a court in a regulatory prosecution or proceeding) are enforceable in Canada and that the protections afforded by Canadian securities laws may not be available to investors in the U.S.

***We are subject to various internal-control reporting requirements under applicable Canadian securities laws and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in the U.S. We can provide no assurance that we will at all times in the future be able to report that our internal controls over financial reporting are effective.***

As a public company, we are required to comply with Section 404 of the U.S. *Sarbanes-Oxley Act* ("Section 404") and National Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*. In any given year, we cannot be certain as to the time of completion of our internal control evaluation, testing and remediation actions or of their impact on our operations. Upon completion of this process, we may identify control deficiencies of varying degrees of severity under applicable SEC and Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.) rules and regulations. As a public company, we are required to report, among other things, control deficiencies that constitute material weaknesses or changes in internal controls that, or that are reasonably likely to, materially affect internal controls over financial reporting. A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. If we fail to comply with the requirements of Section 404 or similar Canadian requirements or if we report a material weakness, we might be subject to regulatory sanction and investors may lose confidence in our consolidated financial statements, which may be inaccurate if we fail to remedy such material weakness.

***We believe we were a passive foreign investment company for the 2015 taxable year and we may be a passive foreign investment company for the 2016 taxable year and future taxable years, which could result in adverse tax consequences to U.S. investors.***

Adverse U.S. federal income tax rules apply to "U.S. Holders" (as defined below in "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations") who directly or indirectly hold common shares or warrants of a passive foreign investment company ("PFIC"). We will be classified as a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes for a taxable year if (i) at least 75% of our gross income is "passive income" or (ii) at least 50% of the average value of our assets, including goodwill (based on annual quarterly average), is attributable to assets which produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income.

We believe we were a PFIC for the 2015 taxable year and we may be a PFIC for the 2016 taxable year. The PFIC determination depends on the application of complex U.S. federal income tax rules concerning the classification of our assets and income for this purpose, and these rules are uncertain in some respects. In addition, the fair market value of our assets may be determined in large part by the market price of our Common Shares, which is likely to fluctuate, and the composition of our income and assets will be affected by how, and how quickly, we spend any cash that is raised in any financing transaction. No assurance can be provided that we will not be classified as a PFIC for any future taxable year.

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If we are a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder holds Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants, we generally would continue to be treated as a PFIC with respect to that U.S. Holder for all succeeding years during which the U.S. Holder holds such securities, even if we ceased to meet the threshold requirements for PFIC status. PFIC characterization could result in adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. Holders. In particular, absent certain elections, a U.S. Holder would generally be subject to U.S. federal income tax at ordinary income tax rates, plus a possible interest charge, in respect of a gain derived from a disposition of our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants as well as certain distributions by us. If we are treated as a PFIC for any taxable year, a U.S. Holder may be able to make an election to "mark to market" Common Shares each taxable year and recognize ordinary income pursuant to such election based upon increases in the value of the Common Shares. However, a mark to market election is not available to be made in respect of Warrants. In addition, U.S. Holders may mitigate the adverse tax consequences of the PFIC rules by making a "qualified electing fund" ("QEF") election. We will endeavor to satisfy the record keeping requirements that apply to a QEF and to supply requesting U.S. Holders with the information that such U.S. Holders are required to report under the QEF rules. However, there can be no assurance that we will satisfy the record keeping requirements or provide the information required to be reported by U.S. Holders.

In addition, if we are a PFIC, U.S. Holders will generally be required to file an annual information return with the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") (on IRS Form 8621, which PFIC shareholders will be required to file with their U.S. federal income tax or information returns) relating to their ownership of Common Shares and, potentially, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants.

For a more detailed discussion of the potential tax impact of us being a PFIC, see "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" below. The PFIC rules are complex. Prospective purchasers of any of our securities should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC regime and any other reporting obligations to which they may be subject under that regime.

Prospective purchasers of any of our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC regime and any other reporting obligations to which they may be subject under that regime.

***We may incur losses associated with foreign currency fluctuations.***

Our operations are in many instances conducted in currencies other than our functional currency or the functional currencies of our subsidiaries. Fluctuations in the value of currencies could cause us to incur currency exchange losses. We do not currently employ a hedging strategy against exchange rate risk. We cannot assert with any assurance that we will not suffer losses as a result of unfavorable fluctuations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar, the euro, the Canadian dollar and other currencies. For more information, see "Item 11. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F.

***Legislative actions, new accounting pronouncements and higher insurance costs may adversely impact our future financial position or results of operations.***

Changes in financial accounting standards or implementation of accounting standards may cause adverse, unexpected revenue or expense fluctuations and affect our financial position or results of operations. New pronouncements and varying interpretations of pronouncements have occurred with greater frequency and are expected to occur in the future, and we may make or be required to make changes in our accounting policies in the future. Compliance with changing regulations of corporate governance and public disclosure, notably with respect to internal controls over financial reporting, may result in additional expenses. Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for companies such as ours, and insurance costs are increasing as a result of this uncertainty.

***Security breaches may disrupt our operations and adversely affect our operating results.***

Our network security and data recovery measures and those of third parties with which we contract, may not be adequate to protect against computer viruses, cyber-attacks, break-ins, and similar disruptions from

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unauthorized tampering with our computer systems. The misappropriation, theft, sabotage or any other type of security breach with respect to any of our proprietary and confidential information that is electronically stored, including research or clinical data, could cause interruptions in our operations, could result in a material disruption of our clinical activities and business operations and could expose us to third-party legal claims. Furthermore, we could be required to make substantial expenditures of resources to remedy the cause of cyber-attacks or breaches. This disruption could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Additionally, any break-in or trespass of our facilities that results in the misappropriation, theft, sabotage or any other type of security breach with respect to our proprietary and confidential information, including research or clinical data, or that results in damage to our R&D equipment and assets could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

**Risks Relating to the Common Shares, the Pre-Funded Warrants, the Warrants and the Offering**

*Our Common Shares may be delisted from NASDAQ or TSX, which could affect their market price and liquidity. If our Common Shares were to be delisted, investors may have difficulty in disposing of their shares.*

Our Common Shares are currently listed on NASDAQ under the symbol "AEZS" and on TSX under the symbol "AEZ". We must meet continuing listing requirements to maintain the listing of our Common Shares on NASDAQ and TSX. For continued listing, NASDAQ requires, among other things, that listed securities maintain a minimum closing bid price of not less than \$1.00 per share. There can be no assurance that the market price of our Common Shares will not fall below \$1.00 in the future or that, if it does, we will regain compliance with the minimum bid price requirement.

In addition to the minimum bid price requirement, the continued listing rules of NASDAQ require us to meet at least one of the following listing standards: (i) stockholders' equity of at least \$2.5 million, (ii) market value of listed securities (calculated by multiplying the daily closing bid price of our Common Shares by our total outstanding Common Shares) of at least \$35 million or (iii) net income from continuing operations (in the latest fiscal year or in two of the last three fiscal years) of at least \$500,000 (collectively, the "Additional Listing Standards"). If we fail to meet at least one of the Additional Listing Standards, our Common Shares may be subject to delisting after the expiration of the period of time, if any, that we are allowed for regaining compliance.

There can be no assurance that our Common Shares will remain listed on NASDAQ or TSX. If we fail to meet any of NASDAQ's or TSX's continued listing requirements, our Common Shares may be delisted. Any delisting of our Common Shares may adversely affect a shareholder's ability to dispose, or obtain quotations as to the market value, of such shares.

*Our share price is volatile, which may result from factors outside of our control.*

Our valuation and share price since the beginning of trading after our initial listings, first in Canada and then in the U.S., have had no meaningful relationship to current or historical financial results, asset values, book value or many other criteria based on conventional measures of the value of shares.

As adjusted for and giving effect to the Share Consolidation, between October 1, 2015 and October 26, 2016, the closing price of our Common Shares ranged from \$2.67 to \$11.43 per share on NASDAQ and from C\$3.85 to C\$15.41 per share on TSX. See "Price Range and Trading Volume" on page S-32 of this prospectus supplement. Our share price may be affected by developments directly affecting our business and by developments out of our control or unrelated to us. The stock market generally, and the biopharmaceutical sector in particular, are vulnerable to abrupt changes in investor sentiment. Prices of shares and trading volume of companies in the biopharmaceutical industry can swing dramatically in ways unrelated to, or that bear a disproportionate relationship to, operating performance. Our share price and trading volume may fluctuate based on a number of factors including, but not limited to:

clinical and regulatory developments regarding our product candidates;

delays in our anticipated development or commercialization timelines;

developments regarding current or future third-party collaborators;

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announcements by us regarding technological, product development or other matters;

arrivals or departures of key personnel;

governmental or regulatory action affecting our product candidates and our competitors' products in the U.S., Canada and other countries;

developments or disputes concerning patent or proprietary rights;

actual or anticipated fluctuations in our revenues or expenses;

general market conditions and fluctuations for the emerging growth and biopharmaceutical market sectors; and

economic conditions in the U.S., Canada or abroad.

Our listing on both NASDAQ and TSX may increase price volatility due to various factors, including different ability to buy or sell our Common Shares, different market conditions in different capital markets and different trading volumes. In addition, low trading volume may increase the price volatility of our Common Shares. A thin trading market could cause the price of our Common Shares to fluctuate significantly more than the stock market as a whole.

***You will experience immediate and substantial dilution.***

Since the public offering price of the Common Shares offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is higher than the net tangible book value per Common Share, you will suffer substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of the Common Shares you purchase in this offering.

***We do not intend to pay dividends in the near future.***

To date, we have not declared or paid any dividends on our Common Shares. We currently intend to retain our future earnings, if any, to finance further research and the overall commercial expansion of our business. As a result, the return on an investment in our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants will depend upon any future appreciation in value. There is no guarantee that our Common Shares will appreciate in value or even maintain the price at which shareholders have purchased them.

***There is no public market for the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants being offered in this offering.***

There is no established public trading market for the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants being offered in this offering, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants on any securities exchange or other nationally recognized trading system. Without an active trading market, the liquidity of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants will be limited.

***A large number of Common Shares may be issued and subsequently sold upon the exercise of the Warrants. The sale or availability for sale of these Warrants may depress the price of our Common Shares.***

An aggregate of 945,000 Common Shares are issuable upon the exercise of the Warrants. To the extent that purchasers of Units sell Common Shares issued upon the exercise of the Warrants, the market price of our Common Shares may decrease due to the additional selling pressure in the market. The risk of dilution from issuances of Common Shares underlying the Warrants may cause shareholders to sell their Common Shares, which could further contribute to any decline in the Common Share price.

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*We may be required to repay a portion of the proceeds of the offering to the purchaser in the event we publicly announce results of the confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial of Macrilen on or before December 15, 2016 which results in the price of our Common Shares falling below the price per Unit.*

The Company has agreed with the purchaser that in the event the Company publicly announces or discloses by press release, on or before December 15, 2016, any developments relating to the confirmatory Phase 3 trial for Macrilen in the evaluation of AGHD (the "Macrilen Phase 3 Trial") and the volume weighted average

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price ("VWAP") over the 5 days immediately following such public announcement or disclosure is less than the purchase price per Unit, then the Company will make a cash payment to the purchaser equal to the difference between the Unit price and such VWAP multiplied by the number of all Common Shares then held by such purchaser. If the Macrilen Phase 3 Trial results are publicly announced or disclosed by the Company at any time after December 15, 2016, the Company will be under no such obligation to make any cash payment whatsoever to the purchaser. Although the Company anticipates that it is very unlikely that the results of the Macrilen Phase 3 Trial will be available prior to December 15, 2016, if they do become available and are disclosed before such date and such announcement leads to a decrease in the price of our Common Shares in the circumstances described above, we could be liable to make a substantial payment to the purchaser.

***The sale of Common Shares issued upon exercise of the Warrants could encourage short sales by third parties which could further depress the price of the Common Shares.***

Any downward pressure on the price of Common Shares caused by the sale of Common Shares issued upon the exercise of the Warrants could encourage short sales by third parties. In a short sale, a prospective seller borrows Common Shares from a shareholder or broker and sells the borrowed Common Shares. The prospective seller hopes that the Common Share price will decline, at which time the seller can purchase Common Shares at a lower price for delivery back to the lender. The seller profits when the Common Share price declines because it is purchasing Common Shares at a price lower than the sale price of the borrowed Common Shares. Such sales could place downward pressure on the price of our Common Shares by increasing the number of Common Shares being sold, which could further contribute to any decline in the market price of our Common Shares.

***Management will have broad discretion as to the use of the proceeds of this offering of Units. We may invest or spend the proceeds of this offering of Units in ways with which investors may not agree and in ways that may not earn a profit.***

Our management team will have broad discretion concerning the use of the proceeds from this offering of Units as well as the timing of their expenditure. As a result, investors will be relying on the judgment of management for the application of the proceeds of this offering of Units. We intend to use the net proceeds of the sale of securities under this prospectus supplement to continue to fund our ongoing drug development activities, for the potential addition of commercialized products to our portfolio and for general corporate purposes, working capital and to fund our negative cash flow. See "Use of Proceeds" on page S-32 of this prospectus supplement for a more detailed description of the use of the proceeds from this offering. Investors may not agree with the ways we decide to use these proceeds, and our use of the proceeds may not yield any results or profits.

***Future issuances of securities and hedging activities may depress the trading price of our Common Shares.***

Any additional or future issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable for equity securities after the offering of Units under this prospectus supplement, including the issuance of Common Shares upon the exercise of stock options and upon the exercise of outstanding warrants (including the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants), could dilute the interests of our existing shareholders, and could substantially decrease the trading price of our Common Shares. For example, we have filed with the SEC prospectus supplements to our shelf registration statement on Form F-3 (333-194547) filed with the SEC on March 14, 2014, which was declared effective by the SEC on March 28, 2014, of which the most recent prospectus supplement was filed on April 1, 2016 in connection with our At Market Issuance ("ATM") Sales Agreement with H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC (the "April 2016 ATM Program"), under which we may, at our discretion, from time to time during the term of the April 2016 ATM program, sell up to a maximum of 3,000,000 Common Shares through ATM issuances on the NASDAQ Stock Market, up to an aggregate amount of approximately \$10 million at market prices prevailing at the time of the sale of the Common Shares. Under the remainder of both our April 2016 ATM Program and our shelf registration statement on Form F-3, we may issue and sell additional Common Shares having a maximum aggregate value of approximately \$33 million by way of one or more ATM distribution programs.

We may issue equity securities in the future for a number of reasons, including to finance our operations and business strategy, to satisfy our obligations upon the exercise of options or warrants or for other reasons.



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Our stock option plan generally permits us to have outstanding, at any given time, stock options that are exercisable for a maximum number of Common Shares equal to 11.4% of all then issued and outstanding Common Shares. As at June 30, 2016, there were:

9,939,863 Common Shares issued and outstanding (10,520,775 as of the date of this prospectus supplement);

no issued and outstanding Preferred Shares;

2,842,309 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in a registered direct offering in July 2013, in an underwritten public offering in October 2012, as well as in the March 2015 Offering, which had a weighted average exercise price as of June 30, 2016 of \$11.80 per Common Share (of which 8,064 of our Series B Warrants expired on September 12, 2016. See "Prospectus Supplement Summary Recent Developments" on page S-3 of this prospectus supplement.);

328,442 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of \$16.61 per Common Share, and an additional 2,403 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of C\$808.27 per Common Share; and

an aggregate of 802,299 additional Common Shares available for future grants under our stock option plan, which provides that the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the plan may equal 11.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares at any given time.

In addition, the price of Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants could also be affected by possible sales of Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants by investors who view other investment vehicles as more attractive means of equity participation in us and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that may develop involving our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants. This hedging or arbitrage could, in turn, affect the trading price of our Common Shares.

***Holders of our Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants will have no rights as a shareholder until such holders exercise their Pre-Funded Warrant or Warrants and acquire our Common Shares.***

Until holders of Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants acquire our Common Shares upon exercise of such Pre-Funded Warrants, and Warrants, holders of the Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants will have no rights with respect to the Common Shares underlying such Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants. Upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants, the holders thereof will be entitled to exercise the rights of a shareholder only as to matters for which the record date occurs after the exercise date.

***The Warrants may not have any value.***

The Warrants will have an exercise price of \$4.70 per share, subject to adjustment. They will be exercisable six months after their date of issuance and will expire three years after their initial exercise date. In the event our Common Share price does not exceed the exercise prices of the Warrants during the period when they are exercisable, the Warrants may not have any value.

***If our Common Shares are not listed on a U.S. national securities exchange, U.S. holders of Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants may not be able to exercise their Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants without compliance with applicable state securities laws and compliance with applicable state securities laws may be required for subsequent offers, transfers and sales of the Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants offered hereby as a result of which their value may be significantly reduced.***

If our Common Shares are delisted from NASDAQ and are not eligible to be listed on another national securities exchange, the exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants by U.S. holders may not be exempt from state securities laws. As a result, depending on the state of residence of a holder of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants, a U.S. holder may not be able to exercise its Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants unless we comply with any state securities law requirements necessary to permit such exercise or an exemption applies. Although we plan to use our reasonable efforts to assure that U.S. holders will be able to exercise their



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Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants under applicable state securities laws if no exemption exists, there is no assurance that we will be able to do so. As a result, in the event that our Common Shares are delisted from NASDAQ and are not eligible to be listed on another securities exchange, your ability to exercise your Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants may be limited. The value of the Pre-Funded Warrants and the Warrants may be significantly reduced if U.S. holders are not able to exercise their Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants under applicable state securities laws.

In addition, our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants are being offered pursuant to one or more exemptions from registration and qualification under applicable state securities laws. Because our Common Shares are listed on NASDAQ, we are not required to register or qualify in any state the subsequent offer, transfer or sale of the Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants. If our Common Shares were to be delisted from NASDAQ and were not eligible to be listed on another national securities exchange, subsequent transfers of our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants offered hereby by U.S. holders may not be exempt from state securities laws. In such event, it will be the responsibility of the holder of Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants to register or qualify the Common Shares or Warrants for any subsequent offer, transfer or sale in the U.S. or to determine that any such offer, transfer or sale is exempt under applicable state securities laws.

***In the event we were to lose our foreign private issuer status as of June 30 of a given financial year, we would be required to comply with the Exchange Act's domestic reporting regime, which could cause us to incur additional legal, accounting and other expenses.***

In order to maintain our current status as a foreign private issuer, either (1) a majority of our Common Shares must not be either directly or indirectly owned of record by residents of the U.S. or (2) (a) a majority of our executive officers and of our directors must not be U.S. citizens or residents, (b) more than 50 percent of our assets cannot be located in the U.S. and (c) our business must be administered principally outside the U.S.

Earlier this year, our management conducted its annual assessment of the various facts and circumstances underlying the determination of our status as a foreign private issuer and, based on the foregoing, our management has determined that, as of the date of such determination and as of June 30, 2016, we continue to be a foreign private issuer.

There can be no assurance, however, that we will remain a foreign private issuer in future financial years.

If we were to lose our foreign private issuer status as of June 30 of any given financial year, we would be required to comply with the Exchange Act reporting and other requirements applicable to U.S. domestic issuers, which are more detailed and extensive than the requirements for foreign private issuers. We may also be required to make changes in our corporate governance practices in accordance with various SEC rules and NASDAQ listing standards. The regulatory and compliance costs to us of complying with the reporting requirements applicable to a U.S. domestic issuer under U.S. securities laws may be higher than the cost we have historically incurred as a foreign private issuer. In addition, if we were to lose our foreign private issuer status, we would no longer qualify under the Canada-U.S. multijurisdictional disclosure system to benefit from being able to file registration statements on Form F-10 (even if we satisfy the other conditions to eligibility), which could make it longer and more difficult to register our securities and raise funds by way of public, registered offerings in the U.S., and we would become subject to "baby shelf" rules that place limitations on our ability to issue an amount of securities above a certain threshold depending on our market capitalization and public float at a given point in time. As a result, we would expect that a potential loss of foreign private issuer status at some future point in time could increase our legal, financial reporting and accounting compliance costs, and it is difficult at this time to estimate by how much our legal, financial reporting and accounting compliance costs may increase in such eventuality.

***Our articles of incorporation contain "blank check" preferred share provisions, which could delay or impede an acquisition of our company.***

Our articles of incorporation, as amended, authorize the issuance of an unlimited number of "blank check" preferred shares, which could be issued by our board of directors without shareholder approval and which may contain liquidation, dividend and other rights equivalent or superior to our Common Shares. In addition, we

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have implemented in our constating documents an advance notice procedure for shareholder approvals to be brought before an annual meeting of our shareholders, including proposed nominations of persons for election to our board of directors. These provisions, among others, whether alone or together, could delay or impede hostile takeovers and changes in control or changes in our management. Any provision of our constating documents that has the effect of delaying or deterring a change in control could limit the opportunity for our shareholders to receive a premium for their Common Shares and could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our Common Shares.

***Our business could be negatively affected as a result of the actions of activist shareholders.***

Proxy contests have been waged against many companies in the biopharmaceutical industry over the last few years. If faced with a proxy contest, we may not be able to successfully respond to the contest, which would be disruptive to our business. Even if we are successful, our business could be adversely affected by a proxy contest because:

responding to proxy contests and other actions by activist shareholders may be costly and time-consuming, and may disrupt our operations and divert the attention of management and our employees;

perceived uncertainties as to the potential outcome of any proxy contest may result in our inability to consummate potential acquisitions, collaborations or in-licensing opportunities and may make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified personnel and business partners; and

if individuals that have a specific agenda different from that of our management or other members of our board of directors are elected to our board as a result of any proxy contest, such an election may adversely affect our ability to effectively and timely implement our strategic plan and to create value for our shareholders.

Table of Contents**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering will be approximately \$6.7 million, after deducting the Placement Agent's fees and expenses as described under "Plan of Distribution" beginning on page S-38 and our offering expenses, which are estimated to be approximately \$350,000, excluding the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of the Warrants issued pursuant to this offering but including amounts pre-paid for the exercise price of the Pre-Funded Warrants by purchasers of Pre-Funded Warrants in lieu of Common Shares.

Except as otherwise provided in any free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities under this prospectus supplement to fund the preparation and submission of NDAs for Macrilen and Zoptrex, if the results of our ongoing clinical trials of such products warrant doing so, for general corporate and working capital purposes and to fund our negative cash flow.

As of the date of this prospectus supplement, we cannot specify with certainty all of the particular uses for the net proceeds we will have upon completion of this offering. Accordingly, our management will have broad discretion in the application of net proceeds. In addition to the specific use of proceeds described above, in certain circumstances Aeterna Zentaris Inc. may be required to provide funding to AEZS Germany in order to enable the latter to pay certain of its obligations. See the Risk Factor entitled "*We are a holding company, and claims of creditors of our subsidiaries will generally have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our claims and those of our creditors and shareholders. In addition, we may be required to fund obligations of AEZS Germany under a Letter of Comfort provided by us to AEZS Germany.*" on page S-23 of this prospectus supplement.

**PRICE RANGE AND TRADING VOLUME**

Our Common Shares are listed on NASDAQ under the symbol "AEZS" and on TSX under the symbol "AEZ". The following table indicates the monthly range of high and low closing prices of a Common Share and the average daily volumes traded on NASDAQ and on TSX during the period beginning on October 1, 2015 and ending on October 26, 2016, the trading day prior to the announcement of this offering, as adjusted to reflect and give effect to the Share Consolidation:

	NASDAQ (US\$) <sup>(1)</sup>			TSX (C\$) <sup>(1)</sup>		
	High	Low	Volume	High	Low	Volume
<b>2015</b>						
October	9.30	4.25	223,072	12.50	5.50	9,533
November	11.43	4.00	3,255,306	15.41	5.39	141,016
December	9.95	4.42	1,482,686	13.27	6.06	64,951
<b>2016</b>						
January	4.40	2.67	1,184,613	6.08	3.85	44,375
February	3.18	2.81	235,077	4.37	3.92	15,776
March	3.99	3.08	371,706	5.33	4.16	29,661
April	4.38	3.36	265,606	5.69	4.45	22,374
May	3.92	3.27	161,335	4.95	4.24	13,274
June	3.65	3.01	126,649	4.62	3.90	12,882
July	3.62	3.30	322,087	4.71	4.26	13,583
August	3.72	3.40	85,023	4.83	4.45	12,323
September	3.73	3.35	95,411	4.82	4.39	9,776
October <sup>(2)</sup>	4.94	3.34	849,787	6.62	4.46	73,360

(1) Between October 1, 2015 and November 20, 2015, the "high" and "low" prices have been multiplied by one hundred (100) to retroactively give effect to and reflect the Share Consolidation and, for the same period, the volume has been divided by one hundred (100).

(2) Up to and including October 26, 2016.



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**PRIOR SALES**

During the twelve-month period preceding the date of this prospectus supplement, we issued or granted, as applicable:

an aggregate of approximately 3,333 Common Shares upon exercises of various previously issued warrants excluding our Series B Warrants);

an aggregate of approximately 1.5 million Common Shares upon various alternate cashless exercises of our Series B Warrants;

an aggregate of 3.0 million Common Shares and warrants to acquire 2.1 million Common Shares at a combined issuance price of \$5.55 per Common Share together with a warrant to purchase 0.7 of a common share in connection with our underwritten public offering in December 2015, which generated net proceeds of approximately \$15.0 million, as well as warrants to acquire approximately 0.2 million common shares upon exercise of the over-allotment option granted to the underwriter at an issuance price of \$0.01 per warrant, with each warrant having an exercise price of \$7.10 per share;

an aggregate of 592,078 Common Shares at an average issuance and sales price of \$3.88 per share pursuant to the April 2016 ATM Program; and

310,000 stock options exercisable at a weighted average price of \$4.33 per share.

**CONSOLIDATED CAPITALIZATION**

The following table presents the number of our issued and outstanding Common Shares and our consolidated cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as at June 30, 2016 on an actual basis and as adjusted to give effect to (i) the issuance and sale of both the 1,150,000 Common Shares comprising a part of the Units offered under this prospectus supplement as well as the issuance of 950,000 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding the Call Pre-Funded Warrants), at a public offering price of \$3.60 per Unit (with the entire exercise price of the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) being deemed to have been pre-paid), in each case attributing no value to the Warrants, and (ii) the issuance and sale of the aggregate 2,100,000 Common Shares referred to in clause (i) above (including such Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants but excluding the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) resulting in net proceeds in the aggregate amount of approximately \$6.7 million at a public offering price of \$3.60 per Unit and the issuance and sale of all 945,000 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants offered under this prospectus supplement resulting in net proceeds in the aggregate amount of approximately \$4.4 million at a price per Common Share of \$4.70. The adjustments present the expected impact on the number of our issued and outstanding Common Shares, our consolidated cash and cash equivalents and our capitalization as at June 30, 2016 of the issuances described above and after the payment by us of the Placement Agent's fees and expenses of the offering, which we estimate will be approximately \$879,200. As at June 30, 2016, we had no outstanding long-term debt, and there has been no change to our loan capital since June 30, 2016.

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The information below has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2016 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and Management's Discussion and Analysis thereon, incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. Figures are in thousands of U.S. dollars except share data.

	<b>As at June 30, 2016</b>		
	<b>Actual</b>	<b>As Adjusted<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>As Further Adjusted<sup>(2)</sup></b>
Number of Common Shares issued and outstanding	9,939,863 <sup>(3)</sup>	12,039,863 <sup>(3)</sup>	12,984,863 <sup>(3)</sup>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,169	\$ 32,847	\$ 37,287
Warrant liability	\$ 7,896	\$ 8,298	\$ 7,896
Shareholders' equity:			
Share capital	\$ 204,640	\$ 210,965	\$ 215,804
Other capital	\$ 88,045	\$ 88,045	\$ 88,045
Deficit	\$ (284,527)	\$ (284,574)	\$ (284,574)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 893	\$ 893	\$ 893
Total shareholders' equity and total capitalization	\$ 9,051	\$ 15,329	\$ 20,169

(1) As adjusted assumes and gives effect to the issuance and sale of 1,150,000 Common Shares offered under this prospectus supplement and the issuance of 950,000 Common Shares upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) at a price of \$3.60 per Unit and the payment by us of the Placement Agent's fees and the expenses of the offering.

(2) As further adjusted assumes and gives effect to the issuance and sale of 1,150,000 Common Shares offered under this prospectus supplement and the issuance of 950,000 Common Shares upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants (excluding the Call Pre-Funded Warrants) at a price of \$3.60 per share, the issuance of 945,000 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants offered under this prospectus supplement at a price of \$4.70 per share, and the payment by us of the Placement Agent's fees and the expenses of the offering.

(3) The number of our Common Shares that will be outstanding both before and immediately after this offering is based on shares outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and excludes as of such date:

2,842,309 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in a registered direct offering in July 2013, in an underwritten public offering in October 2012, as well as in the March 2015 Offering, which had a weighted average exercise price as of June 30, 2016 of \$11.80 per Common Share (of which 8,064 of our Series B Warrants expired on September 12, 2016. See "Prospectus Supplement Summary Recent Developments" on page S-3 of this prospectus supplement.);

328,442 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of \$16.61 per Common Share, and an additional 2,403 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at June 30, 2016, having a weighted average exercise price of C\$808.27 per Common Share; and



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an aggregate of 802,299 additional Common Shares available for future grants under our stock option plan, which provides that the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the plan may equal 11.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares at any given time.

The number of our outstanding Common Shares described in the above capitalization table also excludes:

580,912 Common Shares issued under the April 2016 ATM Program between July 1, 2016 and the date of this prospectus supplement; and

up to an additional 2,407,922 Common Shares that may be issued from time to time under the remainder of the April 2016 ATM Program.

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**DETAILS OF THE OFFERING**

The offering consists of 2,100,000 Units at a price of \$3.60 per Unit, with each Unit being comprised of either one Common Share or one Pre-Funded Warrant to purchase one Common Share and 0.45 of a Warrant to purchase one Common Share.

**Share Capital**

Our authorized share capital structure consists of an unlimited number of shares of the following classes (all classes are without nominal or par value): Common Shares; and first preferred shares (the "First Preferred Shares") and second preferred shares (the "Second Preferred Shares" and, together with the First Preferred Shares, the "Preferred Shares"), both issuable in series. As at June 30, 2016, there were 9,939,863 Common Shares issued and outstanding and, as at the date of this prospectus supplement, there were 10,520,775 Common Shares issued and outstanding. No Preferred Shares of the Company have been issued to date.

The holders of the Common Shares are entitled to one vote for each Common Share held by them at all meetings of shareholders, except meetings at which only shareholders of a specified class of shares are entitled to vote. In addition, the holders are entitled to receive dividends if, as and when declared by the Company's Board of Directors on the Common Shares. Finally, the holders of the Common Shares are entitled to receive the remaining property of the Company upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary. Shareholders have no liability to further capital calls as all issued and outstanding shares are fully paid and non-assessable.

Additional information on our share capital is provided in "Item 10. Additional Information" in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2015, incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

**Warrants and Pre-Funded Warrants**

The material terms and provisions of the Warrants and the Pre-Funded Warrants being offered under this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are summarized below. Certain capitalized terms used in this section titled "Details of the Offering Warrants and Pre-Funded Warrants" are defined in the form of Warrant and the form of Pre-Funded Warrant. The following summary is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the form of Warrant and the form of Pre-Funded Warrant, each of which will be issued under this offering and will be filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and furnished to the SEC as an exhibit to a report on Form 6-K.

***Warrants***

The Warrants will have an exercise price of \$4.70 per share. They will be exercisable six months after their date of issuance and will expire three years after their initial exercise date. The holder will not have the right to exercise any portion of the Warrant if the holder, together with its affiliates, would, subject to limited exceptions, beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of our Common Shares outstanding immediately after the exercise. The holder may increase or decrease this beneficial ownership limitation to any other percentage of the number of our Common Shares outstanding immediately after the exercise not in excess of 9.99%, upon, in the case of an increase, not less than 61 days' prior written notice to us.

The holders of Warrants must either make payment in cash of the exercise price of the shares being acquired upon exercise of the Warrants, or the Warrants may at any time be exercised on a "net" or "cashless" basis. No fractional Common Shares will be issued upon the exercise of the Warrants.

In the event the VWAP of our Common Shares for a period of 10 consecutive trading days commencing after the date the Warrants are exercisable (the "Measurement Period") exceeds \$10.00, and the average daily volume during the Measurement Period exceeds \$100,000, the Company shall have the right to issue a call notice, within one trading day of the end of the Measurement Period, to the holder calling for the cancellation of all or any portion of the Warrant for which the holder does not deliver an exercise notice (the "Call Right"). The Call Right may not be exercised on the trading day following the end of the Measurement Period if the trading

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price of our Common Shares on such date is less than \$9.00. The holder shall have 10 trading days from receipt of the call notice to deliver an exercise notice to the Company indicating which portion of a Warrant, if any, it elects to exercise. Any unexercised portion of a Warrant to which a call notice does not pertain shall remain unaffected by such call notice.

If, at any time while the Warrants are outstanding, (i) the Company or any of its subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, (1) consolidates or merges with or into (whether or not the Company or any of its subsidiaries is the surviving corporation) any other person, or (2) sells, leases, licenses, assigns, transfers, conveys or otherwise disposes of all or substantially all of the Company's properties or assets to any other person, or (3) allows any other person to make a purchase, tender or exchange offer that is accepted by the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding Common Shares (not including any Common Shares held by the person(s) making or party to, or associated or affiliated with the persons making or party to, such purchase, tender or exchange offer), or (4) consummates a stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination (including, without limitation, a reorganization, recapitalization, spin-off or plan of arrangement) with any other person whereby such other person acquires more than 50% of the outstanding Common Shares (not including any Common Shares held by the other person(s) making or party to, or associated or affiliated with the other persons making or party to, such stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination), or (5) the Company or any of its subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, reorganizes, recapitalizes or reclassifies the Common Shares, or (ii) any "person" or "group" (as these terms are used for purposes of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) is or shall become the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the aggregate ordinary voting power represented by issued and outstanding Common Shares (each, a "Fundamental Transaction"), then each holder shall have the right thereafter to receive, upon exercise of the Warrant, the same amount and kind of securities, cash or property as such holder would have been entitled to receive upon the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction if it had been, immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction, the holder of the number of Common Shares then issuable upon exercise of the Warrant. Any successor to us, surviving entity or the corporation purchasing or otherwise acquiring such assets shall assume the obligation to deliver to the holder such alternate consideration as the holder may be entitled to purchase, and the other obligations, under the Warrant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of any type of Fundamental Transaction and irrespective of the form of consideration payable thereunder, the holders of the Warrants will be entitled to receive, in lieu of our Common Shares and at the holders' option, cash in an amount equal to the value of the remaining unexercised portion of the Warrant on the date of the transaction determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with an expected volatility equal to the greater of 100% and the 100-day historical price volatility obtained from Bloomberg L.P. as of the trading day immediately prior to the public announcement of the transaction.

The Company may also at any time during the term of the Warrant, with the prior written consent of the holder and with the approval of TSX, provided the Company shall at such time be an issuer listed on TSX and to the extent such approval is required under TSX rules and policies at such time, reduce the current exercise price of the Warrant to any amount and for any period of time deemed appropriate by its board of directors.

The Warrants do not contain any price or other adjustment provision, except for customary adjustment provisions that apply in the event of certain corporate events or transactions, including, without limitation, share splits, stock dividends and distributions, share recapitalizations, *pro rata* distributions of securities and purchase rights and other similar events.

***Pre-Funded Warrants***

The Pre-Funded Warrants will have an exercise price of \$3.60 per share, which is the same price at which the Units are being offered and sold. They will be exercisable immediately and will expire on the date such Pre-Funded Warrants are exercised in full. The holder will not have the right to exercise any portion of the Pre-Funded Warrant if the holder, together with its affiliates, would, subject to limited exceptions, beneficially own in excess of 9.99% of the number of our Common Shares outstanding immediately after the exercise. The holder may increase or decrease this beneficial ownership limitation to any other percentage of the number of

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our Common Shares outstanding immediately after the exercise not in excess of 9.99% upon, in the case of an increase, not less than 61 days' prior written notice to us.

Despite having an exercise price of \$3.60 per share, the exercise price will be pre-paid in its entirety upon issuance of the Pre-Funded Warrants in lieu of Common Shares and, consequently, no additional consideration will be required to be paid and no additional payment will be required to be made to the Company by the holder upon exercise. The holder of a Pre-Funded Warrant shall not be entitled to any return or refund of all or any portion of its pre-paid exercise price under any circumstance or for any reason whatsoever, including in the event a Pre-Funded Warrant shall not have been exercised prior to its termination or expiry date. The Pre-Funded Warrants do not contain any cashless exercise feature.

If, at any time while the Pre-Funded Warrants are outstanding there shall occur a Fundamental Transaction, then each holder shall have the right thereafter to receive, upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrant, the same amount and kind of securities, cash or property as such holder would have been entitled to receive upon the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction if it had been, immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction, the holder of the number of Common Shares then issuable upon exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrant. Any successor to us, surviving entity or the corporation purchasing or otherwise acquiring such assets shall assume the obligation to deliver to the holder such alternate consideration as the holder may be entitled to purchase, and the other obligations, under the Pre-Funded Warrant.

The Pre-Funded Warrants do not contain any price or other adjustment provision, except for customary adjustment provisions that apply in the event of certain corporate events or transactions, including, without limitation, share splits, stock dividends and distributions, share recapitalizations, pro rata distributions of securities and purchase rights and other similar events.

***Call Pre-Funded Warrants***

If the exercise of an outstanding Warrant by a holder further to the exercise by the Company of the Call Right would result in such holder, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning (subject to limited exceptions) in excess of 4.99% of the number of our Common Shares outstanding immediately after the exercise of such Warrant, the Company shall effect the call for the portion of the Warrant, and issue such number of underlying Warrant Shares, as would not exceed such beneficial ownership limitation, and deliver to the holder a number of Call Pre-Funded Warrants equal to the number of Common Shares underlying the Warrant that, if issued, would have resulted in the beneficial ownership limitation being exceeded. The Call Pre-Funded Warrants will be in substantially the same form as the Pre-Funded Warrants, except that the initial beneficial ownership limitation in respect of the Call Pre-Funded Warrants shall be 4.99% rather than 9.99%.

***Additional Ownership Limitation***

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Warrants, the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Call Pre-Funded Warrants, the purchaser has agreed not to exercise any right or acquire any Common Shares, including pursuant to any exercise of the Warrants, the Pre-Funded Warrants or the Call Pre-Funded Warrants, that would cause such purchaser's beneficial ownership to exceed 19.99% of the then issued and outstanding Common Shares.

Neither the Pre-Funded Warrants, the Call Pre-Funded Warrants nor the Warrants will be listed on any national or foreign trading market.

**Announcement Relating to Macrilen Phase 3 Trial**

The Company has agreed with the purchaser that in the event the Company publicly announces or discloses by press release, on or before December 15, 2016, any developments relating to the Macrilen Phase 3 Trial and the VWAP over the 5 trading days immediately following such public announcement or disclosure is less than the purchase price per Unit, then the Company will make a cash payment to the purchaser equal to the difference between the Unit price and such VWAP multiplied by the number of all Common Shares then held by the purchaser. If the Macrilen Phase 3 Trial results are publicly announced or disclosed by the Company at any time after December 15, 2016, the Company will be under no such obligation to make any cash payment whatsoever to the purchaser. The Company anticipates that it is very unlikely that the results of the Macrilen Phase 3 Trial will be available on or before December 15, 2016.

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**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

Pursuant to a placement agency agreement between us and Maxim Group LLC, dated October 27, 2016, we have engaged Maxim Group LLC to act as our exclusive Placement Agent in connection with this offering. The Placement Agent is not purchasing or selling any of the Units we are offering by this prospectus supplement, and is not required to arrange the purchase or sale of any specific number of Units or dollar amount, but the Placement Agent has agreed to use its best efforts to arrange for the sale of the securities offered hereby.

The placement agency agreement provides that the obligations of the Placement Agent are subject to certain conditions precedent, including, among other things, the absence of any material adverse change in our business and the receipt of customary opinions and closing certificates.

The Placement Agent proposes to arrange for the sale of the Units we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement to a purchaser through a securities purchase agreement directly between the purchaser and us. All of the Units will be sold at the same price and, we expect, at a single closing. The market price of the Units and the exercise price and other terms of the Warrants was determined by negotiation among us, the Placement Agent and the purchasers of the Units with reference to the prevailing market price of the Common Shares.

Rodman & Renshaw, a unit of H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC, and Aegis Capital Corp. are also acting as financial advisors for the offering and will in the aggregate receive fees of approximately \$160,000, which will be deducted from and paid out of the Placement Agent's fee.

**Commissions and Expenses**

We have agreed to pay the Placement Agent an aggregate cash placement fee equal to 7% of the gross proceeds in this offering and reimburse them for their expenses, including legal fees, of up to \$100,000. The following table shows the per Unit and total Placement Agent fee we will pay to the Placement Agent in connection with the sale of the Units offered hereby.

Per Unit	\$	0.252
Total	\$	529,200

We estimate the total expenses of this offering, which will be payable by us, excluding the Placement Agent's fee, will be approximately \$350,000. After deducting the Placement Agent's fee and our estimated offering expenses, we expect the net proceeds from this offering to be approximately \$6.7 million.

We have agreed to indemnify the placement agent against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. We have also agreed to contribute to payments the Placement Agent may be required to make in respect of such liabilities.

We have agreed, subject to certain limited exceptions, for a period of 45 days after the date of the securities purchase agreements, not to offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, make any short sale or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly any Common Shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our Common Shares without the prior written consent of the purchaser of the Units; provided, however, that we may issue or make sales of (a) Common Shares or options to employees, officers or directors of the Company pursuant to certain qualifying stock option plans, (b) securities upon the exercise or exchange of or conversion of any securities issued in connection with this offering and/or other securities exercisable or exchangeable for or convertible into Common Shares currently outstanding, subject to certain limitations, and (c) securities issued pursuant to certain acquisitions or strategic transactions approved by a majority of the disinterested directors of the Company, and which transaction is not primarily conducted for the purpose of raising capital or with an entity whose primary business is investing in securities. Additionally, for as long as the purchaser holds any Warrants, we are prohibited from effecting or entering into an agreement to effect any issuance of Common Shares or their equivalents involving a Variable Rate Transaction (as such term is defined in the securities purchase agreement), except for any issuances pursuant to an "at-the market" program. Also, our executive officers and directors are subject to lock-up agreements that prohibit such persons from offering, selling, contracting to sell, pledging, granting any option to purchase, making any short sale or

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otherwise disposing of, directly or indirectly any Common Shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our Common Shares or exercising any registration rights relating to the Common Shares for a period of 45 days after the date of the securities purchase agreements. The lock-up agreements do not prohibit our directors and executive officers from transferring Common Shares for *bona fide* estate or tax planning purposes, subject to the transferee being subject to the same lock-up terms, pursuant to a bona fide third party take-over bid or similar acquisition transaction, subject to the transferee being subject to the same lock-up terms, or exercising of any stock options. The purchasers of Units may, in their sole discretion and at any time or from time to time before the termination of the lock-up period, without notice, release all or any portion of the securities subject to lock-up agreements.

The form of securities purchase agreement with the purchaser and the form of Warrants and Pre-Funded Warrants are included as exhibits to our report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC, and such documents have also been filed with the applicable Canadian securities regulatory authorities in connection with this offering.

**Listing and Transfer Agent**

Our Common Shares are listed on NASDAQ under the symbol "AEZS" and on the TSX under the symbol "AEZ." The transfer agent of our Common Shares in Canada is Computershare Trust Company of Canada. The co-transfer agent of our Common Shares in the U.S. is Computershare Trust Company, N A. We have applied to list the Common Shares distributed under this prospectus supplement on each of NASDAQ and TSX. Listing will be subject to the Company fulfilling all the listing requirements of NASDAQ and TSX. We do not plan on making an application to list either the Warrants or the Pre-Funded Warrants on either NASDAQ or TSX, any national securities exchange or other nationally recognized trading system. We will act as the registrar and transfer agent for the Warrants and the Pre-Funded Warrants.

**Electronic Distribution**

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in electronic format may be made available on websites or through other online services maintained by the Placement Agent of this offering or by its affiliates. Other than this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in electronic format, the information, if any, on the Placement Agent's website and any information contained in any other website maintained by the Placement Agent is not part of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus forms a part, has not been approved and/or endorsed by us or the Placement Agent in its capacity as Placement Agent, and should not be relied upon by investors.

**CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

**Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations**

The following discussion is a summary of certain material U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of Common Shares or Warrants being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus by a U.S. Holder (as defined below), but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all potential U.S. federal income tax effects. The Pre-Funded Warrants are issued in the form of warrants, however, because of the pre-payment by any holder of the entire exercise price of the Pre-Funded Warrants, holders of the Pre-Funded Warrants should consult their own tax advisors regarding the appropriate classification of the Pre-Funded Warrants as either stock or warrants for U.S. federal income tax purposes and the tax consequences applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Pre-Funded Warrants.

This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, IRS rulings and judicial decisions in effect as of the date of this prospectus supplement. All of these are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, or different interpretations. This summary does not discuss the potential effects, whether adverse or beneficial, of any proposed legislation that, if enacted, could be applied on a retroactive basis. This summary is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS is not precluded from taking a position that is different from, and contrary to, the positions taken in this summary.

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This summary does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to particular U.S. Holders in light of their specific circumstances (for example, U.S. Holders subject to the alternative minimum tax or the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income under the Code) or to holders that may be subject to special rules under U.S. federal income tax law, including:

dealers in stocks, securities or currencies;

securities traders that use a mark-to-market accounting method;

banks and financial institutions;

insurance companies;

regulated investment companies;

real estate investment trusts;

tax-exempt organizations;

retirement plans, individual plans, individual retirement accounts and tax-deferred accounts;

partnerships or other pass-through entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes and their partners or members;

persons holding Common Shares or Warrants as part of a hedging or conversion transaction, straddle or other integrated or risk reduction transaction;

persons who or that are, or may become, subject to the expatriation provisions of the Code;

persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar; and

direct, indirect or constructive owners of 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our voting stock.

This summary also does not discuss any aspect of state, local or foreign law, or estate or gift tax law as applicable to U.S. Holders. In addition, this discussion is limited to U.S. Holders purchasing Common Shares and Warrants pursuant to this prospectus supplement and that will hold such Common Shares and Warrants as capital assets. For purposes of this summary, "U.S. Holder" means a beneficial holder of Common Shares or Warrants who or that for U.S. federal income tax purposes is:

an individual citizen or resident of the U.S.;

a corporation or other entity classified as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes created or organized in or under the laws of the U.S., any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

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an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust, if (a) a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of such trust and one or more "U.S. persons" (within the meaning of the Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (b) a valid election is in effect to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership or other entity or arrangement classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds Common Shares or Warrants, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. This summary does not address the tax consequences to any such partner. Such a partner should consult its own tax advisor as to the tax consequences of the partnership purchasing, owning and disposing of Common Shares and Warrants.

PROSPECTIVE U.S. INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS WITH REGARD TO THE APPLICATION OF THE TAX CONSEQUENCES DESCRIBED BELOW TO THEIR PARTICULAR SITUATIONS AS WELL AS THE APPLICATION OF ANY STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN OR OTHER TAX LAWS, INCLUDING GIFT AND ESTATE TAX LAWS.

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**Allocation of Offering Price**

Because the components of the Unit are immediately separable, the purchaser of the Unit generally will be treated, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as the owner of the underlying common share and warrant components of the Unit. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, each purchaser of a Unit generally must allocate the purchase price of the Unit between the Common Share or the Pre-Funded Warrant and the Warrant that comprise the Unit based on the relative fair market value of each at the time of issuance. The price allocated to each Common Share and Warrant generally will be the holder's tax basis in such Common Share Pre-Funded Warrant or Warrant, as the case may be. Each U.S. Holder is advised to consult its own tax advisor regarding the risks associated with an investment in the Unit (including alternative characterizations of the Unit) and regarding an allocation of the purchase price between the Common Share or Pre-Funded Warrant and the Warrant that comprise the Unit. The balance of this discussion assumes that the characterization of the Units described above is respected for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

***Taxation of U.S. Holders of Common Shares***

*Dividends*

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, which may be significant, any distributions paid by the Company out of current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes), before reduction for any Canadian withholding tax paid with respect thereto, will generally be taxable to a U.S. Holder as foreign source dividend income, and will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction generally allowed to corporations. Distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits will be treated as a non-taxable return of capital to the extent of the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Common Shares and thereafter as capital gain. The Company does not, however, intend to calculate its earnings and profits under U.S. federal income tax principles. Therefore, U.S. Holders should expect that any distribution from the Company generally will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a dividend. Prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the appropriate U.S. federal income tax treatment of any distribution received from the Company.

Dividends paid to non-corporate U.S. Holders by the Company in a taxable year in which it is treated as a PFIC, or in the immediately following taxable year, will not be eligible for the special reduced rates normally applicable to long-term capital gains. In all other taxable years, dividends paid by the Company should be taxable to a non-corporate U.S. Holder at the special reduced rates normally applicable to long-term capital gains, provided that certain conditions are satisfied. The Company believes it was a PFIC for the 2015 taxable year and it may be a PFIC for the 2016 taxable year. Therefore, a U.S. Holder will not be able to claim a reduced rate for dividends paid in 2016 (if any). See "Taxation of U.S. Holders of Common Shares - Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations" below.

Under current law, payments of dividends by the Company to non-Canadian investors are generally subject to a 25% Canadian withholding tax. The rate of withholding tax applicable to U.S. Holders that are eligible for benefits under the Canada-United States Tax Convention (the "Convention") is reduced to a maximum of 15%. This reduced rate of withholding will not apply if the dividends received by a U.S. Holder are effectively connected with a permanent establishment of the U.S. Holder in Canada. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, U.S. Holders will be treated as having received the amount of Canadian taxes withheld by the Company, and as then having paid over the withheld taxes to the Canadian taxing authorities. As a result of this rule, the amount of dividend income included in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes by a U.S. Holder with respect to a payment of dividends may be greater than the amount of cash actually received (or receivable) by the U.S. Holder from the Company with respect to the payment.

Subject to certain limitations, a U.S. Holder will generally be entitled, at the election of the U.S. Holder, to a credit against its U.S. federal income tax liability, or a deduction in computing its U.S. federal taxable income, for Canadian income taxes withheld by the Company. This election is made on a year-by-year basis and applies to all foreign taxes paid (whether directly or through withholding) by a U.S. Holder during a year. For purposes of the foreign tax credit limitation, dividends paid by the Company generally will constitute foreign source income in the "passive category income" basket. The foreign tax credit rules are complex and prospective

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purchasers should consult their tax advisors concerning the availability of the foreign tax credit in their particular circumstances.

Dividends paid in Canadian dollars will be included in the gross income of a U.S. Holder in a U.S. dollar amount calculated by reference to the exchange rate in effect on the date the U.S. Holder (actually or constructively) receives the dividend, regardless of whether such Canadian dollars are actually converted into U.S. dollars at that time. If the Canadian dollars received are not converted into U.S. dollars on the date of receipt, a U.S. Holder will have a tax basis in the Canadian dollars equal to their U.S. dollar value on the date of receipt. Gain or loss, if any, realized on a sale or other disposition of the Canadian dollars will generally be U.S. source ordinary income or loss to a U.S. Holder.

The Company generally does not pay any dividends and does not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future.

*Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Common Shares*

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, which may be significant, upon a sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Common Shares, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes equal to the difference, if any, between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Common Shares.

This capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period in the Common Shares exceeds one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Any gain or loss will generally be U.S. source for U.S. foreign tax credit purposes.

*Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations*

A foreign corporation will be classified as a PFIC for any taxable year in which, after taking into account the income and assets of the corporation and certain subsidiaries pursuant to applicable "look-through rules," either (i) at least 75% of its gross income is "passive income" or (ii) at least 50% of the average value of its assets is attributable to assets which produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income. Passive income generally includes dividends, interest, rents and royalties (other than certain rents and royalties derived in the active conduct of a trade or business), annuities and gains from assets that produce passive income. If a non-U.S. corporation owns at least 25% by value of the stock of another corporation, the non-U.S. corporation is treated for purposes of the PFIC tests as owning its proportionate share of the assets of the other corporation and as receiving directly its proportionate share of the other corporation's income.

We believe that we were a PFIC for the 2015 taxable year and we may be a PFIC for the 2016 taxable year. Further, the fair market value of the Company's assets may be determined in large part by the market price of the Common Shares, which is likely to fluctuate, and the composition of the Company's income and assets will be affected by how, and how quickly, the Company spends any cash that is raised in any financing transaction. Thus, no assurance can be provided that the Company will not be classified as a PFIC for the 2016 taxable year or any future taxable year. Prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors regarding the Company's PFIC status.

If the Company is classified as a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder owns Common Shares, the U.S. Holder, absent certain elections (including the mark-to-market and QEF elections described below), will generally be subject to adverse rules (regardless of whether the Company continues to be classified as a PFIC) with respect to (i) any "excess distributions" (generally, any distributions received by the U.S. Holder on the Common Shares in a taxable year that are greater than 125% of the average annual distributions received by the U.S. Holder in the three preceding taxable years or, if shorter, the U.S. Holder's holding period for the Common Shares) and (ii) any gain realized on the sale or other disposition of the Common Shares.

Under these adverse rules (a) the excess distribution or gain will be allocated ratably over the U.S. Holder's holding period, (b) the amount allocated to the current taxable year and any taxable year prior to the first taxable year in which the Company is classified as a PFIC will be taxed as ordinary income, and (c) the amount allocated to each of the other taxable years during which the Company was classified as a PFIC will be subject to tax at the highest rate of tax in effect for the applicable category of taxpayer for that year and an interest charge

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will be imposed with respect to the resulting tax attributable to each such other taxable year. A U.S. Holder that is not a corporation will be required to treat any such interest paid as "personal interest", which is not deductible.

U.S. Holders can avoid the adverse rules described above in part by making a mark-to-market election with respect to the Common Shares, provided that the Common Shares are "marketable." The Common Shares will be marketable if they are "regularly traded" on a "qualified exchange" or other market within the meaning of applicable U.S. Treasury regulations. For this purpose, the Common Shares generally will be considered to be regularly traded during any calendar year during which they are traded, other than in *de minimis* quantities, on at least 15 days during each calendar quarter. The Common Shares are currently listed on NASDAQ, which constitutes a qualified exchange; however, there can be no assurance that the Common Shares will be treated as regularly traded for purposes of the mark-to-market election on a qualified exchange. If the Common Shares were not regularly traded on NASDAQ or were delisted from NASDAQ and were not traded on another qualified exchange for the requisite time period described above, the mark-to-market election would not be available.

A U.S. Holder that makes a mark-to-market election must include in gross income, as ordinary income, for each taxable year an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the U.S. Holder's Common Shares at the close of the taxable year over the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Common Shares. An electing U.S. Holder may also claim an ordinary loss deduction for the excess, if any, of the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Common Shares over the fair market value of the Common Shares at the close of the taxable year, but this deduction is allowable only to the extent of any net mark-to-market gains previously included in income. A U.S. Holder that makes a mark-to-market election generally will adjust such U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Common Shares to reflect the amount included in gross income or allowed as a deduction because of such mark-to-market election. Gains from an actual sale or other disposition of the Common Shares will be treated as ordinary income, and any losses incurred on a sale or other disposition of the Common Shares will be treated as ordinary losses to the extent of any net mark-to-market gains previously included in income.

If the Company is classified as a PFIC for any taxable year in which a U.S. Holder owns Common Shares but before a mark-to-market election is made, the adverse PFIC rules described above will apply to any mark-to-market gain recognized in the year the election is made. Otherwise, a mark-to-market election will be effective for the taxable year for which the election is made and all subsequent taxable years. The election cannot be revoked without the consent of the IRS unless the Common Shares cease to be marketable, in which case the election is automatically terminated.

If the Company is classified as a PFIC, a U.S. Holder of Common Shares will generally be treated as owning stock owned by the Company in any direct or indirect subsidiaries that are also PFICs and will be subject to similar adverse rules with respect to distributions to the Company by, and dispositions by the Company of, the stock of such subsidiaries. A mark-to-market election is not permitted for the shares of any subsidiary of the Company that is also classified as a PFIC. Prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors regarding the availability of, and procedure for making, a mark-to-market election.

In some cases, a shareholder of a PFIC can avoid the interest charge and the other adverse PFIC consequences described above by making a QEF election to be taxed currently on its share of the PFIC's undistributed income. We will endeavor to satisfy the record keeping requirements that apply to a QEF and to supply requesting U.S. Holders with the information that such U.S. Holders are required to report under the QEF rules with respect to the Company and any subsidiary of the Company that is a PFIC ("PFIC Subsidiary"). However, there can be no assurance that the Company will satisfy the record keeping requirement or provide the information required to be reported by U.S. Holders.

A U.S. Holder that makes a timely and effective QEF election for the first tax year in which its holding period of its Common Shares begins generally will not be subject to the adverse PFIC consequences described above with respect to its Common Shares. Rather, a U.S. Holder that makes a timely and effective QEF election will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such U.S. Holder's pro rata share of (a) the Company's net capital gain, which will be taxed as long-term capital gain to such U.S. Holder, and (b) the Company's ordinary earnings, which will be taxed as ordinary income to such U.S. Holder, in each case regardless of which such

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amounts are actually distributed to the U.S. Holder by the Company. Generally, "net capital gain" is the excess of (a) net long-term capital gain over (b) net short-term capital loss, and "ordinary earnings" are the excess of (a) "earnings and profits" over (b) net capital gain. A U.S. Holder that makes a timely and effective QEF election with respect to the Company generally (a) may receive a tax-free distribution from us to the extent that such distribution represents "earnings and profits" that were previously included in income by the U.S. Holder because of such QEF election and (b) will adjust such U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Common Shares to reflect the amount included in income or allowed as a tax-free distribution because of such QEF election. In addition, a U.S. Holder that makes a QEF election generally will recognize capital gain or loss on the sale or other taxable disposition of Common Shares.

The QEF election is made on a shareholder-by-shareholder basis. Once made, a QEF election will apply to the tax year for which the QEF election is made and to all subsequent tax years, unless the QEF election is invalidated or terminated or the IRS consents to revocation of the QEF election. In addition, if a U.S. Holder makes a QEF election, the QEF election will remain in effect (although it will not be applicable) during those tax years in which the Company is not a PFIC.

A QEF election made with respect to the Company will not apply to any PFIC Subsidiary; a QEF election must be made separately for each PFIC Subsidiary (in which case the treatment described above would apply to such PFIC Subsidiary). If a U.S. Holder makes a timely and effective QEF election with respect to a PFIC Subsidiary, it would be required in each taxable year to include in gross income its pro rata share of the ordinary earnings and net capital gain of such PFIC Subsidiary, but may not receive a distribution of such income.

If the Company is classified as a PFIC and then ceases to be so classified, a U.S. Holder may make an election (a "deemed sale election") to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as having sold such U.S. Holder's Common Shares on the last day of the taxable year of the Company during which it was a PFIC. A U.S. Holder that made a deemed sale election would then cease to be treated as owning stock in a PFIC by reason of ownership of Common Shares in the Company. However, gain recognized as a result of making the deemed sale election would be subject to the adverse rules described above and loss would not be recognized.

If the Company or a subsidiary is a PFIC in any year with respect to a U.S. Holder, the U.S. Holder will be required to file an annual information return on IRS Form 8621 relating to their ownership of Common Shares and, potentially, Warrants.

Prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC regime and any other reporting obligations to which they may be subject under that regime.

***Taxation of U.S. Holders of Warrants***

*Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Warrants*

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, which may be significant, upon a sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of Warrants, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss for U.S. federal income purposes equal to the difference, if any, between the U.S. dollar value of the amount realized (as determined on the date of the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition) and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Warrants. Any gain or loss will generally be U.S. source, and will generally be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period in the Warrants exceeds one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations under the Code.

*Exercise and Expiration of Warrants*

Subject to the PFIC rules discussed below, which may be significant, a U.S. Holder generally should not recognize any income, gain or loss on the exercise of a Warrant, except with respect to any cash received in lieu of a fractional Common Share. When a Warrant is exercised, the U.S. Holder's cost of the Common Share acquired thereby will be equal to the U.S. Holder's adjusted cost basis of the Warrant plus the exercise price paid for the Common Share, less the portion of such basis allocable to the fractional Common Share (if any). In the event a Warrant is cash-settled upon exercise, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the cash received upon exercise and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Warrant. This capital gain or loss will be long-term or short-term capital gain or loss depending upon the length of time the

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U.S. Holder held the Warrant. The expiration of an unexercised Warrant will generally give rise to a capital loss equal to the adjusted cost basis to the U.S. Holder of the expired Warrant. The holding period of the Common Share acquired through the exercise of a Warrant would begin on the date following the day of exercise of the Warrant.

As described above in "Details of the Offering Warrants and Pre-Funded Warrants," a Warrant (but not a Pre-Funded Warrant) may be exercised on a "net" or "cashless" basis in limited circumstances. The tax consequences of such an exercise are not clear under current tax law. A cashless exercise may be tax-free or could be treated as a taxable exchange in which gain or loss would be recognized. Prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of a cashless exercise, including the determination of tax basis, holding period, and gain or loss. If the terms of a Warrant provide for any adjustment to the number of Common Shares for which the Warrant may be exercised or to the exercise price of the Warrant, such adjustment may, under certain circumstances, result in constructive distributions that could be taxable to the holder of the Warrants. Prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of any exercise adjustment.

*Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations*

If the Company is classified as a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder owns Warrants, the U.S. Holder will generally be treated as owning stock in the Company and will be subject to adverse rules (regardless of whether the Company continues to be classified as a PFIC) with respect to any gain realized on the sale or other disposition of the Warrants. For a description of these adverse rules, including loss of favorable capital gains rates and the imposition of an interest charge, see "Taxation of U.S. Holders of Common Shares Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations" above. In addition, if the Company is classified as a PFIC, the holding period of a Common Share acquired through the exercise of the Warrant would include the period during which the Warrant was held, which could exacerbate the effect of the adverse rules described above. The mark-to-market election and the QEF election under the PFIC rules may not be made with respect to the Warrants.

The application of the PFIC rules to Warrants, including the application of the reporting requirement described above in "Taxation of U.S. Holders of Common Shares Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations," is subject to significant uncertainties. Accordingly, prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC regime and any reporting obligations to which they may be subject under that regime.

***Information Reporting and Backup Withholding***

Payments made within the U.S., or by a U.S. payor or U.S. middleman, of dividends on, and proceeds arising from sales or other dispositions of Common Shares or Warrants generally will be reported to the IRS and to the U.S. Holder as required under applicable regulations. Backup withholding tax may apply to these payments if the U.S. Holder fails to timely provide in the appropriate manner an accurate taxpayer identification number or otherwise fails to comply with, or establish an exemption from, such backup withholding tax requirements. Certain U.S. Holders are not subject to the information reporting or backup withholding tax requirements described herein. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors as to their qualification for exemption from backup withholding tax and the procedure for establishing an exemption.

Backup withholding tax is not an additional tax. U.S. Holders generally will be allowed a refund or credit against their U.S. federal income tax liability for amounts withheld, provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Certain U.S. Holders are required to file IRS Form 926 and certain U.S. Holders may be required to file Form 5471 reporting transfers of cash or other property to the Company and information relating to the U.S. Holder and the Company. In addition, certain U.S. Holders are required to report information on IRS Form 8938 with respect to their investments in certain "foreign financial assets," which would include an investment in our Common Shares or Warrants. Substantial penalties may be imposed upon a U.S. Holder that fails to comply. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the information reporting obligations that may arise from their acquisition, ownership or disposition of Common Shares or Warrants.

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**Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations for U.S. Shareholders**

The following is a general summary, as of the date hereof, of the principal Canadian federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the holding and disposition of Units acquired pursuant to this prospectus supplement by a holder who, at all relevant times, (a) for the purposes of the Tax Act, (i) is not resident, or deemed to be resident, in Canada, (ii) deals at arm's length with, and is not affiliated with, the Company, (iii) beneficially owns Units as capital property, (iv) does not use or hold the Units in the course of carrying on, or otherwise in connection with, a business or a part of a business carried on or deemed to be carried on in Canada and (v) is not a "registered non-resident insurer" or "authorized foreign bank" within the meaning of the Tax Act, and (b) for the purposes of the Convention, is a resident of the U.S., has never been a resident of Canada, does not have and has not had, at any time, a permanent establishment or fixed base in Canada, and who is a qualifying person or otherwise qualifies for the full benefits of the Convention. The Units will generally be considered to be capital property to a holder unless such Units are held in the course of carrying on a business of buying or selling securities, or an adventure or concern in the nature of trade. Our Units will generally not be capital property to holders that are "financial institutions" (as defined in subsection 142.2(1) of the Tax Act). Holders who meet all the criteria in clauses (a) and (b) are referred to herein as a "U.S. Shareholder" or "U.S. Shareholders". This summary does not deal with special situations, such as the particular circumstances of traders or dealers, holders an interest in which is a "tax shelter investment" as defined in the Tax Act, tax exempt entities, insurers, financial institutions, holders who have made a "functional currency" reporting election under section 261 of the Tax Act or holders who have entered into a "derivative forward agreement" (as defined in the Tax Act) in respect of Common Shares. Such holders and other holders who do not meet the criteria in clauses (a) and (b) should consult their own tax advisors.

This summary is based upon the current provisions of the Tax Act and the regulations thereunder (the "Regulations") and the Company's understanding of the current administrative policies and assessing practices of the Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") made publicly available prior to the date hereof. It also takes into account all proposed amendments to the Tax Act and the Regulations publicly released by the Minister of Finance (Canada) ("Tax Proposals") prior to the date hereof, and assumes that all such Tax Proposals will be enacted as currently proposed. No assurance can be given that the Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed or at all. This summary does not otherwise take into account or anticipate any changes in law, whether by way of legislative, judicial or administrative action or interpretation, nor does it take into account tax laws of any province or territory of Canada or of any other jurisdiction outside Canada.

For purposes of the Tax Act, all amounts, including dividends, adjusted cost base and proceeds of disposition, must generally be determined in Canadian dollars. Amounts denominated in U.S. dollars must be converted to Canadian currency using the "Relevant Spot Rate" (as defined in the Tax Act). The amount of any capital gain or any capital loss to a U.S. Shareholder with respect to the Units may be affected by fluctuations in Canadian dollar exchange rates.

This summary is of a general nature only and is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice to any particular U.S. Shareholder and no representation with respect to the federal income tax consequences to any particular U.S. Shareholder or prospective U.S. Shareholder is made. The tax consequences to a U.S. Shareholder will depend on the holder's particular circumstances. Accordingly, U.S. Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors for advice with respect to their own particular circumstances.

The cost for Canadian tax purposes to a U.S. Shareholder of a Common Share (or a Pre-Funded Warrant or Warrant) must be averaged at the time such Common Share (or Pre-Funded Warrant or Warrant) is acquired with the adjusted cost base of all other Common Shares (or Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants) held by such U.S. Shareholder as capital property at that time for purposes of calculating the adjusted cost base of such Common Shares (or Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants).

***Dividends***

Amounts paid or credited or deemed to be paid or credited as, on account or in lieu of payment, or in satisfaction of, dividends on our Common Shares to a U.S. Shareholder will be subject to Canadian withholding tax. Under the Convention, the rate of Canadian withholding tax on dividends paid or credited by us to a

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U.S. Shareholder that beneficially owns such dividends is generally 15% unless the beneficial owner is a company that owns at least 10% of our voting stock at that time, in which case the rate of Canadian withholding tax is reduced to 5%.

***Dispositions***

A U.S. Shareholder will generally not be subject to tax under the Tax Act on any capital gain realized on a disposition or deemed disposition of our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants, unless the Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants, as the case may be, constitute "taxable Canadian property" to the U.S. Shareholder at the time of disposition and the U.S. Shareholder is not entitled to relief under the Convention. Generally, our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants and Warrants (unless the U.S. Shareholder receives property other than our Common Shares on exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants) will not constitute taxable Canadian property to a U.S. Shareholder provided our Common Shares are listed on a designated stock exchange (which currently includes NASDAQ and TSX) at the time of the disposition, unless (1) at any time during the 60-month period immediately preceding the disposition, (a) one or any combination of (A) the U.S. Shareholder, (B) persons with whom the U.S. Shareholder did not deal at arm's length, and (C) partnerships in which the U.S. Shareholder or a person described in (B) holds a membership interest directly or indirectly through one or more partnerships, owned 25% or more of the issued shares of any series or class of our capital stock and (b) more than 50% of the fair market value of our Common Shares was derived directly or indirectly from one or any combination of (i) real or immovable property situated in Canada, (ii) "Canadian resource properties" (as defined in the Tax Act), (iii) "timber resource properties" (as defined in the Tax Act), and (iv) options in respect of, or interests in, or for civil law rights in property described in (i) to (iii), whether or not the property exists, or (2) our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants are otherwise deemed to be taxable Canadian property to the U.S. Shareholder.

If our Common Shares constitute taxable Canadian property to a particular U.S. Shareholder, any capital gain arising on their disposition may be exempt from Canadian tax under the Convention if, at the time of disposition, our Common Shares do not derive their value principally from real property situated in Canada as defined in the Convention.

If our Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants constitute taxable Canadian property to a particular U.S. Shareholder, any capital gain arising on their disposition should be exempt from Canadian tax under the Convention. The consequences under the Tax Act of a disposition of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants may be materially different if the U.S. Shareholder is entitled to receive property other than our Common Shares on exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants and U.S. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisors in such circumstances.

As long as our Common Shares are listed at the time of their disposition on NASDAQ, TSX or another "recognized stock exchange" (as defined in the Tax Act), a U.S. Shareholder who disposes of our Common Shares, Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants (unless the U.S. Shareholder is entitled to receive property other than our Common Shares on exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants) that are taxable Canadian property will not be required to apply for and obtain a certificate of compliance and will not be subject to withholding by a purchaser under Section 116 of the Tax Act. An exemption from such obligations may also be available in respect of such a disposition if they are "treaty-protected property" (as defined in the Tax Act) of the disposing U.S. Shareholder. The consequences under the Tax Act of a disposition of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants may be materially different if the U.S. Shareholder is entitled to receive property other than our Common Shares on exercise of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants and U.S. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisors in such circumstances.

Except in the event a Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrant is cash settled, in whole or in part, upon exercise, or is exercised after the occurrence of a "fundamental transaction" (as such term is defined in the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants) and the holder receives property other than our Common Shares, a U.S. Shareholder will not realize a gain or loss upon the exercise of a Pre-Funded Warrant or Warrant. A U.S. Shareholder's cost of any Common Shares acquired in connection with the exercise of Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants will be equal to the aggregate of such U.S. Shareholder's adjusted cost base of the Pre-Funded Warrants or Warrants exercised plus the exercise price paid for the Common Shares. The adjusted cost base of the Common Shares so

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acquired will be determined by averaging the cost of such Common Shares with the adjusted cost base (determined immediately before the acquisition of such Common Shares) of all other of our Common Shares held by such U.S. Shareholder at the time of acquisition.

**LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters relating to the offering will be passed upon for us by Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP with respect to matters of Canadian law and by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP with respect to matters of U.S. law. The Placement Agent is being represented in connection with this offering by Ellenoff Grossman & Schole LLP with respect to matters of U.S. law.

At the date of this prospectus supplement, the partners and associates of Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP as a group and the partners and associates of Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP as a group, beneficially own, directly or indirectly, less than 1% of the outstanding securities of any class of securities issued by us.

**EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements incorporated into this prospectus supplement by reference to our annual report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2015, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent auditors, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

**EXEMPTIVE RELIEF GRANTED BY THE AUTORITÉ DES MARCHÉS FINANCIERS**

Pursuant to a decision dated December 22, 2015 issued by the Québec *Autorité des marchés financiers* (the "AMF"), the Company is exempt from the requirement prescribed by the *Securities Act* (Québec) and by *Regulation 44-101 respecting Short Form Prospectus Distributions* ("Regulation 44-101") to prepare a French version of this prospectus supplement, provided that all securities issued in connection therewith shall be issued outside of Canada. In addition, pursuant to a decision dated February 2, 2016 issued by the AMF, the Company is exempt from the requirement to include in this prospectus supplement the form of certification of an underwriter or agent for a base shelf prospectus prescribed by Regulation 44-101.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual reports on Form 20-F with the SEC, and we furnish other documents, such as quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information and documents that we file with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, to the SEC, as required. You may read and copy any materials we file with or furnish to the SEC at the public reference room maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site ([www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov)) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants who file electronically with the SEC. As we are a Canadian issuer, we also file continuous disclosure documents with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, which documents are available on the SEDAR website maintained by the Canadian Securities administrators at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).



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**INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE**

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are part of a base shelf prospectus forming part of a registration statement on Form F-10 filed by us with the SEC. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, certain parts of which are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. Statements contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete and in each instance reference is made to the copy of that contract or other document filed with or furnished to the SEC. For further information about us and the securities offered by this prospectus supplement, we refer you to the registration statement and its exhibits and schedules which may be obtained as described herein.

The SEC and the Canadian securities regulatory authorities allow us to "incorporate by reference" the information contained in documents that we file with or furnish to it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and information in documents that we subsequently file with or furnish to the SEC and the Canadian securities regulatory authorities will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below into this prospectus supplement, and any future filings made by us with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act until the offering of all the securities by this prospectus supplement is completed, including all filings made after the date of this prospectus supplement. We hereby incorporate by reference the documents listed below:

our annual report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2015 (filed in Canada with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities in lieu of an annual information form) (the "2015 Form 20-F"), and which includes our consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and our consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 together with the auditors' report dated March 29, 2016 on our consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2015; and management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting set out on page 92 of our 2015 Form 20-F, and our Management's Discussion and Analysis included as "Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects" in our 2015 Form 20-F;

our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2016 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and Management's Discussion and Analysis thereon, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on August 9, 2016;

our management information circular dated April 1, 2016 in connection with our annual meeting of shareholders held on May 10, 2016, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on April 1, 2016;

our material change report dated January 29, 2016 in connection with the announcement of the appointment of Messrs. Michael Cardiff and Ken Newport to our board of directors, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on January 29, 2016; and

to the extent permitted by applicable securities law, any future filings made by us with the SEC under Section 13(1), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act until the offering of all the securities by this prospectus supplement is completed, including all filings made after the date of this prospectus supplement.

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We will provide each person to whom this prospectus supplement is delivered a copy of all of the information that has been incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus but not delivered with this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You may obtain copies of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at:

Aeterna Zentaris Inc.  
Attention: Investor Relations  
315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D  
Charleston, South Carolina USA, 29486  
Tel. (843) 900-3223

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January 12, 2016

**SHORT FORM BASE SHELF PROSPECTUS**

**US\$150,000,000**

**Common Shares**  
**Preferred Shares**  
**Debt Securities**  
**Subscription Receipts**  
**Warrants**  
**Units**

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Aeterna Zentaris Inc. ("Aeterna Zentaris", "we", "us" or the "Company") may from time to time during the 25-month period that this short form base shelf prospectus (the "Prospectus"), including any amendments hereto, remains valid, offer, sell, and issue under this Prospectus up to US\$150,000,000 aggregate initial offering price of: (i) common shares (the "Common Shares"); (ii) first preferred shares (the "First Preferred Shares") and second preferred shares (the "Second Preferred Shares and, together with the First Preferred Shares, the "Preferred Shares"); (iii) debentures, notes, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of any kind, nature or description (the "Debt Securities"); (iv) subscription receipts (the "Subscription Receipts"); (v) warrants to purchase Common Shares (the "Warrants"); and/or (vi) units comprised of one or more securities described herein in any combination (the "Units" and, together with the Common Shares, Preferred Shares, Debt Securities, Subscription Receipts and Warrants, the "Securities").

Upon the issuance of a receipt by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities for the final Prospectus and the effectiveness of the corresponding registration statement on Form F-10 of which this document forms part, this Prospectus will supersede and replace our short form base shelf prospectus dated March 13, 2014.

**Unless otherwise stated, currency amounts in this Prospectus are presented in United States dollars, or "\$" or "US\$".**

We may offer Securities from time to time in one or more transactions in such amounts and, if applicable, with such terms, as we may determine in light of prevailing market conditions at the time of sale. The specific variable terms of any offering of Securities will be set out in the applicable supplement to this Prospectus (each, a "Prospectus Supplement"), including, in addition to the currency in which any class, series or issue of Securities will be issued and paid for, where applicable: (i) in the case of Common Shares, the number of Common Shares offered, the offering price, and any other specific terms applicable thereto; (ii) in the case of Preferred Shares, the designation of the particular series, aggregate principal amount and liquidation preference, the number of Preferred Shares being offered, the issue price, any rights to receive dividends, the dividend rate, the dividend payment date, any terms of redemption at the option of Aeterna Zentaris or the holder, any exchange or conversion terms and any other specific terms applicable thereto; (iii) in the case of Debt Securities, the specific designation of the Debt Securities, the aggregate principal amount of the Debt Securities, the currency, the maturity date, the offering price (at par, at a discount or at a premium), whether the Debt Securities will bear interest, the interest rate or method of determining the interest rate, the interest payment date(s), any terms of redemption, any conversion or exchange rights and any other specific terms applicable thereto; (iv) in the case of Subscription Receipts, the number of Subscription Receipts offered, the issue price, the terms, conditions and procedures pursuant to which the holders thereof will become entitled to receive Securities and any other specific terms applicable thereto; (v) in the case of Warrants, the designation of the particular series offered, the number of Warrants offered, the offering price, the currency in which the Warrants are denominated, the number of Common Shares that may be acquired upon exercise of the Warrants, the exercise price, dates and periods of exercise, adjustment procedures and any other specific terms applicable thereto; and (vi) in the case of Units, the number of Units offered, the offering price, the Securities comprising the Units, and any other specific terms applicable thereto.

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A Prospectus Supplement may include specific terms pertaining to the Securities that are not within the alternatives and parameters described in this Prospectus. All shelf information permitted under applicable laws to be omitted from this Prospectus will be contained in one or more Prospectus Supplements that will be delivered to purchasers together with this Prospectus. Each Prospectus Supplement will be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus for the purposes of securities legislation as of the date of the Prospectus Supplement and only for the purposes of the distribution of the Securities to which the Prospectus Supplement pertains.

**We are a foreign private issuer under the securities laws of the United States ("U.S.") and are permitted, under a multi-jurisdictional disclosure system ("MJDS") adopted in the U.S. and Canada, to prepare this Prospectus in accordance with Canadian regulatory disclosure requirements. Prospective investors should be aware that such requirements are different from those in the U.S. The financial statements included in or incorporated by reference into this Prospectus have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and thus may not be comparable to financial statements of U.S. companies. Our consolidated financial statements are subject to Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and auditor independence standards, in addition to the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.) and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") independence standards.**

**Prospective investors should be aware that the acquisition of the Securities described herein may have tax consequences both in the U.S. and Canada. Such consequences for investors who are resident in, or citizens of, the U.S. or Canada may not be described fully herein. Prospective investors should read the tax discussion in this Prospectus and any applicable Prospectus Supplement fully and consult with their own tax advisors.**

**The enforcement of civil liabilities under U.S. federal securities laws may be adversely affected by the fact that we are incorporated under the laws of Canada, a number of our officers and directors and some of the experts named in this Prospectus are residents of Canada or elsewhere outside of the U.S., and a substantial portion of our assets and the assets of such persons are located outside of the U.S. See "Enforceability of Civil Liabilities".**

**David A. Dodd, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Keith Santorelli, our Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting Officer, each of whom is signing the certificate of the Company at the end of this Prospectus, and certain of our independent directors, namely Juergen Ernst and Carolyn Egbert, reside outside of Canada. Each such person has appointed Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP, at 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, as his or her agent for service of process in Canada.**

**NEITHER THE SEC NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.**

**No underwriter has been involved in the preparation of this Prospectus or has performed any review of the contents of this Prospectus.**

**Investing in the Securities involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors".**

Our Common Shares are listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market ("NASDAQ") under the symbol "AEZS" and on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "AEZ". On January 11, 2016, the last reported sales price of our Common Shares on NASDAQ was \$3.13 per share and on January 11, 2016, the last reported sales price of our Common Shares on TSX was C\$4.55 per share.

There is no market through which the Preferred Shares, the Debt Securities, the Subscription Receipts, the Warrants and the Units may be sold, and purchasers may not be able to resell such Securities purchased under this Prospectus. This may affect the pricing of such Securities in the secondary market, the transparency and availability of trading prices, the liquidity of such Securities, and the extent of issuer regulation. See the "Risk Factors" section of this Prospectus and the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

We may sell Securities to or through underwriters or dealers or directly to investors or through agents designated from time to time at amounts and prices and other terms determined by us or any selling securityholders. In connection with any underwritten offering of Securities, the underwriters may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the offered Securities. Such transactions, if commenced, may discontinue at any time. See "Plan of Distribution". The Prospectus Supplement will set out the names of any underwriters, dealers, agents or selling securityholders involved in the sale of our Securities, the amounts, if any, to be purchased by underwriters, the plan of distribution for such Securities, including the

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net proceeds we expect to receive from the sale of such Securities, if any, the amounts and prices at which such Securities are sold and the compensation of such underwriters, dealers or agents.

**You should rely only on the information contained in this Prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this Prospectus. The information contained in this Prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this Prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this Prospectus or of any sale of our Securities.**

Our registered address is located at 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, c/o Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP, our head office is located at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29483, and our telephone number is (843) 900-3223.

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**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS**

This Prospectus provides you with a general description of the Securities that we may offer. Each time we sell Securities, we will provide a Prospectus Supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The Prospectus Supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this Prospectus. Before you invest, you should read both this Prospectus and any applicable Prospectus Supplement together with the additional information described under the heading "Where You Can Find More Information".

The financial statements included in or incorporated by reference into this Prospectus have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Our consolidated financial statements are subject to Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and auditor independence standards, in addition to the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U. S.) and the SEC independence standards.

Except as otherwise indicated, all historical share, warrant and option data, including number of securities issued and outstanding and applicable exercise prices, in this Prospectus have been retroactively adjusted to reflect and give effect to the Share Consolidation (as defined below) that we implemented in November 2015.

In this Prospectus and in any Prospectus Supplement, unless otherwise indicated, references to "we", "us", "our", "Aeterna Zentaris" or the "Company" are to Aeterna Zentaris Inc., a Canadian corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless it is clear that such terms refer only to Aeterna Zentaris Inc. excluding its subsidiaries.

Table of Contents**CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATES**

The following table sets out the high and low exchange rates for one U.S. dollar expressed in Canadian dollars, for the period indicated and the average of such exchange rates, as well as the exchange rate at the end of such period, in each case, based upon the noon rates as quoted by the Bank of Canada:

	January 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	Year ended December 31,		
		2015	2014	2013
High	1.4205	1.3990	1.1643	1.0697
Low	1.3969	1.1728	1.0614	0.9839
Rate at end of period	1.4205	1.3840	1.1601	1.0636
Average rate per period	1.4077	1.2787	1.1045	1.0299

(1)

Up to and including January 11, 2016.

On January 11, 2016, the exchange rate for one U.S. dollar expressed in Canadian dollars based upon the noon rate of the Bank of Canada was C\$1.4205.

**SPECIAL NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This Prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference contain forward-looking statements concerning the business, operations, financial performance and condition of the Company. When used in this Prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference, words such as "may", "will", "should", "could", "expects", "plans", "seeks", "anticipates", "intends", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such words. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and are naturally subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such statements, based as they are on the current expectations of management, inherently involve numerous risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, many of which are beyond our control. Such risks include but are not limited to:

investments in biopharmaceutical companies are generally considered to be speculative;

we may never achieve or maintain operating profitability;

fluctuations in our revenues and expenses may disappoint securities analysts and investors, causing the price of our securities to decline;

our clinical trials may not yield results which will enable us to obtain regulatory approval for our products and we may suffer setbacks in any of our clinical trials;

we may not be able to successfully complete our clinical trial programs, or such clinical trials could take longer to complete than we project;

we will require significant additional financing, and we may not have access to sufficient capital;

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we may cease to continue operating as we do if we are unsuccessful in generating new revenues, increasing our revenues and/or raising additional funding;

we may not be able to realize any profit from our commercial operation;

we may not be able to acquire, in-license or otherwise obtain the right to sell other products;

we may breach or fail to maintain a necessary license agreement;

the impact of the stringent ongoing government regulation to which our product candidates are subject;

the impact of restrictions on, or withdrawals of, any product approvals and changes in regulatory requirements;



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the impact of healthcare reform measures on the commercial success of our product candidates and on our business prospects or future financial condition;

the impact of healthcare fraud and abuse laws on our ability to market products;

we may not be able to generate significant revenues if our products do not gain market acceptance;

we are pursuing later-stage clinical development projects because we lack the resources to pursue earlier-stage projects, which could have a greater likelihood of success or greater commercial potential;

the failure to achieve our projected development goals in the time-frames we announce and expect;

the impact of any failure on our part to obtain acceptable prices or adequate reimbursement for our products on our ability to generate revenues;

the impact of competition in our targeted markets;

we may not obtain adequate protection for our products through our intellectual property;

we may infringe the intellectual property rights of others;

we may incur liabilities from our involvement in any patent litigation;

we may not obtain trademark registrations in connection with our product candidates;

current and future collaborations for the research and development ("R&D") of our product candidates may not provide the benefits we expect;

we may not be able to obtain the ingredients or raw materials that we require at acceptable prices or at all;

the failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we rely to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials;

the failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we expect to rely to manufacture and supply products;

our ability to retain or attract key personnel;

we use hazardous materials and are subject to environmental and occupational safety laws;

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the impact of securities class action litigation or other litigation on our cash flow, results of operations and financial position;

risks relating to product liability and other claims;

risks relating to our holding company structure;

it may be difficult for U.S. investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us;

we may not be able to maintain effective internal controls;

there is a reasonable likelihood that we may be a passive foreign investment company for the 2015 taxable year, which could result in adverse tax consequences for U.S. investors;

fluctuations in currency exchange rates;

the impact of legislative actions, new accounting pronouncements and higher insurance costs on our future financial position or results of operations;

security breaches may disrupt our operations and adversely affect our operating results;

the possibility that our Common Shares may be delisted from the stock exchanges on which they currently trade;

our share price is volatile;

we do not intend to pay dividends;

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future issuances of securities and hedging activities may depress the price of our securities;

we are permitted to issue "blank check" preferred shares; and

our business could be negatively affected as a result of the actions of activist shareholders.

More detailed information about these and other factors is included under "Risk Factors" in this Prospectus as well as in other documents incorporated herein by reference. Many of these factors are beyond our control. Future events may vary substantially from what we currently foresee. You should not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Company disavows and is under no obligation to update or alter such forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable securities legislation.

### **ENFORCEABILITY OF CIVIL LIABILITIES**

We are a corporation incorporated under and governed by the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. A number of our officers and directors, and some of the experts named in this Prospectus, are residents of Canada or elsewhere outside of the U.S., and a substantial portion of our assets and the assets of such persons are located outside the U.S. As a result, it may be difficult for investors in the U.S. to effect service of process within the U.S. upon such directors, officers and representatives of experts who are not residents of the U.S. or to enforce against them judgments of a U.S. court predicated solely upon civil liability under U.S. federal securities laws or the securities laws of any state within the U.S. We have been advised by our legal counsel, Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP, that a judgment of a U.S. court predicated solely upon civil liability under U.S. federal securities laws would probably be enforceable in Canada if the U.S. court in which the judgment was obtained has a basis for jurisdiction in the matter that would be recognized by a Canadian court for the same purposes. We have also been advised by Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP, however, that there is substantial doubt as to whether an action could be brought in Canada in the first instance on the basis of liability predicated solely upon U.S. federal securities laws.

### **OUR BUSINESS**

We are a specialty biopharmaceutical company engaged in developing and commercializing novel treatments in oncology, endocrinology and women's health. We are currently engaged in drug development activities and in the promotion of products for others. The focus of our business development efforts is the acquisition of licenses to products that are relevant to our therapeutic areas of focus. We are endeavouring to license out certain commercial rights of internally developed products to licensees in territories where such out-licensing would enable us to ensure development, registration and launch of our product candidates. Our goal is to become a growth oriented specialty biopharmaceutical company by pursuing successful development and commercialization of our product portfolio, achieving successful commercial presence and growth, while consistently delivering value to our shareholders, employees and the medical providers and patients who will benefit from our products.

*Drug Development.* Our drug development efforts are focused currently on two lead, clinical-stage development compounds: Zoptrex (zoptarelin doxorubicin), which has the potential to become the first U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA")-approved medical therapy for advanced, recurrent endometrial cancer, and Macrilen (macimorelin), a novel orally-active ghrelin agonist for use in evaluating adult growth hormone deficiency ("AGHD"). Zoptrex and Macrilen are currently in Phase 3 clinical trials. Additionally, our luteinizing hormone releasing hormone ("LHRH")-Disorazol Z compounds, potential oncology-indication product candidates, are in pre-clinical development.

Zoptrex is a complex molecule that combines a synthetic peptide carrier with doxorubicin, a well-known chemotherapy agent. The synthetic peptide carrier is an LHRH agonist, a modified natural hormone with affinity for the LHRH receptor. We believe that the design of the compound allows for the specific binding and selective uptake of the cytotoxic conjugate by LHRH receptor-positive tumors. Potential benefits of this targeted approach include better efficacy with lower incidence and severity of side effects as compared to doxorubicin alone. Zoptrex is currently in a pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial in women with advanced, recurrent or metastatic endometrial cancer. In October 2015, we announced that the independent Data and Safety Monitoring Board

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("DSMB") had recommended that the pivotal Phase 3 ZoptEC (Zoptarelin Doxorubicin in Endometrial Cancer) study continue as planned. The DSMB's decision followed completion of its pre-specified final interim analysis on efficacy and safety at approximately 192 events. The ZoptEC study will conclude upon the occurrence of approximately 384 events, which we expect to occur by September 2016. After the conclusion of the study, the data obtained will be analyzed and we will make a decision regarding the likelihood that the FDA will approve the compound for its indication. If we conclude that there is a reasonable likelihood of approval, we will prepare and file a New Drug Application ("NDA") seeking approval of the compound for its indication. The FDA typically requires one year to make a decision on the approvability of an NDA.

Macrilen (macimorelin acetate) is a novel orally available peptidomimetic ghrelin receptor agonist that stimulates the secretion of growth hormone by binding to the ghrelin receptor (GHSR-1a) and that has potential uses in both endocrinology and oncology indications. Macrilen has been granted orphan-drug designation by the FDA for use in evaluating growth hormone deficiency ("GHD"). Macrilen is currently in a confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial for use in evaluating AGHD. In November 2015, we announced that the first patient had been enrolled in the confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial. We expect to complete the confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial by the end of 2016. After the conclusion of the confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial, the data obtained will be analyzed and we will make a decision regarding the likelihood that the FDA will approve the compound for its indication. If we conclude that there is a reasonable likelihood of approval, we will prepare and file an NDA seeking approval of the compound for its indication. Because the Phase 3 clinical trial of Macrilen is a confirmatory trial, the FDA will make a decision regarding the approvability of Macrilen within approximately six months of the date we file the NDA.

*Commercial Operations.* Our commercial operations consist of 23 full-time sales representatives, who provide services pursuant to our agreement with a contract sales organization, and a sales-management staff. Our sales representatives are currently promoting three products:

**EstroGel®:** During the third quarter of 2014, we entered into a promotional services agreement with ASCEND Therapeutics US LLC to detail EstroGel®, a leading non-patch transdermal hormone replacement therapy product, in specific agreed upon US territories in exchange for a commission based upon incremental sales of the product that are generated over pre-established baselines;

**Saizen®** (somatropin (rDNA origin) for injection): In May 2015, we entered into a promotional services agreement with EMD Serono, Inc. to detail Saizen®, a recombinant human growth hormone registered in the U.S. for the treatment of growth hormone deficiency in children and adults, to designated medical professionals across 23 specified U.S. territories in exchange for a commission based on new, eligible patient starts on Saizen® above an agreed upon baseline; and

**APIFINY®:** On December 1, 2015, we entered into a co-marketing agreement with Armune BioScience, Inc. ("Armune") that will allow us to promote Armune's APIFINY®, the only cancer specific, non-PSA (prostate-specific antigen) blood test for the detection of prostate cancer, in exchange for a commission for each test performed resulting from our targeted promotion of the product.

Our sales force will also be available for the launch of our own potential product candidates (i.e., Zoptrex and Macrilen) in the U.S., if the products are approved for sale in the U.S.

We also continue to pursue opportunities to in-license, acquire, promote or co-promote additional commercial products that are relevant to our therapeutic areas of focus. Our preference is to in-license or acquire additional commercial products because we wish to control all aspects of the commercialization of the products and to record the sales revenue from the products.

### **Recent Developments**

#### *Share Consolidation*

On November 17, 2015, we effected a share consolidation (reverse stock split) on a 100-for-1 basis (the "Share Consolidation"). Our Common Shares commenced trading on a consolidated and adjusted basis on both NASDAQ and TSX on November 20, 2015.

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***Capital Structure, Warrant Adjustments and Related Events***

On November 2, 2015, we announced that the holders (the "Participating Holders") of substantially all of our then remaining and outstanding Series B Common Share Purchase Warrants (the "Series B Warrants") originally issued in connection with our offering of units for gross proceeds of \$37.0 million in March 2015 (the "March 2015 Offering") had agreed to exercise all of the approximately 41.2 thousand (or 4.1 million pre-Share Consolidation) Series B Warrants held by them, at a maximum exercise ratio of approximately 33.23 common shares per warrant in accordance with the alternate cashless exercise feature in such Series B Warrants. On November 24, 2015, we announced that all Participating Holders had exercised the Series B Warrants held by them. As of the date hereof, approximately 8.1 thousand Series B Warrants remain outstanding. Such Series B Warrants are not held by a Participating Holder.

***December 2015 Public Offering***

On December 14, 2015, we announced the closing of our previously announced underwritten public offering consisting of 3.0 million common shares and warrants to acquire 2.1 million common shares at a combined purchase price of \$5.55 for one common share together with a warrant to purchase 0.7 of a common share, generating net proceeds of approximately \$15.0 million (the "December 2015 Offering"). Each warrant issued in the December 2015 Offering is exercisable for a period of five years from its date of issuance at an exercise price of \$7.10 per share. In connection with the December 2015 Offering, we also granted the underwriter a 45-day option to purchase up to an additional 330,000 common shares and/or warrants to purchase up to an additional 231,000 common shares, to cover over-allotments, if any (the "Over-Allotment Option"). Prior to closing, the underwriter exercised the Over-Allotment Option with respect to the warrants to acquire an additional 231,000 common shares.

**Corporate Information**

Aeterna Zentaris Inc. was incorporated on September 12, 1990 under the laws of Canada. Our registered address is located at 1 Place Ville Marie, Suite 2500, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1R1, c/o Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP, our head office is located at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29483, our telephone number is (843) 900-3223 and our website is [www.aezsinc.com](http://www.aezsinc.com). None of the documents or information found on our website shall be deemed to be included in or incorporated into this Prospectus, unless such document is specifically incorporated herein by reference.

We currently have three wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries, Aeterna Zentaris GmbH ("AEZS Germany"), based in Frankfurt, Germany, Zentaris IVF GmbH, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of AEZS Germany, based in Frankfurt, Germany, and Aeterna Zentaris, Inc., an entity incorporated in the State of Delaware based in Summerville, South Carolina in the U.S.

Our Common Shares are currently listed for trading on NASDAQ under the trading symbol "AEZS" and on TSX under the trading symbol "AEZ".

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**RISK FACTORS**

*Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider the risks described in this Prospectus, together with all of the other information incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, including the risks described in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F and subsequent consolidated financial statements and corresponding management's discussion and analysis filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and our Reports on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC, including our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and corresponding management's discussion and analysis. The risks mentioned below are presented as of the date of this Prospectus and we expect that these will be updated from time to time in our various continuous disclosure documents filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and our periodic and current reports filed with or furnished to the SEC, as applicable, which will be incorporated herein by reference. Please refer to these subsequent reports for additional information relating to the risks associated with investing in our Securities.*

*Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. The trading price of our Common Shares and the value of our other Securities could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose part or all of your investment. This Prospectus and the incorporated documents also contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks mentioned below. Forward-looking statements included in this Prospectus are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and all forward-looking statements in documents incorporated by reference are based on information available to us as of the date of each such document. The Company disavows and is under no obligation to update or alter such forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable securities legislation.*

**Risks Relating to Us and Our Business**

*Investments in biopharmaceutical companies are generally considered to be speculative.*

The prospects for companies operating in the biopharmaceutical industry are uncertain, given the very nature of the industry, and, accordingly, investments in biopharmaceutical companies should be considered to be speculative assets.

*We have a history of operating losses and we may never achieve or maintain operating profitability.*

We have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses in our efforts to develop and market products. Consequently, we have incurred operating losses historically and, as disclosed in our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2015 and for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we had a deficit of approximately \$261.5 million as at September 30, 2015. Our operating losses have adversely impacted, and will continue to adversely impact, our working capital, total assets, operating cash flow and shareholders' equity (deficiency). We do not expect to reach operating profitability in the immediate future, and our operating expenses are likely to continue to represent a significant component of our overall cost profile as we continue our R&D and clinical study programs, seek regulatory approval for our product candidates and carry out commercial activities. Even if we succeed in developing, acquiring or in-licensing new commercial products, we could incur additional operating losses for at least the next several years. If we do not ultimately generate sufficient revenue from commercialized products to achieve or maintain operating profitability, an investment in our Securities could result in a significant or total loss.

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***Our revenues and expenses may fluctuate significantly, and any failure to meet financial expectations may disappoint securities analysts or investors and result in a decline in the price of our Securities.***

We have a history of operating losses. Our revenues and expenses have fluctuated in the past and may continue to do so in the future. These fluctuations could cause our share price to decline. Some of the factors that could cause our revenues and expenses to fluctuate include but are not limited to:

the inability to complete product development in a timely manner that results in a failure or delay in receiving the required regulatory approvals to commercialize our product candidates;

the timing of regulatory submissions and approvals;

the timing and willingness of any current or future collaborators to invest the resources necessary to commercialize our product candidates;

the nature and timing of licensing fee revenues;

the outcome of litigation, including the litigation pending against us that is described elsewhere in this Prospectus;

foreign currency fluctuations;

the timing of the achievement and the receipt of milestone payments from current or future collaborators; and

failure to enter into new or the expiration or termination of current agreements with collaborators.

Due to fluctuations in our revenues and expenses, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not necessarily indicative of our future performance. It is possible that in some future quarter or quarters, our revenues and expenses will be above or below the expectations of securities analysts or investors. In this case, the price of our Securities could fluctuate significantly or decline.

***Our clinical trials may not yield results which will enable us to obtain regulatory approval for our products, and a setback in any of our clinical trials would likely cause a drop in the price of our Securities.***

We will only receive regulatory approval for a product candidate if we can demonstrate, in carefully designed and conducted clinical trials, that the product candidate is both safe and effective. We do not know whether our pending or any future clinical trials will demonstrate sufficient safety and efficacy to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals or will result in marketable products. Unfavorable data from those studies could result in the withdrawal of marketing approval for approved products or an extension of the review period for developmental products. Preclinical testing and clinical development are inherently lengthy, complex, expensive and uncertain processes and have a high risk of failure. It typically takes many years to complete testing, and failure can occur at any stage of testing. Results attained in preclinical testing and early clinical studies, or trials, may not be indicative of results that are obtained in later studies. In addition, we have limited experience in conducting and managing the clinical trials necessary to obtain regulatory approval and, accordingly, may encounter unforeseen problems and delays in the approval process. Furthermore, errors in the conduct, monitoring and/or auditing of a clinical trial, whether made by us or by a contract research organization (a "CRO") that we retain could invalidate the results from a regulatory perspective.

None of our current product candidates has to date received regulatory approval for their intended commercial sale. We cannot market a pharmaceutical product in any jurisdiction until it has completed rigorous preclinical testing and clinical trials and passed such jurisdiction's extensive regulatory approval process. In general, significant R&D and clinical studies are required to demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our product candidates before we can submit regulatory applications. Even if a product candidate is approved by the applicable regulatory authority, we may not obtain approval for an indication whose market is large enough to recover our investment in that product candidate. In addition, there can be no assurance that we will ever obtain all or any required regulatory approvals for any of our product candidates.

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We are currently developing our product candidates based on R&D activities, preclinical testing and clinical trials conducted to date, and we may not be successful in developing or introducing to the market these or any



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other new products or technology. If we fail to develop and deploy new products successfully and on a timely basis, we may become non-competitive and unable to recover the R&D and other expenses we incur to develop and test new products.

Interim results of preclinical or clinical studies do not necessarily predict their final results, and acceptable results in early studies might not be obtained in later studies. Safety signals detected during clinical studies and preclinical animal studies may require us to perform additional studies, which could delay the development of the drug or lead to a decision to discontinue development of the drug. Product candidates in the later stages of clinical development may fail to show the desired safety and efficacy traits despite positive results in initial clinical testing. Results from earlier studies may not be indicative of results from future clinical trials and the risk remains that a pivotal program may generate efficacy data that will be insufficient for the approval of the drug, or may raise safety concerns that may prevent approval of the drug. Interpretation of the prior preclinical and clinical safety and efficacy data of our product candidates may be flawed and there can be no assurance that safety and/or efficacy concerns from the prior data were overlooked or misinterpreted, which in subsequent, larger studies appear and prevent approval of such product candidates.

Furthermore, we may suffer significant setbacks in advanced clinical trials, even after promising results in earlier studies. Based on results at any stage of clinical trials, we may decide to repeat or redesign a trial or discontinue development of one or more of our product candidates. Further, actual results may vary once the final and quality-controlled verification of data and analyses has been completed. If we fail to adequately demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our products under development, we will not be able to obtain the required regulatory approvals to commercialize our product candidates.

A failure in the development of any one of our programs or product candidates could have a negative impact on the development of the others. Setbacks in any phase of the clinical development of our product candidates would have an adverse financial impact (including with respect to any agreements and partnerships that may exist between us and other entities), could jeopardize regulatory approval and would likely cause a drop in the price of our Securities.

***If we are unable to successfully complete our clinical trial programs, or if such clinical trials take longer to complete than we project, our ability to execute our current business strategy will be adversely affected.***

Whether or not and how quickly we complete clinical trials is dependent in part upon the rate at which we are able to engage clinical trial sites and, thereafter, the rate of enrollment of patients, and the rate at which we collect, clean, lock and analyze the clinical trial database. Patient enrollment is a function of many factors, including the design of the protocol, the size of the patient population, the proximity of patients to and availability of clinical sites, the eligibility criteria for the study, the perceived risks and benefits of the drug under study and of the control drug, if any, the efforts to facilitate timely enrollment in clinical trials, the patient referral practices of physicians, the existence of competitive clinical trials, and whether existing or new drugs are approved for the indication we are studying. Certain clinical trials are designed to continue until a pre-determined number of events have occurred to the patients enrolled. Such trials are subject to delays stemming from patient withdrawal and from lower than expected event rates and may also incur increased costs, if enrollment is increased in order to achieve the desired number of events. If we experience delays in identifying and contracting with sites and/or in patient enrollment in our clinical trial programs, we may incur additional costs and delays in our development programs, and may not be able to complete our clinical trials on a cost-effective or timely basis. In addition, conducting multi-national studies adds another level of complexity and risk as we are subject to events affecting countries other than the U.S. and Canada. Moreover, negative or inconclusive results from the clinical trials we conduct or adverse medical events could cause us to have to repeat or terminate the clinical trials. Accordingly, we may not be able to complete the clinical trials within an acceptable time-frame, if at all. If we or any third party have difficulty enrolling a sufficient number of patients to conduct our clinical trials as planned, we may need to delay or terminate ongoing clinical trials.

Clinical trials are subject to continuing oversight by governmental regulatory authorities and institutional review boards and must:

meet the requirements of these authorities;

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meet the requirements for informed consent; and

meet the requirements for good clinical practices.

We may not be able to comply with these requirements in respect of one or more of our product candidates.

Additionally, we have limited experience in filing an NDA or similar application for approval in the U.S. or in any other country for our current product candidates, which may result in a delay in, or the rejection of, our filing of an NDA or similar application. During the drug development process, regulatory agencies will typically ask questions of drug sponsors. While we endeavor to answer all such questions in a timely fashion, some questions may not be answered in time to prevent the delay of acceptance of an NDA or the rejection of an NDA.

***We have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses, and we have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial financial commitments to establish a commercial operation. There can be no assurance how quickly, if ever, we will realize a profit from our commercial operation.***

Our business strategy is to become a specialty biopharmaceutical company with commercial operations to market and sell products that we may develop, acquire or in-license. To that end, our commercial operations consist of 23 full-time sales representatives, who provide services pursuant to our agreement with a contract sales organization, and our sales-management employees. We have to date incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial expenses, and we have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial financial commitments to build out our commercial operations. Establishing a commercial operation is expensive and time-consuming, and there can be no assurance how quickly, if ever, we will realize a profit from our commercial operations. Factors that may inhibit our efforts to realize a profit from our commercial operations, should we be successful in consummating transactions such as acquisitions, in-licensing, promotional or co-promotional arrangements with third parties, include:

our inability to recruit, train and retain adequate numbers of effective sales and marketing personnel and representatives;

the inability of our sales personnel to obtain access to or to persuade adequate numbers of physicians to prescribe our products or the products that we in-license or co-promote;

the lack of complementary products to be offered by sales personnel, which may put us at a competitive disadvantage relative to companies with more extensive product lines; and

unforeseen costs and expenses associated with creating an independent sales and marketing organization.

***Our financial viability depends, in part, on our ability to acquire, in-license or otherwise obtain the right to sell other products. If we are unable to do so, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.***

In connection with our strategy to further transform the Company into a commercially operating specialty biopharmaceutical organization, we may enter into commercial arrangements with third parties, including but not limited to promotion, co-promotion, acquisition or in-licensing agreements, in efforts to establish and expand our commercial revenue base. These business activities entail numerous operational and financial risks, including:

the difficulty or inability to secure financing to acquire or in-license products;

the incurrence of substantial debt or dilutive issuances of securities to pay for the acquisition or in-licensing of new products;

the disruption of our business and diversion of our management's time and attention;

higher than expected development, acquisition or in-license and integration costs;

exposure to unknown liabilities; and

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the difficulty in locating products that are in our targeted therapeutic areas and that are compatible with other products in our portfolio.

We can provide no assurance that we will be able to identify potential product candidates or strategic commercial partners or, if we identify such product candidates or partners, that any related commercial arrangements will be consummated on terms that are favorable to us. To the extent that we are successful in entering into any strategic commercial arrangements, including promotional or co-promotional agreements, or acquisition or in-licensing agreements with third parties, we cannot provide any assurance that any resulting initiatives or activities will be successful. To the extent that any related investments in such arrangements do not yield the expected benefits, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

We have limited resources to identify and execute the procurement of additional products and to integrate them into our current commercial operations. The failure to successfully integrate the personnel and operations of businesses that we may acquire or of products that we may in-license in the future with our existing operations, business and products could have a material adverse effect on our operations and results. We compete with larger pharmaceutical companies and other competitors in our efforts to acquire, in-license, and/or obtain the right to market new products. Our competitors likely will have access to greater financial resources than us and may have greater expertise in identifying and evaluating new opportunities. Moreover, we may devote resources to potential acquisition, in-licensing, promotion or co-promotion opportunities that are never completed, or we may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of such efforts.

***We will require significant additional financing, and we may not have access to sufficient capital.***

We will require significant additional capital to fund our commercial operations and may require additional capital to pursue planned clinical trials and regulatory approvals, as well as further R&D and marketing efforts for our product candidates and potential products. We do not anticipate generating significant revenues from operations in the near future, and we currently have no committed sources of capital.

We may attempt to raise additional funds through public or private financings, collaborations with other pharmaceutical companies or CROs or from other sources, including, without limitation, through at-the-market offerings and issuances of Common Shares. Additional funding may not be available on terms which are acceptable to us. If adequate funding is not available to us on reasonable terms, we may need to delay, reduce or eliminate one or more of our product development programs or obtain funds on terms less favorable than we would otherwise accept. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for equity securities (collectively, "Convertible Securities"), the issuance of those securities could result in dilution to our shareholders. Moreover, the incurrence of debt financing or the issuance of dividend-paying preferred shares, could result in a substantial portion of our future operating cash flow, if any, being dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on such indebtedness or the payment of dividends on such preferred shares and could impose restrictions on our operations and on our ability to make certain expenditures and/or to incur additional indebtedness, which could render us more vulnerable to competitive pressures and economic downturns.

We anticipate that our existing working capital, including the proceeds from any sale of Securities hereunder and under the relevant Prospectus Supplement and anticipated revenues will be sufficient to fund our commercial operations, development programs, clinical trials and other operating expenses for the near future. However, our future capital requirements are substantial and may increase beyond our current expectations depending on many factors, including:

the duration of, changes to and results of our clinical trials for our various product candidates going forward;

unexpected delays or developments in seeking regulatory approvals;

the time and cost involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims;

unexpected developments encountered in implementing our business development and commercialization strategies;

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the potential addition of commercialized products to our portfolio;

the outcome of litigation, including the litigation pending against us that is described elsewhere in this Prospectus; and

further arrangements, if any, with collaborators.

In addition, global economic and market conditions as well as future developments in the credit and capital markets may make it even more difficult for us to raise additional financing in the future.

***If we are unsuccessful in generating new revenues, increasing our revenues and/or raising additional funding, we may possibly cease to continue operating as we currently do.***

We have had sustained operating losses, deficits and negative cash flows from operating activities over the past several years, and we expect that we will continue to do so for an extended period.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the successful execution of our business plan, which will require an increase in revenue and/or additional funding to be provided by potential investors and/or non-traditional sources of financing. There can be no assurance that we will achieve profitability or positive cash flows or be able to obtain additional funding or that, if obtained, they will be sufficient, or whether any other initiatives will be successful such that we may continue as a going concern. There also could be material uncertainties related to certain adverse conditions and events that could impact our ability to remain a going concern. If the going concern assumptions were deemed no longer appropriate for our consolidated financial statements, adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, reported expenses and consolidated statement of financial position classifications would be necessary. Such adjustments could be material.

Additional funding may be in the form of debt or equity or a hybrid instrument depending on our needs, those of investors and market conditions. Depending on the prevailing global economic and credit market conditions, we may not be able to raise additional liquidity through these traditional sources of financing. Although we may also pursue non-traditional sources of financing with third parties, the global equity and credit markets may adversely affect the ability of potential third parties to pursue such transactions with us. Accordingly, as a result of the foregoing, we continue to review traditional sources of financing, such as private and public debt or various equity financing alternatives, as well as other alternatives to enhance shareholder value, including, but not limited to, non-traditional sources of financing, such as strategic alliances with third parties, the sale of assets or licensing of our technology or intellectual property, a combination of operating and related initiatives or a substantial reorganization of our business.

***We are and will be subject to stringent ongoing government regulation for our products and our product candidates, even if we obtain regulatory approvals for the latter.***

The manufacture, marketing and sale of our products and product candidates are and will be subject to strict and ongoing regulation, even if regulatory authorities approve any of the latter. Compliance with such regulation will be expensive and consume substantial financial and management resources. For example, an approval for a product may be conditioned on our agreement to conduct costly post-marketing follow-up studies to monitor the safety or efficacy of the products. In addition, as a clinical experience with a drug expands after approval because the drug is used by a greater number and more diverse group of patients than during clinical trials, side effects or other problems may be observed after approval that were not observed or anticipated during pre-approval clinical trials. In such a case, a regulatory authority could restrict the indications for which the product may be sold or revoke the product's regulatory approval.

We and our contract manufacturers will be required to comply with applicable current Good Manufacturing Practice regulations for the manufacture of our products. These regulations include requirements relating to quality assurance, as well as the corresponding maintenance of rigorous records and documentation. Manufacturing facilities must be approved before we can use them in the commercial manufacturing of our products and are subject to subsequent periodic inspection by regulatory authorities. In addition, material changes in the methods of manufacturing or changes in the suppliers of raw materials are subject to further regulatory review and approval.

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If we, or if any future marketing collaborators or contract manufacturers, fail to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, we may be subject to sanctions including fines, product recalls or seizures and related publicity requirements, injunctions, total or partial suspension of production, civil penalties, suspension or withdrawals of previously granted regulatory approvals, warning or untitled letters, refusal to approve pending applications for marketing approval of new products or of supplements to approved applications, import or export bans or restrictions, and criminal prosecution and penalties. Any of these penalties could delay or prevent the promotion, marketing or sale of our products and product candidates.

***Even if we receive marketing approval for our product candidates, such product approvals could be subject to restrictions or withdrawals. Regulatory requirements are subject to change.***

Regulatory authorities generally approve products for particular indications. If an approval is for a limited indication, this limitation reduces the size of the potential market for that product. Product approvals, once granted, are subject to continual review and periodic inspections by regulatory authorities. Our operations and practices are subject to regulation and scrutiny by the U.S. government, as well as governments of any other countries in which we do business or conduct activities. Later discovery of previously unknown problems or safety issues and/or failure to comply with domestic or foreign laws, knowingly or unknowingly, can result in various adverse consequences, including, among other things, a possible delay in the approval or refusal to approve a product, warning letters, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, recalls or seizures of products, total or partial suspension of production, refusal of the government to renew marketing applications, complete withdrawal of a marketing application, criminal prosecution, withdrawal of an approved product from the market and/or exclusion from government healthcare programs. Such regulatory enforcement could have a direct and negative impact on the product for which approval is granted, but also could have a negative impact on the approval of any pending applications for marketing approval of new drugs or supplements to approved applications.

Because we operate in a highly regulated industry, regulatory authorities could take enforcement action against us in connection with our, or our licensees' or collaborators', business and marketing activities for various reasons.

From time to time, new legislation is passed into law that could significantly change the statutory provisions governing the approval, manufacturing, and marketing of products regulated by the FDA and other health authorities. Additionally, regulations and guidance are often revised or reinterpreted by health agencies in ways that may significantly affect our business and our products. It is impossible to predict whether further legislative changes will be enacted, or whether regulations, guidance, or interpretations will change, and what the impact of such changes, if any, may be.

***Healthcare reform measures could hinder or prevent the commercial success of our product candidates and adversely affect our business.***

The business prospects and financial condition of pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies are affected by the efforts of governmental and third-party payers to contain or reduce the costs of healthcare. In the U.S. and in other jurisdictions there have been, and we expect that there will continue to be, a number of legislative and regulatory proposals aimed at changing the healthcare system, such as proposals relating to the pricing of healthcare products and services in the U.S. or internationally, the reimportation of drugs into the U.S. from other countries (where they are then sold at a lower price), and the amount of reimbursement available from governmental agencies or other third party payers. For example, drug manufacturers are required to have a national rebate agreement with the Department of Health and Human Services in order to obtain state Medicaid coverage, which requires manufacturers to pay a rebate on drugs dispensed to Medicaid patients.

The *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act* and the *Healthcare and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010* (collectively, the "ACA") may have far-reaching consequences for most healthcare companies, including specialty biopharmaceutical companies like us. For example, if reimbursement for our product candidates is substantially less than we expect, our revenue prospects could be materially and adversely impacted.

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Regardless of the impact of the ACA on us, the U.S. government and other governments have shown significant interest in pursuing healthcare reform and reducing healthcare costs. Any government-adopted reform measures could cause significant pressure on the pricing of healthcare products and services, including our product candidates, in the U.S. and internationally, as well as the amount of reimbursement available from governmental agencies and other third-party payers.

In addition, on September 27, 2007, the *Food and Drug Administration Amendments Act of 2007* was enacted, giving the FDA enhanced post-market authority, including the authority to require post-marketing studies and clinical trials, labeling changes based on new safety information, and compliance with risk evaluations and mitigation strategies approved by the FDA. The FDA's exercise of this authority may result in delays or increased costs during the period of product development, clinical trials and regulatory review and approval, which may also increase costs related to complying with new post-approval regulatory requirements, and increase potential FDA restrictions on the sale or distribution of approved products.

***If we market products in a manner that violates healthcare fraud and abuse laws, we may be subject to civil or criminal penalties, including exclusion from participation in government healthcare programs.***

As a pharmaceutical company, even though we do not provide healthcare services or receive payments directly from or bill directly to Medicare, Medicaid or other third-party payers for our products, certain federal and state healthcare laws and regulations pertaining to fraud and abuse are and will be applicable to our business. We are subject to healthcare fraud and abuse regulation by both the federal government and the states in which we conduct our business.

The laws that may affect our ability to operate include the federal healthcare program anti-kickback statute, which prohibits, among other things, knowingly and willfully offering, paying, soliciting, or receiving remuneration to induce, or in return for, the purchase, lease, order, or arrangement for the purchase, lease or order of any healthcare item or service reimbursable under Medicare, Medicaid or other federally financed healthcare programs. This statute applies to arrangements between pharmaceutical manufacturers and prescribers, purchasers and formulary managers. Although there are a number of statutory exceptions and regulatory safe harbors protecting certain common activities, the exceptions and safe harbors are drawn narrowly, and practices that involve remuneration intended to induce prescribing, purchases or recommendations may be subject to scrutiny if they do not qualify for an exception or safe harbor.

Federal false claims laws prohibit any person from knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented, a false claim for payment to the federal government, or knowingly making, or causing to be made, a false statement to get a false claim paid. Pharmaceutical companies have been prosecuted under these laws for a variety of alleged promotional and marketing activities, such as providing free product to customers with the expectation that the customers would bill federal programs for the product; reporting to pricing services inflated average wholesale prices that were then used by federal programs to set reimbursement rates; engaging in off-label promotion that caused claims to be submitted to Medicaid for non-covered off-label uses; and submitting inflated best price information to the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program.

The *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996* also created prohibitions against healthcare fraud and false statements relating to healthcare matters. The healthcare fraud statute prohibits knowingly and willfully executing a scheme to defraud any healthcare benefit program, including private payers. The false statements statute prohibits knowingly and willfully falsifying, concealing or covering up a material fact or making any materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statement in connection with the delivery of or payment for healthcare benefits, items or services.

In addition, there has been a recent trend of increased federal and state regulation of payments made to physicians. The ACA imposed new requirements on manufacturers of drugs, devices, biologics and medical supplies for which payment is available under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (with certain exceptions) to report annually to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") information related to payments or other "transfers of value" made to physicians (defined to include doctors, dentists, optometrists, podiatrists and chiropractors) and teaching hospitals, and applicable manufacturers and group purchasing organizations to report annually to CMS ownership and investment interests held by physicians (as defined above) and their immediate family members and payments or other "transfers of value"

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to such physician owners and their immediate family members. Manufacturers are required to report such data to the government by the 90<sup>th</sup> calendar day of each year.

The majority of states also have statutes or regulations similar to these federal laws, which apply to items and services reimbursed under Medicaid and other state programs, or, in several states, apply regardless of the payer. In addition, some states have laws that require pharmaceutical companies to adopt comprehensive compliance programs. For example, under California law, pharmaceutical companies must comply with both the April 2003 Office of Inspector General Compliance Program Guidance for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers and the PhRMA Code on Interactions with Healthcare Professionals, as amended. Certain states also mandate the tracking and reporting of gifts, compensation, and other remuneration paid by us to physicians and other healthcare providers.

Although compliance programs can mitigate the risk of investigation and prosecution for violations of these laws, the risks cannot be entirely eliminated. Any action against us for violation of these laws, even if we successfully defend against it, could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and divert our management's attention from the operation of our business. Moreover, achieving and sustaining compliance with applicable federal and state laws may prove costly.

Because of the breadth of these laws and the narrowness of the safe harbors, it is possible that some of our business activities could be subject to challenge under one or more of such laws. The ACA also made several important changes to the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, false claims laws, and healthcare fraud statute by weakening the intent requirement under the anti-kickback and healthcare fraud statutes that may make it easier for the government or whistleblowers to charge such fraud and abuse violations. A person or entity no longer needs to have actual knowledge of this statute or specific intent to violate it. In addition, the ACA provides that the government may assert that a claim including items or services resulting from a violation of the federal anti-kickback statute constitutes a false or fraudulent claim for purposes of the false claims statutes. In addition, the ACA increases penalties for fraud and abuse violations. If our past, present or future operations are found to be in violation of any of the laws described above or other similar governmental regulations to which we are subject, we may be subject to significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, fines, imprisonment, exclusion from government funded healthcare programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid, and the curtailment or restructuring of our operations, any of which could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and negatively impact our financial results.

***If our products do not gain market acceptance, we may be unable to generate significant revenues.***

Even if our products are approved for commercialization, they may not be successful in the marketplace. Market acceptance of any of our products will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to:

demonstration of clinical efficacy and safety;

the prevalence and severity of any adverse side effects;

limitations or warnings contained in the product's approved labeling;

availability of alternative treatments for the indications we target;

the advantages and disadvantages of our products relative to current or alternative treatments;

the availability of acceptable pricing and adequate third-party reimbursement; and

the effectiveness of marketing and distribution methods for the products.

If our products do not gain market acceptance among physicians, patients, healthcare payers and others in the medical community who may not accept or utilize our products, our ability to generate significant revenues from our products would be limited, and our financial condition could be materially adversely affected. In addition, if we fail to further penetrate our core markets and existing geographic markets or to successfully expand our business into new markets, the growth in sales of our products, along with our operating results, could be negatively



impacted.

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Our ability to further penetrate our core markets and existing geographic markets in which we compete or to successfully expand our business into additional countries in Europe, Asia or elsewhere is subject to numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control. Our products, if successfully developed, may compete with a number of drugs, therapies, products and tests currently manufactured and marketed by major pharmaceutical and other biotechnology companies. Our products may also compete with new products currently under development by others or with products which may be less expensive than our products. There can be no assurance that our efforts to increase market penetration in our core markets and existing geographic markets will be successful. Our failure to do so could have an adverse effect on our operating results and would likely cause a drop in the price of our Securities.

***We may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product candidate or indication and fail to capitalize on product candidates or indications for which there may be a greater likelihood of success.***

Because we have limited financial and managerial resources, we are currently focusing our efforts on our lead, clinical-stage development compounds, Zoptrex and Macrilen, and we are doing so for specific indications. As a result, we may forego or delay pursuit of opportunities with other product candidates or for other indications for which there may be a greater likelihood of success or may prove to have greater commercial potential. Notwithstanding our investment to date and anticipated future expenditures on Zoptrex, Macrilen and any earlier-stage programs, we have not yet developed, and may never successfully develop, any marketed treatments using these products. Research programs to identify new product candidates or pursue alternative indications for current product candidates require substantial technical, financial and human resources. These activities may initially show promise in identifying potential product candidates or indications, yet fail to yield product candidates or indications for further clinical development.

***We may not achieve our projected development goals in the time-frames we announce and expect.***

We set goals and make public statements regarding the timing of the accomplishment of objectives material to our success, such as the commencement, enrollment and anticipated completion of clinical trials, anticipated regulatory submission and approval dates and time of product launch. The actual timing of these events can vary dramatically due to factors such as delays or failures in our clinical trials, the uncertainties inherent in the regulatory approval process and delays in achieving manufacturing or marketing arrangements sufficient to commercialize our products. There can be no assurance that our clinical trials will be completed, that we will make regulatory submissions or receive regulatory approvals as planned or that we will be able to adhere to our current schedule for the launch of any of our products. If we fail to achieve one or more of these milestones as planned, the price of our Securities would likely decline.

***If we fail to obtain acceptable prices or adequate reimbursement for our products, our ability to generate revenues will be diminished.***

Our ability to successfully commercialize our products will depend significantly on our ability to obtain acceptable prices and the availability of reimbursement to the patient from third-party payers, such as governmental and private insurance plans. These third-party payers frequently require companies to provide predetermined discounts from list prices, and they are increasingly challenging the prices charged for pharmaceuticals and other medical products. Our products may not be considered cost-effective, and reimbursement to the patient may not be available or sufficient to allow us to sell our products on a competitive basis. It may not be possible to negotiate favorable reimbursement rates for our products. Adverse pricing and reimbursement conditions would also likely diminish our ability to induce third parties to co-promote our products.

In addition, the continuing efforts of third-party payers to contain or reduce the costs of healthcare through various means may limit our commercial opportunity and reduce any associated revenue and profits. We expect proposals to implement similar government controls to continue. In addition, increasing emphasis on managed care will continue to put pressure on the pricing of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical products. Cost control initiatives could decrease the price that we or any current or potential collaborators could receive for any of our products and could adversely affect our profitability. In addition, in the U.S., in Canada and in many

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other countries, pricing and/or profitability of some or all prescription pharmaceuticals and biopharmaceuticals are subject to government control.

If we fail to obtain acceptable prices or an adequate level of reimbursement for our products, the sales of our products would be adversely affected or there may be no commercially viable market for our products.

***Competition in our targeted markets is intense, and development by other companies could render our products or technologies non-competitive.***

The biopharmaceutical field is highly competitive. New products developed by other companies in the industry could render our products or technologies non-competitive. Competitors are developing and testing products and technologies that would compete with the products that we are developing. Some of these products may be more effective or have an entirely different approach or means of accomplishing the desired effect than our products. We expect competition from pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical companies and academic research institutions to continue to increase over time. Many of our competitors and potential competitors have substantially greater product development capabilities and financial, scientific, marketing and human resources than we do. Our competitors may succeed in developing products earlier and in obtaining regulatory approvals and patent protection for such products more rapidly than we can or at a lower price.

***We may not obtain adequate protection for our products through our intellectual property.***

We rely heavily on our proprietary information in developing and manufacturing our product candidates. Our success depends, in large part, on our ability to protect our competitive position through patents, trade secrets, trademarks and other intellectual property rights. The patent positions of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical firms, including us, are uncertain and involve complex questions of law and fact for which important legal issues remain unresolved. We have filed and are pursuing applications for patents and trademarks in the U.S., in Canada and in other territories. Pending patent applications may not result in the issuance of patents and we may not be able to obtain additional issued patents relating to our technology or products.

The laws of some countries do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the U.S. and Canada. Many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting and defending such rights in foreign jurisdictions. Many countries, including certain countries in Europe, have compulsory licensing laws under which a patent owner may be compelled to grant licenses to third parties. In addition, many countries limit the enforceability of patents against government agencies or government contractors. In these countries, the patent owner may have limited remedies, which could materially diminish the value of the patent. Compulsory licensing of life-saving drugs is also becoming increasingly popular in developing countries either through direct legislation or international initiatives. Such compulsory licenses could be extended to include some of our product candidates, which could limit our potential revenue opportunities. Moreover, the legal systems of certain countries, particularly certain developing countries, do not favor the aggressive enforcement of patent and other intellectual property protection, which makes it difficult to stop infringement.

Our patents and/or the patents that we license from others may be challenged, narrowed, invalidated, held to be unenforceable or circumvented, which could limit our ability to stop competitors from marketing similar products or limit the length of term of patent protection we may have for our products. Changes in either patent laws or in interpretations of patent laws in the U.S. and other countries may diminish the value of our intellectual property or narrow the scope of our patent protection. The patents issued or to be issued to us may not provide us with any competitive advantage or protect us against competitors with similar technology. In addition, it is possible that third parties with products that are very similar to ours will circumvent our patents by means of alternate designs or processes. We may have to rely on method-of-use, methods of manufacture and/or new-formulation protection for our compounds in development, and any resulting products, which may not confer the same protection as claims to compounds *per se*.

In addition, our patents may be challenged by third parties in patent litigation, which is becoming widespread in the biopharmaceutical industry. There may be prior art of which we are not aware that may affect the validity or enforceability of a patent claim. There may also be prior art of which we are aware, but which we do not believe affects the validity or enforceability of a claim, which may, nonetheless, ultimately be found to

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affect the validity or enforceability of a claim. No assurance can be given that our patents would, if challenged, be held by a court to be valid or enforceable or that a competitor's technology or product would be found by a court to infringe our patents. Our granted patents could also be challenged and revoked in U.S. post-grant proceedings as well as in opposition or nullity proceedings in certain countries outside the U.S. In addition, we may be required to disclaim part of the term of certain patents.

Patent applications relating to or affecting our business have been filed by a number of pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical companies and academic institutions. A number of the technologies in these applications or patents may conflict with our technologies, patents or patent applications, and any such conflict could reduce the scope of patent protection which we could otherwise obtain. Because patent applications in the U.S. and many other jurisdictions are typically not published until eighteen months after their first effective filing date, or in some cases not at all, and because publications of discoveries in the scientific literature often lag behind actual discoveries, we cannot be certain that we were the first to make the inventions claimed in issued patents or pending patent applications, or that we were the first to file for protection of the inventions set forth in the patent applications. If a third party has also filed a patent application in the U.S. covering our product candidates or a similar invention, we may have to participate in adversarial proceedings, such as interferences and deviation proceedings, before the United States Patent and Trademark Office to determine which party is entitled to a U.S. patent claiming the disputed invention. The costs of these proceedings could be substantial and it is possible that our efforts could be unsuccessful, resulting in a loss of our U.S. patent position.

Furthermore, the product development timeline for our products is lengthy and it is possible that our issued patents covering our product candidates in the U.S. and other jurisdictions may expire prior to commercial launch of the products. The patent that covers Zoptrex (zopectarelin doxorubicin) and other related targeted cytotoxic anthracycline analogues, pharmaceutical compositions comprising the compounds as well as their medical use for the treatment of cancer expired in the U.S. in November 2015 and will expire in the European Union, Japan, China and Hong Kong in November 2016. We did not apply for patent term extension for this U.S. patent. As a result, our ability to protect this compound from competition will be based on the protections provided in the U.S. for new chemical entities and similar protections, if any, provided in other countries.

We cannot assure you that Zoptrex or any of our other drug candidates will obtain new chemical entity exclusivity or any other market exclusivity in the U.S., the European Union or any other territory, or that we will be the first to receive the respective regulatory approval for such drugs so as to be eligible for any market exclusivity protection.

We also rely on trade secrets and proprietary know-how to protect our intellectual property. If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information and know-how, the value of our technology and products could be adversely affected. We seek to protect our unpatented proprietary information in part by requiring our employees, consultants, outside scientific collaborators and sponsored researchers and other advisors to enter into confidentiality agreements. These agreements provide that all confidential information developed or made known to the individual during the course of the individual's relationship with us is to be kept confidential and not disclosed to third parties except in specific circumstances. In the case of our employees, the agreements provide that all of the technology which is conceived by the individual during the course of employment is our exclusive property. These agreements may not provide meaningful protection or adequate remedies in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of our proprietary information. In addition, it is possible that third parties could independently develop proprietary information and techniques substantially similar to ours or otherwise gain access to our trade secrets. If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information and know-how, competitors may be able to use this information to develop products that compete with our products and technologies, which could adversely impact our business.

We currently have the right to use certain patents and technologies under license agreements with third parties. Our failure to comply with the requirements of one or more of our license agreements could result in the termination of such agreements, which could cause us to terminate the related development program and cause a complete loss of our investment in that program. Inventions claimed in certain in-licensed patents may have been made with funding from the U.S. government and may be subject to the rights of the U.S. government and we may be subject to additional requirements in the event we seek to commercialize or manufacture product candidates incorporating such in-licensed technology.

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As a result of the foregoing factors, we may not be able to rely on our intellectual property to protect our products in the marketplace.

***We may infringe the intellectual property rights of others.***

Our commercial success depends significantly on our ability to operate without infringing the patents and other intellectual property rights of third parties. There could be issued patents of which we are not aware that our products or methods may be found to infringe, or patents of which we are aware and believe we do not infringe but which we may ultimately be found to infringe. Moreover, patent applications and their underlying discoveries are in some cases maintained in secrecy until patents are issued. Because patents can take many years to issue, there may be currently pending applications of which we are unaware that may later result in issued patents that our products or technologies are found to infringe. Moreover, there may be published pending applications that do not currently include a claim covering our products or technologies but which nonetheless provide support for a later drafted claim that, if issued, our products or technologies could be found to infringe.

If we infringe or are alleged to infringe intellectual property rights of third parties, it will adversely affect our business. Our research, development and commercialization activities, as well as any product candidates or products resulting from these activities, may infringe or be accused of infringing one or more claims of an issued patent or may fall within the scope of one or more claims in a published patent application that may subsequently be issued and to which we do not hold a license or other rights. Third parties may own or control these patents or patent applications in the U.S. and abroad. These third parties could bring claims against us or our collaborators that would cause us to incur substantial expenses and, if successful against us, could cause us to pay substantial damages. Further, if a patent infringement suit were brought against us or our collaborators, we or they could be forced to stop or delay research, development, manufacturing or sales of the product or product candidate that is the subject of the suit.

The biopharmaceutical industry has produced a proliferation of patents, and it is not always clear to industry participants, including us, which patents cover various types of products. The coverage of patents is subject to interpretation by the courts, and the interpretation is not always uniform. In the event of infringement or violation of another party's patent or other intellectual property rights, we may not be able to enter into licensing arrangements or make other arrangements at a reasonable cost. Any inability to secure licenses or alternative technology could result in delays in the introduction of our products or lead to prohibition of the manufacture or sale of products by us or our partners and collaborators.

***Patent litigation is costly and time consuming and may subject us to liabilities.***

If we become involved in any patent litigation, interference, opposition or other administrative proceedings we will likely incur substantial expenses in connection therewith, and the efforts of our technical and management personnel will be significantly diverted. In addition, an adverse determination in litigation could subject us to significant liabilities.

***We may not obtain trademark registrations for our product candidates.***

We have filed applications for trademark registrations in connection with Zoptrex and Macrilen in various jurisdictions, including the U.S. We may file applications for other possible trademarks for our product candidates in the future. No assurance can be given that any of our trademarks will be registered in the U.S. or elsewhere, or that the use of any registered or unregistered trademarks will confer a competitive advantage in the marketplace. Furthermore, even if we are successful in our trademark registrations, the FDA and regulatory authorities in other countries have their own process for drug nomenclature and their own views concerning appropriate proprietary names. The FDA and other regulatory authorities also have the power, even after granting market approval, to request a company to reconsider the name for a product because of evidence of confusion in the marketplace. No assurance can be given that the FDA or any other regulatory authority will approve of any of our trademarks or will not request reconsideration of one of our trademarks at some time in the future. The loss, abandonment, or cancellation of any of our trademarks or trademark applications could negatively affect the success of the product candidates to which they relate.

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*We are currently dependent on certain strategic relationships with third parties and we may enter into future collaborations for the R&D of our product candidates.*

We are currently dependent on certain strategic relationships with third parties and may enter into future collaborations for the R&D of our product candidates. Our arrangements with these third parties may not provide us with the benefits we expect and may expose us to a number of risks.

We are dependent on, and rely upon, third parties to perform various functions related to our business, including, but not limited to, R&D with respect to some of our product candidates. Our reliance on these relationships poses a number of risks.

We may not realize the contemplated benefits of such agreements nor can we be certain that any of these parties will fulfill their obligations in a manner which maximizes our revenue. These arrangements may also require us to transfer certain material rights or to issue our equity, voting or other securities to third parties. Any license or sublicense of our commercial rights may reduce our product revenue.

These agreements create certain additional risks. The occurrence of any of the following or other events may delay product development or impair commercialization of our products:

not all of the third parties are contractually prohibited from developing or commercializing, either alone or with others, products and services that are similar to or competitive with our product candidates and, with respect to our contracts that do contain such contractual prohibitions or restrictions, prohibitions or restrictions do not always apply to the affiliates of the third parties and they may elect to pursue the development of any additional product candidates and pursue technologies or products either on their own or in collaboration with other parties, including our competitors, whose technologies or products may be competitive with ours;

the third parties may under-fund or fail to commit sufficient resources to marketing, distribution or other development of our products;

the third parties may cease to conduct business for financial or other reasons;

we may not be able to renew such agreements;

the third parties may not properly maintain or defend certain intellectual property rights that may be important to the commercialization of our products;

the third parties may encounter conflicts of interest, changes in business strategy or other issues which could adversely affect their willingness or ability to fulfill their obligations to us (for example, pharmaceutical companies historically have re-evaluated their priorities following mergers and consolidations, which have been common in recent years in this industry);

delays in, or failures to achieve, scale-up to commercial quantities, or changes to current raw material suppliers or product manufacturers (whether the change is attributable to us or the supplier or manufacturer) could delay clinical studies, regulatory submissions and commercialization of our product candidates; and

disputes may arise between us and the third parties that could result in the delay or termination of the development or commercialization of our product candidates, resulting in litigation or arbitration that could be time-consuming and expensive, or causing the third parties to act in their own self-interest and not in our interest or those of our shareholders or other stakeholders.

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In addition, the third parties can terminate our agreements with them for a number of reasons based on the terms of the individual agreements that we have entered into with them. If one or more of these agreements were to be terminated, we would be required to devote additional resources to developing and commercializing our product candidates, seek a new third party with which to contract or abandon the product candidate, which would likely cause a drop in the price of our Securities.

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***We rely on third parties to conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials, and those third parties may not perform satisfactorily.***

We rely on third parties such as CROs, medical institutions and clinical investigators to enroll qualified patients and conduct, supervise and monitor our clinical trials. Our reliance on these third parties for clinical development activities reduces our control over these activities. Our reliance on these third parties, however, does not relieve us of our regulatory responsibilities, including ensuring that our clinical trials are conducted in accordance with Good Clinical Practice guidelines and the investigational plan and protocols contained in an Investigational New Drug application, or a comparable foreign regulatory submission. Furthermore, these third parties may also have relationships with other entities, some of which may be our competitors. In addition, they may not complete activities on schedule, or may not conduct our preclinical studies or clinical trials in accordance with regulatory requirements or our trial design. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or meet expected deadlines, our efforts to obtain regulatory approvals for, and to commercialize, our product candidates may be delayed or prevented.

***In carrying out our operations, we are dependent on a stable and consistent supply of ingredients and raw materials.***

There can be no assurance that we, our contract manufacturers or our licensees, will be able, in the future, to continue to purchase products from our current suppliers or any other supplier on terms similar to current terms or at all. An interruption in the availability of certain raw materials or ingredients, or significant increases in the prices we pay for them, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and operating results.

***The failure to perform satisfactorily by third parties upon which we expect to rely to manufacture and supply products may lead to supply shortfalls.***

We expect to rely on third parties to manufacture and supply marketed products. We also have or may have certain supply obligations *vis-à-vis* our existing and potential licensees, who are or will be responsible for the marketing of the products. To be successful, our products have to be manufactured in commercial quantities in compliance with quality controls and regulatory requirements. Even though it is our objective to minimize such risk by introducing alternative suppliers to ensure a constant supply at all times, there are a limited number of contract manufacturers or suppliers that are capable of manufacturing our product candidates or the materials used in their manufacture. If we are unable to do so ourselves or to arrange for third-party manufacturing or supply of these product candidates or materials, or to do so on commercially reasonable terms, we may not be able to complete development of these product candidates or commercialize them ourselves or through our licensees. Reliance on third-party manufacturers entails risks to which we would not be subject if we manufactured products ourselves, including reliance on the third party for regulatory compliance, the possibility of breach of the manufacturing agreement by the third party because of factors beyond our control, and the possibility of termination or non-renewal of the agreement by the third party, based on its own business priorities, at a time that is costly or inconvenient for us.

***We are subject to intense competition for our skilled personnel, and the loss of key personnel or the inability to attract additional personnel could impair our ability to conduct our operations.***

We are highly dependent on our management and our clinical, regulatory and scientific staff, the loss of whose services might adversely impact our ability to achieve our objectives. Recruiting and retaining qualified management and clinical, scientific and regulatory personnel is critical to our success. Reductions in our staffing levels have eliminated redundancies in key capabilities and skill sets among our full-time staff and required us to rely more heavily on outside consultants and third parties. We have been unable to increase the compensation of our associates to the extent required to remain fully competitive for their services, which increased our employee retention risk. The competition for qualified personnel in the biopharmaceutical field is intense, and if we are not able to continue to attract and retain qualified personnel and/or maintain positive relationships with our outside consultants, we may not be able to achieve our strategic and operational objectives.



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***We are currently subject to securities class action litigation and we may be subject to similar or other litigation in the future.***

We and certain of our current and former officers are defendants in a purported class-action lawsuit pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey (the "Court"), brought on behalf of shareholders of the Company. The lawsuit alleges violations of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934* (the "Exchange Act") in connection with allegedly false and misleading statements made by the defendants between April 2, 2012 and November 6, 2014, or the Class Period, regarding the safety and efficacy of Macrilen<sup>®</sup>, a product we developed for use in the diagnosis of AGHD, and the prospects for the approval of the Company's NDA for the product by the FDA. The plaintiffs seek to represent a class comprised of purchasers of our Common Shares during the Class Period and seek damages, costs and expenses and such other relief as determined by the Court. On September 14, 2015, the Court dismissed the lawsuit stating that the plaintiffs failed to state a claim, but granted the plaintiffs leave to amend. On October 14, 2015, the plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint against us. We will seek to have the lawsuit dismissed again as we believe that the Second Amended Complaint also fails to state a claim. The Court will conduct a hearing on our motion to dismiss on January 19, 2016.

While we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to continue to defend this lawsuit vigorously, we cannot predict the outcome. Furthermore, we may, from time to time, be parties to other litigation in the normal course of business. Monitoring and defending against legal actions, whether or not meritorious, is time-consuming for our management and detracts from our ability to fully focus our internal resources on our business activities. In addition, legal fees and costs incurred in connection with such activities may be significant and we could, in the future, be subject to judgments or enter into settlements of claims for significant monetary damages. A decision adverse to our interests could result in the payment of substantial damages and could have a material adverse effect on our cash flow, results of operations and financial position.

With respect to any litigation, our insurance may not reimburse us or may not be sufficient to reimburse us for the expenses or losses we may suffer in contesting and concluding such lawsuit. Substantial litigation costs or an adverse result in any litigation may adversely impact our business, operating results or financial condition. We believe that our directors' and officers' liability insurance will cover our potential liability with respect to the securities class-action lawsuit described above; however, the insurer has reserved its rights to contest the applicability of the insurance to such claim, the limits of the insurance may be insufficient to cover our eventual liability, and we will be required to satisfy a substantial self-insured retention before any insurance coverage applies to the claim.

***We are subject to the risk of product liability claims, for which we may not have or be able to obtain adequate insurance coverage.***

The use of Zoptrex<sup>®</sup> and Macrilen<sup>®</sup> on human participants in our clinical trials subjects us to the risk of liability to such participants, who may suffer unintended consequences. If Zoptrex<sup>®</sup> and/or Macrilen<sup>®</sup> are approved for commercialization or if we acquire a marketed product from a third party, the sale and use of such products will involve the risk of product liability claims and associated adverse publicity. Product-liability claims might be made against us directly by patients, healthcare providers or pharmaceutical companies or others selling, buying or using our products. We attempt to manage our liability risks by means of insurance. We maintain insurance covering our liability for our preclinical and clinical studies. However, we may not have or be able to obtain or maintain sufficient and affordable insurance coverage, including coverage for potentially very significant legal expenses, and without sufficient coverage any claim brought against us could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. We do not currently maintain product liability insurance because we do not currently market, sell, distribute or handle any products. We may not be able to obtain product liability insurance on reasonable terms, if at all, when we begin to market, sell, distribute or handle products.

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***Our business involves the use of hazardous materials. We are required to comply with environmental and occupational safety laws regulating the use of such materials. If we violate these laws, we could be subject to significant fines, liabilities or other adverse consequences.***

Our discovery and development processes involve the controlled use of hazardous materials. We are subject to federal, provincial and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials and certain waste products. The risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials cannot be completely eliminated. In the event of an accident or a failure to comply with environmental or occupational safety laws, we could be held liable for any damages that result, and any such liability could exceed our resources. We may not be adequately insured against this type of liability. We may be required to incur significant costs to comply with environmental laws and regulations in the future, and our operations, business or assets may be materially adversely affected by current or future environmental laws or regulations.

***We are a holding company, and claims of creditors of our subsidiaries will generally have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our claims and those of our creditors and shareholders.***

Aeterna Zentaris Inc. is a holding company and a substantial portion of our non-cash assets is the share capital of our subsidiaries. AEZS Germany, our principal operating subsidiary, based in Frankfurt, Germany, holds most of our intellectual property rights, which represent the principal non-cash assets of our business.

Because Aeterna Zentaris Inc. is a holding company, our obligations to our creditors are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries. Therefore, our rights and the rights of our creditors to participate in any distribution of the assets of any subsidiary in the event that such subsidiary were to be liquidated or reorganized or in the event of any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding relating to or involving such subsidiary, and therefore the rights of the holders of our Securities to participate in those assets, are subject to the prior claims of such subsidiary's creditors. To the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against any such subsidiary, our claims would still be subject to the prior claims of our subsidiary's creditors to the extent that they are secured or senior to those held by us.

Holders of our Securities are not creditors of our subsidiaries. Claims to the assets of our subsidiaries will derive from our own ownership interest in those operating subsidiaries. Claims of our subsidiaries' creditors will generally have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our own ownership interest claims and will therefore have priority over the holders of our Securities. Our subsidiaries' creditors may from time to time include general creditors, trade creditors, employees, secured creditors, taxing authorities, and creditors holding guarantees. Accordingly, in the event of any foreclosure, dissolution, winding-up, liquidation or reorganization, or a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding relating to us or our property, or any subsidiary, there can be no assurance as to the value, if any, that would be available to holders of our Securities.

In addition, any distributions to us by our subsidiaries could be subject to monetary transfer restrictions in the jurisdictions in which our subsidiaries operate.

Our subsidiaries may incur additional indebtedness and other liabilities.

***It may be difficult for U.S. investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us because of our Canadian incorporation and German presence.***

We are a company existing under the laws of Canada. A number of our directors and officers, and certain of the experts named herein, are residents of Canada or otherwise reside outside the U.S., and all or a substantial portion of their assets, and a substantial portion of our assets, are located outside the U.S. Consequently, although we have appointed an agent for service of process in the U.S., it may be difficult for investors in the U.S. to bring an action against such directors, officers or experts or to enforce against those persons or us a judgment obtained in a U.S. court predicated upon the civil liability provisions of federal securities laws or other laws of the U.S. Investors should not assume that foreign courts (1) would enforce judgments of U.S. courts obtained in actions against us or such directors, officers or experts predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws or the securities or "blue sky" laws of any state within the U.S. or (2) would enforce, in original actions, liabilities against us or such directors, officers or experts predicated upon the U.S. federal securities laws or any such state securities or "blue sky" laws. In addition, we have been advised by

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our Canadian counsel that in normal circumstances, only civil judgments and not other rights arising from U.S. securities legislation (for example, penal or similar awards made by a court in a regulatory prosecution or proceeding) are enforceable in Canada and that the protections afforded by Canadian securities laws may not be available to investors in the U.S.

***We are subject to various internal control reporting requirements under applicable Canadian securities laws and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in the U.S. We can provide no assurance that we will at all times in the future be able to report that our internal controls over financial reporting are effective.***

As a public company, we are required to comply with Section 404 of the U.S. *Sarbanes-Oxley Act* ("Section 404") and National Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*. In any given year, we cannot be certain as to the time of completion of our internal control evaluation, testing and remediation actions or of their impact on our operations. Upon completion of this process, we may identify control deficiencies of varying degrees of severity under applicable SEC and Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.) rules and regulations. As a public company, we are required to report, among other things, control deficiencies that constitute material weaknesses or changes in internal controls that, or that are reasonably likely to, materially affect internal controls over financial reporting. A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. If we fail to comply with the requirements of Section 404, similar Canadian requirements or if we report a material weakness, we might be subject to regulatory sanction and investors may lose confidence in our consolidated financial statements, which may be inaccurate if we fail to remedy such material weakness.

***There is a reasonable likelihood that we may be a passive foreign investment company for the 2015 taxable year or any future taxable years, which could result in adverse tax consequences to U.S. investors.***

Adverse U.S. federal income tax rules apply to "U.S. Holders" (as defined in "Item 10.E Taxation Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in our annual report on Form 20-F) that directly or indirectly hold common shares, preferred shares, warrants or units, to the extent such units are comprised of common shares, preferred shares or warrants, of a passive foreign investment company ("PFIC"). We will be classified as a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes for a taxable year if (i) at least 75% of our gross income is "passive income" or (ii) at least 50% of the average value of our assets, including goodwill (based on annual quarterly average), is attributable to assets which produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income.

There is a reasonable likelihood that we may be a PFIC for the 2015 taxable year. However, our PFIC status for the 2015 taxable year or any future taxable year cannot be determined until after the end of such taxable year. The PFIC determination depends on the application of complex U.S. federal income tax rules concerning the classification of our assets and income for this purpose, and these rules are uncertain in some respects. In addition, the fair market value of our assets may be determined in large part by the market price of our Common Shares, which is likely to fluctuate, and the composition of our income and assets will be affected by how, and how quickly, we spend any cash that is raised in any financing transaction. No assurance can be provided that we will not be classified as a PFIC for any future taxable year.

If we are a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder holds common shares, preferred shares, warrants or units, to the extent such units are comprised of common shares, preferred shares or warrants, we generally would continue to be treated as a PFIC with respect to that U.S. Holder for all succeeding years during which the U.S. Holder holds such securities, even if we ceased to meet the threshold requirements for PFIC status. PFIC characterization could result in adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. Holders. In particular, absent certain elections, a U.S. Holder would generally be subject to U.S. federal income tax at ordinary income tax rates, plus a possible interest charge, in respect of a gain derived from a disposition of our Common Shares, Preferred Shares, Warrants or Units, to the extent such disposition of Units is treated as a disposition of Common Shares, Preferred Shares or Warrants that comprise all or a portion of such Units, as well as certain distributions by us. If we are treated as a PFIC for any taxable year, a U.S. Holder may be able to make an election to "mark to market" Common Shares (including Common Shares comprising all or a portion

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of a Unit, if applicable) each taxable year and recognize ordinary income pursuant to such election based upon increases in the value of the Common Shares. However, a mark to market election is not available to be made in respect of Preferred Shares or Warrants. In addition, U.S. Holders may mitigate the adverse tax consequences of the PFIC rules by making a "qualified electing fund" ("QEF") election. If we determine that the Company is a PFIC we will endeavor to satisfy the record keeping requirements that apply to a QEF and to supply requesting U.S. Holders with the information that such U.S. Holders are required to report under the QEF rules. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will satisfy the record keeping requirements or provide the information required to be reported by U.S. Holders.

If we are a PFIC, U.S. Holders will generally be required to file an annual information return with the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") (on IRS Form 8621, which PFIC shareholders will be required to file with their U.S. federal income tax or information returns) relating to their ownership of Common Shares, Preferred Shares and, potentially, Warrants (including Common Shares, Preferred Shares and, potentially, Warrants comprising all or a portion of a Unit, if applicable).

For a more detailed discussion of the potential tax impact of us being a PFIC, see "Item 10.E Taxation Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in our annual report on Form 20-F. The PFIC rules are complex. Prospective purchasers of any of our Securities should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC regime and any other reporting obligations to which they may be subject under that regime.

***We may incur losses associated with foreign currency fluctuations.***

Our operations are in many instances conducted in currencies other than our functional currency or the functional currencies of our subsidiaries. Fluctuations in the value of currencies could cause us to incur currency exchange losses. We do not currently employ a hedging strategy against exchange rate risk. We cannot assert with any assurance that we will not suffer losses as a result of unfavorable fluctuations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar, the Euro, the Canadian dollar and other currencies. For more information, see "Item 11. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F.

***Legislative actions, new accounting pronouncements and higher insurance costs may adversely impact our future financial position or results of operations.***

Changes in financial accounting standards or implementation of accounting standards may cause adverse, unexpected revenue or expense fluctuations and affect our financial position or results of operations. New pronouncements and varying interpretations of pronouncements have occurred with greater frequency and are expected to occur in the future, and we may make or be required to make changes in our accounting policies in the future. Compliance with changing regulations of corporate governance and public disclosure, notably with respect to internal controls over financial reporting, may result in additional expenses. Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for companies such as ours, and insurance costs are increasing as a result of this uncertainty.

***Security breaches may disrupt our operations and adversely affect our operating results.***

Our network security and data recovery measures and those of third parties with which we contract, may not be adequate to protect against computer viruses, cyber-attacks, break-ins, and similar disruptions from unauthorized tampering with our computer systems. The misappropriation, theft, sabotage or any other type of security breach with respect to any of our proprietary and confidential information that is electronically stored, including research or clinical data, could cause interruptions in our operations, and could result in a material disruption of our clinical activities and business operations, in addition to possibly requiring substantial expenditures of resources to remedy. This disruption could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Additionally, any break-in or trespass of our facilities that results in the misappropriation, theft, sabotage or any other type of security breach with respect to our proprietary and confidential information, including research or clinical data, or that results in damage to our R&D equipment and assets could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

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**Risks Relating to the Securities**

*Our Common Shares may be delisted from NASDAQ or TSX, which could affect their market price and liquidity. If our Common Shares were to be delisted, investors may have difficulty in disposing of their shares.*

Our Common Shares are currently listed on NASDAQ under the symbol "AEZS" and on TSX under the symbol "AEZ". We must meet continuing listing requirements to maintain the listing of our Common Shares on NASDAQ and TSX. For continued listing, NASDAQ requires, among other things, that listed securities maintain a minimum closing bid price of not less than \$1.00 per share. On December 19, 2014, we received a notice from The NASDAQ Listing Qualifications Department indicating that the minimum bid price for our Common Shares had fallen below \$1.00 for 30 consecutive business days, and that, therefore, we were no longer in compliance with NASDAQ Marketplace Rule 5450(a)(1) (the "NASDAQ Bid Price Rule"). On December 8, 2015, we announced that we had regained compliance with the NASDAQ Bid Price Rule.

There can be no assurance that the market price of our Common Shares will not fall below \$1.00 in the future or that we will regain compliance with the minimum bid price requirement. Further, there can be no assurance that the Share Consolidation alone will guarantee the continued listing of our Common Shares on NASDAQ or that our Common Shares will not be delisted due to a failure to meet other NASDAQ continued listing requirements. In addition, in the future, the market price of our Common Shares may not exceed or remain higher than the market price prior to the Share Consolidation and thus the total market capitalization of our Common Shares in the future may be lower than the total market capitalization before the Share Consolidation.

In addition to the minimum bid price requirement, the continued listing rules of NASDAQ require us to meet at least one of the following listing standards: (i) stockholders' equity of at least \$2.5 million (the "Equity Standard"), (ii) market value of listed securities (calculated by multiplying the daily closing bid price of our Common Shares by our total outstanding Common Shares) of at least \$35 million (the "Market Value Standard") or (iii) net income from continuing operations (in the latest fiscal year or in two of the last three fiscal years) of at least \$500,000 (the "Net Income Standard"). If our total market capitalization decreases to an amount less than \$35 million for 30 consecutive trading days, it is possible that we could no longer meet any of these three listing standards. Similar to the process described above in the minimum bid price context, if we fail to meet the Market Value Standard for 30 consecutive trading days and do not otherwise meet the Equity Standard or the Net Income Standard, we expect that we would then receive a notification letter from NASDAQ advising us that we fail to comply with the Market Value Standard and providing us a period of 180 calendar days to regain compliance with the Market Value Standard. In order to regain compliance with the Market Value Standard, the market value of our listed securities would have to be at least \$35 million for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Otherwise, our securities may then be subject to delisting.

There can be no assurance that our Common Shares will remain listed on NASDAQ or TSX. If we fail to meet any of NASDAQ's or TSX's continued listing requirements, our Common Shares may be delisted. Any delisting of our Common Shares may adversely affect a shareholder's ability to dispose, or obtain quotations as to the market value, of such shares.

*Our share price is volatile, which may result from factors outside of our control.*

Our valuation and share price since the beginning of trading after our initial listings, first in Canada and then in the U.S., have had no meaningful relationship to current or historical financial results, asset values, book value or many other criteria based on conventional measures of the value of shares.

As adjusted for and giving effect to the Share Consolidation, between January 1, 2015 and January 11, 2016, the closing price of our Common Shares ranged from \$3.13 to \$84.20 per share on NASDAQ and from C\$4.55 to C\$104.00 per share on TSX. See the section titled "Price Range and Trading Volume" of this Prospectus. Our share price may be affected by developments directly affecting our business and by developments out of our control or unrelated to us. The stock market generally, and the biopharmaceutical sector in particular, are vulnerable to abrupt changes in investor sentiment. Prices of shares and trading volume of companies in the biopharmaceutical industry can swing dramatically in ways unrelated to, or that bear a disproportionate

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relationship to, operating performance. Our share price and trading volume may fluctuate based on a number of factors including, but not limited to:

clinical and regulatory developments regarding our product candidates;

delays in our anticipated development or commercialization timelines;

developments regarding current or future third-party collaborators;

announcements by us regarding technological, product development or other matters;

arrivals or departures of key personnel;

governmental or regulatory action affecting our product candidates and our competitors' products in the U.S., Canada and other countries;

developments or disputes concerning patent or proprietary rights;

actual or anticipated fluctuations in our revenues or expenses;

general market conditions and fluctuations for the emerging growth and biopharmaceutical market sectors; and

economic conditions in the U.S., Canada or abroad.

Our listing on both NASDAQ and TSX may increase price volatility due to various factors, including different ability to buy or sell our Common Shares, different market conditions in different capital markets and different trading volumes. In addition, low trading volume may increase the price volatility of our Common Shares. A thin trading market could cause the price of our Common Shares to fluctuate significantly more than the stock market as a whole.

***We do not intend to pay dividends in the near future.***

To date, we have not declared or paid any dividends on our Common Shares. We currently intend to retain our future earnings, if any, to finance further research and the overall commercial expansion of our business. As a result, the return on an investment in our Securities will depend upon any future appreciation in value. There is no guarantee that our Securities will appreciate in value or even maintain the price at which shareholders have purchased them.

**Risks Relating to the Issuance of Securities under this Prospectus**

***An active market may not develop for certain Securities, which may hinder your ability to liquidate your investment.***

There is no established trading market for the Preferred Shares, Debt Securities, Subscription Receipts, Warrants and Units, and unless specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, we currently do not intend to list them on any securities exchange. A dealer may intend to make a market in such Securities after their issuance pursuant to this Prospectus; however, a dealer may not be obligated to do so and may discontinue such market-making at any time. As a result, we cannot assure you that an active trading market will develop for any of such Securities. In addition, subsequent to their initial issuance, the Preferred Shares, Debt Securities, Subscription Receipts, Warrants and Units may trade at a discount to their initial offering price, depending on the market for similar securities, prevailing interest rates, our prospects or the

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prospects for companies in our industry generally and other factors, including those described herein.

***A large number of Common Shares may be issued and subsequently sold upon the exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities. The sale or availability for sale of these Warrants or other Convertible Securities may depress the price of our Common Shares.***

The number of Common Shares that will be initially issuable upon the exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities will be determined by the particular terms of each issue of Warrants or other Convertible Securities and will be described in the relevant Prospectus Supplement. To the extent that purchasers of Warrants or other Convertible Securities sell Common Shares issued upon the exercise of the Warrants or other

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Convertible Securities, the market price of our Common Shares may decrease due to the additional selling pressure in the market. The risk of dilution from issuances of Common Shares underlying the Warrants or other Convertible Securities may cause shareholders to sell their Common Shares, which could further contribute to any decline in the Common Share price.

***The sale of Common Shares issued upon exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities could encourage short sales by third parties which could further depress the price of the Common Shares.***

Any downward pressure on the price of Common Shares caused by the sale of Common Shares issued upon the exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities could encourage short sales by third parties. In a short sale, a prospective seller borrows Common Shares from a shareholder or broker and sells the borrowed Common Shares. The prospective seller hopes that the Common Share price will decline, at which time the seller can purchase Common Shares at a lower price for delivery back to the lender. The seller profits when the Common Share price declines because it is purchasing Common Shares at a price lower than the sale price of the borrowed Common Shares. Such sales could place downward pressure on the price of our Common Shares by increasing the number of Common Shares being sold, which could further contribute to any decline in the market price of our Common Shares.

***We cannot predict the actual number of Common Shares that we will issue upon the exercise of any Warrants or other Convertible Securities. The number of Common Shares that we will issue under any Warrants or other Convertible Securities may depend on the market price of our Common Shares.***

The actual number of Common Shares that we will issue upon the exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities is uncertain and will be determined, or made determinable, by the particular terms of each issue of Warrants or other Convertible Securities and will be described in the relevant Prospectus Supplement. The number of Common Shares issuable upon the exercise of Warrants or other Convertible Securities may fluctuate based on the market price of our Common Shares. Holders of Warrants or other Convertible Securities may receive more Common Shares if our Common Share price declines.

***Management will have broad discretion as to the use of proceeds of any offering of Securities. We may invest or spend any proceeds of any offering of Securities in ways with which investors may not agree and in ways that may not earn a profit.***

Our management team will have broad discretion concerning the use of the proceeds of any offering of Securities under this Prospectus as well as the timing of their expenditure. As a result, investors will be relying on the judgment of management for the application of the proceeds of any offering of Securities under this Prospectus. We intend to use the proceeds from any offering to continue to fund our ongoing drug development activities, for the potential addition of commercialized products to our portfolio and for general corporate purposes, working capital and to fund our negative cash flow. Investors may not agree with the ways we decide to use these proceeds, and our use of the proceeds may not yield any results or profits.

***Future issuances of securities and hedging activities may depress the trading price of our Common Shares.***

Any issuance of equity securities or Convertible Securities after the offering of Securities under this Prospectus, including the issuance of Common Shares upon the exercise of stock options and upon the exercise of warrants or other Convertible Securities, as well as the issuance of Common Shares under potential at-the-market offerings, could dilute the interests of our existing shareholders, and could substantially decrease the trading price of our Common Shares. For example, the Company has in the past filed prospectus supplements to qualify for distribution to the public in the U.S. Common Shares under various "at-the-market" distribution programs and the Company may file additional prospectus supplements for one or more "at-the-market" distribution programs in the future, which would be further dilutive to our existing shareholders. Under the remainder of our shelf registration statement on Form F-3 with the SEC, we may file one or more prospectus supplements to qualify for distribution to the public in the U.S. Common Shares in an amount not to exceed an aggregate of \$35 million by way of one or more "at-the-market" distribution programs. We may also consider filing a new shelf registration statement on either Form F-3 or S-3 with the SEC in the future.



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We may issue equity securities in the future for a number of reasons, including to finance our operations and business strategy, to satisfy our obligations upon the exercise of options or warrants or for other reasons. Our stock option plan generally permits us to have outstanding, at any given time, stock options that are exercisable for a maximum number of Common Shares equal to 11.4% of all then issued and outstanding Common Shares. As at September 30, 2015, there were:

4,924,738 Common Shares issued and outstanding (9,928,697 as of the date of this Prospectus);

no issued and outstanding Preferred Shares;

7,403 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in a registered direct offering in April 2010, which had a weighted average exercise price as of September 30, 2015 of \$900.00 per Common Share, all of which expired subsequent to September 30, 2015 but prior to the date of this Prospectus;

an aggregate of 55,671 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in a registered direct offering in July 2013 and in an underwritten public offering in October 2012, which had a weighted average exercise price of \$270.29 per Common Share;

3,333 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants that we previously issued in an underwritten public offering in January 2014, which had an exercise price as of September 30, 2015 of \$14.00 per Common Share, adjusted to nil per Common Share in connection with and following the December 2015 Offering, all of which were issued on December 30, 2015;

447,574 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of Series A warrants that we previously issued in the March 2015 Offering, which had an exercise price as of September 30, 2015 of \$81.00 per Common Share, adjusted to \$4.95 per Common Share in connection with and following the December 2015 Offering;

68,798 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of the Series B Warrants (excluding, however, any Common Shares issuable upon alternate cashless exercise of the Series B Warrants), which had an exercise price as of September 30, 2015 of \$81.00 per Common Share, adjusted to \$4.95 per Common Share in connection with and following the December 2015 Offering, of which 8,064 remain outstanding as of the date of this Prospectus;

36,705 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at September 30, 2015, having a weighted average exercise price of \$176.00 per Common Share, and an additional 4,555 Common Shares that underlie outstanding stock options granted under our stock option plan as at September 30, 2015, having a weighted average exercise price of C\$1,009.00 per Common Share; and

an aggregate of 520,117 additional Common Shares available for future grants under our stock option plan, which provides that the number of Common Shares issuable under the plan may not exceed 11.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares at any given time. Therefore, as of the date of this Prospectus and following the December 2015 Offering, the granting of an aggregate of 243,000 stock options to members of our Board of Directors in May 2015 and to management and certain other Company employees in December 2015 and the expiry and termination of certain stock options, there are now 856,830 Common Shares available for future grants under our stock option plan.

In addition, the price of Securities could also be affected by possible sales of Securities by investors who view other investment vehicles as more attractive means of equity participation in us and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that may develop involving our Securities. This hedging or arbitrage could, in turn, affect the trading price of our Securities.

*Our articles of incorporation contain "blank check" preferred share provisions, which could delay or impede an acquisition of our company.*

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Our articles of incorporation, as amended, authorize the issuance of an unlimited number of "blank check" Preferred Shares, which could be issued by our board of directors without shareholder approval and which may contain liquidation, dividend and other rights equivalent or superior to our Common Shares. In addition, we

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have implemented in our constating documents an advance notice procedure for shareholder approvals to be brought before an annual meeting of our shareholders, including proposed nominations of persons for election to our board of directors. These provisions, among others, whether alone or together, could delay or impede hostile takeovers and changes in control or changes in our management. Any provision of our constating documents that has the effect of delaying or deterring a change in control could limit the opportunity for our shareholders to receive a premium for their Common Shares and could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our Common Shares.

*Our business could be negatively affected as a result of the actions of activist shareholders.*

Proxy contests have been waged against many companies in the biopharmaceutical industry over the last few years. If faced with a proxy contest, we may not be able to successfully respond to the contest, which would be disruptive to our business. Even if we are successful, our business could be adversely affected by a proxy contest because:

responding to proxy contests and other actions by activist shareholders may be costly and time-consuming, and may disrupt our operations and divert the attention of management and our employees;

perceived uncertainties as to the potential outcome of any proxy contest may result in our inability to consummate potential acquisitions, collaborations or in-licensing opportunities and may make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified personnel and business partners; and

if individuals that have a specific agenda different from that of our management or other members of our board of directors are elected to our board as a result of any proxy contest, such an election may adversely affect our ability to effectively and timely implement our strategic plan and to create value for our shareholders.

### CONSOLIDATED CAPITALIZATION

There has been no material change to our share and loan capital since September 30, 2015, except for: (i) the issuance of approximately 2.0 million Common Shares upon the alternate cashless exercise of our Series B Warrants; (ii) the implementation of the Share Consolidation on November 17, 2015; and (iii) the issuance of 3.0 million Common Shares and Warrants to acquire approximately 2.3 million Common Shares (which includes Warrants issued upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option) in connection with the December 2015 Offering, for aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$15.0 million.

In addition, as at September 30, 2015, we had no outstanding long-term debt.

### DESCRIPTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Our authorized share capital structure consists of an unlimited number of shares of the following classes (all classes are without nominal or par value): Common Shares; and First Preferred Shares and Second Preferred Shares; both issuable in series. As of the date of this Prospectus, there are 9,928,697 Common Shares issued and outstanding. No Preferred Shares have been issued to date.

#### Common Shares

The holders of the Common Shares are entitled to one vote for each Common Share held by them at all meetings of shareholders, except meetings at which only shareholders of a specified class of shares are entitled to vote. In addition, the holders are entitled to receive dividends if, as and when declared by the Company's Board of Directors on the Common Shares. Finally, the holders of the Common Shares are entitled to receive the remaining property of the Company upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary. Shareholders have no liability to further capital calls as all issued and outstanding shares are fully paid and non-assessable.

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**Preferred Shares**

The Preferred Shares are issuable in series with rights and privileges specific to each class. The holders of Preferred Shares are not entitled to receive notice of or to attend or vote at meetings of shareholders. The holders of First Preferred Shares are entitled to preference and priority to any participation of holders of Second Preferred Shares, Common Shares or shares of any other class of shares of the share capital of the Company ranking junior to the First Preferred Shares with respect to dividends and, in the event of the liquidation of the Company, the distribution of its property upon its dissolution or winding-up, or the distribution of all or part of its assets among the shareholders, to an amount equal to the value of the consideration paid in respect of such shares outstanding, as credited to the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company, on an equal basis, in proportion to the amount of their respective claims in regard to such shares held by them. The holders of Second Preferred Shares are entitled to preference and priority to any participation of holders of Common Shares or shares of any other class of shares of the share capital of the Company ranking junior to the Second Preferred Shares with respect to dividends and, in the event of the liquidation of the Company, the distribution of its property upon its dissolution or winding-up, or the distribution of all or part of its assets among the shareholders, to an amount equal to the value of the consideration paid in respect of such shares outstanding, as credited to the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company, on an equal basis, in proportion to the amount of their respective claims in regard to such shares held by them.

Our board of directors may, from time to time, provide for additional series of Preferred Shares to be created and issued, but the issuance of any Preferred Shares is subject to the general duties of the directors under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances.

The specific terms of any offerings of Preferred Shares, including the designation of the particular series, aggregate principal amount and liquidation preference, the number of Preferred Shares being offered, the issue price, any rights to receive dividends, the dividend rate, the dividend payment date, any terms for redemption at our option or the holder's option, any exchange or conversion terms and any other specific terms may be determined in the sole discretion of our board of directors without being required to seek or obtain shareholder approval and will be described in one or more Prospectus Supplements.

**DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES**

Debt Securities may be offered separately or together with Common Shares and/or other Securities. The Debt Securities may be offered in an amount and on such terms as may be determined from time to time depending on market conditions and other factors. The Debt Securities may be issued under a trust indenture to be entered into between us and one or more trustees. The particular terms and provisions of Debt Securities offered by any Prospectus Supplement, and the extent to which the general terms and provisions described below may apply thereto, will be described in the Prospectus Supplement filed in respect of such Debt Securities. This description will include, where applicable:

the specific designation, aggregate principal amount and denominations of Debt Securities;

the price at which the Debt Securities will be issued or whether the Debt Securities will be issued on a non-fixed price basis;

the date or dates on which the Debt Securities will mature and the portion (if less than all of the principal amount) of the Debt Securities to be payable upon declaration of an acceleration of maturity;

the currency or currency unit in which the Debt Securities are being sold and in which the principal of (and premium, if any), and interest, if any, on, the Debt Securities will be payable, whether the holder of any the Debt Securities or we may elect the currency in which payments thereon are to be made and, if so, the manner of such election;

whether the Debt Securities are interest-bearing and, in the case of interest bearing Debt Securities, the rate or rates (which may be fixed or variable) per annum at which the Debt Securities will bear interest, if any;

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the date from which interest, if any, on the Debt Securities, whether payable in cash, in kind, or in shares, will accrue, the date or dates on which such interest will be payable and the date on which payment of such interest will commence;

the dates on which and the price or prices at which the Debt Securities will, pursuant to any required repayment provisions, or may, pursuant to any repurchase or redemption provisions, be repurchased, redeemed or repaid and the other terms and provisions of any such optional repurchase or redemption or required repayment;

any special provisions for the payment of additional interest with respect to the Debt Securities;

any additional covenants included for the benefit of holders of the Debt Securities;

the general terms or provisions, if any, pursuant to which the Debt Securities are to be guaranteed or secured;

any additional events of default provided with respect to the Debt Securities;

any securities exchange on which the Debt Securities will be listed;

terms for any conversion or exchange of the Debt Securities into other Securities;

the extent and manner, if any, to which payment on or in respect of the Debt Securities will be senior to, or will be subordinated to the prior payment of, other liabilities and obligations of the Company;

whether the Debt Securities will be issuable in registered form or bearer form or both, and, if issuable in bearer form, the restrictions as to the offer, sale and delivery of the Debt Securities in bearer form and as to exchanges between registered and bearer form;

whether the Debt Securities will be issuable in the form of one or more registered global debt securities ("Registered Global Debt Securities") and, if so, the identity of the depository for those Registered Global Debt Securities;

any index pursuant to which the amount of payments of principal of and any premium and interest on the Debt Securities will or may be determined;

any special tax implications of or any special tax provisions, or indemnities relating to the Debt Securities; and

any other terms, conditions and rights (or limitations on such rights) of the Debt Securities.

We reserve the right to set forth in a Prospectus Supplement specific terms of the Debt Securities that are not within the options and parameters set forth in this Prospectus. In addition, to the extent that any particular terms of the Debt Securities described in a Prospectus Supplement differ from any of the terms described in this Prospectus, the description of such terms set forth in this Prospectus shall be deemed to have been superseded by the description of such differing terms set forth in such Prospectus Supplement with respect to such Debt Securities.

**DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIPTION RECEIPTS**

Subscription Receipts may be offered separately or together with Common Shares and/or other Securities. The Subscription Receipts will be issued under one or more subscription receipt agreements to be entered into between us and an escrow agent at the time of issuance of the Subscription Receipts.

A Subscription Receipt will entitle the holder thereof to receive a Common Share and/or other Security upon the completion of a particular transaction or event, typically but not limited to an acquisition of the assets or securities of another entity by us or one or more of our subsidiaries. The subscription proceeds from an offering of Subscription Receipts will be held in escrow by an escrow agent pending the completion of the transaction or the termination time (the time at which the escrow terminates regardless of whether the transaction or event has occurred). Holders of Subscription Receipts are not our shareholders. Holders of Subscription Receipts will receive Common Shares and/or other Securities upon the completion of the particular transaction or event or, if the transaction or event does not occur by the termination time, a return of the subscription funds for their Subscription Receipts together with any interest or other income earned thereon.

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The particular terms and provisions of Subscriptions Receipts offered by any Prospectus Supplement, and the extent to which the general terms and provisions described below may apply thereto, will be described in the Prospectus Supplement filed in respect of such Subscription Receipts. This description will include, where applicable:

the number of Subscription Receipts;

the price at which the Subscription Receipts will be offered;

the currency or currency unit in which the Subscription Receipts are being sold;

the terms, conditions and procedures pursuant to which the holders of Subscription Receipts will become entitled to receive Common Shares and/or other Securities;

the number of Common Shares and/or other Securities that may be obtained upon exercise of each Subscription Receipt;

the designation and terms of any other Securities with which the Subscription Receipts will be offered, if any, and the number of Subscription Receipts that will be offered with each Security;

the terms applicable to the gross proceeds from the sale of the Subscription Receipts plus any interest earned thereon;

the material income tax consequences of owning, holding and disposing of the Subscription Receipts;

whether the Subscription Receipts will be issued in fully registered or global form; and

any other terms, conditions and rights (or limitations on such rights) of the Subscription Receipts.

We reserve the right to set forth in a Prospectus Supplement specific terms of the Subscription Receipts that are not within the options and parameters set forth in this Prospectus. In addition, to the extent that any particular terms of the Subscription Receipts described in a Prospectus Supplement differ from any of the terms described in this Prospectus, the description of such terms set forth in this Prospectus shall be deemed to have been superseded by the description of such differing terms set forth in such Prospectus Supplement with respect to such Subscription Receipts.

### **DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS**

Warrants may be offered separately or together with Common Shares, and may be attached to or separate from any offered Securities. Each series of Warrants will be issued under a separate warrant certificate, warrant agreement or indenture to be entered into between us and one or more purchasers of such Warrants or with banks or trust companies acting as warrant agent. The applicable Prospectus Supplement will include details of the warrant agreements covering the Warrants being offered. Any warrant agent will act solely as our agent and will not assume a relationship of agency with any holders of Warrant certificates or beneficial owners of Warrants.

The particular terms and provisions of each issue or series of Warrants offered by any Prospectus Supplement, and the extent to which the general terms and provisions described below may apply thereto, will be described in the Prospectus Supplement filed in respect of such Warrants. This description will include, where applicable:

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the designation and aggregate number of Warrants offered;

the price at which the Warrants will be offered;

the currency or currency unit in which the Warrants are denominated;

the date on which the right to exercise the Warrants will commence and the date on which the right will expire;

the number of Common Shares that may be purchased upon exercise of each Warrant and the price at which and currency or currencies in which that amount of Common Shares may be purchased upon exercise of each Warrant;



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the designation and terms of any Securities with which the Warrants will be offered, if any, and the number of Warrants that will be offered with each Security;

the date or dates, if any, on or after which the Warrants and the related Securities will be transferable separately;

the minimum or maximum amount, if any, of Warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

whether the Warrants will be subject to redemption or call, and, if so, the terms of such redemption or call provisions; and

any other terms, conditions and rights (or limitations on such rights) of the Warrants.

We reserve the right to set forth in a Prospectus Supplement specific terms of the Warrants that are not within the options and parameters set forth in this Prospectus. In addition, to the extent that any particular terms of the Warrants described in a Prospectus Supplement differ from any of the terms described in this Prospectus, the description of such terms set forth in this Prospectus shall be deemed to have been superseded by the description of such differing terms set forth in such Prospectus Supplement with respect to such Warrants.

We will not offer Warrants for sale separately (as opposed to as part of a unit offering) to any member of the public in Canada unless the offering is in connection with and forms part of the consideration for an acquisition or merger transaction or unless a Prospectus Supplement containing the specific terms of the Warrants to be offered separately is first approved for filing by the *Autorité des marchés financiers* on behalf of the securities commissions or similar securities regulatory authorities in each of the provinces of Canada where the Warrants will be offered for sale.

**DESCRIPTION OF UNITS**

We may issue Units comprised of one or more of the other Securities described herein in any combination. The Prospectus Supplement relating to the particular Units offered thereby will describe the particular terms and provisions of such Units and, as applicable, the particular terms and provisions of such other Securities. Each Unit will be issued so that the holder of the Unit is also the holder of each Security included in the Unit. Thus, the holder of a Unit will have the rights and obligations of a holder of each included Security. The Unit agreement under which a Unit is issued may provide that the Securities included in the Unit may not be held or transferred separately, at any time or at any time before a specified date. The description in the applicable Prospectus Supplement will include, where applicable:

the designation and aggregate number of Units offered;

the price at which the Units will be offered;

the currency or currency unit in which the Units are denominated;

the designation and terms of the Units and of the Securities comprising the Units, including whether and under what circumstances those Securities may be held or transferred separately;

any provisions for the issuance, payment, settlement, transfer or exchange of the Units or of the Securities comprising the Units;

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whether the Units will be issued in fully registered or global form; and

any other material terms, conditions and rights (or limitations on such rights) of the Units.

The preceding description and any description of Units in an applicable Prospectus Supplement does not purport to be complete and is subject to and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Unit agreement and, if applicable, collateral arrangements and depositary arrangements relating to such Units. We reserve the right to set forth in a Prospectus Supplement specific terms of the Units that are not within the options and parameters set forth in this Prospectus. In addition, to the extent that any particular terms of the Units described in a Prospectus Supplement differ from any of the terms described in this Prospectus, the description of such terms set forth in this Prospectus shall be deemed to have been superseded by the description of such differing terms set forth in such Prospectus Supplement with respect to such Units.

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Our Common Shares are listed on NASDAQ under the symbol "AEZS" and on TSX under the symbol "AEZ". The following table indicates the monthly range of high and low closing prices of a Common Share and the average daily volumes traded on NASDAQ and on TSX during the period beginning on January 1, 2015 and ending on January 11, 2016, as adjusted to reflect and give effect to the Share Consolidation:

	NASDAQ (US\$) <sup>(1)</sup>			TSX (C\$) <sup>(1)</sup>		
	High	Low	Volume	High	Low	Volume
<b>2015</b>						
January	61.00	52.00	3,830	72.00	65.00	282
February	67.00	51.25	5,837	83.00	64.00	289
March	84.20	51.00	35,867	104.00	64.00	1,128
April	64.10	51.51	21,461	78.00	65.00	950
May	55.45	27.50	43,004	68.00	35.50	2,499
June	29.80	27.00	44,894	37.00	32.50	866
July	27.50	18.16	40,174	35.00	24.00	961
August	18.16	8.08	117,558	25.00	11.00	3,975
September	11.85	5.02	370,781	16.00	7.00	17,348
October	9.30	4.25	223,072	12.50	5.50	9,533
November	11.43	4.00	3,255,306	15.41	5.39	141,016
December	9.95	4.42	1,482,686	13.27	6.06	64,951
<b>2016</b>						
January <sup>(2)</sup>	4.40	3.13	654,040	6.08	4.55	35,012

(1) Between January 1, 2015 and November 20, 2015, the "high" and "low" prices have been multiplied by one hundred (100) to retroactively give effect to and reflect the Share Consolidation and, for the same period, the volume has been divided by one hundred (100).

(2) Up to and including January 11, 2016.

**EARNINGS COVERAGE**

If we offer Debt Securities having a term to maturity in excess of one year or Preferred Shares under this Prospectus and any applicable Prospectus Supplement, the applicable Prospectus Supplement will include earnings coverage ratios giving effect to the issuance of such Securities.

**PRIOR SALES**

During the twelve-month period preceding the date of this Prospectus, we issued or granted, as applicable:

an aggregate of approximately 596.8 thousand Common Shares at an issuance price of \$62.00 per share issued in connection with the March 2015 Offering;

an aggregate of approximately 447.6 thousand Series A warrants to acquire Common Shares issued in connection with the March 2015 Offering, which have an adjusted exercise price of \$4.95 following the December 2015 Offering;

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an aggregate of approximately 298.4 thousand Series B Warrants, of which approximately 8.1 thousand remain outstanding as of the date of this Prospectus, which have an adjusted exercise price of \$4.95 following the December 2015 Offering;

an aggregate of approximately 5.7 million Common Shares upon various alternate cashless exercises of our Series B Warrants;

an aggregate of 3.0 million Common Shares and warrants to acquire 2.1 million Common Shares at a combined issuance price of \$5.55 per Common Share together with a warrant to purchase 0.7 of a common share in connection with the December 2015 Offering, as well as Warrants to acquire

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approximately 0.2 million common shares upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option at an issuance price of \$0.01 per Warrant, with each Warrant having an exercise price of \$7.10 per share;

an aggregate of 3,333 Common Shares upon the exercise of warrants previously issued in an underwritten public offering in January 2014, which had an adjusted exercise price of nil per Common Share following the December 2015 Offering; and

243,000 stock options exercisable at a weighted average price of \$5.18 per share.

**SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS**

Securities may be sold under this Prospectus by way of secondary offering by certain holders or purchasers of the Securities. The Prospectus Supplement for or including any offering of Securities by selling securityholders will include the following information:

the names of the selling securityholders;

the number or amount of Securities owned, controlled or directed by each selling securityholder;

the number or amount of Securities being distributed for the account of each selling securityholder;

the number or amount of Securities to be owned by the selling securityholders after the distribution and the percentage that number or amount represents of the total number of our outstanding Securities;

whether the Securities are owned by the selling securityholders both of record and beneficially, of record only, or beneficially only;

the date or dates the selling securityholder acquired the Securities; and

if the selling securityholder acquired any Securities in the twelve months preceding the date of this Prospectus, the cost thereof to the securityholder in the aggregate and on an average cost-per-Security basis.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

Unless otherwise specified in a Prospectus Supplement, the net proceeds resulting from the issuance of Securities will be used to continue to fund the Company's ongoing drug development activities, for the potential addition of commercialized products to its portfolio and for general corporate purposes, working capital and to fund its negative cash flow. All expenses relating to an offering of Securities and any compensation paid to underwriters, dealers or agents, as the case may be, will be paid out of our general funds or from the proceeds of any offering under this Prospectus or a Prospectus Supplement. The use of proceeds will be specified in the Prospectus Supplement relating to a particular offering of Securities, as required by applicable securities legislation.

During the Company's most recently completed financial year as indicated in the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, it had a negative cash flow from operating activities of \$31.1 million and, for the three months ended September 30, 2015, it had a negative cash flow from operating activities of \$7.2 million. In addition to other uses of net proceeds to be specified in any given prospectus supplement to this Prospectus, to the extent that the Company has negative cash flow in future periods, we may need to allocate a portion, possibly even a substantial portion, of the net proceeds from the sale of Securities to fund such negative cash flow.

**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

We may offer and sell the Securities to or through underwriters or dealers purchasing as principals, and we may also sell the Securities to one or more purchasers directly or through agents. Securities may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, or at non-fixed prices.

If offered on a non-fixed price basis, the Securities may be offered at prevailing market prices at the time of sale or at prices to be negotiated with purchasers. The prices at which the Securities may be offered may vary as between purchasers and during the period of distribution. Consequently, any dealer's overall compensation will

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increase or decrease by the amount by which the aggregate price paid for the Securities by the purchasers exceeds or is less than the gross proceeds paid by the dealers, acting as principals, to us.

If, in connection with the offering of Securities at a fixed price or prices, the underwriters have made a *bona fide* effort to sell all of the Securities at the initial offering price fixed in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the public offering price may be decreased and thereafter further changed, from time to time, to an amount not greater than the initial public offering price fixed in such Prospectus Supplement, in which case the compensation realized by the underwriters will be decreased by the amount that the aggregate price paid by purchasers for the Securities is less than the gross proceeds paid by the underwriters to us.

A Prospectus Supplement will identify each underwriter, dealer or agent engaged by us, as the case may be, in connection with the offering and sale of a particular issue of Securities, and will also set forth the terms of the offering, including the public offering price (or the manner of determination thereof if offered on a non-fixed price basis), the proceeds to us and any compensation payable to the underwriters, dealers or agents.

Under agreements which may be entered into by us, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of the Securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising out of any misrepresentation in this Prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein, other than liabilities arising out of any misrepresentation made by underwriters, dealers or agents who participate in the offering of the Securities.

Each issue of Preferred Shares, Debt Securities, Subscription Receipts, Warrants and Units will be a new issue of securities with no established trading market. In connection with any offering of Securities, the underwriters, dealers or agents, as the case may be, may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the Securities of such series or issue at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such transactions, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. Any underwriters, dealers or agents to or through whom Securities are sold by us for public offering and sale may make a market in the Securities, but such underwriters, dealers or agents will not be obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given that a trading market in the Securities of any series or issue will develop or as to the liquidity of any such trading market for the Securities.

#### **CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

The applicable Prospectus Supplement will describe certain Canadian federal income tax consequences to an investor acquiring any Securities offered thereunder, including, for investors who are non-residents of Canada, whether the payments of dividends (or any other amounts) on the Securities, if any, will be subject to Canadian non-resident withholding tax.

The applicable Prospectus Supplement may also describe certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of any Securities offered thereunder by an initial investor who is a U.S. person (within the meaning of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended).

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Unless otherwise specified in the Prospectus Supplement relating to any offering of Securities, certain legal matters relating to the offering of the Securities under this Prospectus will be passed upon for us by Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP with respect to matters of Canadian law, and certain legal matters relating to the offering of the Securities under this Prospectus will be passed upon for us by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP with respect to matters of U.S. law. In addition, certain legal matters in connection with any offering of Securities under this Prospectus will be passed upon for any underwriters, dealers or agents by counsel to be designated at the time of the offering by such underwriters, dealers or agents with respect to matters of applicable law.

The partners and associates of Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP as a group and the partners and associates of Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP as a group, each beneficially own, directly or indirectly, less than 1% of the outstanding securities of any class of securities issued by us.

#### **EXEMPTIVE RELIEF GRANTED BY THE AUTORITÉ DES MARCHÉS FINANCIERS**

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Pursuant to a decision dated December 22, 2015 (the "Decision") issued by the *Autorité des marchés financiers*, the Company is exempt from the requirement prescribed by the *Securities Act* (Quebec) and by *Regulation 41-101 respecting General Prospectus Requirements* to prepare a French version of this Prospectus, any Prospectus Supplement, any amendment hereto or thereto and any document required to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus (or any accompanying Prospectus Supplement) for any distribution of Securities made exclusively outside of Canada.



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**EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated into this Prospectus by reference to our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2014, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent auditors, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual reports on Form 20-F with the SEC, and we furnish other documents, such as quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information and documents that we file with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, to the SEC, as required. You may read and copy any materials we file with or furnish to the SEC at the public reference room maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site ([www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov)) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants who file electronically with the SEC. As we are a Canadian issuer, we also file continuous disclosure documents with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, which documents are available on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website maintained by the Canadian Securities administrators at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

This Prospectus forms part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC. The registration statement contains more information than this Prospectus regarding us and our Securities, including certain exhibits and schedules. You can obtain a copy of the registration statement from the SEC at the address listed above or electronically at [www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml](http://www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml).

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

The following documents have been filed with the various securities commissions or similar securities regulatory authorities in Canada and are specifically incorporated by reference into, and form an integral part of, this Prospectus:

our annual report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2014 (filed in Canada with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities in lieu of an annual information form), and which includes our consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and our consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity (deficiency), comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 and management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting set out on page 96 of our 2014 annual report on Form 20-F, together with the auditors' report dated March 17, 2015 on our consolidated financial statements and effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as at December 31, 2014; and our Management's Discussion and Analysis included as "Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects" in our 2014 annual report on Form 20-F;

our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2015 and for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and Management's Discussion and Analysis thereon, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on November 5, 2015;

our management information circular dated March 17, 2015 in connection with our annual and special meeting of shareholders held on May 8, 2015, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on March 25, 2015;

our management information circular dated October 16, 2015 in connection with our special meeting of shareholders held on November 16, 2015, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on October 16, 2015;

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our material change report dated March 11, 2015 in connection with the March 2015 Offering, included as Exhibit 99.2 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on March 11, 2015;

our material change report dated October 13, 2015 describing our restructuring, included as Exhibit 99.2 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on October 13, 2015;

our material change report dated November 18, 2015 describing the implementation of the Share Consolidation, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on November 18, 2015;

our material change report dated December 15, 2015 in connection with the December 2015 Offering, included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Report on Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on December 15, 2015; and

to the extent permitted by applicable securities law, any other documents which we elect to incorporate by reference into this Prospectus.

Any documents of the type referred to in the preceding paragraph, or similar material, including any annual information form, annual report on Form 20-F, annual and interim financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis, material change report (excluding any confidential material change report, if any), business acquisition report and information circular filed by us with the various securities commissions or similar securities regulatory authorities in Canada or filed by us with or furnished to the SEC after the date of this Prospectus and prior to the completion or withdrawal of any offering hereunder shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus.

Information has been incorporated by reference into this Prospectus from documents filed with securities commissions or similar securities regulatory authorities in Canada. We will furnish without charge to each person to whom a copy of this Prospectus is delivered, upon written or oral request, a copy of the information that has been incorporated into this Prospectus by reference but not delivered with the Prospectus (except exhibits, unless they are specifically incorporated into this Prospectus by reference). Copies of the documents incorporated herein by reference may be obtained on request without charge from our secretary at 315 Sigma Drive, Suite 302D, Summerville, South Carolina, USA, 29483, tel. (843) 900-3223, or through the Internet on SEDAR which can be accessed at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

In addition to our continuous disclosure obligations under the securities laws of the provinces of Canada, we are subject to the information requirements of the Exchange Act, as amended, and in accordance therewith we file with or furnish to the SEC reports and other information. Under the MJDS adopted by the U.S. and Canada, these reports and other information that we file with or furnish to the SEC may be prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Canada, which differ in certain respects from those in the U.S. You may read and copy any document that we have filed with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at Room 1580, 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C., 20549. You may also obtain copies of the same documents from the public reference room of the SEC by paying a fee. You should call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 or access its website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) for further information about the public reference rooms. The SEC's EDGAR Internet site also contains reports and other information about us and any public documents that we file electronically with the SEC. The EDGAR site can be accessed at [www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml](http://www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml).

Any statement contained in this Prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated herein by reference shall be deemed to be modified or superseded, for the purposes of this Prospectus, to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated herein by reference modifies or supersedes such statement. The modifying or superseding statement need not state that it has modified or superseded a prior statement or include any other information set forth in the document that it modifies or supersedes. The making of a modifying or superseding statement shall not be deemed an admission for any purposes that the modified or superseded statement, when made, constituted a misrepresentation, an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a material fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances in which it was made. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this Prospectus, except as so modified or superseded.

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Upon a new annual information form or annual report on Form 20-F and the related audited annual consolidated financial statements together with the auditors' report thereon and management's discussion and analysis related thereto being filed by us with the applicable securities regulatory authorities during the currency of this Prospectus, the previous annual information form or annual report on Form 20-F, the previous audited annual consolidated financial statements and all interim financial statements, annual and quarterly management's discussion and analyses, material change reports and business acquisition reports filed by us prior to the commencement of our financial year in which the new annual information form or annual report on Form 20-F was filed, no longer shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus for the purpose of future offers and sales of Securities hereunder.

One or more Prospectus Supplements containing the specific variable terms of an offering of Securities and other information in relation to such Securities will be delivered to purchasers of such Securities together with this Prospectus and shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus as of the date of such Prospectus Supplement solely for the purposes of the offering of the Securities covered by any such Prospectus Supplement.

A Prospectus Supplement containing any additional or updated information that we elect to include therein will be delivered with this Prospectus to purchasers of Securities who purchase such Securities after the filing of this Prospectus and shall be deemed to be incorporated into this Prospectus as of the date of such Prospectus Supplement.

**DOCUMENTS FILED AS PART OF THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT**

The following documents have been filed with the SEC as part of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part: (1) the documents listed under the heading "Documents Incorporated by Reference"; (2) powers of attorney from our directors and officers; (3) the consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP; and (4) the consent of Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP.